Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
ATTN	(NOTE)	No policy enclosed	See explanatory note
А	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
AE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
AIE	(LEGAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
BA	(LEGAL)	DELETE policy	See explanatory note
BAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBBD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BBFA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
BDF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CBB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CCGA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
ССН	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CDC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CFA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CFC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CFD	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СН	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CHE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CHF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CHG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СНН	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СК	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СКА	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
СКВ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СКС	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CKEC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CLA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CLE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CMD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CNA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CNC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
СО	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQ	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CQB	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CRD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CV	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
CVB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DEC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DECB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DFE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DFE	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DGC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DH	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DIA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DMA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
DP	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
DP	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
Е	(LEGAL)	Replace table of contents	Revised table of contents
EB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EEL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHAA	(LOCAL)	ADD policy	See explanatory note
EHAD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBAB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBC	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHBK	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EHDD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EIE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EIE	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EIF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EK	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EKB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EKBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EMB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
EMI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FDE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

Code	Туре	Action To Be Taken	Note
FDE	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEA	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FEC	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FED	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFAC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFEB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFG	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFH	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FFI	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FL	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FL	(LOCAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FM	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNCD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNCG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FNG	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
FOF	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GBA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GBAA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GKA	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GKD	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GKE	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GNB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GNC	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy
GRB	(LEGAL)	Replace policy	Revised policy

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#### ATTN(NOTE) GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THIS UPDATE

#### Please note:

Changes at Update 118 are based almost exclusively on legislation from the 87th Regular Legislative Session.

Unless otherwise noted, references to legislative bills throughout these explanatory notes refer to Senate Bills (SB) or House Bills (HB) from the 87th Regular Legislative Session. All referenced bills have already gone into effect unless otherwise noted.

For more information about the bills mentioned below and other changes from the 87th Legislative Session, download the free 2021 Legislative Summary for TASB Members PDF at <a href="https://store.tasb.org/legis-lative-summary-for-tasb-members-pdf/">https://store.tasb.org/legis-lative-summary-for-tasb-members-pdf/</a>.

The Local Policy Overview for Update 118, available in the myTASB Policy Service Resource Library at <a href="https://www.tasb.org/services/policy-service/mytasb/policy-manual-update-resources.aspx">https://www.tasb.org/services/policy-service/mytasb/policy-manual-update-resources.aspx</a>, provides a general, high-level overview of the changes to the (LOCAL) policies included in the update. (LEGAL) policies provide the legal framework for key areas of district operations; they are not adopted by the board.

Changes to the policy manual based on bills from the special called sessions will be included in Update 119.

#### A(LEGAL) BASIC DISTRICT FOUNDATIONS

The A Section table of contents has been updated to include the new codes AIE, Investigations, and AEA, Educational Equity.

In Update 119, Policy Service will be reviewing districts' AE(LOCAL) and recoding any equity provisions to the new AEA(LOCAL).

#### AE(LEGAL) EDUCATIONAL PHILOSOPHY

The objectives of public education have been updated to reflect HB 4509 revisions regarding instruction on American patriotism.

#### AG(LEGAL) HOME-RULE DISTRICTS

Provisions on home rule districts have been updated to reflect the applicability of Education Code Chapter 39 and special investigations (SB 1365) and parental options to retain students (SB 1697) for these districts.

# AIA(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: ACCREDITATION AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Details regarding accountability performance ratings have been added from SB 1365, including the effects of "Not Rated" and D ratings.

#### AIB(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: PERFORMANCE REPORTING

Revisions to the quality of learning indicators are from HB 4545.

#### AIC(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: INTERVENTIONS AND SANCTIONS

Significant changes from the 87th Legislature, Regular Session address:

• The authority of conservators, management teams, and boards of managers;

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- Interventions and consequences for D ratings;
- Revisions regarding campus turnaround plans;
- Appeals of interventions and sanctions; and
- New intervention programs, including designation as a resource campus and required compliance with the strong foundations grant program requirements.

We have also added an existing prohibition on student trustees participating in a closed board meeting when a personnel matter is being considered.

Provisions on monitoring reviews and on-site investigations have been moved to AIE, Investigations.

#### AIE(LEGAL) ACCOUNTABILITY: INVESTIGATIONS

Provisions on special investigations (formerly *special accreditation investigations*) and monitoring reviews and activities have been revised as a result of SB 1365 and moved to this new code on investigations.

#### BA(LEGAL) BOARD LEGAL STATUS

The provision regarding the board's governance authority has been moved to BAA(LEGAL), which addresses the board's powers and duties.

#### BAA(LEGAL) BOARD LEGAL STATUS: POWERS AND DUTIES

The provision regarding the board's governance authority has been moved from BA(LEGAL) and revised to better reflect statutory wording.

SB 1365 adds exceptions to the board's exclusive power to govern and oversee the management of the district to address the appointment of a board of managers.

Provisions on the board's authority related to district property have been deleted, as they are included at other codes.

#### BBA(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: ELIGIBILITY/QUALIFICATIONS

Changes to this legally referenced policy include:

- Clarification regarding felony convictions for eligibility and service as a board member (HB 1540 and Attorney General Opinion KP-0251); and
- Revisions to the definition of "residence" (SB 1111).

#### BBBA(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: CONDUCTING ELECTIONS

Provisions updated in accordance with HB 3107 include those related to election orders, election notices, filing information, delivery or submission of election documents, drawings to determine the order of names on the ballot, and temporary branch polling places.

SB 1116 requires a new internet posting 21 days before election day with information about the upcoming election.

Requirements regarding early voting rosters have been updated in accordance with HBs 1382 and 1622.

#### BBBB(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: POST-ELECTION PROCEDURES

HB 3107 clarifies processes for tied votes and runoff elections.

SB 1116 includes a new requirement to post online detailed information on election results.

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#### BBBD(LEGAL) ELECTIONS: CAMPAIGN ETHICS

Amended Ethics Commission rules change the definition of "political advertising" to address text messages.

#### BBD(LEGAL) BOARD MEMBERS: TRAINING AND ORIENTATION

The State Board of Education must require school safety training for trustees per HB 690 and work with the Texas School Safety Center to develop curriculum and materials by January 1, 2022.

#### BBFA(LEGAL) ETHICS: CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURES

A definition of "contract" has been added to assist with application of conflicts disclosure provisions. Other provisions have been reordered, reworded, and removed for readability.

#### BDF(LEGAL) BOARD INTERNAL ORGANIZATION: CITIZEN ADVISORY COMMITTEES

HB 1525 imposes new meeting requirements for school health advisory councils, including posting of meeting details in advance of meetings and preparing and posting meeting minutes and recordings.

#### CBA(LEGAL) STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES: STATE

An existing provision regarding the purpose of the Foundation School Program has been added.

#### CBB(LEGAL) STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES: FEDERAL

We have referenced an existing provision that prohibits the use of federal loan or grant funds to procure or obtain foreign telecommunications equipment.

#### CCG(LEGAL) LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES: AD VALOREM TAXES

Provisions on ad valorem taxes were affected by several bills.

- HB 1525 includes exceptions to the prohibition on levying a maintenance tax at a rate with the intent to create a surplus in maintenance tax revenue to pay the district's debt service. We have also added a reference to the consequences of violating the prohibition without an applicable exception.
- SB 1438 addresses the calculation and adoption of tax rates in a disaster area.

Because provisions permitting a district to adopt a tax rate before adopting a budget no longer align with current statutes and TEA processes for calculating the maximum compressed rate, they have been deleted from the policy.

#### CCGA(LEGAL) AD VALOREM TAXES: EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

Legislation affected several provisions on tax exemptions and payments:

- SB 1427 clarifies that the temporary exemption for qualified property damaged by disaster applies only to physical damage.
- SB 1438 repeals the provisions permitting a governing body to adopt a temporary exemption for qualified property damaged by disaster, making the exemption automatic.
- HB 988 addresses exemptions for goods-in-transit when the district is in a disaster area.
- SB 742 expands the existing provision regarding installment payments in a disaster area to include property in an *emergency* area.

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#### CCH(LEGAL) LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES: APPRAISAL DISTRICT

A recent attorney general opinion clarifies that an employee of an appraisal district may not serve as a trustee in a school district that is a participating entity in the appraisal district.

HB 988 creates a criminal offense for a board member, officer, or employee of a participating taxing unit, such as a school district, who communicates with the appraisal district to influence a property's appraisal value unless the person owns or leases the property.

The circumstances under which a person is ineligible to serve on the board of directors of an appraisal district were revised by SB 63, and additional detail on eligibility restrictions have been added from existing law.

Provisions on adjusting the number of appraisal board members in special circumstances have been removed.

#### CDC(LEGAL) OTHER REVENUES: GIFTS AND SOLICITATIONS

HB 1525 requires a district to accept donations from a parent-teacher organization or association to fund supplemental educational staff positions and spend the donation for the designated purpose.

Under HB 3979, a district is prohibited from accepting private funding for curriculum or professional development for a course as described by Education Code 28.002(h-3)(3), which pertains to certain social studies course content and requirements.

#### CE(LEGAL) ANNUAL OPERATING BUDGET

SB 1365 prohibits use of local funds to initiate or maintain an action against the state or officer of the state arising out of a decision, order, or determination that is final and unappealable under the Texas Education Code, unless specifically authorized.

The bill also creates a criminal offense for a board member who votes to approve an expenditure in violation of an Education Code provision for a purpose for which the funds may not be spent.

#### CFA(LEGAL) ACCOUNTING: FINANCIAL REPORTS AND STATEMENTS

A reference to the updated *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*, adopted June 2021, has been added.

#### CFC(LEGAL) ACCOUNTING: AUDITS

A reference to the updated *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*, adopted June 2021, has been added.

#### CFD(LOCAL) ACCOUNTING: ACTIVITY FUNDS MANAGEMENT

Recommended revisions to this local policy are to align with the recently adopted amendments to the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FASRG)*, Module 1, Appendix H, on activity funds. (See the *FASRG* Financial Accounting and Reporting Appendices at <a href="https://tea.texas.gov/sites/de-fault/files/fasrg17-module1-farappendices-final-accessible.pdf">https://tea.texas.gov/sites/de-fault/files/fasrg17-module1-farappendices-final-accessible.pdf</a>.)

Substantive changes include clarification that student activity funds are those funds raised and collected by student clubs and organizations. Approval to spend those funds rests solely with the student organization or club, with disbursement management and approvals by the principal and sponsor.

A more specific reference to the district's accounting practices and procedures was added regarding management of expenditures.

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#### CH(LEGAL) PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION

The Professional Services Procurement Act was revised to address procurement of services by forensic analysts and science experts (HB 3774) and physicians, optometrists, and registered nurses under certain circumstances (SB 799).

A definition of a "contingent fee contract" for legal services has been added from SB 1821, and other revisions on this topic are from HB 1428.

SB 799 also amends provisions on management fees under cooperative purchasing contracts.

# CHE(LEGAL) PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION: VENDOR DISCLOSURES AND CONTRACTS

Districts are prohibited from entering into certain contracts with a company for goods and services unless the contract contains written verification that the company:

- Does not boycott energy companies, as described (SB 13); and
- Does not discriminate against a firearm entity or firearm trade association, as described (SB 19).

Existing statutory provisions on vendor conflict of interest questionnaires have been added for completeness.

#### CHF(LEGAL) PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION: PAYMENT PROCEDURES

HB 1476 imposes additional requirements on districts regarding disputed invoices with vendors.

# CHG(LEGAL) PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION: REAL PROPERTY AND IMPROVEMENTS

Revisions to the annual eminent domain reporting requirements have been added from SB 157.

#### CHH(LEGAL) PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION: FINANCING PERSONAL PROPERTY PURCHASES

SB 58 adds cloud computing services to the definition of personal property under the Public Property Finance Act.

Existing legal sources related to the Public Property Finance Act have been added for completeness and address lease-purchase contracts and fair processes for competitive bidding.

#### CK(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT

Changes from HB 3597 include the following:

- A district will have three, not six, months to respond to a notification from the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC) that the district failed to report the results of its safety audit.
- A copy of a memorandum of understanding or mutual aid agreement between a district and another entity addressing school safety and security issues provided to the TxSSC is confidential and not subject to disclosure under the Public Information Act.

#### CKA(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: INSPECTIONS

Extensive revisions to this legally referenced policy on asbestos are a result of amended Texas Asbestos Health Protection rules effective July 8, 2021.

### **Explanatory Notes**

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#### CKB(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: ACCIDENT PREVENTION AND REPORTS

HB 3597 requires the commissioner of education in consultation with other relevant entities to adopt rules on emergency drills and exercises. The previous Administrative Code provisions have been removed pending development of the new rules.

Before a district may conduct an active threat exercise, the district must comply with new notice provisions and other requirements in accordance with SB 168. The <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> includes a sample notification form.

#### CKC(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: EMERGENCY PLANS

Legislative cleanup resulted in several revisions to this legally referenced policy on emergency plans:

- HB 3607 removes a reference to an expired statute;
- HB 3597 clarifies that a multihazard emergency operations plan must include responding to a train derailment if a district *facility*, rather than a *school*, is within 1000 yards of a railroad track; and
- HB 3597 corrects a reference to the *five*, not *four*, phases of emergency management to be addressed in a multihazard emergency operations plan.

#### CKD(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: EMERGENCY MEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

Although still required, the annually provided instruction on cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of automated external defibrillators no longer has to meet guidelines under the Health and Safety Code. (SB 199)

#### CKE(LEGAL) SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT: SECURITY PERSONNEL

HB 1788 addresses a school district's immunity from liability for damages resulting from a reasonable action by security personnel to maintain safety at a school campus, including actions relating to possession or use of a firearm. The district also has immunity from liability for any reasonable action taken by a district employee who has written permission from the board to carry a firearm on campus.

We have revised the provisions on authorizing handguns from Attorney General Opinion GA-1051 in light of the repeal of Penal Code 46.035 by HB 1927.

#### CKEA(LEGAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS

SB 24 adds new pre-employment procedures that law enforcement agencies must follow before hiring a licensed peace officer.

If the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE) provides model policies on the topics required in law, a law enforcement agency must, within 180 days of TCOLE providing the policies, adopt a policy on the required topics and may adopt the model policies. (HB 3712)

A law enforcement agency that intends to use a drone for law enforcement purposes must, no later than January 1, 2022, adopt a policy regarding the use of force by means of a drone. (HB 1758)

HB 929 amends existing provisions on body-worn cameras and requires an officer to keep the camera activated during an investigation in which the officer is participating.

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#### CKEB(LEGAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: SCHOOL MARSHALS

SB 741 permits a school marshal to carry a concealed handgun and eliminates the previous requirement for the firearm to be locked in a secure safe within the marshal's immediate reach if the marshal has direct, regular contact with students.

#### CKEC(LEGAL) SECURITY PERSONNEL: SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICERS

SB 1191 amends the definition of a school resource officer to exclude a peace officer who only provides services at extracurricular activities.

#### CLA(LEGAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT: SECURITY

A new requirement to post human trafficking warning signs has been added from SB 1831.

#### CLE(LEGAL) BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT: FLAG DISPLAYS

Pursuant to SB 797, schools must display in each building a poster or framed copy of the national motto that also includes representations of the U.S. and state flags if donated or purchased from private donations.

# CMD(LEGAL)EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENT: INSTRUCTIONAL<br/>MATERIALS CARE AND ACCOUNTING

HB 3261 expands the items and services on which a district can use its technology and instructional materials allotment (TIMA).

The bill also eliminates the provision requiring a district to purchase items in a specified order.

#### CNA(LEGAL) TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT: STUDENT TRANSPORTATION

SB 204 permits a district to operate a transportation system for interdistrict transfer students outside district boundaries and without having an interlocal agreement with the transferring district if the district meets applicable certification requirements and has a policy that prohibits the screening of transfer requests using academic performance, disciplinary history, or attendance records.

Please contact your policy consultant if your district will use this approach and you need changes to FDA(LOCAL). The <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> includes a sample certification statement.

A district in a disaster area is eligible for transportation funding for the cost of transporting a meal or instructional materials in accordance with SB 462.

Other revisions are to better match legal sources.

#### CNC(LEGAL) TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT: TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

SB 1267 repeals provisions on school bus emergency evacuation training.

#### CO(LEGAL) FOOD AND NUTRITION MANAGEMENT

SB 1351 revises provisions permitting a campus to donate surplus food. Links have also been updated.

#### CQ(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

SB 475 adds "robotic process automation" to the examples of next generation technology.

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# CQA(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: DISTRICT, CAMPUS, AND CLASSROOM WEBSITES

The list of required internet postings has been updated to include:

- Election information and election results (SB 1116);
- Notice of school health advisory council (SHAC) meetings, minutes, and recordings (HB 1525);
- A link to the comptroller website to find information on the district's agreements to limit appraised property values (existing requirement);
- Information regarding compliance with requirements for a district that will operate a transportation system outside district boundaries without an interlocal agreement (SB 204); and
- The district's employment policy and any referenced regulations (HB 750).

The optional posting pertaining to annual notice of programs for college credit has been updated as a result of SB 1095.

#### CQB(LEGAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: CYBERSECURITY

Reporting of a breach of system security to TEA now includes a requirement to also report to an entity with which TEA contracts and may be made by district employees other than the cybersecurity coordinator per SB 1696.

Cybersecurity training requirements were amended by HB 1118 and SB 1267.

Security breach notifications under the Business and Commerce Code were amended by HB 3746.

#### CQB(LOCAL) TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES: CYBERSECURITY

Based on HB 1118 and SB 1267, the provision addressing board delegation to the superintendent regarding cybersecurity training has been revised to:

- Reflect the elimination of the annual training requirement (except for the cybersecurity coordinator); and
- Give the superintendent the authority to impose consequences for failure to complete required training.

Recommended revisions regarding reports of breaches involving student information are based on SB 1696, which permits the district, rather than the cybersecurity coordinator, to report breaches to TEA and others as required by law.

Sample procedures in the <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> have also been updated based on these changes.

# CRD(LEGAL) INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES MANAGEMENT: HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE

SB 1444 permits a district participating in TRS ActiveCare to opt out of participation as described and prohibits a district participating in TRS ActiveCare from offering health coverage that is not provided under TRS ActiveCare.

Other revisions are to reorder provisions for better flow, remove unnecessary provisions, and better reflect legal sources.

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#### CV(LEGAL) FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION

HB 2581 amends provisions on contracting procedures for construction projects, including evaluation of submissions and criteria for awarding construction contracts.

SB 338 permits a district to adopt and incorporate into relevant contracts the Texas Facilities Commission's uniform general conditions.

#### CVB(LEGAL) FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION: COMPETITIVE SEALED PROPOSALS

HB 2581 requires a district using competitive sealed proposals for construction projects to make the evaluations public within 7 business days of the contract award and provide the evaluations to all offerors. A reference to provisions on weighting the value assigned to price has also been added.

#### DBA(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS: CREDENTIALS AND RECORDS

New provisions from HB 1525 and SB 1356 permit members of teacher organizations and other eligible individuals to participate in a tutoring program to provide supplemental instruction to students as overseen by the superintendent.

#### DC(LEGAL) EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

A new posting requirement from HB 750 requires a district to post on its website the employment policy required by Education Code 11.1513(a) and any regulations referenced in the policy. Any form referenced in the policy must be posted on the district's intranet or at a district administrative office.

HB 1525 requires a district to accept donations from a parent-teacher organization or association to fund supplemental educational staff positions and spend the donation for the designated purpose.

#### DEA(LEGAL) COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS: COMPENSATION PLAN

With limited exceptions, HB 1525 requires a district to maintain salaries provided for the 2019–20 school year under HB 3, 86th Legislative Session, as long as the employee remains employed by the district.

Revisions regarding TRS surcharges for rehired retirees include:

- A prohibition against a district passing on to a retiree the cost of TRS surcharges (SB 202); and
- A temporary exemption from TRS surcharges through February 1, 2025, when a retiree is employed to mitigate student learning loss (SB 288).

#### DEAA(LEGAL) COMPENSATION PLAN: INCENTIVES AND STIPENDS

HB 1525 eliminates the requirement that a teacher be certified to be designated a master, exemplary, or recognized teacher under a local optional teacher designation system.

Changes to provisions on mentor teachers and achievement academy stipends are from SB 1267.

#### DEC(LEGAL) COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS: LEAVES AND ABSENCES

Districts that employ peace officers must implement two new leave provisions.

- SB 1359 requires a policy allowing the use of paid mental health leave by officers who experience a traumatic event in the scope of employment.
- HB 2073 requires the board to develop and implement a paid quarantine leave policy for district peace officers who are ordered to isolate or quarantine because of possible or known exposure to a communicable disease while on duty.

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In July, Policy Service sent an email with information on local policy changes to districts which our records show employ peace officers. If your district employs peace officers and has not yet contacted the district's policy consultant for policy revisions, please do so.

#### DECB(LEGAL) LEAVES AND ABSENCES: MILITARY LEAVE

HB 1589 adds new disaster leave provisions for employees in the military who are called to state active duty in response to a disaster.

#### DFE(LEGAL) TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT: RESIGNATION

HB 2519 requires notice to employees whom the district reports to SBEC for contract abandonment and limits SBEC's authority to sanction a teacher who files a resignation after the 45th day but no later than the 30th day before the first day of instruction.

#### DFE(LOCAL) TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT: RESIGNATION

Revisions to this local policy on resignations are guided by a recent commissioner of education proposal for decision. Based on the relevant statutory wording, a contract employee's resignation effective at the end of the school year must be filed with the board of trustees or the board's designee, and the board's designee, typically the superintendent, may not further delegate the ability to receive these resignations. As a result, we recommend revising the policy language to give the superintendent *or other person designated by board action* the authority to accept these resignations.

New recommended text states that if a contract employee provides a resignation to a supervisor who has not been designated by the board to accept such resignations, the supervisor shall instruct the employee to submit the resignation to the superintendent or other person designated by board action.

We have also clarified that a superintendent may delegate authority to accept at-will resignations to other administrators.

The <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> includes sample resolutions if the board chooses to designate a district employee, in addition to the superintendent, to accept contract employee resignations.

#### DG(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES

As a result of HB 3979, a teacher in a required social studies course may not be compelled to discuss a current event or widely debated and currently controversial issue of public policy or social affairs.

#### DGC(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES: IMMUNITY

SB 6 provides that a person is not liable for injury or death caused by exposing an individual to a pandemic disease during a pandemic emergency except as provided by law.

#### DH(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

HB 375 amends the offense of continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children to include continuous sexual abuse of "a disabled individual."

#### DIA(LEGAL) EMPLOYEE WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

SB 45 clarifies that an employer commits an unlawful employment practice for failing to take immediate and appropriate corrective action regarding sexual harassment that the employer or employer's agents knew or should have known was occurring.

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SB 282 prohibits a district from using public money to settle or pay a sexual harassment claim against a board member or an officer or employee of the district.

#### DMA(LEGAL) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT: REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

Numerous revisions throughout this legally referenced policy on staff development are a result of SB 1267, which amends current requirements and requires SBEC, by June 1, 2022, to create a clearing-house on continuing education and training requirements that includes recommendations for the frequency of training.

Boards must develop a professional development policy by August 1, 2022, that includes a schedule of training based on the clearinghouse or notes any differences between the board policy and the clearing-house recommendations. Policy Service will provide local policy recommendations following publication of the clearinghouse.

Other legislation affecting this policy includes:

- HB 159, requiring certain elements be included in educator staff development;
- HB 1525, delaying requirements for teacher literacy achievement academies;
- HB 2681, requiring teachers of elective Bible courses to be certified in one of three areas and complete commissioner-developed training; and
- SB 199, eliminating the requirement for instruction on cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of automated external defibrillators to meet guidelines under the Health and Safety Code.

#### DP(LEGAL) PERSONNEL POSITIONS

SB 179 mandates that the board adopt a policy requiring a school counselor to spend at least 80 percent of the school counselor's work time on duties that are components of a comprehensive school counseling program (CSCP). See DP(LOCAL), below, for more information.

Provisions in relevant employment contracts cannot conflict with the policy, and a district must annually assess the policy.

#### DP(LOCAL) PERSONNEL POSITIONS

Revisions regarding school counselors are based on SB 179, which mandates that the board adopt a policy requiring a school counselor to spend at least 80 percent of total work time on duties that are components of a comprehensive school counseling program (CSCP). If the board determines that, because of staffing needs in the district or at a campus, a school counselor cannot spend 80 percent of work time on CSCP components, the policy must address further details regarding the counselor's duties.

The recommended policy text is structured for the administration, rather than the board, to make the initial administrative determination about a counselor's job duties. If the board approves that determination, the board shall direct the superintendent to develop a revised job description for that counselor that will address the requirements in law.

The list of principal qualifications has been adjusted to include a reference to the job description.

In accordance with these revisions, TASB HR Services has revised its model job descriptions available to subscribers in the HR Library at <u>https://www.tasb.org/services/hr-services/mytasb/model-job-descriptions/campus-instruction.aspx</u>.

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#### E(LEGAL) INSTRUCTION

The E Section table of contents has been revised to change the subtitle of EKBA to English Learners/Emergent Bilingual Students to align with changes from SB 2066.

#### EB(LEGAL) SCHOOL YEAR

A district may receive full ADA if it provides at least 43,200 minutes of instructional time to students enrolled in a school operating an adult high school charter school program in accordance with SB 1615.

#### EEB(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS: CLASS SIZE

Class size limits have been extended to prekindergarten by SB 2081.

# EEL(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS: CONTRACTS WITH OUTSIDE AGENCIES

Driver training schools are renamed driver training providers by HB 1560.

#### EF(LEGAL) INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

SB 348 clarifies that a parent is entitled to review teaching and instructional materials while a child is participating in virtual or remote learning and to observe virtual instruction.

#### EHA(LEGAL) CURRICULUM DESIGN: BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM

As provided by SB 6, a district is not liable for damages or monetary relief from a cancellation or modification of a course, program, or activity if the action is due to a pandemic emergency.

# EHAA(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ALL LEVELS)

Provisions on required instruction have been added to reflect HB 4509 revisions regarding instruction on American patriotism, Texas history, and the free enterprise system.

HB 1525 imposes several requirements regarding human sexuality curriculum materials, including:

- Revised parental notification and new parental consent provisions;
- Posting of proposed and adopted curriculum materials and options for a parent to purchase copyrighted materials from the publisher; and
- New board policy on adopting curriculum materials [see EHAA(LOCAL), below].

The <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> includes a sample board resolution for convening the SHAC and a sample parental consent form.

SB 123 revises the list of topics that must be addressed in character education programs.

# EHAA(LOCAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ALL LEVELS)

New provisions are recommended based on HB 1525, which imposes several requirements regarding human sexuality curriculum materials, including a board policy on adopting curriculum materials. The policy follows the steps required by law, including board adoption of a resolution to convene the school health advisory council (SHAC) to hold meetings and make recommendations to the board at a public meeting, as well as board confirmation that the recommendations meet the requirements in law before taking action by a record vote.

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The <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> includes a sample board resolution for convening the SHAC and a sample parental consent form.

#### EHAD(LEGAL) BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM: ELECTIVE INSTRUCTION

Driver training schools are renamed driver training providers by HB 1560.

# EHBAB(LEGAL) SPECIAL EDUCATION: ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

SB 89 requires districts to add supplemental information to the individualized education program (IEP) of any child who was enrolled in special education during the 2019–20 or 2020–21 school years.

The admission, review, and dismissal committee of a student who is participating in the new supplemental special education services and instructional materials program created by SB 1716 must provide certain information to parents and cannot consider the supplemental services when developing the IEP.

HB 785 imposes new requirements when a student has a behavioral improvement or intervention plan.

#### EHBB(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS

HB 1525 eliminates the statutory requirement for a district to annually certify its gifted and talented program to the commissioner.

#### EHBC(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: COMPENSATORY/ACCELERATED SERVICES

Numerous legislative changes affect this legally referenced policy on compensatory and accelerated services.

- The compensatory education allotment may be used for services of an instructional coach (HB 1525).
- The list of students at risk of dropping out of school excludes students who are retained in prekindergarten (SB 1697) and includes students enrolled in a dropout recovery school (HB 572) and students participating in an adult high school charter school program (SB 1615).
- The term "limited English proficient" has been changed to "emergent bilingual" (SB 2066).
- New provisions have been added on required services after an unsatisfactory performance on state assessments, including accelerated instruction, accelerated learning committees, and parent requests for specific teachers (HB 4545).

#### EHBC(LOCAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: COMPENSATORY/ACCELERATED SERVICES

Recommended revisions to this local policy include references to accelerated instruction and accelerated learning committees as revised by HB 4545 and direct parents to FNG, the district's existing grievance policy, for complaints about educational plans.

The text also explains that parental requests for a student to be assigned to a particular teacher following a student's unsatisfactory performance on a grade 3, 5, or 8 math or reading assessment shall be handled in accordance with the district's administrative procedures. The <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> includes sample procedures and a form for these parental requests.

The *Legal Issues in Update 118* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

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#### EHBE(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: BILINGUAL EDUCATION/ESL

SB 2066 revises the term "limited English proficient" to "emergent bilingual" in several instances and adds a definition of the new term.

#### EHBF(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

In addition to existing career and technology education program notification requirements, SB 1095 adds a requirement for the district to provide parents notification of certain work-based education programs offered by the district.

#### EHBG(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: PREKINDERGARTEN

Eligibility for free prekindergarten enrollment for three-year-olds has been extended by HB 725 to children who were in foster care in another state.

Subject to certain requirements, a parent may elect for a student to repeat prekindergarten or enroll in prekindergarten for the first time if the student would have been eligible the previous year and has not yet enrolled in kindergarten (SB 1697).

To obtain an exemption from requirements regarding prekindergarten classes for four-year-olds, a district must first solicit proposals for partnerships (HB 1525).

A prekindergarten program provided by a private entity must comply with class size limits (SB 2081).

#### EHBK(LEGAL) SPECIAL PROGRAMS: OTHER INSTRUCTIONAL INITIATIVES

As revised by HB 3257, instruction required during Holocaust Remembrance Week must include materials developed or approved by the Texas Holocaust, Genocide, and Antisemitism Advisory Commission.

#### EHDD(LEGAL) ALTERNATIVE METHODS FOR EARNING CREDIT: COLLEGE COURSE WORK/DUAL CREDIT

In addition to existing career and technology program notification requirements, SB 1095 adds a requirement for the district to provide notice of work-based education programs offered by the district, such as internships, externships, apprenticeships, or a Pathways in Technology Early College High School (P-TECH) program, and to notify parents of the qualifications for enrolling in these programs. A district must also provide notice regarding subsidies to take college advanced placement tests or international baccalaureate examinations.

An agreement with an institution of higher education must designate an employee of the district or the higher education institution as responsible for providing academic advising to students who will enroll in a dual credit course, as specified by SB 1277.

#### EI(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

Revised Administrative Code rules require the academic achievement record to reflect compliance with the requirement to complete a free application for federal student aid (FAFSA) or Texas application for state financial aid (TASFA).

SB 1888 eliminates the Early High School Graduation Scholarship Program.

#### EIE(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: RETENTION AND PROMOTION

HB 4545 eliminates grade advancement provisions for students in grades 5 and 8.

SB 1697 creates parental options to retain students in prekindergarten through grade 8 or retake a high school credit course, even if the student has met the promotion standards or passed the course. In addi-

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tion, a parent may enroll a student in prekindergarten or kindergarten as specified if the student was eligible the previous year. The bill includes a process to be followed if the district disagrees with the request. However, if the parent participates in that process, the parent may make the final decision whether the student will be retained. The retention provisions for grades 4–8 and for high school courses expire September 1, 2022.

#### EIE(LOCAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: RETENTION AND PROMOTION

Outdated provisions on grade advancement testing have been removed as a result of HB 4545, including provisions on assignment of retained students, which were based on Administrative Code provisions addressing grade advancement requirements. The statement about eliminating the practice of retaining students is recommended for deletion, as it is only needed if a district operates an optional extended year program (OEYP) under Education Code 29.082.

Accelerated instruction is now addressed at EHBC.

**Please review your policy and contact your policy consultant if the district's grade level promotion standards need revision.** The article "Level-Up? Promotion to the Next Grade Depends on Board Policy" (available in the TASB Member Center at <u>https://www.tasb.org/members/enhance-district/local-</u> <u>promotion-standards/</u>) provides additional information on grade level promotion standards.

The *Legal Issues in Update 118* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

**Please note:** We have retained your locally developed text listing several factors for the principal to consider in deciding whether to promote or retain a student in grades 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 7. Please contact your policy consultant with any questions.

#### EIF(LEGAL) ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT: GRADUATION

SB 369 adds details regarding how a school counselor reports compliance with the requirement for a student to complete a free application for federal student aid (FAFSA) or Texas application for state financial aid (TASFA).

The statutory expiration date for individual graduation committees was repealed by HB 1603.

Provisions on the Texas First Early High School Completion Program are from SB 1888.

Revised Administrative Code rules clarify that the requirement to demonstrate proficiency in specific communication skills for graduation may be satisfied beginning in grade 8.

#### EK(LEGAL) TESTING PROGRAMS

We have removed TEA obligations regarding reimbursement procedures for college preparation assessments.

#### EKB(LEGAL) TESTING PROGRAMS: STATE ASSESSMENT

The statutory term "limited English proficient" has been changed to "emergent bilingual" (SB 2066).

SB 1267 permits the district employee who oversees test administration to require other district employees who administer assessments to repeat test administration training.

References to the Texas Success Initiative Assessment, Version 2.0 (TSIA2) have been added as a result of revised Administrative Code rules.

Revisions regarding accelerated instruction are based on HB 4545.

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# EKBA(LEGAL) STATE ASSESSMENT: ENGLISH LEARNERS/EMERGENT BILINGUAL STUDENTS

The statutory term "limited English proficient" has been changed to "emergent bilingual" (SB 2066).

#### EL(LEGAL) CAMPUS OR PROGRAM CHARTERS

HB 3607 revises funding provisions applicable when a district contracts with an open-enrollment charter school to jointly operate a campus.

SBs 1365 and 1697 revise the list of laws applicable to charter campuses or programs.

#### EMB(LEGAL) MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES: TEACHING ABOUT CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

HB 3979 adds numerous restrictions for a social studies course in the required curriculum.

#### EMI(LEGAL) MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES: STUDY OF RELIGION

HB 2681 permits a district to offer an elective course on the Bible beginning in grade 6, rather than grade 9.

#### FD(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS

A statement has been added for new provisions from HB 4545 regarding enrollment in prekindergarten and kindergarten under certain circumstances. A cross-reference has also been added to EIE(LEGAL).

SB 746 requires a parent to provide to the district in writing the parent's contact information.

In accordance with SB 1615, a student enrolled in an adult high school charter school program is entitled to the benefits of the available school fund if the student is under 50 years of age.

#### FDA(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS: INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS

SB 481 allows a student to transfer to another district if the student's current district will offer only virtual instruction for more than one grading period during the school year.

A cross-reference to CNA has been added for provisions on operating a transportation system outside the district to transport interdistrict transfer students.

#### FDAA(LEGAL) INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS: PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS

SB 1365 revises public education grants to make a student eligible if the student is assigned to a campus with any unacceptable performance rating.

#### FDB(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS: INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS

SB 1365 revises public education grants to make a student eligible if the student is assigned to a campus with any unacceptable performance rating.

#### FDE(LEGAL) ADMISSIONS: SCHOOL SAFETY TRANSFERS

HB 375 amends the offense of continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children to include continuous sexual abuse of "a disabled individual."

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#### FDE(LOCAL) ADMISSIONS: SCHOOL SAFETY TRANSFERS

Recommended revisions are to reflect a change from HB 375, which amends the offense of continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children to include continuous sexual abuse of "a disabled individual."

#### FEA(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

HB 699 requires a school district to excuse a student's absence resulting from a serious or life-threatening illness or related treatment that makes the student's attendance infeasible, if proper documentation is provided.

SB 289 creates an optional excused absence for a student who is at least 15 years old to be absent for one day to obtain a learner license and for one day to obtain a driver's license.

HB 3165 provides an affirmative defense to truant conduct if absences were due to a child's voluntary absence from home because of abuse.

#### FEA(LOCAL) ATTENDANCE: COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

We have added text to address SB 289, which creates an optional excused absence for a student who is at least 15 years old to be absent for one day to obtain a learner license and for one day to obtain a driver's license. **Contact the district's policy consultant if your district will not permit these excused absences.** The <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> includes at FEA a sample form for students to verify an absence to visit a driver's license office and, at FEB, a chart listing acceptable documentation for absences, including for learner permits and driver's licenses.

Various references about providing verification of the absences addressed in the policy have been consolidated into a single statement.

The *Legal Issues in Update 118* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

#### FEC(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE FOR CREDIT

HB 699 prohibits a district from considering excused absences resulting from a serious or life-threatening illness or related treatment in determining whether a student has satisfied attendance requirements for a final grade or credit.

#### FEC(LOCAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE FOR CREDIT

Numerous revisions are recommended to this local policy on attendance for credit.

- As reflected in the revision at Absences Considered, in calculating whether a student has met the 90 percent attendance requirement, HB 699 creates an exception for absences resulting from a serious or life-threatening illness or related treatment. The <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> includes sample letters to notify parents of student absences, which have been updated to reflect this exception.
- Administrative details on documentation of student illnesses have been included in the *Model Student Handbook* and are recommended for deletion.
- Provisions on the attendance committee's consideration of the best interest of the student, extenuating circumstances, and conditions for awarding credit or a final grade have been revised and reordered to emphasize a student's mastery of the essential knowledge and skills and maintaining a passing grade rather than assigning a student to attend programs for an amount of time equivalent to the student's absences.

The *Legal Issues in Update 118* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

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#### FED(LEGAL) ATTENDANCE: ATTENDANCE ENFORCEMENT

HB 699 prohibits a district from referring a student to truancy court and requires a district to provide counseling to a student who is absent due to a severe or life-threatening illness or related treatment.

The sample Truancy Prevention Measures Checklist in the <u>*Regulations Resource Manual*</u> has been updated to reflect this change.

#### FFAC(LEGAL) WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICES: MEDICAL TREATMENT

SB 1267 requires that training on unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors be in accordance with the district's professional development policy, which must be adopted by August 1, 2022, following publication of the SBEC clearinghouse on continuing education and training requirements. See DMA(LEGAL) above for information.

SB 6 addresses immunity of certain medical professionals for injury or death caused by care, treatment, or failure to provide care or treatment relating to a pandemic disease.

#### FFB(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CRISIS INTERVENTION

HB 3597 provides flexibility regarding the requirement for a district's threat assessment team to include a variety of members with extensive expertise and now requires the superintendent to ensure, *to the great-est extent practicable*, that the members have the required expertise.

#### FFBA(LEGAL) CRISIS INTERVENTION: TRAUMA-INFORMED CARE

SB 1267 requires that training on trauma-informed care be in accordance with the district's professional development policy, which must be adopted by August 1, 2022, following publication of the SBEC clear-inghouse on continuing education and training requirements. See DMA(LEGAL) above for information.

The bill also repeals the requirement to report on training compliance to TEA.

#### FFEB(LEGAL) COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH: MENTAL HEALTH

As required by SB 279, student identification cards must include the contact information for the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline and the Crisis Text Line and may include a local suicide prevention hotline, if available.

#### FFG(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

HB 3379 changes the standard of reporting child abuse and neglect from "cause to believe" to "*reasona-ble* cause to believe."

In addition, we have reordered provisions to better align with the structure of FFG(LOCAL) and have added an existing definition for completeness.

#### FFG(LOCAL) STUDENT WELFARE: CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

Recommended revisions to this local policy incorporate HB 3379 changes to the standard of reporting child abuse and neglect from "cause to believe" to "*reasonable* cause to believe."

A reference to the definition of a person responsible for the care, custody, or welfare of a child has been added for clarification.

We have also clarified that training will be as required by law and district policy in anticipation of the new district professional development policy that must be in place by August 2022. See DMA above for more information.

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#### FFH(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION

Dating violence training is now only required on campuses that instruct students in grade six or higher in accordance with SB 1267.

An adjustment to the Note on Title IX explains that the Office for Civil Rights (OCR) has issued a formal interpretation that discrimination on the basis of sex under Title IX includes discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity.

#### FFI(LEGAL) STUDENT WELFARE: FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

In accordance with SB 2050, district bullying policies must address prevention and mediation of bullying incidents and comply with minimum standards adopted by TEA. Policy Service will recommend local policy revisions following publication of the TEA minimum standards.

#### FL(LEGAL) STUDENT RECORDS

Changes in federal law prompted revisions regarding access to student information by military recruiters, who may have access to a student's district-provided email address unless a parent has advised the district not to release this information.

#### FL(LOCAL) STUDENT RECORDS

At Types of Education Records, we have replaced an outdated reference to the "grade placement committee" with a reference to the "accelerated learning committee" in accordance with HB 4545.

The *Legal Issues in Update 118* memo describes common legal concerns and best practices specific to this policy topic.

#### FM(LEGAL) STUDENT ACTIVITIES

The requirement for the UIL to provide training to extracurricular students in recognizing the symptoms of catastrophic injuries and the risks of using dietary supplements has been removed by SB 1267.

HB 1080 provides that a district may not exclude a student from participating in a UIL activity solely because the student receives outpatient mental health services from a mental health facility or is absent for this purpose.

A district may permit homeschool students to represent the school in UIL activities as provided by HB 547. If your district will permit homeschool students to participate in UIL activities and you currently have a provision in FD(LOCAL) prohibiting nonenrolled students from participating in curricular or extracurricular activities, please contact your policy consultant for an adjustment to that policy.

HB 2721 prohibits a student from participating in any future extracurricular activity sponsored by the district or the UIL if the UIL determines that the student caused bodily injury to an extracurricular official in retaliation for the official's performance of duties.

Other provisions have been reordered for better flow.

#### FNCD(LEGAL) STUDENT CONDUCT: TOBACCO USE AND POSSESSION

SB 248 amends the definition of "e-cigarette" to include the liquid solution or other material used in the device.

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#### FNCG(LEGAL) STUDENT CONDUCT: WEAPONS

HB 1927 prompted revisions regarding the Penal Code offense of unlawful carrying of weapons and a reference to the appropriate legal source for handgun offenses.

HB 957 removes firearm silencer from the list of prohibited weapons in Texas Penal Code 46.05.

# FNG(LEGAL) STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES: STUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES

SB 348 clarifies that a parent is entitled to review teaching and instructional materials while a child is participating in virtual or remote learning and to observe virtual instruction.

#### FOC(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE: PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

HB 375 amends the offense of continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children to include continuous sexual abuse of "a disabled individual."

#### FOD(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE: EXPULSION

HB 375 amends the offense of continuous sexual abuse of a young child or children to include continuous sexual abuse of "a disabled individual."

#### FOF(LEGAL) STUDENT DISCIPLINE: STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

When a district takes disciplinary action that constitutes a change of placement for a student who receives special education services, HB 785 requires the district to take certain actions relating to functional behavior assessments and behavioral intervention plans.

# GBA(LEGAL) PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM: ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION

The name of an employee accused of an improper relationship between an educator and student is confidential until the employee is indicted for the offense, except as specified by HB 246. The <u>Regulations Re-</u> <u>source Manual</u> includes sample procedures to address release of this information by a campus.

Provisions on the release of personal information have been revised for:

- Board members (HB 1082); and
- Current or honorably retired peace officers and commissioned security officers (SB 841).

Confidentiality of crime victim information has been revised based on HB 2357.

The sample election of confidentiality forms in the <u>Regulations Resource Manual</u> have been updated to reflect these changes.

#### GBAA(LEGAL) INFORMATION ACCESS: REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Changes to this policy on requests for information are from SB 1225.

- If a district's physical offices are closed, but staff is working remotely, the district must make a good faith effort to continue responding to Public Information Act (PIA) requests for information.
- Provisions on temporary suspension of the PIA due to a catastrophe apply only when a district is *sig-nificantly* impacted and limit extensions of a suspension to only once per catastrophe.

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#### GKA(LEGAL) COMMUNITY RELATIONS: CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES

HB 1927 revises the Penal Code's list of places where the possession of weapons is prohibited.

Changes in federal law prompted revisions regarding the use of unmanned aircraft systems.

#### GKD(LEGAL) COMMUNITY RELATIONS: NONSCHOOL USE OF SCHOOL FACILITIES

HB 525 protects religious organizations from closure by a governmental entity during a disaster.

HB 1239 amends the Texas Religious Freedom Restoration Act to prohibit a government agency or public official from ordering the closure of a place of worship and clarifies that the Act cannot be suspended by the governor during a disaster.

#### GKE(LEGAL) COMMUNITY RELATIONS: BUSINESS, CIVIC, AND YOUTH GROUPS

Districts may not regulate learning pods in accordance with SB 1955.

# GNB(LEGAL) RELATIONS WITH EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES: REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE CENTERS

Changes to the provisions on core services provided by education service centers reflect that the gifted and talented allotment was reinstated by HB 1525.

# GNC(LEGAL) RELATIONS WITH EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES: COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Provisions requiring certain districts to develop a plan to increase enrollment in higher education were deleted by SB 1677.

# GRB(LEGAL) RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES: INTERLOCAL COOPERATION CONTRACTS

Provisions on entering into intergovernmental support agreements with a branch of the armed forces have been added as a result of SB 780.

**Please Note:** This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

## SECTION A: BASIC DISTRICT FOUNDATIONS

- AA DISTRICT LEGAL STATUS
- AB DISTRICT NAME
- AC GEOGRAPHIC BOUNDARIES
- AE EDUCATIONAL PHILOSOPHY AEA Educational Equity
- AF INNOVATION DISTRICTS
- AG HOME-RULE DISTRICTS
- AH OPEN-ENROLLMENT CHARTER SCHOOLS
- AI ACCOUNTABILITY
- AIA Accreditation and Performance Indicators
- AIB Performance Reporting
- AIC Interventions and Sanctions
- AID Federal Accountability Standards
- AIE Investigations

Denton ISD 061901					
EDUCATIONAL PHILOS	OPHY AE (LEGAL)				
Vision Statement and Goals	A board shall adopt a vision statement and comprehensive goals for the district and the superintendent. <i>Education Code 11.1511(b)(2)</i>				
Public Education Mission, Goals, and Objectives	The mission of the Texas public education system is to ensure that all Texas children have access to a quality education that enables them to achieve their full potential and fully participate now and in the future in the social, economic, and educational opportunities in our state and nation. That mission is grounded on the conviction that a general diffusion of knowledge is essential for the welfare of Texas and for the preservation of the liberties and rights of Texas citizens. It is further grounded on the conviction that a successful public education system is directly related to a strong, dedicated, and supportive family and that parental involvement in the school is essential for the maximum educational achievement of a child.				
Objectives	The objectives of public education are:				
	Objective 1: Parents will be full partners with educators in the edu- cation of their children.				
	Objective 2: Students will be encouraged and challenged to meet their full educational potential.				
	Objective 3: Through enhanced dropout prevention efforts, all stu- dents will remain in school until they obtain a diploma.				
	Objective 4: A well-balanced and appropriate curriculum will be provided to all students. Through that curriculum, students will be prepared to succeed in a variety of postsecondary activities, includ- ing employment and enrollment in institutions of higher education.				
	Objective 5: Educators shall cultivate in students an informed American patriotism and lead students in a close study of the founding documents of the United States and Texas. The purpose of this objective is to:				
	<ol> <li>Increase students' knowledge of the deepest and noblest pur- poses of the United States and Texas;</li> </ol>				
	2. Enhance students' intellectual independence so that students may become thoughtful, informed citizens who have an appreciation for the fundamental democratic principles of our state and national heritage; and				
	3. Guide students toward understanding and productively func- tioning in a free enterprise society.				
	Objective 6: Qualified and highly effective personnel will be re- cruited, developed, and retained.				

### EDUCATIONAL PHILOSOPHY

	Objective 7: Texas students will demonstrate exemplary perfor- mance in comparison to national and international standards.
	Objective 8: School campuses will maintain a safe and disciplined environment conducive to student learning.
	Objective 9: Educators will keep abreast of the development of cre- ative and innovative techniques in instruction and administration using those techniques as appropriate to improve student learning.
	Objective 10: Technology will be implemented and used to increase the effectiveness of student learning, instructional management, staff development, and administration.
	Objective 11: The State Board of Education, TEA, and the commis- sioner shall assist school districts and charter schools in providing career and technology education to students.
Goals	The academic goals of public education are to serve as a founda- tion for a well-balanced and appropriate education. The students in the public education system will demonstrate exemplary perfor- mance in:
	Goal 1: The reading and writing of the English language.
	Goal 2: The understanding of mathematics.
	Goal 3: The understanding of science.
	Goal 4: The understanding of social studies.
	Education Code 4.001, .002

	A district may choose to operate under a home-rule charter. Adop- tion of a home-rule charter does not affect:				
	1.	The district's boundaries.			
	2.	Taxes or bonds of the district authorized before the effective date of the charter.			
	Education Code 12.0011, .011				
Powers of Home- Rule District	A home-rule district has the powers and entitlements granted to school districts and school district boards, including taxing author- ity. A home-rule district is subject to federal and state laws and rules governing school districts except:				
	1.	A home-rule district is subject to the Education Code only to the extent a provision of the Education Code specifically pro- vides for the applicability to a home-rule district;			
	2.	A home-rule district is subject to a rule adopted by the State Board of Education (SBOE) or the commissioner of education only if the code provision authorizing the rule specifically ap- plies to a home-rule district; and			
	3.	A home-rule district is subject to all requirements of federal law and applicable court orders relating to eligibility for and the provision of special education and bilingual programs.			
Nondiscrimination	The above statements do not permit a home-rule district to discrim- inate against a student who has been diagnosed as having a learn- ing disability, including dyslexia or attention deficit/hyperactivity dis- order. Prohibited discrimination includes denial of placement in a gifted and talented program if the student would otherwise be qual- ified for the program but for the student's learning disability.				
	The above statements do not permit a home-rule district to, on the basis of race, socioeconomic status, learning disability, or family support status, place a student in a program other than the high level program necessary to ensure the student's success.				
	Edu	cation Code 12.012(a), (c)			
Charter Commission		pard shall appoint a charter commission to frame a home-rule pol district charter if:			
	1.	The board receives a petition requesting the appointment of a charter commission signed by at least five percent of the district's registered voters; or			
	2.	At least two-thirds of the total membership of the board adopts a resolution ordering the appointment of a charter commission.			
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	The board must appoint the commission by the 30th day after re- ceipt of the petition or adoption of the resolution.				
	The commission must complete the proposed charter not later than the first anniversary of the date of the commission's appointment. After that date, the commission expires and the appointment of the commission is void.				
	Education Code 12.014, .015(a), (c)				
Membership	The charter commission shall consist of 15 district residents. membership must reflect the racial, ethnic, socioeconomic, a ographic diversity of a district. A majority of the commission n bers must be parents of school-age children attending public school. At least 25 percent of the commission must be classr teachers selected by representatives of the professional staff provided by the planning process under Education Code 11.2 [See BQ series] <i>Education Code 12.015(a)–(b)</i>				
Governmental Body	The charter commission is considered a governmental body for purposes of Government Code Chapters 551 (Open Meetings Act) and 552 (Public Information Act). <i>Education Code 12.015(d)</i>				
Content of Home-	The	hom	e-rule charter must:		
Rule Charter	1.	Des	cribe the educational program to be offered.		
	2.	Pro	vide that continuation of the charter is contingent on:		
		a.	Acceptable student performance on assessment instru- ments.		
		b.	Compliance with other applicable accountability provisions.		
	3.	tion	cify any basis, in addition to a basis specified at Educa- Code Chapter 11, Subchapter B, on which the charter be placed on probation or revoked.		
	4.	Describe the governing structure of the district and campu			
	5.	Specify any procedure or requirement, in addition to th Education Code Chapter 38 [see FF series], the distric follow to ensure the health and safety of students and ployees.			
	6.		cribe the process by which the district will adopt an an- I budget, including the use of program-weight funds.		
	7.	prog	cribe how the annual audit of the district's financial and grammatic operations will be conducted, including how the rict will provide the necessary information to participate in		
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		the Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS).			
	8.	Include any other provision the charter commission considers necessary.			
	Edu	ication Code 12.016			
Review by Commissioner of Education	con cha nec 30	e charter commission shall submit the proposed charter to the missioner of education. The commissioner shall review the rter for compliance with applicable laws and recommend any ressary modifications. If the commissioner does not act within days after the date the commissioner receives the proposed rter, the charter is approved. <i>Education Code 12.018</i>			
Charter Elections	ter, eleo	soon as practicable after the commissioner approves the char- a board shall order an election on the proposed charter. The ction shall be held on the first uniform election date that occurs east 45 days after the date the board orders the election.			
	the istra day hov pos also	At least three copies of the proposed charter must be available in the office at each school campus and at the district's central admin- istrative office between the date of the election order and election day. Notice of the election must include a statement of where and how copies may be obtained or viewed. A summary of the pro- posed charter shall be attached to each copy. The summary shall also be made available to district employees, parents, community members, and the media.			
	sitio hon sior	The ballot shall be written to permit voting for or against the propo- sition: "Whether the (name of district) shall be governed under the home-rule district charter, which is proposed by a charter commis- sion appointed by the board and under which only certain laws and rules apply to the district."			
	Education Code 12.019				
Minimum Voter Turnout	no e distr If the boar	election on the adoption of a proposed home-rule charter has effect unless at least 25 percent of the registered voters of the rict vote in the election.			
		e required number of voters does not vote in the election, the rd shall order another election to be held on the first uniform tion date:			
	1.	That occurs at least 45 days after the election is ordered, and			
	2.	On which one or more elections are to be held, the combina- tion of which covers all the territory of the district.			

	If the required number of voters does not vote in the election, a board may continue to order elections until the required minimum is achieved.				
	Education Code 12.022				
Charter Amendments	A home-rule charter may be amended pursuant to Education Code 12.020 and .022(b).				
Adoption of Charter or Amendment	Subject to Education Code 12.022 (minimum voter turnout), the proposed charter or amendment is adopted if approved by a major- ity of the qualified voters of the district voting in the election. The charter or amendment shall specify an effective date and takes effect according to its terms when the board enters an order declar- ing the charter or amendment adopted. The board shall enter the order not later than the tenth day after the date the canvass of the election returns is completed.				
	As soon as practicable after a district adopts the charter or amend- ment, the board shall notify the commissioner of the outcome of the election.				
	Education Code 12.021				
Certification of Charter	As soon as practicable after the charter or amendment is adopted, the board president shall certify to the secretary of state a copy of the charter or amendment showing voter approval. The secretary of state shall file and record the certification. A recorded charter or amendment is a public act. A court shall take judicial notice of a recorded charter or amendment and proof is not required of its provisions. <i>Education Code 12.023, .024</i>				
Governance of Home-Rule District	A home-rule district may adopt and operate under any governing structure. The home-rule district may create offices, determine the time and method for selecting officers, and prescribe the qualifications and duties of officers. The term of any officer shall be three or four years, as determined under Education Code 11.059. <i>Education Code 12.025</i>				
Change in Governing Body	If the adoption, amendment, or revocation of a home-rule school district charter changes the structure of the board, the members serving on the date the adoption, amendment, or revocation takes effect shall continue in office until their successors have been chosen and have qualified for office. <i>Education Code 12.026</i>				
Requirements Under	A home-rule district is subject to:				
Education Code	<ol> <li>Provisions of the Education Code establishing a criminal of- fense.</li> </ol>				

- 2. Provisions of the Education Code relating to limitations on liability.
- 3. Prohibitions, restrictions, or requirements relating to:
  - a. PEIMS, as determined by the commissioner.
  - b. Educator certification under Education Code Chapter 21 and educator rights under Education Code 21.407, .408, and 22.001. [See CFEA, DGA]
  - c. Criminal history records under Education Code Chapter 22, Subchapter C. [See DBAA]
  - d. Student admissions under Education Code 25.001. [See FD]
  - e. School attendance under Education Code 25.085–.087. [See FEA]
  - f. Interdistrict transfers under Education Code Chapter 25, Subchapter B. [See FDA]
  - g. Elementary class-size limits, in the case of any campus that fails to satisfy any standard under Education Code 39.054(e). [See EEB]
  - h. High school graduation under Education Code 28.025. [See EIF]
  - i. Special education programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A. [See EHBA series]
  - j. Bilingual education under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter B. [See EHBE]
  - k. Prekindergarten programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Subchapter E. [See EEL, EHBG]
  - I. Safety provisions relating to the transportation of students under Education Code 34.002–.004 and .008. [See CNA, CNB, CNC]
  - m. Computation and distribution of state aid under Education Code Chapters 31, 43, and 48.
  - n. Extracurricular activities under Education Code 33.081. [See FM]
  - o. Health and safety under Education Code Chapter 38. [See FF series]

	p.		The provisions of Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter A. [See AIC]		
		q.	Public school accountability and special investigations under Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapters A, B, C, D, and J, and Chapter 39A. [See AI series]		
		r.	Options for local revenue levels in excess of entitlement under Education Code Chapter 49.		
		s.	Bonds or other obligations or tax rates under Education Code Chapters 43, 45, and 48.		
		t.	Purchasing under Education Code Chapter 44. [See CH]		
		u.	Parental options to retain a student under Education Code 28.02124. [See EIE]		
	Edu	cation	Code 12.013(b)		
Employees of Home- Rule Districts	men sam	t Syst e exte	yee who qualifies for membership in the Teacher Retire- tem shall be covered in the same manner and to the ent as a qualified employee employed by an independent trict. <i>Education Code 12.012(b)</i>		
Rescission of Charter	A board shall order an election on the question of rescinding the home-rule school district charter if:				
	1.	signe	board receives a petition requesting a rescission election ed by at least five percent of the registered voters of the ct; or		
	2.		ast two-thirds of the board adopts a resolution ordering lection.		
	Reso	cissio	n of a home-rule charter does not affect:		
	1.	Distr	ict boundaries.		
	2.		s or bonds of the district authorized before the effective of the rescission.		
	Edu	Education Code 12.030(b), (h)			
Probation or Revocation of Charter			E may place a home-rule charter on probation or revoke r. <i>Education Code 12.027, .028; 19 TAC 100.201</i>		
Material Violation	char fuse Educ	ter if t to hir cation	alle district commits a material violation of the district's the district fails to comply with the duty to discharge or re- e certain employees or applicants for employment under Code 22.085 or Education Code 22.092. <i>Education</i> 0271(a) [See DBAA]		

Denton ISD 061901

HOME-RULE DISTRICTS

Status of District in	If a district is annexed to another district under Education Code
Case of Annexation	Chapter 13, and only one of the districts is a home-rule district, the
or Consolidation	status of the receiving district shall be the status of both districts
	following annexation. The petition under Education Code 13.003
	must state the status for the consolidated district. Education Code
	12.029

Denton ISD 061901				
ACCOUNTABILITY ACCREDITATION AND	PERF	ORM	IANCE INDICATORS	AIA (LEGAL)
Accreditation	Each district must be accredited by Texas Education Agency (TEA). A district that is not accredited may not receive funds from TEA or hold itself out as operating a public school of this state. <i>Education Code 11.001, 39.052(f)</i>			
	Coo sior cha	le Cha ner of pter E	ccreditation is determined in accordance with Edu apter 39, Subchapter C and rules adopted by the education at 19 Administrative Code, Chapter 97 EE (Accreditation Status, Standards, and Sanction ade 39.051	commis- , Sub-
Statuses	The commissioner shall determine criteria for the following accredi- tation statuses:			g accredi-
	1.	a pu mine and is no	redited. Accredited means TEA recognizes the di ablic school of this state that meets the standards ed by the commissioner under Education Code 3 (c), and specified in 19 Administrative Code 97.1 of currently assigned an accreditation status of Ac rned or Accredited-Probation;	deter- 9.052(b) 059; and
	2.	hibit trati	redited-Warned. Accredited-Warned means the d s deficiencies in performance, as specified in 19 ve Code 97.1055(b), that, if not addressed, will le pation or revocation of its accreditation status;	Adminis-
	3.	exhi mini	redited-Probation. Accredited-Probation means the bits deficiencies in performance, as specified in strative Code 97.1055(c), that must be addressed revocation of its accreditation status; and	19 Ad-
	4.	TEA beca ards 39.0	Accredited-Revoked. Not Accredited-Revoked m does not recognize the district as a Texas public ause the district's performance has failed to meet adopted by the commissioner under Education (052(b) and (c), and specified in 19 Administrative (055(d).	: school t stand- Code
	Edu	icatioi	n Code 39.051; 19 TAC 97.1055(a)(1)	
Annual Evaluation	tus	of eac	r, the commissioner shall determine the accredita ch district. In determining the accreditation status commissioner:	
	1.	Sha	Il evaluate and consider performance:	
		a.	On achievement indicators under Education Co 39.053 [see Performance Indicators, below]; an	

		b.	opeo	er the financial accountability rating system devel- d under Education Code, Chapter 39, Subchapter D c CFA].
	2.	Мау	eval	uate and consider:
		a.	requ	district's compliance with statutory requirements and irements imposed by rule of the commissioner or e Board of Education that relate to:
			(1)	Reporting data through the Public Education Infor- mation Management System (PEIMS) or other re- ports required by state or federal law or court order;
			(2)	High school graduation requirements; or
			(3)	Extracurricular activities, student health and safety, purchasing, elementary class size limits, removal of a disruptive student from the classroom, at-risk pro- grams, and prekindergarten programs;
		b.		effectiveness of the district's programs for special ulations; and
		C.		effectiveness of the district's career and technology ram.
	each		rict ar	strict's performance, the commissioner shall assign accreditation status or revoke the accreditation of order closure of the district.
	the o man	distric ce of	t's pe one	reditation status may be raised or lowered based on erformance or may be lowered based on the perfor- or more campuses in the district that is below a red by Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter C.
	Edu	catior	n Coa	le 7.056(e)(3)(C)-(I), 39.052; 19 TAC 97.1055
				information on the commissioner process for assign- on status, see 19 Administrative Code 97.1055.
Notice of Status	an a tion,	ccrec	litatio camp	oner shall notify a district if the district has received on status of accredited-warned or accredited-proba- ous's performance is below standard. <i>Education</i>
To Parents and Property Owners	accr ents distr	edite of sti ict as	d-pro udent spec	ned an accreditation status of accredited-warned, bation, or not accredited-revoked shall notify the par- ts enrolled in the district and property owners in the cified in 19 Administrative Code 97.1055. The dis- ust contain information about the accreditation sta-

	ing t sion	tus, the implications of such status, and the steps the district is tak- ing to address the areas of deficiency identified by the commis- sioner. The district's notice shall use the format and language de- termined by the commissioner.			
	The	district's notice must:			
	1.	Not later than 30 calendar days after the accreditation status is assigned, appear on the home page of the district's web- site, with a link to the required notification, and remain until the district is assigned the accredited status; and			
	2.	Appear in a newspaper of general circulation, as defined in 19 Administrative Code 97.1051 (Definitions), in the district for three consecutive days as follows:			
		<ul> <li>From Sunday through Tuesday of the second week fol- lowing assignment of the status; or</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>b. If the newspaper is not published from Sunday through Tuesday, then for three consecutive issues of the news- paper beginning the second week following assignment of the status; or</li> </ul>			
	3.	Not later than 30 calendar days after the status is assigned, be sent by first class mail addressed individually to each par- ent of a student enrolled in the district and each property owner in the district; or			
	4.	Not later than 30 calendar days after the status is assigned, be presented as a discussion item in a public meeting of the board of trustees conducted at a time and location that allows parents of students enrolled in the district and property own- ers in the district to attend and provide public comment.			
To TEA		strict required to act under this subsection shall send the fol- ng to TEA via certified mail, return receipt requested:			
	1.	The universal resource locator (URL) for the link to the notifi- cation required above; and			
	2.	Copies of the notice in the newspaper showing dates of publi- cation, or a paid invoice showing the notice content and its dates of publication; or			
	3.	Copies of the notice sent by mail and copies of all mailing lists and postage receipts; or			
	4.	Copies of the notice presented at a public meeting and copies of the board of trustees meeting notice and minutes for the			

		board meeting in which the notice was presented and publicly discussed.		
	19	TAC 97.1055(f)		
Performance Indicators	The commissioner shall adopt a set of indicators of the quality of learning and achievement, including three domains of achievement indicators. [See Achievement Indicators, below] <i>Education Code 39.053(a)</i>			
	The indicators must measure and evaluate districts and campuse with respect to:			
	1.	Improving student preparedness for success in subsequent grade levels and entering the workforce, the military, or post-secondary education;		
	2.	Reducing, with the goal of eliminating, student academic achievement differentials among students from different racial and ethnic groups and socioeconomic backgrounds; and		
	3.	Informing parents and the community regarding campus and district performance.		
	Edu	cation Code 39.053(a-1)		
Achievement Indicators		ricts and campuses must be evaluated based on indicators of ievement grouped in three domains:		
	1.	Student achievement domain;		
	2.	School progress domain; and		
	3.	Closing the gaps domain.		
	Education Code 39.053(c)			
	sha mus	formance on the achievement indicators in the three domains Il be compared to state-established standards. The indicators at be based on information that is disaggregated by race, eth- ty, and socioeconomic status. <i>Education Code 39.053(b)</i>		
		h school district shall submit the data required for the indicators ne commissioner. <i>Education Code</i> 39.053(i)		
A–F Performance Ratings	ove of N ate	ept when the commissioner determines the assignment of an rall performance rating would be inappropriate [see Assignment lot Rated, below], the commissioner shall adopt rules to evalu- district and campus performance and assign each district and npus an overall performance rating of A, B, C, D, or F.		

	n addition to the overall performance rating, the commissioner shall assign each district and campus a separate domain perfor- mance rating of A, B, C, D, or F for each domain under Education Code 39.053(c) [see Achievement Indicators, above].			
	An overall or domain performance rating of:			
	1. A reflects exemplary performance.			
	2. B reflects recognized performance.			
	3. C reflects acceptable performance.			
	4. D reflects performance that needs improvement.			
	5. F reflects unacceptable performance.			
	A district may not receive an overall or domain performance rating of A if the district includes any campus with a corresponding overall or domain performance rating of D or F.			
	For purposes of assigning districts and campuses an overall and a domain performance rating, the commissioner shall ensure that the method used to evaluate performance is implemented in a manner that provides the mathematical possibility that all districts and cam- puses receive an A rating.			
	Not later than August 15 of each year, the following information shall be made publicly available as provided by rules adopted by the commissioner:			
	1. The performance ratings for each district and campus; and			
	2. If applicable, the number of consecutive school years of unac- ceptable performance ratings for each district and campus.			
	Education Code 39.054(a), (a-3), (b)			
Assignment of Not Rated	Notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner may assign a dis- trict or campus an overall performance rating of "Not Rated" if the commissioner determines that the assignment of a performance rating of A, B, C, D, or F would be inappropriate because:			
	<ol> <li>The district or campus is located in an area that is subject to a declaration of a state of disaster under Government Code Chapter 418 and due to the disaster, performance indicators for the district or campus are difficult to measure or evaluate and would not accurately reflect quality of learning and achievement for the district or campus;</li> </ol>			

	2.	The district or campus has experienced breaches or other fail- ures in data integrity to the extent that accurate analysis of data regarding performance indicators is not possible;		
	3.	The number of students enrolled in the district or campus is insufficient to accurately evaluate the performance of the district or campus; or		
	4.	For other reasons outside the control of the district or cam- pus, the performance indicators would not accurately reflect quality of learning and achievement for the district or campus.		
	Edu	cation Code 39.054(a-4)		
Calculating Consecutive Years	"Not of u in co for p	withstanding any other law, an overall performance rating of t Rated" is not included in calculating consecutive school years nacceptable performance ratings and is not considered a break onsecutive school years of unacceptable performance ratings ourposes of any provision of the Education Code. <i>Education</i> <i>de 39.054(a-5)</i>		
Acceptable Performance	A reference in law to an acceptable performance rating or acceptable performance includes an overall or domain performance rating of A, B, or C or performance that is exemplary, recognized, or acceptable. A reference in law to an unacceptable performance rating or unacceptable performance includes an overall or domain performance rating of F. For the purposes of public reporting requirements, an overall or domain performance rating of D shall be referred to as performance that needs improvement. <i>Education Code</i> 39.0543(a)			
D Rating	ble   mar mar pre\ or h	ference in law to an acceptable performance rating or accepta- performance for a district or campus includes an overall perfor- ince rating of D if, since previously receiving an overall perfor- ince rating of C or higher, the district or campus has not viously received more than one overall performance rating of D as not received an overall performance rating of F. <i>Education</i> <i>Ie 39.0543(b)</i>		
Local Accountability System	miss to d	local accountability system standards established by the com- sioner under Education Code 39.0544 shall be used by districts evelop a plan to locally evaluate the performance of their cam- es. <i>19 TAC 97.1003(a)</i>		
Local Accountability Plan	maii ucat deve	cal accountability plan created by a district must include do- n performance ratings assigned by the commissioner under Ed- tion Code 39.054, and performance ratings based on locally eloped domains or sets of accountability measures. <i>19 TAC</i> 1003(b)		

	A district must create its local accountability plan based on school type. The four school types are elementary school, middle school, high school, and kindergarten–grade 12. The plan must include all campuses within a school type. The district may also request to identify an additional school group within a school type for which to customize its local accountability plan. Otherwise, all campuses within a school type must be evaluated on a common set of components determined by the district. A district may also request to identify a campus rated under alternative education accountability provisions as a unique school type. <i>19 TAC 97.1003(b)(4)</i>
Plan Components	A locally developed domain or set of accountability measures is re- ferred to as a plan component. Plan components must describe each item and the reason for its inclusion in the plan. A district must assign each component to one of the following five domains: academics, culture and climate, extra- and co-curricular, future- ready learning, and locally determined. The weight of all plan com- ponents must equal 100 percent. <i>19 TAC 97.1003(b)(1)</i>
	A district may assign weights to each plan component, as deter- mined by the district, provided that the plan components must in the aggregate account for no more than 50 percent of the com- bined overall performance rating. A local accountability plan may include no fewer than two and no more than ten components weighted between 5 percent and 60 percent. <i>19 TAC 97.1003(c)</i>
	Each plan component must contain levels of performance that al- low for differentiation, with assigned standards for achieving the dif- ferentiated levels that are aligned to a letter grade of A, B, C, D, or F and meet the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 97.1003(d)(1)-(3). 19 TAC 97.1003(d)
	Each plan component measure must meet standards for reliability and validity as required by 19 Administrative Code 97.1003(e)(1)–(3). <i>19 TAC 97.1003(e)</i>
Campuses without STAAR or State Ratings	For the purposes of assigning state accountability ratings, a cam- pus that does not serve any grade level for which a State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness (STAAR) examination is ad- ministered is paired with a campus in its district that serves grade levels for which STAAR examinations are administered.
	A campus not rated under the state accountability system is not eli- gible to combine state and local ratings. Local accountability data for a campus without state ratings may be displayed on TEA, dis- trict, and campus websites but will not be combined with state ac- countability data. The state accountability manual adopted under 19 Administrative Code 97.1001 (Accountability Rating System)

	provides information about campus ratings and eligibility for appli- cable years.				
	19 TAC 97.1003(b)(3)				
Campus Performance Ratings	A district authorized to assign campus performance ratings shall evaluate the performance of each campus and assign each cam- pus a performance rating of A, B, C, D, or F for overall perfor- mance and for each locally developed domain or set of accounta- bility measures. Not later than a date established by the commissioner, the district shall:				
	1. Report the performance ratings to the agency; and				
	2. Make the performance ratings available to the public as pro- vided by commissioner rule.				
	Education Code 39.0544(e)				
	Each campus with an approved district plan is eligible to receive a local accountability rating. A campus with an overall state accountability rating of C or higher based on ratings derived from student performance at the campus is eligible to combine an overall local accountability rating with the overall state accountability rating to determine the combined rating. <i>19 TAC 97.1003(b)(2); Education Code 39.054(a)</i>				
Submission and Audit Standards	Calculations for each plan component and overall performance rat- ings must be capable of being audited by a third party.				
	A district must use a one-to-one correspondence when converting campus grades based on plan component measures to a standard scale of $30-100$ where A= $90-100$ , B= $80-89$ , C= $70-79$ , D= $60-69$ , and F= $30-59$ . Categorical data, or data not on a continuous scale, must be converted to the standard scale of A= $90-100$ , B= $80-89$ , C= $70-79$ , D= $60-69$ , and F= $30-59$ by assigning the maximum value for each scaled score interval with the corresponding category used in the campus rating scale.				
	A district is required to submit local accountability plan component, domain, and overall scaled scores and ratings to TEA by the first week of July of the applicable accountability year.				
	All scaled scores and letter grades submitted by a school district are subject to audit. Any data discrepancies or any indication that data have been compromised may result in verification and audit of district and campus data used to assign local accountability rat- ings. The audit process may include requests for data used for campus-level calculation of component and domain scaled scores.				

	On an annual basis, TEA will randomly select districts for local ac- countability audits, and, for each such audit, TEA will randomly se- lect components for review. Selected districts must submit the re- quested data for review within the timeframe specified. A district must maintain documentation of its local accountability plan, along with all associated data used to assign campus ratings, for two years after the end of the plan implementation period.
	Responsibility for the accuracy and quality of data used to deter- mine local accountability ratings rests with each district. Superin- tendent certification of data accuracy during the ratings submission process shall include an assurance that calculations have been verified to ensure that all data were included as appropriate for all components.
	19 TAC 97.1003(f)(1)–(6)
Scorecard and Website	A district must produce a campus scorecard and make available on the district website an explanation of the methodology used to as- sign local accountability performance ratings. The campus score- card shall include, at a minimum, the scaled score and rating for each component and domain along with the overall rating. A link to the local accountability ratings posted by the district must be pro- vided to TEA and may be included on the agency-developed school report card. <i>19 TAC 97.1003(g)</i>
Appeal and Revision	An appeal of a local accountability rating may be submitted by the superintendent once ratings are released. The local accountability appeals timeline follows the appeal deadline dates and processes as described in the state accountability manual adopted under 19 Administrative Code 97.1001 of this title for the applicable year. <i>19 TAC 97.1003(f)(7)</i>
	Ratings may be revised as a result of investigative activities by the commissioner as authorized under Education Code 39.057(d) and (e) (redesignated to Education Code 39.003). <i>19 TAC 97.1003(h)</i>
Distinction Designations for Outstanding Performance	The commissioner shall award distinction designations for out- standing performance. A distinction designation awarded to a dis- trict or campus shall be referenced directly in connection with the performance rating assigned to the district or campus and made publicly available together with the A–F performance ratings.
	A district or campus may not be awarded a distinction designation unless the district or campus has acceptable performance under the A–F performance ratings.
	Education Code 39.201

Denton ISD 061901					
ACCOUNTABILITY A ACCREDITATION AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (LEGA					
Academic Distinction	tion tain	The commissioner shall establish an academic distinction designa- tion for districts and campuses for outstanding performance in at- tainment of postsecondary readiness based on the commissioner's adopted criteria. <i>Education Code 39.202</i>			
Campus Distinction			missioner shall award a campus a distinction dea anding performance in:	signation	
	1.	Imp	rovement in student achievement;		
	2.	Clo	sing student achievement differentials; and		
	3.		demic achievement in English language arts, ma science, or social studies.	athemat-	
	Edι	icatio	n Code 39.203		
	star	The commissioner may award a distinction designation for out- standing performance in advanced middle or junior high school dent achievement. <i>Education Code 39.203(d)</i>			
Excellence Exemptions	Except as listed below, a district or campus that is rated A (exe plary) is exempt from requirements and prohibitions imposed u the Education Code, including regulations adopted under the E cation Code.			sed under	
	An	exem	plary campus or district is not exempt from:		
	1.	Ар	rohibition on conduct that constitutes a criminal c	ffense;	
	2.		uirements imposed by federal law or rule, includ ements for special education or bilingual educati ms;	•	
	3.	A re	equirement, restriction, or prohibition relating to:		
		a.	Curriculum essential knowledge and skills or hi graduation requirements;	gh school	
		b.	Public school accountability;		
		C.	Extracurricular activities;		
		d.	Health and safety;		
		e.	Purchasing;		
		f.	Elementary class size limits;		
		g.	Removal of a disruptive student from the class	room;	
		h.	At-risk programs;		
		i.	Prekindergarten programs;		
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- j. Rights and benefits of school employees;
- k. Special education programs; or
- I. Bilingual education programs.

The commissioner may exempt an exemplary campus from class size limits if the campus submits a written plan showing steps that will be taken to ensure that the exemption will not be harmful to the academic achievement of the students on the school campus. If granted, the exemption remains in effect until the commissioner determines that achievement levels of the campus have declined.

Education Code 39.232

Denton ISD 061901					
ACCOUNTABILITY PERFORMANCE REPO	RTIN	G AIB (LEGAL)			
District Annual Report	The board shall publish an annual report describing the educa- tional performance of the district and of each campus in the district that includes uniform student performance and descriptive infor- mation as determined under rules adopted by the commissioner of education. <i>Education Code 39.306(a)</i>				
Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR)	The performance report provided by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) under Education Code 39.306 shall be termed the Texas Ac ademic Performance Report (TAPR). The intent of the TAPR is to inform the public about the educational performance of the district and of each campus in the district in relation to the district, the state, and a comparable group of schools. The TAPR will present the campus performance information as well as the student, staff, and financial information required by statute. It will also include an explanations and additional information deemed appropriate to the intent of the report.				
	distr	district may not alter the report provided by TEA. However, the ict may concurrently provide additional information to the pub- nat supplements or explains information in the TAPR.			
	19 T	AC 61.1022(a)–(b), (e); Education Code 39.306(d)			
Other Annual	The annual report must also include:				
Report Information	1.	Campus performance objectives established under Education Code 11.253 and the progress of each campus toward those objectives, which shall be available to the public;			
	2.	Information indicating the district's accreditation status and identifying each district campus awarded a distinction designation or considered an unacceptable campus under Education Code Chapter 39A;			
	3.	The district's current special education compliance status with the agency;			
	4.	A statement of the number, rate, and type of violent or crimi- nal incidents that occurred on each district campus, to the ex- tent permitted under the Family Educational Rights and Pri- vacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. 1232g);			
	5.	Information concerning school violence prevention and vio- lence intervention policies and procedures that the district is using to protect students;			
	6.	The findings that result from evaluations conducted under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.);			

- 7. Information received under Education Code 51.403(e) for each high school campus in the district, presented in a form determined by the commissioner; and
- 8. Progress of the district and each campus in the district toward meeting the goals set in the district's early childhood literacy and mathematics proficiency plans and college, career, and military readiness plans [see EA].

# Education Code 39.306(a)

The report must include a statement of the amount, if any, of the district's unencumbered surplus fund balance as of the last day of the preceding fiscal year and the percentage of the preceding year's budget that the surplus represents. *Education Code* 39.306(g)

The report must also include the number of school counselors providing counseling services at each campus. *Education Code* 39.306(d-1)

The report may include the following information:

- 1. Student information, including total enrollment, enrollment by ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and grade groupings and retention rates;
- 2. Financial information, including revenues and expenditures;
- 3. Staff information, including number and type of staff by sex, ethnicity, years of experience, and highest degree held; teacher and administrator salaries; and teacher turnover;
- 4. Program information, including student enrollment by program, teachers by program, and instructional operating expenditures by program; and
- 5. The number of students placed in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP) under Education Code Chapter 37.

Education Code 39.306(e)

Supplemental information to be included in the reports shall be determined by the board. *Education Code* 39.306(b)

Public Hearing The board shall hold a hearing for public discussion of the report. The board shall give notice of the hearing to property owners in the district and parents of and other persons standing in parental relation to a district student. The notice of hearing must include notice to a newspaper of general circulation in the district and notice to electronic media serving the district. *Education Code 39.306(c)* 

Denton ISD 061901				
ACCOUNTABILITY AIB PERFORMANCE REPORTING (LEGAL)				
	A board shall hold a hearing for public discussion of the TAPR within 90 days after the report is received from TEA. The hearing may take place during a regularly scheduled or special meeting of the board. <i>19 TAC 61.1022(c)</i>			
Publication	The TAPR must be published within two weeks after the public hearing, in the same format as it was received from TEA. <i>19 TAC 61.1022(d)</i>			
	The board shall disseminate the report by posting it on the district website and in public places, such as each school office, local businesses, and public libraries. <i>Education Code</i> 39.306(c); 19 TAC 61.1022(f)			
Report Uses	The information in the annual report shall be a primary considera- tion in district and campus planning. It shall also be a primary con- sideration of the board in the evaluation of the performance of the superintendent, and of the superintendent in the evaluation of the performance of campus principals. <i>Education Code</i> 39.307			
Campus Performance Report	Each school year, TEA shall prepare and distribute to each district a report card for each campus. The campus report card distributed by TEA shall be termed the "school" report card (SRC). The intent of the SRC is to inform each student's parents or guardians about the school's performance and characteristics. The SRC will present the student, staff, financial, and performance information required by statute, as well as any explanations and additional information deemed appropriate to the intent of the report.			
Distribution	The district must disseminate each SRC within six weeks after the SRC is received from TEA. The school may not alter the report provided by TEA; however, it may concurrently provide additional information to the parents or guardians that supplements or explains information in the SRC.			
	The SRC must be distributed to the parent, guardian, conservator, or other person having lawful control of each student at the cam- pus. On written request, a district shall provide a copy of the SRC to any other party.			
	The campus administration may provide the SRC in the same manner it would normally transmit official communications to par- ents and guardians, such as including the SRC in a weekly folder sent home with each student, mailing it to the student's residence, providing it at a teacher-parent conference, enclosing it with the student report card, or sending it via electronic mail.			
	Education Code 39 305: 19 TAC 61 1021			

Education Code 39.305; 19 TAC 61.1021

Website Notices	Not later than the tenth day after the first day of instruction of each school year, a district that maintains an internet website shall make the following information available:			
	1.	The information in the most recent campus report card for each campus in the district;		
	2.	The information contained in the most recent performance report for the district;		
	3.	The most recent accreditation status and performance rating of the district; and		
	4.	A definition and explanation of each accreditation status, based on commissioner rule.		
	Edu	cation Code 39.362		
Student Performance Report	belo nece ble, the e	n year, TEA shall report to a district whether each student fell w, met, or exceeded the necessary target for improvement essary to be prepared to perform satisfactorily on, as applica- the grade five assessments, the grade eight assessments, and end-of-course assessments required for graduation. <i>Education</i> <i>e 39.034</i> , <i>.302</i>		
Notice to Parents	impr dent stud distr cess men asse	district a student attends shall provide a record of the annual ovement information from TEA in a written notice to the stu- 's parent or other person standing in parental relationship. If a ent failed to perform satisfactorily on a state assessment, the ict shall include in the notice specific information relating to ac- to online educational resources at the appropriate assess- t instrument content level, including educational resources and essment instrument questions and released answers. <i>Educa- Code 39.303</i>		
Notice to Teachers and Students	A district shall prepare a report of the annual improvement infor- mation and provide the report at the beginning of the school year to:			
	1.	Each teacher for all students, including incoming students, who took a state assessment; and		
	2.	All students who were provided instruction by that teacher in the subject for which the assessment instrument was administered.		
	The report shall indicate whether the student performed satisfacto- rily or, if the student did not perform satisfactorily, whether the stu- dent met the standard for annual improvement.			
	Edu	cation Code 39.304		

Quality of Learning Indicators	The commissioner shall also adopt indicators of the quality of learning for the purpose of preparing performance reports. Performance on the indicators shall be evaluated in the same manner provided for evaluation of the achievement indicators under Education Code 39.053(c) [see Achievement Indicators, AIA].				
		The quality of learning indicators must include:			
	1.	The percentage of graduating students who meet the course requirements for the foundation high school program, the dis- tinguished level of achievement under the foundation high school program, and each endorsement described by Educa- tion Code 28.025(c-1) [see EIF];			
	2.	The results of the SAT, ACT, and certified workforce training programs;			
	3.	For students who have failed to satisfy the state standard on an assessment, the performance of those students on subse- quent assessments, aggregated by grade level and subject area;			
	4.	For each campus, the number of students, disaggregated by major student subpopulations, who take courses under the foundation high school program and take additional courses to earn an endorsement, disaggregated by type of endorse- ment;			
	5.	The percentage of students, aggregated by grade level, pro- vided accelerated instruction under Education Code 28.0211 [see EHBC] after unsatisfactory performance on a state as- sessment; the results of assessment instruments adminis- tered under the accelerated instruction program; the subject of the assessment instrument on which each student failed to perform satisfactorily under each performance standard; and the performance of those students in the subsequent school year on the state assessments;			
	6.	The percentage of students of limited English proficiency ex- empted from the administration of an assessment;			
	7.	The percentage of students in a special education program assessed through alternative assessment instruments;			
	8.	The percentage of students who satisfy the college readiness measure;			
	9.	The measure of progress toward dual language proficiency			

 The measure of progress toward dual language proficiency for students of limited English proficiency;

	10.	The percentage of students who are not educationally disad- vantaged;
	11.	The percentage of students who enroll and begin instruction at an institution of higher education in the school year follow- ing high school graduation; and
	12.	The percentage of students who successfully complete the first year of instruction at an institution of higher education without needing a developmental education course.
	Edu	cation Code 39.301
Results Driven Accountability (RDA)	Resi repo tions man of st spor	ccordance with Education Code 7.028(a), the purpose of the ults Driven Accountability (RDA) framework is to evaluate and ort annually on the performance of districts for certain popula- s of students included in selected program areas. The perfor- ce of a district is included on the RDA report through indicators udent performance and program effectiveness and corre- nding performance levels established by the commissioner. <i>19</i> 97.1005; Education Code 7.028(a)
Federal Report Card	an a	strict that receives Title I funding shall prepare and disseminate nnual federal report card that includes information on the disas a whole and each school within the district.
Implementation	stan lang lic, w site. repo	federal report card shall be concise; presented in an under- dable and uniform format, and to the extent practicable, in a uage that parents can understand; and accessible to the pub- which shall include placing the report card on the district's web- If the district does not operate a website, the information in the ort card must be provided to the public in another manner deter- ed by the district.
Minimum Requirements	annu	federal report card shall include the information required in the ual state report card described at 20 U.S.C. $6311(h)(1)(C)$ , as ied to the district and each school served by the district, includ-
	1.	In the case of the district, information that shows how stu- dents served by the district achieved on state academic as- sessments compared to students in the state as a whole;
	2.	In the case of a school, information that shows how the school's students' achievement on state academic assessments compared to students served by the district and the state as a whole; and

	3.	ate bers eac	other information that the district determines is appropri- and will best provide parents, students, and other mem- s of the public with information regarding the progress of h public school served by the district, whether or not such rmation is included in the annual state report card.
	20	U.S.C	c. 6311(h)(2)
District Data on Academic Achievement	of tl ach	he bo ieven	est by the board, TEA shall create a website that members ard may use to review campus and district academic nent data. The website must also be made available to as in a similar manner that access is provided to the board.
	The	e web	site must:
	1.	sex	ude district information, disaggregated by campus, grade, , race, academic quarter or semester, as applicable, and ool year, regarding the following:
		a.	Student academic achievement and growth;
		b.	Teacher and student attendance; and
		C.	Student discipline records; and
	2.	Be	updated at least once each quarter of the school year.
	The commissioner shall provide information that permits a board member to compare the district's academic performance with the academic performance of other districts of similar size and racial and economic demographics.		
	for t the sigr to tl	the cr comr n the v he pu	must provide requested information to the commissioner eation of the website. Confidential information received by nissioner remains confidential. The commissioner shall de- website to ensure that public information is made available blic, and information submitted by districts noted as confi- not made available to the public.
	mitt TEA	ed to A may	t for public information under this provision shall be sub- the district that provides the agency with the information. not release information submitted by a district that is confidential information.
	Edι	icatio	n Code 11.1516

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Interventions and Sanctions for School Districts	The commissioner of education shall take any of the actions au- thorized by Education Code, Chapter 39A, Subchapter A, to the ex- tent the commissioner determines necessary if:			
Grounds for Commissioner	1.	A district does not satisfy:		
Action		<ul> <li>The accreditation criteria under Education Code 39 [see AIA];</li> </ul>	).052	
		<ul> <li>The academic performance standards under Educa Code 39.053 or 39.054 [see AIA]; or</li> </ul>	ation	
		<li>c. Any financial accountability standard as determined commissioner rule [see CFA]; or</li>	d by	
	2.	The commissioner considers the action to be appropriat the basis of a special investigation under Education Coc 39.003.		
	Edι	ation Code 39A.001		
Authorized Commissioner	If a district is subject to commissioner action, the commissioner may:			
Actions	1.	Issue public notice of the deficiency to the board;		
	2.	Order a hearing to be conducted by the board to notify the public of:	he	
		a. The insufficient performance;		
		<ul> <li>The improvements in performance expected by the Texas Education Agency (TEA); and</li> </ul>	;	
		<ul> <li>The interventions and sanctions that may be impose the performance does not improve;</li> </ul>	ed if	
	3.	Order the preparation of a student achievement improve plan that addresses each academic achievement indicat der Education Code 39.053(c) for which the district's per mance is insufficient, the submission of the plan to the c missioner for approval, and the implementation of the pl	tor un- rfor- com-	
	4.	Order a hearing to be held before the commissioner or t commissioner's designee at which the president of the b and the district's superintendent shall appear and explai district's low performance, lack of improvement, and plai improvement;	ooard n the	
	5.	Arrange a monitoring review of the district;		
	6.	Appoint a TEA monitor to participate in and report to TEA the activities of the board or superintendent;	A on	
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- Appoint a conservator to oversee the operations of the district;
- 8. Appoint a management team to direct the operations of the district in areas of insufficient performance or require the district to obtain certain services under a contract with another person;
- Authorize the district to enter into a memorandum of understanding with an institution of higher education that provides for the assistance of the institution of higher education in improving the district's performance; or
- 10. Order the use of the board improvement and evaluation tool as provided by Education Code 11.182 [see BG].

### Education Code 39A.002

Regardless of whether the commissioner lowers a district's status or rating, the commissioner may take action under Education Code Chapters 39 and 39A or 19 Administrative Code 97.1057 if the commissioner determines that the action is necessary to improve any area of performance by the district or campus.

Subject to 19 Administrative Code 97.1057(h)–(k), once the commissioner takes action under 19 Administrative Code Subchapter EE (accreditation status, standards, and sanctions), the commissioner may impose on the district or campus any other sanction under Education Code Chapter 39 or 39A, or Subchapter EE, singly or in combination, to the extent the commissioner determines is reasonably required to achieve the purposes specified in 19 Administrative Code 97.1053.

#### 19 TAC 97.1057(c), (e)

In making a determination to impose district and campus accreditation sanctions under 19 Administrative Code Chapter 97, Subchapter EE, the commissioner shall meet the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 97.1059. *19 TAC 97.1059* 

Conservator or Management Team The commissioner shall clearly define the powers and duties of a conservator or management team appointed to oversee the operations of a district.

At least every 90 days, the commissioner shall review the need for the conservator or management team and shall remove the conservator or management team unless the commissioner determines that continued appointment is necessary for effective governance of the district or delivery of instructional services.

A conservator or management team, if directed by the commis-
sioner, shall prepare a plan for the implementation of the appoint-
ment of a board of managers or the revocation of accreditation.

The conservator or management team may:

- 1. Direct an action to be taken by the principal of a campus, the superintendent of the district, or the board; and
- 2. Approve or disapprove any action of the principal of a campus, the superintendent of the district, or the board.

The conservator or management team may not:

- Take any action concerning a district election, including ordering or canceling an election or altering the date of or the polling places for an election;
- 2. Change the number of or method of selecting the board;
- 3. Set a tax rate for the district; and
- Adopt a budget for the district that provides for spending a different amount, exclusive of required debt service, from that previously adopted by the board.

A conservator or management team may exercise the powers and duties defined by the commissioner or described above regardless of whether the conservator or management team was appointed to oversee the operations of a district in its entirety or the operations of a certain campus within the district.

### Education Code 39A.003

Regardless of whether a district has satisfied the accreditation criteria, if for two consecutive school years, including the current school year, a district has had a conservator or management team assigned to the district or campus for any reason, the commissioner may appoint a board of managers, a majority of whom must be residents of the district, to exercise the powers and duties of the board of trustees. For purposes of this subsection, a school year begins on the first day of instruction and includes any portion of the school year. This applies to an appointed conservator or management team, regardless of the scope or any changes to the scope of the conservator's or team's oversight. *19 TAC 97.1057(d); Education Code 39A.006(a)–(b)* Board of Managers

Board of Managers The commissioner may appoint a board of managers to exercise the powers and duties of a district's board if the district is subject to commissioner action and:

	1.	Has a current accreditation status of accredited-warned or ac- credited-probation;
	2.	Fails to satisfy any standard under Education Code 39.054(e); or
	3.	Fails to satisfy financial accountability standards as deter- mined by commissioner rule.
	Edu	ucation Code 39A.004
Revocation of Accreditation	dist	e commissioner may revoke the accreditation of a district if the trict is subject to commissioner action, and for two consecutive lool years, including the current school year, the district has:
	1.	Received an accreditation status of accredited-warned or ac- credited-probation;
	2.	Failed to satisfy any standard under Education Code 39.054(e); or
	3.	Failed to satisfy financial accountability standards as deter- mined by commissioner rule.
	In a ma	addition to revoking a district's accreditation, the commissioner y:
	1.	Order closure of the district and annex the district to one or more adjoining districts under Education Code 13.054; or
	2.	In the case of a home-rule school district, order closure of all programs operated under the district's charter.
	Edu	ucation Code 39A.005
Intervention to Improve High School Completion Rate	faile cau sar	district is subject to commissioner action and the district has ed to satisfy any standard under Education Code 39.054(e) be- use of the district's dropout rates, the commissioner may impose actions against a district designed to improve high school com- tion rates, including:
	1.	Ordering the development of a dropout prevention plan for ap- proval by the commissioner;
	2.	Restructuring the district or appropriate campuses to improve identification of and service to students who are at risk of dropping out of school, as defined by Education Code 29.081;
	3.	Ordering lower student-to-counselor ratios on campuses with high dropout rates; and

	4.	Ordering the use of any other intervention strategy effective in reducing dropout rates, including mentor programs and flexible class scheduling.			
	Educ	cation Code 39A.007			
Interventions after Certain D Ratings	Until another performance rating is issued, TEA may not implement the following intervention or sanctions to a D-rated district or cam- pus, if the D rating is considered acceptable [see AIA]. The follow- ing interventions and sanctions are subject to a pause:				
	1.	Revocation of a charter under Education Code 12.115(c);			
	2.	Annexation under Education Code 13.054;			
	3.	Change in accreditation status under rules adopted for ac- creditation under Education Code 39.052; and			
	4.	Interventions or sanctions under Education Code 39A.101(a), 39A.107(a) or (c), or 39A.111.			
	A performance rating of D that is considered acceptable may not be included in calculating consecutive school years of unaccepta- ble performance ratings and is not considered a break in consecu- tive school years of unacceptable performance ratings.				
	Interventions or sanctions implemented prior to a pause shall con- tinue during a school year for which interventions or sanctions listed above are paused.				
	Educ	cation Code 39A.118			
Campus Intervention Team and Targeted		e performance of a campus is below any standard under Edu- on Code 39.054(e), the commissioner shall:			
Improvement Plan Actions Based on Campus	1.	Take actions, to the extent the commissioner determines nec- essary, as provided by Education Code, Chapter 39A; and			
Performance	2.	Assign a campus intervention team.			
	To the extent the commissioner determines necessary, the com- missioner may:				
	1.	Order a hearing to be held before the commissioner or the commissioner's designee at which the president of the board, the superintendent, and the campus principal shall appear and explain the campus's low performance, lack of improvement, and plans for improvement;			
	2.	Establish a school community partnership team composed of members of the campus-level planning and decision-making			

		committee and additional community representatives as de- termined appropriate by the commissioner;
	3.	If applicable under the strong foundations intervention under Education Code 39A.064, require the district to comply with all requirements of the strong foundations grant program un- der Education Code 29.0881 for the campus; or
	4.	Any combination of the actions described by items 1 through 3 above.
	Edu	cation Code 39A.051
Texas Accountability Intervention System	Cod scril carr 97.1 a ca pal	campus's performance is below any standard under Education le 39.054(e), the campus shall engage in interventions as de- bed by TEA. The commissioner shall assign members to a nopus intervention team as outlined in 19 Administrative Code 1063 and Education Code 39A.052. The campus shall establish ampus leadership team (CLT) that includes the campus princi- and other campus leaders responsible for the development, im- nentation, and monitoring of the targeted improvement plan.
		campus is assigned an unacceptable rating under Education le 39.054(e):
	1.	For a second consecutive year, the campus must engage in the processes outlined in this provision, and the campus must develop a campus turnaround plan to be approved by the commissioner.
	2.	For a third or fourth consecutive year, the campus must en- gage in the processes outlined in this provision, and the cam- pus must implement the commissioner-approved campus turnaround plan as described in 19 Administrative Code 97.1064.
	3.	For a fifth consecutive year, the commissioner shall order the appointment of a board of managers to govern the district or the closure of the campus.
	sion	ed on a campus's progress toward improvement, the commis- ner may order a hearing if a campus's performance is below any indard under Education Code 39.054(e).
	rele	rventions and sanctions listed under this provision begin upon ase of preliminary ratings and may be adjusted based on final puntability ratings.
	19	TAC 97.1061(a)–(c), (e)–(i)

Campus Intervention Team	The campus intervention team shall follow the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 97.1061 and Education Code 39.106.					
	A campus intervention team assigned by the commissioner may in- clude teachers, principals, other educational professionals, and su- perintendents recognized for excellence in their roles and ap- pointed by the commissioner to serve as members of a team. <i>Education Code 39A.052</i>					
	A campus intervention team must include a district coordinator of school improvement (DCSI) and the campus principal's direct supervisor, if the DCSI is not the campus principal's direct supervisor. The DCSI must submit qualifications to TEA for approval.					
	An education professional, approved through an application either by TEA or TEA's technical assistance provider, who is not an em- ployee of the campus or district, shall assist with the needs assess- ment.					
	19 TAC 97.1063(b)–(c)					
On-Site Needs	A campus intervention team shall:					
Assessment	1.	Conduct, with the involvement and advice of the school com- munity partnership team, if applicable:				
		a.	If the commissioner determines necessary, a compre- hensive on-site needs assessment; or			
		b.	A targeted on-site needs assessment relevant to an area of insufficient performance of the campus; and			
	2.		ommend appropriate actions as provided by Education e 39A.054.			
	An on-site needs assessment must determine the factors resulting in the campus's low performance and lack of progress, including the contributing education-related factors.					
	In conducting a comprehensive on-site needs assessment, the campus intervention team shall use each of the guidelines and procedures at Education Code 39A.053(c) and 19 Administrative Code 97.1061(d).					
	In conducting a targeted on-site needs assessment, the campus in- tervention team shall use the appropriate guidelines and proce- dures described above relevant to each area of insufficient perfor- mance.					
	Education Code 39A.053					

Recommen- dations	vent com	completing the on-site needs assessment, the campus inter- tion team shall, with the involvement and advice of the school munity partnership team, if applicable, recommend actions re- ig to any area of insufficient performance, including:		
	1.	Reallocation of resources;		
	2.	Technical assistance;		
	3.	Changes in school procedures or operations;		
	4.	Staff development for instructional and administrative staff;		
	5.	Intervention for individual administrators or teachers;		
	6.	Waivers from state statutes or rules;		
	7.	Teacher recruitment or retention strategies and incentives provided by the district to attract and retain appropriately certi- fied and experienced teachers; or		
	8.	Other actions the campus intervention team considers appropriate.		
	Education Code 39A.054			
Targeted Improvement Plan	In addition to the duties relating to the on-site needs assessment, the campus intervention team shall:			
	1.	Assist the campus in developing a targeted improvement plan;		
	2.	Conduct a public meeting at the campus with the campus principal, the members of the campus-level planning and de- cision-making committee, parents of students attending the campus, and community members residing in the district to review the campus performance rating and solicit input for the development of the targeted improvement plan [see Notice of Public Meeting, below];		
	3.	Assist the campus in submitting the targeted improvement plan to the board for approval and presenting the plan in a public hearing [see Public Hearing, below]; and		
	4.	Assist the commissioner in monitoring the progress of the campus in executing the targeted improvement plan.		
	Education Code 39A.055; 19 TAC 97.1061(d)(3)–(4)			
Notice of Public Meeting	The campus intervention team must provide written notice of the public meeting to the parents of students attending the campus and post notice of the meeting on the campus's internet website.			

	The notice must include the date, time, and place of the meeting. <i>Education Code</i> 39A.056				
	The public must be notified of the meeting 15 days prior to the meeting by way of the district and campus website, local newspapers or other media that reach the general public, and the parent liaison, if present on the campus. <i>19 TAC 97.1061(d)(3)(A)(ii)</i>				
Public Hearing	After a targeted improvement plan or an updated targeted improve- ment plan is submitted to the board, the board shall conduct a hearing to:				
	1. Notify the public of:				
	a. The insufficient performance of the campus;				
	<ul> <li>The improvements in performance expected by TEA; and</li> </ul>				
	c. The intervention measures or sanctions that may be imposed under Education Code, Chapter 39A if the performance does not improve within a designated period; and				
	<ol> <li>Solicit public comment on the targeted improvement plan or updated targeted improvement plan.</li> </ol>				
	The board must post the targeted improvement plan on the dis- trict's internet website before the hearing.				
	The board may conduct one hearing relating to one or more cam- puses subject to a targeted improvement plan or an updated tar- geted improvement plan.				
	Education Code 39A.057				
Submission to Commissioner	The board shall submit the targeted improvement plan or updated targeted improvement plan to the commissioner for approval. The campus intervention team shall assist the campus in submitting the targeted improvement plan to the commissioner. <i>Education Code 39A.058</i>				
Executing Plan	In executing the targeted improvement plan, the campus interven- tion team shall, if appropriate:				
	<ol> <li>Assist the campus in implementing research-based practices for curriculum development and classroom instruction, includ- ing bilingual education and special education programs, and financial management;</li> </ol>				

	2.	Provide research-based technical assistance, including data analysis, academic deficiency identification, intervention im- plementation, and budget analysis, to strengthen and improve the instructional programs at the campus; and			
	3.	Require the district to develop a teacher recruitment and re- tention plan to address the qualifications and retention of the teachers at the campus.			
	Education Code 39A.059				
Continuing Duties of the Campus Intervention Team	For each year a campus is assigned an unacceptable performance rating, the campus intervention team shall:				
	1.	Assist in updating the targeted improvement plan to identify and analyze areas of growth and areas that require improve- ment; and			
	2.	Submit each updated targeted improvement plan to the board.			
	Edu	Education Code 39A.060			
Local Improvement Plan	A district or campus that is assigned a rating of D that is consi ered acceptable [see AIA] shall develop and implement a loca provement plan.				
	A lo	A local improvement plan must be presented to the board.			
	Education Code 39A.0659(a)–(b)				
Campus Planning and Site-Based Decision-Making	The commissioner may authorize a school community partne team established under Education Code 39A.051 to supersed authority of and satisfy the requirements of establishing and r taining a campus-level planning and decision-making commit				
	The commissioner may authorize a targeted improvement plan, an updated targeted improvement plan, or a local improvement plan to supersede the provisions of and satisfy the requirements of devel- oping, reviewing, and revising a campus improvement plan.				
	Education Code 39A.061				
Submission of Campus Improvement Plan	und wou use sch plar the	e performance of a campus satisfies performance standards er Education Code 39.054(e) for the current school year but Ild not satisfy the performance standards if the standards to be d for the following school year were applied to the current ool year, on the request of the commissioner, the campus-level ming and decision-making committee shall revise and submit to commissioner the portions of the campus improvement plan are relevant to those areas for which the campus would not			

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	pro	sfy performance standards. The revised portions of the vement plan must be submitted in an electronic format <i>Code 39A.062</i>				
Compliance Through Federal Accountability	the tion tion mis mea	withstanding the provisions of Education Code Chapte commissioner determines that a campus subject to int s or sanctions has implemented substantially similar in measures under federal accountability requirements, sioner may accept the substantially similar intervention asures as measures in compliance with Education Cod 39A. <i>Education Code 39A.063</i>	erven- iterven- the com- i			
Campus Turnaround Plan	If a campus has been identified as unacceptable for two consecu- tive school years, the commissioner shall order the campus to pre- pare and submit a campus turnaround plan.					
Updated Targeted Improvement Plan	A ca	A campus intervention team shall assist the campus in:				
	1.	Developing an updated targeted improvement plan, i a campus turnaround plan to be implemented by the	-			
	2.	Submitting the updated targeted improvement plan to board for approval and presenting the plan in a public as provided by Education Code 39A.057;				
	3.	Obtaining approval of the updated plan from the com sioner; and	imis-			
	4.	Executing the updated plan on approval by the comm	nissioner.			
	The updated targeted improvement plan submitted to the board must include all plans and details that are required to execute the campus turnaround plan without any additional action or approval by the board.					
	Edι	Education Code 39A.101				
Public Notice	Within 60 days of receiving a campus's preliminary accountability rating, the district must notify parents, community members, and stakeholders that the campus received an unacceptable rating for two consecutive years and request assistance in developing the campus turnaround plan in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 97.1064. <i>19 TAC 97.1064(d)</i>					
Submission and Approval	Upon approval of the board, the district must submit the campus turnaround plan electronically to TEA by March 1 unless otherw specified. Not later than June 15 of each year, the commissione must either approve or reject any campus turnaround plan prepared and submitted by a district. <i>19 TAC 97.1064(g)–(h); Eduction Code 39A.103–.104</i>					

Implementation	roun cally	A campus may implement, modify, or withdraw its campus turna- round plan with board approval if the campus receives an academi- cally acceptable rating for the school year following the develop- ment of the campus turnaround plan.			
	A campus that has received an unacceptable rating for the school year following the development of the campus turnaround plan must implement its commissioner-approved campus turnaround plan with fidelity until the campus operates for two consecutive school years without an unacceptable rating.				
	The commissioner may appoint a monitor, conservator, manage- ment team, or board of managers for a school district that has a campus that has been ordered to implement an updated targeted improvement plan. The commissioner may order any of the inter- ventions as necessary to ensure district-level support for the low- performing campus and the implementation of the updated tar- geted improvement plan. The commissioner may make the ap- pointment at any time during which the campus is required to im- plement the updated targeted improvement plan.				
	19 T.	AC 9	AC 97.1064(j)–(k)		
Required Contents	A campus turnaround plan must include:				
	1.		ils on the method for restructuring, reforming, or reconsti- g the campus;		
	2.	A detailed description of the academic programs to be offered at the campus, including:			
		a.	Instructional methods;		
		b.	Length of school day and school year;		
		C.	Academic credit and promotion criteria; and		
		d.	Programs to serve special student populations;		
	3.	If a district charter is to be granted for the campus under Edu- cation Code 12.0522:			
		a.	The term of the charter; and		
		b.	Information on the implementation of the charter;		
	4.	Written comments from:			
		a.	The campus-level committee established under Educa- tion Code 11.251, if applicable;		
		b.	Parents; and		

	c. Teachers at the campus;				
	5. A detailed description of the budget, staffing, and financial re- sources required to implement the plan, including any supple- mental resources to be provided by the district or other identi- fied sources; and				
	6. A detailed description for developing and supporting the over- sight of academic achievement and student performance by the board of trustees under Education Code 11.1515.				
	Education Code 39A.105(a) [Acts of the 85th Legislative Session, Senate Bill 1566, amended former Education Code 39.107(b-1) to include the information provided at Subsection (6)]				
Implementing Entities	A campus ordered to prepare a campus turnaround plan shall im- plement the updated targeted improvement plan as approved by the commissioner.				
	The commissioner may appoint a monitor, conservator, manage- ment team, or board of managers to the district to ensure and over- see district-level support to low-performing campuses and the im- plementation of the updated targeted improvement plan.				
	The commissioner shall appoint a conservator to a district unless and until each campus in the district for which a campus turna- round plan has been ordered receives an acceptable performance rating for the school year or the commissioner determines a con- servator is not necessary.				
	In making appointments, the commissioner shall consider individu- als who have demonstrated success in managing campuses with student populations similar to the campus at which the individual appointed will serve.				
	Education Code 39A.102, .108				
Effective Date	A campus turnaround plan must take effect not later than the school year following the third consecutive school year that the campus has received an unacceptable performance rating. <i>Education Code 39A.106</i>				
Commissioner Approval or Rejection	Not later than June 15 of each year, the commissioner shall, in writing, either approve or reject any campus turnaround plan pre- pared and submitted to the commissioner by a district. If the com- missioner rejects a campus turnaround plan, the commissioner must also send the district an outline of the specific concerns re- garding the turnaround plan that resulted in the rejection. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 39A.107(a-1)</i>				

	If the commissioner rejects a campus turnaround plan, the district must create a modified plan with assistance from TEA staff and submit the modified plan to the commissioner for approval not later than the 60th day after the date the commissioner rejects the campus turnaround plan. The commissioner shall notify the district in writing of the commissioner's decision regarding the modified plan not later than the 15th day after the date the commissioner receives the modified plan. <i>Education Code 39A.107(a-2)</i>				
	The commissioner may approve a campus turnaround plan only if the commissioner determines that the campus will satisfy all stu- dent performance standards required under Education Code 39.054(e) not later than the second year the campus receives a performance rating following the implementation of the campus turnaround plan.				
	Education Code 12.0522(b) does not apply to a district charter approved by the commissioner. An approved district charter may be renewed or continue in effect after the campus is no longer subject to the commissioner's order under Education Code 39A.101.				
	If the commissioner does not approve a campus turnaround plan, the commissioner shall order:				
	1. Appointment of a board of managers to govern the district;				
	2. Alternative management of the campus; or				
	3. Closure of the campus.				
	Education Code 39A.107; 19 TAC 97.1065				
Implementation	Following approval of a campus turnaround plan by the commis- sioner, the district, in consultation with the campus intervention team, may take any actions needed to prepare for the implementa- tion of the plan. <i>Education Code 39A.108</i>				
Assistance and	A district may:				
Partnerships	<ol> <li>Request that a regional education service center provide as- sistance in the development and implementation of a campus turnaround plan; or</li> </ol>				
	2. Partner with an institution of higher education to develop and implement a campus turnaround plan.				
	Education Code 39A.109				
Modification in Campus Turnaround Plan	If a campus for which a campus turnaround plan has been ordered receives an acceptable performance rating for the school year fol- lowing the order, the board may:				

	1.	Implement the campus turnaround plan;		
	2.	Implement a modified version of the campus turnaround plan; or		
	3.	Withdraw the campus turnaround plan.		
	A district required to implement a campus turnaround plan may modify the plan if the campus receives an acceptable performance rating for two consecutive school years following implementation of the plan.			
	cam to a	commissioner may authorize modification of an approved pus turnaround plan if the commissioner determines that due change in circumstances occurring after the plan's approval, a ification of the plan is necessary to achieve the plan's objec-		
	Edu	cation Code 39A.110		
Continued Unacceptable Performance Rating		campus is considered to have an unacceptable performance g for five consecutive school years, the commissioner shall or-		
	1.	Appointment of a board of managers to govern the district; or		
	2.	Closure of the campus.		
	Edu	cation Code 39A.111		
Parent Petition for Action	tion	ent" means the parent who is indicated on the student registra- form at that campus and the signature of only one parent of a ent is required.		
	by co of a cepta spec miss	e commissioner is presented, in the time and manner specified ommissioner rule, with a written petition signed by the parents majority of the students enrolled at a campus with an unac- able performance rating for three consecutive school years, sifying an authorized action that the parents request the com- ioner to order, the commissioner shall order the specific action ested.		
	spec sion tion the t	e board presents to the commissioner, in the time and manner stified by commissioner rule, a written request that the commis- er order specific authorized action other than the specific ac- requested in the parents' petition and a written explanation of basis for the board's request, the commissioner may order the on requested by the board.		

Education Code 12.051, 39A.112; 19 TAC 97.1065(d)

Repurposing of Closed Campus	may be if the c tinctly identifi	e repurp commiss differen cation r	sioner orders the closure of a campus, that campus bosed to serve students at that campus location only sioner finds that the repurposed campus offers a dis- t academic program and approves a new campus humber for the repurposed campus. A campus may d if the campus:
		erves a ampus;	majority of grade levels not served at the original or
	w	ith a no	ed under a contract, approved by the school board, opprofit organization exempt from federal taxation un- on 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that:
	а	. Has	a governing board that is independent of the district;
	b		a successful history of operating school district cames or open-enrollment charter schools:
		(1)	That cumulatively serve 10,000 or more students; and
		(2)	A majority of which have been assigned an overall performance rating of B or higher under Education Code 39.054 for the preceding school year; and
	C.	higł	been assigned an overall performance rating of B or ner under Education Code 39.054 for the preceding ool year.
Student Enrollment and Assignment	allowe that stu	d to trar udent's	ssigned to a campus that has been closed must be nsfer to any other campus in the district that serves grade level and on request must be provided trans- e other campus.
	signed	to a clo	oner may grant an exemption allowing students as- osed campus to attend the repurposed campus if her campus in the district at which the students may
Noncontracted Repurposed Campus	closed previou	and repus scho	of students assigned to a campus that has been burposed may not have attended that campus in the ol year if the campus was repurposed to serve a ma- levels not served at the original campus.
Enrollment Provision in Contract	tion mu the car	ust prov mpus in	proved by the school board with a nonprofit organiza- ide that a student residing in the attendance zone of nmediately before the campus was repurposed shall or enrollment at the repurposed campus.
	<u> </u>		

Education Code 39A.113

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Targeted Technical Assistance	If the commissioner determines that the basis for the unacceptable performance of a campus for more than two consecutive school years is limited to a specific condition that may be remedied with targeted technical assistance, the commissioner may require the district to contract for the appropriate technical assistance. <i>Educa-tion Code 39A.114</i>	
Alternative Management	The commissioner shall appoint a monitor, conservator, manage- ment team, or board of managers whenever such action is re- quired, as determined by 19 Administrative Code 1073. Action un- der any other section of 19 Administrative Code Chapter 97, Subchapter EE is not a prerequisite to acting under this section. <i>19</i> <i>TAC 97.1073</i>	)
Solicitation of Proposals	If the commissioner orders alternative management of a campus, the commissioner shall solicit proposals from qualified nonprofit en- tities to assume management of the campus or appoint a school district as provided below. The commissioner may solicit proposals from qualified for-profit entities if a nonprofit entity has not re- sponded to the commissioner's request for proposals.	
	The commissioner may appoint a school district to assume man- agement of the campus if the district:	
	1. Is not the district in which the campus is located; and	
	2. Is located within the boundaries of the same regional educa- tion service center as the campus.	
	If a school district is appointed, the district shall assume manage- ment of the campus in the same manner as a qualified entity or in accordance with commissioner rule.	
	The commissioner may annually solicit proposals for the alternative management of a campus. The commissioner shall notify a qualified entity that has been approved as a provider under this section.	
	Education Code 39A.151	
Qualifications of Managing Entity	To qualify for consideration as a managing entity, the entity must submit a proposal that provides information relating to the entity's management and leadership team that will participate in manage- ment of the campus under consideration, including information re- lating to individuals who have:	
	<ol> <li>Documented success in whole school interventions that in- creased the educational and performance levels of students in campuses considered to have an unacceptable perfor- mance rating;</li> </ol>	

	2.	A proven record of effectiveness with programs assisting low- performing students;		
	3.	A proven ability to apply research-based school intervention strategies;		
	4.	A proven record of financial ability to perform under the man- agement contract; and		
	5.	Any other experience or qualifications the commissioner de- termines necessary.		
		electing a managing entity, the commissioner shall give prefer- e to a qualified entity that:		
	1.	Meets any of the commissioner's qualifications; and		
	2.	Has documented success in educating students from similar demographic groups and with similar educational needs as the students who attend the campus to be operated by the managing entity.		
	Edι	ucation Code 39A.152		
Contract with Managing Entity	If the commissioner has ordered alternative management of a cam- pus, the district shall execute a contract with an approved provider to serve as a managing entity for the campus. The term of the con- tract may not exceed five years with an option to renew the con- tract. The district must execute the contract and relinquish control of the campus before January 1 of the school year.			
	The	e management contract must include:		
	1.	A provision describing the district's responsibilities in support- ing the operation of the campus; and		
	2.	Provisions approved by the commissioner requiring the man- aging entity to demonstrate improvement in campus perfor- mance, including negotiated performance measures.		
	Performance measures must be consistent with the priorities of Ed- ucation Code Chapters 39 and 39A.			
	The management contract must be approved by the commissioner before the contract is executed. As appropriate, the commissioner may require the district, as a term of the contract, to support the campus in the same manner as the district was required to support the campus before the execution of the contract.			
	Edι	Education Code 39A.153; 19 TAC 97.1067		

Extension of Management Contract	The commissioner may require a district to extend the term of a management contract with a managing entity if the commissioner determines that extending the contract on expiration of the initial term is in the best interest of the students attending the campus. The terms of the contract must be approved by the commissioner. <i>Education Code 39A.154</i>		
Evaluation of Managing Entity	The commissioner shall evaluate a managing entity's performance on the first and second anniversaries of the date of the manage- ment contract.		
	If the evaluation fails to demonstrate improvement as negotiated under the management contract by the first anniversary of the date of the contract, the district may:		
	1. Terminate the contract, with the commissioner's consent, for nonperformance or breach of contract; and		
	2. Select another provider from an approved list provided by the commissioner.		
	If the evaluation fails to demonstrate significant improvement, as determined by the commissioner, by the second anniversary of the date of the management contract, the district shall:		
	1. Terminate the contract; and		
	2. Select another provider from an approved list provided by the commissioner or resume operation of the campus if approved by the commissioner.		
	If the commissioner approves the district's resumed operation of the campus, the commissioner shall assign a technical assistance team to assist the campus.		
	Education Code 39A.155		
Cancellation of Management Contract	If a campus receives an unacceptable performance rating for two consecutive school years after a managing entity assumes management of the campus, the commissioner shall cancel the contract with the managing entity. <i>Education Code 39A.156</i>		
Return of Management to District	Unless a campus has an unacceptable performance rating for three consecutive school years [see Continued Unacceptable Per- formance Rating, above], at the end of a management contract term or on the cancellation of a management contract, the board shall resume management of the campus. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39A.157</i>		

Applicability of Accountability Provisions	Each campus operated by a managing entity is subject to Educa- tion Code Chapters 39 and 39A in the same manner as any other campus in the district. <i>Education Code 39A.158</i>		
Funding	be le per sam	funding for a campus operated by a managing entity may not ess than the funding of the other campuses in the district on a student basis so that the managing entity receives at least the e funding the campus would otherwise have received. <i>Educa-</i> <i>Code 39A.159</i>	
Open Meetings and Public Information	With tity:	n respect to the management of a campus by a managing en-	
	1.	A managing entity is considered to be a governmental body for purposes of the Texas Open Meetings Act and Public In- formation Act; and	
	2.	Any requirement in the Texas Open Meetings Act or Public In- formation Act that applies to a school district or the board of trustees of a district applies to a managing entity.	
	Edu	cation Code 39A.160	
Board of Managers General Powers and Duties	Notwithstanding Education Code 11.151(b) or 11.1511(a) or any other provision of the Education Code, a board of managers may exercise all of the powers and duties assigned to a board of trustees of a school district by law, rule, or regulation.		
	take cam ame dem	bard of managers appointed by the commissioner is required to appropriate actions to resolve the conditions that caused a pus to be subject to the commissioner's order, including ending the district's budget, reassigning staff, or relocating aca- nic programs. The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to ement this subsection.	
	Edu	cation Code 39A.201	
Board of Managers of District	othe	withstanding Education Code 11.151(b) or 11.1511(a) or any er provision of the Education Code, if the commissioner ap- ts a board of managers to govern a district:	
	1.	The powers of the board are suspended for the period of the appointment; and	
	2.	The commissioner shall appoint a district superintendent.	
		pard of managers appointed to govern a school district may end the budget of the district.	

	Education Code Chapter 39A applies to a school district governed by a board of managers in the same manner it applies to any other district.
	Education Code 39A.202
Composition of Board of Managers	A board of managers appointed by the commissioner must, if pos- sible, include community leaders, business representatives who have expertise in leadership, and individuals who have knowledge or expertise in the field of education. <i>Education Code 39A.204</i>
Training of Board of Managers	The commissioner must provide each individual appointed to a board of managers with training in effective leadership strategies. <i>Education Code 39A.205</i>
	The training in effective leadership strategies shall be provided by TEA-approved authorized providers of board training to each individual appointed by the commissioner to a board of managers, and, following the expiration of the appointment of the board of managers, to the board of trustees of the school district. <i>19 TAC 97.1073(h)</i>
Compensation	The commissioner may authorize payment of a board of managers from TEA funds.
	A conservator or a member of a management team appointed to serve on a board of managers may continue to be compensated as determined by the commissioner.
	Education Code 39A.206
Replacement of Member of Board of Managers	The commissioner may at any time replace a member of a board of managers. The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to implement this section. <i>Education Code 39A.207</i>
Expiration of Appointment	A board of managers shall, during the period of the appointment, order the election of members of the board of trustees of the school district in accordance with the law. The members of the board of trustees do not assume any powers or duties after the election until the appointment of the board of managers expires.
	Not later than the second anniversary of the date the board of managers of a school district was appointed, the commissioner shall notify the board of managers and the board of trustees of the date on which the appointment of the board of managers will ex- pire. Following each of the last three years of the period of the ap- pointment, one-third of the members of the board of managers shall be replaced by the number of members of the board of trus- tees who were elected at an election that constitutes, as closely as possible, one-third of the membership of the board of trustees.

	If, before the second anniversary of the date the board of manag- ers of a school district was appointed, the commissioner deter- mines, after receiving local feedback, that insufficient progress has been made toward improving the academic or financial perfor- mance of the district, the commissioner may extend the authority of the board of managers for a period of up to two additional years.
	On the expiration of the appointment of the board of managers, the board of trustees assumes all of the powers and duties assigned to a board of trustees by law, rule, or regulation.
	Following the expiration of the period of appointment of a board of managers for a school district, the commissioner shall provide training in effective leadership strategies to the board of trustees.
	Education Code 39A.208; 19 TAC 97.1073
Removal of Board of Managers	The commissioner may remove a board of managers appointed to govern a school district only if the campus that was the basis for the appointment of the board of managers receives an acceptable performance rating for two consecutive school years.
	If a campus that was the basis for the appointment of a board of managers receives an unacceptable performance rating for two ad- ditional consecutive years following the appointment of the board of managers, the commissioner may remove the board of manag- ers and, in consultation with the local community, may appoint a new board of managers to govern the district.
	Following the removal of a board of managers, or at the request of a managing entity to oversee the implementation of alternative management, the commissioner may appoint a conservator or monitor for the district to ensure district-level support for low-per- forming campuses and to oversee the implementation of the up- dated targeted improvement plan.
	Education Code 39A.209; 19 TAC 97.1073
Challenge of Intervention or Sanction Review of Sanctions by SOAH	A district must appeal under this provision if the district intends to challenge the commissioner's decision to close the district or a campus, pursue alternative management of a campus, appoint a board of managers to the district, or appoint a conservator or man- agement team to the district.
	A challenge is under the substantial evidence rule [see Govern- ment Code, Chapter 2001, Subchapter G]. The commissioner shall adopt procedural rules for a challenge under this section.
	Notwithstanding other law:

	1.	The State Office of Administrative Hearings (SOAH) shall con- duct an expedited review of a challenge;
	2.	The administrative law judge shall issue a final order not later than the 30th day after the date on which the hearing is finally closed;
	3.	The decision of the administrative law judge is final and may not be appealed; and
	4.	The decision of the administrative law judge may set an effec- tive date for an action under this section.
	Educ	cation Code 39A.301
Appeals	catio medi befor only	order, decision, or determination is described as final in Edu- n Code Chapter 7, 11, 12, 39, or 39A, an interlocutory or inter- iate order, decision, report, or determination made or reached re the final order, decision, or determination may be appealed as specifically authorized by the Education Code or a rule oted under the Education Code. <i>Education Code 5.003</i>
	or 39	cision by the commissioner under Education Code Chapter 39 A is final and may not be appealed unless an applicable provi- of Chapter 39 or 39A provides otherwise. <i>Education Code</i> <i>906</i>
Annual Review	trict	commissioner shall annually review the performance of a dis- or campus subject to intervention and sanction to determine appropriate actions to be implemented.
	of a has l not r	commissioner must review at least annually the performance district for which the accreditation status or performance rating been lowered due to insufficient student performance and may aise the accreditation status or performance rating until the ct has demonstrated improved student performance.
	incre	e review reveals a lack of improvement, the commissioner shall ase the level of state intervention and sanction unless the missioner finds good cause for maintaining the current status.
	Educ	cation Code 39A.901
Increasing Intensity	form tion a rule,	listrict or campus does not exhibit improvement in student per- ance, the commissioner may increase the intensity of interven- and sanction that would otherwise be required by statute or including ordering campus closure, district annexation, or ap- ment of a board of managers.

	For purposes of this section, improvement means an increase in the scaled score for the overall academic performance rating under Education Code Chapter 39.
	19 TAC 97.1070(a)–(b)
Intervention Programs ACE Turnaround Plan	A campus may submit an accelerated campus excellence (ACE) turnaround plan. The plan must meet the requirements of Educa-tion Code 39A.105(b). <i>Education Code 39A.105(b)–(c)</i>
Resource Campus	An eligible campus may apply to the commissioner to be designated as a resource campus that provides quality education and enrichment for campus students. To apply to be designated as a resource campus, the campus must have received an overall performance rating of F for four years over a ten-year period of time. <i>Education Code</i> $29.934(a)-(b)$
Strong Foundations Intervention	Notwithstanding when a D rating is considered acceptable or any other law, the commissioner may require a district to comply with all requirements of the strong foundations grant program under Ed- ucation Code 29.0881 at a campus that:
	<ol> <li>Includes students at any grade level from prekindergarten through fifth grade;</li> </ol>
	2. Is assigned an overall performance rating of D or F; and
	3. Is in the bottom five percent of campuses in the state based on student performance on the grade three state reading as- sessment during the previous school year, as determined by the commissioner.
	Education Code 39A.065(a)
Miscellaneous Provisions Acquisition of Professional Services	In addition to other authorized interventions and sanctions, the commissioner may order a district or campus to acquire professional services at the expense of the district or campus to address the applicable financial, assessment, data quality, program, performance, or governance deficiency. The commissioner's order may require the district or campus to:
	<ol> <li>Select or be assigned an external auditor, data quality expert, professional authorized to monitor district assessment instru- ment administration, or curriculum or program expert; or</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Provide for or participate in the appropriate training of district staff or board members in the case of a district, or campus staff, in the case of a campus.</li> </ol>
	Education Code 39A.902

Costs Paid by District	The costs of providing a monitor, conservator, management team, campus intervention team, technical assistance team, managing entity, or service provider shall be paid by the district. If the district fails or refuses to pay the costs in a timely manner, the commissioner may:				
	<ol> <li>Pay the costs using amounts withheld from any funds to which the district is otherwise entitled; or</li> </ol>				
	2. Recover the amount of the costs in the manner provided for recovery of an over allocation of state funds under Education Code 48.272.				
	Education Code 39A.903				
Immunity from Civil Liability	An employee, volunteer, or contractor acting on behalf of the com- missioner, or a member of a board of managers appointed by the commissioner, is immune from civil liability to the same extent as a professional employee of a district under Education Code 22.051. <i>Education Code 39A.904</i>				
Campus Name Change	In reconstituting, repurposing, or imposing any other intervention or sanction on a campus, the commissioner may not require that the name of the campus be changed. <i>Education Code 39A.905</i>				
Special Program Performance Determination	The commissioner shall assign districts an annual determination level based on performance levels of certain special populations student groups under 19 Administrative Code 97.1005 (Results Driven Accountability) [see AIB] according to the criteria and re- quirements in 19 Administrative Code 97.1071.				
	The commissioner shall notify in writing each district identified for review under this section as a result of assigned determination level or cyclical selection prior to requiring a district to implement or participate in any activities included in 19 Administrative Code $97.1071(f)(1)-(6)$ .				
	Actions taken under this section are intended to assist the district in raising its performance and/or achieving compliance under 19 Administrative Code 97.1005 and 74.28 and Education Code sec- tions 28.006 and 38.003 and do not preclude or substitute for a sanction under another provision of Chapter 97, Subchapter EE.				
	19 TAC 97.1071(c), (g), (h)				
Intervention Pause	Except as otherwise provided by 19 Administrative Code 97.1062 and unless extended by the commissioner, TEA will cease to en- force the interventions under Education Code 39A.101-39A.111 un- til conclusion of the second consecutive school year of operation under:				

		artnership as defined by 19 Administrative Code 1077(a)(2), (b), or (c) of this title [see ELA]; or		
		signation as a mathematics innovation zone under Educa- n Code 28.020 and applicable rules.		
	Any inter shall cor	rvention or sanction not covered by the provision above ntinue.		
	point dur terventio on the ra	pus ceases to qualify for the intervention pause at any ring a school year, TEA will resume previously ordered in- ons and sanctions, order interventions and sanctions based ating from that school year, and count that rating for pur- consecutive years of performance.		
	19 TAC :	97.1062		
Failure to Submit Emergency Operations Plan	If TEA receives notice from the Texas School Safety Center of a district's failure to submit a multihazard emergency operations plan [see CKC], the commissioner may appoint a conservator for the district under Education Code Chapter 39A. The conservator may order the district to adopt, implement, and submit a multihazard emergency operations plan. If a district fails to comply with a conservator's order to adopt, implement, and submit a multihazard emergency operations plan within the time frame imposed by the commissioner, the commissioner may appoint a board of managers under Education Code Chapter 39A to oversee the operations of the district. <i>Education Code 37.1082(a)–(b)</i>			
	Note:	The following provisions apply to a district with a central administrative office that is located in a county with a population of more than two million and that has a student enrollment that is more than 125,000 and less than 200,000, and that is operating under a turnaround plan.		
Student Board Member	Notwithstanding Education Code 11.051(b) (number of trustees of a school board), the board may adopt a resolution establishing as a nonvoting member a student trustee position. If a board adopts such a resolution, the board shall adopt a policy addressing the topics specified in statute. A student trustee may not participate in a closed session of a board meeting [see BEC] in which any issuer related to a personnel matter is considered. <i>Education Code</i> $11.0511(a)-(f)$			

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ACCOUNTABILITY INVESTIGATIONS		AIE (LEGAL)					
Special Investigations	The	The commissioner may authorize a special investigation:					
	1.	When excessive numbers of absences of students eligible to be tested on state assessment instruments are determined;					
	2.	When excessive numbers of allowable exemptions from the required state assessment are determined;					
	3.	In response to complaints to TEA of alleged violations of civil rights or other requirements imposed on the state by federal law or court order;					
	4.	In response to established compliance reviews of the district's financial accounting practices and state and federal reporting requirements;					
	5.	When extraordinary numbers of student placements in disci- plinary alternative education programs, other than placements under Education Code 37.006 and 37.007, are determined;					
	6.	In response to an allegation involving a conflict between members of the board or between the board and the district administration if it appears that the conflict involves a violation of a role or duty of the board members or the administration clearly defined by the Education Code. If TEA's findings indi- cate the board has observed a lawfully adopted policy, TEA may not substitute its judgment for that of the board;					
	7.	When excessive numbers of students in special education programs are assessed through modified assessment instruments;					
	8.	In response to an allegation regarding, or an analysis using a statistical method result indicating, a possible violation of an assessment instrument security procedure;					
	9.	When a significant pattern of decreased academic perfor- mance has developed as a result of the promotion in the pre- ceding two school years of students who did not perform sat- isfactorily on the state assessments;					
	10.	When excessive numbers of students eligible to enroll fail to complete an Algebra II course or any other advanced course as determined by the commissioner;					
	11.	When resource allocation practices indicate a potential for significant improvement in resource allocation;					
	12.	When a disproportionate number of students of a particular demographic group is graduating with a particular endorse- ment;					

#### ACCOUNTABILITY INVESTIGATIONS

13.	When an excessive number of students is graduating with a
	particular endorsement;

- 14. When a school district for any reason fails to produce, at the request of TEA, evidence or an investigation report relating to an educator who is under investigation by the State Board for Educator Certification;
- 15. When ten percent or more of the students graduating in a particular school year from a particular high school campus are awarded a diploma based on the determination of an individual graduation committee under Education Code 28.0258;
- 16. In response to a complaint with respect to alleged inaccurate data that is reported through PEIMS or through other reports required by state or federal law or rule or court order and that is used by TEA to make a determination relating to public school accountability, including accreditation, under Education Code Chapter 39;
- 17. In response to repeated complaints concerning imposition of excessive paperwork requirements on classroom teachers; or
- 18. As the commissioner otherwise determines necessary.

The commissioner may authorize special investigations to be conducted in response to repeated complaints submitted to the agency concerning imposition of excessive paperwork requirements on classroom teachers.

Education Code 39.003(a), (c)

TEA shall adopt written procedures for conducting special accreditation investigations, including procedures that allow TEA to obtain information from district employees in a manner that prevents a district or campus from screening the information. *Education Code 39.004* 

*Note:* The procedures for conducting a special investigation, holding a hearing following an investigation, the process for commissioner determinations, and judicial appeal are described in Education Code 39.004–.007.

CommissionerBased on the results of a special investigation, the commissionerActionmay:

- 1. Take appropriate action under Education Code Chapter 39A, [see AIC];
- 2. Lower the district's accreditation status or a district's or campus's performance rating; or

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ACCOUNTABILITY INVESTIGATIONS		AIE (LEGAL)			
	3.	Take action under both items 1 and 2 above.			
	Edι	cation Code 39.003(d)			
		ny time before issuing a report with the TEA's final findings, the missioner may defer taking the above action until:			
	1.	A person who is a third party, selected by the commissioner, has reviewed programs or other subjects of a special investi- gation and submitted a report identifying problems and pro- posing solutions;			
	2.	A district completes a corrective action plan developed by the commissioner; or			
	3.	The completion of actions under both items 1 and 2 above.			
	Education Code 39.003(e)				
		ed on the results of an action taken above, the commissioner decline to take the deferred action. <i>Education Code 39.003(f)</i>			
Monitoring Reviews	In accordance with Education Code 7.028(a), TEA may monitor compliance with requirements applicable to a process or program provided by a district, campus, or program, only as necessary to ensure:				
	1.	Compliance with federal law and regulations;			
	2.	Financial accountability, including compliance with grant re- quirements;			
	3.	Data integrity for purposes of:			
		a. The Public Education Information Management System (PEIMS); and			
		<ul> <li>Accountability under Education Code Chapter 39 and 39A; and</li> </ul>			
	4.	Qualification for funding under Chapter 48.			
		board has primary responsibility for ensuring that the district applies with all applicable requirements of state educational pro- ms.			
	Edι	cation Code 7.028			
Compliance Monitoring Activities	ties of p	ricts are subject to general supervision and monitoring activi- for compliance with state law and federal regulation and review rogram implementation and effectiveness within certain special ulations of students.			

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ACCOUNTABILITY INVESTIGATIONS	AIE (LEGAL)
	Activities may include:
	<ol> <li>Random, targeted, or cyclical reviews authorized under Edu- cation Code 39.056 (monitoring reviews), conducted remotely or on-site to identify problems implementing state and federal requirements and to provide support for development of rea- sonable and appropriate strategies to address identified prob- lems; and/or</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Intensive or special investigative remote or on-site reviews authorized under Education Code 39.057 (redesignated to Education Code 39.003, special investigations).</li> </ol>
	Activities described in item 1, above, are applicable for compliance with requirements for reading diagnosis in Education Code 28.006 [see EKC] and dyslexia and related disorders in Education Code 38.003 and 19 Administrative Code 74.28 [see EHB].
	19 TAC 97.1071(a)–(b)
Notice	TEA shall give written notice to the superintendent and the board of trustees of any impending monitoring review. <i>Education Code 39.056(d)</i>
Conducting the Review	A monitoring review may include desk reviews and on-site visits, including random on-site visits. In conducting a monitoring review, TEA may obtain information from administrators, other district employees, parents of students enrolled in the district, and other persons as necessary. <i>Education Code 39.056(c), (g)</i>
Converting to a Special Investigation	The commissioner may at any time convert a monitoring review to a special investigation under Education Code 39.003, provided the commissioner promptly notifies the district of the conversion. <i>Education Code</i> 39.056( <i>h</i> )
Improvements	TEA shall report in writing to the superintendent and president of the board and shall make recommendations concerning any necessary improvements or sources of aid such as regional education service centers. A district that takes action with regard to the recommendations provided by TEA shall make a reasonable effort to seek assistance from a third party in developing an action plan to improve district performance using improvement techniques that are goal-oriented and research-based. <i>Education Code</i> 39.056(e)–(f)
Appeals	A decision by the commissioner under Education Code Chapter 39 or 39A is final and may not be appealed unless an applicable provision of Chapter 39 or 39A provides otherwise. <i>Education Code</i> 39A.906 [See AIC]

BOARD LEGAL STATUS POWERS AND DUTIES		BAA (LEGAL)
	Note:	This policy addresses many of the powers and duties of the board set forth in Education Code Chapter 11, Sub- chapter D. For other powers and duties of the board not listed below, see the applicable policy codes.
Governance	rate, s the su progra and de	ict is governed by a board of trustees who, as a body corpo- hall oversee the management of the district and ensure that perintendent implements and monitors plans, procedures, ms, and systems to achieve appropriate, clearly defined, esired results in the major areas of district operations. <i>Educa-</i> <i>bode 11.051(a)</i>
General Powers and Duties	district	ustees constitute a body corporate and in the name of the may acquire and hold real and personal property, sue and ed, and receive bequests and donations or other moneys or coming legally into their hands.
	AIC], t and du school gated Board substit	t as provided by Education Code 39A.201 and 39A.202 [see he trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power ity to govern and oversee the management of the public s of the district. All powers and duties not specifically dele- by statute to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) or the State of Education are reserved for the board, and TEA may not ute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and by the trustees.
		ustees may adopt rules and bylaws necessary to carry out powers and duties.
	Educa	tion Code 11.151(a), (b), (d)
Specific Powers and Duties	above by Edu	ition to powers and duties under Education Code 11.151 or other law, the board has the powers and duties provided ucation Code 11.1511(b) below, except as otherwise provided ucation Code 39A.201 or 39A.202. <i>Education Code</i> 1(a)
	The bo	bard shall:
	ti	eek to establish working relationships with other public enti- es to make effective use of community resources and to erve the needs of public school students in the community.
	d	dopt a vision statement and comprehensive goals for the istrict and the superintendent, and monitor progress toward nose goals. [See AE]
		stablish performance goals for the district concerning the ac- demic and fiscal performance indicators under Education
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#### BOARD LEGAL STATUS POWERS AND DUTIES

Code Chapter 39, Subchapters C, D, and J, and any performance indicators adopted by the district. [See AI series]

- 4. Provide oversight regarding student academic achievement and strategic leadership for maximizing student performance. *Education Code 11.1515* [See AIB]
- 5. Ensure that the superintendent is accountable for achieving performance results, recognizes performance accomplishments, and takes action as necessary to meet performance goals. [See BJA]
- 6. Collaborate with the superintendent as set forth at Education Code 11.1512(b). *Education Code 11.1512* [See BJA]
- 7. Adopt a policy to establish a district- and campus-level planning and decision-making process as required under Education Code 11.251. [See BQ series]
- 8. Publish an annual educational performance report as required under Education Code 39.306. [See AIB, BQ series]
- 9. Adopt an annual budget for the district as required under Education Code 44.004. [See CE]
- 10. Adopt a tax rate each fiscal year as required by Tax Code 26.05. [See CCG]
- 11. Monitor district finances to ensure that the superintendent is properly maintaining the district's financial procedures and records. [See CF series]
- 12. Ensure that district fiscal accounts are audited annually as required by Education Code 44.008. [See CFC]
- 13. Publish an end-of-year financial report for distribution to the community. [See CFA]
- 14. Conduct elections as required by law. [See BBB series]
- 15. By rule, adopt a process through which district personnel, students or the parents or guardians of students, and members of the public may obtain a hearing from the district administrators and the board regarding a complaint. [See DGBA, FNG, and GF]
- 16. Make decisions relating to terminating the employment of district employees employed under a contract to which Education Code Chapter 21 applies, including terminating or not renewing an employment contract to which that chapter applies. [See DF series]

## BOARD LEGAL STATUS POWERS AND DUTIES

	17.	Select the internal auditor if a district employs an internal auditor. The internal auditor shall report directly to the board. <i>Education Code 11.170</i> [See DC]		
	18.	Adopt a policy providing for the employment and duties of dis- trict personnel. <i>Education Code 11.1513</i> [See BJ series, DC series, and DEA series]		
	19.	Limit redundant requests for information and the number and length of written reports that a classroom teacher is required to prepare. The board shall review paperwork requirements imposed on classroom teachers and transfer to existing non- instructional staff a reporting task that can reasonably be ac- complished by that staff. <i>Education Code 11.164</i> [See DLB]		
	20.	Adopt a cybersecurity policy. <i>Education Code 11.175</i> [See CQB]		
	21.	Adopt early childhood literacy and mathematics proficiency plans. <i>Education Code 11.185</i> [See EA]		
	22.	Adopt college, career, and military readiness plans. <i>Education Code 11.186</i> [See EA]		
	23.	Conduct an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a tax rate for the maintenance and operations of the district at an election held for that purpose. <i>Education Code 11.184</i> [See CCG]		
	24.	Carry out other powers and duties as provided by the Educa- tion Code or other law.		
	Education Code 11.1511(b), except as noted			
Discretionary	The board may:			
Powers and Duties	1.	Issue bonds and levy, pledge, assess, and collect an annual ad valorem tax to pay the principal and interest on the bonds as authorized under Education Code 45.001 and 45.003. <i>Education Code 11.1511(c)(1)</i> [See CCA]		
	2.	Levy, assess, and collect an annual ad valorem tax for maintenance and operation of a district as authorized under Education Code 45.002 and 45.003. <i>Education Code</i> <i>11.1511(c)(2)</i> [See CCG]		
	3.	Employ a person to assess or collect the district's taxes as authorized under Education Code 45.231. <i>Education Code 11.1511(c)(3)</i> [See CCG and BDAF]		

BOARD LEGAL STATUS POWERS AND DUTIES

- 4. Enter into contracts as authorized under the Education Code or other law and delegate contractual authority to a superintendent as appropriate. *Education Code 11.1511(c)(4)*
- Require a district's chief business official or curriculum director or a person holding an equivalent position to appear at an executive session of the board or to testify at a public hearing held by the board. *Education Code 11.1511(d)* [See BJA regarding prohibition of superintendent interference]
- 6. Contract with a public or private entity for that entity to provide educational services for the district. *Education Code 11.157* [See EEL]
- 7. Charge fees as set forth at Education Code 11.158. *Education Code 11.158* [See FP]
- 8. Change the name of the district. *Education Code 11.160* [See AB]
- 9. Adopt rules that require students at a school in the district to wear school uniforms as set forth at Education Code 11.162. *Education Code 11.162* [See FNCA]
- 10. Adopt rules to keep school campuses, including school libraries, open for recreational activities, latchkey programs, and tutoring after school hours. *Education Code 11.165*
- 11. Operate a school or program or hold a class on the campus of an institution of higher education as set forth at Education Code 11.166. *Education Code 11.166* [See GNC]
- 12. Operate a school or program, including an extracurricular program, or hold a class outside the boundaries of the district. *Education Code 11.167* [See GNA]
- 13. Use the board evaluation tool developed by the commissioner of education. *Education Code 11.182* [See BG]
- **Note:** For restrictions on a board's authority to use district resources for certain purposes, see CE(LEGAL). For the board's authority related to district property, see CDB and CI.

# BOARD MEMBERS ELIGIBILITY/QUALIFICATIONS

	Note	e:	If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, ap- plicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]		
Eligibility	To be eligible to be a candidate for, or elected or appointed to, the office of school board member, a person must:				
	1.	Be a United States citizen.			
	2.		8 years of age or older on the first day of the term to be I at the election or on the date of appointment, as applica-		
	3.	cisin	e not been determined by a final judgment of a court exer- g probate jurisdiction to be totally mentally incapacitated artially mentally incapacitated without the right to vote.		
	4.	Have not been finally convicted of a felony from which the person has not been pardoned or otherwise released from t resulting disabilities [but see Ineligibility below].			
	5.	the t	e resided continuously in the state for 12 months and in erritory from which the office is elected for six months im- iately preceding the following date:		
		a.	For an independent candidate, the date of the regular fil- ing deadline for a candidate's application for a place on the ballot.		
		b.	For a write-in candidate, the date of the election at which the candidate's name is written in.		
		C.	For an appointee to an office, the date the appointment is made.		
	6.		egistered to vote in the territory from which the office is ted on the date described at item 5, above.		
	Election Code 1.020, 141.001(a); Education Code 11.066; Gov't Code 601.009; Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 14				
Qualified Voter	trict		may not be elected trustee of an independent school dis- is the person is a qualified voter. <i>Education Code</i>		
	"Qualified voter" means a person who:				
	1.	ls 18	B years of age or older;		

#### BOARD MEMBERS ELIGIBILITY/QUALIFICATIONS

- 2. Is a United States citizen;
- 3. Has not been determined by a final judgment of a court exercising probate jurisdiction to be totally mentally incapacitated or partially mentally incapacitated without the right to vote;
- 4. Has not been finally convicted of a felony or, if so convicted, has fully discharged the person's sentence, including any term of incarceration, parole, or supervision, or completed a period of probation ordered by any court; or been pardoned or otherwise released from the resulting disability to vote;
- 5. Is a resident of this state; and
- 6. Is a registered voter.

*Election Code 1.020, 11.002* [See *Atty. Gen. Op. KP-0251 (2019)* (concluding that the restoration of a convicted felon's qualification to vote under Election Code 11.002(a)(4)(A) after fully discharging a sentence does not restore the person's eligibility to hold public office under Election Code 141.001(a)(4)]

Residency In the Election Code, "residence" means domicile, that is, one's home and fixed place of habitation to which one intends to return "Residence" after any temporary absence. A person may not establish resi-Defined dence for the purpose of influencing the outcome of a certain election. A person does not lose the person's residence status by leaving to go to another place for temporary purposes only. A person does not acquire a residence in a place to which the person has come for temporary purposes only and without the intention of making that place the person's home. A person may not establish a residence at any place the person has not inhabited. A person may not designate a previous residence as a home and fixed place of habitation unless the person inhabits the place at the time of designation and intends to remain. *Election Code 1.015* 

*Note:* The issue of whether a candidate has satisfied residency requirements should be judicially determined. <u>State v.</u> <u>Fischer</u>, 769 S.W.2d 619 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 1989, writ dism'd w.o.j.)

Intent to Return For purposes of satisfying the continuous residency requirement, a person who claims an intent to return to a residence after a temporary absence may establish that intent only in accordance with Election Code 141.001(a-1), which does not apply to a person displaced from the person's residence due to a declared local, state, or national disaster. *Election Code 141.001(a-1)–(a-2)* 

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BOARD MEMBERS ELIGIBILITY/QUALIFIC/	ATIONS	BBA (LEGAL)
Single-Member Districts	A candidate for board member representing a single-mentrict must be a resident of the district the candidate seeks sent. <i>Education Code 11.052(g)</i>	
Ineligibility	A person is ineligible to serve as a member of the board of trict if the person has been convicted of a felony or an off der Penal Code 43.021 (solicitation of prostitution). <i>Educator Code 11.066</i>	ense un-

	Note	e: If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, applicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]	
Notice of Polling Place	nam	written notice of a polling place location must state the building e, if any, and the street address, including the suite or room ber, if any, of the polling place. <i>Election Code 1.021</i>	
Election Order	form	board shall order an election. An election to be held on a uni- election date shall be ordered not later than the 78th day be- election day. <i>Election Code</i> 3.004, .005	
	Eacl	h election order must state:	
	1.	The date of the election;	
	2.	The offices or measures to be voted on;	
	3.	The early voting clerk's official mailing address or street ad- dress at which the clerk may receive delivery by common or contract carrier, if different, phone number, email address, and internet website, if the early voting clerk has an internet website;	
	4.	The location of the main early voting polling place;	
	5.	The dates and hours for early voting; and	
	6.	The dates and hours of any Saturday and Sunday early vot- ing.	
	Elec	tion Code 3.006, 83.010, 85.004, .007	
	A board shall preserve the election order for the period for preserv- ing the precinct election records. The date and nature of each elec- tion shall be entered in the official records of the board. For an election on a measure, the entry must include a description of the measure. <i>Election Code 3.008</i>		
Failure to Order an Election		ure to order a general election does not affect the validity of the tion. <i>Election Code 3.007</i>	
Election Notice	Noti	ce of the election must state:	
Contents	1.	The nature and date of the election;	
	2.	The location of each polling place;	

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	3.	The hours the polls will be open;
	4.	The internet website of the authority conducting the election;
	5.	The early voting clerk's official mailing address or street ad- dress at which the clerk may receive delivery by common or contract carrier, if different, phone number, email address, and internet website, if the early voting clerk has an internet website;
	6.	The location of the main early voting polling place; and
	7.	The dates and hours for early voting, including the dates and hours of any Saturday and Sunday early voting.
	Elec	ction Code 4.004(a), 83.010, 85.004, .007
Notice of Special Election	filled	notice of a special election must also state each office to be d or the proposition stating each measure to be voted on. <i>Elec-</i> <i>Code 4.004(b)</i>
Publication	thar a ne new with publ	ice of the election shall be published at least once, not earlier in the 30th day or later than the tenth day before election day, in ewspaper published within the district's boundaries or in a spaper of general circulation in the district if none is published in the district's boundaries. The board shall retain a copy of the lished notice that contains the name of the newspaper and the e of publication. <i>Election Code</i> $4.003(a)(1)$ , (c), $.005(a)$
Posting	day elec Vote polli tains letin a cc of th notic cont shal plac the .005	ddition to the notice described above, not later than the 21st before election day, a county shall post a copy of a notice of ction provided to the county [see Notice to County Clerk and er Registrar, below], which must include the location of each ng place, on the county's internet website, if the county main- s a website. A district may post a copy of the notice on the bul- board used for posting notices of the meetings of the board. If bounty does not maintain a website, the district shall post a copy ne notice of the election on the bulletin board used for posting ce of meetings of the board. The notice must remain posted tinuously through election day. The person posting the notice Il make a record at the time of posting stating the date and ee of posting. The person shall sign the record and deliver it to board after the last posting is made. <i>Election Code 4.003(b)</i> , 5(b)
		ve on the internet website of the district. <i>Election Code</i>

85.007(d)

	Note:	For additional website posting requirements regarding the date and location of the next election, see CQA.
Notice to County Clerk and Voter Registrar	of each county before e tion, inc ternet w	ard shall deliver notice of the election, including the location polling place, to the county clerk and voter registrar of each in which the district is located not later than the 60th day election day. The county clerk shall post notice of the elec- cluding the location of each polling place, on the county's in- vebsite, if the county maintains a website, as provided by a Code 4.003(b). <i>Election Code 4.008(a)</i> [See Posting,
Notice to Election Judge	after the shall de	er than the 15th day before election day or the seventh day e date the election is ordered, whichever is later, the board liver to the presiding judge of each election precinct in the election is to be held in the district a written notice of:
	1. Th	e nature and date of the election;
		e location of the polling place for the precinct served by the dge;
	3. Th	e hours that the polls will be open;
		e judge's duty to hold the election in the precinct specified the notice; and
		e maximum number of clerks that the judge may appoint the election.
	Electior	n Code 4.007
Failure to Give Notice of Election		to give notice of a general election does not affect the valid- e election. <i>Election Code 4.006</i>
Internet Posting	an elec	r than the 21st day before election day, a district that holds tion and maintains an internet website shall post on the nternet website for the district:
	1. Th	e date of the next election;
	2. Th	e location of each polling place;
	3. Ea	ch candidate for an elected office on the ballot; and
	4. Ea	ch measure on the ballot.
	Electior	n Code 4.009(b)

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Filing Information Notice to Candidates	plac the app ema for a	A district shall post notice of the dates of the filing period in a public place in a building in which the district has an office not later than the 30th day before the first day on which a candidate may file an application for a place on the ballot. A district shall designate an email address in the notice for the purpose of filing an application for a place on the ballot under Election Code 143.004, below. <i>Election Code 141.040</i>		
	Not	e: For additional website posting requirements regarding the requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, see CQA.		
Application	To be entitled to a place on the ballot, a candidate must make an application for a place on the ballot. An application, other than an application required to be accompanied by fee, may be filed through email transmission of the completed application in a scanned format to the email address designated by the filing authority in the notice required under Election Code 141.040, above. <i>Election Code 143.004</i>			
	A ca	andidate application for a place on the ballot must:		
	1.	Be in writing;		
	2.	Be signed and sworn to before a person authorized to admin- ister an oath in this state by the candidate and indicate the date that the candidate swears to the application;		
	3.	Be timely filed with the appropriate authority; and		
	4.	Include all statutorily required information.		
	Eleo	ction Code 141.031, .039		
Deadline		application for a place on the ballot may not be filed earlier than 30th day before the date of the filing deadline.		
	befo	application must be filed not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 78th day ore the date of the election for an election to be held on a uni- n election date.		
	Edu	cation Code 11.055(a); Election Code 144.005(a), (d)		
Death of Candidate		candidate dies on or before the deadline for filing an application a place on the ballot:		
	1.	The authority responsible for preparing the ballots may choose to omit the candidate from the ballot; and		
	2.	If the authority omits the candidate's name under item 1, the filing deadline for an application for a place on the ballot for		
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	the office sought by the candidate is extended until the fifth day after the filing deadline.	
	Election Code 145.098(b)	
Write-in Candidate	A declaration of write-in candidacy must be filed not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 74th day before election day for an election to be held on a uniform election date. <i>Education Code 11.056(b); Election Code 146.054</i>	
Special Election	An application for a place on a special election ballot may not be filed before the election is ordered.	
	An application must be filed not later than:	
	1. 5:00 p.m. of the 62nd day before election day if election day is on or after the 70th day after the election is ordered; or	
	<ol> <li>5:00 p.m. of the 40th day before election day if election day is on or after the 46th day and before the 70th day after the date the election is ordered.</li> </ol>	
Exception	For a special election to be held on the date of the general election for state and county officers (the first Tuesday after the first Mon- day in November in even-numbered years under Election Code 41.002), the day of the filing deadline is 6:00 p.m. of the 75th day before election day.	
Write-in Candidate	A declaration of write-in candidacy for a special election must be filed not later than the filing deadline.	
	Election Code 201.054	
Delivery or Submission of Documents	When the Election Code provides for the delivery, submission, or filing of an application, notice, report, or other document or paper with an authority having administrative responsibility under that code, a delivery, submission, or filing with an employee of the dis- trict at the district's usual place for conducting official business con- stitutes filing with the district. The district may accept the document or paper at a place other than the district's usual place for conduct- ing official business.	
	A delivery, submission, or filing of a document or paper under the Election Code may be made by personal delivery, mail, telephonic facsimile machine, email, or any other method of transmission.	
	Election Code 1.007	
Election of Unopposed Candidate	The board may declare each unopposed candidate elected to of- fice in accordance with the provisions below. <i>Election Code</i> 2.053(a)	

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	A special election is considered to be a separate election we separate ballot from a general election for board members other special election held at the same time. <i>Election Code</i> 2.051(a)	or an-	
Single-Member Districts	If any members of a board are elected from single-member tricts, Election Code Chapter 2, Subchapter C (election of a posed candidate) applies to the election in a particular sing ber district if each candidate for an office that is to appear of ballot in that single-member district is unopposed and no o at-large race is to appear on the ballot. <i>Election Code 2.05</i>	unop- gle-mem- on the pposed	
Procedure for Canceling Election	The authority responsible for having the official ballot prepared shall certify in writing that a candidate is unopposed for election to an office if, were the election held, only the votes cast for that can- didate in the election for that office may be counted. The certifica- tion shall be delivered to the board as soon as possible after the fil- ing deadlines for placement on the ballot and list of write-in candidates.		
	A certification may be made following the filing of a withdrawal re- quest by a candidate after the deadline prescribed by Election Code 145.092 if:		
	1. The withdrawal request is valid except for the untimely	y filing;	
	2. Ballots have not been prepared; and		
	3. The other conditions for certification are met.		
	A certification under these circumstances shall be delivered board as soon as possible.	d to the	
	Election Code 2.052		
	On receipt of the certification, the board by order may declare each unopposed candidate elected to office. If a declaration is made, no election is held.		
	If no election is to be held by the district on election day, a the order shall be posted on election day at each polling pl used or that would have been used in the election.		
	The ballots used at a separate election held at the same tin election that would have been held if the candidates were no clared elected shall include the offices and names of the candidates declared elected listed separately after the measures tested races in the separate election under the heading "Unopposed Candidates Declared Elected." The candidate	not de- andi- s or con-	

		rouped in the same relative order prescribed for the ballot ge y. No votes are cast in connection with the unopposed candi- s.		
	Elec	tion Code 2.053		
	-	BBBB regarding issuance of a certificate of election to an ur psed candidate declared elected and qualification for office.]	ר-	
Ballot		ballot shall be prepared in accordance with Election Code oter 52.		
Drawing	can one distr and ous drav	district shall conduct a drawing to determine the order of the lidates' names in an election at which the names of more tha candidate for the same office are to appear on the ballot. The ict shall post in the district's office a notice of the date, hour, place of the drawing. The notice must remain posted continu y for 72 hours immediately preceding the scheduled time of the ring. The district shall provide notice of the date, hour, and e of the drawing to each candidate by:	an e I-	
	1.	Written notice:		
		a. Mailed to the address stated on the candidate's application for a place on the ballot, not later than the fourth date of the drawing; or		
		b. Provided at the time the candidate files an application with the district;		
	2.	Telephone, if a telephone number is provided on the candi- date's application for a place on the ballot; or		
	3.	Email, if an email address is provided on the candidate's ap plication for a place on the ballot.	-	
	Each candidate affected by a drawing is entitled to be present or have a representative present at the drawing.			
	<i>Election Code 52.093–.094</i> [See BBBB regarding ballot order in a runoff election or election to resolve a tie.]			
	whio nam	ots for an election by position must clearly show the position f h each person is a candidate. A board shall arrange by lot the es of the candidates for each position. <i>Education Code</i> 58(g)		
Election Services Contract	may the prov	county election officer, as defined by Election Code 31.091(1 contract with the board of a district situated wholly or partly i county served by the officer to perform election services, as ided by Election Code Chapter 31, Subchapter D, in any one ore elections ordered by the board.	in	
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	If requested to do so by a district, the county elections administrator, as defined under Election Code Chapter 31, Subchapter B, shall enter into a contract to furnish the election services request in accordance with a cost schedule agreed on by the contracting parties. A county elections administrator is not required to enter into a contract to furnish elections services for an election held on the first Saturday in May in an even-numbered year.	ed
	Election Code 31.092, .093, 41.001(d)	
Election Judges and Clerks	By written order, a board shall appoint a presiding election judge and an alternate presiding judge for each election precinct in whi an election is held. A board shall prescribe the maximum number clerks that each presiding judge may appoint for each election. T judges and clerks shall be selected and serve in accordance with Election Code Chapter 32. <i>Election Code 32.001(a), .008, .033</i>	of he
Polling Places	A board shall designate polling places for election day and early voting. Each polling place shall be accessible to and usable by the elderly and persons with physical disabilities. <i>Election Code</i> 43.004, .034, Ch. 85 (early voting by personal appearance)	ie
	In an election held on the November uniform election date, a dis- trict shall use the regular county election precincts. The district shall designate as the polling places for the election the regular county polling places in the county election precincts that contain territory from the district. <i>Election Code</i> 42.002(a)(5), .0621, 43.004(b)	
Electioneering	A person commits an offense if, during the voting period and with 100 feet of an outside door through which a voter may enter the building in which a polling place is located, the person loiters or electioneers for or against any candidate, measure, or political party.	in
	A district that owns or controls a public building being used as a polling place or early voting polling place may not, at any time du ing the voting period or early voting period, as applicable, prohibi electioneering on the building's premises outside of the area de- scribed above, but may enact reasonable regulations concerning the time, place, and manner of electioneering.	t
Definitions	"Electioneering" includes the posting, use, or distribution of politic signs or literature. The term does not include the distribution of a notice of a party convention authorized under Election Code 172.1114.	cal
	"Voting period" means the period beginning when the polls open voting and ending when the polls close or the last voter has voted whichever is later.	
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	"Ear 85.0	ly voting period" means the period prescribed by Election Code 001.
	Elec	ction Code 61.003, 85.036
Early Voting	pea	ach election, early voting shall be conducted by personal ap- rance at an early voting polling place and by mail, in accord- e with Election Code Title 7, Chapters 81–114. <i>Election Code</i> 2001
November Early Voting Polling Places	distr cute	n election on the November uniform election date in which the rict is not holding a joint election with a county and has not exe- ed a contract with a county elections officer under which the dis- and the county share early voting polling places, the district:
	1.	Shall designate as an early voting polling place for the elec- tion an eligible county polling place located in the district; and
	2.	May not designate as an early voting polling place a location other than an eligible county polling place unless each eligible county polling place located in the district is designated as an early voting polling place by the district.
	othe	yible county polling place" means an early voting polling place, er than a polling place established under Election Code 162(e), established by a county.
	Elec	ction Code 85.010(a), (a-1), (b)
Temporary Branch Days and Hours <i>County with</i> 100,000 or More	tory pop serv	ction Code 85.064 applies only to an election in which the terri- served by the early voting clerk is situated in a county with a ulation of 100,000 or more. In an election in which the territory red by the clerk is situated in more than one county, that section lies if the sum of the populations of the counties is 100,000 or e.
	polli to b	y voting by personal appearance at each temporary branch ng place shall be conducted on the days that voting is required e conducted at the main early voting polling place under Elec- Code 85.005 and remain open for at least:
	1.	Eight hours each day; or
	2.	Three hours each day if the city or county clerk does not serve as the early voting clerk for the territory holding the election and the territory has fewer than 1,000 registered vot- ers.
	votir	authority authorized under Election Code 85.006 to order early ng on a Saturday or Sunday may also order, in the manner pre- bed by that section, early voting to be conducted on a Saturday

	or Sunday at any one or more of the temporary branch polling places.
	Election Code 85.064
County with Less than 100,000	Election Code 85.065 applies only to an election in which the terri- tory served by the early voting clerk is situated in a county with a population under 100,000. In an election in which the territory served by the clerk is situated in more than one county, this section applies if the sum of the populations of the counties is under 100,000.
	Except as provided below, voting at a temporary branch polling place may be conducted on any days and during any hours of the period for early voting by personal appearance, as determined by the authority establishing the branch. The authority authorized un- der Election Code 85.006 to order early voting on a Saturday or Sunday may also order, in the manner prescribed by that section, early voting to be conducted on a Saturday or Sunday at any one or more of the temporary branch polling places.
	Voting at a temporary branch polling place must be conducted on at least two consecutive business days and for at least eight con- secutive hours on each of those days.
	The schedules for conducting voting are not required to be uniform among the temporary branch polling places.
	Election Code 85.065
Records Branch Daily Register	The early voting clerk shall provide, in a downloadable database format, a current copy of the register for posting on the internet website of the district, if the district maintains a website, each day early voting is conducted. At a minimum, the voter registration number for each voter listed in the register must be posted. <i>Elec-</i> <i>tion Code</i> 85.072
Early Voting Rosters	The early voting clerk shall maintain for each election a roster list- ing each person who votes an early voting ballot by personal ap- pearance and a roster listing each person to whom an early voting ballot to be voted by mail is sent. Information on the roster for a person who votes an early voting ballot by personal appearance shall be made available for public inspection as provided below not later than 11 a.m. on the day after the date the information is en- tered on the roster. Information on the roster for a person who votes an early voting ballot by mail shall be made available for pub- lic inspection as provided below not later than 11 a.m. on the day following the day the early voting clerk receives any ballot voted by mail.

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		The information must be made available:			
	1.	For an election in which the county clerk is the early voting clerk:			
		a.	On the publicly accessible internet website of the county; or		
		b.	If the county does not maintain a website, on the bulletin board used for posting notice of meetings of the commis- sioners court; or		
	2.	For	an election not described by item 1:		
		a.	On the publicly accessible internet website of the district; or		
		b.	If the district does not maintain a website, on the bulletin board used for posting notice of board meetings.		
	Elec	tion (	Code 87.121(a), (g)–(i)		
Conducting Elections			shall be conducted in accordance with Election Code Ti- pters 61–68.		
<b>Bilingual Materials</b> Spanish	Bilingual election materials shall be used in each election precinct situated wholly or partly in a county in which five percent or more of the inhabitants are persons of Spanish origin or descent according to the most recent federal decennial census that may be officially recognized or acted upon by the state or political subdivisions. <i>Election Code 272.002</i>				
Other Languages	elec distr man in S	tion n ict sh ner ir	ctor of the census determines that a district must provide naterials in a language other than English or Spanish, the all provide election materials in that language in the same n which the district would be required to provide materials h, to the extent applicable. <i>Election Code 272.011; 52</i> 0503		
Voting Systems		•	system shall be adopted and utilized in accordance with Code Title 8.		
Accessible Voting Stations	one tion ame U.S. and 2108	voting Act of ndme C. Se the re 31(a)(	s provided below, each polling place must provide at least g station that complies with Section 504 of the Rehabilita- f 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) and its subsequent ents, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 ection 12131 et seq.) and its subsequent amendments, equirements for accessibility under 52 U.S.C. Section (3) [formerly 42 U.S.C. Section 15481(a)(3)] and its sub- amendments, and that provides a practical and effective		

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	means for voters with physical disabilities to cast a secret ballot. <i>Election Code</i> 61.012
Electronic Voting System Exceptions	For an election other than an election of a district that is held jointly with another election in which a federal office appears on the ballot, a district is not required to meet the requirements for accessibility under Election Code $61.012(a)(1)(C)$ if the district is located in a county that meets certain population and other requirements set forth in Election Code $61.013(a)$ . A district that intends to use this provision to provide fewer voting stations that meet the require- ments for accessibility than required must provide notice under

Election Code 61.013(d). *Election Code* 61.013

	Note:	If the district is subject to a court order or other binding legal determination, the district shall conduct its elections in accordance with that court order or determination, ap- plicable law, and this policy. To the extent of any conflict, the court order or other legal determination shall prevail. [See BBB(LOCAL)]
Tie Votes		ction requiring a plurality, if two or more candidates for the
Second Election	second e	ce tie for the number of votes required to be elected, a lection to fill the office shall be held in accordance with the and other requirements of Election Code 2.002.
Other Options Casting Lots	agreeme	candidates may agree to cast lots to resolve the tie. The nt must be filed with the board. The board president shall the casting of lots.
Withdrawal	signed ar ceipt of th	andidate may resolve the tie by filing with the board a nd acknowledged written statement of withdrawal. On re- ne statement, the remaining candidate is the winner, and a lection or casting of lots is not held.
Automatic Recount	recount s fore the s	s not resolved by casting lots or withdrawal, an automatic hall be conducted under Election Code Chapter 216 be- econd election is held. If the recount resolves the tie, the lection is not held.
	lots not la second e election r	bunt does not resolve the tie, the tied candidates may cast ater than the day before the date the board must order the lection under Election Code 2.002(b) or withdraw from the not later than 5:00 p.m. of the day after the date the auto- ount is held.
	Election (	Code 2.002
Runoff Election	ucation C office rec	ct in which trustees are elected by majority vote under Ed- code 11.057(c) [see BBB], if no candidate for a particular eives the vote necessary to be elected, a runoff election ffice is required. <i>Election Code 2.021 et seq.</i>
	be condu does not mine the lots. A type president the stater count is c	didates in a runoff election tie, an automatic recount shall cted under Election Code Chapter 216. If the recount resolve the tie, the tied candidates shall cast lots to deter- winner. The board president shall supervise the casting of ng candidate may resolve the tie by filing with the board a signed and sworn to written statement of withdrawal. If ment of withdrawal is received before the automatic re- conducted, the remaining candidate is the winner, and the c recount is not conducted. If the statement of withdrawal

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	is received not later than 5:00 p.m. the day after the date matic recount is conducted, the remaining candidate is the and a casting of lots is not held. <i>Election Code 2.028</i>		
Ballot Order	The order of the candidates' names on the ballot of any rerunoff election or election held to resolve a tie vote shall b ative order of names on the original election ballot. <i>Electic</i> 2.002(d), 52.094(a)	e the rel-	
Recounts	The district shall conduct an authorized recount in accorda Election Code Title 13. <i>Election Code 211.001</i>	ance with	
	A candidate in a board election may obtain an initial recound election if the difference in the number of votes received by candidate and any candidate for the office who is shown by election returns to be elected, tied, or entitled to a place of ballot, if applicable, is less than ten percent of that candida number of votes, or the total number of votes received by dates for the office is less than 1,000. <i>Election Code 212.</i>	y the by the n a runoff ate's all candi-	
	A ground for obtaining an initial recount is not required to initial recount of electronic voting system results. A candid obtain an initial recount of electronic voting system results election only if the candidate is shown by the election retu be elected. <i>Election Code 212.0241</i>	ate may in an	
	An initial recount may not be conducted unless an authorididate submits a petition for the recount to the presiding of the local canvassing authority in accordance with Election Chapter 212, Subchapter B, accompanied by a deposit to the costs of the recount in accordance with Subchapter E. <i>Code 212.025, .026, .111</i>	fficer of Code cover	
Effect of Petition	The submission of a recount petition before a board comp canvass does not delay the canvass for the office involved recount. The board shall make a notation on the tabulation office involved in a recount. The submission of a recount p delays the issuance of a certificate of election and qualific the office involved in the recount pending completion of th count. A candidate may not qualify for an office involved in count before completion of the recount. This provision doe fect a candidate who has received a certificate of election qualified for office before the submission of a recount petitiv volving the office. <i>Election Code 212.033, .0331</i>	d in the n of any petition ation for e re- n a re- es not af- and	
Canvass Returns General Rule	Except as provided below, a board shall convene to conduct cal canvass at the time set by the presiding officer not late the 11th day after election day and not earlier than the late	er than	
	1. The third day after election day;		

	2.	The date on which the early voting ballot board has verifiand counted all provisional ballots, if a provisional ballot been cast in the election; or			
	3.	The date on which all timely received ballots cast from a dresses outside of the United States are counted, if a ba be voted by mail in the election was provided to a persor side of the United States.	llot to		
	Elec	tion Code 67.003(b)			
November Election—Even- Numbered Years	and vem time	an election held on the date of the general election for sta county officers (the first Tuesday after the first Monday in ber in even-numbered years under Election Code 41.002) for the canvass may be set not later than the 14th day aft tion day. <i>Election Code 65.051(a-1), 67.003(c)</i>	No- ), the		
Quorum for Canvass		Two members of a board constitute a quorum for purposes of can- vassing an election.			
	pres boar	the time set for convening the board for the local canvass, the iding officer shall deliver the sealed precinct returns to the returns for each precinct and the them as provided by Election Code 67.004.	e		
Minutes	The presiding officer shall note the completion of the canvass in the minutes or in the recording required by the Open Meetings Act (Government Code 551.021). [See BE]				
	Elec	tion Code 67.004(a), (g)			
Internet Posting of Election Results		strict that holds an election and maintains an internet web I post on its public internet website:	site		
	1.	The results of each election;			
	2.	The total number of votes cast;			
	3.	The total number of votes cast for each candidate or for against each measure;	or		
	4.	The total number of votes cast by personal appearance of election day;	on		
	5.	The total number of votes cast by personal appearance of mail during the early voting period; and	or		
	6.	The total number of counted and uncounted provisional lots cast.	oal-		
	The information described above must be:				
	1.	Posted as soon as practicable after the election; and			
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	2.	Accessible without having to make more than two selections or view more than two network locations after accessing the internet website home page of the district.			
	Elec	ction Code 65.016(b), (c)			
Qualifying for Office Certificate of Election	After the completion of a canvass, the presiding officer shall pre- pare a certificate of election for each candidate who is elected to an office for which the official result is determined by the board's canvass. A certificate of election must contain:				
	1.	The candidate's name;			
	2.	The office to which the candidate is elected;			
	3.	A statement of election to an unexpired term, if applicable;			
	4.	The date of the election;			
	5.	The signature of the officer preparing the certificate; and			
	6.	Any seal used by the officer preparing the certificate to au- thenticate documents that the officer executes or certifies.			
	The authority preparing a certificate of election shall promptly de- liver it to the person for whom it is prepared, subject to the submis- sion of a recount petition. [See Effect of Petition, above]				
	A certificate of election may not be issued to a person who has been declared ineligible to be elected to the office.				
	Elec	Election Code 67.016			
Certificate for Unopposed Candidate	A certificate of election shall be issued to each unopposed candi- date declared elected in the same manner and at the same time as provided for a candidate elected at the election. The candidate must qualify for the office in the same manner as provided for a candidate elected at the election. <i>Election Code 2.053(e)</i> [See BBBA regarding the election of an unopposed candidate.]				
Officer's Statement	All elected and appointed board members, before taking the oath or affirmation of office and entering upon the duties of office, shall sign the required officer's statement. The statement shall be retained with the official records of the office. <i>Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 1(b), (c)</i>				
Oath of Office	All elected and appointed trustees, before they enter upon the du- ties of the office, shall take the official oath or affirmation of office. Newly elected trustees shall file their official oaths with the board president. <i>Tex. Const. Art. XVI, Sec. 1(a); Education Code</i> <i>11.061(a)</i>				

	The oath may be administered and a certificate of the fact given by the individuals listed at Government Code 602.002, including:			
	1.	1. A judge, retired judge, or clerk of a municipal court.		
	2.	A judge, retired judge, senior judge, clerk, or commissioner of a court of record.		
	3.	A justice of the peace or clerk of a justice court.		
	4.	A notary public.		
	Go	v't Code 602.002		
Election Records	Except as otherwise provided by the Election Code, a district shall preserve the precinct election records distributed to it for at least 22 months after election day. <i>Election Code 66.058(a)</i> [See CPC]			
Destruction of Records	After expiration of the prescribed period for preserving election rec- ords under the Election Code, the records may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of unless, at the expiration of the preservation period, an election contest or a criminal investigation or proceeding connected with the election is pending. In that case, the records shall be preserved until the contest, investigation, or proceeding is completed and the judgment, if any, becomes final. <i>Election Code</i> <i>1.013</i>			

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ELECTIONS CAMPAIGN ETHICS	BBBD (LEGAL)		
Electioneering	The board may not use state or local funds or other resources of the district to electioneer for or against any candidate, measure, or political party. <i>Education Code 11.169</i>		
Political Advertising	An officer or employee of a district may not knowingly spend or au- thorize the spending of public funds for the purpose of political ad- vertising. This does not apply to a communication that factually de- scribes the purposes of a measure if the communication does not advocate passage or defeat of the measure.		
	An officer or employee of a district may not spend or authorize the spending of public funds for a communication describing a measure if the communication contains information that:		
	1. The officer or employee knows is false; and		
	2. Is sufficiently substantial and important as to be reasonably likely to influence a voter to vote for or against the measure.		
	It is an affirmative defense to prosecution for an offense under these provisions or the imposition of a civil penalty for conduct un- der these provisions that the officer or employee reasonably relied on a court order, or an interpretation of these provisions in a written opinion issued by a court of record, the attorney general, or the Ethics Commission.		
	On written request of the board that has ordered an election on a measure, the Ethics Commission shall prepare an advance written advisory opinion as to whether a particular communication relating to a measure does or does not comply with these provisions.		
	<i>Election Code 255.003</i> [See CPAB regarding use of the internal mail system for political advertising.]		
Definition	"Political advertising" means a communication that supports or op poses a political party, a public officer, a measure, or a candidate for nomination or election to a public office or office of a political party, and:		
	1. Is published in a newspaper, magazine, or other periodical in return for consideration;		
	2. Is broadcast by radio or television in return for consideration;		
	3. Appears in a pamphlet, circular, flier, billboard or other sign, bumper sticker, or similar form of written communication; or		
	4. Appears on an internet website.		
	"Political advertising" does not include an individual communication made by email or text message but does include mass emails and		

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ELECTIONS CAMPAIGN ETHICS			BBBD (LEGAL)	
			ages involving an expenditure of funds beyond the basic ardware, messaging software, and bandwidth.	
	1 TA	C 20	.1(11); Election Code 251.001(16)	
Newsletters	A ne if:	wslet	ter of a public officer of a district is not political advertising	
	1.	It includes no more than two pictures of a public officer per page and if the total amount of area covered by the pictures is no more than 20 percent of the page on which the pictures appear;		
	2.	on a duct	cludes no more than eight personally phrased references page that is 8 1/2" x 11" or larger, with a reasonable re- ion in the number of such personally phrased references ages smaller than 8 1/2" x 11"; and	
	3.	Whe	en viewed as a whole and in the proper context:	
		a.	Is informational rather than self-promotional;	
		b.	Does not advocate passage or defeat of a measure; and	
		C.	Does not support or oppose a candidate for nomination or election to a public office or office of political party, a political party, or a public officer.	
	1 TA	C 26	.2	
Disclosure Statement	broa	idcas <sup>-</sup>	may not knowingly cause to be published, distributed, or t political advertising containing express advocacy that indicate in the advertising:	
	1.	That	it is political advertising; and	
	2.	The	full name of the:	
		a.	Person who paid for the political advertising;	
		b.	Political committee authorizing the political advertising; or	
		C.	Candidate or specific-purpose committee supporting the candidate, if the political advertising is authorized by the candidate.	
	cano	didate	dvertising that is authorized by a candidate, an agent of a e, or a political committee filing reports under Election e 15 shall be deemed to contain express advocacy.	

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ELECTIONS CAMPAIGN ETHICS		BBBD (LEGAL)			
	fundraisi paign ma	equirements do not apply to tickets or invitations to political ing events; campaign buttons, pins, hats, or similar cam- aterials; or circulars or flyers that cost in the aggregate less 00 to publish and distribute.			
	Election	Election Code 255.001(a), (b), (d)			
	advertisi	ed disclosure statement must contain the words "political ng" or any recognizable abbreviation and comply with 1 trative Code 26.1. <i>1 TAC 26.1</i>			
	Note:	For specific information regarding political advertising and campaign communications by candidates, including offenses, see Election Code 255.001–.006. For infor- mation regarding political signs, see Election Code Chapter 259.			
Nepotism	employe ment, co ment, re of anothe gree of r bition do bona fide	late may not take affirmative action to influence a district e or current trustee regarding the appointment, reappoint- onfirmation of the appointment or reappointment, employ- employment, change in status, compensation, or dismissal er individual related to the candidate within a prohibited de- elationship under the nepotism law. [See DBE] This prohi- es not apply to a candidate's actions taken regarding a e class or category of employees or prospective employ- <i>v't Code 573.042</i>			

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BOARD MEMBERS TRAINING AND ORIENT	BOARD MEMBERSBBDTRAINING AND ORIENTATION(LEGAL)			
Open Meetings Act Training	Not later than the 90th day after taking the oath of office, each board member shall complete training of not less than one and not more than two hours regarding the responsibilities of the board and its members under Government Code Chapter 551 (Texas Open Meetings Act).			
	The attorney general may provide the training and may also approve other acceptable sources of training.			
	The board shall maintain and make available for public inspection the record of its members' completion of the training. The failure of one or more members of the board to complete the training does not affect the validity of an action taken by the board.			
	Gov't Code 551.005			
Public Information Act Training	Not later than the 90th day after taking the oath of office, each board member shall complete training of not less than one and not more than two hours regarding the responsibilities of the board and its officers and employees under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information Act). A board member may designate a public information coordinator to satisfy the training for the board member if the public information coordinator is primarily responsible for administering the responsibilities of the board member or board under the Public Information Act. [See GBAA regarding public information coordinator training] <i>Gov't Code 552.012</i>			
SBOE-Required Training	A trustee must complete any training required by the State Board of Education (SBOE). <i>Education Code 11.159</i>			
	The SBOE's framework for governance leadership [see BBD(EX-HIBIT)] shall be distributed annually by the board president to all current board members and the superintendent. <i>19 TAC 61.1(a)</i>			
	The continuing education required under Education Code 11.159 applies to each member of the board. To the extent possible, an entire board shall participate in continuing education programs together. <i>19 TAC 61.1(b), (i)</i>			
	No continuing education shall take place during a board meeting unless that meeting is called expressly for the delivery of board member continuing education. Continuing education may take place prior to or after a legally called board meeting in accordance with Government Code 551.001(4) (definition of "meeting"). <i>19 TAC</i> 61.1(e)			
	A regional education service center (ESC) board member continu- ing education program shall be open to any interested person, in-			

	cluding a current or prospective board member. A district is not re- sponsible for any costs associated with individuals who are not cur- rent board members. <i>19 TAC 61.1(f)</i>
	Annually, the SBOE shall commend those board-superintendent teams that complete at least eight hours of the continuing educa- tion specified at Team Building and Additional Continuing Educa- tion, below, as an entire board-superintendent team.
	Annually, the SBOE shall commend board-superintendent teams that effectively implement the commissioner of education's trustee improvement and evaluation tool developed under Education Code 11.182 [see BG] or any other tool approved by the commissioner.
	19 TAC 61.1(k), (l)
Verification	For each training described below, the provider of continuing edu- cation shall provide verification of completion of board member continuing education to the individual participant and to the partici- pant's school district. The verification must include the provider's authorization or registration number. <i>19 TAC 61.1(h)</i>
Reporting	At the last regular board meeting before an election of trustees, the board president shall announce the name of each board member who has completed the required continuing education, who has exceeded the required hours of continuing education, and who is deficient in meeting the required continuing education as of the anniversary of the date of each board member's election or appointment to the board or two-year anniversary of his or her previous training, as applicable. The announcement shall state that completing the required continuing education is a basic obligation and expectation of any board member under SBOE rule. The minutes of the last regular board meeting held before an election of trustees must reflect whether each trustee has met or is deficient in meeting the training required for the trustee as of the first anniversary of the date of the trustee's election or appointment or two-year anniversary of his or her previous training, as applicable. The president shall cause the minutes to reflect the announcement and, if the minutes on the district's internet website within ten business days of the meeting and maintain the posting until the trustee meets the requirements. <i>19 TAC 61.1(j); Education Code 11.159(b)</i>
Local District Orientation	Each board member shall complete a local district orientation ses- sion. The purpose of the local orientation is to familiarize new board members with local board policies and procedures and dis- trict goals and priorities.

	A candidate for school board may complete the training up to one year before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or appointed board member who did not complete this training in the year preceding his or her election or appointment must complete the training within 120 calendar days after election or appointment.			
	The	orientation shall:		
	1.	Be at least three hours in length.		
	2.	Address local district practices in the following, in addition to to topics chosen by the local district:		
		a. Curriculum and instruction;		
		b. Business and finance operations;		
		c. District operations;		
		d. Superintendent evaluation; and		
		e. Board member roles and responsibilities.		
	catio	h board member should be made aware of the continuing edu- on requirements of 19 Administrative Code 61.1 and those of following:		
	1.	Open meetings act in Government Code 551.005 [see Open Meetings Act Training above];		
	2.	Public information act in Government Code 552.012 [see Public Information Act Training above]; and		
	3.	Cybersecurity in Government Code 2054.5191 [see CQB].		
	The orientation shall be open to any board member who choos to attend.			
	19 7	TAC 61.1(b)(1)		
Education Code Orientation	Each board member shall complete a basic orientation to the Edu- cation Code and relevant legal obligations. The orientation shall have special, but not exclusive, emphasis on statutory provisions related to governing Texas school districts.			
	A candidate for school board may complete the training up to one year before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or appointed board member who did not complete this training in the year preceding his or her election or appointment must complete the training within 120 calendar days after election or appointment. The orientation shall be at least three hours in length. Topics shall include, but not be limited to, Education Code Chapter 26 (Parental			

	Rights and Responsibilities) and Education Code 28.004 (Local School Health Advisory Council and Health Education Instruction).
	The orientation shall:
	1. Be provided by an ESC.
	2. Be open to any board member who chooses to attend.
	The continuing education may be fulfilled through online instruc- tion, provided that the training incorporates interactive activities that assess learning and provide feedback to the learner and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor.
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(2)
Legislative Update	After each session of the Texas Legislature, including each regular session and called session related to education, each board member shall complete an update to the basic orientation to the Education Code.
	The update session shall be of sufficient length to familiarize board members with major changes in statute and other relevant legal developments related to school governance.
	The update shall be provided by an ESC or a registered provider [see Registered Provider, below].
	A board member who has attended an ESC basic orientation ses- sion described at Education Code Orientation, above, that incorpo- rated the most recent legislative changes is not required to attend an update.
	The continuing education may be fulfilled through online instruc- tion, provided that the training is designed and offered by a regis- tered provider, incorporates interactive activities that assess learn- ing and provide feedback to the learner, and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor.
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(3)
Team Building	The entire board shall participate with their superintendent in a team-building session.
	The purpose of the team-building session is to enhance the effec- tiveness of the board-superintendent team and to assess the con- tinuing education needs of the board-superintendent team.
	The session shall be held annually and shall be at least three hours in length.

	The session shall include a review of the roles, rights, and respon- sibilities of the board as outlined in the framework for governance leadership. [See BBD(EXHIBIT)] The assessment of needs shall be based on the framework for governance leadership and shall be used to plan continuing education activities for the year for the gov- ernance leadership team.
	The team-building session shall be provided by an ESC or a regis- tered provider [see Registered Provider and Authorized Provider, below].
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(4)
Additional Continuing Education (Based on Assessed	In addition to the continuing education requirements set out above, each board member shall complete additional continuing education based on the framework for governance leadership. [See BBD(EX- HIBIT)]
Needs)	The purpose of continuing education is to address the continuing education needs referenced at Team Building above.
	The continuing education shall be completed annually.
	At least 50 percent of the continuing education shall be designed and delivered by persons not employed or affiliated with the board member's school district. No more than one hour of the required continuing education that is delivered by the district may use self- instructional materials.
	The continuing education shall be provided by an ESC or a regis- tered provider [see Registered Provider, below].
	The continuing education may be fulfilled through online instruc- tion, provided that the training is designed and offered by a regis- tered provider, incorporates interactive activities that assess learn- ing and provide feedback to the learner, and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor.
First Year	In a board member's first year of service, he or she shall complete at least ten hours of continuing education in fulfillment of assessed needs
Subsequent Years	Following a board member's first year of service, he or she shall complete at least five hours of continuing education annually in ful-fillment of assessed needs.
Board President	A board president shall complete continuing education related to leadership duties of a board president as some portion of the annual requirement.

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Evaluating Student Academic Performance	atin goa	g stu Is for	ard member shall complete continuing education on evalu- dent academic performance and setting individual campus early childhood literacy and mathematics and college, ca- military readiness.			
	mar that	The purpose of the training on evaluating student academic perfor- mance is to provide research-based information to board members that is designed to support the oversight role of the board of trus- tees outlined in Education Code 11.1515. [See BAA]				
	pus care	The purpose of the continuing education on setting individual cam- pus goals for early childhood literacy and mathematics and college, career, and military readiness is to facilitate boards meeting the re- quirements of Education Code 11.185 and 11.186.				
	yea app yea	A candidate for school board may complete the training up to one year before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or appointed board member who did not complete this training in the year preceding his or her election or appointment must complete the training within 120 calendar days after election or appointment.				
		The continuing education shall be completed every two years and shall be at least three hours in length.				
		The continuing education required by this provision shall include, at a minimum:				
	1.		ruction in school board behaviors correlated with improved lent outcomes with emphasis on:			
		a.	Setting specific, quantifiable student outcome goals; and			
		b.	Adopting plans to improve early literacy and numeracy and college, career, and military readiness for applicable student groups evaluated in the Closing the Gaps do- main of the state accountability system established un- der Education Code Chapter 39;			
	2.		ruction in progress monitoring practices to improve stu- t outcomes; and			
	3.	Ess mer	ruction in state accountability with emphasis on the Texas ential Knowledge and Skills, state assessment instru- nts administered under Education Code Chapter 39, and state accountability system established under Chapter 39.			
			inuing education shall be provided by an authorized pro- e Authorized Provider, below].			

	inclu men Build oblig Eval	e training is attended by an entire board and its superintendent, ides a review of local school district data on student achieve- t, and otherwise meets the requirements described at Team ding above, the training may serve to meet a board member's gation to complete training described at Team Building and at uating Student Academic Performance, above, as long as the ing complies with the Texas Open Meetings Act.			
	19 7	AC 61.1(b)(6)			
Identifying and Reporting Abuse	Each board member shall complete continuing education on ident fying and reporting potential victims of sexual abuse, human traf- ficking, and other maltreatment of children in accordance with Edu cation Code 11.159(c)(2).				
	A candidate for school board may complete the training up to one year before he or she is elected or appointed. A newly elected or appointed board member who did not complete this training in the year preceding his or her election or appointment must complete the training within 120 calendar days after election or appointment.				
	The training shall be completed every two years and sha least one hour in length.				
	The training must familiarize board members with the requirem of Education Code 38.004 and 38.0041, and 19 Administrative Code 61.1051 (relating to Reporting Child Abuse or Neglect, In- cluding Trafficking of a Child).				
	The training required by this provision shall include, at a minimu				
	1.	Instruction in best practices of identifying potential victims of child abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of children;			
	2.	Instruction in legal requirements to report potential victims of child abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of children; and			
	3.	Instruction in resources and organizations that help support victims and prevent child abuse, human trafficking, and other maltreatment of children.			
	The training sessions shall be provided by a registered provider [see Registered Provider, below].				

	This training may be completed online, provided that the training is designed and offered by a registered provider, incorporates interac- tive activities that assess learning and provide feedback to the learner, and offers an opportunity for interaction with the instructor.					
	19 TAC 61.1(b)(7)					
School Safety	The State Board of Education shall require a trustee to complete training on school safety. <i>Education Code 11.159(b-1)</i>					
Training Provider Registered Provider	For the purposes of 19 Administrative Code 61.1, a registered pro- vider has demonstrated proficiency in the content required for a specific training. A private or professional organization, school dis- trict, government agency, college/university, or private consultant shall register with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) to provide the board member continuing education required by 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(3), (5), and (7) [see Legislative Update, Additional Continuing Education, and Identifying and Reporting Abuse, above].					
	A district that provides continuing education exclusively for its own board members is not required to register under 19 Administrative Code 61.1(c)(1)–(2).					
	19 TAC 61.1(c)					
Authorized Provider	An authorized provider meets all the requirements of a registered provider and has demonstrated proficiency in the content required by 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(4) and (6). Proficiency may be demonstrated in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 61.1(d).					
	A private or professional organization, school district, government agency, college/university, or private consultant may be authorized by TEA to provide the board member training required in 19 Admin-istrative Code 61.1(b)(4) and (6).					
	An ESC shall be authorized by TEA to provide the board member training required in 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(4) and (6).					
	19 TAC 61.1(d)					
	[See above for 19 Administrative Code 61.1(b)(4) on Team Building and (b)(6) on Evaluating Student Academic Performance.]					
	<b>Note:</b> For cybersecurity training requirements, see CQB(LEGAL).					

	Note:	For information regarding conflicts of interest and depos- itory contracts, see BDAE.			
		See also CBB for conflict of interest requirements when federal funds are involved.			
Substantial Interest Affidavit	If a local public official has a substantial interest in a business en- tity or in real property, the official shall file, before a vote or decision on any matter involving the business entity or the real property, an affidavit stating the nature and extent of the interest and shall ab- stain from further participation in the matter if:				
	act the	the case of a substantial interest in a business entity, the ion on the matter will have a special economic effect on business entity that is distinguishable from the effect on public; or			
	sor spe	the case of a substantial interest in real property, it is rea- nably foreseeable that an action on the matter will have a ecial economic effect on the value of the property, distin- shable from its effect on the public.			
	The affidavit must be filed with the official recordkeeper of the dis- trict.				
	Local Go	ov't Code 171.004(a)–(b)			
Abstention Exception	If a trustee is required to file and does file an affidavit, that trustee shall not be required to abstain from further participation in the matter or matters requiring such an affidavit if a majority of the trustees are likewise required to file and do file affidavits of similar interests on the same official action. <i>Local Gov't Code 171.004(c)</i>				
Definitions	"Local public official" means a member of the governing body of				
Local Public Official	district (i other loc yond the	nother officer, whether elected, appointed, paid, or unpaid, of any strict (including a school district), central appraisal district, or her local governmental entity who exercises responsibilities be- ond those that are advisory in nature. <i>Local Gov't Code</i> 71.001(1)			
Substantial	A persor	n has a substantial interest in a business entity if:			
Interest Business Entity	1. The	e person owns:			
Dusiness Entity	a.	Ten percent or more of the voting stock or shares of the business entity, or			
	b.	Either ten percent or more or \$15,000 or more of the fair market value of the business entity; or			

	2.	Funds received by the person from the business entity ex- ceed ten percent of the person's gross income for the previ- ous year.		
	Loc	al Gov't Code 171.002(a)		
	corp trus	siness entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, firm, poration, holding company, joint-stock company, receivership, t, or any other entity recognized by law. <i>Local Gov't Code</i> .001(2)		
Real Property	an e	erson has a substantial interest in real property if the interest is equitable or legal ownership with a fair market value of \$2,500 nore. <i>Local Gov't Code 171.002</i>		
First-Degree Relatives	und first ernr	cal public official is considered to have a substantial interest er Local Government Code 171.002 if a person related in the degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Gov- ment Code Chapter 573, Subchapter B [see DBE], has a sub- ntial interest under that section. <i>Local Gov't Code 171.002(c)</i>		
Separate Vote on Budget	The board shall take a separate vote on any budget item specifi- cally dedicated to a contract with a business entity in which a trus- tee has a substantial interest. Except as provided at Abstention Ex- ception above, the affected trustee may not participate in that separate vote. The trustee may vote on a final budget if the trustee has complied with Local Government Chapter 171 and the matter in which the trustee is concerned has been resolved. <i>Local Gov't</i> <i>Code 171.005</i>			
Violations	A lo	cal public official commits an offense if the official knowingly:		
	1.	Violates Local Government Code 171.004.		
	2.	Acts as surety for a business entity that has work, business, or a contract with the district.		
	3.	Acts as surety on any official bond required of a trustee.		
	Loc	al Gov't Code 171.003		
Voidable Actions	The finding by a court of a violation of Local Government Code Chapter 171 does not render an action of the board voidable un- less the measure that was the subject of an action involving a con- flict of interest would not have passed without the vote of the per- son who violated the chapter. <i>Local Gov't Code 171.006</i>			
Private Corporation	It shall be lawful for a local public official to serve as a member of the board of directors of private, nonprofit corporations when such officials receive no compensation or other remuneration from the			

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	nonp 171.		corporation or other nonprofit entity. Local Gov't Code	
Conflicts Disclosure Statement	A local government officer shall file a conflicts disclosure statement with respect to a vendor if the vendor enters into a contract with the district or the district is considering entering into a contract with the vendor; and the vendor:			
	1.	cal g the b ber i that	an employment or other business relationship with the lo- government officer or a family member of the officer, and business relationship results in the officer or family mem- receiving taxable income, other than investment income, exceeds \$2,500 during the 12-month period preceding date that the officer becomes aware that:	
		a.	A contract between the district and the vendor has been executed; or	
		b.	The district is considering entering into a contract with the vendor;	
	2.	of th aggr	given to the local government officer or a family member e officer one or more gifts, and the gift or gifts have an regate value of more than \$100 in the 12-month period reding the date the officer becomes aware that:	
		a.	A contract between the district and the vendor has been executed; or	
		b.	The district is considering entering into a contract with the vendor; or	
	3.	Has	a family relationship with the local government officer.	
Gifts—Exception	A local government officer is not required to file a conflicts disclo- sure statement in relation to a gift accepted by the officer or a fam- ily member of the officer if the gift is:			
	1.	A political contribution as defined by Election Code Title 15;		
	2.	Foo	d accepted as a guest.	
	Local Gov't Code 176.003(a)–(a-1)			
Filing Date	men 5:00 office	t with p.m. er be	overnment officer shall file the conflicts disclosure state- the records administrator of the district not later than on the seventh business day after the date on which the comes aware of the facts that require the filing of the t. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.003(b)</i>	
Vendor Questionnaire	•		who is both a local government officer and a vendor of a required to file the required vendor questionnaire only if	

	the person enters or seeks to enter into a contract with the district or is an agent of a person who enters or seeks to enter into a con- tract with the district. [See CHE] <i>Local Gov't Code 176.006(e)</i>				
Definitions Agent	"Agent" means a third party who undertakes to transact some busi- ness or manage some affair for another person by the authority or on account of the other person. The term includes an employee. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.001(1)</i>				
Business Relationship	"Business relationship" means a connection between two or more parties based on commercial activity of one of the parties. The term does not include a connection based on:				
	<ol> <li>A transaction that is subject to rate or fee regulation by a fed- eral, state, or local governmental entity or an agency of a fed- eral, state, or local governmental entity;</li> </ol>				
	2. A transaction conducted at a price and subject to terms avail- able to the public; or				
	<ol> <li>A purchase or lease of goods or services from a person that is chartered by a state or federal agency and that is subject to regular examination by, and reporting to, that agency.</li> </ol>				
	Local Gov't Code 176.001(1-a)				
Contract	"Contract" means a written agreement for the sale or purchase of real property, goods, or services. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.001(1-d)</i>				
Family Member	"Family member" means a person related to another person within the first degree by consanguinity or affinity, as described by Gov- ernment Code Chapter 573, Subchapter B. [See DBE] <i>Local Gov't</i> <i>Code 176.001(2)</i>				
Family Relationship	"Family relationship" means a relationship between a person and another person within the third degree by consanguinity or the sec- ond degree by affinity, as those terms are defined by Government Code Chapter 573, Subchapter B. [See DBE] <i>Local Gov't Code</i> <i>176.001(2-a)</i>				
Gift	"Gift" means a benefit offered by a person, including food, lodging, transportation, and entertainment accepted as a guest. The term does not include a benefit offered on account of kinship or a personal, professional, or business relationship independent of the official status of the recipient. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.001(2-b)</i>				
Investment Income	"Investment income" means dividends, capital gains, or interest in- come generated from:				
	<ol> <li>A personal or business checking or savings account, share draft or share account, or other similar account;</li> </ol>				

	2.	A personal or business investment; or			
	3.	A personal or business loan.			
	Loc	al Gov't Code 176.001(2-d)			
Local Government Officer	"Local government officer" means a member of the board, the sperintendent, or an agent of the district who exercises discretion the planning, recommending, selecting, or contracting of a vene <i>Local Gov't Code 176.001(4)</i>				
Records Administrator	oth or a and	cords administrator" means the director, superintendent, or er person responsible for maintaining the records of the district another person designated by the district to maintain statements I questionnaires filed under Local Government Code Chapter 5 and perform related functions. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.001(5)</i>			
Vendor	trac terr indi terr	ndor" means a person who enters or seeks to enter into a con- t with a district. The term includes an agent of a vendor. The n includes an officer or employee of a state agency when that vidual is acting in a private capacity to enter into a contract. The n does not include a state agency except for Texas Correctional ustries. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.001(7)</i>			
Duties of Records	A records administrator shall:				
Administrator	1.	Maintain a list of local government officers of the district and shall make that list available to the public and any vendor who may be required to file a conflict of interest questionnaire un- der Local Government Code 176.006; and			
	2.	Maintain the statements and questionnaires that are required to be filed under Government Code Chapter 176 in accord- ance with the district's records retention schedule. [See CPC]			
	Loc	al Gov't Code 176.0065			
Internet Posting	the cal	istrict that maintains an internet website shall provide access to statements and to questionnaires required to be filed under Lo-Government Code Chapter 176 on that website. <i>Local Gov't de 176.009</i>			
Violations	quii me diso late whi of t sior	ocal government officer commits an offense if the officer is re- red to file a conflicts disclosure statement under Local Govern- nt Code 176.003 and knowingly fails to file the required conflicts closure statement with the appropriate records administrator not or than 5:00 p.m. on the seventh business day after the date on ch the officer becomes aware of the facts that require the filing the statement. It is an exception to the application of this provi- on that the local government officer filed the required conflicts closure statement not later than the seventh business day after			

	the date the officer received notice from the district of the alleged violation.				
	A board may reprimand, suspend, or terminate the employment of an employee who knowingly fails to comply with a requirement adopted under Local Government Code 176. [See DF series]				
	Local Gov't Code 176.013(a), (d), (f)				
	[See CHE for violations by a vendor.]				
Affidavit Disclosing Interest in Property	A public servant who has a legal or equitable interest in property that is to be acquired with public funds shall file an affidavit within ten days before the date on which the property is to be acquired by purchase or condemnation.				
	The affidavit must be filed with the county clerk of the county in which the public servant resides and the county clerk of each county in which the property is located.				
	The	The affidavit must:			
	1.	State the name of the public servant and the public servant's office, public title, or job designation;			
	2.	Fully describe the property;			
	3.	Fully describe the nature, type, and amount of interest in the property, including the percentage of ownership interest;			
	4.	State the date when the person acquired an interest in the property;			
	5.	Include a verification as follows: "I swear that the information in this affidavit is personally known by me to be correct and contains the information required by Section 553.002, Gov- ernment Code"; and			
	6.	Contain an acknowledgment of the same type required for re- cording a deed in the deed records of the county.			
	Gov	/'t Code 553.002			
Definition	"Public servant" means a person who is elected, appointed, em- ployed, or designated, even if not yet qualified for or having as- sumed the duties of office, as:				
	1.	A candidate for nomination or election to public office, or			
	2.	An officer of government.			
	Gov't Code 553.001				

Violations	Cod or in erty. the i	erson commits an offense if the person violates Government e 553.002 and the person has actual notice of the acquisition itended acquisition of the legal or equitable interest in the prop- A person who violates Government Code 553.002 by not filing required affidavit is presumed to have the intent to commit an inse. <i>Gov't Code 553.003</i>		
Trustee Financial Statement	The board by resolution adopted by majority vote may require each member of the board to file the financial statement required of state officers under Government Code Chapter 572, Subchapter B with the board and the Texas Ethics Commission.			
	lutio the Janu lutio tion finar	later than the 15th day after the date a board adopts this reso- n, the board shall deliver a certified copy of the resolution to Texas Ethics Commission. A resolution applies beginning on uary 1 of the second year following the year in which the reso- n is adopted. A member of a board that has adopted a resolu- is not required to include, in a financial disclosure statement, ncial activity occurring before January 1 of the year following year in which the resolution is adopted.		
	to fil ernn the i	commissioner by order shall require the members of the board e the financial statement required of state officers under Gov- nent Code Chapter 572, Subchapter B in the same manner as members of a board that have adopted a resolution if the com- sioner determines that:		
	1.	A board member has failed to comply with filing and recusal requirements applicable to the member under Local Government Code Chapter 171;		
	2.	The district financial accounting practices are not adequate to safeguard state and district funds; or		
	3.	The district has not met a standard set by the commissioner in the financial accountability rating system.		
	The commissioner may require filing financial statements covering not more than three fiscal years and beginning on January 1 of the second year following the date of the commissioner's order. A member of a board subject to an order issued by the commissioner is not required to include, in a financial disclosure statement, finan- cial activity occurring before January 1 of the year following the year in which the order is issued. The commissioner may renew the requirement if the commissioner determines that a condition described above continues to exist.			
		ernment Code Chapter 572, Subchapter B applies to a trustee ect to these provisions as if the trustee were a state officer,		

and governs the contents, timeliness of filing, and public inspection of a statement filed under these provisions.

Education Code 11.064

Violations A trustee serving in a district that has adopted a resolution or that is subject to an order issued by the commissioner commits an offense if the trustee fails to file the statement required by the resolution or order. *Education Code 11.064(c)* 

BOARD INTERNAL ORGANIZATION
CITIZEN ADVISORY COMMITTEES

School Health Advisory Council	The board shall establish a local school health advisory council (SHAC) to assist the district in ensuring that local community values are reflected in the district's health education instruction. <i>Education Code 28.004(a)</i> [See EHAA regarding duties of the SHAC.]			
Meetings		The SHAC shall meet at least four times each year. For each meet- ng the SHAC shall:		
	1.	At least 72 hours before the meeting post notice of the date, hour, place, and subject of the meeting on a bulletin board in the central administrative office of each campus in the district; and ensure that the required notice is posted on the district's internet website, if the district has an internet website;	1	
	2.	Prepare and maintain minutes of the meeting that state the subject and content of each deliberation and each vote, order, decision, or other action taken by the council during the meeting;		
	3.	Make an audio or video recording of the meeting; and		
	4.	Not later than the tenth day after the meeting, submit the minutes and audio or video recording of the meeting to the district.		
	As soon as practicable after receipt of the minutes and audio or video recording, the district shall post the minutes and audio or video recording on the district's internet website, if the district has an internet website.			
	Education Code 28.004(d-1), (d-2)			
Composition	The board shall appoint at least five members to the SHAC. A ma- jority of members must be persons who are parents of students en- rolled in the district and who are not employed by the district. One of those members shall serve as chair or co-chair of the SHAC.			
	The board also may appoint one or more persons from each of the following groups or a representative from a group other than a group specified:			
	1.	Classroom teachers employed by the district;		
	2.	School counselors certified under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B, employed by the district;		
	3.	School administrators employed by the district;		
	4.	District students;		
	5.	Health-care professionals licensed or certified to practice in this state, including medical or mental health professionals;		
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# BOARD INTERNAL ORGANIZATION CITIZEN ADVISORY COMMITTEES

	6.	The business community;	
	7.	Law enforcement;	
	8.	Senior citizens;	
	9.	The clergy;	
	10.	Nonprofit health organizations; and	
	11.	Local domestic violence programs.	
	Educ	cation Code 28.004(d)	
Physical Activity and Fitness Planning Subcommittee	subc ity ai ical a	SHAC shall establish a physical activity and fitness planning committee to consider issues relating to student physical activ- nd fitness and make policy recommendations to increase phys- activity and improve fitness among students. <i>Education Code</i> <i>04(I-1)</i>	
Annual Report	In addition to its other duties, the SHAC shall submit to the board, at least annually, a written report that includes:		
	1.	Any SHAC recommendation concerning the district's health education curriculum and instruction or related matters that the SHAC has not previously submitted to the board;	
	2.	Any suggested modification to a SHAC recommendation pre- viously submitted to the board;	
	3.	A detailed explanation of the SHAC's activities during the pe- riod between the date of the current report and the date of the last prior written report; and	
	4.	Any recommendations made by the physical activity and fit- ness planning subcommittee.	
	Education Code 28.004(m)		
Public Statement	A district shall publish in the student handbook and post on the dis- trict's internet website, if the district has an internet website, a statement of:		
	1.	The policies and procedures adopted to promote the physical health and mental health of students, the physical health and mental health resources available at each campus, contact in- formation for the nearest providers of essential public health services under Health and Safety Code Chapter 121, and the contact information for the nearest local mental health author- ity;	
	2.	The policies adopted to ensure that elementary school, mid- dle school, and junior high school students engage in at least	
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#### BOARD INTERNAL ORGANIZATION CITIZEN ADVISORY COMMITTEES

the amount and level of physical activity required by Education Code 28.002(I) [see EHAB and EHAC];

- 3. The number of times during the preceding year the SHAC has met;
- 4. Whether the district has adopted and enforces policies to ensure that district campuses comply with the Texas Education Agency's vending machine and food service guidelines for restricting student access to vending machines;
- Whether the district has adopted and enforces policies and procedures that prescribe penalties for the use of e-cigarettes, as defined by Education Code 38.006, and tobacco products by students and others on school campuses or at school-sponsored or school-related activities [see DH and GKA];
- Notice to parents that they can request in writing their child's physical fitness assessment results at the end of the school year [see FFAA]; and
- 7. Whether each campus in the district has a full-time nurse or full-time school counselor.

Education Code 28.004(k)

# STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES STATE

Available School Fund	The available school fund is apportioned annually to Texas coun- ties according to the scholastic population of each. <i>Education Code</i> 43.001(b)				
Foundation School Program	The purposes of the Foundation School Program set forth in Edu- cation Code Chapter 48 are to guarantee that each district in the state has:				
	1.	Adequate resources to provide each eligible student a basic instructional program and facilities suitable to the student's educational needs; and			
	2.		ess to a substantially equalized program of financing in ess of basic costs for certain services, as provided by that oter.		
	The	The Foundation School Program consists of:			
	1.	Two	tiers that in combination provide for:		
		a.	Sufficient financing for all school districts to provide a basic program of education that is rated acceptable or higher under Education Code 39.054 and meets other applicable legal standards; and		
		b.	Substantially equal access to funds to provide an en- riched program; and		
	2.	2. A facilities component as provided by Education Code Chap- ter 46. [See CCA]			
	Education Code 48.002				
	The cost of the Foundation School Program for a district is the tota sum of:				
	1.	The lows	sum of the tier one allotments and other funding as fol-		
		a.	The basic allotment under Education Code Chapter 48, Subchapter B;		
		b.	The student-based allotments under Education Code Chapter 48, Subchapter C; and		
		C.	The additional funding under Education Code Chapter 48, Subchapter D (including the transportation allotment [see CNA] and the new instructional facility allotment below); and		
	2.		tier two allotment under Education Code Chapter 48, chapter E.		

# STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES STATE

	era tute	The sum of the Foundation School Program maintenance and op- erations costs for all accredited school districts in this state consti- tutes the total maintenance and operations cost of the Foundation School Program.		
	The	e Foundation School Program shall be financed by:		
	1.	State available school funds distributed in accordance with the law;		
	2.	Ad valorem tax revenue generated by local school district ef- fort [see CCG series]; and		
	3.	State funds appropriated for the purposes of public school ed- ucation and allocated to each district in an amount sufficient to finance the cost of each district's Foundation School Pro- gram not covered by other funds specified.		
	Edu	Education Code 48.251		
PEIMS	A district shall participate in the Public Education Information Man- agement System (PEIMS) and shall provide through that system information required for the administration of Education Code Chapter 48 (Foundation School Program) and of other appropriate provisions of the Education Code. Data standards, established by the commissioner of education, shall be used by a district to submit required information. <i>Education Code 48.008; 19 TAC 61.1025(b)</i>			
New Instructional Facility Allotment (NIFA)	A district is entitled to an additional allotment as provided by Edu- cation Code 48.152 for operational expenses associated with opening a new instructional facility. A district entitled to an allotment may use funds from the district's allotment to renovate an existing instructional facility to serve as a dedicated cybersecurity computer laboratory. <i>Education Code 48.152</i>			
Definitions	"Instructional facility" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 46.001. <i>Education Code 48.152(a)(1)</i> [See CCA] "New instructional facility" includes:			
	1.	A newly constructed instructional facility;		
	2.	A repurposed instructional facility; or		
	3.	A leased facility operating for the first time as an instructional facility with a minimum lease term of not less than ten years.		
	Edu	Education Code 48.152(a)(2); 19 TAC 61.1034		

# STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES FEDERAL

	with a feo cluding p buildings nor, shall eral finan	s Education Agency (TEA) may enter into an agreement deral agency concerning a project related to education, in- rovision of school lunches and construction of school . TEA, or another state agency designated by the gover- coordinate the actions of a district participating in a fed- cial assistance program. <i>Education Code</i> 7.021(b), (c); de 742.003			
Retirement and Insurance Contributions	Under the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Benefits Act, Insurance Code Chapter 1575, a district that applies for money provided by the United States or a privately sponsored source shall, if any of the money will pay part or all of an active em- ployee's salary, also apply for any legally available money to pay state contributions required by Insurance Code Chapter 1575, Sub- chapter E. <i>Insurance Code 1575.252</i>				
	Such district must comply with the requirements of Insurance Chapter 1575, Subchapter F. Insurance Code 1575.252(2)				
	Subtitle C States, a source, a ployee's money to	e Teacher Retirement System, Government Code, Title 8, C, if a district applies for money provided by the United n agency of the United States, or a privately sponsored nd if any of the money will pay part or all of an em- salary, the district shall apply for any legally available pay state contributions required by Government Code or 830.201. <i>Gov't Code 825.406(a)</i>			
	Such dist Code 82	rict must comply with the requirements of Government 5.406.			
Block Grant Funds	If a district receives more than \$5,000 in block grant funds to be used as the district determines is appropriate, it shall provide evi- dence to TEA that a public meeting or hearing was held in a timely manner solely to seek public comment on the needs or uses of block grant funds received by the district. The board may hold this meeting or hearing in conjunction with another board meeting or hearing if the meeting or hearing to consider block grant funds is clearly noted in an announcement of the other meeting or hearing. <i>Gov't Code 2105.058</i>				
Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR)	Note:	For information regarding procurement under state law, see the CH policy series regarding Purchasing and Ac- quisition and the CV series regarding Facilities Construc- tion.			
· · ·		For additional legal requirements applicable to school nutrition procurement, see COA.			

# STATE AND FEDERAL REVENUE SOURCES FEDERAL

	Regulati	means the Education Department General Administrative ons (34 C.F.R. 75, 76, 77, 79, 81, 82, 84, 86, 97, 98, and <i>C.F.R. 77.1(c)</i>			
Uniform Guidance (2 C.F.R. 200)	ment an Guidanc Thus, 2 the OME	The Department of Education (ED) adopts the Office of Manage- ment and Budget (OMB) Guidance in 2 C.F.R. Part 200 Uniform Guidance, except for 2 C.F.R. 200.102(a) and 2 C.F.R. 200.207(a). Thus, 2 C.F.R. Chapter XXXIV, Part 3474 gives regulatory effect to the OMB guidance and supplements the guidance as needed for the ED. 2 C.F.R. 3474.1			
	ments, c to non-fe	The Uniform Guidance establishes uniform administrative require- ments, cost principles, and audit requirements for federal awards to non-federal entities, including school districts, as described in 2 C.F.R. 200.101 (Applicability). <i>2 C.F.R. 200.1 (Definitions), .100</i>			
	Note:	The Uniform Guidance applies to all new grant awards and non-competing continuations (NCCs) made on or af- ter December 26, 2014 (see 2 C.F.R. 200.110).			
		For more information on EDGAR, the Uniform Guidance, and the federal regulations that apply to federal educa- tion grant awards, visit TEA's <u>EDGAR Materials and Re-</u> <u>sources<sup>1</sup></u> and the ED's <u>EDGAR website<sup>2</sup></u> and <u>Uniform</u> <u>Guidance website</u> . <sup>3</sup>			
General Compliance		t is responsible for complying with all requirements of the award. 2 C.F.R. 200.300(b)			
	Throughout 2 C.F.R. Part 200 when the word "must" is used it indi- cates a requirement. Whereas, use of the word "should" or "may" indicates a best practice or recommended approach rather than a requirement and permits discretion. 2 C.F.R. 200.101(b)(1)				
Disclosures Conflicts	A district must disclose in writing any potential conflict of interest to the federal awarding agency (e.g., ED) or pass-through entity (e.g., TEA) in accordance with applicable federal awarding agency policy. <i>2 C.F.R. 200.112</i>				
Crimes	awarding criminal affecting can resu (Remedi	a must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the federal g agency or pass-through entity all violations of federal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially the federal award. Failure to make required disclosures alt in any of the remedies described in 2 C.F.R. 200.339 ies for Noncompliance), including suspension or debar- <i>C.F.R. 200.113</i>			

Procurement Standards District Procedures	The district must have and use documented procurement proce- dures, consistent with state, local, and tribal laws and regulations and the standards of 2 C.F.R. 200.318, for the acquisition of prop- erty or services required under a federal award or subaward. The district's documented procurement procedures [see Competition, below] must conform to the procurement standards identified in 2 C.F.R. 200.317 through 200.327.		
Oversight	The district must maintain oversight to ensure that contractors per- form in accordance with the terms, conditions, and specifications of their contracts or purchase orders.		
Conflicts of Interest	The district must maintain written standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and governing the actions of its employees en- gaged in the selection, award, and administration of contracts. No employee, officer, or agent may participate in the selection, award, or administration of a contract supported by a federal award if he or she has a real or apparent conflict of interest. A conflict of interest would arise when the employee, officer, or agent, any member of his or her immediate family, his or her partner, or an organization that employs or is about to employ any of these parties, has a financial or other interest in or a tangible personal benefit from a firm considered for a contract. The officers, employees, and agents of the district may neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or anything of monetary value from contractors or parties to subcontracts. However, districts may set standards for situations in which the financial interest is not substantial or the gift is an unsolicited item of nominal value. The standards of conduct must provide for disciplinary actions to be applied for violations of such standards by officers, employees, or agents of the district. [See BBFA, CAA(LOCAL), CB(LOCAL), DBD]		
Records	The district must maintain records sufficient to detail the history of procurement. These records will include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following: rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, and the basis for the contract price. [See Pre-procurement Review and Contract Cost and Price, below]		
	2 C.F.R. 200.318(a), (b), (c)(1), (i)		
	[See 2 C.F.R. 200.334 for record retention requirements.]		
Financial Management	The district's financial management systems, including records documenting compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award, must be sufficient to permit the preparation of reports required by general and program- specific terms and conditions; and the tracing of funds to a level of expenditures adequate to establish that such funds have been		
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used according to the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award. [See also 2 C.F.R. 200.450 (Lobbying)]

The district's financial management system must comply with 2 C.F.R. 200.302(b). [See also 2 C.F.R. 200.334 (Retention requirements for records), .335 (Requests for transfer of records), .336 (Methods for collection, transmission and storage of information), and .337 (Access to records)]

2 C.F.R. 200.302

Internal Controls The district must:

- Establish and maintain effective internal control over the federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the district is managing the award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the award. These internal controls should be in compliance with guidance in "Standards for Internal Control in the Federal Government" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States or the "Internal Control Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).
- 2. Comply with the U.S. Constitution, federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the award.
- 3. Evaluate and monitor the district's compliance with statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of federal awards.
- 4. Take prompt action when instances of noncompliance are identified including noncompliance identified in audit findings.
- 5. Take reasonable measures to safeguard protected personally identifiable information and other information the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity designates as sensitive or the district considers sensitive consistent with applicable federal, state, local, and tribal laws regarding privacy and responsibility over confidentiality.

#### 2 C.F.R. 200.303

"Internal controls" for districts means processes designed and implemented by districts to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives in the following categories:

- 1. Effectiveness and efficiency of operations;
- 2. Reliability of reporting for internal and external use; and

3. Compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

2 C.F.R. 200.1

*Competition* All procurement transactions for the acquisition of property or services required under a federal award must be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition consistent with the standards of 2 C.F.R. 200.319 and 200.320 (Methods of procurement to be followed).

In order to ensure objective contractor performance and eliminate unfair competitive advantage, contractors that develop or draft specifications, requirements, statements of work, or invitations for bids or requests for proposals must be excluded from competing for such procurements.

The district must conduct procurements in a manner that prohibits the use of statutorily or administratively imposed state, local, or tribal geographical preferences in the evaluation of bids or proposals, except in those cases where applicable federal statutes expressly mandate or encourage geographic preference. Nothing in this provision preempts state licensing laws. When contracting for architectural and engineering services, geographic location may be a selection criterion provided its application leaves an appropriate number of qualified firms, given the nature and size of the project, to compete for the contract.

The district must have written procedures for procurement transactions. These procedures must ensure that all solicitations meet the requirements of 2 C.F.R. 200.319(d). [See Procurement Standards, above]

The district must ensure that all prequalified lists of persons, firms, or products which are used in acquiring goods and services are current and include enough qualified sources to ensure maximum open and free competition. Also, the district must not preclude potential bidders from qualifying during the solicitation period.

Noncompetitive procurements can only be awarded in accordance with 2 C.F.R. 200.320(c).

#### 2 C.F.R. 200.319

Procurement<br/>MethodsThe district must have and use documented procurement proce-<br/>dures, consistent with the standards of 2 C.F.R. 200.320 and<br/>200.317 (Procurements by states), 200.318 (General procurement<br/>standards), and 200.319 (Competition) for any of the following<br/>methods of procurement used for the acquisition of property or ser-<br/>vices required under a federal award or sub-award. 2 C.F. R.<br/>200.320

Informal Procurement Methods	When the value of the procurement for property or services under a federal award does not exceed the simplified acquisition thresh- old, as defined in 2 C.F.R. 200.1, or a lower threshold established by a district, formal procurement methods are not required. The district may use informal procurement methods to expedite the completion of its transactions and minimize the associated admin- istrative burden and cost. The informal methods used for procure- ment of property or services at or below the simplified acquisition threshold include:
Micro- Purchases— Definitions	"Micro-purchase" means a purchase of supplies or services, the aggregate amount of which does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold. Micro-purchases comprise a subset of a district's small purchases as defined in 2 C.F.R. 200.320.
	"Micro-purchase threshold" means the dollar amount at or below which a district may purchase property or services using micro-pur- chase procedures. Generally, the micro-purchase threshold for pro- curement activities administered under federal awards is not to ex- ceed the amount set by the Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) at 48 C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart 2.1 [see below], unless a higher threshold is requested by the district and approved by the cogni- zant agency for indirect costs.
	2 C.F.R. 200.1
	Micro-purchase threshold means \$10,000, except as provided by 48 C.F.R. 2.101. <i>48 C.F.R. 2.101</i>
Micro- Purchase Distribution	The acquisition of supplies or services, the aggregate dollar amount of which does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold. [See the definition of "micro-purchase" above.] To the maximum extent practicable, the district should distribute micro-purchases equitably among qualified suppliers. $2 C.F.R. 200.320(a)(1)(i)$
Micro- Purchase Awards	Micro-purchases may be awarded without soliciting competitive price or rate quotations if the district considers the price to be reasonable based on research, experience, purchase history or other information and documents it files accordingly. Purchase cards can be used for micro-purchases if procedures are documented and approved by the district. 2 C.F.R. $200.320(a)(1)(ii)$
Micro- Purchase Thresholds	The district is responsible for determining and documenting an ap- propriate micro-purchase threshold based on internal controls, an evaluation of risk, and its documented procurement procedures. The micro-purchase threshold used by the district must be author- ized or not prohibited under state, local, or tribal laws or regula- tions. Districts may establish a threshold higher than the federal

threshold established in the FAR in accordance with 2 C.F.R.	
200.320(a)(1)(iv) and (v). 2 C.F.R. 200.320(a)(1)(iii)	

Districts may establish a threshold higher than the micro-purchase threshold identified in the FAR in accordance with the requirements of 2 C.F.R. 200.320. The district may self-certify a threshold up to \$50,000 on an annual basis and must maintain documentation to be made available to the federal awarding agency and auditors in accordance with 2 C.F.R. 200.334. The self-certification must include a justification, clear identification of the threshold, and supporting documentation of any of the following:

- 1. A qualification as a low-risk auditee, in accordance with the criteria in 2 C.F.R. 200.520 for the most recent audit.
- 2. An annual internal institutional risk assessment to identify, mitigate, and manage financial risks; or,
- 3. For public institutions, a higher threshold consistent with state law.

#### 2 C.F.R. 200.320(a)(1)(iv)

Micro-purchase thresholds higher than \$50,000 must be approved by the cognizant agency for indirect costs. The district must submit a request with the requirements included in 2 C.F.R. 200.320(a)(1)(iv). The increased threshold is valid until there is a change in status in which the justification was approved. 2 C.F.R. 200.320(a)(1)(v)

*Small Purchases— Procedures Procedures* The acquisition of property or services, the aggregate dollar amount of which is higher than the micro-purchase threshold but does not exceed the simplified acquisition threshold. If small purchase procedures are used, price or rate quotations must be obtained from an adequate number of qualified sources as determined appropriate by the district. 2 C.F.R. 200.320(a)(2)(i)

Small "Simplified acquisition threshold" means the dollar amount below Purchaseswhich a district may purchase property or services using small pur-Simplified chase methods. Districts adopt small purchase procedures in order Acquisition to expedite the purchase of items at or below the simplified acquisi-Thresholds tion threshold. The simplified acquisition threshold for procurement activities administered under federal awards is set by the FAR at 48 C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart 2.1 [see below]. The district is responsible for determining an appropriate simplified acquisition threshold based on internal controls, an evaluation of risk, and its documented procurement procedures. However, in no circumstances can this threshold exceed the dollar value established in the FAR

	old.	C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart 2.1) for the simplified acquisition thresh- Recipients should determine if local government laws on pur- sing apply. <i>2 C.F.R. 200.1, .320(a)(2)(ii)</i>
		plified acquisition threshold means \$250,000, except as pro- d by 48 C.F.R. 2.101. <i>48 C.F.R. 2.101</i>
Formal Procurement Methods	a fee tion proc requ meth proc 2000 for p sitio	en the value of the procurement for property or services under deral financial assistance award exceeds the simplified acquisi- threshold, or a lower threshold established by a district, formal curement methods are required. Formal procurement methods are following documented procedures. Formal procurement hods also require public advertising unless a non-competitive curement can be used in accordance with 2 C.F.R. 200.319 or .320(c). The following formal methods of procurement are used procurement of property or services above the simplified acqui- n threshold or a value below the simplified acquisition thresh- the district determines to be appropriate:
Sealed Bids	firm resp term The	ocurement method in which bids are publicly solicited and a fixed-price contract (lump sum or unit price) is awarded to the ponsible bidder whose bid, conforming with all the material is and conditions of the invitation for bids, is the lowest in price. sealed bids method is the preferred method for procuring conction, if the conditions [ <i>sic</i> ].
		rder for sealed bidding to be feasible, the following conditions uld be present:
	1.	A complete, adequate, and realistic specification or purchase description is available.
	2.	Two or more responsible bidders are willing and able to compete effectively for the business; and
	3.	The procurement lends itself to a firm fixed price contract and the selection of the successful bidder can be made principally on the basis of price.
	lf se	aled bids are used, the following requirements apply:
	1.	Bids must be solicited from an adequate number of qualified sources, providing them sufficient response time prior to the date set for opening the bids, for local governments, the invi- tation for bids must be publicly advertised;
	2.	The invitation for bids, which will include any specifications and pertinent attachments, must define the items or services in order for the bidder to properly respond;

- 3. All bids will be opened at the time and place prescribed in the invitation for bids, and for local governments, the bids must be opened publicly.
- 4. A firm fixed price contract award will be made in writing to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder. Where specified in bidding documents, factors such as discounts, transportation cost, and life cycle costs must be considered in determining which bid is lowest. Payment discounts will only be used to determine the low bid when prior experience indicates that such discounts are usually taken advantage of; and
- 5. Any or all bids may be rejected if there is a sound documented reason.

2 C.F.R. 200.320(b)(1)

- *Proposals* A procurement method in which either a fixed price or cost-reimbursement type contract is awarded. Proposals are generally used when conditions are not appropriate for the use of sealed bids. They are awarded in accordance with the following requirements:
  - Requests for proposals must be publicized and identify all evaluation factors and their relative importance. Proposals must be solicited from an adequate number of qualified offerors. Any response to publicized requests for proposals must be considered to the maximum extent practical;
  - The district must have a written method for conducting technical evaluations of the proposals received and making selections;
  - 3. Contracts must be awarded to the responsible offeror whose proposal is most advantageous to the district, with price and other factors considered; and
  - 4. The district may use competitive proposal procedures for qualifications-based procurement of architectural/engineering (A/E) professional services whereby offeror's qualifications are evaluated and the most qualified offeror is selected, subject to negotiation of fair and reasonable compensation. The method, where price is not used as a selection factor, can only be used in procurement of A/E professional services. It cannot be used to purchase other types of services though A/E firms are a potential source to perform the proposed effort.

2 C.F.R. 200.320(b)(2)

	oncompetitive rocurement	There are specific circumstances in which noncompetitive procure- ment can be used. Noncompetitive procurement can only be awarded if one or more of the following circumstances apply:			
		1.	The acquisition of property or services, the aggregate dollar amount of which does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold;		
		2.	The item is available only from a single source;		
		3.	The public exigency or emergency for the requirement will not permit a delay resulting from publicizing a competitive solicita- tion;		
		4.	The federal awarding agency or pass-through entity expressly authorizes a noncompetitive procurement in response to a written request from the district; or		
		5.	After solicitation of a number of sources, competition is deter- mined inadequate.		
		2 C.	F.R. 200.320(c)		
	ooperative urchasing	effor fede and whe good docu	oster greater economy and efficiency, and in accordance with rts to promote cost-effective use of shared services across the eral government, the district is encouraged to enter into state local intergovernmental agreements or inter-entity agreements re appropriate for procurement or use of common or shared ds and services. Competition requirements will be met with umented procurement actions using strategic sourcing, shared rices, and other similar procurement arrangements. <i>2 C.F.R.</i> .318(e)		
and	ority, Small, Women's inesses	mino	district must take all necessary affirmative steps to assure that prity businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor sur- area firms are used when possible. Affirmative steps must in- e:		
		1.	Placing qualified small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises on solicitation lists;		
		2.	Assuring that small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources;		
		3.	Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enter- prises;		

	4.	Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement per- mits, which encourage participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;
	5.	Using the services and assistance, as appropriate, of such or- ganizations as the Small Business Administration and the Mi- nority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce; and
	6.	Requiring the prime contractor, if subcontracts are to be let, to take the affirmative steps listed in items 1 through 5 above.
	2 C.	.F.R. 200.321
Domestic Preference	sho prov proc not ture clud	appropriate and to the extent consistent with law, the district uld, to the greatest extent practicable under a federal award, vide a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, ducts, or materials produced in the United States (including but limited to iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufac- id products). The requirements of 2 C.F.R. 200.322 must be in- led in all subawards including all contracts and purchase orders work or products under this award.
	For	purposes of this provision:
	1.	"Produced in the United States" means, for iron and steel products, that all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, occurred in the United States.
	2.	"Manufactured products" means items and construction mate- rials composed in whole or in part of non-ferrous metals such as aluminum; plastics and polymer-based products such as polyvinyl chloride pipe; aggregates such as concrete; glass, including optical fiber; and lumber.
	2 C.	.F.R. 200.322
Pre-procurement Review	awa proc	e district must make available upon request, for the federal arding agency or pass-through entity pre-procurement review, curement documents, such as requests for proposals or invita- s for bids, or independent cost estimates, when:
	1.	The district's procurement procedures or operation fails to comply with the procurement standards in 2 C.F.R. Part 200;
	2.	The procurement is expected to exceed the simplified acquisi- tion threshold and is to be awarded without competition or only one bid or offer is received in response to a solicitation;

	3.	The procurement, which is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, specifies a "brand name" product;
	4.	The proposed contract is more than the simplified acquisition threshold and is to be awarded to other than the apparent low bidder under a sealed bid procurement; or
	5.	A proposed contract modification changes the scope of a con- tract or increases the contract amount by more than the sim- plified acquisition threshold.
	2 C.	F.R. 200.325(b)
Contract Cost and Price	ever thre of a proc	district must perform a cost or price analysis in connection with ry procurement action in excess of the simplified acquisition shold including contract modifications. The method and degree nalysis is dependent on the facts surrounding the particular curement situation, but as a starting point, the district must e independent estimates before receiving bids or proposals.
	for e case sona work tor's reco	district must negotiate profit as a separate element of the price each contract in which there is no price competition and in all es where cost analysis is performed. To establish a fair and rea- able profit, consideration must be given to the complexity of the c to be performed, the risk borne by the contractor, the contrac- investment, the amount of subcontracting, the quality of its and of past performance, and industry profit rates in the sur- ading geographical area for similar work.
	fede cost the erer	ts or prices based on estimated costs for contracts under the ral award are allowable only to the extent that costs incurred or estimates included in negotiated prices would be allowable for district under 2 C.F.R. Part 200, Subpart E. The district may ref- nce its own cost principles that comply with the federal cost ciples.
		cost plus a percentage of cost and percentage of construction methods of contracting must not be used.
	2 C.	F.R. 200.324
Contract Provisions		district's contracts must contain the applicable provisions de- bed in appendix II to 2 C.F.R. Part 200. 2 C.F.R. 200.327
Suspension and Debarment	pens awa barr ticip	ricts are subject to the non-procurement debarment and sus- sion regulations at 2 C.F.R. Part 180. These regulations restrict rds, subawards, and contracts with certain parties that are de- ed, suspended, or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for par- ation in federal assistance programs or activities. <i>2 C.F.R.</i> <i>214</i>

Remedies for Noncompliance	If a district fails to comply with the U.S. Constitution, federal stat- utes, regulations, or the terms and conditions of a federal award, the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may impose additional conditions, as described in 2 C.F.R. 200.208 (Specific Conditions). If the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity determines that noncompliance cannot be remedied by imposing additional conditions, the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may take one or more of the following actions, as appropriate in the circumstances:		
	1.	Temporarily withhold cash payments pending correction of the deficiency by the district or more severe enforcement action by the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity.	
	2.	Disallow (that is, deny both use of funds and any applicable matching credit for) all or part of the cost of the activity or action not in compliance.	
	3.	Wholly or partly suspend or terminate the federal award.	
	4.	Initiate suspension or debarment proceedings as authorized under 2 C.F.R. Part 180 and federal awarding agency regula- tions (or in the case of a pass-through entity, recommend such a proceeding be initiated by a federal awarding agency).	
	5.	Withhold further federal awards for the project or program.	
	6.	Take other remedies that may be legally available.	
	2 C.I	F.R. 200.339	
Travel Costs	Travel costs are the expenses for transportation, lodging, subsist- ence, and related items incurred by employees who are in travel status on official business of the district. Such costs may be charged on an actual cost basis, on a per diem or mileage basis in lieu of actual costs incurred, or on a combination of the two, pro- vided the method used is applied to an entire trip and not to se- lected days of the trip, and results in charges consistent with those normally allowed in like circumstances in the district's non-federally funded activities and in accordance with the district's written travel reimbursement policies.		
	trave 5701 or by	e absence of an acceptable, written district policy regarding el costs, the rates and amounts established under 5 U.S.C. I-11 (Travel and Subsistence Expenses; Mileage Allowances), y the administrator of general services, or by the president (or or her designee) pursuant to any provisions of such subchapter	

	must apply to travel under federal awards [48 C.F.R. 31.205– 46(a)].
	2 C.F.R. 200.475(a), (d)
Property Standards Federally Owned Property	Title to federally owned property remains vested in the federal gov- ernment. The district must submit annually an inventory listing of federally owned property in its custody to the federal awarding agency. Upon completion of the federal award or when the property is no longer needed, the district must report the property to the fed- eral awarding agency for further federal agency utilization.
	Exempt property means property acquired under a federal award where the federal awarding agency has chosen to vest title to the property to the district without further responsibility to the federal government, based upon the explicit terms and conditions of the federal award. The federal awarding agency may exercise this op- tion when statutory authority exists. Absent statutory authority and specific terms and conditions of the federal award, title to exempt property acquired under the federal award remains with the federal government.
	2 C.F.R. 200.312(a), (c)
Property Trust Relationship	Real property, equipment, and intangible property that are acquired or improved with a federal award must be held in trust by the dis- trict as trustee for the beneficiaries of the project or program under which the property was acquired or improved. The federal award- ing agency may require the district to record liens or other appro- priate notices of record to indicate that personal or real property has been acquired or improved with a federal award and that use and disposition conditions apply to the property. <i>2 C.F.R. 200.316</i>
Real Property	Subject to the requirements and conditions set forth in 2 C.F.R. 200.311, title to real property acquired or improved under a federal award will vest upon acquisition in the district.
	Except as otherwise provided by federal statutes or by the federal awarding agency, real property will be used for the originally au- thorized purpose as long as needed for that purpose, during which time the district must not dispose of or encumber its title or other interests.
	When real property is no longer needed for the originally author- ized purpose, the district must obtain disposition instructions from the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity. The instruc- tions must provide for one of the following alternatives:
	1. Retain title after compensating the federal awarding agency an amount determined under 2 C.F.R. 200.311(c)(1).

	2. Sell the property and compensate the federal awarding agency an amount determined under 2 C.F.R. 200.311(c)(2).		
	<ol> <li>Transfer title to the federal awarding agency or to a third party designated/approved by the federal awarding agency. The district is entitled to be paid an amount calculated by applying the district's percentage of participation in the purchase of the real property (and cost of any improvements) to the current fair market value of the property.</li> </ol>		
	2 C.F.R. 200.311		
Equipment <i>Title and Use</i>	Subject to the requirements and conditions set forth in 2 C.F.R. 200.313, title to equipment acquired under a federal award will vest upon acquisition in the district. Unless a statute specifically authorizes the federal agency to vest title in the district without further responsibility to the federal government, and the federal agency elects to do so, the title must be a conditional title. Title must vest in the district subject to the following conditions:		
	<ol> <li>Use the equipment for the authorized purposes of the project during the period of performance, or until the property is no longer needed for the purposes of the project.</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Not encumber the property without approval of the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity.</li> </ol>		
	3. Use and dispose of the property in accordance with the provisions below.		
	Equipment must be used by the district in the program or project for which it was acquired in accordance with 2 C.F.R. 200.313(c).		
	Procedures for managing equipment (including replacement equip- ment), whether acquired in whole or in part under a federal award, until disposition takes place will, as a minimum, meet the require- ments of 2 C.F.R. 200.313(d).		
Disposition	If the district is authorized or required to sell the property, proper sales procedures must be established to ensure the highest possible return.		
	When original or replacement equipment acquired under a federal award is no longer needed for the original project or program or for other activities currently or previously supported by a federal awarding agency, except as otherwise provided in federal statutes, regulations, or federal awarding agency disposition instructions, the district must request disposition instructions from the federal awarding agency if required by the terms and conditions of the fed-		

	eral award. Disposition of the equipment will be made as pre- scribed in 2 C.F.R. 200.313(e), in accordance with federal award- ing agency disposition instructions.
	2 C.F.R. 200.313
Supplies	Title to supplies will vest in the district upon acquisition. If there is a residual inventory of unused supplies exceeding \$5,000 in total aggregate value upon termination or completion of the project or program and the supplies are not needed for any other federal award, the district must retain the supplies for use on other activities or sell them, but must, in either case, compensate the federal government for its share. The amount of compensation must be computed in the same manner as for equipment under 2 C.F.R. 200.313(e)(2). $2 C.F.R. 200.314(a)$
Intangible Property	Title to intangible property acquired under a federal award vests upon acquisition in the district. The district must use that property for the originally authorized purpose, and must not encumber the property without approval of the federal awarding agency. When no longer needed for the originally authorized purpose, disposition of the intangible property must occur in accordance with the provi- sions in 2 C.F.R. 200.313(e). 2 C.F.R. 200.315(a)
Prohibition on Foreign Telecommunications Equipment	Recipients and subrecipients are prohibited from obligating or expending loan or grant funds in violation of 2 C.F.R. 200.216(a).
Direct Grant Programs	The regulations in 34 C.F.R. Part 75 apply to each direct grant pro- gram of the ED. <i>34 C.F.R. 75.1</i>
State-Administered Programs	The regulations in 34 C.F.R. Part 76 apply to each state-adminis- tered program of the ED. <i>34 C.F.R. 76.1</i>
General Education Provision Act	The regulations in 34 C.F.R. Part 81 govern the enforcement of le- gal requirements under applicable programs administered by the ED and implement Part E of the General Education Provisions Act (GEPA). <i>34 C.F.R. 81.1</i>
	<sup>1</sup> TEA EDGAR Materials and Resources: https://tea.texas.gov/Finance_and_Grants/Grants/EDGAR_Materials_and <u>Resources/</u>

- <sup>2</sup> ED EDGAR website:
- https://www2.ed.gov/policy/fund/reg/edgarReg/edgar.html
- <sup>3</sup> ED Uniform Guidance website:
- https://www2.ed.gov/policy/fund/guid/uniform-guidance/index.html

LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES AD VALOREM TAXES

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Denton ISD 061901			
LOCAL REVENUE SOURCESCCGAD VALOREM TAXES(LEGAL)			
<b>Tax Rate Adoption</b> Maintenance Taxes	The board may levy, assess, and collect annual ad valorem taxes for the maintenance of the district's schools. Taxes may not be levied unless authorized by a majority of the qualified voters of the district, voting at an election called for that purpose. <i>Education Code 45.002, .003(a)</i>		
Restriction on Maintenance Tax Levy	A district may not levy the district's maintenance taxes at a rate in- tended to create a surplus in maintenance tax revenue for the pur- pose of paying the district's debt service. <i>Education Code</i> <i>45.0021(a)</i> [See Taxpayer Injunction, below]		
	<b>Note:</b> For information on the consequences of violating this re- striction, see Education Code 45.0021(c)-(e). See also Taxpayer Injunction below.		
Exceptions	Education Code 45.0021 does not prohibit a district from:		
	<ol> <li>Using a surplus in maintenance tax revenue to pay the dis- trict's debt service if the district's interest and sinking fund tax revenue is insufficient to pay the district's debt service due to circumstances beyond the district's control and the use of the surplus maintenance tax revenue to pay the district's debt service is necessary to prevent a default on the district's debt;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Paying a portion of the district's maintenance tax revenue into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone under Tax Code Chapter 311; or</li> </ol>		
	3. Using money disbursed from the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone under Tax Code Chapter 311 in accordance with the agreement entered into by the district with the governing body of the municipality or county that designated the zone under Tax Code 311.013(f).		
	Education Code 45.0021(f)		
<i>Maintenance Tax Rate Components</i> Tier One	A district's tier one maintenance and operations tax rate is the number of cents levied by the district for maintenance and opera- tions that does not exceed the maximum compressed rate, as de- termined under Education Code 48.2551.		
Maximum Compressed Rate	"MCR" is the district's maximum compressed rate, which is the tax rate for the current tax year per \$100 of valuation of taxable prop- erty at which the district must levy a maintenance and operations tax to receive the full amount of the tier one allotment to which the district is entitled under Education Code Chapter 48. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall calculate and make available school districts' maximum compressed rates.		

Local appraisal districts, school districts, and the comptroller shall provide any information necessary to TEA to implement Education Code 48.2551.

#### Education Code 48.2551(a-3), (d), (d-1)

School districts' maximum compressed maintenance and operations tax rates shall be calculated using locally certified property values and adjusted to estimate for exclusions under Government Code 403.302(d).

TEA will open a data collection from 12:01 a.m. on July 18 through 11:59 p.m. on August 1 for districts. Districts must submit the data specified in 19 Administrative Code 61.1000(c). TEA will use any available data to calculate MCR absent data collection submissions from a school district.

19 TAC 61.1000(b), (c), (h)

TEA will calculate and make available preliminary maximum compressed tier one tax rates to each district on or before August 5. If TEA receives an appeal of a preliminary MCR, TEA will issue a final determination to the district no later than August 31. If TEA does not receive an appeal of a preliminary MCR, the preliminary MCR automatically becomes a final MCR ten calendar days following TEA's approval of the district's preliminary MCR. *19 TAC* 61.1000(d)-(f)

A district may appeal its preliminary MCR through the following process:

- The TEA division responsible for MCRs must receive a written appeal no later than ten calendar days after TEA's approval of the district's preliminary MCR. The appeal must include adequate evidence and additional information that supports the position of the district. Appeals received 11 calendar days or more after TEA approves a district's preliminary MCR will not be considered.
- 2. TEA will only consider appeals that would result in a change of the preliminary MCR.

#### 19 TAC 61.1000(g); Education Code 48.2551(d-2)

Tier Two A district's enrichment tax rate consists of:

1. Any cents of additional maintenance and operations tax effort, not to exceed eight cents over the maximum tier one tax rate; and

	2. Any cents of additional maintenance and operations tax effort that exceeds the sum of the maximum tier one tax rate and the maximum number of cents permitted under item 1 above.			
	Education Code 45.0032(a), (b)			
Districts Subject to Disaster Exception	For a district to which Tax Code 26.042(e) [see Disaster Exception to Election Requirement, below] applies, the amount by which the district's maintenance tax rate exceeds the district's voter-approval tax rate, excluding the district's current debt rate under Tax Code 26.08(n)(3) for the preceding year is not considered in determining a district's tier one maintenance and operations tax rate or the district's enrichment tax rate for the current tax year. <i>Education Code</i> $45.0032(d)$			
Maximum Tax Rate	For any year, the maintenance tax rate per \$100 of taxable value adopted by the district may not exceed the rate equal to the sum of \$0.17 and the district's maximum compressed rate, as determined under Education Code 48.2551.			
	A rate that exceeds the maximum rate for the year in which the tax is to be imposed is void. A district with a tax rate that is void under this provision may, subject to requirements imposed by other law, adopt a rate for that year that does not exceed the specified maxi- mum rate for that year.			
	Education Code 45.003(d), (e)			
Districts with 2005 Tax Rate over \$1.50	Notwithstanding any other law, a district that levied a maintenance tax for the 2005 tax year at a rate greater than \$1.50 per \$100 of taxable value in the district as permitted by special law [Art. 2784g Tex. Rev. Civ. Stat.] may not levy a maintenance tax at a rate that exceeds the rate per \$100 of taxable value that is equal to the sum of \$0.17 and the product of 66.67 percent multiplied by the rate of the maintenance tax levied by the district for the 2005 tax year, mi- nus any amount by which \$1.00 exceeds the product of the state compression percentage, as determined under Education Code 48.255, multiplied by \$1.00. Education Code 45.003(f)			
	For a district described above, any cents of maintenance and oper- ations tax effort that exceeds the maximum rate described at Maxi- mum Tax Rate are not included in the district's tier one mainte- nance and operations tax rate or the district's enrichment tax rate and the district is not entitled to the guaranteed yield amount of state funds under Education Code 48.202 for those cents of tax ef- fort. <i>Education Code</i> 45.0032(c)			
Assessor and Collector	The board may employ a person to assess or collect the district's taxes and may compensate the person as the board considers appropriate. This provision does not prohibit a district from providing			
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	for the assessment or collection of the district's taxes under a method authorized by Tax Code Chapter 6, Subchapter B. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 45.231</i>
	A district that used a method of selection for the 1994 tax year that was authorized by former Education Code Chapter 23, Subchapter F, may continue to use that method until the district uses another method authorized above. <i>Education Code 45.232</i>
	The assessor and collector shall assess, collect, or assess and collect taxes, as applicable. <i>Tax Code 6.23(b)</i>
Collector's Bond	A district that has its own collector shall require the collector to give bond conditioned on the faithful performance of duties. The bond must be made payable to and be approved by the board in an amount determined by the board. The board may require a new bond at any time, and failure to give new bond within a reasonable time after demand is a ground for removal from office. The board may prescribe additional requirements for the bond.
	A district whose taxes are collected by a person other than the dis- trict's own collector may require that person to give bond condi- tioned on the faithful performance of duties. The bond must be pay- able to, approved by, and paid for by the board in an amount determined by the board. The board may prescribe additional re- quirements for the bond.
	A district shall pay the premium for a required bond from its general fund or as provided by intergovernmental contract.
	Tax Code 6.29
Certified Estimate of Values	By April 30, the chief appraiser shall prepare and certify to the dis- trict's assessor an estimate of the taxable value of district property. <i>Tax Code 26.01(e)</i>
Appraisal Roll	By July 25, the chief appraiser shall prepare and certify to the as- sessor for the district that part of the appraisal roll that lists the property taxable by the district. The part certified to the assessor is the appraisal roll for the district.
	If by July 20 the appraisal review board has not approved the appraisal records as required under Tax Code 41.12, the chief appraiser shall not later than July 25 prepare and certify to the assessor for a school district an estimate of the taxable value of property in the school district.
	Tax Code 26.01(a)–(a-1)

*Tax Code 26.01(a)–(a-1)* 

	By August 1 or as soon thereafter as practicable, the district's as- sessor shall submit to the board the district's appraisal roll, show-
	ing the total appraised, assessed, and taxable values of all prop- erty and the total taxable value of new property.
	By August 1 or as soon thereafter as practicable, a district's collec- tor shall certify to the board the anticipated collection rate for the current year. If the collector certified an anticipated collection rate in the preceding year and the actual collection rate in that year ex- ceeded the anticipated rate, the collector shall also certify the amount of debt taxes collected in excess of the anticipated amount in the preceding year.
	Tax Code 26.04(b)
Designated Employee/Officer to Calculate Rates	After the district's assessor submits the appraisal roll to the board, an officer or employee designated by the board shall calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and the voter-approval tax rate for the dis- trict.
Required Calculation Forms	The designated officer or employee shall use the tax rate calcula- tion forms prescribed by the comptroller under Tax Code 5.07 in calculating the no-new-revenue tax rate and the voter-approval tax rate.
Calculation Forms to County Tax Assessor- Collector	As soon as practicable after the designated officer or employee calculates the no-new-revenue tax rate and the voter-approval tax rate of the district, the designated officer or employee shall submit the tax rate calculation forms used in calculating the rates to the county assessor-collector for each county in which all or part of the territory of the district is located.
	Tax Code 26.04(c), (d-1), (d-3)
	[See CE regarding the requirement to attach tax rate calculation forms as an appendix to a district's budget.]
Truth-in-Taxation Requirements	<b>Note:</b> The <i>Truth in Taxation</i> website maintained by the Texas comptroller of public accounts offers <u>detailed guidance</u> on setting local property tax rates for school districts. <sup>1</sup>
<i>Meeting to Adopt Budget</i>	When the budget has been prepared under Education Code 44.002, the board president shall call a meeting of the board for the purpose of adopting a budget for the succeeding tax year. The budget must be adopted before the adoption of the tax rate for the tax year in which the fiscal year covered by the budget begins. <i>Education Code 44.004(a), (g)</i> [See CE]

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LOCAL REVENUE SOURCESCCGAD VALOREM TAXES(LEGAL	
Published Notice	The board president shall provide for publication of notice of the budget and proposed tax rate meeting in a daily, weekly, or bi- weekly newspaper published in the district. If no daily, weekly, or biweekly newspaper is published in the district, the president shall provide for publication of notice in at least one newspaper of gen- eral circulation in the county in which the district's central adminis- trative office is located. The notice shall be published not earlier than the 30th day or later than the tenth day before the date of the hearing.
Form and Contents	The notice of public meeting to discuss and adopt the budget and the proposed tax rate may not be smaller than one-quarter page of a standard-size or a tabloid-size newspaper, and the headline on the notice must be in 18-point or larger type and contain the infor- mation set out in Education Code 44.004(c) and (c-1).
	The notice must include a statement that a district may not in- crease its maintenance and operations tax rate to create a surplus in maintenance and operations tax revenue for the purpose of pay- ing the district's debt service.
	A notice is not valid if it does not substantially conform to the lan- guage and format prescribed by the comptroller.
	Education Code 44.004(b)–(d)
Debt Service Rate Decrease	If the published interest and sinking fund (debt service) rate decreases after the publication of the required notice, the president is not required to publish another notice or call another meeting to discuss and adopt the budget and the proposed lower tax rate. <i>Education Code</i> $44.004(g-1)$
Districts with July 1 Fiscal Year	Notwithstanding the provisions above, a district with a fiscal year beginning July 1 may use the certified estimate of the taxable value of district property in preparing the required notice if the district does not receive the certified appraisal roll on or before June 7. A district that uses a certified estimate may adopt a budget at the public meeting designated in the published notice prepared using the estimate, but the district may not adopt a tax rate before the district receives the certified appraisal roll for the district.
	After receipt of the certified appraisal roll, a district must publish a revised notice and hold another public meeting before the district may adopt a tax rate that exceeds:
	1. The rate proposed in the notice prepared using the estimate;

	<ol> <li>The district's voter-approval rate determined under Tax Code</li> <li>26.08 using the certified appraisal roll.</li> </ol>		
	Education Code 44.004(h), (i)		
Tax Rate Adoption Requirements <i>Deadline</i>	The board shall adopt a tax rate for the current tax year and shall notify the assessor of the tax rate adopted. [See Adoption of Tax Roll, below] The board must adopt a tax rate before the later of September 30 or the 60th day after the date the certified appraisal roll is received by the district, except that the board must adopt a tax rate that exceeds the voter-approval tax rate not later than the		
	71st day before the next uniform election date that occurs in No- vember of that year. [Note that Election Code 3.005(c) requires that an election to be held on a uniform date be ordered not later than the 78th day before election day; see Time for Election, below.]		
	The tax rate consists of two components, each of which must be approved separately. The components are:		
	<ol> <li>The interest and sinking fund (debt service) rate calculated under Education Code 44.004(c)(5)(A)(ii)(b); and</li> </ol>		
	2. The rate that, if applied to the total taxable value, will impose the amount of taxes needed to fund maintenance and opera- tion expenditures of the district for the next year.		
	<i>Tax Code 26.05(a)</i>		
Tax Date for Certain Districts	A district that before January 1, 1989, has for at least ten years fol- lowed a practice of adopting its tax rate at a different date than as provided by Tax Code Chapter 26 and of billing for and collecting its taxes at different dates than as provided by Chapters 31 and 33 may continue to follow that practice. This does not affect the dates provided by the Property Tax Code (Tax Code Title 1) for other pur- poses, including those relating to the appraisal and taxability of property, the attachment of tax liens and personal liability for taxes, and administrative and judicial review under Chapters 41 and 42. <i>Tax Code 26.135</i>		
Vote	A board may not impose property taxes in any year until it has adopted a tax rate for that year, and the annual tax rate must be set by ordinance, resolution, or order. The vote on the ordinance, resolution, or order setting the tax rate must be separate from the vote adopting the budget. The vote on the ordinance, resolution, or order setting a tax rate that exceeds the sum of the district's no- new-revenue maintenance and operations tax rate and the dis- trict's current debt rate must be a record vote, and at least 60 per- cent of the members of the board must vote in favor of the ordi- nance, resolution, or order.		

Motion	rate the by t tive	A motion to adopt an ordinance, resolution, or order setting a tax rate that exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate must be made in the following form: "I move that the property tax rate be increased by the adoption of a tax rate of (specify tax rate), which is effec- tively a (insert percentage by which the proposed tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate) percent increase in the tax rate."		
Language and Internet Posting	to th mai cee	the ordinance, resolution, or order sets a tax rate that, if applied the total taxable value, will impose an amount of taxes to fund an antenance and operation expenditures of the district that ex- eeds the amount of taxes imposed for that purpose in the preced- ing year the district must:		
	1.		ude in the ordinance, resolution, or order in type larger the type used in any other portion of the document:	
		a.	The following statement: "THIS TAX RATE WILL RAISE MORE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERA- TIONS THAN LAST YEAR'S TAX RATE"; and	
		b.	If the tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the following statement: "THE TAX RATE WILL EFFECTIVELY BE RAISED BY (INSERT PERCENTAGE BY WHICH THE TAX RATE EXCEEDS THE NO-NEW-REVENUE MAINTENANCE AND OPER- ATIONS RATE) PERCENT AND WILL RAISE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS ON A \$100,000 HOME BY APPROXIMATELY \$(Insert amount)."; and	
	2.		ude on the home page of any internet website operated by district:	
		a.	The following statement: "(Insert name of unit) ADOPTED A TAX RATE THAT WILL RAISE MORE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS THAN LAST YEAR'S TAX RATE"; and	
		b.	If the tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the following statement: "THE TAX RATE WILL EFFECTIVELY BE RAISED BY (INSERT PERCENTAGE BY WHICH THE TAX RATE EXCEEDS THE NO-NEW-REVENUE MAINTENANCE AND OPER- ATIONS RATE) PERCENT AND WILL RAISE TAXES FOR MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS ON A \$100,000 HOME BY APPROXIMATELY \$(Insert amount)."	

Tax Code 26.05(b)

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Adoption of Tax Roll	On receipt of notice of the tax rate for the current tax year, to sessor for a district shall calculate the tax imposed on each erty included on the appraisal roll for the district. The assess shall enter the amount of tax in the appraisal roll and submit the board for approval. The appraisal roll with amounts of tax tered as approved by the board constitutes the district's tax <i>Tax Code 26.09(a), (e)</i>	prop- sor t it to ax en-
Failure to Adopt Tax Rate	If the board does not adopt a tax rate before the date require Deadline above, the tax rate for the district for that tax year lower of the no-new-revenue tax rate calculated for that tax the tax rate adopted by the district for the preceding tax year rate established by this provision is treated as an adopted ta Before the fifth day after the establishment of a tax rate by t vision, the board must ratify the applicable tax rate in the ma set out at Tax Rate Adoption Requirements above. <i>Tax Cod</i> 26.05(c)	is the year or Ir. A tax ax rate. his pro- anner
Taxpayer Injunction	A person who owns taxable property in a district is entitled t junction restraining the collection of taxes by the district if the trict has not complied with the requirements of Education C4 44.004(b), (c), (c-1), (c-2), and (d), and, if applicable, (i) [see at Published Notice, including Form and Contents, and Dist with July 1 Fiscal Year, if applicable] and the failure to comp not in good faith. An action to enjoin the collection of taxes r filed before the date a district delivers substantially all of its bills. <i>Education Code 44.004(e)</i>	ie dis- ode e above ricts oly was must be
	A person who owns taxable property is entitled to an injunct hibiting the district in which the property is taxable from ado tax rate if the assessor or designated officer or employee of district, the chief appraiser of the applicable appraisal district the district, as applicable, has not complied with the comput publication, or posting requirements of Tax Code 26.04 or 2 26.17, or 26.18 [see below at Tax Information to County, Ap District Property Tax Database, and Internet Posting of Tax and Budget Information]. It is a defense in an action for an i tion under this provision that the failure to comply was in go faith. <i>Tax Code 26.04(g)</i>	pting a the ct, or tation, 6.16, praisal Rate njunc-
	A person who owns taxable property is entitled to an injunct straining the collection of taxes by a district in which the pro taxable if the district has not complied with the requirements Code 26.04 and 26.05 [see above at Designated Employee to Calculate Rates and Tax Rate Adoption Requirements]. It defense in an action for an injunction under this provision the failure to comply was in good faith. An action to enjoin the c tion of taxes must be filed not later than the 15th day after the	perty is s of Tax /Officer t is a hat the ollec-

	the district adopts a tax rate. A property owner is not required to pay the taxes imposed by a district on the owner's property while an action filed by the property owner to enjoin the collection of taxes imposed by the district on the owner's property is pending. If the property owner pays the taxes and subsequently prevails in the action, the property owner is entitled to a refund of the taxes paid, together with reasonable attorney's fees and court costs. The prop- erty owner is not required to apply to the collector for the district to receive the refund. <i>Tax Code 26.05(e)</i>
	A person who owns taxable property in a district is entitled to an in- junction restraining the collection of taxes by the district if the dis- trict adopts a maintenance tax in violation of Education Code 45.0021(a) [see above at Restriction on Maintenance Tax Levy]. An action to enjoin the collection of taxes must be filed before the date a district delivers substantially all of its tax bills. <i>Education Code</i> 45.0021(b)
Tax Information to County	A district shall provide to the county assessor-collector for each county in which all or part of district territory is located the district's adopted tax rate, maintenance and operations rate, debt rate, no-new-revenue tax rate, no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, and voter-approval tax rate for posting on the county's internet website. The district shall provide the information annually following the adoption of a tax rate by the district for the current tax year. <i>Tax Code 26.16(a)–(b)</i>
Appraisal District Property Tax Database	The officer or employee designated by the board to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and the voter-approval tax rate for the district must electronically incorporate into the database created and maintained by the chief appraiser under Tax Code 26.17 the information required by Tax Code 26.17(e). <i>Tax Code 26.17(e)</i>
Internet Posting of Tax Rate and Budget Information	Each district shall maintain an internet website or have access to a generally accessible internet website that may be used for the purposes of this provision. Each district shall post or cause to be posted on the internet website the information required by Tax Code 26.18 in a format prescribed by the comptroller. <i>Tax Code 26.18</i> [See CE for required information]
Election to Approve Tax Rate	If the board adopts a tax rate that exceeds the district's voter-approval tax rate, the registered voters of the district at an election held for that purpose must determine whether to approve the adopted tax rate. Tax Code 26.08(a), $(n)$
	[For information on conducting elections, see the BBB series.]
Voter-Approval Tax Rate	For purposes of Tax Code 26.08, the voter-approval tax rate of a district is the sum of the following:

	1.		rate per \$100 of taxable value that is equal to the dis- 's maximum compressed tax rate for the current year;		
	2.	The	greater of:		
		a.	The district's enrichment tax rate for the preceding tax year, less any amount by which the district is required to reduce the district's enrichment tax rate under Education Code 48.202(f) in the current tax year; or		
		b.	The rate of \$0.05 per \$100 of taxable value; and		
	3.	The	district's current debt rate.		
	Tax	Code	e 26.08(n)		
Efficiency Audit	"Efficiency audit" means an investigation of the operations of a dis- trict to examine fiscal management, efficiency, and utilization of re- sources.				
	app the	roval distric	d shall conduct an efficiency audit before seeking voter to adopt a tax rate for the maintenance and operations of ct at an election held for that purpose and may not hold an without complying with this requirement.		
	aud aud pay this pers	it und it as p for th provi sonne	d may select the auditor that conducts the district's annual ler Education Code 44.008 and may include the efficiency part of the district's annual audit. [See CFC] A district must he costs associated with an efficiency audit required under sion. A district shall provide all documents, records, and el requested by the auditor as needed to conduct the audit cient manner.		
	late pos tax enc	r thar es to rate. e fron	d must select an auditor to conduct an efficiency audit not a four months before the date on which the district pro- hold an election to adopt a maintenance and operations An auditor selected by the board must maintain independ- n the district and complete the efficiency audit not later e months after the date the auditor was selected.		
	a ta sult of th	x rate s of th ne ele	n election at which a district seeks voter approval to adopt e, the board must hold an open meeting to discuss the re- ne efficiency audit. Not later than 30 days before the date ection, the results of an efficiency audit must be posted on ct's internet website.		
	Edu	icatio	n Code 11.184		
Legislative Budget Board Guidelines	ider	ntifyin	slative Budget Board (LBB) shall establish guidelines g the scope and areas of investigation of an efficiency au- ling identification of resources being used effectively and		

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	efficiently and identification of cost savings or reallocations. The auditor selected by the board of a district must follow the guidelines established by the LBB under this provision. <i>Education Code 11.184(f)</i>
	Efficiency Audit Guidelines <sup>2</sup> are found on the LBB website.
Disaster Exception To Efficiency Audit Requirement	The board of a district all or part of which is located in an area de- clared a disaster area by the governor may hold an election to seek voter approval to adopt a maintenance and operations tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the declaration without conducting an efficiency audit otherwise required above. <i>Education Code 11.184(b-1)</i>
To Election Requirement	When increased expenditure of money by a district is necessary to respond to a disaster, including a tornado, hurricane, flood, wildfire, or other calamity, but not including a drought, epidemic, or pandemic, that has impacted a district and the governor has requested federal disaster assistance for the area in which the district is located, an election is not required under Tax Code 26.08 to approve the tax rate adopted by the board for the year following the year in which the disaster occurs. A tax rate adopted under this provision applies only in the year for which the rate is adopted. <i>Tax Code</i> $26.042(e)$
	If a district adopts a tax rate under Tax Code 26.042(e) above, the amount by which that rate exceeds the district's voter-approval tax rate for that tax year may not be considered when calculating the district's voter-approval tax rate for the tax year following the year in which the district adopts the rate.
	A district that in a tax year elects to adopt a tax rate that exceeds the district's voter-approval tax rate for that tax year without holding an election under Tax Code 26.042(e) above must specify the dis- aster declaration that provides the basis for authorizing the district to calculate or adopt a tax rate under that provision. A district that in a tax year specifies a disaster declaration as providing the basis for authorizing the district to adopt a tax rate under Tax Code 26.042(e) above may not in a subsequent tax year specify the same disaster declaration as providing the basis for authorizing the district to adopt a tax rate under that provision if in an intervening tax year the taxing unit specifies a different disaster declaration as the basis for authorizing the taxing unit to adopt a tax rate under that provision.
	Tax Code 26.042(f)–(g)
Time for Election	The board shall order that the election be held in the district on the next uniform election date prescribed by Election Code 41.001 that

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occurs after the date of the election order and that allows sufficient time to comply with the requirements of other law. *Tax Code* 26.08(b)

Uniform Election Date For an election to be held on a uniform election date, the election shall be ordered not later than the 78th day before election day. Election Code 3.005(c) [See BBBA for other election procedures and requirements.]

Proposition At the election, the ballots shall be prepared to permit voting for or against the proposition: "Ratifying the ad valorem tax rate of (insert adopted tax rate) in (name of school district) for the current vear. a rate that will result in an increase of (insert percentage increase in maintenance and operations tax revenue under the adopted tax rate as compared to maintenance and operations tax revenue in the preceding tax year) percent in maintenance and operations tax revenue for the district for the current year as compared to the preceding year, which is an additional \$ (insert dollar amount of increase in maintenance and operations tax revenue under the adopted tax rate as compared to maintenance and operations tax revenue in the preceding tax year).". Tax Code 26.08(b)

> In addition to any other requirement imposed by law for a proposition, including a provision prescribing the proposition language, a proposition submitted to the voters for approval of the imposition or increase of a tax shall specifically state the amount of or maximum tax rate of the tax or tax increase for which approval is sought. *Election Code 52.072(e)(1)*

> Each proposition on the ballot must identify the name of the authority ordering the election on the measure. *Election Code* 52.095(c)

Election Outcome If a majority of the votes cast in an election favor the proposition, the tax rate for the current year is the rate that was adopted by the board. If the proposition is not approved, a board may not adopt a tax rate for the current year that exceeds the district's voter-approval tax rate. *Tax Code 26.08(c)–(d)* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Truth-in-Taxation: Tax Rate Adoption:

https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/truth-in-taxation/index.php <sup>2</sup> LBB Efficiency Audit Guidelines: <u>https://www.lbb.state.tx.us/Docu-</u> ments/Publications/Policy Report/6365 HB3 Efficiency Audit Guidelines.pdf

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	Note:	For more information on property tax exemptions, see the Texas Comptroller's <u>Property Tax Exemptions</u> <sup>1</sup> website.
Exemptions Homestead <i>Mandatory</i>	\$25,000 of stead, as the exem tion Code	is entitled to exemption from taxation by a district of of the appraised value of the adult's residence home- defined by Tax Code 11.13(j), except that only \$5,000 of ption applies to an entity operating under former Educa- e Chapters 17, 18, 25, 26, 27, or 28, as those chapters ex- May 1, 1995, as permitted by Education Code 11.301. <i>Tax</i> <i>13(b)</i>
Persons 65 or Older or Disabled	abled, as tled to an	n to the mandatory exemption above, an adult who is dis- defined by Tax Code 11.13(m)(1), or 65 or older is enti- exemption of \$10,000 of the appraised value of the indi- esidence homestead. <i>Tax Code 11.13(c)</i>
Tax Limitation	tax it imported tax it imported tax it imported tax in the second	may not increase the total annual amount of ad valorem oses on the residence homestead of an individual 65 age or older, or on the residence homestead of an individ- s disabled, above the amount of the tax it imposed in the ear in which the individual qualified that residence home- an applicable exemption. <i>Tax Code 11.26(a)</i>
Improvements	the individ quired to district may value of t of the enl applies to	vidual subject to a tax limitation makes improvements to dual's residence homestead, other than improvements re- comply with governmental requirements or repairs, the ay increase the tax on the homestead in the first year the he homestead is increased on the appraisal roll because hancement of value by the improvements. A limitation then the increased amount of tax until more improvements, if made. <i>Tax Code 11.26(b)</i>
Exception	provement is a replation habitable For purpositive structure footage of structure occurred quality co	vement to property that would otherwise constitute an im- nt discussed above is not treated as an improvement if it cement structure for a structure that was rendered unin- or unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage. oses of appraising the property in the tax year in which the would have constituted an improvement, the replacement is considered to be an improvement only if the square of the replacement structure exceeds that of the replaced as that structure existed before the casualty or damage or the exterior of the replacement structure is of higher onstruction and composition than that of the replaced Tax Code 11.26(o)

#### AD VALOREM TAXES EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

Portability of Tax Limitation	If an individual who receives a tax limitation, including a surviving spouse, discussed below, subsequently qualifies a different residence homestead for the same exemption, a district may not impose ad valorem taxes on the subsequently qualified homestead in a year in an amount that exceeds the amount of taxes calculated in accordance with Tax Code 11.26(g). <i>Tax Code 11.26(g)</i>
Surviving Spouse	If an individual who qualifies for the exemption at Persons 65 or Older or Disabled, above, dies, the surviving spouse of the individ- ual is entitled to the limitation applicable to the residence home- stead of the individual if the surviving spouse is 55 years of age or older when the individual dies, and the residence homestead of the individual is the residence homestead of the surviving spouse on the date that the individual dies and remains the residence home- stead of the surviving spouse. <i>Tax Code 11.26(i)</i>
<i>Local Options</i> All Taxpayers	In addition to other exemptions in Tax Code 11.13, an individual is entitled to an exemption from taxation by a district of a percentage of the appraised value of the individual's residence homestead if the exemption is adopted by the board before July 1 in the manner provided by law for official action by the board. If the percentage set by the district produces an exemption in a tax year of less than \$5,000 when applied to a particular residence homestead, the indi- vidual is entitled to an exemption of \$5,000 of the appraised value. The percentage adopted by the district may not exceed 20 percent. <i>Tax Code 11.13(n)</i>
Disabled or 65 or Older	An individual who is disabled or 65 or older is entitled to an exemp- tion from taxation by a district of a portion of the appraised value of the individual's residence homestead if the exemption is adopted either by the board or by a favorable vote of a majority of the quali- fied voters of the district at an election called by the board, and the board shall call the election on the petition of at least 20 percent of the number of qualified voters who voted in the preceding election of the district.
Amount	The amount of an exemption adopted as provided at Disabled or 65 or Older is \$3,000 of the appraised value of the residence homestead unless a larger amount is specified by the board if the board authorizes the exemption or the petition for the election if the exemption is authorized through an election. Once authorized, an exemption adopted may be repealed or decreased or increased in amount by the board or by the petition and election procedure. In the case of a decrease, the amount of the exemption may not be reduced to less than \$3,000 of the market value.

Tax Code 11.13(d)–(f)

Continuation of Exemption during Construction	If a qualified residential structure for which the owner receives a homestead exemption under Tax Code 11.13 is rendered uninhabitable or unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage, the owner may continue to receive the exemption for the structure and the land and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the structure while the owner constructs a replacement qualified residential structure on the land in accordance with Tax Code 11.135. <i>Tax Code 11.135(a), .26(n); 34 TAC 9.416</i>
Surviving Spouse of First Responder	The surviving spouse of a first responder who is killed or fatally in- jured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse is an eligible survivor for pur- poses of Government Code Chapter 615 as determined by the Em- ployees Retirement System of Texas and has not remarried since the first responder's death. <i>Tax Code 11.134</i>
Veteran Exemptions 100 Percent Disabled	A disabled veteran who has been awarded by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs or its successor 100 percent disability compen- sation due to a service-connected disability and a rating of 100 per- cent disabled or of individual unemployability is entitled to an ex- emption from taxation of the total appraised value of the veteran's residence homestead. <i>Tax Code 11.131(b)</i>
Partially Disabled with Donated Residence	A disabled veteran who has a disability rating of less than 100 per- cent is entitled to an exemption from taxation of a percentage of the appraised value of the disabled veteran's residence homestead equal to the disabled veteran's disability rating if the residence homestead was donated to the disabled veteran by a charitable or- ganization at no cost to the disabled veteran, or at some cost to the disabled veteran in the form of a cash payment, a mortgage, or both in an aggregate amount that is not more than 50 percent of the good faith estimate of the market value of the residence home- stead made by the charitable organization as of the date of the do- nation. <i>Tax Code 11.132(b)</i>
Surviving Spouse of Veteran	The surviving spouse of a disabled veteran, as defined by Tax Code 11.22(h)(3), is entitled to the same exemption from taxation of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption ap- plied or would have applied if it had been in effect on the date of death if:
	1. The surviving spouse has not remarried since the death of the disabled veteran; and

	<ol> <li>The property was the residence homestead of the surviving spouse when the disabled veteran died and remains the resi- dence homestead of the surviving spouse.</li> </ol>		
	Tax Code 11.131, .132		
Surviving Spouse of Individual Killed in Action	The surviving spouse of a member of the armed services of the United States who is killed in action is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead if the surviving spouse has not remarried since the death of the member of the armed services. <i>Tax Code 11.133</i>		
	Tex. Const. Art. VIII, Sec. 1-b (Residence Homestead Tax Exemp- tions and Limitations)		
Disabled Veteran	A disabled veteran is entitled to an exemption from taxation of a portion of the assessed value of a property the veteran owns and designates under Tax Code 11.22(f). <i>Tax Code 11.22</i>		
Exemption for Subsequent Residence	The surviving spouse of a first responder, disabled veteran, or armed services member killed in action who receives an exemption for a residence homestead is entitled to receive an exemption from taxation of a different property that the surviving spouse subsequently qualifies as the surviving spouse's residence homestead in an amount equal to the dollar amount of the exemption from taxation of the first property for which the surviving spouse received the exemption in the last year in which the surviving spouse received that exemption if the surviving spouse has not remarried. <i>Tax Code</i> $11.131(d), .132(d), .133(c), .134(d)$		
Temporary Exemption for Property Damaged by Disaster	A person is entitled to an exemption from taxation by a district of a portion of the appraised value of qualified property, as defined by Tax Code 11.35(a), that the person owns in an amount determined by the chief appraiser under Tax Code 11.35(h). <i>Tax Code 11.35(b)</i>		
	A person who qualifies for an exemption under this provision must apply for the exemption not later than the 105th day after the date the governor declares the area in which the person's qualified property is located to be a disaster area. <i>Tax Code 11.43(s)</i>		
	"Damage" means physical damage. <i>Tax Code 11.35(a)(1)</i>		
Optional Exemptions	Among others, a board may grant additional tax exemptions in ac- cordance with applicable law for:		
	<ol> <li>Residential property owned by the United States or an agency of the United States and used to provide transitional housing for the indigent under a program operated or directed by the</li> </ol>		

		U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. <i>Tax Code 11.111</i>	
	2.	Land and housing units on the land owned by a community land trust. <i>Tax Code 11.1827</i>	
	3.	Certain historic structures or archeological sites and the land necessary to access and use the structure or archeological site. The board may not repeal or reduce the amount of an exemption for a property that otherwise qualifies for the ex- emption unless the property owner consents to the repeal or reduction or the district provides written notice of the repeal or reduction to the owner not later than five years before the date the board repeals or reduces the exemption. <i>Tax Code</i> <i>11.24</i>	
	4.	Property on which approved water conservation initiatives, desalination projects, or brush control initiatives have been implemented. <i>Tax Code 11.32</i>	
	trict the	district adopts, amends, or repeals an exemption that the dis- by law has the option to adopt or not, the district shall notify appraisal office of its action and of the terms of the exemption in 30 days after the date of its action. <i>Tax Code 6.08</i>	
Goods-in-Transit <i>Exemption</i>	A person is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the appraised value of that portion of the person's property that consists of goods-in-transit, as defined in Tax Code 11.253(a)(2). <i>Tax Code 11.253(b)</i>		
	aste	r information on the board's option in a district located in a dis- er area to extend the date by which goods-in-transit must be sported, see Tax Code 11.253(I).]	
Option to Tax	tran othe take pos erty Cor taxa exe in-tr by c goo	bard, by official action, may provide for the taxation of goods-in- isit exempt under Tax Code 11.253(b) and not exempt under er law. The official action to tax the goods-in-transit must be en before January 1 of the first tax year in which the board pro- es to tax goods-in-transit. Before acting to tax the exempt prop- t, a board must conduct a public hearing as required by Texas astitution Article VIII, Section 1-n(d). If the board provides for the ation of the goods-in-transit as provided by this provision, the mption stated above does not apply to that district. The goods- ransit remain subject to taxation by the district until the board, official action, rescinds or repeals its previous action to tax ds-in-transit, or otherwise determines that the exemption will ly to that district.	
		withstanding official action that was taken before October 1, 1, to tax goods-in-transit, a district may not tax such goods-in-	

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	transit in a tax year that begins on or after January 1, 2012, unless the board takes official action on or after October 1, 2011, to pro- vide for the taxation of the goods-in-transit.		
Exception	If a board, before October 1, 2011, took action to provide for the taxation of goods-in-transit and pledged the taxes imposed on the goods-in-transit for the payment of a debt of the district, the district tax officials may continue to impose the taxes against the goods-in-transit until the debt is discharged, if cessation of the imposition would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was created.		
	Tax Code 11.253(j)–(j-2)		
Payment Options Discounts	The board may adopt, by official action, one or both of the di options below. <i>Tax Code 31.05(a)</i>	scount	
Option 1	A district may adopt the following discounts to apply regardless of the date on which the district mails its tax bills:		
	1. Three percent if the tax is paid in October or earlier.		
	2. Two percent if the tax is paid in November.		
	3. One percent if the tax is paid in December.		
	Tax Code 31.05(b)		
	This discount does not apply to taxes that are calculated too for it to be available. <i>Tax Code 31.04(c)</i>	late	
Option 2	A district may adopt the following discounts to apply when th trict mails its tax bills after September 30:	e dis-	
	<ol> <li>Three percent if the tax is paid before or during the nex calendar month following the date on which the tax bills mailed.</li> </ol>		
	2. Two percent if the tax is paid during the second full cale month following the date on which the tax bills were ma		
	3. One percent if the tax is paid during the third full calend month following the date on which the tax bills were ma		
	Tax Code 31.05(c)		
Both Options	If a board adopts both discounts, the discounts described at 1 apply unless the tax bills for the district are mailed after Se ber 30, in which case only the discounts described at Option ply. <i>Tax Code 31.05(a)</i>	ptem-	

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Rescission	The board may rescind a discount lawfully adopted by the The rescission of a discount takes effect in the tax year fol the year in which the discount is rescinded. <i>Tax Code 31.0</i>	lowing
Split Payments	The board of a district that collects its own taxes may prov official action, that a person who pays one-half of the distri- taxes before December 1 may pay the remaining one-half taxes without penalty or interest at any time before July 1 of lowing year.	ct's of the
	If a board contracts with the appraisal district for collection the split-payment option does not apply to taxes collected appraisal district unless approved by resolution adopted by jority of the governing bodies of the taxing units whose tax appraisal district collects and filed with the secretary of the praisal district board of directors. The split-payment option revoked in the same manner as provided for adoption.	by the y a ma- es the e ap-
	Tax Code 31.03	
	This payment option does not apply to taxes that are calculate for it to be available. <i>Tax Code 31.04(c)</i>	lated too
In Certain Counties	The board of a district located in a county having a populat not less than 285,000 and not more than 300,000 that bord county having a population of 3.3 million or more and the 0 Mexico that has its taxes collected by another taxing unit the adopted the split-payment option may provide, by official a that the split-payment option does not apply to the district's collected by the other taxing unit. <i>Tax Code 31.03(d)</i>	ders a Gulf of hat has ction,
Installment Payments <i>Certain</i> <i>Homesteads</i>	An individual who is disabled or at least 65 years of age ar fied for a homestead exemption under Tax Code 11.13(c), dividual who is a disabled veteran or the unmarried survivi spouse of a disabled veteran and qualified for an exemption Tax Code 11.132 or 11.22, may pay district taxes imposed person's residence homestead property in four equal insta without penalty or interest if paid by the applicable dates so Tax Code 31.031. <i>Tax Code 31.031</i>	or an in- ng on under on the Ilments
Disaster or Emergency Area Property Damaged— Automatic	A person may pay district taxes imposed on certain proper person owns in four equal installments without penalty or in paid in accordance with Tax Code 31.032.	•
	This provision applies to real and tangible personal proper scribed in Tax Code 31.032(a) and taxes that are imposed property by a district before the first anniversary of the disa emergency.	on the
	<i>Tax Code 31.032</i>	

### AD VALOREM TAXES EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

Property Not Damaged— Board Option	The board may authorize a person to pay district taxes imposed on certain property that the person owns in installments. If the board adopts the installment-payment option under this provision, Tax Code 31.032(b), (b-1), (c), and (d) apply to the payment by a person of district taxes imposed on property that the person owns in the same manner as those subsections apply to the payment of taxes imposed on property to which Tax Code 31.032 applies.
	This provision applies to real and tangible personal property de- scribed in Tax Code 31.033(b) and taxes that are imposed on the property by a district before the first anniversary of the disaster or emergency.
	Tax Code 31.033
Definitions	"Disaster" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 418.004.
	"Emergency" means a state of emergency proclaimed by the gov- ernor under Government Code 433.001.
	Tax Code 31.032(g), .033(a)
Services in Lieu of Paying Taxes	The board by resolution may permit certain individuals or business entities to perform certain services for the district in lieu of paying the district property taxes. While performing services for a district, the individual is not an employee of the district and is not entitled to any benefit, including workers' compensation coverage, that the district provides to its employees. <i>Tax Code 31.035, .036, .037</i>
Persons 65 and Over	Subject to the requirements of Tax Code 31.035, the board by or- der or resolution may permit an individual who is at least 65 years of age to perform service for the district in lieu of paying taxes im- posed by a district on property owned by the individual and occu- pied as the individual's residence homestead. Property owners performing services for a district under this provision may only sup- plement or complement the regular personnel of the district. A dis- trict may not reduce the number of persons the district employs or reduce the number of hours to be worked by employees of the dis- trict because the district permits property owners to perform ser- vices for the district under this provision. <i>Tax Code 31.035(a), (g)</i>
Teaching Services	An individual is qualified to perform teaching services for a district under the provisions below only if the individual holds a baccalau- reate or more advanced degree in a field related to each course to be taught and:
	<ol> <li>Is certified as a classroom teacher under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B; or</li> </ol>

#### AD VALOREM TAXES EXEMPTIONS AND PAYMENTS

		Obtains a school district teaching permit under Education Code 21.055.
	Tax C	Code 31.036(h), .037(i)
By Individual	olutic vices trict in owne	ect to the requirements of Tax Code 31.036, the board by res- n may permit qualified individuals to perform teaching ser- for the district at a junior high school or high school of the dis- n lieu of paying taxes imposed by the district on property d and occupied by the individual as a residence homestead. Code 31.036
By Employee of Business Entity	tion n a qua teach distrie	ect to the requirements of Tax Code 31.037, a board by resolu- nay authorize a corporation or other business entity to permit ilified individual employed by the business entity to perform ing services in a high school or a junior high school for the ct in lieu of paying taxes imposed by the district on property d by the business entity. <i>Tax Code 31.037</i>
<b>Delinquent Taxes</b> Delinquency Date	ble po ment mailir are d	ot as provided by Tax Code 31.02(b) (payment by certain eligi- ersons on active duty in the armed forces), 31.03 (split pay- s), and 31.04 (postponement of delinquency date based on ng date of tax bills), taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and elinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following ear in which imposed. <i>Tax Code 31.02</i>
	Note	Delinquent taxes incur penalties and accrue interest in accordance with Tax Code 33.01, subject to any waiver by the board pursuant to Tax Code 33.011.
Delinquent Tax Collection	distrie comp pensa deline [See	ard may contract with any competent attorney to represent the of to enforce the collection of delinquent taxes. The attorney's ensation is set in the contract, but the total amount of com- ation provided may not exceed 20 percent of the amount of quent tax, penalty, and interest collected. <i>Tax Code 6.30(c)</i> CH(LEGAL) regarding contingent fee contracts for legal ser- and Government Code 2254.102(e) for additional require- s.]
Additional Penalties	delino costs	board may provide, by official action, that taxes that become quent at a certain time incur an additional penalty to defray of collection if the board has contracted with an attorney as ded above. <i>Tax Code 33.07, .08</i>

<sup>1</sup> Texas Comptroller Property Tax Exemptions website: <u>https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/exemptions/</u>

Denton ISD 061901		
LOCAL REVENUE SOU APPRAISAL DISTRICT		CCH (LEGAL)
Appraisal Function	The county appraisal district is responsible for appraising p in the appraisal district for ad valorem tax purposes of each unit in the appraisal district. <i>Tax Code 6.01(b)</i>	
Employment Restrictions	An individual may not be employed by an appraisal district dividual is an officer or employee of a taxing unit that partic the appraisal district. <i>Tax Code 6.054(1)–(2)</i>	
	The position of school board trustee is an office within the s Tax Code 6.054. Thus, an employee of an appraisal district not serve as a trustee of an independent school district tha participating taxing entity in the appraisal district. <i>Atty. Gen</i> <i>KP-0329 (2020)</i>	t may t is a
Prohibited Communications	A member of the governing body, officer, or employee of a unit commits an offense if the person directly or indirectly or municates with the chief appraiser or another employee of praisal district in which the taxing unit participates for the p of influencing the value at which property in the district is a unless the person owns or leases the property that is the s the communication. <i>Tax Code 6.155</i>	om- the ap- urpose ppraised
Notice of Boundary Change	If a new taxing unit is formed or an existing taxing unit's bo are altered, the unit shall notify the appraisal office of the n boundaries within 30 days after the date the unit is formed boundaries are altered. <i>Tax Code 6.07</i>	ew
Appraisal District Board of Directors	The appraisal district is governed by a board of directors. F rectors are appointed by the taxing units that participate in praisal district as provided by Tax Code 6.03.	
Eligibility	To be eligible to serve on the appraisal district board, an in- other than a county assessor-collector serving as a nonvot rector must be a resident of the appraisal district and must sided in the appraisal district for at least two years immedia preceding the date the individual takes office. An individual otherwise eligible to serve on the appraisal district board is igible because of membership on the governing body of a t unit.	ing di- have re- ately who is not inel-
	An employee of a taxing unit is not eligible to serve on the praisal district board unless the employee is also a membe governing body or an elected official of a taxing unit that pa pates in the appraisal district.	r of the
	Tax Code 6.03(a)	
Restrictions	An individual is ineligible to serve on an appraisal district be directors and is disqualified from employment as chief appr the individual:	
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- Is related within the second degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Government Code Chapter 573 [see DBE], to an individual who is engaged in the business of appraising property for compensation for use in proceedings under Tax Code Title 1 (the Property Tax Code) or of representing property owners for compensation in proceedings under the Property Tax Code in the appraisal district; or
- 2. Owns property on which delinquent taxes have been owed to a taxing unit for more than 60 days after the date the individual knew or should have known of the delinquency unless the delinquent taxes and any penalties and interest are being paid under an installment payment agreement, or a suit to collect the delinquent taxes is deferred or abated.

#### Tax Code 6.035(a)

An individual is ineligible to serve on the board of directors of an appraisal district if the individual:

- Has served as a member of the board of directors for all or part of five terms, unless the individual was the county assessor-collector at the time the individual served as a board member or the appraisal district is established in a county with a population of less than 120,000;
- 2. Has engaged in the business of appraising property for compensation for use in proceedings under the Property Tax Code at any time during the preceding three years;
- 3. Has engaged in the business of representing property owners for compensation in proceedings under the Property Tax Code in the appraisal district at any time during the preceding three years; or
- 4. Has been an employee of the appraisal district at any time during the preceding three years.

#### Tax Code 6.035(a-1)

Conflict of<br/>InterestAn individual is not eligible to be appointed to or to serve on an appraisal district board if the individual or a business entity in which<br/>the individual has a substantial interest is a party to a contract with<br/>the appraisal district or a taxing unit that participates in the ap-<br/>praisal district, if the contract relates to the performance of an ac-<br/>tivity governed by the Property Tax Code.

A taxing unit may not enter into a contract relating to the performance of an activity governed by the Property Tax Code with a member of the appraisal district board or with a business entity in

	which an appraisal district board member has a substantial inter- est.
	An individual has a substantial interest in a business entity if the combined ownership of the individual and the individual's spouse is at least ten percent of the voting stock or shares of the business entity, or the individual or the individual's spouse is a partner, limited partner, or officer of the business entity.
	"Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, firm, corporation, holding company, joint-stock company, receivership, trust, or other entity recognized by law.
	Tax Code 6.036
Recall	In accordance with Tax Code 6.033, the governing body of a taxing unit, by resolution filed with the chief appraiser, may call for the recall of a member of the appraisal district board for whom the unit cast any of its votes in the appointment of the appraisal district board. <i>Tax Code</i> $6.033(a)$
Budget and Financing	Each year the chief appraiser shall prepare a proposed budget for the operations of the appraisal district for the following tax year as described in Tax Code 6.06(a) and shall submit copies to each tax- ing unit and the appraisal district board before June 15.
Public Inspection	Each taxing unit shall maintain a copy of the proposed budget for public inspection at its principal administrative office.
Budget Adoption	The appraisal district board shall hold a public hearing to consider the budget. The secretary of the appraisal district board shall de- liver to the presiding officer of the governing body of each taxing unit not later than the tenth day before the date of the hearing a written notice of the date, time, and place fixed for the hearing. The appraisal district board of directors shall complete its hearings, make any amendments to the proposed budget it desires, and fi- nally approve a budget before September 15.
	If governing bodies of a majority of the taxing units adopt resolu- tions disapproving a budget and file them with the secretary of the appraisal district board within 30 days after its adoption, the budget does not take effect, and the appraisal district board shall adopt a new budget within 30 days of the disapproval.
Amendments	The appraisal district board may amend the approved budget at any time, but the secretary of the appraisal district board must de- liver a written copy of a proposed amendment to the presiding of- ficer of the governing body of each taxing unit not later than the 30th day before the date the appraisal district board acts on it.

Allocation	Each taxing unit participating in the appraisal district is allocate portion of the amount of the budget equal to the proportion that total dollar amount of property taxes imposed in the appraisal trict by the unit for the tax year in which the budget proposal is pared bears to the sum of the total dollar amount of property ta imposed in the district by each participating unit for that year. I less the governing body of a unit and the chief appraiser agree different method of payment, each taxing unit shall pay its allo tion in four equal payments to be made at the end of each cale quarter, and the first payment shall be made before January 1 the year in which the budget takes effect.	at the dis- pre- axes Jn- e to a ca- endar
	Tax Code 6.06(a)–(e)	
Changes in Method of Financing	The appraisal district board, in accordance with Tax Code 6.06 may prescribe a different method of allocating the costs of opering the appraisal district unless the governing body of any taxi unit adopts a resolution opposing the different method, and file with the appraisal district board before September 1.	erat- ng
	The taxing units may adopt a different method of allocating the costs of operating the appraisal district in accordance with Tax Code 6.061.	
	Tax Code 6.061	
Disapproval of Appraisal District Board Actions	If the governing bodies of a majority of the taxing units adopt r lutions disapproving an action, other than adoption of the budg by the appraisal district board and file them with the secretary the appraisal district board within 15 days after the action is ta the action is revoked effective the day after the day on which t required number of resolutions is filed. <i>Tax Code 6.10</i>	get, of ken,
Appraisal Review Board	An appraisal review board is established for each appraisal dis This does not preclude the boards of directors of two or more joining appraisal districts from providing for the operation of a solidated appraisal review board by interlocal contract.	ad-
Appointment	Members of the board are appointed by the local administrative judge under Government Code Chapter 74, Subchapter D in the county in which the appraisal district is established. Members consolidated appraisal review board are appointed jointly by the cal administrative district judges in the counties in which the appraisal praisal districts that are parties to the contract are established.	he of a ne lo- p-
	Tax Code 6.41(a), (d), (g)	
Eligibility Restrictions	Appraisal review board members are subject to the eligibility restrictions described in Tax Code 6.412 and the conflict of interest provisions set forth in Tax Code 6.413.	
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A person is ineligible to serve on the appraisal review board if the person is a member of the board of directors, an officer, or employee of the appraisal district, an employee of the comptroller, or a member of the governing body, officer, or employee of a taxing unit.

Tax Code 6.412(c)

A person is ineligible to serve on the appraisal review board of an appraisal district established for a county with a population of 120,000 or more if the person served as a member of the governing body or officer of a taxing unit for which the appraisal district appraises property, until the fourth anniversary of the date the person ceased to be a member or officer. *Tax Code 6.412(d)(2)* 

ProhibitedA taxing unit may not enter into a contract with a member of the appraisal review board established for an appraisal district in which<br/>the taxing unit participates or with a business entity in which a<br/>member of the appraisal review board has a substantial interest as<br/>defined in Tax Code 6.413(d). Tax Code 6.413(c)

### OTHER REVENUES GIFTS AND SOLICITATIONS

Use of Donations General Rule	A conveyance, devise, or bequest of property for the benefit of the public schools, if not otherwise directed by the donor, vests the property in the board or their successors as trustees for those to benefited by the donation. Funds or other property donated or the income from the property may be spent by the trustees:	o be
	<ol> <li>For any purpose designated by the donor that is in keeping with the lawful purposes of the schools for the benefit of w the donation was made; or</li> </ol>	•
	<ol> <li>For any legal purpose if a specific purpose is not designate by the donor.</li> </ol>	ed
Funds for Staff Positions	A district shall accept from a parent-teacher organization or ass ation recognized by the district a donation designated to fund su plemental educational staff positions at a school campus and spend the donation accepted for the designated purpose at the rection of and within the time period specified by the campus fo which the donation was designated. This provision expires Sep- tember 1, 2025. [See DC]	up- di- or
	Education Code 11.156	
Prohibited Use	A district may not accept private funding for the purpose of developing a curriculum, purchasing or selecting curriculum materials providing teacher training or professional development for a courdescribed by Education Code 28.002(h-3)(3) (prohibited social studies coursework or extra credit). <i>Education Code 28.002(h-4</i> [See EMB]	s, or urse
Charitable Raffles	A district is not a "qualified nonprofit organization" for purposes the Charitable Raffle Enabling Act (Occupations Code 2002.007 seq.). <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JM-1176 (1990)</i>	
	"Raffle" means the award of one or more prizes by chance at a gle occasion among a pool or group of persons who have paid promised a thing of value for a ticket that represents a chance t win a prize. <i>Occupations Code 2002.002(6)</i> [See also GKB]	or

Authorized Expenditures	A district shall not lend its credit or gratuitously grant public money or things of value in aid of any individual, association, or corpora- tion. <i>Tex. Const. Art. III, Sec. 52; <u>Brazoria County v. Perry</u>, 537 S.W.2d 89 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [1st Dist.] 1976, no writ) A district shall not grant any extra compensation, fee, or allowance</i>
	to a public officer, agent, servant, or contractor after service has been rendered or a contract entered into and performed in whole or in part. Nor shall a district pay or authorize the payment of any claim against the district under any agreement or contract made without authority of law. <i>Tex. Const. Art. III, Sec. 53; <u>Harlingen In- dep. Sch. Dist. v. C.H. Page and Bro.</u>, 48 S.W.2d 983 (Comm. App. 1932)</i>
	The public school funds may not be spent except as provided by Education Code 45.105. The state and county available funds may be used only for the payment of teachers' and superintendents' sal- aries and interest on money borrowed on short time to pay those salaries that become due before school funds for the current year become available. Loans for the purpose of payment of teachers may not be paid out of funds other than those for the current year.
	Local funds from district taxes, tuition fees, other local sources, and state funds not designated for a specific purpose may be used for the purposes listed above for state and county available funds and for purchasing appliances and supplies; paying insurance pre- miums; paying janitors and other employees; buying school sites; buying, building, repairing, and renting school buildings, including acquiring school buildings and sites by leasing through annual pay- ments with an ultimate option to purchase [see CHG]; and, except as provided below, for other purposes necessary in the conduct of the public schools as determined by the board.
Exception	Funds described above may not be used to initiate or maintain any action or proceeding against the state or an agency or officer of the state arising out of a decision, order, or determination that is final and unappealable under a provision of the Education Code, except that funds may be used for an action or proceeding that is specifi- cally authorized by a provision of the Education Code or a rule adopted under the Education Code and that results in a final and unappealable decision, order, or determination.
	Education Code 45.105(a)–(c), (c-1)
Fiscal Year	The fiscal year of a district begins on July 1 or September 1 of each year, as determined by the board. <i>Education Code 44.0011</i>

Budget Preparation	On or before the date set by the State Board of Education (SBOE), a superintendent shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, a proposed budget covering all estimated revenue and proposed expenditures of a district for the following fiscal year. The budget must be prepared according to generally accepted accounting principles, rules adopted by the SBOE, and adopted policies of the board of trustees. <i>Education Code 44.002; 19 TAC 109.1(a), .41, .5001</i>
Funds for Accelerated Instruction	A district that is required to provide accelerated instruction under Education Code 29.081(b-1) [see EHBC] shall separately budget sufficient funds, including funds under Education Code 48.104, for that purpose. <i>Education Code 29.081(b-2)</i>
Itemization of Certain Expenditures	The proposed budget of a district must include, in a manner allow- ing for as clear a comparison as practicable between those ex- penditures in the proposed budget and actual expenditures for the same purpose in the preceding year, a line item indicating expendi- tures for:
	<ol> <li>Notices required by law to be published in a newspaper by the district or a representative of the district; and</li> </ol>
	2. Directly or indirectly influencing or attempting to influence the outcome of legislation or administrative action, as those terms are defined in Government Code 305.002.
	Local Gov't Code 140.0045
Public Meeting on Budget and Proposed Tax Rate	When the budget has been prepared, the board president shall call a board meeting for the purpose of adopting a budget for the suc- ceeding fiscal year. Any taxpayer of a district may be present and participate in the meeting. <i>Education Code 44.004(a), (f)</i> [See CCG for provisions governing tax rate adoption.]
	The meeting must comply with the notice requirements of the Open Meetings Act. <i>Gov't Code 551.041, .043</i> [See BE]
Published Notice	The board president shall provide for publication of notice of the budget and proposed tax rate meeting in accordance with Educa- tion Code 44.004. [For specific requirements regarding the form, contents, and publication of the notice, see CCG(LEGAL).]
Publication of Proposed Budget Summary	Concurrently with the publication of notice of the budget under Ed- ucation Code 44.004, a district shall post a summary of the pro- posed budget on the school district's internet website or, if the dis- trict has no internet website, in the district's central administrative office.

	The budget summary must include a comparison to the previous year's actual spending and information relating to per student and aggregate spending on:
	1. Instruction;
	2. Instructional support;
	3. Central administration;
	4. District operations;
	5. Debt service; and
	6. Any other category designated by the commissioner.
	Education Code 44.0041
Budget Adoption	The board, at the meeting called for that purpose, shall adopt a budget to cover all expenditures for the succeeding fiscal year. The budget must be adopted before the adoption of the tax rate for the tax year in which the fiscal year covered by the budget begins. <i>Education Code</i> $44.004(f)-(g)$
Appendix for Tax Rate Calculation Forms	The board shall include as an appendix to the district's budget for a fiscal year the tax rate calculation forms used by the designated of- ficer or employee of the district to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and the voter-approval tax rate of the district for the tax year in which the fiscal year begins. <i>Tax Code 26.04(e-5)</i> [See CCG]
Districts with July 1 Fiscal Year	A district with a fiscal year beginning July 1 may use the certified estimate of the taxable value of district property [see CCG] in preparing the required notice if the district does not receive the certified appraisal roll on or before June 7. A district that uses a certified estimate may adopt a budget at the public meeting designated in the published notice prepared using the estimate, but the district may not adopt a tax rate before the district receives the certified appraisal roll for the district. <i>Education Code</i> $44.004(h)-(i)$
Budget Adoption After Tax Rate Adoption	Notwithstanding Education Code 44.004(g), (h), and (i), above, a district may adopt a budget after the district adopts a tax rate for the tax year in which the fiscal year covered by the budget begins if the district elects to adopt a tax rate before receiving the certified appraisal roll for the district. If a district elects to adopt a tax rate before adopting a budget, the district must publish notice and hold a meeting for the purpose of discussing the proposed tax rate. Following adoption of the tax rate [see CCG], the district must publish notice and hold another public meeting before the district may adopt a budget. The comptroller shall prescribe the language and format to be used in the notices. The district may use the certified

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		mate of taxable value in preparing a notice under this provision. <i>ucation Code 44.004(j)</i>
Publication of Adopted Budget	on t the tror ado	final approval of the budget by the board, the district shall post the district's internet website a copy of the budget adopted by board. The district's website must prominently display the elec- nic link to the adopted budget. A district shall maintain the opted budget on the district's website until the third anniversary the date the budget was adopted. <i>Education Code 44.0051</i>
	the	or before a date set by the SBOE, the budget must be filed with Texas Education Agency according to rules established by the DE. <i>Education Code 44.005</i>
Internet Posting of Tax Rate and Budget Information	ger pos pos	ch district shall maintain an internet website or have access to a nerally accessible internet website that may be used for the pur- nes of these provisions. Each district shall post or cause to be ted on the internet website the following information in a format scribed by the comptroller:
	1.	The name of each member of the board;
	2.	The mailing address, email address, and telephone number of the district;
	3.	The official contact information for each member of the board, if that information is different from the information described by item 2;
	4.	The district's budget for the preceding two years;
	5.	The district's proposed or adopted budget for the current year;
	6.	The change in the amount of the district's budget from the preceding year to the current year, by dollar amount and per- centage;
	7.	The tax rate for maintenance and operations adopted by the district for the preceding two years;
	8.	The interest and sinking fund tax rate adopted by the district for the preceding two years;
	9.	The tax rate for maintenance and operations proposed by the district for the current year;
	10.	The interest and sinking fund tax rate proposed by the district for the current year; and
	11.	The most recent financial audit of the district.
	Tax	Code 26.18
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ANNUAL OPERATING	BUDGET CE (LEGAL)
Effect of Adopted Budget and Amendment	Public funds of the district may not be spent in any manner other than as provided for in the budget adopted by the board, but the board may amend a budget or adopt a supplementary emergency budget to cover necessary unforeseen expenses. Any amendment or supplementary budget must be prepared and filed in accordance with SBOE rules. <i>Education Code 44.006</i>
Spending Violation/Offense	A trustee who votes to approve any expenditure of school funds in violation of a provision of the Education Code, for a purpose for which those funds may not be spent, or in excess of the item or items appropriated in the adopted budget or a supplementary or amended budget commits an offense. <i>Education Code</i> 44.052(c)
Certain Donations	A district may donate funds or other property or service to the adju- tant general's department, the Texas National Guard, or the Texas State Guard. <i>Gov't Code 437.111(b), .252, .304(a)</i>
Commitment of Current Revenue	A contract for the acquisition, including lease, of real or personal property is a commitment of a district's current revenue only, provided the contract contains either or both of the following provisions:
	<ol> <li>Retains to a board the continuing right to terminate the con- tract at the expiration of each budget period during the term of the contract.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Is conditioned on a best-efforts attempt by the board to obtain and appropriate funds for payment of the contract.</li> </ol>
	Local Gov't Code 271.903
Prohibited Uses of Resources Improvements to Real Property	Except as provided below or by Education Code 45.109(a-1), (a-2), or (a-3) [see CX], the board may not enter into an agreement authorizing the use of school district employees, property, or resources for the provision of materials or labor for the design, construction, or renovation of improvements to real property not owned or leased by the district.
	This provision does not prohibit the board from entering into an agreement for the design, construction, or renovation of improvements to real property not owned or leased by the district if the improvements benefit real property owned or leased by the district. Benefits to real property owned or leased by the district include the design, construction, or renovation of highways, roads, streets, sidewalks, crosswalks, utilities, and drainage improvements that serve or benefit the real property owned or leased by the district. <i>Education Code 11.168</i>

Education Code 11.168

Hotels	The board may not impose taxes; issue bonds; use or authorize the use of district employees; use or authorize the use of district property, money, or other resources; or acquire property for the de- sign, construction, renovation, or operation of a hotel. The board may not enter into a lease, contract, or other agreement that obli- gates the board to engage in an activity prohibited by this provision or obligates the use of district employees or resources in a manner prohibited by this provision.
	"Hotel" means a building in which members of the public obtain sleeping accommodations for consideration. The term includes a motel.
	Education Code 11.178
Electioneering	For restrictions on using district funds for electioneering, see BBBD.

Denton ISD 061901			
ACCOUNTING CFA FINANCIAL REPORTS AND STATEMENTS (LEGAL			
Accounting System	A board must adopt and install a standard school fiscal accounting system that conforms with generally accepted accounting principles. The accounting system must meet at least the minimum requirements prescribed by the commissioner of education, subject to review and comment by the state auditor. <i>Education Code 44.007(a)</i> , <i>(b)</i>		
Financial Accountability System Resource Guide	The rules for financial accounting are described in the official Texas Education Agency (TEA) publication, <i>Financial Accountability System Resource Guide</i> , dated June 2021, which is adopted by reference as TEA's official rule. A copy is available on the TEA website with information related to financial compliance. <i>19 TAC 109.1, .41, .5001</i>		
Report of Revenues and Expenditures	A record must be kept of all revenues realized and of all expendi- tures made during the fiscal year for which a budget is adopted. A report of the revenues and expenditures for the preceding fiscal year shall be filed with TEA on or before the date set by the State Board of Education. <i>Education Code 44.007(c), (d)</i>		
Financial Statement	The board shall prepare an annual financial statement showing for each fund subject to the board's authority during the fiscal year:		
	<ol> <li>The total receipts of the fund, itemized by source of reve including taxes, assessments, service charges, grants of money, gifts, or other general sources from which funds derived;</li> </ol>	of state	
	2. The total disbursements of the fund, itemized by the nat the expenditure; and	ure of	
	3. The balance in the fund at the close of the fiscal year.		
	Local Gov't Code 140.005		
Publication	The board president shall submit the annual financial statem a daily, weekly, or biweekly newspaper published within the baries of the district. If a daily, weekly, or biweekly newspaper published within the boundaries of the district, the financial si ment shall be published in a newspaper in each county in wh the district or any part of the district is located. If a district is lo in more than one county, the financial statement may be pub in a newspaper that has general circulation in the district. If a newspaper is not published in the county, the financial statem may be published in a newspaper in an adjoining county.	oound- is not tate- ich ocated lished	

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### ACCOUNTING FINANCIAL REPORTS AND STATEMENTS

	ing	meth	ement shall be published in accordance with the account- od required by TEA not later than the 150th day after the fiscal year ends.		
	Local Gov't Code 140.006				
Annual Local Debt Report	mat Loc	A district shall annually compile and report certain financial infor- mation ("Annual Local Debt Report") in the manner prescribed by Local Government Code 140.008 and 34 Administrative Code 10.1–.6. Local Gov't Code 140.008(b); 34 TAC 10.2(a)			
		The Annual Local Debt Report must include the following financial information:			
	1.	Reg	arding total authorized debt obligations:		
		a.	The amount of all authorized debt obligations;		
		b.	The principal of all outstanding debt obligations;		
		C.	The combined principal and interest required to pay all outstanding debt obligations on time and in full;		
		d.	The amount of all authorized debt obligations secured by property taxes;		
		e.	The principal of all outstanding debt obligations secured by property taxes;		
		f.	The combined principal and interest required to pay all outstanding debt obligations secured by property taxes on time and in full;		
		g.	The amount of all authorized debt obligations secured by property taxes expressed as a per capita amount;		
		h.	The principal of all outstanding debt obligations secured by property taxes expressed as a per capita amount;		
		i.	The combined principal and interest required to pay all outstanding debt obligations on time and in full for all ob- ligations secured by property taxes expressed as a per capita amount; and		
		j.	The current credit rating on total debt obligations given by any nationally recognized credit rating organization.		
	2.	Reg	arding each authorized debt obligation:		
		•	The principal of each outstanding daht:		

a. The principal of each outstanding debt;

		b.	The principal of each outstanding debt obligation se- cured by property taxes expressed as a per capita amount;
		C.	The combined principal and interest required to pay each outstanding debt obligation on time and in full;
		d.	The combined principal and interest required to pay each outstanding debt obligation on time and in full ex- pressed as a per capita amount;
		e.	The issued and unissued amounts, the spent and un- spent amounts, the maturity date and the stated purpose for which each debt obligation was authorized; and
		f.	The current credit rating on each debt obligation given by any nationally recognized credit rating organization.
	3.	plair of pa per tions	other information considered relevant or necessary to ex- the above required data elements, such as explanations ayment sources for different kinds of debt or projections of capita amounts of ad valorem taxation-secured obliga- s as of the last day of the maximum term of the most re- t debt obligation issued by the district.
	34	TAC 1	0.2; Local Gov't Code 140.008(b).
Submission to Comptroller	The comptroller shall provide a location on the comptroller's inter- net website where a district may submit the financial information described above and any other related information required or re- quested by the comptroller for the Annual Local Debt Report.		
	nan mus othe	cial in st be s er info	otroller shall prescribe the form and manner in which fi- formation, financial documents, and related information submitted under these provisions. These instructions and rmation related to local government debt reporting will be on the comptroller's internet website.
	34 7	TAC 1	0.3
Reporting Requirement	cen <sup>:</sup> repo	tly cou orting	nual basis and within 180 days of the end of the most re- mpleted fiscal year, a district shall, in accordance with the requirements set forth under Local Government Code either:
	1.	scrit in th mair its w	mit an Annual Local Debt Report to the comptroller as de- bed at Submission to Comptroller, above, in the form and e manner prescribed by the comptroller and, if the district ntains an internet website, continually maintain a link from vebsite to the location on the comptroller's website where district's financial information may be viewed; or
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	2.	Post its contact information and the information required in an Annual Local Debt Report on the district's own internet web- site and make the report available for inspection by any per- son in accordance with other law.	
	its c upo site with ler t	istrict that elects to post a report of its financial information on own internet website as described in item 2 above shall provide on request an electronic link to the location on the district's web- where the information can be viewed to facilitate compliance in the requirements of this provision and to enable the comptrol- to maintain a searchable database of local debt information that omprehensive, accurate, and complete.	
	34	TAC 10.4; Local Gov't Code 140.008(c), (d), (f)	
Definitions	sha	e phrases, words, and terms used in the foregoing provisions Il have the meanings set out in 34 Administrative Code 10.1, ess the context clearly indicates otherwise. <i>34 TAC 10.1</i>	
Financial Management Report	Each district is required to report information and financial account- ability ratings to parents, taxpayers, and other stakeholders by im- plementing the reporting procedures below. <i>19 TAC 109.1001(q)</i>		
Report Requirements	age	ch district must prepare and distribute an annual financial man- ment report in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 0.1001(q). <i>19 TAC 109.1001(q)(1)</i>	
	The	e annual financial management report for a district must include:	
	1.	A description of its financial management performance based on a comparison, provided by TEA, of its performance on the indicators established by the commissioner and reflected in 19 Administrative Code 109.1001. The report will contain in- formation that discloses:	
		a. State-established standards; and	
		<ul> <li>The district's financial management performance under each indicator for the current and previous year's finan- cial accountability ratings [see CFC];</li> </ul>	
	2.	Any descriptive information required by the commissioner, in- cluding:	
		a. A copy of the superintendent's current employment con- tract or other written documentation of employment if no contract exists. This must disclose all compensation and benefits paid to the superintendent. The district may publish the superintendent's employment contract on its website instead of publishing it in the annual financial management report;	
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- b. A summary schedule for the fiscal year (12-month period) of expenditures paid on behalf of the superintendent and each board member and total reimbursements received by the superintendent and each board member. This includes transactions on the district's credit card(s), debit card(s), stored-value card(s), and any other similar instrument(s) to cover expenses incurred by the superintendent and each board member. The summary schedule must separately report reimbursements for meals, lodging, transportation, motor fuel, and other items. The summary schedule of total reimbursements should not include reimbursements for supplies and materials that were purchased for the operation of the district;
- c. A summary schedule for the fiscal year of the dollar amount of compensation and fees received by the superintendent from an outside school district or any other outside entity in exchange for professional consulting or other personal services. The schedule must separately report the amount received from each entity;
- d. A summary schedule for the fiscal year of the total dollar amount of gifts that had a total economic value of \$250 or more received by the executive officers and board members.
  - (1) This reporting requirement applies only to:
    - (a) Gifts received by the district's executive officers and board members (and their immediate family as described by Government Code, Chapter 573, Subchapter B, Relationships by Consanguinity or by Affinity) from an outside entity that received payments from the district in the prior fiscal year, and
    - (b) Gifts from competing vendors that were not awarded contracts in the prior fiscal year;
  - (2) This reporting requirement does not apply to reimbursement by an outside entity for travel-related expenses when the purpose of the travel was to investigate matters directly related to an executive officer's or board member's duties or to investigate matters related to attendance at education-related conferences and seminars with the primary purpose of providing continuing education (this exclusion does not apply to trips for entertainment purposes or pleasure trips);

	(3) This reporting requirement excludes an individual gift or a series of gifts from a single outside entity that had a total economic value of less than \$250 per executive officer or board member; and					
	e. A summary schedule for the fiscal year of the dollar amount received by board members for the total amount of business transactions with the district. This reporting requirement is not to duplicate the items disclosed in the summary schedule of reimbursements received by board members; and					
	<ol><li>Any other information the board of the district determines to be useful.</li></ol>					
	19 TAC 109.1001(q)(3)					
Public Hearing	Each district must provide the public with an opportunity to com- ment on the report at a public hearing. <i>19 TAC 109.1001(q)(2)</i>					
	The board must hold a public hearing on the report within two months after receiving a final financial accountability rating. The public hearing must be held at a location in the district's facilities.					
	At the hearing, the district must provide the annual financial man- agement report to the attending parents and taxpayers.					
	19 TAC 109.1001(q)(4), (5); Education Code 39.083(d)					
Notice	The board must give notice of the hearing to owners of real prop- erty in the geographic boundaries of the district and to parents of district students.					
	In addition to other notice required by law, the board must provide notice of the hearing:					
	1. To a newspaper of general circulation in the geographic boundaries of the district in one posting prior to holding the public meeting, providing the time and place of the hearing. The notice in the newspaper may not be earlier than 30 days or later than ten days before the date of the hearing. If no newspaper is published in the county in which the district's central administration office is located, then the board must publish the notice in the county nearest to the county seat of the county in which the district's central administration office is located; and					

	<ol> <li>Through electronic mail to the mass communication media serving the district, including, but not limited to, radio and tele- vision.</li> </ol>		
	19 TAC 109.1001(q)(4); Education Code 39.083(d)		
Dissemination	After the hearing, the report shall be disseminated in the district in the manner prescribed by the commissioner. <i>Education Code 39.083(e)</i>		
Records Retention	The district must retain the annual financial management report for at least three years after the public hearing and make it available to parents and taxpayers upon request. <i>19 TAC 109.1001(q)(6)</i>		
Corrective Action Plan	Each district that received an F rating must file a corrective action plan with TEA, prepared in accordance with instructions from the commissioner, within one month after the district's public hearing. <i>19 TAC 109.1001(q)(7); Education Code 39.0824</i>		
Projected Deficit	If the commissioner, based on the indicators adopted under Educa- tion Code 39.082 [see CFC], projects a deficit for a district general fund within the following three school years, TEA shall provide the district interim financial reports, including projected revenues and expenditures, to evaluate the district's current budget status.		
	TEA may require a district to submit additional information needed to produce a financial report. If a district fails to provide information requested or if the commissioner determines that the information submitted by a district is unreliable, the commissioner may order the district to acquire professional services under Education Code 39A.902 [see AIC].		
	Education Code 39.0823		

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ACCOUNTING AUDITS		CFC (LEGAL)
Annual Audit	distr from	board shall have its district fiscal accounts audited annually at rict expense by a certified or public accountant holding a permit in the State Board of Public Accountancy. The audit must be pleted following the close of each fiscal year.
	men catio The mati	independent audit must meet at least the minimum require- its and be in the format prescribed by the State Board of Edu- on (SBOE), subject to review and comment by the state auditor. audit shall include an audit of the accuracy of the fiscal infor- ion provided by the district through the Public Education Infor- ion Management System (PEIMS).
	Edu	cation Code 44.008(a), (b)
Audit Requirements and Procedures	nual com be a view cord	strict must file with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) an an- financial and compliance report and, if applicable, a state pensatory agreed-upon procedures report. These reports must nudited by an independent auditor, and the audit must be re- ved by TEA, including review of auditors' working papers, in ac- lance with the <i>Financial Accountability System Resource</i> <i>de</i> , as adopted by reference in 19 Administrative Code 109.41.
		annual financial audit report and state compensatory agreed- n procedures report are due 150 days after the end of the fiscal
Independent Auditor	cond	district must hire at its own expense an independent auditor to duct an independent audit of its financial statements and pro- an opinion on its annual financial and compliance report.
	The	independent auditor must:
	1.	Be associated with a certified public accountancy (CPA) firm that has a current valid license issued by the Texas State Board of Public Accountancy or a state licensing agency from another state;
	2.	Be a certified public accountant with a current valid license is- sued by the Texas State Board of Public Accountancy, as re- quired under Education Code 44.008; and
	3.	Adhere to the generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS), adopted by the American Institute of CPAs (AICPA), as amended, and the generally accepted government auditing standards (GAGAS), adopted by the U.S. Government Ac- countability Office, as amended.
	The	CPA firm must:
	1.	Be a member of the AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center (GAQC);
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ACCOUNTING AUDITS		CFC (LEGAL)
	2. Adł	nere to GAQC's membership requirements; and
	con	lectively have the knowledge, skills, and experience to be npetent for the audit being conducted, including thorough wledge of the government auditing requirements and:
	a.	Texas public school district environment;
	b.	Public sector; or
	C.	Nonprofit sector.
	reviews a quality of	time the TEA division responsible for financial compliance an audit firm's working papers and finds that the firm or the f the work does not meet the required standards, the divi- / require the district to change its audit firm.
	19 TAC	109.23
Financial Accountability System Resource Guide	publication June 202 copy is a	s for financial accounting are described in the official TEA on <i>Financial Accountability System Resource Guide</i> , dated 21, which is adopted by reference as TEA's official rule. A available on the TEA website with information related to fi- compliance. <i>19 TAC 109.41, .5001</i>
Filing of Report	filed with year for approve copy of t	f the annual audit report, approved by the board, shall be TEA not later than the 150th day after the end of the fiscal which the audit was made. If a board declines or refuses to its auditor's report, it shall nevertheless file with TEA a he audit report with its statement detailing reasons for fail- pprove the report. <i>Education Code 44.008(d)</i>
Internet Posting of Audit	generally poses of posted o Code 26 format p	trict shall maintain an internet website or have access to a y accessible internet website that may be used for the pur- this provision. Each district shall post or cause to be in the internet website the information required by Tax .18, including the district's most recent financial audit, in a rescribed by the comptroller. <i>Tax Code 26.18</i> [See CE for quired information that must be posted.]
	Note:	For information on the efficiency audit required before a district may hold an election to seek voter approval to adopt a maintenance and operations tax rate, see CCG.
Financial Records	any distr each of t treasure	asurer receiving or having control of any school fund of ict shall keep a full and separate itemized account with the different classes of its school funds coming into the r's hands. The treasurer's records of the district's itemized is and records shall be available to audit. <i>Education Code</i>
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ACCOUNTING AUDITS	CFC (LEGAL)
Financial Accountability Rating System	TEA will assign a financial accountability rating to each district as required by Education Code 39.082.
	TEA will base the financial accountability rating of a district on its overall performance on the financial measurements, ratios, and other indicators established by the commissioner. Financial ac- countability ratings for a rating year are based on the data from the immediate prior fiscal year.
	A financial accountability rating remains in effect until replaced by a subsequent rating.
	19 TAC 109.1001(b), (e), (l)
Issuance of Ratings	TEA will issue a preliminary financial accountability rating to a dis- trict on or before August 8 of each year. TEA will not delay the issu- ance of a preliminary or final rating if a district fails to meet the stat- utory deadline under Education Code 44.008 for submitting the annual financial report (AFR). Instead, the district will receive an F rating for substandard achievement.
Appeals	A district may appeal its preliminary financial accountability rating through the appeals process described at 19 Administrative Code 109.1001(n).
	If TEA receives an appeal of a preliminary rating, TEA will issue a final rating to the district no later than 60 days after the deadline for submitting appeals. If TEA does not receive an appeal of a preliminary rating, the preliminary rating automatically becomes a final rating 31 days after issuance of the preliminary rating.
	A final rating issued by TEA may not be appealed under Education Code 7.057 or any other law or rule.
	19 TAC 109.1001(m)–(o)

Denton ISD 061901		
ACCOUNTING CFI ACTIVITY FUNDS MANAGEMENT (LOCAL		
Fiduciary Responsibility	The Superintendent, principal, and sponsor, as applicable, shall be responsible for the proper administration of District and campus activity funds and student activity funds in accordance with state law and local policy, District accounting practices and procedures, and the Texas Education Agency (TEA) <i>Financial Accountability System Resource Guide</i> .	
Student Activity Funds	The Superintendent shall ensure that student activity accounts are maintained to manage all class funds and other funds raised and collected by student clubs or organizations for a school-related pur- pose. The principal or designee shall issue receipts for all funds prior to their deposit into the appropriate District account at the Dis- trict depository.	
	Student activity funds shall be included in the annual audit of the District's fiscal accounts. [See CFC]	
Use and Expenditure	Funds collected by student groups shall be used only for purposes authorized by the student club or organization. The principal and sponsor shall manage and approve all disbursements. All funds raised by student organizations must be expended for the benefit of the students.	
District and Campus Activity Funds	The Superintendent shall ensure District accounting practices and procedures address the expenditure of District and campus activity funds generated from vending machines, rentals, gate receipts, concessions, and other local sources of revenue over which the District has direct control. Funds generated from such sources shall be expended for the benefit of the District or its students and shall be related to the District's educational purpose.	
Approval	Approval from the immediate supervisor or designee shall be ob- tained prior to a disbursement being made to any employee, in- cluding the principal.	
Carryover Funds	All funds shall be left in the appropriate account and each sponsor- ing group shall retain the carryover funds for the next fiscal year. If a club or organization ceases to function or exist, the unexpended funds shall be credited to the appropriate administrative activity ac- count.	

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	Note:	For legal requirements applicable to purchases with federal funds, see CBB.
		For required vendor disclosures and contract provisions, including prohibitions, see CHE.
		For provisions pertaining to criminal history record infor- mation on contractors, see CJA.
		For legal requirements related to energy savings perfor- mance contracts, see CL.
		For information on procuring school buses, see CNB.
		For legal requirements applicable to school nutrition pro- curement, including produce, with federal funds, see COA.
		For information regarding construction of school facili- ties, see CV series.
Board Authority		d may adopt rules and procedures for the acquisition of d services. <i>Education Code 44.031(d)</i>
Delegation of Authority	action au chapter E	d may, as appropriate, delegate its authority regarding an thorized or required by Education Code Chapter 44, Sub- 3, to be taken by a district to a designated person, repre- , or committee.
	tion author	d may not delegate the authority to act regarding an ac- prized or required to be taken by the board by Education apter 44, Subchapter B.
Disaster Delegation	Notwithstanding any other provision of the Education Code, in the event of a catastrophe, emergency, or natural disaster affecting a district, the board may delegate to the superintendent or desig- nated person the authority to contract for the replacement, con- struction, or repair of school equipment or facilities under Educa- tion Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B if emergency replacement, construction, or repair is necessary for the health and safety of dis trict students and staff.	
	Education	n Code 44.0312
Purchases Valued at or Above \$50,000 Methods	all district contracts \$50,000 be made	s provided by Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, t contracts for the purchase of goods and services, except for the purchase of produce or vehicle fuel, valued at or more in the aggregate for each 12-month period, shall by the method, of the following methods, that provides value for a district:

	1.	Competitive bidding for services other than construction ser- vices.	
	2.	Competitive sealed proposals for services other than con- struction services.	
	3.	A request for proposals for services other than construction services.	
	4.	An interlocal contract.	
	5.	A method provided by Government Code Chapter 2269 for construction services [see CV series];	
	6.	The reverse auction procedure as defined by Government Code 2155.062(d).	
	7.	The formation of a political subdivision corporation under Lo- cal Government Code 304.001 (purchase of electricity).	
	Edu	ucation Code 44.031(a)	
<i>Exceptions</i> Emergency Damage or Destruction	per of a era lay wou oth or r faci	chool equipment, a school facility, or a part of a school facility or sonal property is destroyed or severely damaged or, as a result n unforeseen catastrophe or emergency, undergoes major op- tional or structural failure, and the board determines that the de- posed by the methods provided for in Education Code 44.031 and prevent or substantially impair the conduct of classes or er essential school activities, then contracts for the replacement epair of the equipment, school facility, or the part of the school lity may be made by methods other than those required by Edu- on Code 44.031. <i>Education Code 44.031(h)</i>	
Sole Source	ma	hout complying with Education Code 44.031(a) above, a district y purchase an item that is available from only one source, in- ding:	
	1.	An item for which competition is precluded because of the ex- istence of a patent, copyright, secret process, or monopoly.	
	2.	A film, manuscript, or book.	
	3.	A utility service, including electricity, gas, or water.	
	4.	A captive replacement part or component for equipment.	
	equ	e exceptions above do not apply to mainframe data-processing ipment and peripheral attachments with a single-item purchase in excess of \$15,000.	
	Education Code 44.031(j)–(k)		

Competitive Bidding	Except to the extent prohibited by other law and to the extent con- sistent with Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, a district may use competitive bidding to select a vendor as authorized by Education Code 44.031(a)(1).
	A district shall award a competitively bid contract at the bid amount to the bidder offering the best value for the district. In determining the best value for the district, the district is not restricted to consid- ering price alone but may consider any other factors stated in the selection criteria. The selection criteria may include the factors listed in Education Code 44.031(b) [see Contract Selection Fac- tors, below].
	Except as provided below, Local Government Code Chapter 271, Subchapter B (Competitive Bidding on Certain Public Works Con- tracts) does not apply to a competitive bidding process under this policy.
	Local Government Code Sections 271.026 (Opening of Bids), 271.027(a) (Award of Contract), and 271.0275 (Safety Record of Bidder Considered) apply to a competitive bidding process under Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B. [See CVA for these requirements.]
	Education Code 44.0351
	[For information on additional competitive procedures under the Public Property Finance Act, see CHH.]
Competitive Sealed Proposals	In selecting a vendor through competitive sealed proposals as au- thorized by Education Code 44.031(a)(2), a district shall follow the procedures prescribed below.
Request for Proposals	The district shall prepare a request for competitive sealed pro- posals that includes information that vendors may require to re- spond to the request. The district shall state in the request for pro- posals the selection criteria that will be used in selecting the successful offeror.
Opening Proposals	The district shall receive, publicly open, and read aloud the names of the offerors and, if any are required to be stated, all prices stated in each proposal. Not later than the 45th day after the date on which the proposals are opened, the district shall evaluate and rank each proposal submitted in relation to the published selection criteria.
Selection	The district shall select the offeror that offers the best value for the district based on the published selection criteria and on its ranking evaluation. The district shall first attempt to negotiate a contract with the selected offeror. The district may discuss with the selected

		chai nege trict and until In de stric	ror options for a scope or time modification and any price nge associated with the modification. If the district is unable to otiate a satisfactory contract with the selected offeror, the dis- shall, formally and in writing, end negotiations with that offeror proceed to the next offeror in the order of the selection ranking a contract is reached or all proposals are rejected. etermining the best value for the district, the district is not re- ted to considering price alone but may consider any other fac- stated in the selection criteria.	
		Edu	cation Code 44.0352	
	Interlocal Contracts	"Interlocal contract" means a contract or agreement made under Government Code Chapter 791 (Interlocal Cooperation Act). A dis- trict may contract or agree with another local government or a fed- erally recognized Indian tribe, as listed by the U.S. secretary of the interior under 25 U.S.C. 479a-1, whose reservation is located within the boundaries of this state to perform governmental func- tions and services in accordance with Government Code Chapter 791. A district may agree with another local government and with the state or a state agency, including the comptroller, to purchase goods and services. <i>Gov't Code 791.003(2), .011(a), .025(a)</i>		
		An i	nterlocal contract must:	
		1.	Be authorized by the governing body of each party to the con- tract;	
		2.	State the purpose, terms, rights, and duties of the contracting parties; and	
		3.	Specify that each party paying for the performance of govern- mental functions or services must make those payments from current revenues available to the paying party.	
compensates the p formed under the c Notwithstanding ite specified term of ye		An interlocal contractual payment must be in an amount that fairly compensates the performing party for the services or functions per- formed under the contract. An interlocal contract may be renewed. Notwithstanding item 2 above, an interlocal contract may have a specified term of years.		
		Gov	't Code 791.011(d)–(f), (i)	
		non mor state	strict may agree with another local government, including a profit corporation that is created and operated to provide one or e governmental functions and services, or with the state or a e agency, including the comptroller, to purchase goods and any rices reasonably required for the installation, operation, or	

	maintenance of the goods. This provision does not apply to ser- vices provided by firefighters, police officers, or emergency medical personnel. <i>Gov't Code 791.025(b)</i>				
	A district that purchases goods and services under Government Code 791.025 satisfies the requirement to seek competitive bids for the purchase of the goods and services. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>791.025(c); Atty. Gen. Op. JC-37 (1999)</i>				
Reverse Auction	A district that uses the reverse auction procedure must include in the procedure a notice provision and other provisions necessary to produce a method of purchasing that is advantageous to the district and fair to vendors. <i>Local Gov't Code 271.906(b)</i>				
	"Reverse auction procedure" means:				
	<ol> <li>A real-time bidding process usually lasting less than one hour and taking place at a previously scheduled time and internet location, in which multiple suppliers, anonymous to each other, submit bids to provide the designated goods or ser- vices; or</li> </ol>				
	2. A bidding process usually lasting less than two weeks and taking place during a previously scheduled period and at a previously scheduled internet location, in which multiple suppliers, anonymous to each other, submit bids to provide the designated goods or services.				
	Gov't Code 2155.062(d)				
Site-Based Purchasing	If a purchase is made at the campus level in a district with a stu- dent enrollment of 180,000 or more that has formally adopted a site-based decision-making plan under Education Code Subchap- ter F, Chapter 11 [see BQ series], that delegates purchasing deci- sions to the campus level, Education Code 44.031 applies only to the campus and does not require the district to aggregate and jointly award purchasing contracts. A district that adopts site-based purchasing under this provision shall adopt a policy to ensure that campus purchases achieve the best value to the district and are not intended or used to avoid the requirement that a district aggre- gate purchases under Education Code 44.031(a). Education Code 44.031(m)				
Contract Selection Factors	Except as provided by Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, in determining to whom to award a contract, the district shall consider:				

1. The purchase price.

- 2. The reputation of the vendor and of the vendor's goods or services.
- 3. The quality of the vendor's goods or services.
- 4. The extent to which the goods or services meet the district's needs.
- 5. The vendor's past relationship with the district.
- 6. The impact on the ability of the district to comply with laws and rules relating to historically underutilized businesses.
- 7. The total long-term cost to the district to acquire the vendor's goods or services.
- 8. For a contract for goods and services, other than goods and services related to telecommunications and information services, building construction and maintenance, or instructional materials, whether the vendor or the vendor's ultimate parent company or majority owner has its principal place of business in this state or employs at least 500 persons in this state.
- 9. Any other relevant factor specifically listed in the request for bids or proposals.

#### Education Code 44.031(b)

In awarding a contract by competitive sealed bid under Education Code 44.031, a district that has its central administrative office located in a municipality with a population of less than 250,000 may consider a bidder's principal place of business in the manner provided by Local Government Code 271.9051. This provision does not apply to the purchase of telecommunications services or information services, as those terms are defined by 47 U.S.C. Section 153. *Education Code 44.031(b-1)* 

The factors listed above are the only criteria that may be considered by a district in its decision to award a contract. <u>*R.G.V. Vend-*</u> ing v. Weslaco Indep. Sch. Dist., 995 S.W.2d 897 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 1999, no pet.)

Preferences Agricultural Products A district that purchases agricultural products shall give preference to those produced, processed, or grown in Texas if the cost to the district is equal and the quality is equal. If agricultural products produced, processed, or grown in Texas are not equal in cost and quality to other products, the district shall give preference to agricultural products produced, processed, or grown in other states of the United States, if the cost and quality of the U.S. and foreign products are equal.

	Agricultural products" includes to	extiles and other similar products.	
	"Processed" means canning, freezing, drying, juicing, preserving or any other act that changes the form of a good from its natural state to another form.		
		ourchasing specifications that un- products produced, processed, or	
Vegetation for Landscaping	A district that purchases vegetation for landscaping purposes, in- cluding plants, shall give preference to Texas vegetation if the cost to the district is equal and the quality is equal.		
	Education Code 44.042		
	[For legal requirements applicable to school nutrition procurement, including produce and agricultural products, with federal funds, see COA.]		
Recycled Products	A district shall give preference in purchasing to products made of recycled materials if the products meet applicable specifications as to quantity and quality and the average price of the product is not more than ten percent greater than the price of comparable nonrecycled products. Preferences will be applied in accordance with state procurement statutes and rules. <i>30 TAC 328.203</i>		
	cling and Purchasing of Recyc	e Code (Governmental Entity Re- led Materials) does not apply to a of less than 10,000 students. <i>30</i>	
	district regularly shall review ar ures and specifications for the p quipment, and materials in orde	•	
	Eliminate procedures and s inate against products made	pecifications that explicitly discrim- e of recycled materials;	
	Encourage the use of produ and	icts made of recycled materials;	
		ent economically feasible that the that may be recycled when they use.	
		nd specifications, the district shall roducts and products that may be	
	ealth and Safety Code 361.426	i(b)–(c)	

	Bidder's Place of Business	Code cated cons video does infor	varding a contract by competitive sealed bid under Education e 44.031, a district that has its central administrative office lo- d in a municipality with a population of less than 250,000 may ider a bidder's principal place of business in the manner pro- d by Local Government Code Section 271.9051. This provision on tapply to the purchase of telecommunications services or mation services, as those terms are defined by 47 U.S.C. 153. <i>Cation Code 44.031(b-1)</i>		
Noti	ce Publication	Notice of the time by when and place where the bids or proposals, or the responses to a request for qualifications, will be received and opened shall be published in the county in which the district's central administrative office is located, once a week for at least two weeks before the deadline for receiving bids, proposals, or responses to a request for qualifications. If there is not a newspaper in that county, the advertising shall be published in a newspaper in the county nearest the county seat of the county in which a district's central administrative office is located. In a two-step procurement process, the time and place where the second-step bids, proposals, or responses will be received are not required to be published separately. <i>Education Code 44.031(g)</i>			
	tronic Bids or posals	Chap rules elect	A district may receive bids or proposals under Education Code Chapter 44 through electronic transmission if the board adopts rules to ensure the identification, security, and confidentiality of electronic bids or proposals and to ensure that the electronic bids or proposals remain effectively unopened until the proper time.		
		Notwithstanding any other provision of Education Code Chapter 44, an electronic bid or proposal is not required to be sealed. A pro- vision of Education Code Chapter 44 that applies to a sealed bid or proposal applies to a bid or proposal received through electronic transmission in accordance with the rules adopted by the board.			
		Educ	Education Code 44.0313		
Right to Work		While a district is engaged in procuring goods and services or awarding a contract, or overseeing procurement or construction for a public work or public improvement, a district:			
		1.	May not consider whether a vendor is a member of or has an- other relationship with any organization; and		
		2.	Shall ensure that its bid specifications and any subsequent contract or other agreement do not deny or diminish the right of a person to work because of the person's membership or other relationship status with respect to any organization.		
		Edua	cation Code 44 043		

Education Code 44.043

Contract with Person Indebted to District	The board by resolution may establish regulations permitting the district to refuse to enter into a contract or other transaction with a person indebted to the district. It is not a violation of Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B (Purchases; Contracts) for a district, under regulations adopted under this provision, to refuse to award a contract to or enter into a transaction with an apparent low bidder or successful proposer that is indebted to the district.
	"Person" includes an individual, sole proprietorship, corporation, nonprofit corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company, and any other entity that proposes or otherwise seeks to enter into a contract or other transaction with the district requiring approval by the board.
	Education Code 44.044
Out-of-State Bidders	A district may not award a governmental contract to a nonresident bidder unless the nonresident underbids the lowest bid submitted by a responsible resident bidder by an amount that is not less than the greater of the amount by which a resident bidder would be re- quired to underbid the nonresident bidder to obtain a comparable contract in the state in which the nonresident's principal place of business is located, or the state in which a majority of the manufac- turing relating to the contract will be performed. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>2252.002</i>
	This requirement does not apply to a contract involving federal funds. A district shall use the information published by the comptroller under Government Code 2252.003 (Publication of Other State's Laws on Contracts) to evaluate the bid of a nonresident bidder. A district may rely on information published under Government Code 2252.003 to meet the requirements of Government Code 2252.002. <i>Gov't Code 2252.003–.004</i>
	"Governmental contract" means a contract awarded by a govern- mental entity, including a public school district, for general con- struction, an improvement, a service, or a public works project or for a purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment.
	"Resident bidder" refers to a person whose principal place of busi- ness is in this state, including a contractor whose ultimate parent company or majority owner has its principal place of business in this state.
	Gov't Code 2252.001
Professional Services	Education Code 44.031 does not apply to a contract for profes- sional services rendered, including the services of an architect, at- torney, certified public accountant, engineer, or fiscal agent. A dis- trict may, at its option, contract for professional services rendered
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	by a financial consultant or a technology consultant in the manner provided by Government Code 2254.003 (Professional Services Procurement Act) (see below), in lieu of the methods provided by Education Code 44.031. <i>Education Code 44.031(f)</i>			
Professional Services Procurement Act <i>Selection</i>	grou vice for t sis c serv	strict may not select a provider of professional services or a up or association of providers or award a contract for the ser- is on the basis of competitive bids submitted for the contract or the services, but shall make the selection and award on the ba- of demonstrated competence and qualifications to perform the vices and for a fair and reasonable price. <i>Gov't Code</i> $4.003(a)$		
Definition	"Pro	fessional services" means services:		
account ing, med		Within the scope of the practice, as defined by state law, of accounting, architecture, landscape architecture, land survey- ing, medicine, optometry, professional engineering, real es- tate appraising, professional nursing, or forensic science;		
	2.	Provided in connection with the professional employment or practice of a person who is licensed or registered as a certi- fied public accountant, architect, landscape architect, land surveyor, physician, optometrist, professional engineer, state- certified or state-licensed real estate appraiser, registered nurse, or a forensic analyst or forensic science expert; or		
gardless of w		Provided by a person lawfully engaged in interior design, re- gardless of whether the person is registered as an interior de- signer under Occupations Code Chapter 1053.		
	Gov't Code 2254.002			
	serv cian	specific information on procuring architectural or engineering vices, see CV. For information on procuring services of physi- us, optometrists, and registered nurses under certain circum- nces, see Government Code 2254.008.]		
Contract for Legal which the amount or the payment of the tingent in whole or in part on the outcor the services were obtained. The term in contract for legal services described by ment changes the scope of representation.		ntingent fee contract" means a contract for legal services under ch the amount or the payment of the fee for the services is con- ent in whole or in part on the outcome of the matter for which services were obtained. The term includes an amendment to a tract for legal services described by this provision if the amend- nt changes the scope of representation or may result in the fil- of an action or the amending of a petition in an existing action. "t Code 2254.101(2)		

	Government Code Chapter 2254, Subchapter C provides the man- ner in which and the situations under which a district may compen- sate a public contractor under a contingent fee for legal services. That subchapter does not apply to a contract for legal services:		
	1.	Provided to a district under Government Code Chapter 403, Subchapter M; or	
	2.	Entered into by a district for the collection of an obligation, as defined by Government Code 2107.001, that is delinquent [see CCGA(LEGAL) regarding delinquent tax collection] or for services under Government Code 1201.027 [see CCA(LE-GAL) regarding issuance of public securities], except that Government Code sections 2254.1032, 2254.1034, 2254.1036, and 2254.1037 do apply to the contract.	
	Gov	r't Code 2254.102	
	A district may select an attorney or law firm to award a contingent fee contract only in accordance with Government Code 2254.003(a) (Professional Services Procurement Act) [see Selection, above] and Government Code 2254.1032.		
	In procuring legal services under a contingent fee contract, a dis- trict shall:		
	1.	Select a well-qualified attorney or law firm on the basis of demonstrated competence, qualifications, and experience in the requested services; and	
	2.	Attempt to negotiate a contract with that attorney or law firm for a fair and reasonable price.	
	Gov't Code 2254.1032		
Specific Purchases Computers	A district may acquire computers and computer-related equipment, including computer software, through the Department of Information Resources (DIR) under contracts entered into in accordance with Government Code Chapter 2054 or 2157. <i>Education Code 44.031(i)</i>		
Automated Information System	pure com troll offe scril com	strict may purchase an automated information system using the chasing method described by Government Code 2157.068 for imodity items or a purchasing method designated by the comper to obtain the best value for the state, including a request for rs method. A district that purchases an item using a method debed above satisfies any state law requiring the district to seek apetitive bids for the purchase of the item. <i>Gov't Code 7.006; 34 TAC 20.391</i>	

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PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION C (LEGAL					
Automated External Defibrillators	tor ens	istrict that purchases or leases an automated external defibrilla- (AED), as defined by Health and Safety Code 779.001, shall ure that the AED meets standards established by the federal od and Drug Administration. <i>Education Code 44.047(a)</i>			
Insurance	<ul> <li>A contract for the purchase of insurance is not a contract for professional services. A district must award such a contract using one of the methods in Education Code 44.031. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. DM-418 (1996)</i></li> <li>A district may execute an insurance contract for a period longer than 12 months, if the contract complies with Local Government Code 271.903(a) [see Commitment of Current Revenue, below]. If a district executes a multiyear insurance contract, it need not advertise for insurance vendors until the 12-month period during which the district will be executing a new insurance contract. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. DM-418 (1996)</i></li> </ul>				
Multiyear Contracts					
Other Purchasing Methods	per	The comptroller shall establish a program by which the comptroller performs purchasing services for local governments. The services must include:			
State Purchasing Program	1.	The extension of state contract prices to participating local governments when the comptroller considers it feasible.			
	2.	Solicitation of bids on items desired by local governments if the solicitation is considered feasible by the comptroller and is desired by the local government.			
	3.	Provision of information and technical assistance to local gov- ernments about the purchasing program.			
	The comptroller may charge a participating local government amount not to exceed the actual costs incurred by the compt in providing purchasing services to the local government und program.				
	Loc	al Gov't Code 271.082			
District Participation	A district may participate in the purchasing program, including par- ticipation in purchases that use the reverse auction procedure, by filing with the comptroller a resolution adopted by the board re- questing that the district be allowed to participate on a voluntary basis, and to the extent the comptroller deems feasible, and stating that the district will:				
	1.	Designate an official to act for the district in all matters relat- ing to the program, including the purchase of items from the vendor under any contract, and that the board will direct the decisions of the representative;			

- 2. Be responsible for:
  - a. Submitting requisitions to the comptroller under any contract; or
  - b. Electronically sending purchase orders directly to vendors, or complying with procedures governing a reverse auction purchase, and electronically sending to the comptroller reports on actual purchases made under this provision that provide the information and are sent at the times required by the comptroller;
- 3. Be responsible for making payment directly to the vendor;
- 4. Be responsible for the vendor's compliance with all conditions of delivery and quality of the purchased item.

A district that purchases an item under a state contract or under a reverse auction procedure, sponsored by the comptroller satisfies any state law requiring the district to seek competitive bids for the purchase of the item.

Local Gov't Code 271.083

Multiple Award Contract Schedule The comptroller shall develop a schedule of multiple award contracts that have been previously awarded using a competitive process by the federal government or any other governmental entity in any state. *Gov't Code 2155.502(a)* 

> A district may purchase goods or services directly from a vendor under a contract listed on a schedule developed under Government Code Chapter 2155, Subchapter I. A district contracting for the purchase of an automated information system under a contract listed on a schedule shall comply with Government Code 2157.068(e-1) (Purchase of Information Technology Commodity Items) [see Automated Information System, above]. A purchase authorized by this provision satisfies any requirement of state law relating to competitive bids or proposals.

> The price listed for a good or service under a multiple award contract is a maximum price. A district may negotiate a lower price for goods or services under a contract listed on a schedule developed under Government Code Chapter 2155, Subchapter I.

Gov't Code 2155.504

CooperativeA district may participate in a cooperative purchasing program with<br/>another local government of this state or another state or with a lo-<br/>cal cooperative organization of this state or another state. A district<br/>that is participating in a cooperative purchasing program may sign

	an agreement with another participating local government or a lo- cal cooperative organization stating that the district will:		
	1.	Designate a person to act under the direction of, or on behalf of, the district in all matters relating to the program;	
	2.	Make payments to another participating local government or local cooperative organization or directly to a vendor under a contract made under these provisions, as provided in the agreement between the participating local governments or be- tween a local government and a local cooperative organiza- tion; and	
	3.	Be responsible for the vendor's compliance relating to the quality of items and terms of delivery, to the extent provided in the agreement between the participating local governments or between a local government and a local cooperative organi- zation.	
	A district that purchases goods or services under these provisions satisfies any state law requiring the district to seek competitive bids for the purchase of the goods or services.		
	Loc	al Gov't Code 271.102; Atty. Gen. Op. JC-37 (1999)	
Cooperative Purchasing Contract Fees	or m und erat cha mer	strict that enters into a purchasing contract valued at \$25,000 nore under Education Code 44.031(a)(5) (interlocal contract), er Local Government Code Chapter 271, Subchapter F (coop- ive purchasing program), or under any other cooperative pur- sing program authorized for school districts by law shall docu- nt a contract-related fee, including a management fee, paid by the district and the purpose of each fee under the contract.	
	mus ope	amount, purpose, and disposition of any fee described above at be presented in a written report and submitted annually in an n meeting of the board. The written report must appear as an nda item. The commissioner of education may audit the written ort.	
	Edu	cation Code 44.0331	
Commitment of Current Revenue	prop expi con prop con	contract for the acquisition, including lease, of real or personal perty retains to the board the continuing right to terminate at the tration of each budget period during the term of the contract, is ditioned on a best efforts attempt by the board to obtain and appriate funds for payment of the contract, or contains both the tinuing right to terminate and the best efforts conditions, the tract is a commitment of a district's current revenue only. <i>Local i't Code 271.903</i>	

Change Orders	For provisions regarding change orders, see CV.
Criminal Offenses	An officer, employee, or agent of a district commits an offense if the person with criminal negligence makes or authorizes separate, sequential, or component purchases to avoid the requirements of Education Code 44.031(a) or (b). An offense under this provision is a Class B misdemeanor and is an offense involving moral turpitude.
	"Component purchases" means purchases of the component parts of an item that in normal purchasing practices would be made in one purchase. "Separate purchases" means purchases, made sep- arately, of items that in normal purchasing practices would be made in one purchase. "Sequential purchases" means purchases, made over a period, of items that in normal purchasing practices would be made in one purchase.
	Education Code 44.032(a)–(b)
	An officer, employee, or agent of a district commits an offense if the person with criminal negligence violates Education Code 44.031(a) or (b) other than by conduct described by Education Code 44.032(b). An offense under this provision is a Class B misdemeanor and is an offense involving moral turpitude. <i>Education Code 44.032(c)</i>
	An officer or employee of a district commits an offense if the officer or employee knowingly violates Education Code 44.031, other than by conduct described by Education Code 44.032(b) or (c). An of- fense under this provision is a Class C misdemeanor. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 44.032(d)</i>
Removal from Office	The final conviction of a person other than a trustee of a district for an offense under Education Code $44.032(b)$ or (c) above results in the immediate removal from office or employment of that person. A trustee who is convicted of an offense under Education Code 44.032 is considered to have committed official misconduct for pur- poses of Local Government Code Chapter 87, and is subject to re- moval as provided by that chapter and Texas Constitution Article V, Section 24. For four years after the date of the final conviction, the removed person is ineligible to be a candidate for or to be ap- pointed or elected to a public office in Texas, is ineligible to be em- ployed by or act as an agent for the state or a political subdivision of the state, and is ineligible to receive any compensation through a contract with the state or a political subdivision of the state. <i>Edu- cation Code</i> $44.032(e)$
Injunction	A court may enjoin performance of a contract made in violation of Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B. A county attorney, dis- trict attorney, criminal district attorney, citizen of the county in which

the district is located, or any interested party may bring an action for an injunction. A party who prevails in an action brought under this provision is entitled to reasonable attorney's fees as approved by the court. *Education Code 44.032(f)* 

	Note:	For additional legal requirements applicable to pur- chases with federal funds, see CBB.			
Required Vendor Disclosures Disclosure of	ness ent ested pa	may not enter into a contract described below with a busi- ity unless the business entity submits a disclosure of inter- inties to the district at the time the business entity submits			
Interested Parties	· ·	the signed contract to the district.			
		irement above applies only to a contract of a district that:			
		quires an action or vote by the board before the contract y be signed;			
	2. Ha	s a value of at least \$1 million; or			
		or services that would require a person to register as a lob- st under Government Code Chapter 305.			
	Gov't Co	ode 2252.908			
	board ha ecute the board do	ct does not require an action or vote by the board if the as legal authority to delegate to its staff the authority to ex- e contract, the board has delegated this authority, and the bes not participate in the selection of the business entity ch the contract is entered into. <i>1 TAC 46.1(c)</i>			
Exclusions	The disc	losure requirement does not apply to a contract with:			
		ublicly traded business entity, including a wholly owned osidiary of the entity;			
	2. An	electric utility, as defined by Utilities Code 31.002; or			
	3. Ag	as utility, as defined by Utilities Code 121.001.			
	Gov't Co	ode 2252.908(c)(4)–(6)			
Required Form	prescribe list of ea business scribed l as true u	losure of interested parties must be submitted on a form ed by the Texas Ethics Commission (TEC) that includes a ch interested party for the contract of which the contracting s entity is aware; and a written, unsworn declaration sub- by the authorized agent of the contracting business entity inder penalty of perjury that is in substantially the form set overnment Code 2252.908(e)(2). <i>Gov't Code 2252.908(e);</i> 6.5(a)			
	parties for be printe ness ent	ification of filing and the completed disclosure of interested orm generated by TEC's electronic filing application must ed, signed by an authorized agent of the contracting busi- ity, and submitted to the district that is the party to the con- which the form is being filed. <i>1 TAC 46.5(b)</i>			
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Deadline	A district that receives a completed disclosure of interested parties form and certification of filing shall notify TEC, in an electronic for- mat prescribed by TEC, of the receipt of those documents not later than the 30th day after the date the board receives the disclosure. 1 TAC 46.5(c); Gov't Code 2252.908(f)			
Contract Changes	The disclosure requirements do not apply to a change made to an existing contract, including an amendment, change order, or extension of a contract except as set out below.			
	The disclosure requirements apply to a change made to an existing contract, including an amendment, change order, or extension of a contract if:			
	<ol> <li>A disclosure of interested parties form was not filed for the ex- isting contract; and either the changed contract requires an action or vote by the board or the value of the changed con- tract is at least \$1 million; or</li> </ol>			
	2. The business entity submitted a disclosure of interested par- ties form to the district that is a party to the existing contract; and either there is a change to the disclosure; or the changed contract requires an action or vote by the board; or the value of the changed contract is at least \$1 million greater than the value of the existing contract.			
	1 TAC 46.4			
Definitions	"Contract" means a contract between a board and a business en- tity at the time it is voted on by the board or at the time it binds the board, whichever is earlier, and includes an amended, extended, or renewed contract. 1 TAC $46.3(a)$			
	"Business entity" means any entity recognized by law through which business is conducted, including a sole proprietorship, part- nership, or corporation. The term includes an entity through which business is conducted with a district, regardless of whether the en- tity is a for-profit or nonprofit entity, and does not include a govern- mental entity or state agency. <i>Gov't Code 2252.908(a)(1); 1 TAC</i> <i>46.3(b)</i>			
	"Interested party" means a person who has a controlling interest in a business entity with whom a district contracts or who actively par- ticipates in facilitating the contract or negotiating the terms of the contract, including a broker, intermediary, adviser, or attorney for the business entity. <i>Gov't Code 2252.908(a)(3); 1 TAC 46.3(d), (e)</i>			

"Controlling interest" means:

	1.	An ownership interest or participating interest in a business entity by virtue of units, percentage, shares, stock, or other- wise that exceeds ten percent;			
	2.	Membership on the board of directors or other governing body of a business entity of which the board or other governing body is composed of not more than ten members; or			
	3.	Service as an officer of a business entity that has four or fewer officers, or service as one of the four officers most highly compensated by a business entity that has more than four officers. This provision does not apply to an officer of a publicly held business entity or its wholly owned subsidiaries.			
	1 TAC 46.3(c)				
	with	ned" includes any symbol executed or adopted by a person present intention to authenticate a writing, including an elec- ic signature. <i>1 TAC 46.3(f)</i>			
	"Value" of a contract is based on the amount of consideration received or to be received by the business entity from the district under the contract. 1 TAC $46.3(g)$				
Conflict of Interest Questionnaire	<i>Note:</i> See BBFA for additional information applicable to disclosures under Local Government Code Chapter 176, including:				
	•	Definitions;			
	•	Conflicts disclosure statements required to be filed by certain local government officers, including vendors who are also local government officers; and			
	•	Internet posting requirements for conflicts disclosure state- ments and questionnaires.			
	A vendor shall file a completed conflict of interest questionnaire if the vendor has a business relationship with the district and:				
	1.	Has an employment or other business relationship with a local government officer of the district, or a family member of the officer, described by Local Government Code 176.003(a)(2)(A);			
	2.	Has given a local government officer of the district, or a family member of the officer, one or more gifts with the aggregate value specified by Local Government Code 176.003(a)(2)(B), excluding any gift described by Local Government Code 176.003(a-1); or			

	3.	Has dist	a family relationship with a local government officer of the rict.	
	Local Gov't Code 176.006(a)			
	the	appro	pleted conflict of interest questionnaire must be filed with opriate records administrator not later than the seventh day after the later of:	
	1.	The	date that the vendor:	
		a.	Begins discussions or negotiations to enter into a con- tract with a district;	
		b.	Submits to the district an application, response to a re- quest for proposals or bids, correspondence, or another writing related to a potential contract with the district; or	
	2.	The	date the vendor becomes aware:	
		a.	Of an employment or other business relationship with a local government officer, or a family member of the of- ficer described by Local Government Code 176.006(a);	
		b.	That the person has given one or more gifts described by Local Government Code 176.006(a); or	
		C.	Of a family relationship with a local government officer.	
	Loc	al Go	v't Code 176.006(a-1)	
Electronic Filing	ing	signa	irements of Local Government Code Chapter 176, includ- ture requirements, may be satisfied by electronic filing in a roved by the TEC. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.008</i>	
Updating Incomplete or Inaccurate Questionnaires	pro day that	priate after t woul	shall file an updated completed questionnaire with the aprecords administrator not later than the seventh business the date on which the vendor becomes aware of an event d make a statement in the questionnaire incomplete or in- <i>Local Gov't Code 176.006(d)</i>	
Validity of Contract	affe	ected	lity of a contract between a vendor and the district is not solely because the vendor fails to comply with these re- nts. <i>Local Gov't Code 176.006(i)</i>	
Violations	flict	of int	commits an offense if the vendor is required to file a con- erest questionnaire under Local Government Code and either:	
	1.		wingly fails to file the required questionnaire with the ap- priate records administrator not later than 5:00 p.m. on the	

		seventh business day after the date on which the vendor be- comes aware of the facts that require the filing of the ques- tionnaire; or	
	2.	Knowingly fails to file an updated questionnaire with the appropriate records administrator not later than 5:00 p.m. on the seventh business day after the date on which the vendor becomes aware of an event that would make a statement in a questionnaire previously filed by the vendor incomplete or inaccurate.	
	filed day	an exception to the application of this provision that the vendor the required questionnaire not later than the seventh business after the date the vendor received notice from the district of the ged violation.	
	dete	bard may, at its discretion, declare a contract void if the board ermines that a vendor failed to file a conflict of interest question- e required by Local Government Code 176.006.	
	Loc	al Gov't Code 176.013(b), (e), (g)	
Required Contract Provisions	and	strict may not enter into a contract with a company for goods services unless the contract contains a written verification from	
Boycott Prohibitions	the company that it does not boycott Israel and will not during the term of the contract.		
Israel	The requirement above applies only to a contract that:		
	1.	Is between a district and a company with ten or more full-time employees; and	
	2.	Has a value of \$100,000 or more that is to be paid wholly or partly from public funds of the district.	
	Gov	't Code 2271.002	
	-	ycott Israel" has the meaning assigned by Government Code .001.	
	"Company" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 808.001, except that the term does not include a sole proprietor- ship.		
	Gov't Code 2271.001(1), (2)		
Energy Companies	serv com	strict may not enter into a contract with a company for goods or vices unless the contract contains a written verification from the apany that it does not boycott energy companies and will not cott energy companies during the term of the contract.	
	The	requirement above applies only to a contract that:	

	1.	Is between a district and a company with ten or more full-time employees; and				
	2.	Has a value of \$100,000 or more that is to be paid wholly or partly from public funds of the district.				
	the stat me	The requirement above does not apply to a district that determines the requirements are inconsistent with the district's constitutional or statutory duties related to the issuance, incurrence, or manage- ment of debt obligations or the deposit, custody, management, bor- rowing, or investment of funds.				
	Go	Gov't Code 2274.002				
		"Boycott energy company" has the meaning assigned by Govern- ment Code 808.001.				
	809	"Company" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 809.001, except that the term does not include a sole proprietor-ship.				
	Go	v't Code 2274.001(1), (2)				
No Discrimination Against Firearm and Ammunition Industries	A district may not enter into a contract with a company for the pur- chase of goods or services unless the contract contains a written verification from the company that it does not have a practice, pol- icy, guidance, or directive that discriminates against a firearm entity or firearm trade association; and will not discriminate during the term of the contract against a firearm entity or firearm trade associ- ation.					
	The	e requirement above applies only to a contract that:				
	1.	Is between a district and a company with at least ten full-time employees; and				
	2.	Has a value of \$100,000 or more that is paid wholly or partly from public funds of the district.				
	The requirement above does not apply to a district that contracts with a sole-source provider or does not receive bids from a com- pany that is able to provide the required written verification.					
	Gov't Code 2274.002					
	[Fo	[For definitions, see Government Code 2274.001.]				
Retention of	The	ese provisions apply to a contract that:				
Contracting Information Application	1.	Has a stated expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds for the purchase of goods or services by the district; or				

	2.	for t	ults in the expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds he purchase of goods or services by the district in a fiscal r of the district.
	awa kno Cha trac unle take mer	ard the wingl apter s sting li ess th en ade nts of	may not accept a bid for a contract described above or e contract to an entity that the board has determined has y or intentionally failed to comply with Government Code 552, Subchapter J (Additional Provisions Relating to Con- nformation) in a previous bid or contract described above e board determines and documents that the entity has equate steps to ensure future compliance with the require- that subchapter. [For additional information and require- ee GBA and GBAA.]
Requirements	Aco	ontrac	ct described above must require a contracting entity to:
	1.	prov	serve all contracting information related to the contract as vided by the records retention requirements applicable to district for the duration of the contract;
	2.	late	mptly provide to the district any contracting information re- d to the contract that is in the custody or possession of the ty on request of the district; and
	3.	On	completion of the contract, either:
		a.	Provide at no cost to the district all contracting infor- mation related to the contract that is in the custody or possession of the entity; or
		b.	Preserve the contracting information related to the con- tract as provided by the records retention requirements applicable to the district.
Bid and Contract Language	scri mer mer app can	bed a nt: "Th nt Coo licabl be te	s described at Exception, below, a bid for a contract de- bove and the contract must include the following state- ne requirements of Subchapter J, Chapter 552, Govern- de, may apply to this (include "bid" or "contract" as e) and the contractor or vendor agrees that the contract erminated if the contractor or vendor knowingly or inten- ails to comply with a requirement of that subchapter."
Notice of Noncompliance	vide fails	e notio s to co	hat is the party to a contract described above shall pro- ce to the entity that is a party to the contract if the entity omply with a requirement of Government Code Chapter chapter J applicable to the entity. The notice must:
	1.	Be i	n writing;
	2.	Stat	te the requirement that the entity has violated; and

	3.	Unless the exception described below applies, advise the en- tity that the board may terminate the contract without further obligation to the entity if the entity does not cure the violation on or before the tenth business day after the date the board provides the notice.	
Contract Termination	Except as provided below, a governmental body may terminate a contract described above if:		
	1.	The board provides the required notice to the entity that is party to the contract;	
	2.	The contracting entity does not cure the violation in the pre- scribed period;	
	3.	The board determines that the contracting entity has inten- tionally or knowingly failed to comply with a requirement of Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter J; and	
	4.	The board determines that the entity has not taken adequate steps to ensure future compliance with the requirements of that subchapter.	
		entity has taken adequate steps to ensure future compliance Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter J if:	
	1.	The entity produces contracting information requested by the board that is in the custody or possession of the entity not later than the tenth business day after the date the board makes the request; and	
	2.	The entity establishes a records management program to en- able the entity to comply with Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter J.	
Exception	cont rity, f	ard may not terminate a contract under these provisions if the ract is related to the purchase or underwriting of a public secu- the contract is or may be used as collateral on a loan, or the ract's proceeds are used to pay debt service of a public secu- or loan.	
	Gov	't Code 552.371(a), .372–.374 [See GBA]	
Prohibitions Entertainment Event Contracts	tract for in erwis or ex cont void	rson, including a board, may not include a provision in a con- related to a parade, concert, or other entertainment event paid in whole or in part with public funds that prohibits or would oth- se prevent the disclosure of information relating to the receipt expenditure of public or other funds by a board for the event. A ract provision that violates Government Code 552.104(c) is . <i>Gov't Code 552.104(c)</i> [See GBA for information related to petition or bidding.]	

Taxpayer Resource Transactions	A district may not enter into a taxpayer resource transaction with an abortion provider or an affiliate of an abortion provider. <i>Gov't Code 2273.003(a)</i>			
	"Taxpayer resource transaction" means a sale, purchase, lease, donation of money, goods, services, or real property, or any other transaction between a governmental entity and a private entity that provides to the private entity something of value derived from state or local tax revenue, regardless of whether the governmental entity receives something of value in return.			
	"Affiliate" means a person or entity who enters into with another person or entity a legal relationship created or governed by at least one written instrument, including a certificate of formation, a fran- chise agreement, standards of affiliation, bylaws, or a license, that demonstrates:			
	1.	Common ownership, management, or control between the parties to the relationship;		
	2.	A franchise granted by the person or entity to the affiliate; or		
	3.	The granting or extension of a license or other agreement au- thorizing the affiliate to use the other person's or entity's brand name, trademark, service mark, or other registered identification mark.		
	Goı	/'t Code 2273.001(3), (5)		
Lobbying Restriction— Tobacco Education	Hea	strict receiving funds or grants from the Permanent Fund for alth and Tobacco Education and Enforcement may not use the ds to pay:		
Grant Funds	1.	Lobbying expenses incurred by the district;		
	2.	A person or entity that is required to register with the Texas Ethics Commission under Government Code Chapter 305 (Registration of Lobbyists);		
	3.	Any partner, employee, employer, relative, contractor, consult- ant, or related entity of a person or entity described by item 2; or		
	4.	A person or entity who has been hired to represent associa- tions or other entities for the purpose of affecting the outcome of legislation, agency rules, ordinances, or other government policies.		
	Gov't Code 403.1067(a)			

Prohibited<br/>ContractsA district may not enter into a governmental contract with a com-<br/>pany identified on a list prepared and maintained under Govern-<br/>ment Code 806.051 (now Government Code 2270.0201) (compa-<br/>nies with business operations in Sudan), 807.051 (now<br/>Government Code 2270.0102) (companies with business opera-<br/>tions in Iran), and 2252.153 (companies known to have contracts<br/>with or provide supplies or services to foreign terrorist organiza-<br/>tion). Gov't Code 2252.152"Governmental contract" means a contract awarded by a govern-

mental contract means a contract awarded by a governmental entity for general construction, an improvement, a service, or a public works project or for a purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment. The term includes a contract to obtain professional services subject to Government Code 2254. *Gov't Code 2252.151(3)* 

# PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION PAYMENT PROCEDURES

Payment Due	Except as provided below, a payment by a district under a contract executed on or after September 1, 1987, is overdue on the 31st day after the later of:			
	1.	The date the district receives the goods under the contract;		
	2.	The date the performance of the service under the contract is completed; or		
	3.	The date the district receives an invoice for the goods or ser- vices.		
Exception	199 less scrit trac	ayment under a contract executed on or after September 1, 3, owed by a district whose board meets only once a month or frequently is overdue on the 46th day after the later event de- bed above. The renewal, amendment, or extension of a con- t executed on or before September 1, 1993, is considered to be execution of a new contract.		
	Gov't Code 2251.021			
Interest	A payment begins to accrue interest on the date the payment be- comes overdue. The rate of interest that accrues on an overdue payment is the rate in effect on September 1 of the fiscal year in which the payment becomes overdue. The rate in effect on Sep- tember 1 is equal to the sum of one percent and the prime rate as published in the Wall Street Journal on the first day of July of the preceding fiscal year that does not fall on a Saturday or Sunday.			
	Interest on an overdue payment stops accruing on the date a dis- trict or vendor mails or electronically transmits the payment.			
	The unpaid balance of a partial payment made within the pre- scribed period accrues interest, unless the balance is in dispute.			
	Gov't Code 2251.025, .029			
	A district shall:			
	1.	Compute interest imposed on the district.		
	2.	Pay the interest at the time payment is made on the principal.		
	3.	Submit the interest payment with the net amount due for the goods or service.		
	A district may not:			
	1.	Require a vendor to petition, bill, or wait an additional day to receive the interest due.		

PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION
PAYMENT PROCEDURES

	2.	Require a vendor or subcontractor to agree to waive the ven- dor's or subcontractor's right to interest as a condition of the contract.	
	Goi	r't Code 2251.027	
Early Payment Discount	disc the trict crue	strict should take advantage of an offer for an early payment count. A district may not take an early payment discount unless district makes a full payment within the discount period. If a dis- takes an early payment discount later, the unpaid balance ac- es interest beginning on the date the discount offer expires. <i>I't Code 2251.030</i>	
Exceptions		se provisions do not apply to a payment made by a district, dor, or subcontractor if:	
	1.	There is a bona fide dispute between the district and a ven- dor, contractor, subcontractor, or supplier about the goods de- livered or the service performed that causes the payment to be late;	
	2.	There is a bona fide dispute between a vendor and a subcon- tractor or between a subcontractor and its supplier about the goods delivered or the services performed that causes the payment to be late;	
	3.	The terms of a federal contract, grant, regulation, or statute prevent the district from making a timely payment with federal funds; or	
	4.	The invoice is not mailed to the person to whom it is ad- dressed in strict accordance with any instruction on the pur- chase order relating to the payment.	
	Gov't Code 2251.002		
Disputed Payment	A district shall notify a vendor of an error or disputed amount in an invoice submitted for payment by the vendor not later than the 21st day after the date the district receives the invoice, and shall include in such notice a detailed statement of the amount of the invoice which is disputed. If a dispute is resolved in favor of the vendor, the vendor is entitled to receive interest on the unpaid balance beginning on the date that the payment for the invoice is overdue. If a dispute is resolved in accordance with Government Code 2251.021 [see Payment Due above]. The unpaid balance accrues interest if the corrected invoice is not paid by the appropriate date. The district may withhold from payments required no more than 110 percent of the disputed amount. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2251.042		

PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION PAYMENT PROCEDURES

Vendor Remedy for Nonpayment	A vendor may suspend performance required under a contract with a district if the district does not pay the vendor an undisputed amount within the time limits provided above, and the vendor gives the district written notice informing the district that payment has not been received and stating the intent of the vendor to suspend per- formance for nonpayment.		
	The vendor may not suspend performance before the tenth day af- ter the date the vendor gives this notice.		
	A ve	endor who suspends performance is not:	
	1.	Required to supply further labor, services, or materials until the vendor is paid the amount provided for under Government Code Chapter 2251, plus costs for demobilization and remobi- lization; or	
	2.	Responsible for damages resulting from suspending work if the district with which the vendor has the contract has not no- tified the vendor in writing before performance is suspended that payment has been made or that a bona fide dispute for payment exists.	
	A notification that a bona fide dispute for payment exists must in- clude a list of the specific reasons for nonpayment. If a reason specified is that labor, services, or materials provided by the ven- dor or the vendor's subcontractor are not provided in compliance with the contract, the vendor is entitled to a reasonable opportunity to cure the noncompliance of the listed items, or offer a reasonable amount to compensate for listed items for which noncompliance cannot be promptly cured.		

Gov't Code 2251.051

Denton ISD 061901		
		CHG EGAL)
Cash Purchases with Available Funds	The Public Property Finance Act (Local Government Code C 271, Subchapter A) does not include cash purchases of real erty made with moneys from available funds. <u>Bandera v. Har</u> 2 S.W.3d 367 (Tex. App.—San Antonio 1999, pet. denied)	prop-
Public Property Finance Act Definitions	"Contract" means an agreement entered into under Local Go ment Code Chapter 271, Subchapter A (the Public Property nance Act) but does not mean a contract solely for the const of improvements to real property.	Fi-
	"Improvement" means a permanent building, structure, fixture fence that is erected on or affixed to land but does not includ transportable building or structure whether or not it is affixed land.	le a
	"Real property" means land, improvement, or an estate or inf in real property, other than a mortgage or deed of trust creati lien on property or an interest securing payment or performa an obligation in real property.	ing a
	Local Gov't Code 271.003(2), (10), (11)	
Proposed Contract	The board may execute, perform, and make payments under contract under the Public Property Finance Act for the use of chase or other acquisition of real property or an improvement real property. If the board proposes to enter into such a contra- the board shall publish notice of intent to enter into the contra- less than 60 days before the date set to approve execution of contract in a newspaper with general circulation in the district notice must summarize the major provisions of the proposed tract. The notice shall estimate the construction and other co- but the board shall not publish the first advertisement for bids construction of improvements until 60 days has expired from publication of the notice of intent to enter into the contract. Le <i>Gov't Code 271.004(a)</i>	r pur- it to ract, act not of the it. The I con- osts, s for the
Petition and Referendum	If, within 60 days of the date of publication of the notice of interpretendent of the days of the date of publication of the notice of interpretendent of the district is filed with the board request that the board order a referendum on the question of whether contract should be approved, the board may not approve the tract or publish the first advertisement for bids for construction improvements unless the question is approved by a majority votes received in a referendum ordered and held on the quest provisions of the Election Code. The requirement that an element be held on a uniform election date does not apply to an tion held under Local Government Code 271.004. Local Government Code 271.004(b)–(c)	t of the ing of the con- on of of the stion. ble ction of elec-

## PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION REAL PROPERTY AND IMPROVEMENTS

Submission to Attorney General	A lease-purchase contract entered into by the district under Local Government Code 271.004 and the records relating to its execution must be submitted to the attorney general for examination as to their validity. If the attorney general finds that the contract has been authorized in accordance with the law, the attorney general shall approve them, and the comptroller shall register the contract. Following approval and registration, the contract is incontestable and is a binding obligation according to its terms. <i>Local Gov't Code</i> 271.004(g)–(i)
District Obligation	A contract under Local Government Code 271.004 is a special obligation of a district if ad valorem taxes are not pledged to the payment of the contract. If the contract provides that payments by the district are to be made from maintenance taxes previously approved by voters of the district and are subject to annual appropriation or are paid from a source other than ad valorem taxes, the payments under the contract shall not be considered indebtedness under Tax Code 26.04(c). All or part of the district's obligation may be evidenced by one or more negotiable promissory notes. <i>Local Gov't Code 271.004 (d)–(f)</i>
	[For information on competitive procedures under the Public Property Finance Act, see CHH.]
State Assistance— Instructional Facilities	A district may receive state assistance in connection with a lease- purchase agreement concerning an instructional facility in accord- ance with Education Code 46.004. A lease purchase agreement must be for a term of at least eight years to be eligible to be paid with state and local funds under Education Code Chapter 46, Sub- chapter A. <i>Education Code 46.004; 19 TAC 61.1032</i>
Eminent Domain	A district may, by the exercise of the right of eminent domain, ac- quire the fee simple title to real property on which to construct school buildings or for any other public use necessary for the dis- trict. <i>Education Code 11.155(a)</i>
	[For information regarding athletic stadium authorities and eminent domain, see CCE.]
	A district may not take private property through the use of eminent domain if the taking confers a private benefit on a particular private party through the use of the property, is for a public use that is merely a pretext to confer a private benefit on a particular private party, or is not for a public use. <i>Gov't Code 2206.001(b)</i>
Procedures	The procedures in the Truth in Condemnation Procedures Act, Government Code Chapter 2206, Subchapter B, apply to the use of eminent domain under the laws of this state by a governmental entity. <i>Gov't Code 2206.052</i>

#### PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION REAL PROPERTY AND IMPROVEMENTS

Exercise of the eminent domain authority in all cases is governed by Property Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B. *Property Code* 21.011

Annual Report to Comptroller Except as provided below, not later than February 1 of each year, a district shall submit to the comptroller a report containing records and other information specified by Government Code Chapter 2206, Subchapter D for the purpose of providing the comptroller with information to maintain the eminent domain database under Government Code 2206.153. The district shall submit the report in a form and in the manner prescribed by the comptroller.

> In addition to the required annual report, the district shall report to the comptroller any changes to the district's reported eminent domain authority information not later than the 90th day after the date on which the change occurred.

*Exception* A district located in a county with a population of less than 25,000 is required to file an annual report only if the district's eminent domain authority information has changed from the information reported in the most recent annual report filed by the district. If for the current annual reporting period the district's eminent domain authority information is the same as the information reflected for the district in the eminent domain database for the previous annual reporting period, the district, not later than February 1 of the current annual reporting period, shall confirm the accuracy of the information by electronically updating the district's previously filed report with the comptroller in the manner prescribed by the comptroller.

Gov't Code 2206.154

*Penalties for Noncompliance If a district does not timely submit a report that complies with these* provisions, the comptroller shall provide written notice to the district under Government Code 2206.155(a).

> If the district does not report the required information not later than the 30th day after the date the comptroller provides notice, the district is subject to penalties as prescribed by Government Code 2206.155.

The reporting, failure to report, or late submission of a report by a district does not affect the entity's authority to exercise the power of eminent domain.

Gov't Code 2206.155, .156

PURCHASING AND ACQUISITION FINANCING PERSONAL PROPERTY PURCHASES

Definitions	"Contract" means an agreement entered under Local Government Code Chapter 271, Subchapter A (the Public Property Finance Act) but does not mean a contract solely for the construction of im- provements to real property.
	"Personal property" includes appliances, equipment, facilities, and furnishings, or an interest in personal property, whether movable or fixed, considered by the board to be necessary, useful, or appropri- ate to one or more purposes of the district. The term includes all materials and labor incident to the installation of that personal property. The term includes electricity and cloud computing. The term does not include real property.
	Local Gov't Code 271.003(2), (8)
Authority	A board may execute, perform, and make payments under a con- tract with any person for the use or the purchase or other acquisi- tion of any personal property, or the financing thereof as permitted by Local Government Code 271.005. <i>Local Gov't Code 271.005</i>
Competitive Procedures	Education Code 44.031 applies to school district lease-purchase contracts entered under Local Government Code 271.004 and 271.005. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. GA-0494 (2006)</i>
	In any procedure for competitive bidding under the Public Property Finance Act, the board shall provide all bidders with the opportunity to bid on the same items on equal terms and have bids judged ac- cording to the same standards as set forth in the specifications.
	A district shall receive bids or proposals under the Public Property Finance Act in a fair and confidential manner.
	A district may receive bids or proposals under the Public Property Finance Act in hard-copy format or through electronic transmission. A district shall accept any bids or proposals submitted in hard-copy format.
	Local Gov't Code 271.0065

## SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT

Safety and Security Committee Responsibilities	In accordance with guidelines established by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC), each district shall establish a school safety and security committee. The committee shall:		
	1.	Participate on behalf of the district in developing and imple- menting emergency plans consistent with the district multihaz- ard emergency operations plan to ensure that the plans re- flect specific campus, facility, or support services needs;	
	2.	Periodically provide recommendations to the board and dis- trict administrators regarding updating the district multihazard emergency operations plan [see CKC] in accordance with best practices identified by the Texas Education Agency (TEA), the TxSSC, or a person included in the registry of per- sons providing school safety or security consulting services established by the TxSSC;	
	3.	Provide the district with any campus, facility, or support ser- vices information required in connection with a safety and se- curity audit, a safety and security audit report, or another re- port required to be submitted by the district to the TxSSC;	
	4.	Review each report required to be submitted by the district to the TxSSC to ensure that the report contains accurate and complete information regarding each campus, facility, or sup- port service in accordance with criteria established by the center; and	
	5.	Consult with local law enforcement agencies on methods to increase law enforcement presence near district campuses.	
Membership	The	committee, to the greatest extent practicable, must include:	
	1.	One or more representatives of an office of emergency man- agement of a county or city in which the district is located;	
	2.	One or more representatives of the local police department or sheriff's office;	
	3.	One or more representatives of the district's police depart- ment, if applicable;	
	4.	The president of the board;	
	5.	A member of the board other than the president;	
	6.	The superintendent;	
	7.	One or more designees of the superintendent, one of whom must be a classroom teacher in the district;	

# SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT

	8.	If the district partners with an open-enrollment charter school to provide instruction to students, a member of the open-en- rollment charter school's governing body or a designee of the governing body; and	
	9.	Two parents or guardians of students enrolled in the district.	
Meetings	Except as otherwise provided for year-round schools, the commit- tee shall meet at least once during each academic semester and at least once during the summer. A committee established by a dis- trict that operates schools on a year-round system or in accord- ance with another alternative schedule shall meet at least three times during each calendar year, with an interval of at least two months between each meeting.		
	Cod vide	committee is subject to the Open Meetings Act (Government e Chapter 551), and may meet in executive session as pro- d by that chapter. Notice of a committee meeting must be ed in the same manner as notice of a board meeting. [See BE]	
	Education Code 37.109		
Safety and Security Audit	and distr by th prov	east once every three years, each district shall conduct a safety security audit of the district's facilities. To the extent possible, a ict shall follow safety and security audit procedures developed ne TxSSC or a person included in the registry of persons iding school safety or security consulting services established xSSC.	
	the o	district's safety and security audit, the district must certify that district used the funds provided through the school safety allot- t only for the purposes provided by Education Code 48.115.	
	the t TxS	strict shall report the results of the safety and security audit to board and, in the manner required by the TxSSC, to the SC. The report provided to the TxSSC must be signed by the rd and the superintendent.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.108(b), (b-1), (c)	
	tions may distr	ddition to a review of a district's multihazard emergency opera- s plan under Education Code 37.2071 [see CKC], the TxSSC require a district to submit its plan for immediate review if the ict's audit results indicate that the district is not complying with icable standards. <i>Education Code 37.207(c)</i>	
Failure to Report Audit Results	prov repo	district fails to report the results of its audit, the TxSSC shall ide the district with written notice that the district has failed to ort its audit results and must immediately report the results to center.	

# SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT

	If three months after the date of the initial notification the district has still not reported the results of its audit to the TxSSC, the TxSSC shall notify TEA and the district of the district's requirement to conduct a public hearing under Education Code 37.1081. [See CKC]
	Education Code 37.207(d)–(e)
Disclosure	Except as provided by Education Code 37.108(c-2) [see CKC], any document or information collected, developed, or produced during a safety and security audit is not subject to disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552. <i>Education Code 37.108(c-1)</i>
Agreements	Each district that enters into a memorandum of understanding or mutual aid agreement addressing issues that affect school safety and security shall, at the TxSSC's request, provide a copy of the memorandum or agreement. A copy of a memorandum of under- standing or mutual aid agreement provided to the TxSSC under this provision is confidential and not subject to disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552. <i>Education Code</i> 37.2121( <i>d</i> ), ( <i>d</i> -1)

Denton ISD 061901						
SAFETY PROGRAM/RIS	SK M/	ANAGEMENT	CKA (LEGAL)			
Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act	The rules adopted under the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Re- sponse Act (AHERA) (15 U.S.C. 2641-2656) require a district to identify asbestos-containing material (ACM) in schools by visually inspecting school buildings for such materials, sampling such ma- terials if they are not assumed to be ACM, and having samples an- alyzed by appropriate techniques; submit management plans; and implement the plans in a timely fashion. Districts are required to use persons who have been accredited to conduct inspections, re- inspections, develop management plans, or perform response ac- tions. The rule includes recordkeeping requirements.					
Delegation	Districts may contractually delegate their duties, but they remain responsible for the proper performance of those duties.					
	40 (	40 C.F.R. 763.80(a)				
Duties	A di	strict shall:				
	1.	Ensure that the activities of any persons who perform tions, reinspections, and periodic surveillance, develo update management plans, and develop and impleme sponse actions, including operations and maintenanc carried out in accordance with 40 C.F.R. 763.80–.99 a pendices (Subpart E).	op and ent re- ce, are			
	2.	Ensure that all custodial and maintenance employees properly trained as required by Subpart E and other a ble federal and/or state regulations (e.g., the Occupat Safety and Health Administration asbestos standard f struction, the Environmental Protection Agency [EPA] protection rule, or applicable state regulations).	applica- tional for con-			
	3.	Ensure that workers and building occupants, or their l guardians, are informed at least once each school ye inspections, response actions, and post-response act tivities, including periodic reinspection and surveilland ties that are planned or in progress.	ar about tion ac-			
	4.	Ensure that short-term workers (e.g., telephone repairers, utility workers, or exterminators) who may come tact with asbestos in a school are informed of the local asbestos-containing building material (ACBM) and sur ACBM assumed to be ACM.	in con- ations of			
	5.	Ensure that warning labels are posted in accordance C.F.R. 763.95 (see Warning Labels, below).	with 40			
	6.	Ensure that management plans are available for insp and notification of such availability has been provided specified in the management plan under 40 C.F.R. 76	las			

	7.	Designate a person to ensure that requirements under 40 C.F.R. 763.84 are properly implemented and ensure that the designated person receives adequate training to perform duties assigned.					
	8.	Consider whether any conflict of interest may arise from the interrelationship among accredited asbestos personnel and whether that should influence the selection of accredited personnel to perform activities under Subpart E.					
	40 C	40 C.F.R. 763.84					
Management Plan	Each district shall develop an asbestos management plan for each school, including all buildings that they lease, own, or otherwise use as school buildings, and submit the plan to the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS). Each district shall maintain and update its management plan to keep it current with ongoing operations and maintenance, periodic surveillance, inspection, reinspection and response action activities. All provisions required to be included in the management plan shall be retained as part of the management plan, as well as any information that has been revised to bring the plan up-to-date. <i>40 C.F.R. 763.93(a), (d)</i>						
	The management plan shall be developed by an accredited man- agement planner and shall include:						
	1.	A list of the name and address of each school building and whether it contains friable ACBM, nonfriable ACBM, and fria- ble and nonfriable suspected ACBM assumed to be ACM.					
	2.	Specific information for each inspection conducted before December 14, 1987.					
	3.	Specific information for each inspection and reinspection con- ducted under 40 C.F.R. 763.85.					
	4.	The name, address, and telephone number of the person designated under 40 C.F.R. 763.84 to ensure that the duties of the district are carried out, and the course name, and dates and hours of training taken by that person to carry out the duties.					
	5.	The recommendations made to the district regarding re- sponse actions, under 40 C.F.R. 763.88(d), the name, signa- ture, state of accreditation of each person making the recom- mendations, and if applicable, his or her accreditation number.					

6. A detailed description of preventive measures and response actions to be taken, including methods to be used, for any friable ACBM, the locations where such measures and action will be taken, reasons for selecting the response action or preventive measure, and a schedule for beginning and completing each preventive measure and response action. 7. With respect to the persons who inspected for ACBM and who will design or carry out response actions, except for operations and maintenance, a statement regarding the person's accreditation. A detailed description in the form of a blueprint, diagram, or in 8. writing of any ACBM or suspected ACBM assumed to be ACM that remains in the school once response actions are undertaken pursuant to 40 C.F.R. 763.90. This description shall be updated as response actions are completed. 9. A plan for reinspection under 40 C.F.R. 763.85, a plan for operations and maintenance activities under 40 C.F.R. 763.91, a plan for periodic surveillance under 40 C.F.R. 763.92, a description of the management planner's recommendation regarding additional cleaning under 40 C.F.R. 763.91(c)(2) as part of an operation's maintenance program, and the district's response to that recommendation. 10. A description of steps taken to inform workers and building occupants, or their legal guardians, about inspections, reinspections, response actions, and post-response action activities, including periodic reinspection and surveillance activities that are planned or in progress. 11. An evaluation of the resources needed to complete response actions successfully and carry out reinspection, operations and maintenance activities, periodic surveillance, and training. 12. With respect to each consultant who contributed to the management plan, the name of the consultant and a statement regarding the person's accreditation. 40 C.F.R. 763.93(e); Occupations Code 1954.101 (License Re*quired for Certain Activities*) Plan Availability Upon submission of a management plan to TDSHS for review, a district shall keep a copy of the plan in its administrative office. The management plans shall be available, without cost or restriction, for inspection by representatives of EPA and the state, the public, including teachers, other school personnel and their representa-

tives, and parents. The district may charge a reasonable cost to

make copies of management plans.

	Each school shall maintain in its administrative office a complete, updated copy of the management plan for that school. Manage- ment plans shall also be available for inspection, without cost or re- striction, to workers before work begins in any area of a school building. The school shall make management plans available for in- spection to representatives of EPA and the state, the public, includ- ing parents, teachers, and other school personnel and their repre- sentatives, within five working days after receiving a request for inspection. The school may charge a reasonable cost to make cop- ies of the management plan.
Notice of Availability	Upon submission of its management plan to TDSHS and at least once each school year, a district shall notify in writing parent, teacher, and employee organizations of the availability of the man- agement plans and shall include in the management plan a de- scription of the steps taken to notify such organizations, and a dated copy of the notification.
	40 C.F.R. 763.93(g)
Inspections	Each building leased or acquired to be used as a school building shall be inspected in accordance with 40 C.F.R. 763.85(a)(3) and (4) prior to use as a school building. In the event that emergency use of an uninspected building as a school building is necessitated, such buildings shall be inspected within 30 days after commencement of such use. At least once every three years after a management plan is in effect, each district shall conduct a reinspection of all friable and nonfriable known or assumed ACBM in each school building. For each inspection and reinspection, the district shall have an accredited inspector provide a written assessment of all friable known or assumed ACBM in the school building. <i>40 C.F.R.</i> 763.85, .88
Response Actions	The district shall select and implement in a timely manner the appropriate response actions in 40 C.F.R. 763.90 consistent with the assessment. The response actions selected shall be sufficient to protect human health and the environment. The district may then select, from the response actions that protect human health and the environment, that action which is the least burdensome method. <i>40 C.F.R. 763.90(a)</i>
Periodic Surveillance	At least once every six months after the management plan is in effect, each district shall conduct periodic surveillance in each building that it leases, owns, or otherwise uses as a school building that contains ACBM or is assumed to contain ACBM. <i>40 C.F.R.</i> 763.92( <i>b</i> )

Operations and Maintenance Training	The district shall ensure, prior to the implementation of operations and maintenance provisions of the management plan, that all members of the maintenance and custodial staff who may work in a building that contains ACBM receive awareness training of at least two hours, whether or not they are required to work with ACBM. New custodial and maintenance employees shall be trained within 60 days after commencement of employment. Train- ing shall include information specified in 40 C.F.R. 763.92(a)(1)(i)– (v). The district shall ensure that all members of its maintenance and custodial staff who conduct any activities that will result in the disturbance of ACBM shall receive training described above and 14 hours of additional training that includes information specified in 40 C.F.R. 763.92(a)(2)(i)–(iv). 40 C.F.R. 763.92(a)
Warning Labels	The district shall attach a warning label immediately adjacent to any friable and nonfriable ACBM and suspected ACBM assumed to be ACM located in routine maintenance areas at each school build- ing. This shall include friable ACBM that was responded to by a means other than removal and ACBM for which no response action was carried out. All labels shall be prominently displayed in readily visible locations and shall remain posted until the ACBM that is la- beled is removed. The warning label shall read, in print which is readily visible because of large size or bright color, as follows: CAUTION: ASBESTOS. HAZARDOUS. DO NOT DISTURB WITH- OUT PROPER TRAINING AND EQUIPMENT. <i>40 C.F.R. 763.95</i>
Texas Asbestos Health Protection	Texas Asbestos Health Protection rules are found in 25 Administra- tive Code Chapter 296.
Act	The executive commissioner of the Health and Human Services Commission adopts by reference and enforces, except as other- wise provided in this paragraph, 40 C.F.R. Part 763, Subpart E, (re- lating to Asbestos-Containing Materials in Schools) adopted under AHERA. The executive commissioner does not adopt from Appen- dix C (relating to Asbestos Model Accreditation Plan), the EPA's recommended project monitor accreditation category in its Asbes- tos Model Accreditation Plan. <i>25 TAC 296.2</i>
	For purposes of enforcing the federal regulations adopted to implement AHERA, 25 Administrative Code Chapter 296 applies to districts. 25 TAC 296.1(b)(4), .21(51)
	A district must ensure compliance with AHERA for all schools un- der its administrative control. A TDSHS representative may enter any regulated school building to inspect and investigate conditions to determine compliance in accordance with Occupations Code 1954.060, Texas Health and Safety Code 12.018, and 25 Adminis- trative Code 296.271(c) (relating to Inspections and Investigations).

	trative Co	nay take enforcement action as described in 25 Adminis- ode Chapter 296, Subchapter Q (relating to Compliance) ons of AHERA. 25 TAC 296.4		
Asbestos- Related Activity	An "asbestos-related activity" means the removal, encapsulation, or enclosure of asbestos; the performance of an asbestos survey; the development of an asbestos management plan or response action; the collection or analysis of an asbestos sample; or the performance of another activity for which a license is required under Occupations Code Chapter 1954 (the Texas Asbestos Health Protection Act). Occupations Code 1954.002, .101 (License Required for Certain Activities)			
	gage per Chapter 2	ic building owner or the owner's delegated agent must en- sons licensed as required in 25 Administrative Code 296 to perform any asbestos-related activity. <i>25 TAC</i> <i>4), .211(a)</i>		
	Note:	For public building owner responsibilities for asbestos management, see 25 TAC 296.191		
Notice of Certain Activities	enclosing ing at lea moval, er laws. A p encapsul	engaged in removing asbestos from or encapsulating or g asbestos in a public building shall notify TDSHS in writ- st ten days before the date the person begins the re- ncapsulation, or enclosure project according to applicable erson may give the required notice orally if the removal, ation, or enclosure project is of an emergency nature. <i>Oc-</i> <i>s Code 1954.252</i>		
	whether of an	nust be notified of any demolition of a public building or not asbestos has been identified. TDSHS must be noti- ally asbestos abatement within a public building. Notification submitted as required in 25 Administrative Code 296.151.		
Responsibility	agent (su tos consu TDSHS f building c must be s the deleg ness of th for failing	esponsibility of the public building owner and delegated ich as a licensed asbestos abatement contractor, asbes- ultant, or demolition contractor) to submit a notification to or each project. When the task to notify is delegated, the owner's delegation and the name of the delegated agent specified on the notification form. The building owner and lated agent are responsible for the accuracy and timeli- ne notification and one or both may be found in violation to accurately and timely notify TDSHS of a project.		
		296.251(a)(1), (b)(1)		
Records	Recordke	eeping requirements are set out in 40 C.F.R. 763.94.		

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT ACCIDENT PREVENTION AND REPORTS

	The commissioner, in consultation with the Texas School Center (TxSSC) and the state fire marshal, shall adopt ru			
1.		iding best practices for conducting emergency school and exercises, including definitions for relevant terms;		
2.	Designating the number and type of mandatory school dr be conducted each semester of the school year, not to ex ceed a total of eight drills.			
Education Code 37.114				
		district may conduct an active threat exercise, including shooter simulation, the district shall ensure that:		
1.	pect dent	quate notice of the exercise is provided to students ex- ed to participate in the exercise, the parents of those stu- s, and staff likely to be part of the exercise, including in- ation regarding:		
	a.	The date on which the exercise will occur;		
	b.	The content, form, and tone of the exercise; and		
	C.	Whether the exercise will include a live simulation that mimics or appears to be an actual shooting incident;		
2.	start men	exercise is announced to students and faculty before the of the exercise, including, if applicable, an announce- t that the exercise will include a live simulation that mim- r appears to be an actual threat, such as a shooting inci- ;		
3.		responder organizations that would likely respond in the t of a false report or alarm are notified regarding the ex- e;		
4.	will t and wear scho	fe zone is created around the area in which the exercise be conducted to keep out actual firearms, ammunition, other weapons, other than firearms, ammunition, or other pons carried by a peace officer, school resource officer, or pol marshal or any other person authorized by the district arry those items on school grounds;		
5.	The	content of the exercise:		
	a.	Is age appropriate and developmentally appropriate;		
	b.	Has been developed by a team of school administrators, teachers, school-based mental health professionals, and		
	Cent 1. 2. Befo an a 1. 2. 3. 4.	<ul> <li>Center (T</li> <li>Prov drills and</li> <li>Desibe c ceed</li> <li>Education</li> <li>Before a d an active</li> <li>Adec pect dent form</li> <li>a.</li> <li>b.</li> <li>c.</li> <li>The start men ics o dent</li> <li>First ever ercis</li> <li>A sa will b and weap schot to ca</li> <li>The a.</li> </ul>		

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT ACCIDENT PREVENTION AND REPORTS

			law enforcement officers, with input from parents and students; and
		C.	Is designed to support the well-being of students who participate in the exercise before, during, and after the exercise is conducted; and
	6.	trac	a regarding the efficacy and impact of the exercise will be ked, including any feedback regarding the exercise from lents, staff, or family members of students or staff.
	gua beh firea	rdian alf fro arm, a ized f	ove may not be construed to prohibit a parent, legal , or other person acting on a parent's or legal guardian's om transporting or storing in the person's motor vehicle a ammunition, or other weapon that the person is legally au- to possess while the person is picking up a child from
		strict SC.	shall submit data collected under item 6 above to the
	Edu	catio	n Code 37.1141
Eye and Face Protection Required Devices	tive	devic	cher and student shall wear industrial-quality eye-protec- ces in appropriate situations as determined by district pol- ation Code 38.005
Recommended Guidelines	the mer	Texas nds th	tion and use of face and eye protection in public schools, be Department of State Health Services (TDSHS) recom- be guidelines entitled "Eye and Face Protection," available R. 1910.133.
	lecti tled mer	ion in "Non nt anc	rd assessment and face and eye protective equipment se- public schools, TDSHS recommends the guidelines enti- -mandatory Compliance Guidelines for Hazard Assess- I Personal Protective Equipment Selection," available at . Part 1910, Subpart I, Appendix B.
Application	visit	ors w	elines are applicable to all staff members, students, and ithin Texas public schools participating in educational ac- id programs that involve:
	1.	The	use of hazardous chemicals;
	2.	The	use of hot liquids or solids;
	3.	The	use of molten materials;
	4.		forming grinding, chipping, or other hazardous activities are there is danger of flying particles;

## SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT ACCIDENT PREVENTION AND REPORTS

- 5. Milling, sawing, turning, shaping, cutting, or stamping of any solid materials;
- 6. Heat treatment, tempering, or kiln firing of any metal or other materials;
- 7. Cutting, welding, or brazing operations;
- 8. The use of hazardous radiation, including the use of infrared and ultraviolet light or lasers;
- 9. Repair or servicing of any vehicle; or
- 10. Any process or activity in a vocational, art, industrial arts or science course or laboratory that might have a tendency to cause damage to the eyes.

25 TAC 295.141-.142

Notice of Bomb Threat or Terroristic Threat	a ca sha pare to e	strict that receives a bomb threat or terroristic threat relating to ampus or other district facility at which students are present Il provide notification of the threat as soon as possible to the ent or guardian of or other person standing in parental relation ach student who is assigned to the campus or who regularly s the facility, as applicable. <i>Education Code 37.113</i>		
Emergency Operations Plan	ope dres ery junc	Each district shall adopt and implement a multihazard emergency operations plan for use in the district's facilities. The plan must address prevention, mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery as defined by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC) in conjunction with the governor's office of homeland security and the commissioner. The plan must provide for:		
	1.	Training in responding to an emergency for district employ- ees, including substitute teachers;		
	2.	Measures to ensure district employees, including substitute teachers, have classroom access to a telephone, including a cellular telephone, or another electronic communication de- vice allowing for immediate contact with district emergency services or emergency services agencies, law enforcement agencies, health departments, and fire departments;		
	3.	Measures to ensure district communications technology and infrastructure are adequate to allow for communication during an emergency;		
	4.	Mandatory school drills and exercises, including drills required under Education Code 37.114 (emergency evacuations), to prepare district students and employees for responding to an emergency [see CKB];		
	5.	Measures to ensure coordination with the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS) and local emergency man- agement agencies, law enforcement, health departments, and fire departments in the event of an emergency; and		
	6.	The implementation of a required safety and security audit [see CK].		
	Edι	ication Code 37.108(a)		
	A di plar	strict shall include in its multihazard emergency operations		
	1.	A chain of command that designates the individual responsi- ble for making final decisions during a disaster or emergency situation and identifies other individuals responsible for mak- ing those decisions if the designated person is unavailable;		

2.	resp dang	risions that address physical and psychological safety for onding to a natural disaster, active shooter, and any other gerous scenario identified for purposes of these provi- s by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) or TxSSC;		
3.		isions for ensuring the safety of students in portable lings;		
4.	with	isions for ensuring that students and district personnel disabilities are provided equal access to safety during a ster or emergency situation;		
5.	Provisions for providing immediate notification to parents, guardians, and other persons standing in parental relation in circumstances involving a significant threat to the health or safety of students, including identification of the individual with responsibility for overseeing the notification;			
6.	Provisions for supporting the psychological safety of students district personnel, and the community during the response and recovery phase following a disaster or emergency situa- tion that:			
	a.	Are aligned with best practice-based programs and re- search-based practices recommended under Education Code 38.351;		
	b.	Include strategies for ensuring any required professional development training for suicide prevention and grief-in- formed and trauma-informed care is provided to appro- priate school personnel;		

- c. Include training on integrating psychological safety and suicide prevention strategies into the district's plan, such as psychological first aid for schools training, from an approved list of recommended training established by the commissioner and TxSSC for:
  - Members of the district's school safety and security committee [see CK];
  - (2) District school counselors and mental health professionals; and
  - (3) Educators and other district personnel as determined by the district;
- d. Include strategies and procedures for integrating and supporting physical and psychological safety that align with the provisions described by item 2, above; and

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		e. Implement trauma-informed policies;	
	7.	A policy for providing a substitute teacher access to school campus buildings and materials necessary for the substitu- teacher to carry out the duties of a district employee durin emergency or a mandatory emergency drill; and	ute
	8.	The name of each individual on the district's school safety security committee and the date of each committee meetin during the preceding year. [See CK]	
	Edu	cation Code 37.108(f)	
Active Shooter Emergency	a po may	strict shall include in its multihazard emergency operations olicy for responding to an active shooter emergency. The dis or use any available community resources in developing the Education Code 37.108(g)	strict
Train Derailment	a po distr cate poir any	strict shall include in its multihazard emergency operations olicy for responding to a train derailment near a district scho- rict is only required to adopt the policy if a district facility is le ed within 1,000 yards of a railroad track, as measured from a to on the school's real property boundary line. A district may available community resources in developing the policy. Ec on Code 37.108(d)	ool. A o- any vuse
Polling Place Security	a po der con the ble This tain pers disti	strict shall include in its multihazard emergency operations blicy for district property selected for use as a polling place of Election Code 43.031. In developing the policy, the board n sult with the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction district property selected as a polling place regarding reaso security accommodations that may be made to the property a requirement may not be interpreted to require the board to or contract for the presence of law enforcement or security connel for the purpose of securing a polling place located or ict property. Failure to comply with this subsection does no the requirement of the board to make a school facility avail use as a polling place under Election Code 43.031. Education <i>de 37.108(e)</i> [See GKD]	nay over ona- y. o ob- n n t af- lable
Disclosure		ocument relating to a district's multihazard emergency opera s plan is subject to disclosure if the document enables a pe	
	1.	Verify that the district has established a plan and determine the agencies involved in the development of the plan and agencies coordinating with the district to respond to an em- gency, including TDSHS, local emergency services agence law enforcement agencies, health departments, and fire departments;	the ner- cies,
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	2.	Verify that the district's plan was reviewed within the last 12 months and determine the specific review dates;				
	3.	Verify that the plan addresses the five phases of emergency management listed above at Emergency Operations Plan;				
	4.	Verify that district employees have been trained to respond to an emergency and determine the types of training, the num- ber of employees trained, and the person conducting the training;				
	5.	Verify that each campus in the district has conducted manda- tory emergency drills and exercises in accordance with the plan and determine the frequency of the drills;				
	6.	Verify that the district has established a plan for responding to a train derailment if required [see Train Derailment, above];				
	7.	Verify that the district has completed a safety and security au- dit and determine the date the audit was conducted, the per- son conducting the audit, and the date the district presented the results of the audit to the board [see CK];				
	8.	Verify that the district has addressed any recommendations by the board for improvement of the plan and determine the district's progress within the last 12 months; and				
	9.	Verify that the district has established a visitor policy and identify the provisions governing access to a district building or other district property.				
	Edu	Education Code 37.108(c-2)				
		[See GRC for emergency management training requirements and response to requests from other governmental entities for mutual aid]				
Plan Review	the	A district shall submit its multihazard emergency operations plan to the TxSSC on request and in accordance with the TxSSC review cycle developed under Education Code 37.2071(a).				
	duri tion	document or information collected, developed, or produced ng the review and verification of multihazard emergency opera- s plans is not subject to disclosure under the Public Information (Government Code Chapter 552).				
Notice of Noncompliance Plan Deficiencies	erat the stat	TxSSC shall review each district's multihazard emergency op- tions plan and verify the plan meets the requirements or provide district with written notice describing the plan's deficiencies and ing that the district must correct the deficiencies in its plan and ubmit the revised plan to the TxSSC.				

	tions plar	SC may approve a district multihazard emergency opera- that has deficiencies if the district submits a revised plan enter determines will correct the deficiencies.			
Failure to Submit Plan	If a district fails to submit its multihazard emergency operations plan to the TxSSC for review, the TxSSC shall provide the district with written notice stating that the district has failed to submit a plan and must submit a plan to the center for review and verifica- tion.				
Failure to Comply after Notice Three Months	If three months after the date of initial notification outlined at Notice of Noncompliance, above, a district has not corrected the plan defi- ciencies or has failed to submit a plan, the TxSSC shall provide written notice to the district and TEA that the district has not com- plied with the requirements and must comply immediately.				
Six Months	If a district still has not corrected the plan deficiencies or has failed to submit a plan six months after the date of initial notification, the TxSSC shall provide written notice to the district stating that the district must hold a public hearing as outlined at Public Hearing on Noncompliance, below.				
	If a school district has failed to submit a plan, the notice must state that the commissioner is authorized to appoint a conservator under Education Code 37.1082.				
	Education	n Code 37.2071			
Public Hearing on Noncompliance	If the board receives notice of noncompliance under Education Code 37.207(e) [see CK] or 37.2071(g) [see above at Six Months], the board shall hold a public hearing to notify the public of:				
	tihaz	district's failure to submit or correct deficiencies in a mul- zard emergency operations plan or report the results of a ty and security audit to the TxSSC as required by law;			
		dates during which the district has not been in compli- e; and			
	den not i	names of each member of the board and the superinten- serving in that capacity during the dates the district was n compliance. The district shall provide this information in ng to each person at the hearing.			
	The board shall give members of the public a reasonable oppor- tunity to appear before the board and to speak on the issue of the district's failure to submit or correct deficiencies in a multihazard emergency operations plan or report the results of a safety and se-				

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curity audit during a hearing held under this provision. A district required to hold a public hearing shall provide written confirmation to the TxSSC that the district held the hearing.

Education Code 37.1081

SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENTCKDEMERGENCY MEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES(LEGAL)					
Traumatic Injury Response Protocol	Each district shall develop and annually make available a protocol for employees and volunteers to follow in the event of a traumatic injury. The protocol must:				
	1.	Provide for a district to maintain and make available ployees and volunteers bleeding control stations, as scribed below, for use in the event of a traumatic inju- ing blood loss;		de-	
	2.	ces	ure that bleeding control stations are stored in e sible areas of the campus that are selected by th ool safety and security committee;		
	3.	con	uire that TEA-approved training on the use of a troi station in the event of an injury to another pe vided to:	-	
		a.	Each district peace officer commissioned unde tion Code 37.081 or school security personnel under that section who provides security servic campus;	employed	
		b.	Each school resource officer who provides law ment at the campus; and	enforce-	
		C.	All other district personnel who may be reasonappected to use a bleeding control station; and	ably ex-	
	4.	blee app des	uire the district to annually offer instruction on the eding control station from a school resource offic ropriate district personnel who has received the cribed above to students enrolled at the campus en or higher.	er or other training	
Bleeding Control Stations Location	A district's school safety and security committee may select, as easily accessible areas of the campus at which bleeding control stations may be stored, areas of the campus where automated ex- ternal defibrillators are stored.				
Contents	sup	A bleeding control station must contain all of the following required supplies in quantities determined appropriate by the superinten- dent:			
	1.		rniquets approved for use in battlefield trauma ca ed forces of the United States;	are by the	
	2.	Che	est seals;		
	3.	Cor	npression bandages;		
	4.	Blee	eding control bandages;		
	5.	Spa	ice emergency blankets;		
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#### SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT EMERGENCY MEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

	6.	Latex-free gloves;	
	7.	Markers;	
	8.	Scissors; and	
	9.	Instructional documents developed by the American College of Surgeons or the United States Department of Homeland Security detailing methods to prevent blood loss following a traumatic event.	
		strict may also include in a bleeding control station any medical erial or equipment that:	
	1.	May be readily stored in a bleeding control station;	
	2.	May be used to adequately treat an injury involving traumatic blood loss; and	
	3.	Is approved by local law enforcement or emergency medical services personnel.	
Immunity	The good faith use of a bleeding control station by a district em- ployee to control the bleeding of an injured person is incident to or within the scope of the duties of the employee's position of employ- ment and involves the exercise of judgment or discretion on the part of the employee for purposes of Education Code 22.0511, and a district and district employees are immune from civil liability, as provided by that section, from damages or injuries resulting from that good faith use of a bleeding control station. A district volunteer is immune from civil liability from damages or injuries resulting from the good faith use of a bleeding control station to the same extent as a professional employee of the district or school, as provided by Education Code 22.053.		
	Edι	ıcation Code 38.030(a)–(e), (i)	
Automated External Defibrillators Availability	Each school district shall make available at each campus in t district at least one automated external defibrillator, as define Health and Safety Code 779.001. A campus defibrillator musi		
Campus	read athl tion side	ly available during any University Interscholastic League (UIL) tic competition held on the campus. In determining the loca- at which to store a campus defibrillator, the principal shall con- the primary location on campus where students engage in tic activities.	
Athletic Practice	the is a a so	he extent practicable, each school district, in cooperation with UIL, shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that a defibrillator vailable at each UIL athletic practice held at a district campus. If chool district is not able to make a defibrillator available in such anner, the district shall determine the extent to which a defibril-	

#### SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT EMERGENCY MEDICAL EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

	lator must be available at each UIL athletic practice held at a dis- trict campus. The determination must be based, in addition to any other appropriate considerations, on relevant medical information.		
Athletic Competition	Each school district, in cooperation with the UIL, shall determine the extent to which a defibrillator must be available at each UIL ath- letic competition held at a location other than a district campus. The determination must be based, in addition to any other appro- priate considerations, on relevant medical information and whether emergency services personnel are present at the athletic competi- tion under a contract with the school district.		
Trained Staff	Each school district shall ensure the presence at each location at which a defibrillator is required above of at least one campus or district employee trained in the proper use of the defibrillator at any time a substantial number of district students are present at the lo- cation.		
Use and Maintenance	A school district shall ensure that an automated external defibrilla- tor is used and maintained in accordance with standards estab- lished under Health and Safety Code Chapter 779.		
	Education Code 38.017		
Instruction	A district shall annually make available to district employees and volunteers instruction in the principles and techniques of cardiopul- monary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibril- lator, as defined by Health and Safety Code 779.001.		
	Each school nurse, assistant school nurse, athletic coach or spon- sor, physical education instructor, marching band director, cheer- leading coach, and any other school employee specified by the commissioner and each student who serves as an athletic trainer must participate and must receive and maintain certification in the use of an automated external defibrillator from the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or a similar nationally recog- nized association.		
	Education Code 22.902		
	[See CH for information regarding purchase and lease of auto- mated external defibrillators.]		
Response to Cardiac Arrest	Each school district shall develop safety procedures for a district or school employee or student to follow in responding to a medical emergency involving cardiac arrest, including the appropriate response time in administering cardiopulmonary resuscitation, using an automated external defibrillator, as defined by Health and Safety Code 779.001, or calling a local emergency medical services provider. <i>Education Code 38.018</i>		

# SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

School District Peace Officers, School Resource Officers, and Security Personnel	dum prov ers	board may employ security personnel, enter into a memoran- of understanding with a local law enforcement agency for the vision of school resource officers, and commission peace offic- to carry out Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter C (Law Order).	
Jurisdiction	curif all te the othe ploy mer	jurisdiction of a peace officer, a school resource officer, or se- ty personnel shall be determined by the board and may include erritory in the boundaries of the district and all property outside boundaries of the district that is owned, leased, or rented by or erwise under the control of the district and the board that em- the peace officer or security personnel or that enter into a norandum of understanding for the provision of a school re- rce officer.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.081(a)	
Duties	ficer	The board shall determine the law enforcement duties of peace of- ficers, school resource officers, and security personnel. The duties must be included in:	
	1.	The district improvement plan under Education Code 11.252 [see BQ];	
	2.	The student code of conduct adopted under Education Code 37.001 [see FO];	
	3.	Any memorandum of understanding providing for a school re- source officer; and	
	4.	Any other campus or district document describing the role of peace officers, school resource officers, or security personnel in the district.	
	A district peace officer, a school resource officer, and security per- sonnel shall perform law enforcement duties for the school district that must include protecting the safety and welfare of any person in the jurisdiction of the peace officer, resource officer, or security per- sonnel; and the property of the school district.		
	In determining the law enforcement duties, the board shall coordi- nate with district campus behavior coordinators and other district employees to ensure that district peace officers, school resource officers, and security personnel are tasked only with duties related to law enforcement intervention and not tasked with behavioral or administrative duties better addressed by other district employees.		
	Edu	cation Code 37.081(d), (d-1), (d-4)	
Prohibited Duties		strict may not assign or require as duties of a district peace of- , a school resource officer, or security personnel:	
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## SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

	1.	Routine student discipline or school administrative tasks; or	
	2.	Contact with students unrelated to the law enforcement duties of the peace officer, resource officer, or security personnel.	
	This provision does not prohibit a district peace officer, a school re- source officer, or security personnel from informal contact with a student unrelated to:		
	1.	The assigned duties of the officer or security personnel; or	
	2.	An incident involving student behavior or law enforcement.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.081(d-2), (d-3)	
Refusal or Removal from District Property	low the	chool resource officer or district peace officer may refuse to al- a person to enter on or may eject a person from property under district's control in accordance with Education Code 37.105. <i>cation Code 37.105(a); 19 TAC 103.1207</i> [See GKA]	
Weapons	carr	board authorizes a person employed as security personnel to y a weapon, the person must be a commissioned peace officer. <i>cation Code 37.081(a)</i> [See CKEA]	
Training	activ	strict peace officer or school resource officer shall complete an ve shooter response training program approved by the Texas nmission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE).	
	whic ado	strict that commissions a school district peace officer or at ch a school resource officer provides law enforcement shall pt a policy requiring the officer to complete the education and hing program required by Occupations Code 1701.263.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.0812	
	law law ficer	ool district peace officers or school resource officers providing enforcement services at a district must obtain a school-based enforcement proficiency certificate within 180 days of the of- discommission or placement in the district or campus of the dis- 37 TAC 218.3(d)(5); Occupations Code 1701.263(b)	
Immunity from Liability		tired peace officer" has the meaning assigned by Occupations e 1701.3161.	
	"Sec	curity personnel" includes:	
	1.	A school district peace officer;	
	2.	A school marshal;	
	3.	A school resource officer; and	

# SAFETY PROGRAM/RISK MANAGEMENT SECURITY PERSONNEL

	4. A retired peace officer who has been hired by a district to pro- vide security services or volunteers to provide security ser- vices to the district.
	A district is immune from liability for any damages resulting from any reasonable action taken by security personnel to maintain the safety of the campus, including action relating to possession or use of a firearm.
	A district is immune from liability as provided above for any dam- ages resulting from any reasonable action taken by a district em- ployee who has written permission from the board to carry a fire- arm on campus.
	Any security personnel employed by a district is immune from lia- bility for any damages resulting from any reasonable action taken by the security personnel to maintain the safety of the campus, in- cluding action relating to possession or use of a firearm.
	The statutory immunity provided by these provisions is in addition to and does not preempt the common law doctrine of official and governmental immunity. To the extent that another statute provides greater immunity to a district than these provisions, that statute prevails.
	Education Code 37.087
Notice of Exposure to Communicable Disease	A district that employs emergency medical service employees, par- amedics, firefighters, law enforcement officers or correctional offic- ers must post the required notice regarding work-related exposure to communicable disease in its workplace to inform employees about Health and Safety Code requirements which may affect qual- ifying for workers' compensation benefits following a work-related exposure to a reportable communicable disease. <i>28 TAC 110.108</i>
Authorized Handguns	Under Education Code 11.151(b), a board may promulgate written regulations and authorization as provided by Penal Code 46.03(a)(1) (exception to places where weapons are prohibited). <i>Att'y Gen. Op. GA-1051 (2014)</i>

	Note	For general provisions applicable to district security per- sonnel, including district peace officers, see CKE.			
		For information on mental health leave and quarantine leave for peace officers, see DEC.			
Powers and Duties Code of Criminal Procedure	Any peace officer commissioned by the board must meet all mini- mum standards for peace officers established by the Texas Com- mission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE). <i>Education Code 37.081(h)</i>				
	Officers commissioned by a board are peace officers. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.12(8)</i>				
	It is the duty of every peace officer to preserve the peace within the officer's jurisdiction. To effect this purpose, the officer shall use all lawful means. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.13(a)</i>				
	The peace officer shall perform the duties listed in Code of Criminal Procedure 2.13.				
Determined by the Board	A district peace officer shall perform law enforcement duties for the district as determined by the board. <i>Education Code 37.081(d), (d-1)</i> [See CKE(LEGAL)]				
	The board may authorize any officer commissioned by the board to enforce rules adopted by the board. Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter D (protection of buildings and grounds) is not intended to restrict the authority of each district to adopt and enforce appro- priate rules for the orderly conduct of the district in carrying out its purposes and objectives or the right of separate jurisdiction relating to the conduct of its students and personnel. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.103</i>				
	In a peace officer's jurisdiction, a peace officer commissioned by the board:				
	1.	Has the powers, privileges, and immunities of peace officers;			
	2.	May enforce all laws, including municipal ordinances, county ordinances, and state laws;			
	3.	May take a child into custody in accordance with Family Code Chapter 52 [see GRA] or Code of Criminal Procedure 45.058; and			
	4.	May dispose of cases in accordance with Family Code 52.03 or 52.031.			
	Edu	cation Code 37.081(b); Family Code 52.01(a)(3)			

	The board shall determine the scope of the on-duty and off-duty law enforcement activities of district peace officers. A district must authorize in writing any off-duty law enforcement activities per- formed by a district peace officer.			
	forc sior	strict peace officer may provide assistance to another law en- ement agency. A district may contract with a political subdivi- for the jurisdiction of a district peace officer to include all terri- in the jurisdiction of the political subdivision.		
	Edu	cation Code 37.081(c), (e)		
Chief of Police	able Dist lice	chief of police of a district police department shall be account- to the superintendent and shall report to the superintendent. rict police officers shall be supervised by the district chief of po- or the chief's designee and shall be licensed by TCOLE. <i>Edu-</i> <i>con Code 37.081(f)</i>		
Oath and Bond	sha cute with fairl	eace officer assigned to duty and commissioned by a board I take and file the oath required of peace officers and shall exe- and file a bond in the sum of \$1,000, payable to the board, two or more sureties, conditioned that the peace officer will y, impartially, and faithfully perform all the duties that may be uired of the peace officer by law. <i>Education Code 37.081(h)</i>		
Preemployment Procedures and Reporting	Before a law enforcement agency may hire a person licensed un- der Occupations Code 1701 (law enforcement officers), the agency must, on a form and in the manner prescribed by the TCOLE:			
Requirements	1.	Obtain the person's written consent for the agency to review the information required to be reviewed under Occupations Code 1701.451;		
	2.	Request from TCOLE and any other applicable person infor- mation required to be reviewed under Occupations Code 1701.451; and		
	3.	Submit to TCOLE confirmation that the agency, to the best of the agency's ability before hiring the person:		
		<ul> <li>Contacted each entity or individual necessary to obtain the information required to be reviewed under Occupa- tions Code 1701.451; and</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Except as provided below, obtained and reviewed as re- lated to the person, as applicable, the information listed in Occupations Code 1701.451(a)(3)(B).</li> </ul>		
Confirmation Form	sigr	head of a law enforcement agency or the agency head's de- ee shall review and sign each confirmation form required under upations Code 1701.451 before submission to TCOLE. The		

	failure of an agency head or the agency head's designee to comp with this subsection constitutes grounds for suspension of the agency head's license under Occupations Code 1701.501.			
	The confirmation form submitted to TCOLE is not confidential and is subject to disclosure under Government Code Chapter 552.			
Exception	If an entity or individual contacted for information required to be re- viewed under Occupations Code 1701.451 refused to provide the information or did not respond to the request for information, the confirmation submitted to TCOLE must document the manner of the request and the refusal or lack of response.			
Duty to Provide Information	If a law enforcement agency receives from a law enforcement agency a request for information under Occupations Code 1701.451 and the person's consent on the forms and in the man- ner prescribed by TCOLE, the agency shall provide the information to the requesting agency.			
	Occupations Code 1701.451			
Separation Report	When a person licensed by TCOLE separates from an agency, the agency shall, within 7 business days:			
	1. Submit a separation report (Form F5) to TCOLE; and			
	2. Provide a copy to the licensee in a manner prescribed by Oc- cupations Code 1701.452 (Employment Termination Report).			
	37 TAC 217.7(b)			
	An agency must retain records kept under 37 Administrative Code 217.7 while the person is appointed and for a minimum of five years after the licensee's separation date with that agency. The records must be maintained under the control of the agency head or designee in a format readily accessible to TCOLE. 37 TAC 217.7(d)			
Memorandum of Understanding	A district police department and the law enforcement agencies with which it has overlapping jurisdiction shall enter into a memorandum of understanding that outlines reasonable communication and co- ordination efforts between the department and the agencies. <i>Education Code</i> 37.081(g)			
Use of Force/Duty to Render Aid	Not later than the 180th day after the date TCOLE provides the model policies described by Occupations Code 1701.269(b), each law enforcement agency in this state shall adopt a policy on the topics described by that subsection. A law enforcement agency may adopt the model policies developed by TCOLE under that subsection. <i>Occupations Code 1701.270</i>			

Drones	"Drone" means an unmanned aircraft, watercraft, or ground vehicle or a robotic device that:		
	1.	Is controlled remotely by a human operator; or	
	2.	Operates autonomously through computer software or other programming.	
	Each law enforcement agency that uses or intends to use a drone for law enforcement purposes shall:		
	1.	Adopt a written policy regarding the agency's use of force by means of a drone, before the agency first uses a drone, and update the policy as necessary; and	
	2.	Not later than January 1 of each even-numbered year, submit the policy to TCOLE in the manner prescribed by TCOLE.	
	Соа	le of Criminal Procedure 2.33	
	[For additional information on unmanned aircraft systems, see GKA.]		
Body-Worn Cameras	A law enforcement agency that operates a body-worn camera pro- gram shall adopt a policy for the use of body-worn cameras that must ensure that a body-worn camera is activated only for a law enforcement purpose and must include guidelines and provisions required by Occupations Code 1701.655(b).		
	A policy may not require a peace officer to keep a body-worn cam- era activated for the entire period of the officer's shift.		
	A policy must require a peace officer who is equipped with a body- worn camera and actively participating in an investigation to keep the camera activated for the entirety of the officer's active participa- tion in the investigation unless the camera has been deactivated in compliance with that policy.		
	era who who	bre a law enforcement agency may operate a body-worn cam- program, the agency must provide training to peace officers will wear the body-worn cameras and any other personnel will come into contact with video and audio data obtained from use of body-worn cameras.	
	Осс	upations Code 1701.655, .656	
Motor Vehicle Stops	of a that	eace officer who stops a motor vehicle for an alleged violation law or ordinance shall report to the law enforcement agency employs the officer information relating to the stop, including information required by Code of Criminal Procedure 2.133.	

	for a	The chief administrator of a law enforcement agency is responsible for auditing these reports to ensure that the race or ethnicity of the person operating the motor vehicle is being reported.		
	Code	e of Criminal Procedure 2.133		
	matio than subn	v enforcement agency shall compile and analyze the infor- on contained in each report received by the agency. Not later March 1 of each year, each law enforcement agency shall nit a report containing the incident-based data compiled during previous calendar year to TCOLE. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure</i> 4		
Civil Penalty	tiona of Cr for a	e chief administrator of a local law enforcement agency inten- illy fails to submit the incident-based data as required by Code riminal Procedure 2.134, the department is liable to the state civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for each viola- <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.1385(a)</i>		
Racial Profiling	A peace officer may not engage in racial profiling. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.131</i>			
	make dutie com	a law enforcement agency that employs peace officers who e traffic stops in the routine performance of the officer's official es shall adopt a detailed written policy on racial profiling that plies with Code of Criminal Procedure 2.132(b). <i>Code of Crimi-</i> <i>Procedure 2.132</i>		
Mental Health Crisis or Substance Abuse Issue	A law enforcement agency shall make a good faith effort to divert a person suffering a mental health crisis or suffering from the effects of substance abuse to a proper treatment center in the agency's jurisdiction if:			
	1.	There is an available and appropriate treatment center in the agency's jurisdiction to which the agency may divert the person;		
	2.	It is reasonable to divert the person;		
	3.	The offense that the person is accused of is a misdemeanor, other than a misdemeanor involving violence; and		
	4.	The mental health crisis or substance abuse issue is sus- pected to be the reason the person committed the alleged of- fense.		
	This requirement does not apply to a person who is accused of specified offenses involving intoxication.			
	Code of Criminal Procedure 16.23			

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SECURITY PERSONNEL CKEA COMMISSIONED PEACE OFFICERS (LEGAL)					
Administration of Epinephrine	A law enforcement agency may acquire and possess epinephrine auto-injectors and a peace officer may possess and administer an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with Occupations Code Chapter 1701, Subchapter O. <i>Occupations Code 1701.702(a)</i> [See FFAC regarding district maintenance and administration of epi- nephrine auto-injectors.]				
Officer-Involved Injury or Death	"Officer-involved injury or death" means an incident during peace officer discharges a firearm causing injury or death other.				
	Not later than the 30th day after the date of an officer-inver- jury or death, the law enforcement agency employing an or volved in the incident must complete and submit a written tronic report to the office of the attorney general. The report include all information required by Code of Criminal Proce 2.139(b).	officer in- or elec- ort must			
	Code of Criminal Procedure 2.139				
	Not later than the 30th day after the date of the occurrence incident in which, while a peace officer is performing an o duty, a person who is not a peace officer discharges a fire causes injury or death to the officer, the law enforcement employing the injured or deceased officer at the time of the must complete and submit a written or electronic report to of the attorney general. The report must include all inform quired by Code of Criminal Procedure 2.1395(a). Code of <i>Procedure 2.1395(b)</i>	fficial earm and agency le incident o the office ation re-			
Failure to Report	A law enforcement agency that fails to submit the required on or before the seventh day after the date the agency re- notice of failure to report from the office of the attorney ge- liable for a civil penalty in the amount of \$1,000 for each of the seventh day that the agency fails to submit the report. ning on the day after the date of receiving notice of failure a law enforcement agency that, in the five-year period pre- the date the agency received the notice, has been liable for penalty is liable for a civil penalty for each day the agency submit the required report in the amount of \$10,000 for the and \$1,000 for each additional day that the agency fails to the report. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.13951(b), (c)</i>	ceived eneral, is day after Begin- to report, eceding or a civil / fails to e first day			
Complaints Against Peace Officers	To be considered by the head of the district's police depart complaint against a district peace officer must be in writin signed by the person making the complaint. A copy of the plaint shall be given to the officer within a reasonable time filed. Disciplinary action may not be taken against the offic a copy of the signed complaint is given to the officer. The	g and com- e after it is cer unless			
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Legal Representation	may not be indefinitely suspended or terminated based on the subject matter of the complaint unless the complaint is investigated and there is evidence to prove the allegation of misconduct. <i>Gov't Code 614.021–.023; <u>Colorado County v. Staff</u>, 510 S.W.3d 435 (Tex. 2017); Atty. Gen. Op. GA-251 (2004)</i>		
	On the commencement of an investigation by a law enforcement agency of a complaint by an individual who believes that a peace officer employed by the agency has engaged in racial profiling with respect to the individual in which a video or audio recording of the occurrence on which the complaint is based was made, the agency shall promptly provide a copy of the recording to the peace officer who is the subject of the complaint on written request by the officer. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 2.132(b)(3), (f)</i>		
	[See DGBA, FNG, and GF for appeals]		
	A district shall provide a district employee who is a peace officer with legal counsel without cost to the employee to defend the em- ployee against a suit for damages by a party other than a govern- mental entity if legal counsel is requested by the employee, and the suit involves an official act of the employee within the scope of the employee's authority.		
	To defend the employee against the suit, the district may provide counsel already employed by it or may employ private counsel.		
	An employee may recover from a district that fails to provide coun- sel as required the reasonable attorney's fees incurred in defend- ing the suit if the trier of fact finds that the fees were incurred in de- fending a suit covered by these provisions and the employee is without fault or that the employee acted with a reasonable good faith belief that the employee's actions were proper.		
	Local Gov't Code 180.002(b)–(d)		

Denton ISD 061901

SECURITY PERSONNEL
SCHOOL MARSHALS

	Note:	For general provisions applicable to district security per- sonnel, including school marshals, see CKE.	
Board Authority	The board may appoint one or more school marshals for each campus. <i>Education Code 37.0811(a)</i>		
Definition	A school marshal is a person who is appointed to serve as a school marshal by the board under Education Code 37.0811, is licensed under Occupations Code 1701.260, and has powers and duties described by Code of Criminal Procedure Article 2.127. <i>Occupations Code 1701.001(8)</i>		
Eligibility	plicant for appo	ard may select for appointment as a school marshal an ap- who is an employee of the district and certified as eligible pintment under Occupations Code 1701.260. <i>Education</i> 7.0811(b)	
	To be e shall:	ligible for appointment as a school marshal, an applicant	
		accessfully complete all prerequisite Texas Commission on w Enforcement (TCOLE) training;	
	2. Pa	ass the state licensing exam;	
	3. Be an	e employed and appointed by an authorized school district; d	
		eet all statutory requirements, including psychological fit- ess.	
	37 TAC	227.3(a); Code of Criminal Procedure 2.127(d)	
	district	bl marshal training program is open to any employee of a who holds a license to carry a handgun issued under Gov- t Code Chapter 411, Subchapter H. <i>37 TAC 227.5(a)</i>	
	TCOLE	shall license an eligible person who:	
	1. Co an	ompletes required training to the satisfaction of TCOLE staff; id	
	sh	psychologically fit to carry out the duties of a school mar- al as indicated by the results of the psychological examina- n administered under Occupations Code 1701.260(d).	
	Occupa	tions Code 1701.260(f)	
Reimbursement for Training	The board may, but shall not be required to, reimburse the amount paid by the applicant to participate in the training program under Occupations Code 1701.260. <i>Education Code 37.0811(b)</i>		
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SECURITY PERSONNEL SCHOOL MARSHALS

District Responsibilities	A district shall:			
	1.	Submit and receive approval for an application to appoint a person as a school marshal;		
	2.	Upon authorization, notify TCOLE using approved format prior to appointment;		
	3.	Report to TCOLE, within seven days, when a person previ- ously authorized to act as a school marshal is no longer em- ployed with the district;		
	4.	Report to TCOLE, within seven days, when a person previously authorized to act as a school marshal is no longer authorized to do so by the district, TCOLE standards, another state agency, or under other law; and		
	5.	Immediately report to the commission a school marshal's vio- lation of any commission standard, including the discharge of a firearm carried under the authorization of these provisions outside of a training environment.		
	For five years, the district must retain documentation that the dis- trict has met all requirements under law in a format readily accessi- ble to TCOLE. This requirement does not relieve a district from re- taining all other relevant records not otherwise listed.			
	37	TAC 227.1		
Powers and Duties	A school marshal may make arrests and exercise all authority given to peace officers under the Code of Criminal Procedure, subject to written regulations adopted by the board.			
	A school marshal may only act as necessary to prevent or abate the commission of an offense that threatens serious bodily injury or death of students, faculty, or visitors on school premises.			
	A school marshal may not issue a traffic citation for a violation of the Transportation Code.			
	Code of Criminal Procedure 2.127			
Reporting	Ond	ce appointed, a school marshal shall:		
Requirements	1.	Immediately report to TCOLE and the district any circum- stance which would render them unauthorized to act as a school marshal by virtue of their employment with the district, failure to meet the standards of TCOLE, another state agency, or under law;		

SECURITY PERSONNE SCHOOL MARSHALS	EL	CKEB (LEGAL)		
	2.	Immediately report to TCOLE any violation of applicable TCOLE standards, including any discharge of a firearm car- ried under the authorization of these provisions outside of training environment; and		
	3.	Comply with all requirements under law, including Education Code 37.0811.		
	37	TAC 227.3(b)		
Handgun Possession	A school marshal may carry a concealed handgun or possess a handgun on the physical premises of a school, but only:			
	1.	In the manner provided by written regulations adopted by the board; and		
	2.	At a specific school as specified by the board.		
Accessing Handgun	A school marshal may use a handgun the school marshal is au- thorized to carry or possess only under circumstances that would justify the use of deadly force under Penal Code 9.32 or 9.33.			
Board Regulations	A board's written regulations must provide that a school marshal may carry a concealed handgun on the school marshal's person or possess the handgun on the physical premises of a school in a locked and secured safe or other locked and secured location.			
	The written regulations must also require that a handgun carried or possessed by a school marshal may be loaded only with frangible duty ammunition approved for that purpose by TCOLE.			
Inactive Status	A di on:	strict employee's status as a school marshal becomes inactive		
	1.	Expiration of the employee's school marshal license under Occupations Code 1701.260;		
	2.	Suspension or revocation of the employee's license to carry a handgun;		
	3.	Termination of the employee's employment with the district; or		
	4.	Notice from the board that the employee's services as school marshal are no longer required.		
	Education Code 37.0811(c)–(f)			
Identity Confidential	a re son add	e identity of a school marshal is confidential and is not subject to equest under the Public Information Act, except that the per- 's name, date of birth, and handgun license number, and the ress of the person's place of employment must be provided by DLE to:		

### SECURITY PERSONNEL SCHOOL MARSHALS

	1.	The director of the Department of Public Safety;	
	2.	The district;	
	3.	The chief law enforcement officer of the local municipal law enforcement agency if the person is employed at a campus of a district located within a municipality;	
	4.	The sheriff of the county if the person is employed at a cam- pus of a district that is not located within a municipality; and	
	5.	The chief administrator of any school district-commissioned peace officer, if the person is employed at a district that has commissioned peace officers.	
	writi tice poin	f a parent or guardian of a student enrolled at a school inquires in writing, the district shall provide the parent or guardian written no- ice indicating whether any employee of the school is currently ap- pointed as a school marshal. The notice may not disclose infor- mation that is confidential.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.0811(g), (h); Occupations Code 1701.260(j)	
No State Benefits	by tl	chool marshal is not entitled to state benefits normally provided he state to a peace officer. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure</i> 27(c)	

### SECURITY PERSONNEL SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICERS

	Note:	For general provisions applicable to district security per- sonnel, including school resource officers, see CKE.	
Definition	A school resource officer is a peace officer who is assigned by the officer's employing political subdivision to provide a police pres- ence at a public school, safety or drug education to students of a public school, other similar services. The term does not include a peace officer who provides law enforcement at:		
	1. A	public school only for extracurricular activities; or	
	2. A	public school event only for extracurricular activities.	
	Occup	pations Code 1701.601	
License Required	A peace officer who is a visiting school resource officer in a public school must be licensed as provided by Occupations Code Chapter 1701. <i>Occupations Code 1701.602</i>		
Firearms Accident Prevention Program	eleme vide in	ce officer who is a visiting school resource officer in a public ntary school shall at least once each school year offer to pro- struction to students in a firearms accident prevention pro- as determined by the district.	
	messa may ir tion Ee	rms accident prevention program must include the safety age, "Stop! Don't Touch. Leave the Area. Tell an Adult.", and aclude instructional materials from the National Rifle Associa- ddie Eagle Gun Safe Program, including animated videos ctivity books.	
	Occup	ations Code 1701.603	

Safety Rules	emp carry Build ing r	board may adopt rules for the safety and welfare of students, loyees, and property and other rules it considers necessary to out Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter D (Protection of lings and Grounds) and the governance of the district, includ- ules providing for the operation and parking of vehicles on ool property. <i>Education Code 37.102(a)</i> [See also CLC]		
Identification and Right to Reject	Identification may be required of any person on school property. A school administrator, school resource officer, or district peace officer may refuse to allow a person to enter on or may eject a person from property under the district's control in accordance with Education Code 37.105. <i>Education Code 37.105(a), (b)</i> [See GKA]			
Human Trafficking Warning Signs	Each public school shall post warning signs of the increased penal- ties for trafficking of persons under Penal Code 20A.02(b-1)(2) at the following locations:			
	1.	Parallel to and along the exterior boundaries of the school's premises;		
	2.	At each roadway or other way of access to the premises;		
	3.	For premises not fenced, at least every five hundred feet along the exterior boundaries of the premises;		
	4.	At each entrance to the premises; and		
	5.	At conspicuous places reasonably likely to be viewed by all persons entering the premises.		
	Education Code 37.086(b)			
	"Premises" means real property and all buildings and appurte- nances pertaining to the real property. <i>Health and Safety Code</i> 481.134; Education Code 37.086(a)(1)			

# BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT FLAG DISPLAYS

On all regular school days, every public school shall fly the United States and Texas flags. *Education Code 1.003* 

The board shall require that the United States and Texas flags be prominently displayed in accordance with 4 U.S.C. Sections 5–10 and Government Code Chapter 3100 in each campus classroom to which a student is assigned at the time the pledges of allegiance to those flags are recited. [See EC] A district is not required to spend federal, state, or local district funds to acquire flags under this provision. A district may raise money or accept gifts, grants, and donations to acquire flags. *Education Code 25.082(b-1)* 

National Motto A public school must display in a conspicuous place in each building of the school a durable poster or framed copy of the United States national motto, "In God We Trust," if the poster or framed copy meets the requirements below and is donated for display at the school or purchased from private donations and made available to the school.

A poster or framed copy of the national motto described above:

- 1. Must contain a representation of the United States flag centered under the national motto and a representation of the state flag; and
- 2. May not depict any words, images, or other information other than the representations listed in item 1.

A public school may accept and use private donations for the purposes of this provision.

Education Code 1.004

	Note:	For provisions regarding selection and adoption of in- structional materials, see EFA.
Instructional Materials and Technology	be furnis Except a not char equipme	onal materials selected for use in the public schools shall shed without cost to the students attending those schools. as provided by Education Code 31.104(d), a district may rge a student for instructional material or technological ent purchased by the district with the district's technology ructional materials allotment. <i>Education Code 31.001</i>
	rial only chased	structional material, including electronic instructional mate- to the extent of any applicable licensing agreement, pur- as provided by Education Code Chapter 31 for a district is perty of the district. <i>Education Code</i> $31.102(a)-(b)$
Allotment	struction in the di nium sp sioner s each bie the state lotment. tional m structior	t is entitled to an allotment each biennium from the state in- nal materials and technology fund for each student enrolled strict on a date during the last year of the preceding bien- ecified by the commissioner of education. The commis- hall determine the amount of the allotment per student ennium on the basis of the amount of money available in e instructional materials and technology fund to fund the al- . The allotment shall be transferred from the state instruc- aterials and technology fund to the credit of the district's in- nal materials and technology account as provided by on Code 31.0212. <i>Education Code 31.0211(a)</i>
	nium, no	nmissioner shall, as early as practicable during each bien- otify each district of the estimated amount to which the dis- be entitled during the next fiscal biennium. <i>Education Code</i> 5(a)
No Appeal		ount of the allotment determined by the commissioner is fi- may not be appealed. <i>19 TAC 66.1307(d)</i>
Delayed Publisher Payment Option	material The tota may not	t may requisition and receive state-adopted instructional is before allotment funds for those materials are available. al cost of delayed-payment-option materials requisitioned : exceed 80 percent of the district's expected allotment for sequent biennium.
	der this district's paymen for a dis will prior	district submits a requisition for instructional materials un- provision, the Texas Education Agency (TEA) will expend a existing allotment balance before applying the delayed t option. TEA will make payment for any remaining balance strict's order as the allotment funds become available and ritize payment for requisitions over reimbursement of pur- made directly by a district.

	The commissioner shall ensure that publishers of instructional ma- terials are informed of any potential delay in payment and that pay- ment is subject to the availability of appropriated funds. Publishers may decline orders for which payments could be delayed. A pub- lisher's decision to decline an order shall affect all of that pub- lisher's orders for which payments could be delayed. Publishers may not selectively decline individual orders or orders from individ- ual districts. Government Code Chapter 2251 does not apply to requisitions under this provision.		
	Education Code 31.0215; 19 TAC 66.1312		
Allotment Adjustment <i>Change in</i> <i>Enrollment</i>	Not later than May 31 of each school year, a district may request that the commissioner adjust the number of students for which the district is entitled to receive an allotment on the grounds that the number of students attending school in the district will increase or decrease during the school year for which the allotment is provided. The commissioner may also adjust the number of students for which a district is entitled to receive an allotment, without a request by the district, if the commissioner determines a different number of students is a more accurate reflection of students who will be attending school in the district. The commissioner's determination is final. <i>Education Code 31.0211(e)</i>		
High Enrollment Growth	Each year the commissioner shall adjust the instructional materials and technology allotment of districts experiencing high enrollment growth. <i>Education Code 31.0214(a)</i>		
	High-enrollment growth adjustments will be based on the difference between the district's percentage of enrollment growth and that of the state. Enrollment growth calculations will be determined each fiscal year based on fall Texas Student Data Systems Public Edu- cation Information Management System (TSDS PEIMS) enrollment data. The amount of the adjustment determined by the commis- sioner is final and may not be appealed.		
	If sufficient funds are available, high-enrollment growth adjust- ments will be granted once each fiscal year. Notwithstanding this, district that experiences an unexpected growth:		
	1. Of at least two percent due to a natural or man-made disaster or catastrophic event may apply for additional funding at any time during a fiscal year.		
	<ol> <li>In its bilingual population of at least ten percent in any school year may apply for additional bilingual funding at any time during a fiscal year.</li> </ol>		
	Any additional funding will be dependent on the availability of funds.		
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	The per-student high-enrollment growth adjustment granted in the second year of a biennium shall not exceed one-half of the per-stu- dent amount established as the biennial allotment.					
	19 TAC 66.1309					
Permitted	The	The allotment may be used to purchase:				
Expenditures	1.	Materials on the list adopted by the commissioner under Edu- cation Code 31.0231;				
	2.	Instructional materials, regardless of whether the instructional materials are on the list adopted under Education Code 31.024;				
	3.	Consumable instructional materials, including workbooks;				
	4.	Instructional materials for use in bilingual education classes, as provided by Education Code 31.029;				
	5.	Instructional materials for use in college preparatory courses under Education Code 28.014, as provided by Education Code 31.031;				
	6.	Supplemental instructional materials, as provided by Educa- tion Code 31.035;				
	7.	State-developed open education resource instructional mate- rials, as provided by Education Code Chapter 31, Subchapter B-1;				
	8.	Instructional materials and technological equipment under any continuing contracts of the district in effect on September 1, 2011;				
	9.	Technological equipment necessary to support the use of ma- terials included on the list adopted by the commissioner under Education Code 31.0231 or any instructional materials pur- chased with an allotment under these provisions;				
	10.	Inventory software or systems for storing, managing, and ac- cessing instructional materials and analyzing the usage and effectiveness of the instructional materials; and				
	11.	Services, equipment, and technology infrastructure necessary to ensure internet connectivity and adequate bandwidth.				
	The allotment may be used to pay:					

1. For training educational personnel directly involved in student learning in the appropriate use of instructional materials and

		for providing for access to technological equipment for in- structional use;
	2.	For training personnel in the electronic administration of as- sessment instruments;
	3.	The salary and other expenses of an employee who provides technical support for the use of technological equipment directly involved in student learning; and
	4.	For costs associated with distance learning, including Wi-Fi, internet access hotspots, wireless network service, broad- band service, and other services and technological equipment necessary to facilitate internet access.
	Edι	ucation Code 31.0211(c); 19 TAC 66.1307(f)
Technological	In p	ourchasing technological equipment, a school district shall:
Equipment	1.	Secure technological solutions that meet the varying and unique needs of students and teachers in the district; and
	2.	Consider the long-term cost of ownership and flexibility for in- novation.
	Edι	ucation Code 31.0211(d-1)
Prohibited	The	e allotment may not be used to pay for:
Expenditures	1.	Services for installation;
	2.	The physical conduit that transmits data such as cabling and wiring or electricity;
	3.	Office and school supplies;
	4.	Items that are not directly related to student instruction such as furniture, athletic equipment, extension cords, temporary contractors, or video surveillance equipment;
	5.	Travel expenses; or
	6.	Equipment used for moving or storing instructional materials.
	19	TAC 66.1307(g)
Certification of Allotment	trict	istrict shall annually certify to the commissioner that the dis- 's allotment has been used only for permitted expenses. <i>Edu-</i> ion Code 31.0213
Instructional Materials and Technology Account	tech	e commissioner shall maintain an instructional materials and nnology account for each district. In the first year of each bien- m, the commissioner shall deposit the district's allotment in the
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	account. The commissioner shall pay the cost of instructional mate- rials requisitioned by a district under Education Code 31.103 using funds from the district's instructional materials and technology ac- count.				
	A district may also use funds in the district's account to purchase electronic instructional materials or technological equipment. The district shall submit to the commissioner a request for funds for this purpose from the district's account in accordance with the commis- sioner's rules.				
	Money deposited in a district's instructional materials and technol- ogy account during each state fiscal biennium remains in the ac- count and available for use by the district for the entire biennium. At the end of each biennium, a district with unused money in the district's account may carry forward any remaining balance to the next biennium.				
	Education Code 31.0212				
Access to Allotment	The allotment for each biennium will be made available for district use through the state's online instructional material ordering sys- tem (EMAT) as early as possible in the fiscal year preceding the beginning of the biennium for which the funds have been appropri- ated. A district may access its allotment for any upcoming school year upon completion of:				
	1.	Sub	mission to the commissioner certification that:		
		a.	The district has instructional materials that cover all the required Texas essential knowledge and skills (TEKS), except those for physical education, as required by Education Code 31.004 [see Certification of Instructional Materials, below]; and		
		b.	The district has used its allotment for only the allowable expenditures [see Permitted Expenditures and Certifica- tion of Allotment Use, above]; and		
	2.		paration by TEA of EMAT for the new school year with the allotment amounts.		
	Upon completion of these requirements, a district may access its funds by correctly providing all information required in EMAT.				
	19 TAC 66.1307(h)–(j)				
Online Requisition System (EMAT)	(EM	AT) f	missioner shall maintain an online requisition system or districts to requisition instructional materials to be pur- vith the district's allotment. <i>Education Code 31.101(f)</i>		

Denton ISD 061901					
	EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENTCMDINSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CARE AND ACCOUNTING(LEGAL)				
Delegation of Authority	The board may delegate to an employee the authority to requisi- tion, distribute, and manage the inventory of instructional materials, consistent with Education Code Chapter 31 and rules adopted un- der that chapter. <i>Education Code 31.104(a)</i>				
Local Funds	A district may use local funds to purchase any instructional materi- als in addition to those selected under Education Code Chapter 31. <i>Education Code 31.106</i>				
Requisitions, Use, and Distribution	A district shall make a requisition for instructional materials usin the online requisition program (EMAT) maintained by the comm sioner. A district may requisition instructional materials on the S Board of Education (SBOE) instructional materials list for grade above the grade level in which a student is enrolled. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 31.103(b)–(c)</i>				
Distribution	The board shall distribute printed instructional materials to students in the manner that the board determines is most effective and economical. <i>Education Code 31.102(c)</i>				
Supplemental Instructional Materials	A district may requisition supplemental instructional material adopted by the SBOE but not on the instructional material list adopted under Education Code 31.023 only if the district requisi- tions the supplemental instructional material along with other sup- plemental instructional materials or instructional materials on the list adopted under Education Code 31.023 that in combination cover each element of the essential knowledge and skills for the course for which the district is requisitioning the supplemental in- structional materials. <i>Education Code 31.035(d)</i>				
Availability of Open Education Resource Instructional Materials	A district that selects open education resource instructional mate- rial shall requisition a sufficient number of printed copies for use by students unable to access the instructional material electronically unless the district provides to each student:				
	<ol> <li>Electronic access to the instructional material at no co student; or</li> </ol>	st to the			
	2. Printed copies of the portion of the instructional materia will be used in the course.	ial that			
	Education Code 31.103(d)				
Employee Training	The board shall require the employee responsible for order structional materials to complete TEA-developed training in of the allotment and the use of the instructional materials or system (EMAT). Training shall be completed prior to orderin structional materials for the first time and again each time the	the use rdering ng in-			

	trict is notified by TEA that the training has been updated. The dis- trict shall maintain documentation of the completion of the required training. <i>19 TAC 66.107(d)</i>		
Special Instructional Materials	All laws and rules applying to instructional materials provided to students with no disabilities that are not in conflict with Education Code 31.028 or 19 Administrative Code 66.1311 shall apply to the distribution and control of special instructional materials. Special in- structional materials include braille, large-print, and audio books and any other formats designed specifically to provide equal ac- cess to students with disabilities.		
	Requisitions for special instructional materials shall be based on actual student enrollment but may include up to two copies per student if necessary to meet individual need.		
	Special instructional materials are the property of the state. A dis- trict is responsible for replacing or reimbursing the state for lost, stolen, or damaged special instructional materials.		
For Teachers	Adopted instructional materials needed by a teacher with a print disability to carry out his or her instructional duties shall be fur- nished in the required format without cost. The materials are to be loaned to the district as long as needed and are to be returned to the state when they are no longer needed.		
For Parents	Adopted instructional materials in a specialized format that are re- quested by a parent with a print disability shall be furnished without cost by the state. Requests for electronic files shall be filled by TEA after the parent signs and TEA receives a statement, through the district, promising that the parent will safeguard the security of the files and observe all current copyright laws, including those that forbid reproduction of the files and their transfer to other parties. All specialized instructional material formats and electronic files that have been provided must be returned to the local school district at the end of the school year.		
	19 TAC 66.1311		
Bilingual Instructional Materials	A district shall purchase with its allotment or otherwise acquire in- structional materials for use in bilingual education classes. The commissioner shall determine the amount of the allotment for bilin- gual education based on TSDS PEIMS bilingual enrollment data from the fall collection of the school year preceding the first year of each biennium. <i>Education Code 31.029; 19 TAC 66.1307(c)</i>		
Certification of Instructional Materials	Prior to the beginning of each school year, a district shall submit to the SBOE and commissioner certification that for each subject in the required curriculum under Education Code 28.002, other than physical education, and each grade level, the district provides each		

	student with instructional materials that cover all elements of t essential knowledge and skills adopted by the SBOE for that s ject and grade level. The certification shall be submitted in a for approved by the commissioner and can be based on both stat adopted and non-state-adopted materials.		
	To determine whether each student has instructional materials that cover all elements of the essential knowledge and skills, a district may consider:		
	1.	Instructional materials adopted by the SBOE;	
	2.	Materials adopted or purchased by the commissioner under Education Code 31.0231 or Education Code Chapter 31, Sub- chapter B-1;	
	3.	Open education resource instructional materials submitted by eligible institutions and adopted by the SBOE;	
	4.	Open education resource instructional materials made availa- ble by other public schools;	
	5.	Instructional materials developed or purchased by the district; and	
	6.	Open education resource instructional materials and other electronic instructional materials included in the repository under Education Code 31.083.	
	The certifications shall be ratified by the board in a public, notice meeting.		
	Education Code 31.004; 19 TAC 66.105		
Ownership	tion whe yea dist prin	ept as otherwise provided, a student must return all instruc- al materials to the teacher at the end of the school year or en the student withdraws from school. At the end of the school r for which open education resource instructional material that a rict does not intend to use for another student is distributed, the ted copy of the open education resource instructional material omes the property of the student to whom it is distributed.	
		s provision does not apply to an electronic copy of open educa- resource instructional material.	
	Edι	ıcation Code 31.104(c), (g)–(h); 19 TAC 66.107(b)	
Responsibility for Instructional Materials and Equipment	all i in a turn	th student or the student's parent or guardian is responsible for instructional material and technological equipment not returned in acceptable condition by the student. A student who fails to re- in an acceptable condition all instructional materials and tech- ogical equipment forfeits the right to free instructional materials	
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issued but not returned in an the student, parent, or guard-				
ict may waive or reduce the rom a low-income family. [See ent to use instructional materials ool during each school day.				
gical equipment is not returned or, a district may withhold the t prevent the student from grad- ceremony, or receiving a di- student and parental right to d FL regarding a district's duties t]				
The board may not require an employee of the district who acts in good faith to pay for instructional materials or technological equip- ment that is stolen, misplaced, or not returned by a student. [See DG]				
These provisions do not apply to an electronic copy of open educa- tion resource instructional material.				
19 TAC 66.107(c) [See also				
onsidered to be in acceptable				
ne, and all integral components re wholly intact and the instruc- e by students; and				
onal materials is soiled, torn, or y or by lack of appropriate care) of the content is too disfigured or e to other students.				
e considered to be in accepta-				
s that are a part of the electronic rned;				
rm as they did when they were				

		3.	The electronic instructional materials do not contain computer code (e.g., bug, virus, worm, or similar malicious software) that has been designed to self-replicate, damage, change, or otherwise hinder the performance of any computer's memory, file system, or software; and		
		4.	The electronic instructional materials have not been installed with plug-ins, snap-ins, or add-ins without the prior approval of the district.		
		Tech tion	nological equipment is considered to be in acceptable condi- if:		
		1.	The equipment is returned with the software and hardware in their original condition unless the district authorized changes; and		
		2.	The physical condition of the equipment is fully usable as it was originally intended to be used.		
		19 TAC 66.1310			
	Lost or Damaged Instructional Materials	have struc	strict may order replacements for instructional materials that be been lost or damaged directly from the publisher of the in- ctional materials or any source for a printed copy of open edu- on resource instructional material. <i>Education Code 31.104</i>		
Sa	le or Disposal	ued	board shall determine how the district will dispose of discontin- printed instructional materials, electronic instructional materi- and technological equipment.		
Sale		The board may sell printed instructional materials on the date the instructional material is discontinued for use in the public schools by the SBOE or the commissioner. The board may also sell electronic instructional materials and technological equipment owned by the district.			
	Use of Proceeds	chas	funds received by a district from a sale must be used to pur- se instructional materials and technological equipment allowed er Education Code 31.0211.		
	Disposal	date schc mate sona trict distr	board may dispose of printed instructional material before the the instructional material is discontinued for use in the public ools by the SBOE if the board determines that the instructional erial is not needed by the district and the board does not rea- ably expect that the instructional material will be needed. A dis- must notify the commissioner of any instructional material the ict disposes of under this provision.		
			action Code 21 105		

Education Code 31.105

Denton ISD 061901		
EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES MANAGEMENT CME INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS CARE AND ACCOUNTING (LEGAL		
Annual Inventory	A district shall conduct an annual physical inventory of all adopted instructional materials that have been requisition delivered to the district. The results of the inventory shall orded in the district's files. <i>19 TAC 66.107(a)</i>	ned by and
Local Handling Expenses	School districts shall not be reimbursed from state funds penses incurred in local handling of instructional material 66.104(d)	

Definitions	For purposes of this policy:			
	1.	"Bus" means a motor vehicle used to transport persons and designed to accommodate more than ten passengers, includ- ing the operator.		
	2.	"Passenger car" means a motor vehicle, other than a motor- cycle, used to transport persons and designed to accommo- date ten or fewer passengers, including the operator.		
		"Passenger van" means a motor vehicle, other than a motor- cycle or passenger car, used to transport persons and de- signed to transport 15 or fewer passengers, including the driver.		
	4.	"School activity bus" means a bus designed to accommodate more than 15 passengers, including the operator, that is owned, operated, rented, or leased by a district and is used to transport public school students on a school-related activity trip, other than on routes to and from school. The term does not include a chartered bus, a bus operated by a mass transit authority, a school bus, or a multifunction school activity bus.		
	5.	"School bus" means a motor vehicle that was manufactured in compliance with the federal motor vehicle safety standards for school buses in effect on the date of manufacture and that is used to transport preprimary, primary, or secondary students on a route to and from school or on a school-related activity trip other than on routes to and from school. The term does not include a school-chartered bus or a bus operated by a mass transit authority.		
	6.	"Motor bus" means a vehicle designed to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver.		
		ıcation Code 34.003(d), (e); Transp. Code 541.201(3)(A), (12), ), (16)		
Authority	A board may establish and operate an economical public school transportation system:			
	1.	In the district;		
	2.	Outside the district, if the district enters into an interlocal con- tract as provided by Government Code Chapter 791; or		
	3.	Outside the district if students enrolled in the district reside outside the district and the district:		

- a. Has an active policy adopted by the board that prohibits screening transfer students who reside outside the district based on the student's academic performance, disciplinary history, or attendance record, regardless of any relevant district or innovation plan adopted by the board or authorization to screen transfer students under any other authority; and
- b. Certifies that the district has:
  - An overall performance rating of C or higher under Education Code 39.054 for the preceding school year or the most recent school year in which a performance rating was assigned;
  - (2) An overall accountability score of 70 or higher for the preceding school year or the most recent school year in which a performance rating was assigned as calculated by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) for purposes of determining the district's overall performance rating under Education Code 39.054; and
  - (3) The same or better overall performance rating under Education Code 39.054 for the preceding school year or the most recent school year in which a performance rating was assigned as the district from which the district will transport students under these provisions.

A district shall make publicly available on the district's internet website information regarding the district's compliance with the requirements under item 3 above.

Education Code 34.007 may not be construed to prohibit a board from operating a transportation system in another district to ensure the most efficient routes for transporting students who reside in the operating district.

Education Code 34.007(a), (a-1), (c)

Transportation<br/>Allotment for Eligible<br/>StudentsEach district operating a regular transportation system is entitled to<br/>an allotment based on a rate per mile per regular eligible student<br/>set by the legislature in the General Appropriations Act. Education<br/>Code 48.151(c)

"Regular eligible student" means a student who resides two or more miles from the student's campus of regular attendance, measured along the shortest route that may be traveled on public

	roads, and who is not classified as a student eligible for special e ucation services; or is a homeless child or youth, as defined by 4	
	U.S.C. 11434a. Education Code 48.151(b)(1)	-
	The commissioner of education may not reduce the allotment because a district provides transportation for an eligible student to and from a child-care facility or a grandparent's residence instead of the student's residence, as authorized by Education Code 34.007 [see Designation of Child-Care Facility or Grandparent's Residence, below]. <i>Education Code 48.151(k)</i>	
Authorized Uses	Funds allotted under these provisions must be used in providing transportation services. Transporting a meal or instructional materials as provided below is included in transportation services under this provision. <i>Education Code 48.151(h)</i>	
Meals and Instructional Materials	For the duration of a declared disaster, a district located in an are that is wholly or partly the subject of a disaster declaration by the governor under Government Code Chapter 418 or by the preside of the United States may be reimbursed on a per-mile basis for the cost of transporting a meal or instructional materials to a student residence or to another location, designated by the district, for pickup by the student. <i>Education Code 48.151(n)</i>	e ent he
Fees for Transportation	For information regarding fees a district may charge for transport tion, see FP(LEGAL).	a-
Hazardous Conditions or High Risk of Violence	A district may apply for and on approval of the commissioner re- ceive an additional amount of up to ten percent of its regular tran portation allotment to be used for the transportation of children liv ing within two miles of the school they attend who would be subje to hazardous traffic conditions or a high risk of violence if they walked to school. <i>Education Code 48.151(d); 19 TAC 61.1016</i>	/-
Definitions	"Hazardous traffic condition" means an area within two miles of a campus where no walkway is provided and children must walk along or cross a freeway or expressway, an underpass, an over- pass or a bridge, an uncontrolled major traffic artery, an industria or commercial area, or another comparable condition.	
	"Area presenting a high risk of violence" means an area within tw miles of a campus that law enforcement records indicate present a high incidence of violent crimes.	
	19 TAC 61.1016(b)	
Community Walking Transportation Programs	A district may use all or part of any additional funds received to support community walking transportation programs, including walking school bus programs, provided that the district requires each supported program to submit a financial report each semes	ter
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	that covers services provided by the program for the benefit of the district. <i>Education Code 48.151(d-2)</i>			
Eligibility	A district or county is eligible to report hazardous area service an- nual mileage in the Foundation School Program (FSP) transporta- tion application if the district submits to the TEA a policy adopted by the board that:			
	1.	pres	ains the specific hazardous traffic conditions or areas enting high risk for violence that apply to the district and within two miles of its campuses; and	
	2.	tion such	district elects to implement community walking transporta- programs or innovative school safety projects, requires district-supported community walking transportation pro- ns or innovative school safety projects to:	
		a.	Utilize trained adults with current background checks to either walk students to their home or school or to stand guard along safe routes; and	
		b.	Provide financial reports to the district each semester.	
	19 T	AC 6	1.1016(c)	
Reporting	start vice scho vices high the e force	of the milea ool/sc s repo risk o explan emen	s required to submit a hazardous area policy prior to the e school year and to report annual hazardous area ser- inge by August 1 of each school year on the home-to- hool-to-home section of the FSP transportation route ser- port. Districts requesting funds for an area presenting a of violence must provide to TEA, contemporaneously with nation required at Eligibility above, consolidated law en- t records that document violent crimes identified by re- gencies within the relevant jurisdiction. <i>19 TAC 61.1016(d)</i>	
Career and Technology Program	from to ar prog prov appr stud reer num ricula	one nothe ram o ed po oved ents a and t ber o ar tra	of transporting career and technology education students campus to another inside a district, from a sending district r secondary public school for a career and technology or an area career and technology school or to an ap- ostsecondary institution under a contract for instruction by TEA, or from a district campus to a location at which are provided work-based learning under the district's ca- echnology program shall be reimbursed based on the f actual miles traveled times the district's official extracur- vel per mile rate as set by the board and approved by <i>cation Code 48.151(f)</i>	
Dual Credit Students			shall be reimbursed on a per-mile basis for the cost of ng a dual credit student to another campus in the district,	

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENTCNASTUDENT TRANSPORTATION(LEGAL)				
	a campus in another district, or a postsecondary educational insti- tution for purposes of attending the course, if the course is not available at the student's campus. <i>Education Code 48.151(m)</i>			
Bus Drivers	In establishing and operating the transportation system, the board shall employ bus drivers certified in accordance with standards and qualifications adopted by the Department of Public Safety. <i>Educa-tion Code 34.007(b)(1)</i>			
Bus Operation	A person may not operate a school bus if:			
	1. The door of the school bus is open; or			
	2. The number of passengers on the bus is greater than the manufacturer's design capacity for the bus.			
	An operator of a school bus, while operating the bus, shall prohibit a passenger from:			
	1. Standing in the bus; or			
	2. Sitting on the floor of the bus or in any location that is not de- signed as a seat.			
	Transp. Code 545.426			
Transporting Students to School	School buses or mass transit authority buses shall be used for the transportation of students to and from schools on routes having ten or more students. Passenger cars may be used on routes having fewer than ten students. <i>Education Code 34.003(a)</i>			
Bus Passes or Cards	A school district may use the state transportation allotment to pro- vide a bus pass or card for another transportation system to each student who is eligible to use the regular transportation system of the district but for whom the regular transportation system of the district is not a feasible method of providing transportation. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 48.151(l)</i>			
Designation of Child-Care Facility or Grandparent's Residence	On determining eligibility for transportation services, the board shall allow a parent to designate one of the following locations in- stead of the child's residence as the regular location for purposes of obtaining transportation under the system to and from the child's school, if the location is an approved stop on an approved route:			
	<ol> <li>A child-care facility as defined by Human Resources Code 42.002 below; or</li> </ol>			
	2. The residence of a grandparent of the child.			
	Education Code 34.007(b)(2)			

Education Code 34.007(b)(2)

	"Child-care facility" means a facility licensed, certified, or registered by the Department of Family and Protective Services to provide as- sessment, care, training, education, custody, treatment, or supervi- sion for a child who is not related by blood, marriage, or adoption to the owner or operator of the facility for all or part of the 24-hour day, whether or not the facility is operated for profit or charges for the services it offers. <i>Human Resources Code 42.002(3)</i>			
Transportation of Homeless Students	As a condition of receiving funds under the McKinney-Vento Home- less Assistance Act, a district shall adopt policies and practices to ensure that transportation is provided, at the request of the parent or guardian (or in the case of an unaccompanied youth, at the re- quest of the homeless liaison [see FFC]) to and from the school of origin, as follows:			
	<ol> <li>If the child continues to live in the area served by the district in which the school of origin is located, the district of origin will provide the child's transportation to and from the school of origin.</li> </ol>			
	2. If the child's living arrangements in the area served by the dis- trict of origin terminate and the child, though continuing his or her education in the school of origin, begins living in an area served by another district, the district of origin and the district in which the child is living shall agree upon a method to ap- portion the responsibility and costs for providing the child with transportation to and from the school of origin. If the districts are unable to agree, the responsibility and costs shall be shared equally.			
	42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(1)(J)(iii)(I), (II) [See FDC]			
Transportation of Students in Foster Care	A district receiving Title 1, Part A funds must collaborate with the state or local child welfare agency to develop and implement clear written procedures governing how transportation to maintain children in foster care in their school of origin when in their best interest will be provided, arranged, and funded for the duration of the time in foster care. These procedures shall:			
	<ol> <li>Ensure that children in foster care needing transportation to the school of origin will promptly receive transportation in a cost-effective manner and in accordance with 42 U.S.C. 675(4)(A); and</li> </ol>			
	2. Ensure that, if there are additional costs incurred in providing transportation to maintain children in foster care in their schools of origin, the district will provide transportation to the school of origin if:			

	a.	The local child welfare agency agrees to reimburse the district for the cost of such transportation;		
	b.	The district agrees to pay the cost of transportation; or		
	C.	The district and the local welfare agency agree to share the cost of such transportation.		
	20 U.S.	C. 6312(c)(5) [See FD]		
School Activities	When transporting students in connection with school activities other than on routes to and from school:			
		nly school buses or motor buses may be used to transport or more students; and		
		ssenger cars or passenger vans may be used to transport ver than 15 students.		
	Educati	on Code 34.003(b)		
	are use sure tha capacity	cumstances in which passenger cars or passenger vans d to transport students, the operator of the vehicle shall en- at the number of passengers does not exceed the designed of the vehicle and that each passenger is secured by a pelt. <i>Education Code 34.003(c)</i>		
Accelerated Instruction Programs	progran progran	t shall provide students required to attend the accelerated ns described in policy code EIE with transportation to those ns if the programs occur outside of regular school hours. on Code 28.0211(j)		
Transportation Company or System	transpo	may contract with a mass transit authority, commercial rtation company, or juvenile board for all or any part of a s public school transportation if the authority, company, or		
	qu	equires its school bus drivers to have the qualifications re- ired by and to be certified in accordance with standards es- plished by the Department of Public Safety; and		
	in sa	tes only those school buses or mass transit authority buses transporting 15 or more students that meet or exceed fety standards for school buses established under Educa- n Code 34.002.		
	transpo from scl	transit authority contracting under this provision for daily rtation of pre-primary, primary, secondary students to or hool shall conduct, in a manner and on a schedule ap- by the board, the following education programs:		

- 1. A program to inform the public that public school students will be riding on the authority's or company's buses;
- 2. A program to educate drivers of the buses to be used under the contract of the special needs and problems of public school students riding on the buses; and
- 3. A program to educate public school students on bus riding safety and any special considerations arising from the use of the authority's or company's buses.

A board may supplement the state transportation cost allotment with local funds necessary to provide complete transportation services.

#### Education Code 34.008

[For provisions pertaining to criminal history record information on contractors providing transportation services, see CJA(LEGAL).]

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENTCNCTRANSPORTATION SAFETY(LEGAL)					
Safety Standards	A district shall meet or exceed the safety standards for school buses established by the Department of Public Safety (DPS), with the advice of the Texas Education Agency (TEA). A district that fails or refuses to meet these safety standards for school buses is ineligible to share in the transportation allotment until the first anniversary of the date the district begins complying with the safety standards. <i>Education Code 34.002; Transp. Code 547.102; 37 TAC 14.51–.52</i>				
Student Safety Prohibitions	A district may not require or allow a child to stand on a moving bus or passenger van. <i>Education Code</i> 34.004				
	An operator of a school bus, while operating the bus, shall prohibit a passenger from:				
	1. Standing in the bus; or				
	2. Sitting:				
	a. On the floor of the bus, or				
	b. In any location on the bus that is not designed as	a seat.			
	Transp. Code 545.426				
Seat Belts Required on Buses	A bus, including a school bus, a school activity bus, multifur school activity bus, or school-chartered bus, operated by or tracted for use by a district for the transportation of schoolch shall be equipped with a three-point seat belt for each passe including the operator. This requirement does not apply to:	con- nildren			
	1. A bus purchased by a school district that is a model ye or earlier; or	ar 2017			
	<ol> <li>A bus purchased by a school district that is a model ye or later if the board:</li> </ol>	ar 2018			
	<ul> <li>Determines that the district's budget does not per district to purchase a bus that is equipped with the quired seat belts; and</li> </ul>				
	b. Votes to approve that determination in a public m	eeting.			
	Transp. Code 547.701(e)				
Student Requirement	A district shall require a student riding a bus operated by or tracted for operation by the district to wear a seat belt if the equipped with seat belts for all passengers on the bus. A sc district may implement a disciplinary policy to enforce the us seat belts by students. <i>Education Code 34.013</i>	bus is hool			

TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT
TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

Donations	A board shall consider any offer made by a person to donate three- point seat belts or money for the purchase of three-point seat belts for a district's school buses. A board may accept or decline the of- fer after adequate consideration.		
	A board may acknowledge a person who donates three-point seat belts or money for the purchase of three-point seat belts for a school bus by displaying a small, discreet sign on the side or back of the bus recognizing the person who made the donation. The sign may not serve as an advertisement for the person who made the donation.		
	Education Code 34.014		
Wireless Communication Devices General Rule	An operator commits an offense if the operator uses a portable wireless communication device to read, write, or send an electronic message while operating a motor vehicle unless the vehicle is stopped. <i>Transp. Code</i> 545.4251(b)		
School Property	An operator may not use a wireless communication device while operating a motor vehicle within a school crossing zone or on the property of a public elementary, middle, junior high, or high school served by a school crossing zone, during the time a reduced speed limit is in effect for the school crossing zone, unless:		
	1. The vehicle is stopped; or		
	2. The wireless communication device is used with a hands-free device.		
	Transp. Code 545.4252		
	An operator may not use a wireless communication device while operating a school bus or passenger bus with a minor passenger on the bus unless the bus is stopped. This provision does not apply to an operator of a school bus or passenger bus using a wireless communication device in the performance of the operator's duties as a bus driver and in a manner similar to using a two-way radio. <i>Transp. Code 545.425(c), (e-1)</i>		
Definitions	"Hands-free device" means speakerphone capability, a telephone attachment, or another function or other piece of equipment, re- gardless of whether permanently installed in or on a wireless com- munication device or in a motor vehicle, that allows use of the wire- less communication device without use of either of the operator's hands, except to activate or deactivate a function of the wireless communication device or hands-free device. The term includes voice-operated technology and a push-to-talk function. <i>Transp.</i> <i>Code</i> 545.425(a)(1)		

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	"Electronic message" means data that is read from or entered into a wireless communication device for the purpose of communicating with another person. <i>Transp. Code</i> 545.4251(a)(1)			
Disruption of Transportation	Any person other than a primary or secondary grade student who intentionally disrupts, prevents, or interferes with the lawful trans- portation of students to and from school on a vehicle owned or op- erated by a district or to or from activities sponsored by a school on a vehicle owned and/or operated by a district shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. It is an exception to the application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged in the prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of age. <i>Education Code 37.126</i>			
Exhibition of Firearm	For information regarding offenses pertaining to firearms on buses, see GKA(LEGAL).			
Accident Reports	A district shall provide DPS written notification of any accident di-			
Notice to DPS	rectly or indirectly involving a school bus operated by or for the dis- trict that bears advertising or another paid announcement. <i>37 TAC</i> <i>14.65(a)(2)</i>			
	Notice must be received not more than five days from the date of the accident and shall include the following:			
	1. The name and address of the owner of the school bus;			
	2. The name and driver's license number of the school bus oper- ator;			
	3. The date of the accident;			
	4. The city or county where the accident occurred; and			
	5. The investigating police agency.			
	37 TAC 14.65(c)			
	Notices to DPS may be delivered by facsimile, electronic mail, or mailed to School Bus Transportation, Texas Department of Public Safety, P.O. Box 4087, Austin, TX 78773-0525. <i>37 TAC 14.65(d)</i>			
Notice to TEA	A district shall report annually to TEA the number of accidents in which its buses were involved in the past year in a manner pre- scribed by the commissioner of education. A district shall file the annual report to TEA only in the period beginning July 1 and ending July 31 and shall include the following information in the report:			
	1. The total number of bus accidents;			
	2. The date each accident occurred;			

#### TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

	3.	The type of bus, as specified in 19 Administrative Code 61.1028(a), involved in each accident;
	4.	Whether the bus involved in each accident was equipped with seat belts and, if so, the type of seat belts;
	5.	The number of students and adults involved in each accident;
	6.	The number and types of injuries that were sustained by the bus passengers in each accident; and
	7.	Whether the injured passengers in each accident were wear- ing seat belts at the time of the accident and, if so, the type of seat belts.
		hool district shall report a bus accident involving a school bus, ultifunction school activity bus, a school activity bus, or a motor if:
	1.	The bus is owned, leased, contracted, or chartered by a school district and was transporting school district personnel, students, or a combination of personnel and students; or
	2.	The bus was driven by a school district employee or by an employee of the school district's bus contractor with no pas- sengers on board and the accident involved a collision with a pedestrian.
Exceptions	bus,	hool district shall not report a bus accident involving a school a multifunction school activity bus, a school activity bus, or a or bus if:
	1.	The bus was driven by a school district employee or by an employee of the school district's bus contractor, the accident occurred when no passenger other than the school district's driver or bus contractor's driver was on board the bus, and the accident did not involve a collision with a pedestrian; or
	2.	The accident involved a bus chartered by a school district for a school activity trip and no school district personnel or stu- dents were on board the bus at the time of the accident.
	cle t is no	hool district shall not report an accident that occurred in a vehi- hat is owned, contracted, or chartered by a school district and ot a school bus, a multifunction school activity bus, a school ac- y bus, or a motor bus.

Education Code 34.015(b); 19 TAC 61.1028(b)

Texas Department of Agriculture Authority	The Texas Department of Agriculture (TDA) administers federal and state nutrition programs, including the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) under 42 U.S.C. Section 1751 et seq., and the School Breakfast Program (SBP) under 42 U.S.C. Section 1773. <i>Agriculture Code 12.0025</i>		
	Note:	Regulations applicable to federal nutrition programs are found at the following:	
		7 C.F.R. 210: National School Lunch Program	
		7 C.F.R. 215: Special Milk Program for Children	
		7 C.F.R. 220: School Breakfast Program	
		7 C.F.R. 225: Summer Food Service Program	
		7 C.F.R. 245: Free and Reduced Price Eligibility	
Program Compliance	TDA shall require that school food authorities (SFAs) comply with the applicable provisions 7 C.F.R. Part 210. TDA shall ensure cor pliance through audits, administrative reviews, technical assistance, training guidance materials or by other means. <i>7 C.F.R. 210.19(a)(3)</i>		
	[For the	definition of "school food authority," see COA(LEGAL).]	
Administrative Review	in the NS Summer	st conduct administrative reviews of all SFAs participating SLP (including the Afterschool Snacks and the Seamless Option) and SBP at least once during a 3-year review cy- ided that each SFA is reviewed at least once every 4	
	"Administrative reviews" means the comprehensive off-site and/or on-site evaluation of all SFAs participating in the specified pro- grams. The term administrative review is used to reflect a review of both critical and general areas in accordance with 7 C.F.R. 210.18(g) and (h), as applicable for each reviewed program, and includes other areas of program operations determined by TDA to be important to program performance.		
	7 C.F.R. 210.18		
	Note:	For recordkeeping and retention information, see TDA's <u>Food and Nutrition Division <i>Administrator's Reference</i></u> <u><i>Manual</i>.<sup>1</sup> Section 30, <i>Records Retention</i>.</u>	

School Nutrition Professional Standards	An SFA that operates the NSLP or the SBP must establish and im- plement professional standards for school nutrition program direc- tors, managers, and staff. 7 <i>C.F.R. 210.30(a)</i>		
Minimum Standards for Program Directors	Each SFA must ensure that all newly hired school nutrition program directors meet minimum hiring standards and ensure that all new and existing directors have completed the minimum annual training/education requirements for school nutrition program directors, as set forth in 7 C.F.R. 210.30. 7 C.F.R. 210.30(b)		
	Note:	All school nutrition program directors hired on or after July 1, 2015, must meet the required minimum educa- tional requirements based on student enrollment. See Summary of School Nutrition Program Director Profes- sional Standards by Local Educational Agency Size chart, 7 C.F.R. 210.30(b)(2).	
Exempt Fundraisers	Schools that participate in the NSLP or SBP may sell food and bev- erages that do not meet nutritional standards outlined in 7 C.F.R. Parts 210 and 220 as part of a fundraiser, during the school day, for up to six days per school year on each school campus, pro- vided that no specially exempted fundraiser foods or beverages may be sold in competition with school meals in the food service area during the meal service. <i>4 TAC 26.2</i>		
Definitions	"School day" means the midnight before, to 30 minutes after the end of the official school day. "School campus" means all areas of the property under the juris- diction of the school that are accessible to students during the school day.		
	4 TAC 2	26.1	
Unpaid Meal Charges State Law	The board of a district that allows students to use a prepaid meal card or account to purchase meals served at schools in the distri- shall adopt a grace period policy regarding the use of the cards of accounts. The policy:		
	exh	ust allow a student whose meal card or account balance is hausted or insufficient to continue, for a period determined the board, to purchase meals by:	
	a.	Accumulating a negative balance on the student's card or account; or	
	b.	Otherwise receiving an extension of credit from the dis- trict;	

	2.	Must require the district to notify the parent of or person standing in parental relation to the student that the student's meal card or account balance is exhausted;	
	3.	May not permit the district to charge a fee or interest in con- nection with meals purchased under item 1, above; and	
	4.	May permit the district to set a schedule for repayment on the account balance as part of the notice to the parent or person standing in parental relation to the student.	
	Educ	cation Code 33.908	
Federal Law	An SFA operating a NSLP and/or SBP must:		
	1.	Have a written and clearly communicated meal charge policy in order to ensure a consistent and transparent approach to the issue of how students who pay the full or reduced price cost of a reimbursable meal are impacted by having insuffi- cient funds on hand or in their account to purchase a meal.	
	2.	Include policies regarding the collection of delinquent meal charge debt in the written meal charge policy.	
	3.	Ensure that the policy is provided in writing to all households at the start of each school year and to households that trans- fer to the school during the school year.	
	4.	Provide the meal charge policy to all school or SFA-level staff responsible for policy enforcement, including school food ser- vice professionals responsible for collecting payment for meals at the point of service, staff involved in notifying fami- lies of low or negative balances, and staff involved in enforc- ing any other aspects of the meal charge policy.	
		erpts from USDA Memo SP 46-2016, <u>Unpaid Meal Charges:</u> A <u>l Meal Charge Policies</u> ² (July 8, 2016)	
Lauren's Law	A district may not adopt any rule, policy, or program under Educa- tion Code 28.002(a), (k), (l), (l-1), or (l-2) that would prohibit a par- ent or grandparent of a student from providing any food product of the parent's or grandparent's choice to:		
	1.	Children in the classroom of the child on the occasion of the child's birthday; or	
	2.	Children at a school-designated function.	
	Educ	cation Code 28.002(I-3)(2)	

Donation of Food	A district may allow a campus to elect to donate food to a nonprofit organization through a person who is directly and officially affiliated with the campus, including a teacher or counselor, or through a parent of a student enrolled at the campus. The donated food may be received, stored, and distributed on the campus. Food donated by the campus may include:
	by the campus may include:

- 1. Surplus food prepared for breakfast, lunch, or dinner meals or snacks served from the campus cafeteria, subject to any applicable local, state, and federal requirements; or
- 2. Food donated to the campus as the result of a food drive or similar event.

The type of food donated under item 1 above may include:

- 1. Packaged unserved food that is packaged on the campus of a district and has not been removed from the campus cafeteria;
- 2. Packaged served food if the packaging and food are in good condition;
- 3. Whole, uncut produce; and
- 4. Wrapped raw unserved produce.

Food that by law must be maintained at a certain temperature for safety may not be donated unless the campus has maintained the food at the required temperature.

Food donated under these provisions to a nonprofit may be distributed at the campus at any time. Campus employees may assist in preparing and distributing the food as volunteers of the nonprofit organization.

Under this program, a district may adopt a policy under which the district provides food at no cost to a student for breakfast, lunch, or dinner meals or a snack if the student is unable to purchase such meals or snack.

Education Code 33.907

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> TDA's Food and Nutrition Division Administrator's Reference Manual: <u>https://squaremeals.org/Programs/NationalSchoolLunchProgram/Policy-ARM.aspx</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> USDA Memo Unpaid Meal Charges: Local Meal Charge Policies: https://fns-prod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/cn/SP46-2016os.pdf

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TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES CQ (LEGAL)			
Next Generation Technology	A district, in the administration of the district, shall consider using next generation technologies, including cryptocurrency, blockchain technology, robotic process automation, and artificial intelligence. <i>Gov't Code 2054.601</i>		
Children's Internet Protection Act	"Harmful to minors" means any picture, image, graphic image file, or other visual depiction that:		
Definitions Harmful to Minors	<ol> <li>Taken as a whole and with respect to minors, appeals to a prurient interest in nudity, sex, or excretion;</li> </ol>		
	2. Depicts, describes, or represents, in a patently offensive way with respect to what is suitable for minors, an actual or simu- lated sexual act or sexual contact, actual or simulated normal or perverted sexual acts, or a lewd exhibition of the genitals; and		
	3. Taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value as to minors.		
	47 U.S.C. 254(h)(7)(G); 20 U.S.C. 7131(e)(6)		
Technology Protection Measure	"Technology protection measure" means a specific technology that blocks or filters internet access to the material covered by a certification described at Certifications to the FCC, below, to which such certification relates. 47 U.S.C. $254(h)(7)(l)$		
Universal Service Discounts (E-Rate)	An elementary or secondary school having computers with internet access may not receive universal service discount rates unless the district submits to the FCC the certifications described below at Certifications to the FCC and a certification that an internet safety policy has been adopted and implemented as described at Internet Safety Policy, below, and ensures the use of computers with internet access in accordance with the certifications. 47 U.S.C. $254(h)(5)(A)$ ; 47 C.F.R. 54.520		
Certifications to the FCC	A district that receives discounts for internet access and internal connections services under the federal universal service support mechanism for schools must make certifications in accordance with 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c) each funding year. A district that only receives discounts for telecommunications services is not subject to the certification requirements, but must indicate that it only receives discounts for telecommunications services. <i>47 C.F.R.</i> 54.520( <i>b</i> )		
With Respect to Minors	A certification under 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(B) is a certification that the district is:		

# TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

	1.	Enforcing a policy of internet safety for minors that includes monitoring their online activities and the operation of a tech- nology protection measure with respect to any of its comput- ers with internet access that protects against access through such computers to visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or harmful to minors;		
	2.	Enforcing the operation of such technology protection meas- ure during any use of such computers by minors; and		
	3.	Educating minors, as part of its internet safety policy, about appropriate online behavior, including interacting with other in- dividuals on social networking websites and in chat rooms and cyberbullying awareness and response.		
	47 L	47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(B); 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c)(1)		
With Respect to Adults		A certification under 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(C) is a certification that the district is:		
	1.	Enforcing a policy of internet safety that includes the opera- tion of a technology protection measure with respect to any of its computers with internet access that protects against ac- cess through such computers to visual depictions that are ob- scene or child pornography; and		
	2.	Enforcing the operation of such technology protection meas- ure during any use of such computers.		
	47 L	I.S.C. 254(h)(5)(C); 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c)(1)		
Disabling for Adults	An administrator, supervisor, or other person authorized by the dis- trict may disable the technology protection measure during use by an adult to enable access for bona fide research or other lawful purpose. 47 U.S.C. $254(h)(5)(D)$			
Internet Safety Policy	A district shall adopt and implement an internet safety policy that addresses:			
	1.	Access by minors to inappropriate matter on the internet and the World Wide Web;		
	2.	The safety and security of minors when using electronic mail, chat rooms, and other forms of direct electronic communica-tions;		
	3.	Unauthorized access, including "hacking," and other unlawful activities by minors online;		
	4.	Unauthorized disclosure, use, and dissemination of personal identification information regarding minors; and		
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## TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

	5. Measures designed to restrict minors' access to materials harmful to minors.				
	47 U.S.C. 254(I); 47 C.F.R. 54.520(c)(1)(ii)				
Public Hearing	A district shall provide reasonable public notice and hold at least one public hearing or meeting to address the proposed internet safety policy. 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(A)(iii), (l)(1)(B)				
Inappropriate for Minors	A determination regarding what matter is inappropriate for minors shall be made by the board or designee. <i>47 U.S.C. 254(I)(2)</i>				
Noncompliance	A district that knowingly fails to submit required certifications shall not be eligible for discount services under the federal universal ser- vice support mechanism for schools until such certifications are submitted.				
	A district that knowingly fails to ensure the use of computers in ac- cordance with the required certifications must reimburse any funds and discounts received under the federal universal service support mechanism for schools for the period in which there was noncom- pliance.				
	47 C.F.R. 54.520(d), (e); 47 U.S.C. 254(h)(5)(F)				
ESEA Funding	No federal funds made available under Title IV, Part A of the ESEA for an elementary or secondary school that does not receive universal service discount rates may be used to purchase computers used to access the internet, or to pay for direct costs associated with accessing the internet unless a district:				
	<ol> <li>Has in place a policy of internet safety for minors that includes the operation of a technology protection measure that pro- tects against access to visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or harmful to minors; and enforces the op- eration of the technology protection measure during any use by minors of its computers with internet access; and</li> </ol>				
	2. Has in place a policy of internet safety that includes the oper- ation of a technology protection measure that protects against access to visual depictions that are obscene or child pornog- raphy; and enforces the operation of the technology protec- tion measure during any use of its computers with internet ac- cess.				
	An administrator, supervisor, or other person authorized by the dis- trict may disable the technology protection measure to enable ac- cess for bona fide research or other lawful purposes.				

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## TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

Certification to U.S. Department of Education	A district shall certify its compliance with these requirements during each annual program application cycle under the ESEA.				
	20 U.S.C. 7131				
Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (UETA)	The UETA (Business and Commerce Code Chapter 322) applies to electronic records and electronic signatures relating to a transaction. <i>Business and Commerce Code 322.003(a)</i>				
	The UETA applies only to transactions between parties each of which has agreed to conduct transactions by electronic means. The UETA does not require a record or signature to be created, generated, sent, communicated, received, stored, or otherwise processed or used by electronic means or in electronic form. A party that agrees to conduct a transaction by electronic means may refuse to conduct other transactions by electronic means. This right may not be waived by agreement. <i>Business and Commerce Code 322.005(a)–(c)</i>				
	Except as otherwise provided in Business and Commerce Code 322.012(f), the UETA does not require a district to use or permit t use of electronic records or electronic signatures. <i>Business and Commerce Code 322.017(c)</i>				
Records Retention	If a law requires that a record be retained, the requirement is satis- fied by retaining an electronic record of the information in the rec- ord which:				
	<ol> <li>Accurately reflects the information set forth in the record after it was first generated in its final form as an electronic record or otherwise; and</li> </ol>				
	2. Remains accessible for later reference.				
	A record retained as an electronic record in accordance with the provisions above satisfies a law requiring a person to retain a record for evidentiary, audit, or like purposes, unless a law enacted after January 1, 2002, specifically prohibits the use of an electronic record for the specified purpose.				
	Business and Commerce Code 322.012(a), (f)				
	[For more information on records management, see CPC.]				
Definitions	"Electronic record" means a record created, generated, sent, com- municated, received, or stored by electronic means.				
	"Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or pro- cess attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record.				

## TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES

	"Transaction" means an action or set of actions occurring between two or more persons relating to the conduct of business, commer- cial, or governmental affairs.
	Business and Commerce Code 322.002(7), (8), (15)
Digital Signature	A digital signature may be used to authenticate a written electronic communication sent to a district if it complies with rules adopted by the board. Before adopting the rules, the board shall consider the rules adopted by the Department of Information Resources (DIR) and, to the extent possible and practicable, make the board's rules consistent with DIR rules. <i>Gov't Code 2054.060(b); 1 TAC 203</i>
	"Digital signature" means an electronic identifier intended by the person using it to have the same force and effect as the use of a manual signature. <i>Gov't Code 2054.060(e)(1)</i>
Interception of Communications	For information on the unlawful interception, use, or disclosure of communications, see the Electronic Communications Privacy Act (18 USC 2510–2523 [federal wiretap act] and 2701–2713 [Stored Communications Act]) and Penal Code 16.02 (state wiretap law) and 16.04 (Unlawful Access to Stored Communications).

Information Required on Website	A district that at any time on or after January 1, 2019, maintained a publicly accessible internet website shall post on a publicly accessible website the following information:	
	1.	The district's contact information, including a mailing address, telephone number, and email address;
	2.	Each member of the board;
	3.	The date and location of the next election for board members [see BB series];
	4.	The requirements and deadline for filing for candidacy of board member, which shall be continuously posted for at least one year before the election day for the office [see BB series];
	5.	Each notice of a meeting of the board under the Open Meet- ings Act (Government Code Chapter 551, Subchapter C) [see BE]; and
	6.	Each record of a meeting of the board under Government Code 551.021 [see BE].
	less	s 5 and 6 above do not apply to a district with a population of than 5,000 in the district's boundaries and located in a county a population of less than 25,000.
	Gov	't Code 2051.201
	Not	e: See GBA regarding the confidentiality of certain board member information.
Trustee Information	web date ber an ir quire the o	n district that maintains an internet website shall post on the site the name, email address, and term of office, including the the term began and the date the term expires, of each mem- of the district's board of trustees. If a district does not maintain nternet website, the district shall submit the information re- ed above to the Texas Education Agency (TEA). On receipt of district's information, TEA shall post the information on TEA's net website.
	boai as a web	n time there is a change in the membership of a district's rd, the district shall update the information required above and, pplicable post the updated information on the district's internet site or submit the updated information to TEA for posting on 's internet website.

Education Code 11.1518

	Note	2: The following is an index of website posting require- ments that are addressed in the legal reference material of the policy manual. The list is not all-inclusive. The list does not address postings that are required in response to a specific incident or postings required under special circumstances.		
Other Required Internet Postings	The following posting requirements apply to a district that main- tains an internet website:			
	1.	A board may not vote on adoption of a proposed local innova- tion plan unless the final version of the proposed plan has been available on the district website for at least 30 days, un- der Education Code 12A.005(a)(1) and 19 Administrative Code 102.1307(a)(1). [See AF]		
	2.	A district designated as a district of innovation shall ensure that a copy of its current local innovation plan is available to the public by posting and maintaining the plan in a prominent location on the district's website, under Education Code 12A.0071(a) and 19 Administrative Code 102.1305(e), .1307(f). [See AF]		
	3.	Not later than 30 days after an accreditation status of accred- ited-warned, accredited-probation, or not accredited-revoked is assigned, a district must post notice on the home page of its website with a link to the required notification under 19 Ad- ministrative Code 97.1055(f), and maintain this until the dis- trict is assigned the accredited status. [See AIA]		
	4.	A district with a local accountability system must produce a campus scorecard and make available on the district website an explanation of the methodology used to assign local accountability performance ratings, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1003(g). [See AIA]		
	5.	A board shall disseminate its Texas Academic Performance Report (TAPR) by posting it on the district website under 19 Administrative Code 61.1022(f). [See AIB]		
	6.	Not later than the tenth day after the first day of instruction of each school year, a district shall make available each campus report card, the district's performance report, the district's ac- creditation status and performance rating, and a definition and explanation of each accreditation status, under Education Code 39.362. [See AIB]		

- A district shall post its annual federal report card under 20 U.S.C. 6311(h)(2). [See AIB]
- A campus intervention team must notify the public of the meeting for input for the development of a targeted improvement plan fifteen days prior to the meeting by way of the district and campus website, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1061(d)(3)(A)(ii) and Education Code 39A.056. [See AIC]
- A district shall post a targeted improvement plan for a campus assigned an unacceptable performance rating on its website before the board hearing on the plan under Education Code 39A.057(b). [See AIC]
- 10. A district shall notify stakeholders of their ability to review the completed campus turnaround plan and post the completed plan on the district website at least 30 days before the final plan is submitted to the board of trustees, under 19 Administrative Code 97.1064(e). [See AIC]
- 11. A district shall post an election notice required under Election Code 85.007. [See BBBA]
- A district shall post election information under Election Code 4.009. [See BBBA]
- Each day early voting is conducted, the district shall post the branch daily register under Election Code 85.072. [See BBBA]
- 14. A district shall post early voting rosters under Election Code 87.121. [See BBBA]
- 15. A district shall post election results under Election Code 65.016. [See BBBB]
- 16. A district shall post the minutes of the last regular board meeting held before an election of trustees if the minutes reflect that a trustee is deficient in meeting the trustee's training requirement, under Education Code 11.159(b) and 19 Administrative Code 61.1(j). [See BBD]
- 17. A district that is located wholly or partly in a municipality with a population of more than 500,000 and with a student enrollment of more than 15,000 shall post a report filed pursuant to Election Code Chapter 254 by a board member, a candidate for membership on the board, or a specific-purpose committee for supporting, opposing, or assisting a candidate or member of a board under Election Code 254.04011. [See BBBC]

- A district shall provide access to the conflicts disclosure statements and questionnaires under Local Government Code 176.009. [See BBFA, CHE]
- 19. A district shall post the statements regarding activities to support and promote student health under Education Code 28.004. [See BDF]
- A district must post notice of school health advisory council (SHAC) meetings under Education Code 28.004(d-1). [See BDF]
- A district must post the minutes and audio or video recording of each SHAC meeting under Education Code 28.004(d-2). [See BDF]
- 22. A board must post notice of a board meeting and, if the district contains all or part of the area within the corporate boundaries of a municipality with a population of 48,000 or more, the board must also post the agenda for a board meeting under Government Code 551.056. [See BE]
- 23. A district that has a student enrollment of 10,000 or more shall post the archived recording, or a link thereto, of its meetings under Government Code 551.128(b-1). [See BE]
- 24. A district conducting a bond election shall post the election order, the election notice, the contents of the proposition, and any sample ballot under Election Code 4.003(f). [See CCA]
- 25. A district conducting a bond election shall post the voter information document beginning not later than the 21st day before election day and ending on the day after the election, under Government Code 1251.052(d). [See CCA]
- 26. A district issuing capital appreciation bonds shall post the information required by Government Code 1201.0245. [See CCA]
- 27. Not later than 30 days before the date of an election to approve a tax rate, a district must post the results of an efficiency audit under Education Code 11.184. [See CCG]
- 28. A district shall include on the home page of its website the prescribed statement if the district increases the amount of taxes to fund maintenance and operation expenditures under Tax Code 26.05(b). [See CCG]

29.	A district shall maintain a link to the area of the comptroller's website where information on each of the district's agreements to limit appraised value, if any, is maintained, under Tax Code 313.0265(c). [See CCGB]
30.	A district shall post a summary of its proposed budget concur- rently with publication of the proposed budget under Educa- tion Code 44.0041. [See CE]
31.	In the format prescribed by the comptroller, a district shall post or cause to be posted tax rate and budget information under Tax Code 26.18. [See CE]
32.	A district shall maintain its adopted budget on the district's website until the third anniversary of the date the budget was adopted, under Education Code 44.0051. [See CE]
33.	A district shall continuously post its contact information and Annual Local Debt Report under Local Government Code 140.008 and 34 Administrative Code 10.1–.6 on its website until the district posts the next annual report, or, as an alterna- tive, the district may continually maintain a link to the comp- troller's website where the district's financial information may be viewed. [See CFA]
34.	A district must make available information regarding its com- pliance with requirements related to the transportation of stu- dents enrolled in the district who reside outside the district, under Education Code 34.007. [See CNA]
35.	A district that does not participate in the uniform group health insurance program (TRS ActiveCare) shall post its compara- bility report, together with the policy or contract for the group health coverage plan, under Education Code 22.004(d). [See CRD]
36.	A district that is a service provider seeking to limit liability un- der the Digital Millennium Copyright Act must post information regarding its designated agent under 17 U.S.C. 512(c)(2). [See CY]
37.	A district shall post its employment policy and any regulations referenced under Education Code 11.1513(a). [See DC]
38.	A district shall post the board's employment policies under Education Code 21.204(d). [See DCB]

39. The board shall adopt and post on the district's website early childhood literacy and mathematics plans that set specific annual goals under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]

40.	The board shall post on the district's website and on the web- site, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress to- ward the goals set under the early childhood literacy and mathematics plans under Education Code 11.185. [See EA]
41.	The board shall post on the district's website and on the web- site, if any, of each campus the annual report of progress to- ward the goals set under the college, career, and military readiness plans under Education Code 11.186. [See EA]

- 42. A district shall post the transition and employment guide for students enrolled in special education programs and their parents in order to provide information on statewide services and programs that assist in the transition to life outside the public school system, under Education Code 29.0112. [See EHBAD]
- 43. A district shall make available on the district or campus website by November 1 of each school year a family engagement plan to assist the district in achieving and maintaining high levels of family involvement and positive family attitudes toward education, under 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(e). [See EHBG]
- 44. Annually, a district shall post any agreement between the district and a public institution of higher education to provide a dual credit program, under Education Code 28.009(b-2). [See EHDD]
- 45. A district shall publish information from TEA under Education Code 28.02121 explaining the advantages of the distinguished level of achievement and each endorsement. [See EIF]
- 46. A district shall post the date the PSAT/NMSQT will be administered and the date any college advanced placement tests will be administered, under Education Code 29.916. [See EK]
- 47. A district that receives funds under Title 1, Part A shall post on its website and the website of each campus for each grade served, information on each assessment required by the state to comply with 20 U.S.C. 6311, other assessments required by the state, and assessments required district-wide, under 20 U.S.C. 6312(e)(2)(B). [See EKB]
- A district shall post information regarding local programs and services, including charitable programs and services, available to assist students who are homeless, under Education Code 33.906. [See FDC]

- 49. A district shall prominently post information about required and recommended immunizations and procedures for claiming an exemption from immunization requirements under Education Code 38.019. [See FFAB]
- 50. Each school year, the board shall post a summary of the <u>Guidelines for the Care of Students With Food Allergies At-</u><u>Risk for Anaphylaxis<sup>1</sup> on the district's website with instructions</u> for obtaining access to the complete guidelines document, under Education Code 38.0151. [See FFAF]
- 51. A district must prominently display the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator and policy on its website, if any, under 34 C.F.R. 106.8(b). [See FFH]
- 52. A district must make all materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process publicly available on its website, if any, under 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(10)(i)(D). [See FFH]
- 53. To the extent practicable, a district must post the procedure for reporting bullying established by the district's bullying policy, under Education Code 37.0832(e). [See FFI]
- 54. A district shall post on its website, for each district campus, the email address and dedicated phone number of the campus behavior coordinator under Education Code 26.015. [See FO]
- 55. If the board designates a method for making a written request for public information, other than mail, email, or hand-delivery, the board must include a statement that a request may be made by that method on its website under Government Code 552.234(b) unless the statement is on the sign required by Government Code 552.205. [See GBAA]
- 56. A board that allows requestors to use the public information request form created by the attorney general must post the form on the district website under Government Code 552.235. [See GBAA]
- 57. A district shall post on its website and each campus shall post on any campus website a notice regarding the district's ability to refuse entry or eject certain persons under Education Code 37.105 and 19 Administrative Code 103.1207(g), including the appeal process. [See GKA]

Optional Internet Postings	A district that maintains an internet website has the following op- tions:		
	1.	A board may broadcast an open meeting over the internet, under Government Code 551.128. [See BE]	
	2.	A district may publish the superintendent's employment con- tract on the district's website instead of publishing it in the an- nual financial management report under 19 Administrative Code 109.1001(q)(3)(B)(i). [See CFA]	
	3.	Notice of a vacant position for which a certificate or license is required may be provided by posting the position on the dis- trict's internet website, rather than on a bulletin board, under Education Code 11.1513. [See DC]	
	4.	A district may place on its internet website a current copy of the procedural safeguards notice regarding special education and related services, under 34 C.F.R. 300.504(b). [See EHBAE]	
	5.	A district may provide the annual notice to the parent of each student enrolled in grade 9 or above of the availability of sub- sidies for certain exam fees and the availability and enroll- ment qualifications for programs under which a student may earn college credit and career and technology education pro- grams or other work-based education programs in the district, under Education Code 28.010. [See EHDD]	
	6.	A board may post a mailing address and email address desig- nated for receiving written requests for public information on its website under Government Code 552.234(d). [See GBAA]	
Geospatial Data Products	tern abo	ospatial data product" means a document, computer file, or in- tet website that contains geospatial data; a map; or information ut a service involving geospatial data or a map. <i>Gov't Code</i> 1.101(1)	
Notice	A di that	strict shall include a notice on each geospatial data product	
	1.	Is created or hosted by the district;	
	2.	Appears to represent property boundaries; and	
	3.	Was not produced using information from an on-the-ground survey conducted by or under the supervision of a registered professional land surveyor or land surveyor authorized to per- form surveys under laws in effect when the survey was con- ducted.	

The notice must be in substantially the following form: "This product is for informational purposes and may not have been prepared for or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. It does not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents only the approximate relative location of property boundaries."

The notice may include language further defining the limits of liability of a geospatial data product producer; apply to a geospatial data product that contains more than one map; or for a notice that applies to a geospatial data product that is or is on an internet website, be included on a separate page that requires the person accessing the website to agree to the terms of the notice before accessing the geospatial data product.

#### Gov't Code 2051.102

*Exemption* A district is not required to include the notice on a geospatial data product that:

- 1. Does not contain a legal description, a property boundary monument, or the distance and direction of a property line;
- 2. Is prepared only for use as evidence in a legal proceeding;
- 3. Is filed with the clerk of any court; or
- 4. Is filed with the county clerk.

Gov't Code 2051.103

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> TDSHS Guidelines for the Care of Students with Food Allergies At-Risk for Anaphylaxis: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/uploadedFiles/Content/Pre-vention\_and\_Preparedness/schoolhealth/SHAC/Guidelines-Food%20Allergy-Final.pdf</u>

Cybersecurity	Each district shall adopt a cybersecurity policy to:			
Policy	1.	Secure district cyberinfrastructure against cyber attacks and other cybersecurity incidents; and		
	2.	Determine cybersecurity risk and implement mitigation plan- ning.		
	sec the	strict's cybersecurity policy may not conflict with the information urity standards for institutions of higher education adopted by Department of Information Resources (DIR) under Government le Chapters 2054 and 2059.		
Cybersecurity Coordinator	serv	superintendent shall designate a cybersecurity coordinator to we as a liaison between the district and the Texas Education ncy (TEA) in cybersecurity matters.		
Cyber Attack or Cybersecurity Incident	istei der	strict shall report to TEA or, if applicable, the entity that admin- rs the system established by TEA in coordination with DIR un- Education Code 11.175(g), any cyber attack or other cyberse-		
Report to TEA	con	ty incident against the district's cyberinfrastructure that stitutes a breach of system security as soon as practicable after discovery of the attack or incident.		
Report to Parent	pare rolle	district's cybersecurity coordinator shall provide notice to a ent of or person standing in parental relation to a student en- ed in the district of an attack or incident for which a report is re- ed to TEA involving the student's information.		
Definitions Breach of System Security	forn by s	each of system security" means an incident in which student in- nation that is sensitive, protected, or confidential, as provided state or federal law, is stolen or copied, transmitted, viewed, or d by a person unauthorized to engage in that action.		
Cyber Attack		per attack" means an attempt to damage, disrupt, or gain unau- ized access to a computer, computer network, or computer em.		
Cybersecurity	com	persecurity" means the measures taken to protect a computer, nputer network, or computer system against unauthorized use ccess.		
	Edu	cation Code 11.175(a)–(f)		
Training	At le	east once each year, a district shall:		
Requirements	1.	Identify district employees and elected and appointed board members who have access to a district computer system or database and use a computer to perform at least 25 percent of the employee's or board member's required duties; and		

	2.	Require the employees and board members identified under item 1 to complete a cybersecurity training program certified under Government Code 2054.519 (state-certified cybersecu- rity training programs).			
	Gov't Code 2054.5191(a-1)				
	trict'secu ploye com with	withstanding Government Code 2054.5191 above, only the dis- s cybersecurity coordinator is required to complete the cyber- urity training on an annual basis. Any other school district em- ee required to complete the cybersecurity training shall plete the training as determined by the district, in consultation the district's cybersecurity coordinator. <i>Education Code</i> 75(g)			
Denial of Access	trict's item none	board or the board's designee may deny access to the dis- s computer system or database to an individual described by 1 above who the board or the board's designee determines is compliant with the requirements of item 2. <i>Gov't Code</i> 4.5191(a-2)			
Exceptions		requirements above do not apply to employees and board nbers who have been:			
	1.	Granted military leave;			
	2.	Granted leave under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq.);			
	3.	Granted leave related to a sickness or disability covered by workers' compensation benefits, if that employee no longer has access to the district's database and systems;			
	4.	Granted any other type of extended leave or authorization to work from an alternative work site if that employee no longer has access to the district's database and systems; or			
	5.	Denied access to a district's computer system or database by the board or the board's designee for noncompliance with the requirements of item 2 at Training, Requirements, above.			
	Gov	't Code 2054.5191(f)			
Program	curit	board may select the most appropriate state-certified cyberse- y training program for employees and board members of the ict to complete. The board shall:			
	1.	Verify and report on the completion of a cybersecurity training program by district employees and board members to the DIR; and			

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	2.	Req visio	uire periodic audits to ensure compliance with these pons.	ro-	
	Gov	/'t Co	de 2054.5191(b)		
Security Breach Notification	incl	A district that owns, licenses, or maintains computerized data that includes sensitive personal information shall disclose any breach of			
To Individuals	system security, after discovering or receiving notification of the breach, to any individual whose sensitive personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person. The disclosure shall be made without unreasonable delay and in each case not later than the 60th day after the date on which the district determines that the breach occurred, except as provided at Criminal Investigation Exception, below, or as necessary to determine the scope of the breach and restore the reasonable integrity of the data system.				
Resident of Other State	son is a con the	ably t resid nputer notice ow, m	vidual whose sensitive personal information was or is in believed to have been acquired by an unauthorized per ent of a state that requires a person that owns or licens rized data to provide notice of a breach of system secure of the breach of system security required under Notice ay be provided under that state's law or under Notice,	rson ses irity, æ,	
To the Owner or License Holder	pers owr sec pers	A district that maintains computerized data that includes sensitive personal information not owned by the district shall notify the owner or license holder of the information of any breach of system security immediately after discovering the breach, if the sensitive personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person.			
Notice			may give the required notice to individuals or the owne older by providing:	er or	
	1.	Writ	ten notice at the last known address of the individual;		
	2.		ctronic notice, if the notice is provided in accordance w J.S.C. Section 7001 (electronic records and signatures		
	3.	wou cee	e district demonstrates that the cost of providing notice Id exceed \$250,000, the number of affected persons e ds 500,000, or the district does not have sufficient cont rmation, by:	ex-	
		a.	Electronic mail, if the district has electronic mail ad- dresses for the affected persons;		
		b.	Conspicuous posting of the notice on the district's we site; or	eb-	
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#### **TECHNOLOGY RESOURCES** CYBERSECURITY

To the Attorney

General

	<ul> <li>Notice published in or broadcast on major statewide me- dia.</li> </ul>
Information Security Policy	A district that maintains its own notification procedures as part of an information security policy for the treatment of sensitive per- sonal information that complies with the timing requirements for no- tice described above complies with the notice requirements if the district notifies affected persons in accordance with that policy.
o the Attorney eneral	A district that is required to disclose or provide notification of a breach of system security under these provisions shall notify the attorney general of that breach not later than the 60th day after the data on which the district determines that the breach eccurred if

date on which the district determines that the breach occurred if the breach involves at least 250 residents of this state. The notification must include:

- 1. A detailed description of the nature and circumstances of the breach or the use of sensitive personal information acquired as a result of the breach;
- 2. The number of residents of this state affected by the breach at the time of notification;
- The number of affected residents that have been sent a dis-3. closure of the breach by mail or other direct method of communication at the time of notification;
- The measures taken by the district regarding the breach; 4.
- Any measures the district intends to take regarding the 5. breach after the notification described at Notice, above; and
- 6. Information regarding whether law enforcement is engaged in investigating the breach.

To a Consumer If a district is required to notify at one time more than 10,000 per-Reporting Agency sons of a breach of system security, the district shall also notify each consumer reporting agency, as defined by 15 U.S.C. 1681a, that maintains files on consumers on a nationwide basis, of the timing, distribution, and content of the notices. The district shall provide the notice without unreasonable delay.

Criminal A district may delay providing the required notice to individuals or Investigation the owner or license holder at the request of a law enforcement agency that determines that the notification will impede a criminal Exception investigation. The notification shall be made as soon as the law enforcement agency determines that the notification will not compromise the investigation.

> Business and Commerce Code 521.053: Local Gov't Code 205.010

Definitions	For purposes of security breach notifications, the following defini- tions apply:			
Breach of System Security	com integ inclu has sens son rity u form	"Breach of system security" means unauthorized acquisition computerized data that compromises the security, confiden integrity of sensitive personal information maintained by a p including data that is encrypted if the person accessing the has the key required to decrypt the data. Good faith acquis sensitive personal information by an employee or agent of son for the purposes of the person is not a breach of syster rity unless the person uses or discloses the sensitive perso formation in an unauthorized manner. <i>Business and Comm</i> <i>Code</i> 521.053(a)		
Sensitive	"Sensitive personal information" means:			
Personal Information	1.	binat	ndividual's first name or first initial and last name in com- tion with any one or more of the following items, if the e and the items are not encrypted:	
		a.	Social security number;	
		b.	Driver's license number or government-issued identifica- tion number; or	
		C.	Account number or credit or debit card number in combi- nation with any required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to an individual's fi- nancial account; or	
	2.	Infor	mation that identifies an individual and relates to:	
		a.	The physical or mental health or condition of the individ- ual;	
		b.	The provision of health care to the individual; or	
		C.	Payment for the provision of health-care to the individ- ual.	
	"Sensitive personal information" does not include publicly availa information that is lawfully made available to the public from the federal government or a state or local government.			
	Busi	iness	and Commerce Code 521.002(a)(2), (b)	
Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act	prote othe indic rity I	ection r non- ator c nform	nay, for a cybersecurity purpose and consistent with the of classified information, share with, or receive from, any federal entity or the federal government a cyber threat or defensive measure in accordance with the Cybersecuation Sharing Act, 6 U.S.C. Subchapter I (sections 1501– <i>J.S.C. 1503(c)</i>	

Removal of Personal	A district sharing a cyber threat indicator pursuant to these provi- sions shall, prior to sharing:				
Information	1.	Review such indicator to assess whether it contains any infor- mation not directly related to a cybersecurity threat that the district knows at the time of sharing to be personal information of a specific individual or information that identifies a specific individual and remove such information; or			
	2.	Implement and utilize a technical capability configured to re- move any information not directly related to a cybersecurity threat that the district knows at the time of sharing to be per- sonal information of a specific individual or information that identifies a specific individual.			
	6 U.	6 U.S.C. 1503(d)(2)			
Definitions		purposes of the Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act, the fol- ng definitions apply:			
Cybersecurity Purpose	mati tran	persecurity purpose" means the purpose of protecting an infor- ion system or information that is stored on, processed by, or siting an information system from a cybersecurity threat or se- ty vulnerability. 6 U.S.C. $1501(4)$			
Cybersecurity Threat	Ame form vers an in by, o any	bersecurity threat" means an action, not protected by the First endment to the United States Constitution, on or through an in- nation system that may result in an unauthorized effort to ad- ely impact the security, availability, confidentiality, or integrity of information system or information that is stored on, processed for transiting an information system. The term does not include action that solely involves a violation of a consumer term of rice or a consumer licensing agreement. 6 U.S.C. 1501(5)			
Cyber Threat Indicator	"Cyber threat indicator" means information that is necessary to de- scribe or identify:				
	1.	Malicious reconnaissance, as defined in 6 U.S.C. 1501(12), including anomalous patterns of communications that appear to be transmitted for the purpose of gathering technical infor- mation related to a cybersecurity threat or security vulnerabil- ity;			
	2.	A method of defeating a security control or exploitation of a security vulnerability;			
	3.	A security vulnerability, including anomalous activity that appears to indicate the existence of a security vulnerability;			
	4.	A method of causing a user with legitimate access to an infor- mation system or information that is stored on, processed by,			
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		or transiting an information system to unwittingly enable the defeat of a security control or exploitation of a security vulner-ability;
	5.	Malicious cyber command and control, as defined in 6 U.S.C. 1501(11);
	6.	The actual or potential harm caused by an incident, including a description of the information exfiltrated as a result of a par- ticular cybersecurity threat;
	7.	Any other attribute of a cybersecurity threat, if disclosure of such attribute is not otherwise prohibited by law; or
	8.	Any combination thereof.
	6 U	.S.C. 1501(6)
Defensive Measure	ture or ii pec not una tem mat ure pro	fensive measure" means an action, device, procedure, signa- e, technique, or other measure applied to an information system information that is stored on, processed by, or transiting an infor- tion system that detects, prevents, or mitigates a known or sus- ted cybersecurity threat or security vulnerability. The term does include a measure that destroys, renders unusable, provides uthorized access to, or substantially harms an information sys- or information stored on, processed by, or transiting such infor- tion system not owned by the private entity operating the meas- or another entity that is authorized to provide consent and has vided consent to that private entity for operation of such meas- to $0.5.C. 1501(7)$
Information System	350 con	ormation system" has the meaning given the term in 44 U.S.C. 2 and includes industrial control systems, such as supervisory trol and data acquisition systems, distributed control systems, programmable logic controllers. 6 U.S.C. 1501(9)
Security Control	nica vers	curity control" means the management, operational, and tech- al controls used to protect against an unauthorized effort to ad- sely affect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of an in- nation system or its information. <i>6 U.S.C. 1501(16)</i>
Security Vulnerability	pro	curity vulnerability" means any attribute of hardware, software, cess, or procedure that could enable or facilitate the defeat of a urity control. 6 U.S.C. 1501(17)

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Plan	The District shall develop a cybersecurity plan to secure the Dis- trict's cyberinfrastructure against a cyberattack or any other cyber- security incidents, determine cybersecurity risk, and implement ap- propriate mitigation planning.		
Coordinator	The Superintendent shall designate a cybersecurity coordinator. The cybersecurity coordinator shall serve as the liaison between the District and the Texas Education Agency in cybersecurity mat- ters.		
Training	The Board delegates to the Superintendent the authority to:		
	1.	Determine the cybersecurity training program to be used in the District;	
	2.	Verify and report compliance with training requirements in ac- cordance with guidance from the Department of Information Resources; and	
	3.	Remove access to the District's computer systems and data- bases for noncompliance with training requirements as appro- priate.	
		District shall complete periodic audits to ensure compliance the cybersecurity training requirements.	
Security Breach Notifications	Upon discovering or receiving notification of a breach of sy curity, the District shall disclose the breach to affected per- entities in accordance with the time frames established by District shall give notice by using one or more of the follow methods:		
	1.	Written notice.	
	2.	Email, if the District has email addresses for the affected per- sons.	
	3.	Conspicuous posting on the District's websites.	
	4.	Publication through broadcast media.	
		District shall disclose a breach involving sensitive, protected, onfidential student information as required by law.	

<b>Definitions</b> Participating Entity	"Participating entity" means an entity participating in the uniform group coverage program established under Insurance Code Chapter 1579.		
Program	"Program" means the uniform group coverage program established under Insurance Code Chapter 1579 (TRS-ActiveCare).		
	Insurance Code 1579.002(5), (6)		
Coverage Requirements	A district shall participate in the uniform group coverage program established under Insurance Code Chapter 1579 as provided by Subchapter D of that chapter. <i>Education Code 22.004(a)</i>		
Districts with 500 or Fewer Employees	Each district with 500 or fewer employees is required to participate in the program. <i>Insurance Code 1579.151(a)</i>		
Self-Funded Districts	Notwithstanding the above, a district otherwise subject to the re- quirement that, on January 1, 2001, was individually self-funded for the provision of health coverage to its employees may elect not to participate in the program. <i>Insurance Code</i> 1579.151(b)		
Districts with More Than 500 Employees	A district with more than 500 employees may elect to participate in the program. A district that elects to participate shall apply for participation in the manner prescribed by TRS rule. <i>Insurance Code 1579.152; 34 TAC 41.30</i>		
TRS-ActiveCare	The Teacher Retirement System (TRS) shall implement and admin- ister the uniform group coverage program described by Insurance Code Chapter 1579. TRS shall establish plans of group coverages for employees participating in the program and their dependents. <i>Insurance Code 1579.051, .101</i>		
Eligibility	Participation in the program is limited to employees of participating districts who are full-time employees and to part-time employees who are participating members in TRS. <i>Insurance Code 1579.202(a)</i>		
Full-Time Employees	A "full-time employee" is a participating member who is currently employed by a district in a position that is eligible for membership in TRS and who is not receiving coverage as an employee or re- tiree from a uniform group insurance or health benefits program under Insurance Code Chapters 1551 (Texas Employees Group Benefits Act), 1601 (State University Employees Uniform Insurance Benefits Act), or 1575 (Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Benefits Act [TRS-Care]). <i>34 TAC 41.33(2)</i>		
Certain Part-Time Employees	A part-time employee of a district who is not a participating mem- ber in TRS is eligible to participate in the program only if the em- ployee pays all of the premiums and other costs associated with		

			health coverage plan selected by the employee. <i>Insurance</i> le 1579.204	
		A "part-time employee" is an individual who:		
		1.	Is currently employed by a district for ten hours or more each week;	
		2.	Is employed in a position that is not eligible for membership in TRS or is not eligible for membership in TRS because of a service or disability retirement; and	
		3.	Is not receiving coverage as an employee or retiree from a uniform group insurance or health benefits program under Insurance Code Chapters 1551, 1601, or 1575 (TRS-Care).	
		34 TAC 41.33(6)		
Alternativ Health Co Prohibited	overage	or m grou	withstanding any other law, a participating entity may not offer nake available to the entity's employees or their dependents up health coverage not provided under the program. <i>Insurance</i> le 1579.1045	
		cont ten i	ctive September 1, 2022, a participating entity may elect to dis- inue the entity's participation in the program by providing writ- notice to TRS not later than December 31 of the year preceding first day of the plan year in which the election will be effective.	
		-	articipating entity that elects to discontinue participation in the gram may not elect to:	
		1.	Participate in the program until the fifth anniversary of the ef- fective date of the entity's election to discontinue participation; or	
		2.	Discontinue the entity's participation after an election de- scribed by item 1 until the fifth anniversary of the effective date of that election.	
Elect Cont	tion to inue	the cem whic cont	ctive September 1, 2022, an entity that elects to participate in program shall provide written notice to TRS not later than De- ber 31 of the year preceding the first day of the plan year in the election will be effective. The entity may not elect to dis- tinue the entity's participation until the fifth anniversary of the ctive date of the entity's election to participate.	
		Insu	rance Code 1579.155	
Optional	Coverages		cation Code 22.004 does not preclude a district that is particing in the uniform group coverage program established under	

Insurance Code Chapter 1579 from entering into contracts to provide optional insurance coverages for district employees. *Education Code 22.004(j)* 

- Other Health Coverage Programs A district that does not participate in the program shall make available to its employees group health coverage provided by a risk pool established by one or more districts under Local Government Code Chapter 172 ("authorized risk pool"), or under a policy of insurance or group contract issued by an insurer, a company subject to Insurance Code Chapter 842, or a health maintenance organization under Insurance Code Chapter 843.
  - Comparability The coverage provided by a district that does not participate in the program must meet the substantive coverage requirements of Insurance Code Chapter 1251, Subchapter A, Chapter 1364, and Chapter 1366, Subchapter A, and any other law applicable to group health insurance policies or contracts issued in this state. The coverage must include major medical treatment but may exclude experimental procedures. "Major medical treatment" means a medical, surgical, or diagnostic procedure for illness or injury. The coverage may include managed care or preventive care and must be comparable to the basic health coverage provided under Insurance Code Chapter 1551 (Texas Employees Group Benefits Act).

The following factors shall be considered in determining whether the district's coverage is comparable to the basic health coverage specified above:

- 1. The deductible amount for service provided inside and outside of the network;
- 2. The coinsurance percentages for service provided inside and outside of the network;
- 3. The maximum amount of coinsurance payments a covered person is required to pay;
- 4. The amount of the copayment for an office visit;
- 5. The schedule of benefits and the scope of coverage;
- 6. The lifetime maximum benefit amount; and
- 7. Verification that the coverage is issued by a provider licensed to do business in this state by the Texas Department of Insurance (TDI) or is provided by an authorized risk pool or that a district is capable of covering the assumed liabilities in the case of coverage provided through district self-insurance.

Education Code 22.004(b)

Financial Statement	A district that does not participate in the program may not contract with an insurer, a company subject to Insurance Code Chapter 842, or a health maintenance organization to issue a policy or con- tract under Education Code 22.004, or with any person to assist the district in obtaining or managing the policy or contract unless, before the contract is entered, the insurer, company, organization, or person provides the district with an audited financial statement showing the financial condition of the insurer, company, organiza- tion, or person. <i>Education Code 22.004(f)</i>
Small Employer Market Election	A district may elect to participate as a small employer without re- gard to the number of employees in the district. A district that makes this election is treated as a small employer under Insurance Code Chapter 1501 for all purposes.
	A district that is participating in the uniform group coverage pro- gram established under Insurance Code Chapter 1579 may not participate in the small employer market under this provision and may not renew a health insurance contract obtained in accordance with this provision after the date on which the program of cover- ages provided under Chapter 1579 is implemented. This provision does not affect a contract for the provision of optional coverages not included in a health benefit plan under Insurance Code Chapter 1501.
	Insurance Code 1501.009
Employee Election — Spouses	A district employee who is eligible for coverage under a large or small employer health benefit plan providing coverage to the dis- trict's employees and who is the spouse of another district em- ployee covered under the plan may elect whether to be treated un- der the plan as an employee or as the dependent of the other employee. <i>Insurance Code 1501.0095</i>
Self-Funded Health- Care Plan	The board may establish a health-care plan for district employees and their dependents. In implementing the plan, the board shall es- tablish a fund to pay, as authorized under the plan, all or part of the actual costs for hospital, surgical, medical, dental, or related health care incurred by employees or any dependent whose participation in the program is being supported by deductions from an em- ployee's salary. Under the plan, the fund also may be used to pay the costs of administering the fund. The fund consists of money contributed by the district and money deducted from salaries of employees for dependent or employee coverage. Money for the fund may not be deducted from an employee's salary unless the employee authorizes the deduction in writing. The plan shall at- tempt to protect the district against unanticipated catastrophic indi-

vidual loss, or unexpectedly large aggregate loss, by securing individual stop-loss coverage, or aggregate stop-loss coverage, or both, from a commercial insurer.

The board may amend or cancel the district's health-care plan at any regular or special board meeting. If the plan is canceled, any valid claim against the fund for payment of health-care costs resulting from illness or injury occurring during the time the plan was in effect shall be paid out of the fund. If the fund is insufficient to pay the claim, the costs shall be paid out of other available district funds.

### Education Code 22.005

- Compliance Report Each district that does not participate in the program shall prepare a report addressing its compliance with Education Code 22.004. The report must be available for review, together with the policy or contract for the group health coverage plan, at the central administrative office of each campus in the district and be posted on the district's internet website if the district maintains a website, must be based on the district group health coverage plan in effect during the current plan year, and must include:
  - 1. Appropriate documentation of:
    - a. The district's contract for group health coverage with a provider licensed to do business in this state by TDI or an authorized risk pool; or
    - b. A resolution of the board authorizing a self-insurance plan for district employees and of the district's review of district ability to cover the liability assumed;
  - 2. The schedule of benefits;
  - 3. The premium rate sheet, including the amount paid by the district and employee;
  - 4. The number of employees covered by the health coverage plan offered by the district; and
  - 5. Information concerning the ease of completing the report.

Education Code 22.004(d)

#### **Cost of Coverage**

TRS-ActiveCare

The cost of coverage under the program shall be paid by the state, the district, and the employees in the manner provided by Insurance Code, Chapter 1579, Subchapter F, below. *Education Code* 22.004(c)

State Contribution	The state shall provide for each covered employee the amount of \$900 each state fiscal year or a greater amount as provided by the General Appropriations Act. The state contribution shall be distributed through the school finance formulas under Education Code Chapters 48 and 49 and used by districts as provided by Education Code 48.275. <i>Insurance Code 1579.251(a)</i>
Employee Contribution	An employee covered by the program shall pay that portion of the cost of coverage selected by the employee that exceeds the amount of the state contribution and a district's contribution.
District Contribution	A district may pay any portion of what otherwise would be the em- ployee share of premiums and other costs associated with the cov- erage selected by the employee.
	Insurance Code 1579.253
	A district shall make contributions for the program as provided by Insurance Code Chapter 1581. <i>Insurance Code 1579.252</i> [See District Required Minimum Effort, below]
Other Health Coverage Programs	The cost of coverage under a plan adopted by a district that does not participate in the program shall be shared by the employees and the district, using the contributions by the state described by Insurance Code Chapter 1579, Subchapter F. [See State Contribu- tion, above] <i>Education Code 22.004(c)</i>
District Required Minimum Effort	A district shall, for each fiscal year, use to provide health coverage an amount equal to the number of participating employees of the district multiplied by \$1,800. <i>Insurance Code 1581.052(a)</i>
Designation of Compensation for Benefits	An employee who is covered by a cafeteria plan or who is eligible to pay health-care premiums through a premium conversion plan may elect to designate a portion of the employee's compensation to be used as health-care supplementation. [See DEA] <i>Education</i> <i>Code 22.103(a), (c)</i>
Use	An employee may use compensation designated for health-care supplementation for any employee benefit, including depositing the designated amount into a cafeteria plan in which the employee is enrolled or using the designated amount for health-care premiums through a premium conversion plan. <i>Education Code 22.106</i>
Written Election	Each year, an active employee must elect in writing whether to designate a portion of the employee's compensation to be used as health-care supplementation. An election must be made at the same time that the employee elects to participate in a cafeteria plan, if applicable. <i>Education Code 22.105</i>

Continuation Coverage After Resignation	Notwithstanding any other law, an employee whose resignation is effective after the last day of an instructional year is entitled to par- ticipate or be enrolled in the uniform group coverage plan or the district's group health coverage through the earlier of:		
	<ol> <li>The first anniversary of the date participation in or coverage under the uniform group coverage plan or the group health coverage was first made available to district employees for the last instructional year in which the employee was em- ployed by the district; or</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>The last calendar day before the first day of the instructional year immediately following the last instructional year in which the employee was employed by the district.</li> </ol>		
	If an employee's resignation is effective after the last day of an in- structional year, the district may not diminish or eliminate the amount of a contribution available to the employee under Insur- ance Code Chapter 1581 [see District Required Minimum Effort, above] before the last date on which the employee is entitled to participation or enrollment.		
	Education Code 22.004(k), (l); 34 TAC 41.38		
During Military Leave	An employee who is absent from a position of employment by rea- son of service in the uniformed services may elect to continue cov- erage under a health plan. The maximum period of coverage of such a person and the person's dependents shall be the lesser of:		
	<ol> <li>The 24-month period beginning on the date on which the per- son's absence begins; or</li> </ol>		
	2. The day after the date on which the person fails to apply for or return to a position of employment. [See DECB]		
	38 U.S.C. 4317(a)		
During FMLA Leave	During any period of leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), a district shall maintain coverage under any group health plan for the duration of the leave at the level and under the conditions coverage would have been provided if the employee had continued in employment continuously for the duration of the leave. <i>29 U.S.C. 2614(c); 29 C.F.R. 825.209, .210, .213</i> [See also DECA]		
Upon Termination or Other Qualifying Event (COBRA)	In accordance with regulations that the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall prescribe, each group health plan that is maintained by any state that receives funds under 42 U.S.C. Chap- ter 6A, by any political subdivision of such a state, or by any agency or instrumentality of such a state or political subdivision,		

	shall provide, in accordance with 42 U.S.C. Chapter 6A, Subchapter XX, that each qualified beneficiary who would lose coverage under the plan as a result of a qualifying event is entitled, under the plan, to elect, within the election period, continuation coverage under the plan. <i>42 U.S.C. 300bb-1(a)</i> [For more information on the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconsiliation Act of 1086 (CORDA), and 42 U.S.C. 200bb 1 through			
	onciliation Act of 1986 (COBRA), see 42 U.S.C. 300bb-1 through 300bb-8.]			
	Note:	See DEB for continuation benefits that are available to survivors of district peace officers under certain conditions.		
Coverage of Preexisting Conditions	vided by law other the requi which lim plies to a through a efit plan i and accir	tanding any other law, group health benefit coverage pro- or offered through a district to its employees under any than the uniform group coverage program is subject to rements of Insurance Code Sections 1501.102–.105, nit exclusion for preexisting conditions. This provision ap- II group health benefit coverage provided by or offered a district to its employees, including a standard health ben- ssued under Insurance Code Chapter 1507 and health dent coverage provided through a risk pool established un- I Government Code Chapter 172. <i>Education Code</i>		
TRS-ActiveCare	may not	e provided under the uniform group coverage program be made subject to a preexisting condition limitation dur- itial period of eligibility. <i>Insurance Code</i> 1579.105		
Federal Law	A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage may not impose any preexisting condition exclusion with respect to such plan or coverage. <i>42 U.S.C. 300gg-3(a)</i>			
Privacy of Health Information	To the extent a district is a covered entity under the Administrative Simplification provisions of HIPAA (42 U.S.C. Chapter 7, Subchap- ter XI, Part C; 45 C.F.R. Parts 160, 162, 164), the district must maintain the privacy of protected health information in accordance with the Privacy Rule, 45 C.F.R. Part 164, Subpart E.			
Definitions	"Covered	l entity" means:		
Covered Entity		ealth plan;		
	2. A he	ealth-care clearinghouse; or		

3. A health-care provider who transmits any health information in electronic form in connection with a transaction covered by 45 C.F.R. Subtitle A, Subchapter C.

#### 45 C.F.R. 160.103

Protected Health Information "Protected health information" means individually identifiable health information that is transmitted by electronic media, maintained in electronic media, or transmitted or maintained in any form or medium. "Protected health information" excludes individually identifiable health information:

- 1. In education records covered by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. 1232g. [See FL]
- In records described at 20 U.S.C. 1232g(a)(4)(B)(iv) (medical treatment records on a student who is at least 18 years of age).
- 3. In employment records held by a covered entity in its role as employer.

45 C.F.R. 160.103

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	Note:	For information on the new instructional facilities allot- ment, see CBA.	
		For additional legal requirements applicable to pur- chases with federal funds, see CBB.	
		For information on procuring goods and services under Education Code Chapter 44, see CH.	
		For required vendor disclosures and contract provisions, including prohibitions, see CHE.	
		For provisions pertaining to criminal history record infor- mation on contractors, see CJA(LEGAL).	
		For legal requirements related to energy savings perfor- mance contracts, see CL.	
Definition	or repairi	ork contract" means a contract for constructing, altering, ng a public building or carrying out or completing any pub- <i>Gov't Code 2253.001(4)</i>	
Board Authority	A district may adopt rules as necessary to implement Government Code Chapter 2269. <i>Gov't Code 2269.051</i>		
Delegation of Authority	The board may delegate its authority under Government Code Chapter 2269 regarding an action authorized or required by Chap- ter 2269 to a designated representative, committee, or other per- son.		
	delegatio or in the i	ict shall provide notice of the delegation, the limits of the n, and the name or title of each designated person by rule request for bids, proposals, or qualifications or in an ad- to the request.	
	Gov't Co	de 2269.053	
	-	mation regarding delegation in the event of a catastrophe, cy, or natural disaster, see CH.]	
Contracts Valued at or Above \$50,000	all district at \$50,00 be made	s provided by Education Code Chapter 44, Subchapter B, t contracts for the purchase of goods and services valued 0 or more in the aggregate for each 12-month period shall by the method, of the following methods, that provides value for a district [see also CH]:	
	1. An i	nterlocal contract. <i>Education Code 44.031(a)(4)</i> [See CH]	
		ethod provided by Government Code Chapter 2269 for struction services. <i>Education Code 44.031(a)(5)</i>	

		a.	Competitive bidding. <i>Gov't Code 2269 Subch. C</i> [See CVA]
		b.	Competitive sealed proposals. <i>Gov't Code 2269 Subch.</i> <i>D</i> [See CVB]
		C.	Construction manager-agent method. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2269 Subch. E [See CVC]
		d.	Construction manager-at-risk method. <i>Gov't Code 2269</i> <i>Subch. F</i> [See CVD]
		e.	Design-build method. <i>Gov't Code 2269 Subch. G</i> [See CVE]
		f.	Job order contracting. <i>Gov't Code 2269 Subch. I</i> [See CVF]
	3.		reverse auction procedure as defined by Government e 2155.062(d). <i>Education Code 44.031(a)(6)</i> [See CH]
	Edu	cation	n Code 44.031(a); Gov't Code Ch. 2269
Exceptions Emergency Damage or Destruction	facili resu	ity, or It of a	nation on procurement options when school equipment, a personal property is destroyed or severely damaged as a in unforeseen catastrophe or emergency, under Educa-44.031, see CH.
Contracts Requiring a Bond	A reverse auction procedure may not be used to obtain services re- lated to a public work contract for which a bond is required under Government Code 2253.021 [see Payment and Performance Bonds, below]. "Reverse auction procedure" has the meaning as- signed by Government Code 2155.062 or a procedure similar to that described by Section 2155.062. <i>Gov't Code 2253.021(h)</i>		
Notice Publication			hall advertise or publish notice of requests for bids, pro- qualifications in a manner prescribed by law.
	Gov and	ernme place	tract entered into by a board under a method provided by ent Code 2269, the board shall publish notice of the time the bid or proposal or request for qualifications will be re- d opened in a manner prescribed by law.
	Gov	't Coa	le 2269.052(a)–(b)
	[See	e CH f	or additional notice publication requirements.]
Contract Selection Criteria			ining the award of a contract under Government Code 269, the district shall consider and apply:
	1.	•	existing laws, including any criteria, related to historically erutilized businesses; and

	2.	Any existing laws, rules, or applicable municipal charters, in- cluding laws applicable to local governments, related to the use of women, minority, small, or disadvantaged businesses.
	In d	etermining the award of a contract, the district may consider:
	1.	The price.
	2.	The offeror's experience and reputation.
	3.	The quality of the offeror's goods or services.
	4.	The impact on the ability of the district to comply with rules re- lating to historically underutilized businesses.
	5.	The offeror's safety record.
	6.	The offeror's proposed personnel.
	7.	Whether the offeror's financial capability is appropriate to the size and scope of the project.
	8.	Any other relevant factor specifically listed in the request for bids, proposals, or qualifications.
	Gov	r't Code 2269.055
Using Method Other Than Competitive Bidding Determine Best Value	autł tive	board that considers a construction contract using a method norized by Government Code Chapter 2269 other than competi- bidding must, before advertising, determine which method pro- es the best value for the district.
Publish Criteria	crite	e district shall base its selection among offerors on applicable eria listed for the particular method used. The district shall pub- in the request for proposals or qualifications:
	1.	The criteria that will be used to evaluate the offerors;
	2.	The applicable weighted value for each criterion; and
	3.	A detailed methodology for scoring each criterion.
Make Evaluations Public	mał	e district shall document the basis of its selection and shall the evaluations public not later than the seventh day after the the contract is awarded.
	Gov	r't Code 2269.056
Submission		erson who submits a bid, proposal, or qualification to a govern- ntal entity shall seal it before delivery. <i>Gov't Code 2269.059</i>

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FACILITIES CONSTRUC		N CV (LEGAL)
Documents Related to Evaluation and Ranking	for q Cod ques	offeror who submits a bid, proposal, or response to a request qualifications for a construction contract under Government e Chapter 2269 may, after the contract is awarded, make a re- st in writing to the district to provide documents related to the uation of the offeror's submission.
	distr eval	later than the 30th day after the date a request is made, the ict shall deliver to the offeror the documents relating to the uation of the submission including, if applicable, its ranking of submission.
	Gov	't Code 2269.060
Uniform General Conditions for Contracts	Texa scho	r reviewing the uniform general conditions adopted by the as Facilities Commission under Government Code 2166.302, a bol district may adopt uniform general conditions to be incorpo- d in all district building construction contracts. <i>Education Code</i> 035
Right to Work	tract	e engaged in procuring goods or services, awarding a con- , or overseeing procurement or construction for a public work ublic improvement under Government Code Chapter 2269, a ict:
	1.	May not consider whether a person is a member of or has an- other relationship with any organization; and
	2.	Shall ensure that its bid specifications and any subsequent contract or other agreement do not deny or diminish the right of a person to work because of the person's membership or other relationship status with respect to an organization.
	Gov	't Code 2269.054
Collective Bargaining		strict awarding a public work contract funded with state money, iding the issuance of debt guaranteed by the state, may not:
	1.	Prohibit, require, discourage, or encourage a person bidding on the public work contract, including a contractor or subcon- tractor, from entering into or adhering to an agreement with a collective bargaining organization relating to the project; or
	2.	Discriminate against a person described by item 1 based on the person's involvement in the agreement, including the per- son's status or lack of status as a party to the agreement or willingness or refusal to enter into the agreement.
	Gov	't Code 2269.0541(a)
Out-of-State Bidders	For	legal requirements regarding out-of-state bidders, see CH.

Change Orders	If a change in plans or specifications is necessary after the perfor- mance of a contract is begun or if it is necessary to decrease or in- crease the quantity of work to be performed or of materials, equip- ment, or supplies to be furnished, the district may approve change orders making the changes. The district may grant general author- ity to an administrative official to approve the change orders.			
	The total contract price may not be increased because of the changes unless additional money for increased costs is approved for that purpose from available money or is provided for by the authorization of the issuance of time warrants.			
	A contract with an original contract price of \$1 million or more may not be increased by more than 25 percent. If a change order for a contract with an original contract price of less than \$1 million in- creases the contract amount to \$1 million or more, the total of the subsequent change orders may not increase the revised contract amount by more than 25 percent of the original contract price.			
	Education Code 44.0411			
Inspection, Verification, and Testing	Independently of the contractor, construction manager-at-risk, or design-build firm, a district shall provide or contract for the con- struction materials engineering, testing, and inspection services and the verification testing services necessary for acceptance of the facility by the district. The district shall select the services for which it contracts in accordance with Government Code 2254.004. <i>Gov't Code 2269.058</i>			
Impact Fees	A district is not required to pay impact fees imposed under Local Government Code Chapter 395 unless the board consents to the payment of the fees by entering a contract with the political subdivi- sion that imposes the fees. The contract may contain terms the board considers advisable to provide for the payment of the fees. <i>Local Gov't Code 395.022</i>			
Professional Services	An architect or engineer required to be selected or designated un- der Government Code Chapter 2269 has full responsibility for com-			
Architects and Engineers	plying with Occupations Code Chapter 1051 or 1001, as applica- ble.			
-	If the selected or designated architect or engineer is not a full-time employee of the district, the district shall select the architect or en- gineer on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications as provided by Government Code 2254.004 [see Procuring Profes- sional Services, below].			
	Gov't Code 2269.057			

Registered Architect		An architectural plan or specification for any of the following may be prepared only by an architect:				
	1.	A new building having construction costs exceeding \$100,000 that is to be:				
		a.	Cons	structed and owned by a district; and		
		b.	Used	I for education, assembly, or office occupancy; or		
	2.		alterati ,000 th	on or addition having construction costs exceeding nat:		
		a.	Is to	be made to an existing building that:		
			(1)	Is owned by a district; and		
			. ,	Is or will be used for education, assembly, or office occupancy; and		
		b.		ires the removal, relocation, or addition of a wall or ion or the alteration or addition of an exit.		
	This provision does not prohibit an owner of a building from con- tracting with an architect or engineer as the prime design profes- sional for a building construction, alteration, or addition project. Designation as the prime design professional does not expand the scope of practice of an architect or engineer beyond the scope of practice that the architect or engineer is authorized to practice un- der Occupations Code Chapter 1001 or 1051.					
	Occ	upati	ons Co	ode 1051.703; 22 TAC 1.212		
Registered Engineer			•	ot construct a public work involving engineering in c health, welfare, or safety is involved, unless:		
	1.	1. The engineering plans, specifications, and estimates have been prepared by an engineer; and				
	2.		•	eering construction is to be performed under the di- vision of an engineer.		
	Occupations Code 1001.407					
	The following work is exempt from Occupations Code Chapter 1001 (Texas Engineering Practice Act):					
	1.	ing,	if the o	ork that involves electrical or mechanical engineer- contemplated expense for the completed project is less; or		

	2.	A public work that does not involve electrical or mechanical engineering, if the contemplated expense for the completed project is \$20,000 or less.			
	Occ	Occupations Code 1001.053			
Certification for Purchases Through Purchasing Cooperatives	A district may not enter into a contract to purchase construction-re- lated goods or services through a purchasing cooperative under Government Code Chapter 791 in an amount greater than \$50,000 unless a person designated by the district certifies in writing that:				
	1.	The project for which the construction-related goods or ser- vices are being procured does not require the preparation of plans and specifications under Occupation Code Chapter 1001 or 1051; or			
	2.	The plans and specifications required under Occupation Code Chapters 1001 and 1051 have been prepared.			
	"Purchasing cooperative" means a group purchasing organization that governmental entities join as members and the managing en- tity of which receives fees from members or vendors.				
	Gov't Code 791.011(j) [See CH for more information on interlocal contracts and purchasing cooperatives.]				
Procuring Architectural or Engineering Services	sion uca	cation Code 44.031 does not apply to a contract for profes- nal services rendered, including the services of an architect. <i>Ed-</i> <i>tion Code 44.031(f)</i> [See CH for information on the Professional vices Procurement Act generally.]			
	In procuring architectural, engineering, or land-surveying services, a district shall:				
	1.	First select the most highly qualified provider on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualifications; and			
	2.	Then attempt to negotiate with that provider a contract at a fair and reasonable price.			
	If a satisfactory contract cannot be negotiated with the most highly qualified provider of architectural, engineering, or land-surveying services, a district shall formally end negotiations with that pro- vider, select the next most highly qualified provider, and attempt to negotiate a contract with that provider at a fair and reasonable price. The district shall continue this process to select and negoti- ate with providers until a contract is entered into.				
	Gov't Code 2254.004				

An interlocal contract between a district and a purchasing coopera-
tive may not be used to purchase engineering or architectural ser-
vices. Gov't Code 791.011(h)

Contracts for A covenant or promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a con-Engineering or tract for engineering or architectural services to which a district is a Architectural party is void and unenforceable if the covenant or promise provides Services that a licensed engineer or registered architect whose work product is the subject of the contract must indemnify or hold harmless the Indemnification district against liability for damage, other than liability for damage to the extent that the damage is caused by or results from an act of negligence, intentional tort, intellectual property infringement, or failure to pay a subcontractor or supplier committed by the indemnitor or the indemnitor's agent, consultant under contract, or another entity over which the indemnitor exercises control.

Duty to Defend Except as provided below, a covenant or promise in, in connection with, or collateral to a contract for engineering or architectural services to which a district is a party is void and unenforceable if the covenant or promise provides that a licensed engineer or registered architect whose work product is the subject of the contract must defend a party, including a third party, against a claim based wholly or partly on the negligence of, fault of, or breach of contract by the district, the district's agent, the district's employee, or other entity, excluding the engineer or architect or that person's agent, employee, or subconsultant, over which the district exercises control. A covenant or promise may provide for the reimbursement of a district's reasonable attorney's fees in proportion to the engineer's or architect's liability.

District asA district may require in a contract for engineering or architecturalAdditionalservices to which the district is a party that the engineer or archi-Insuredtect name the district as an additional insured under the engineer'sor architect's general liability insurance policy and provide any de-fense provided by the policy.

Standard of Care A contract for engineering or architectural services to which a district is a party must require a licensed engineer or registered architect to perform services:

- 1. With the professional skill and care ordinarily provided by competent engineers or architects practicing under the same or similar circumstances and professional license; and
- 2. As expeditiously as is prudent considering the ordinary professional skill and care of a competent engineer or architect.

In a contract for engineering or architectural services to which a district is a party, a provision establishing a different standard of

	care than a standard described above is void and unenforceable. If a contract contains a void and unenforceable provision, the stand- ard of care described above applies.				
	Nothing in these provisions prohibits a district in a contract for engi- neering or architectural services to which the district is a party from including and enforcing conditions that relate to the scope, fees, and schedule of a project in the contract.				
	Local Gov't Code 271.904				
Payment and Performance Bonds	A district that makes a public work contract with a prime contractor shall require the contractor, before beginning the work, to execute to the district:				
	<ol> <li>A performance bond if the contract is in excess of \$100,000; and</li> </ol>				
	2. A payment bond if the contract is in excess of \$25,000.				
	A bond required by this provision must be executed by a corporate surety in accordance with Insurance Code Article 7.19-1 (now Insurance Code 3503.001–.005). A bond for a public work contract with a district must be payable to and its form must be approved by the awarding board.				
	Gov't Code 2253.021(a), (d)–(e)				
	The performance bond is solely for the protection of the district awarding the public work contract, in the amount of the contract, and conditioned on the faithful performance of the work in accordance with the plans, specifications, and contract documents. <i>Gov't Code 2253.021(b)</i>				
	The payment bond is solely for the protection and use of payment bond beneficiaries who have a direct contractual relationship with the prime contractor or a subcontractor to supply public work labor or material, and in the amount of the contract. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2253.021(c)				
Failure to Obtain Payment Bond	If a district fails to obtain from a prime contractor a payment bond as required above:				
	<ol> <li>The district is subject to the same liability that a surety would have if the surety had issued a payment bond and if the dis- trict had obtained the bond; and</li> </ol>				
	2. A payment bond beneficiary is entitled to a lien on money due to the prime contractor in the same manner and to the same extent as if the public work contract were subject to Property				

	Code Chapter 53, Subchapter J (Lien on Money Due Public Works Contractor).			
	Gov't Code 2253.027(a)			
Bond for Insured Loss	A district shall ensure that an insurance company that is fulfilling its obligation under a contract of insurance by arranging for the replacement of a loss, rather than by making a cash payment directly to the district, furnishes or has furnished by a contractor:			
	<ol> <li>A performance bond as described above for the benefit of a district; and</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>A payment bond, as described above for the benefit of the beneficiaries described above.</li> </ol>			
	If the payment bond is not furnished, the district is subject to the same liability that a surety would have if the surety had issued the payment bond and the district had required the bond to be provided.			
	The bonds required to be furnished by the provisions above shall be furnished before the contractor begins work. It is an implied obli- gation under a contract of insurance for the insurance company to furnish these bonds.			
Exception to Bond Requirement	These provisions do not apply to a district when a surety company is complying with an obligation under a bond that had been issued for the benefit of the district.			
	Gov't Code 2253.022			
Prevailing Wage on	"Worker" includes a laborer or mechanic. Gov't Code 2258.001(3)			
Public Works	A worker employed on a public work by or on behalf of a district shall be paid:			
	<ol> <li>Not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for work of a similar character in the locality in which the work is performed; and</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>Not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for legal holiday and overtime work.</li> </ol>			
	The requirements above do not apply to maintenance work. A worker is employed on a public work for purposes of this provision if the worker is employed by a contractor or subcontractor in the execution of a contract for public work with a district.			
	Gov't Code 2258 021			

Gov't Code 2258.021

	shal the o	a contract for a public work awarded by a district, the b I determine the general prevailing rate of per diem wag district for each craft or type of worker needed to execu ract and the prevailing rate for legal holiday and overtir	es in te the
	1.	Conducting a survey of the wages received by classes workers employed on projects of a character similar to contract work in the district in which the public work is performed; or	o the
	2.	Using the prevailing wage rate as determined by the L partment of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacor U.S.C. Section 276a et seq.), and its subsequent ame ments.	n Act (40
	wag shal itsel boai	board shall determine the general prevailing rate of pe es as a sum certain, expressed in dollars and cents. A I specify in the call for bids for the contract and in the ca f the wage rates determined under these provisions. The rd's determination of the general prevailing rates of per es is final.	board ontract ne
	Gov	't Code 2258.022(a), (c)–(e)	
	a co cent	ernment Code 2258.022(b) applies to a public work loc unty bordering the United Mexican States or in a count to a county bordering the United Mexican States. <i>Gov</i> 8.022(b)	y adja-
Enforcement	A bo shal	ard awarding a contract, and an agent or officer of the	board,
	1.	Take cognizance of complaints of all violations of Gov Code Chapter 2258 committed in the execution of the tract; and	
	2.	Withhold money forfeited or required to be withheld un Government Code Chapter 2258 from the payments to contractor under the contract, except that the board m withhold money from other than the final payment with determination by the board that there is good cause to that the contractor has violated Government Code Ch 2258.	o the lay not lout a lobelieve
	cern Pen tor, a	eceipt of information, including a complaint by a worke ing an alleged violation of Government Code 2258.023 alty for Noncompliance, below] by a contractor or subce a board shall make an initial determination as to whethe se exists to believe that the violation occurred. A board	l [see ontrac- er good
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	make its determination before the 31st day after the date the board receives the information. A board shall notify in writing the contractor or subcontractor and any affected worker of its initial determination.
	Gov't Code 2258.051–.052(a)–(c)
Retainage and Reimbursement	A board shall retain any amount due under the contract pending a final determination of the violation. <i>Gov't Code 2258.052(d)</i>
	<i>Note:</i> Arbitration of unresolved issues is governed by Government Code 2258.053–.055.
	A board shall use any amounts retained under Government Code Chapter 2258 to pay the worker the difference between the amount the worker received in wages for labor on the public work at the rate paid by the contractor or subcontractor and the amount the worker would have received at the general prevailing rate as pro- vided in the arbitrator's award. The board may adopt rules, orders, or ordinances relating to the manner in which the reimbursement is made. <i>Gov't Code 2258.056(a)–(b)</i>
Penalty for Noncompliance	The contractor who is awarded a contract by a district or a subcon- tractor of the contractor shall pay not less than the rates deter- mined under these provisions to a worker employed by it in the ex- ecution of the contract. A contractor or subcontractor who violates this provision shall pay to the district on whose behalf the contract is made, \$60 for each worker employed for each calendar day or part of the day that the worker is paid less than the wage rates stip- ulated in the contract. A board awarding a contract shall specify this penalty in the contract. A contractor or subcontractor does not violate this section if a board awarding a contract does not deter- mine the prevailing wage rates and specify the rates in the contract as required by these provisions. The board shall use any money collected under this provision to offset the costs incurred in the ad- ministration of Government Code Chapter 2258. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>2258.023</i>
Criminal Offense	An officer, agent, or representative of a district commits an offense if the person willfully violates or does not comply with a provision of Government Code 2258. <i>Gov't Code 2258.058(a)</i>
Required Workers' Compensation Coverage	A district that enters into a building or construction contract shall re- quire the contractor to certify in writing that the contractor provides workers' compensation insurance coverage for each employee of the contractor employed on the public project. Each subcontractor shall provide such a certificate relating to coverage of the subcon- tractor's employees to the general contractor, who shall provide the

subcontractor's certificate to the district. *Labor Code 406.096(a)–(b)* 

A district that enters into a building or construction contract on a project shall:

- Include in the bid specifications all the duties and responsibilities of contractors pertaining to required workers' compensation coverage, using the language required by 28 Administrative Code 110.110(c)(7).
- As part of the contract, using the language required by 28 Administrative Code 110.110(c)(7), require the contractor to perform the duties and responsibilities pertaining to required workers' compensation coverage as set out in 28 Administrative Code 110.110(d).
- 3. Obtain from the contractor a certificate of coverage for each person providing services on the project, prior to that person beginning work on the project.
- 4. Obtain from the contractor a new certificate of coverage showing extension of coverage:
  - a. Before the end of the current coverage period, if the contractor's current certificate shows that the coverage period ends during the duration of the project; and
  - b. No later than seven days after the expiration of the coverage for each other person providing services on the project whose current certificate shows that the coverage period ends during the duration of the project.
- 5. Retain certificates of coverage on file for the duration of the project and for three years thereafter.
- 6. Provide a copy of the certificate of coverage to the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation upon request and to any person entitled to a copy by law.
- 7. Use the language contained in 28 Administrative Code 110.110(c)(7) for bid specifications and contracts, without any additional words or changes, except those required to accommodate the specific document in which they are contained or to impose stricter standards of documentation.

28 TAC 110.110(c)

Exception This coverage requirement does not apply to sole proprietors, partners, and corporate officers who meet the requirements of Labor

	Code 406.097(c), and who are explicitly excluded from coverage in accordance with Labor Code 406.097(a). 28 TAC 110.110(i)
Definitions	"Persons providing services on the project" includes all persons or entities performing all or part of the services the contractor has un- dertaken to perform on the project, regardless of whether that per- son contracted directly with the contractor and regardless of whether that person has employees. This includes but is not limited to independent contractors, subcontractors, leasing companies, motor carriers, owner-operators, employees of any such entity, or employees of any entity furnishing persons to perform services on the project. "Services" includes but is not limited to providing, haul- ing, or delivering equipment or materials, or providing labor, trans- portation, or other service related to a project. "Services" does not include activities unrelated to the project, such as food/beverage vendors, office supply deliveries, and delivery of portable toilets. 28 TAC 110.110(a)(7)
	"Project" includes the provision of all services related to a building or construction contract for a district. 28 TAC 110.110(a)(8)
Criminal Offenses	For information on criminal offenses for violations of Education Code 44.031, see CH.
Enforcement Actions	Government Code Chapter 2269 may be enforced through an ac- tion for declaratory or injunctive relief filed not later than the 15th day after the date on which the contract is awarded. <i>Gov't Code</i> 2269.452
Defects in Facilities	A district that brings an action for recovery of damages for the de- fective design, construction, renovation, or improvement of a dis- trict facility financed by bonds shall provide the commissioner with written notice of the action by registered or certified mail, return re- ceipt requested, not later than the 30th day after the date the ac- tion is filed. If the district fails to comply with this provision, the court or an arbitrator or other adjudicating authority shall dismiss the action without prejudice. The dismissal of an action under this provision extends the statute of limitations on the action for a pe- riod of 90 days.
	The notice must include a copy of the petition and an itemized list of the defects in the design, construction, renovation, or improve- ment for which the district is seeking damages under the action.
	In an action involving an instructional facility financed by bonds for which the district receives state assistance under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A (Instructional Facilities Allotment), the commissioner may join in the action on behalf of the state to pro- tect the state's share in the action.

A district that brings an action under these provisions shall use the net proceeds from the action for:

- The repair of the defective design, construction, renovation, or improvement of the facility on which the action is brought, including the repair of any ancillary damage to furniture and fixtures;
- 2. The replacement of the facility on which the action is brought;
- 3. The reimbursement of the district for a repair or replacement; or
- 4. Any other purpose with written approval from the commissioner.

Education Code 46.008 applies to the repair. A district shall provide to the commissioner an itemized accounting of any repairs made.

The state's share resulting from an action brought under these provisions involving an instructional facility financed by bonds for which the school district receives state assistance under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A is state property. The district shall send to the comptroller any portion of the state's share not used by the district to repair the defective design, construction, renovation, or improvement of the instructional facility on which the action is brought or to replace the facility. Education Code 48.272 applies to the state's share.

Definitions "Net proceeds" means the difference between the amount recovered by or on behalf of a school district in an action, by settlement or otherwise, and the legal fees and litigation costs incurred by the district in prosecuting the action.

> "State's share" means an amount equal to the district's net proceeds from the recovery multiplied by a percentage determined by dividing the amount of state assistance under Education Code Chapter 46, Subchapter A used to pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued in connection with the instructional facility that is the subject of the action by the total amount of principal and interest paid on the bonds as of the date of the judgment or settlement.

### Education Code 44.151

Attorney General Enforcement If the attorney general believes that a district has violated or is violating Education Code 44.151(d), (e), or (f) (use of proceeds, accounting, and the state's share), the attorney general may, after providing at least two weeks' notice to the district, bring an action on behalf of the state to enjoin the district from violating those sections.

	In such an action, the attorney general may request and the court may order any other appropriate relief that is in the public interest, including payment of:		
	<ol> <li>A civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$20,000 for each violation;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>The attorney general's reasonable costs for investigating and prosecuting the violation; or</li> </ol>		
	3. If applicable, the amount of the state's share.		
	Education Code 44.152(a)–(b)		
Attorney Fees	A governmental contract may not provide for the award of attor- ney's fees to a district in a dispute in which the district prevails un- less the contract provides for the award of attorney's fees to each other party to the contract if that party prevails in the dispute.		
	"Governmental contract" means a contract awarded by a govern- mental entity for general construction, an improvement, a service, or a public works project or for a purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment.		
	Gov't Code 2252.904		
Construction Liability Claims	To assert a claim against a contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional for damages arising from damage to or loss of real or personal property caused by an alleged construction defect in an improvement to real property that is a public building or public work in which the district has an interest, the district must comply with Government Code Chapter 2272. <i>Gov't Code 2272.002(a)</i>		

FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMPETITIVE SEALED PROPOSALS

	Note:	For additional legal requirements applicable to pur- chases with federal funds, see CBB.
		For legal requirements generally applicable to the pro- curement process, see CH and CV.
	a distr scribe structi a cont follow	betitive sealed proposals" is a procurement method by which ict requests proposals, ranks the offerors, negotiates as pre- d, and then contracts with a general contractor for the con- on, rehabilitation, alteration, or repair of a facility. In selecting ractor through competitive sealed proposals, a district shall the procedures provided by Government Code 2269, Sub- er D. <i>Gov't Code 2269.151</i>
Request for Proposals	posals the we scope that a 2269.	strict shall prepare a request for competitive sealed pro- that includes construction documents, selection criteria and eighted value for each criterion, estimated budget, project , estimated project completion date, and other information contractor may require to respond to the request. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>153(b)</i> [For information on the weighted value assigned to see Government Code 2269.153(c), (d).]
Architect/Engineer	prepa	strict shall select or designate an architect or engineer to re construction documents for the project. <i>Gov't Code</i> 152 [See CV]
Opening Proposals	of the Not la are op	strict shall receive, publicly open, and read aloud the names offerors and any monetary proposals made by the offerors. ter than the 45th day after the date on which the proposals bened, the district shall evaluate and rank each proposal sub- in relation to the published selection criteria. <i>Gov't Code</i> 154
Selection		strict shall select the offeror that submits the proposal that of- e best value for the district based on:
	V	he selection criteria in the request for proposal and the veighted value for those criteria in the request for proposal; and
	2. ľ	s ranking evaluation.
	lected with th and an trict is offeror	strict shall first attempt to negotiate a contract with the se- offeror. The district and its architect or engineer may discuss be selected offeror options for a scope or time modification my price change associated with the modification. If the dis- unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with the selected r, the district shall, formally and in writing, end negotiations hat offeror and proceed to the next offeror in the order of the
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### FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMPETITIVE SEALED PROPOSALS

CVB (LEGAL)

selection ranking until a contract is reached or all p	proposals are re-
jected.	

Gov't Code 2269.155(a)–(c)

Make EvaluationsNot later than the seventh business day after the date the contract<br/>is awarded, the governmental entity shall make the evaluations, in-<br/>cluding any scores, public and provide them to all offerors. Gov't<br/>Code 2269.155(d)

	Note:	The Board has adopted an <u>innovation plan<sup>1</sup></u> that affer application of provisions in this legally referenced per	
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Notice to Parents	As a con	dition of receiving assistance under Title I, Part A of the El-		
Teacher Qualifications	ementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), a district shall, at the beginning of each school year, notify the parents of each student attending any school receiving such funds that the parents may request, and the district shall provide the parents on request (and in a timely manner), information regarding the professional qualifications of the student's classroom teachers, including, at a minimum, the following:			
	1. Wh	ether the student's teacher:		
	a.	Has met state qualification and licensing criteria for the grade levels and subject areas in which the teacher provides instruction;		
	b.	Is teaching under emergency or other provisional status through which state qualification or licensing criteria have been waived; and		
	С.	Is teaching in the field of discipline of the certification of the teacher.		
		ether the child is provided services by paraprofessionals , if so, their qualifications.		
	20 U.S.C	C. 6312(e)(1)(A)		
Federally Required Notice—Lack of Credentials	individua spect to s signed, c a teache sure requ	that receives such federal funds shall also provide to each I parent of a child who is a student in such school, with re- such student, timely notice that the student has been as- or has been taught for four or more consecutive weeks by, r who does not meet applicable state certification or licen- uirements at the grade level and subject area in which the has been assigned. 20 U.S.C. $6312(e)(1)(B)(ii)$		
State-Required Notice—Lack of Credentials	teacher ( consecut provide v	ct assigns an inappropriately certified or uncertified (as defined below) to the same classroom for more than 30 tive instructional days during the same school year, it shall written notice of the assignment to the parents or guardi- ach student in that classroom.		
	instructio inapprop a good-fa form to a English.	ntendent shall provide the notice not later than the 30th onal day after the date of the assignment of the riately certified or uncertified teacher. A district shall make aith effort to ensure that the notice is provided in a bilingual ny parent or guardian whose primary language is not A district shall retain a copy of the notice and make on relating to teacher certification available to the public est.		

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License	A person may not be employed by a district as an audiologist, occupational therapist, physical therapist, physician, nurse, school psychologist, associate school psychologist, licensed professional counselor, marriage and family therapist, social worker, or speech language pathologist unless the person is licensed by the state agency that licenses that profession. A person may perform specific services within those professions for a district only if the person holds the appropriate credentials from the appropriate state agency.		
	A person employed by a district before September 1, 2011, to per form marriage and family therapy is not required to hold a license as a marriage and family therapist as long as the person remains employed by the district.		
	Education Code 21.003(b)		
School District Teaching Permit	A district may issue a school district teaching permit and empl a teacher a person who does not hold a teaching certificate is by SBEC. To be eligible for a school district teaching permit, a son must hold a baccalaureate degree. <i>Education Code</i> 21.055(a)-(b)	sued	
Statement to Commissioner	Promptly after employing a person under a school district permit, a district shall send a written statement to the commissioner. This statement must identify the person, the person's qualifications as a teacher, and the subject or class the person will teach. The person may teach the subject or class pending action by the commissioner.		
	Not later than the 30th day after the commissioner receives a dis- trict's statement, the commissioner may inform the district that the person is not qualified to teach. The person may not teach if the commissioner finds that the person is not qualified. If the commis- sioner fails to act before the 30th day after receiving the statement, a district may issue the school district teaching permit and the per- son may teach the subject or class identified in the statement sent to the commissioner.		
	Education Code 21.055(c)–(d)		
Noncore Career and Technical	The following requirements do not apply to a person who will to only noncore academic career and technical education course		
Courses	1. The requirement to hold a baccalaureate degree;		
	<ol> <li>The requirement that the district send a written statement the commissioner identifying the person, the person's quications as a teacher, and the subject or class the person teach; and</li> </ol>	ualifi-	
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	3.	The requirement that the commissioner inform the district in writing if the commissioner finds the person to be not qualified to teach.
	who base tions prof ing a regis edue	bard may issue a school district teaching permit to a person will teach courses only in career and technical education ed on qualifications certified by the superintendent. Qualifica- s must include demonstrated subject matter expertise such as essional work experience, formal training and education, hold- an active professional relevant industry license, certification, or stration, or any combination of work experience, training and cation, or industry license, certification, or registration, in the ect matter to be taught.
	has prop ploy ing a	superintendent shall certify to the board that a new employee undergone a criminal background check and is capable of per classroom management. A district shall require a new em- ee to obtain at least 20 hours of classroom management train- and to comply with continuing education requirements as deter- ed by the board.
	med pers shal pers	erson may teach a career and technical education course im- liately upon issuance of a permit. Promptly after employing a son who qualifies under Education Code 21.055(d-1), the board I send to the commissioner a written statement identifying the son, the course the person will teach, and the person's qualifi- tions to teach the course.
	Edu	cation Code 21.055(d-1)
Duration of Permit	suin unde may com	shool district teaching permit remains valid unless the district is- g the permit revokes it for cause. A person authorized to teach er a school district teaching permit issued by a particular district not teach in another school district unless that other district plies with the permit-issuing provisions. <i>Education Code</i> 055(e)
Emergency Permit		ergency permits are issued under the authority of SBEC. <i>19</i> 2 230.71(a)
Activation	certi vate of th Adm	perintendent or designee who cannot secure an appropriately fied and qualified individual to fill a vacant position may acti- an emergency permit for an individual who does not have one appropriate credentials for the assignment, as specified in 19 inistrative Code Chapter 231 (Requirements for Public School connel Assignments).
		rder to activate an emergency permit, the superintendent or de- ee must:

	1.	Document locally the efforts the district has taken to employ an appropriately certified individual in the position for which an emergency permit is activated;
	2.	Apply for an emergency permit when a vacant position is filled with an uncertified or inappropriately certified individual who will serve as the teacher of record or will serve in the assign- ment for more than 30 consecutive instructional days. The ap- plication must be submitted to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) within 45 instructional days of the date of assignment;
	3.	Verify that the district maintains a support system, has as- signed a trained mentor, and will provide release time as needed to assist the individual serving on an emergency per- mit. However, a district shall not be required to provide a men- tor for a degreed, certified teacher assigned on an emergency permit if the teacher has one or more creditable years' experi- ence within the district, as defined at 19 Administrative Code Chapter 153, Subchapter CC; and
	4.	Verify that the individual for whom the emergency permit is activated has been advised of the SBEC rules regarding per- mits and permit renewal requirements in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 230, Subchapter F.
	19 7	FAC 230.71(d)
Temporary Vacancies	A district is not required to activate an emergency permit if an un- certified individual is assigned for a certified teacher who will be absent for more than 30 consecutive instructional days due to doc- umented health-related reasons and has expressed the intention to return to the assignment. A district must, however, comply with the parent notification requirements above. <i>19 TAC 230.71(i)</i>	
General Eligibility Requirements		ndividual for whom an emergency permit is activated must t the following criteria:
	1.	The individual must hold a bachelor's degree or higher from an accredited institution of higher education. [See 19 Adminis- trative Code 230.75(1) for career and technical and trade and industrial education assignments.]
	2.	The individual must be at least 18 years of age.
	3.	The individual must be able to communicate and understand the English language sufficiently to use it easily and readily in daily communication and teaching, as specified in 19 Adminis- trative Code 230.11 (General Requirements).

	4.	The individual must be of good moral character. SBEC may refuse to authorize an emergency permit for an individual, ap- plying the same standards that would be applied to the ad- ministrative denial of an applicant for certification under 19 Administrative Code 249.12 (Administrative Denial; Appeal).				
	5.	The individual must submit fingerprints in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 232.35(c) (Submission of Required Infor- mation) and Education Code 22.0831. [See DBAA]				
	19	19 TAC 230.75				
Specific	An individual for whom an emergency permit is activated must:					
Requirements for Initial Permits	1.	Have completed the appropriate semester credit hours or equivalent contact hours required for the emergency permit sought as specified in 19 Administrative Code 230.77, or, for a degreed, certified teacher, have passed the appropriate con- tent specialization portions of the appropriate certification ex- amination required for the target certificate; and				
	2.	Have satisfied the appropriate experience requirement speci- fied in 19 Administrative Code 230.77 for the emergency per- mit sought.				
	19 TAC 230.77(a)					
	SBI	SBEC rules provide requirements for the following assignments:				
	1.	Elementary grades (early childhood–grade 6) (general educa- tion).				
	2.	Secondary grades (grades 7–12) (general education).				
	3.	All grade levels (early childhood–grade 12) (general educa- tion).				
	4.	Career and technical education programs.				
	5.	Special populations, such as English language learners (ELLs) and students with special learning needs.				
	6.	Other instructional and support personnel, such as school counselor, educational diagnostician, school librarian, and JROTC instructor.				
	19	19 TAC 230.77 (b)–(g)				
Hardship Exception	an i app	emergency permit may be authorized on a hardship basis for individual who does not meet all eligibility requirements only if proval has been granted and email notification received from A staff. The district must:				

	1.		ument local conditions requiring the assignment of a dual who does not meet emergency permit requireme			
	2.		fy that the deficiencies for the certificate sought do no d 36 semester credit hours; and	ot ex-		
	3.	Veri	fy:			
		a.	That the individual will be enrolled in the first availal course listed on the certification plan; or	ole		
		b.	Registration for the next available administration of appropriate content specialization portion of the cer- tion examination for an individual who holds a valid Texas classroom teaching certificate and a bachelo degree or higher from an accredited institution of his education and is placed in an assignment requiring ferent classroom teaching certificate.	tifica- r's gher		
	19 1	19 TAC 230.71(h)				
Holders of Intern or Probationary Certificates	19 A ary Cert valic eme thro mer	Admir certifi tificat dity of ergen ugh t	es who hold an intern certificate under the provisions istrative Code 230.36 (Intern Certificates) or a proba cate under 19 Administrative Code 230.37 (Probation es) may be employed on an emergency permit during the intern certificate or probationary certificate, if the cy permit is being issued in a certificate area not available educator preparation program that provided recom- n for the intern certificate or probationary certificate. 71(j)	tion- nary g the e ilable n-		
Procedures for Initial Permit	sent perr mer	tative nit [se nts for	erintendent or his or her designee or authorized repre must verify the individual's eligibility for the emergen ee General Eligibility Requirements and Specific Req Initial Permits, above] and submit online to TEA the formation within 45 instructional days of assignment.	icy uire-		
	For all assignments (except career and technical education assignments based on skill and experience):					
	1.	Acc	mpleted online emergency permit application;			
	2.	One	of the following:			
		a.	A certification plan from an approved Texas educate preparation program (EPP); or	or		
		b.	Verification of registration for an appropriate certification for a teacher that is already certified; a			
	3.	The	appropriate fee (payable by the school district).			
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	For career and technical education assignments based on skill experience:				
	1. A completed online emergency permit application;				
	<ol> <li>A copy of the individual's statement of qualifications, approved by the certification officer of a Texas EPP;</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Acceptable license, registration, or certification by a state-au- thorized or nationally recognized agency in an occupational area appropriate for the assignment;</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>A certification plan from an approved Texas EPP for the ca- reer and technical education certificate appropriate for the as- signment; and</li> </ol>				
	5. The appropriate fee (payable by the school district).				
	19 TAC 230.79				
Validity of Emergency Permit	The validity date of an activated and authorized emergency permit is specified in 19 Administrative Code 230.97 (Effective Dates of Certificates and Permit Issuance).				
	An emergency permit is valid for the remainder of the school year for which it is activated and authorized by SBEC. The emergency permit must be submitted to TEA within 45 instructional days from the date of assignment. A permit authorized by SBEC is valid for service only in the requesting district and only for the assignments indicated on the emergency permit application.				
	Effective with the 2017–18 school year, the employment of an indi- vidual on an emergency permit, with the exception of the assign- ment as a JROTC instructor or a teacher of students with visual im- pairments may not exceed one school year in the same assignment. [See One-Year Limitation, below]				
	Prior to the 2017–18 school year, the individual may serve in a specific assignment no more than one additional school year be- yond the initial emergency permit. To continue beyond the initial emergency permit year, the individual must comply with the re- newal provisions specified in 19 Administrative Code 230.81. [See Renewal Requirements and Procedures, below]				
	Effective with the 2017–18 school year, to continue employment in the assignment beyond the validity of the initial emergency permit, the individual must hold the appropriate certificate, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code, Chapter 231 (Requirements for Public School Personnel Assignments). An individual may not serve as a				

	classroom teacher of record in the district for more than three school years without obtaining initial, standard certification.			
	19 TAC 230.73			
One-Year Limitation	Effective with the 2017–18 school year, an emergency permit will limit an individual to one year of service and no renewal will be al lowed.			
Exceptions	The one-year limitation does not apply to individuals serving in the position of Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC) instructor or teachers of students with visual impairments.			
	As indicated in 19 Administrative Code 230.77(g)(4)(B), emerger permits for JROTC instructors must be reissued every year.	тсу		
	Emergency permits for teachers of students with visual impair- ments referenced in 19 Administrative Code 230.77(f)(2)(B) may be renewed a maximum of two years.	,		
	19 TAC 230.71(b), (c)			
Renewal Requirements and Procedures	Effective with the 2017–18 school year, these renewal provision of longer apply for emergency permits, with the exception of teachers of students with visual impairments. <i>19 TAC 230.73</i>			
	A superintendent, designee, or authorized representative may renew an emergency permit for the same assignment in the same district for which the initial emergency permit was activated.			
	No individual may continue in the same assignment for more that one school year of service on an emergency permit, except that emergency permits used fewer than 90 calendar days may be re- newed for one additional year of service, if needed.			
	The total of semester credit hours or the equivalent contact hour required to obtain certification appropriate for the assignment sh determine the number of emergency permit renewals for which t individual may be eligible.	all		
	For six semester credit hours or less plus appropriate examination requirements, an individual is not eligible for renewal.	on		
	For seven semester credit hours or more plus appropriate e nation requirements, an individual is eligible for one renewa			
	The superintendent or his or her designee or authorized repre- sentative may renew an emergency permit provided the following requirements and procedures are met:	g		
	<ol> <li>The emergency permit must be renewed for the same assig ment in the same school district.</li> </ol>	gn-		
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		2.	Official transcripts verifying completion of a minimum of six semester credit hours or documentation of completion of equivalent contact hours toward the appropriate target certifi- cate must be placed in the individual's personnel file.		
		3.	If the individual has not completed permit renewal require- ments as indicated above, the superintendent or his or her designee must obtain hardship approval from the TEA prior to continuation of the assignment.		
		4.	The appropriate renewal of the emergency permit application must be completed online prior to the beginning date of duties for the current school year.		
		5.	The school district shall pay the appropriate fee.		
		19 7	TAC 230.81		
Nonrenewable Permits	A superintendent or designee may activate a nonrenewable permit for an individual who has not completed the appropriate examina- tion requirements specified in 19 Administrative Code 230.21 (Edu- cator Assessment).				
		A nonrenewable permit may be activated for an individual who:			
		1.	Has completed all course and degree requirements of a Texas EPP except for successful completion of all appropriate examination requirements. Nonrenewable permits activated for individuals in this category expire 12 months from the date of activation; or		
		2.	Holds a Texas teacher certificate with an effective date before February 1, 1986, but has not revalidated the certificate for employment purposes by passing an examination. The indi- vidual must not have been employed in a Texas school district since the start of the 1985–86 school year. A nonrenewable permit activated for an individual in this category expires six months from the date of activation or at the end of the school year, whichever is less.		
		A nonrenewable permit may not be activated for an individual in the same assignment area for which another permit had previously been authorized.			
		verif	superintendent, designee, or authorized representative must y that an individual is eligible for the permit and submit the fol- ng information within 45 calendar days of assignment:		
		1.	An application for a nonrenewable permit completed before the effective date of the assignment; and		

	2.	The appropriate fee (payable by the district).			
	19 TAC 230.83				
Educator Consent	A certified teacher must consent to the activation of an emergency permit and be advised of the conditions of the emergency permit.				
	perr ated vatio cons redu	acher who refuses to consent to activation of an emergency nit may not be terminated or nonrenewed or otherwise retali- against because of the teacher's refusal to consent to the acti- on of the emergency permit. However, a teacher's refusal to sent shall not impair a district's right to implement a necessary action in force or other personnel actions in accordance with lo- policy.			
	19 TAC 230.71(e)				
No Property Right	sign	emergency permit is authorized for the district for a specific as- ment and is not the property of the individual for whom the orgency permit was activated. <i>19 TAC 230.71(f)</i>			
Unused Permits	If an emergency permit authorized by SBEC is not used, the distric shall notify TEA staff by email. <i>19 TAC 230.71(g)</i>				
Tutoring Program	A person may participate in a tutoring program to provide supple- mental instruction to students in kindergarten through grade 12 on an individualized or small-group basis.				
Eligibility	To participate in the program as a tutor, a person must:				
	1.	Be an active or retired teacher;			
	2.	Apply for the position in a manner specified by a nonprofit teacher organization approved by the commissioner for the purpose of participating in the tutoring program;			
	3.	Designate in the application whether the person plans to pro- vide tutoring:			
		a. For compensation, on a volunteer basis, or both; and			
		b. In person, online, or both; and			
	4.	Not be included in the Do Not Hire Registry. [See DBAA]			
	tion torin	active or retired teacher who has been approved for participa- in the tutoring program contacts a school district to provide tu- g to students in the district and the district needs tutoring as- ance, the district may:			
	1.	If the teacher is providing tutoring services on a volunteer ba- sis, use the volunteer tutoring services provided by the teacher; or			
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	2.	2. If the district has local, state, or federal funds for purposes the tutoring program and the teacher is providing tutoring vices for compensation, employ the teacher as a tutor.				
Local Oversight and	The superintendent or designee shall:					
Reporting	1.	Oversee the tutoring program within the district; and				
	2.		later than the last day of each semester, submit a report ne board that includes, with respect to that semester:			
		a.	The number of active or retired teachers who contacted the district to offer tutoring services to students in the district; and			
		b.	The number of active or retired teachers who were used by the district as a tutor on a volunteer basis or em- ployed by the district to provide tutoring services for compensation.			
Funding	A school district may use any available local, state, or federal funds to provide compensation to a person participating in the program as a tutor who is providing tutoring for compensation under the pro- gram.					
	Education Code 33.913					
Certification of Paraprofessional Employees			nal aides shall be certified according to standards estab- SBEC. <i>19 TAC 230.51</i>			
Federal Requirements for Teachers and Paraprofessionals	Teachers and paraprofessionals working in a program supported with funds under Title I, Part A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.) shall meet applicable state certification and licensure requirements, including any require- ments for certification obtained through alternative routes to certifi- cation. 20 U.S.C. 6311(g)(2)(J), 6312(c)(6)					
	The state's professional standards for paraprofessionals working in a program supported with Title I funds must include qualifications that were in place under former 20 U.S.C. 6319, as that section existed before December 10, 2015. 20 U.S.C. $6311(g)(2)(M)$					
Qualifications Before December 10, 2015	Each district receiving assistance under Title I, Part A of the ESEA shall ensure that all paraprofessionals working in a program supported with those funds shall:					
	1.	Be a	assigned only duties consistent with the following:			

- Provide one-on-one tutoring for eligible students, if the tutoring is scheduled at a time when a student would not otherwise receive instruction from a teacher;
- (2) Assist with classroom management, such as organizing instructional and other materials;
- (3) Provide assistance in a computer laboratory;
- (4) Conduct parental involvement activities;
- (5) Provide support in a library or media center;
- (6) Act as a translator; or
- (7) Provide instructional services to students in accordance with items (b) and (c).
- b. A paraprofessional may not provide any instructional service to a student unless the paraprofessional is working under the direct supervision of a teacher consistent with this section; and
- c. A paraprofessional may assume limited duties that are assigned to similar personnel who are not working in a program supported with funds under this part, including duties beyond classroom instruction or that do not benefit participating children, so long as the amount of time spent on such duties is the same proportion of total work time as prevails with respect to similar personnel at the same school.
- 2. Regardless of a paraprofessional's hiring date, have earned a secondary school diploma or its recognized equivalent.
- 3. If hired after January 8, 2002, have one of the following credentials:
  - a. Completed at least two years of study at an institution of higher education;
  - b. Obtained an associate's (or higher) degree; or
  - c. Met a rigorous standard of quality and can demonstrate, through a formal state or local academic assessment:
    - (1) Knowledge of, and the ability to assist in instructing, reading, writing, and mathematics; or

		(2) Knowledge of, and the ability to assist in instructing, reading readiness, writing readiness, and mathe- matics readiness, as appropriate.				
		Receipt of a high school diploma is not sufficient to sat- isfy the formal academic assessment requirement.				
	The requirements at item 3, above, shall not apply to a paraprofes- sional:					
	1.	Who is proficient in English and a language other than Eng- lish and who provides services primarily to enhance the par- ticipation of children in programs under Title I, Part A by acting as a translator; or				
	2.	Whose duties consist solely of conducting parental involve- ment activities.				
	Form	mer 20 U.S.C. 6319 in effect before Dec. 10, 2015				
Federal Requirements for Special Education	Each person employed as a special education teacher who teaches elementary school, middle school, or secondary school must:					
Teachers	1.	Have obtained full state certification as a special education teacher [including participating in an alternate route to certification as a special educator, if such alternate route meets minimum requirements described in 34 C.F.R. 2005.56(a)(2)(ii) as in effect November 28, 2008], or passed the state special education teacher licensing examination, and holds a license to teach in the state as a special education teacher;				
	2.	Have not had special education certification or licensure re- quirements waived on an emergency, temporary, or provi- sional basis; and				
	3.	Hold at least a bachelor's degree.				
	20 L	J.S.C. 1412(a)(14)(C)				
CPR and First Aid Certification	ing t letic tione proc citat socia	strict employee who serves as head director of a school march- band, head coach, or chief sponsor of an extracurricular ath- activity (including cheerleading) that is sponsored or sanc- ed by the district or UIL must maintain and submit to the district of of current certification in first aid and cardiopulmonary resus- tion issued by the American Red Cross, the American Heart As- lation, or another organization that provides equivalent training certification. A district shall adopt, in accordance with its pro- sional development policy [see DMA], procedures for adminis-				

tering this requirement, including procedures for the time and manner in which proof of current certification must be submitted. *Education Code* 33.086

- AED Certification Each school nurse, assistant school nurse, athletic coach or sponsor, physical education instructor, marching band director, cheerleading coach, and any other employee specified by the commissioner must receive and maintain certification in the use of an automated external defibrillator (AED) from the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or a similar nationally recognized association. *Education Code 22.902(c)* [See DMA]
- School Bus Drivers Credentials For purposes of the following provisions, a "school bus driver" is a driver transporting school children and/or school personnel on routes to and from school or on a school-related activity trip while operating a multifunction school activity bus, school activity bus, or school bus. 37 TAC 14.1 [See CNA]

At a minimum, to become employed and maintain employment status as a school bus driver, a person must meet the following requirements:

- 1. Be at least 18 years old.
- 2. Possess a valid driver's license designating a class appropriate (with applicable endorsement, if commercial driver license) for the gross vehicle weight rating and manufacturer's designed passenger capacity of the vehicle to be operated.
- Meet the medical qualifications specified by the Department of Public Safety (DPS) at 37 Administrative Code 14.12. [See DBB]
- 4. Maintain an acceptable driving record in accordance with the minimum standards established by the DPS at 37 Administrative Code 14.14.
- 5. Maintain an acceptable criminal history record, secured from any law enforcement agency or criminal justice agency, and reviewed in accordance with the provisions of Education Code Chapter 22. [See DBAA]
- 6. Possess a valid Texas School Bus Driver Safety Training Certificate, as specified at 37 Administrative Code 14.35 or a valid Enrollment Certificate, as specified at 37 Administrative Code 14.36.

Transp. Code 521.022; 37 TAC 14.11, .12, .14

Pre-Employment Inquiries	An applicant for employment as a school bus driver must disclose to the district:				
	<ol> <li>Any violations of motor vehicle laws or ordinances (other than parking violations) of which the applicant was convicted or for- feited bond or collateral during the three years preceding the date the application is submitted;</li> </ol>				
	2. Any serious traffic violations, as defined by Transportation Code 522.003(25), of which the applicant was convicted dur- ing the ten years preceding the date the application is submit- ted; and				
	<ol> <li>Any suspension, revocation, or cancellation of driving privi- lege that the applicant has ever received.</li> </ol>				
	The district shall make an inquiry into the applicant's complete driv- ing record, with DPS and with any state in which the applicant held a motor vehicle operator's license or permit within the past seven years. If no previous driving record is found to exist, the district must document its efforts to obtain such information and certify that no previous driving record exists for the individual.				
	The district shall review the applicant's driving record to determine whether that person meets minimum requirements, as described at 37 Administrative Code 14.14(d) (penalty points for convictions of traffic law violations and crash involvements).				
	37 TAC 14.14(b)				
Annual Evaluation	A district shall, at least once every 12 months, make an inquiry into the complete driving record of each school bus driver it employs, with DPS and with any state in which the individual held a motor vehicle operator's license or permit during that time period. The district shall review the driving record to determine whether the individual meets the minimum requirements described at 37 Administrative Code 14.14(d) (penalty points for convictions of traffic law violations and crash involvements). <i>Transp. Code</i> 521.022(d); 37 TAC 14.14(c)				
Disqualification	Any person who has accumulated ten or more penalty points shall be considered ineligible to transport students until such time as he or she may become qualified. A school bus driver who receives no- tice that his or her license, permit, or privilege to operate a motor vehicle has been revoked, suspended, or withdrawn shall notify the district of the contents of the notice before the end of the business day following the day the driver received it. A district shall not per- mit a disqualified driver to drive a school bus, school activity bus, or multifunction school activity bus. <i>37 TAC 14.14(g)</i>				

## EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS CREDENTIALS AND RECORDS

Employee Records Professional Employees	The following records on professional personnel must be readily available for review by the commissioner:				
	1. Credentials (certificate or license);				
	2. Service record(s) and any attachments;				
	3. Contract;				
	4. Teaching schedule or other assignment record; and				
	5. Absence from duty reports.				
Service Record	The basic document in support of the number of years of profes- sional service claimed for salary increment purposes and both the state's sick and personal leave program data for all personnel is the service record (form FIN-115) or a similar form containing the same information. It is the responsibility of the issuing district to en- sure that service records are true and correct and that all service recorded on the service record was actually performed.				
	The service record must be validated by a person designated by a district to sign service records. The service record shall be kept on file at the district.				
Former Employees	On request by a classroom teacher, librarian, school counselor, or nurse or by the school district employing one of those individuals, a district that previously employed the individual shall provide a copy of the individual's service record to the district employing the indi- vidual. The district must provide the copy not later than the 30th day after the later of:				
	1. The date the request is made; or				
	2. The date of the last day of the individual's service to the dis- trict.				
	The original service record, verified by the employee, shall be given to the employee upon request or sent to the next employing district. A district must maintain a legible copy for audit purposes. A scanned version of the original service record may be considered official if sent directly from one employing district to another em- ploying district.				
	Education Code 21.4031; 19 TAC 153.1021(b), (d)				
Access to Employee Records	With regard to public access to information in personnel records, custodians of such records shall adhere to the requirements of the Public Information Act. <i>Gov't Code Ch. 552</i> [See GBA]				

# EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS CREDENTIALS AND RECORDS

	Information in a personnel file is excepted from the requirements of the Public Information Act if the disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
	Except as provided below, an employee of a district shall choose whether to allow public access to information in the district's cus- tody that relates to the employee's home address, home telephone number, emergency contact information, or social security number, or that reveals whether the person has family members.
	Gov't Code 552.024, .102(a)
	The social security number of an employee of a district in the cus- tody of the district is confidential. A district may not require an em- ployee or former employee of the district to choose whether to al- low public access to the employee's or former employee's social security number. <i>Gov't Code 552.024(a-1), .147(a-1)</i>
Employee Right of Access	All information in the personnel file of a district employee shall be made available to that employee or the employee's designated representative as public information is made available under the Public Information Act. An employee or an employee's authorized representative has a special right of access, beyond the right of the general public, to information held by a district that relates to the employee and that is protected from public disclosure by laws in- tended to protect the employee's privacy interests.
	A district may not deny to the employee or his or her representative access to information relating to the employee on the grounds that the information is considered confidential by privacy principles un- der the Public Information Act. A district may assert as grounds for denial of access other provisions of the Public Information Act or other laws that are not intended to protect the employee's privacy interests.
	If a district determines that information in the employee's records is exempt from disclosure under an exception of Government Code Chapter 552, Subchapter C, other than an exception intended to protect the privacy interest of the requestor or the person whom the requestor is authorized to represent, it shall submit a written re- quest for a decision to the attorney general before disclosing the information. If a decision is not requested, a district shall release the information to the requestor not later than the tenth day after the request for information is received.
	Gov't Code 552.023, .102(a), .307

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Innovation Plan: <u>http://www.dentonisd.org/doi</u>

## EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

Employment Policies		A board shall adopt a policy providing for the employment and du- ties of district personnel. The policy shall provide that:			
		1.	A board employs and evaluates the superintendent;		
		2.	A superintendent has sole authority to make recommenda- tions to a board regarding the selection of all personnel, ex- cept that the board may delegate final authority for those deci- sions to the superintendent [see Superintendent Recommendation, below];		
		3.	Each principal must approve each teacher or staff appoint- ment to the principal's campus as provided by Education Code 11.202 [see DK and DP];		
		4.	Notice will be provided of vacant positions [see Posting of Vacancies, below]; and		
		5.	Each employee has the right to present grievances to the board. [See Grievances, below]		
		Education Code 11.1513			
	Tax Identifier	A board shall adopt a policy prohibiting the use of social security numbers as employee identifiers other than for tax purposes [see Social Security Numbers, below]. <i>Education Code 11.1514</i> [See DBA]			
	Contract Positions	emp such	ard shall establish a policy designating specific positions of loyment, or categories of positions based on considerations as length of service, to which continuing contracts or term racts apply. <i>Education Code 21.002(c)</i> [See DCB and DCC]		
	Delegation of Authority	ployi mine	strict's employment policy may specify the terms of district em- ment or delegate to the superintendent the authority to deter- e the terms of employment with the district. <i>Education Code</i> 513(c) [For nepotism implications, see BBFB and DBE]		
	Availability	site, Code	strict shall post on its internet website, if the district has a web- the employment policy adopted by the board under Education e 11.1513(a) and the full text of any regulations referenced in policy.		
		men and office	strict shall make available any forms referenced in its employ- t policy on an intranet website that is maintained by the district accessible to district employees, or at a district administrative e designated by the district if the district does not maintain an net website.		
		Edu	cation Code 11.1513(k)		

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EMPLOYMENT PRACTI	CES			(	DC LEGAL)
Internal Auditor	inte	rnal a	udito	ploys an internal auditor, the board shall select or and the internal auditor shall report directly t tion Code 11.170 [See CFC]	
Superintendent Recommendation	rega boa mee ing, or 5 omr mer	arding rd's a eting, or in 51.12 nend ndatio	g the s accept in the the re 27, as ation,	accept or reject a superintendent's recommen selection of district personnel and shall includ tance or rejection in the minutes of the board' e certified agenda or tape recording of a close ecording required under Government Code 58 s applicable. If a board rejects a superintender , the superintendent shall make alternative recont in the board accepts a recommendation. Edu r(b)	e the s open ed meet- 51.125 nt's rec- com-
Posting of Vacancies	tent posi Edu fects	h sch ition f icatio s the	ool d or wh n Coc safet	ployment policy must provide that not later that ay before the date on which a district fills a va- nich a certificate or license is required as provide 21.003 [see DBA], other than a position that and security of students as determined by the trict must provide to each current district empli	acant ided by at af- he
	1.	Not	ice of	the position by posting the position on:	
		a.	A bu	ulletin board at:	
			(1)	A place convenient to the public in the district tral administrative office, and	ct's cen-
			(2)	The central administrative office of each car during any time the office is open; or	npus
		b.		e district's internet website, if the district has a ; and	web-
	2.	A re	ason	able opportunity to apply for the position.	
	Edu	catio	n Coc	de 11.1513(d)	
Exception	by a less posi the the vide	a teac than ition i vacai notice a rea	ten, a ten s n the ncy oc e for t	school year, a district must fill a vacant position as defined by Education Code 21.201 [see DC school days, the district must provide notice of manner described above as soon as possible ccurs. However, a district is not required to pr ten school days before filling the position or to able opportunity to apply for the position. Educ t(e)	CB], in f the e after ovide o pro-
Grievances	the stric	right t the	to pre ability	ployment policy must provide each employee esent grievances to the board. The policy may y of an employee to communicate directly with e board regarding a matter relating to the oper	not re- n a

## EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

	a district, except that the policy may prohibit ex parte communica- tion relating to:		
	1.	A hearing under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter E (Term Contracts) or F (Hearing Examiners); and	
	2.	Another appeal or hearing in which ex parte communication would be inappropriate pending a final decision by the board.	
	Edu	cation Code 11.1513(i)–(j) [See DGBA]	
Transfers	eacl a pr	strict's employment policy may include a provision for providing h current district employee with an opportunity to participate in ocess for transferring to another school in or position with the rict. <i>Education Code 11.1513(c)(3)</i> [See DK]	
Contract Employees	nurs uing a pe	strict shall employ each classroom teacher, principal, librarian, se, or school counselor under a probationary contract, a contin- g contract, or a term contract. A district is not required to employ erson other than these listed employees under a probationary, tinuing, or term contract. <i>Education Code 21.002</i>	
Classroom Teacher	trict teac nolo	ssroom teacher" means an educator who is employed by a dis- and who, not less than an average of four hours each day, ches in an academic instructional setting or a career and tech- gy instructional setting. The term does not include a teacher's or a full-time administrator. <i>Education Code 5.001(2)</i>	
Minimum Length of Contract	mun mor	ontract between a district and an educator must be for a mini- n of ten months of service. An educator employed under a ten- nth contract must provide a minimum of 187 days of service. Incation Code 21.401(a), (b)	
Proportionate Reduction	for s dem vice	district anticipates providing less than 180 days of instruction students during a school year, as indicated by the district's aca- nic calendar, the district may reduce the number of days of ser- proportionately. A reduction by the district does not reduce an cator's salary. <i>Education Code 21.401(c-1)</i>	
Commissioner Waiver	serv mer tion	commissioner of education may reduce the number of days of vice if disaster, flood, extreme weather conditions, fuel curtail- nt, or another calamity causes the closing of schools. A reduc- by the commissioner does not reduce an educator's salary. <i>Ed-</i> <i>tion Code 21.401(c), 25.081(b)</i>	
Educational Aides	tiona	bard shall establish a plan to encourage the hiring of educa- al aides who show a willingness to become certified teachers. Incation Code 54.363(f)	

### EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

Employment of Retirees	A district shall file a monthly certified statement of employment of a retiree in the form and manner required by TRS. A district shall inform TRS of changes in status of the district that affect the district's reporting responsibilities.			
	The	The certified statement must include information regard		
	1.	or di entit prov that	bloyees of third party entities if the employees are service isability retirees who were first employed by the third party by on or after May 24, 2003, and are performing duties or riding services on behalf of or for the benefit of the district employees of the district would otherwise perform or pro- ; and	
	2.	mon are the o	rees who retired within twelve full, consecutive calendar of the month of the monthly certified statement and performing duties or providing services for or on behalf of district that employees of the district would otherwise per- n or provide, and are:	
		a.	Waiving, deferring, or forgoing compensation for the ser- vices or duties;	
		b.	Performing the duties or providing the services as an in- dependent contractor; or	
		C.	Serving as a volunteer without compensation and per- forming the same duties or providing the same services for a reporting entity that the retiree performed or pro- vided immediately before retiring and the retiree has an agreement to perform those duties or provide those ser- vices after the first 12 full, consecutive calendar months after the retiree's effective date of retirement.	
	A district that fails to attain a completed status for the monthly fied statement as required by 34 Administrative Code 31.2 sha pay to TRS, in addition to the required employer surcharges ar any applicable penalty interest on the unpaid amounts, the late established in 34 Administrative Code 31.2(d) for each busines day that the monthly certified statement fails to attain a comple- status.			
		nt, and	istrator of a district who is responsible for filing the state- d who knowingly fails to file the statement, commits an of-	

Gov't Code 824.6022, 825.403(k); 34 TAC 31.2

### EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

Former Board Member Employment	A board member is prohibited from accepting employment with the district until the first anniversary of the date the board member's membership on a board ends. <i>Education Code 11.063</i> [See BBC]				
New Hires I-9 Forms	A district shall ensure that an employee properly completes section 1—"Employee Information and Verification"—on Form I-9 at the time of hire.				
	A district must verify employment eligibility, pursuant to the Immi- gration Reform and Control Act, and complete Form I-9 by the fol- lowing dates:				
	1. Within three business days of initial hiring. If a district hires an individual for employment for a duration of less than three business days, the district must verify employment at the time of hire. A district shall not be deemed to have hired an individual if the individual is continuing in his or her employment and has a reasonable expectation of employment at all times. When a district rehires an individual, the district may, in lieu of completing a new I-9, inspect a previously completed I-9 executed within three years of the date of rehire, to determine whether the individual is still eligible to work.				
	<ol> <li>For an individual whose employment authorization expires, not later than the date of expiration.</li> </ol>				
	8 C.F.R. 274a.2(b)(1)(ii), (iii), (vii), (viii)				
New Hire Reporting	A district shall furnish to the Directory of New Hires (Texas Attorney General's Office) a report that contains the name, address, and so- cial security number of each newly hired employee. The report shall also contain a district's name, address, and employer identifi- cation number.				
	A district may also provide, at its option, the employee's date of hire, date of birth, expected salary or wages, and the district's pay- roll address for mailing of notice to withhold child support.				
	A district shall report new hire information on a Form W-4 or an equivalent form, by first class mail, telephonically, electronically, or by magnetic media, as determined by the district and in a format acceptable to the attorney general.				
Deadline	New hire reports are due:				
	1. Not later than 20 calendar days after the date a district hires the employee; or				
	2. In the case of a district transmitting reports magnetically or electronically, by two monthly transmissions (if necessary) not less than 12 days nor more than 16 days apart.				

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EMPLOYMENT PRACT	TICES DC (LEGAL)		
	New hire reports shall be considered timely if postmarked by the due date or, if filed electronically, upon receipt by the agency.		
Penalties	A district that knowingly violates the new hire provisions may be lia- ble for a civil penalty, as set forth at Family Code 234.105.		
	42 U.S.C. 653a(b), (c); Family Code 234.101–.105; 1 TAC 55, Subch. I		
Donations for Supplemental Educational Staff	A district shall accept from a parent-teacher organization or association recognized by the district a donation designated to fund supplemental educational staff positions at a school campus and spend the donation accepted for the designated purpose at the direction of and within the time period specified by the school campus for which the donation was designated. This provision expires September 1, 2025. <i>Education Code 11.156(c), (d)</i>		
Social Security Numbers	A board shall adopt a policy prohibiting the use of the social secu- rity number of an employee of the district as an employee identifier other than for tax purposes. <i>Education Code 11.1514</i> [See DBA]		
Federal Law	A district shall not deny to any individual any right, benefit, or privi- lege provided by law because of the individual's refusal to disclose his or her social security number.		
Exceptions	The federal law does not apply to:		
	<ol> <li>Any disclosure that is required by federal statute. The United States Internal Revenue Code provides that the social secu- rity number issued to an individual for purposes of federal in- come tax laws shall be used as the identifying number for tax- payers;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Any disclosure to a district maintaining a system of records in existence and operating before January 1, 1975, if such dis- closure was required under statute or regulation adopted be- fore such date to verify the identity of an individual; or</li> </ol>		
	3. Any use for the purposes of establishing the identity of individ- uals affected by any tax, general public assistance, driver's li- cense, or motor vehicle registration law within a district's juris- diction.		
Statement of Uses	A district that requests disclosure of a social security number shall inform that individual whether the disclosure is mandatory or volun- tary, by what statutory authority such number is solicited, and what uses will be made of it.		
	Privacy Act of 1974, Pub. L. No. 93-579, Sec. 7, 88 Stat. 1896, 1897 (1974)		

### EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

Employment Assistance Prohibited Federal Law	cies tor, o taini adm or ha gage	A district that receives Title I funds shall have regulations or poli- cies that prohibit any individual who is a school employee, contrac- tor, or agent, or a district, from assisting a school employee in ob- taining a new job, apart from the routine transmission of administrative and personnel files, if the individual or district knows, or has probable cause to believe, that such school employee en- gaged in sexual misconduct regarding a minor or student in viola- tion of the law.			
	prob ager prop state of 19 unde	a requirement shall not apply if the information giving rise to bable cause has been properly reported to a law enforcement ncy with jurisdiction over the alleged misconduct; and has been berly reported to any other authorities as required by federal, e, or local law, including Title IX of the Education Amendments 972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) and the implementing regulations er Part 106 of Title 34, Code of Federal Regulations, or any ceeding regulations; and:			
	1.	The matter has been officially closed or the prosecutor or po- lice with jurisdiction over the alleged misconduct has investi- gated the allegations and notified school officials that there is insufficient information to establish probable cause that the school employee engaged in sexual misconduct regarding a minor or student in violation of the law;			
	2.	The school employee has been charged with and acquitted or otherwise exonerated of the alleged misconduct; or			
	3.	The case or investigation remains open and there have been no charges filed against, or indictment of, the school em- ployee within four years of the date on which the information was reported to a law enforcement agency.			
	20 L	20 U.S.C 7926 [See also CJ]			
State Law	SBEC may suspend or revoke a certificate, impose other sanction against the person, or refuse to issue a certificate to the person				
	1.	The person assists another person in obtaining employment at a school district, private school, or open-enrollment charter school, other than by the routine transmission of administra- tive and personnel files; and			
	2.	The person knew that the other person has previously en- gaged in sexual misconduct with a minor or student in viola- tion of the law.			

#### EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

DC (LEGAL)

The commissioner may require a school district to revoke or decline to issue a school district teaching permit under Education Code 21.055 issued to or requested by a person subject to SBEC action above.

Education Code 21.0581; 19 TAC 249.15(b)(13)

COMPENSATION AND E COMPENSATION PLAN	BENEFITS	D (LEG/
Minimum Salary Schedule — Educators	A district shall pay each classroom teacher, full- time school counselor, or full-time nurse not less monthly salary, based on the employee's level of ified in Education Code 21.402 and 19 Administ 153.1021.	s than the minimu of experience, spe
Definitions <i>Classroom</i> <i>Teacher</i>	"Classroom teacher" means an educator who te of at least four hours per day in an academic or nology instructional setting, focusing on the deli Essential Knowledge and Skills, and who holds cate from the State Board for Educator Certifica hough noninstructional duties do not qualify as functions related to the educator's instructional as instructional planning and transition between ods, should be applied to creditable classroom	career and tech- very of the Texas the relevant certi- tion (SBEC). Alt- teaching, necess assignment, such instructional per
Librarian	"Librarian" means an educator who provides ful vices and holds the relevant certificate from SB	
School Counselor	"School counselor" means an educator who pro counseling and guidance services and holds the from SBEC.	
Nurse	"Nurse" means an educator employed to provid and health-care services and who meets all the practice as a registered nurse (RN) pursuant to tice Act and the rules and regulations relating to education, licensure, and practice and has been practice professional nursing in Texas.	requirements to the Nursing Prac professional nur
Full-Time	"Full-time" means contracted employment for at (187 days) for 100 percent of the school day, in the definitions of school day in Education Code ment contract in Education Code 21.002, and se cation Code 25.081.	accordance with 25.082, employ-
	19 TAC 153.1022(a)	
Placement on Salary Schedule	The commissioner's rules determine the experied teacher, librarian, school counselor, or nurse is placing the teacher, librarian, school counselor, minimum salary schedule. A district shall credit ian, school counselor, or nurse for each year of whether or not the years are consecutive. <i>Educ</i> 21.402(a), .403(c); 19 TAC 153.1022	to be given credit or nurse on the the teacher, libran experience,
Employees Formerly on Career Ladder	A teacher or librarian who received a career lad August 31, 1993, is entitled to at least the same ary the teacher or librarian received for the 1994 long as the teacher or librarian is employed by t	gross monthly s 4–95 school year

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS
COMPENSATION PLAN

	the the acc	addition, a teacher or librarian who was on level two or three of career ladder is entitled, as long as he or she is employed by same district, to placement on the minimum salary schedule ording to the guidelines at Education Code 21.403(d). <i>Educa-Code 21.402(f), .403(d)</i>			
Pay Increases	to a bee	istrict shall not grant any extra compensation, fee, or allowance public officer, agent, servant, or contractor after service has in rendered or a contract entered into and performed in whole in part. <i>Tex. Const. Art. III, Sec. 53</i>			
Public Hearing— Contract Employees	A district may not pay an employee or former employee more than an amount owed under a contract with the employee unless the district holds at least one public hearing. Notice of the hearing must be given in accordance with notice of a public meeting under the Texas Open Meetings Act [see BE].				
	The	e board must state the following at the public hearing:			
	1.	The source and exact amount of the payment;			
	2.	The reason the payment is being offered including the public purpose that will be served by making the payment; and			
	3.	The terms for distribution of the payment that effect and main- tain the public purpose.			
	Loc	al Gov't Code 180.007			
Increase in Basic Allotment	During any school year for which the maximum amount of the basic allotment provided under Education Code 48.015(a) or (b) is greater than the maximum amount provided for the preceding school year, a district must use at least 30 percent of the district's increased funding to provide compensation increases to full-time district employees other than administrators as follows:				
	1.	75 percent must be used to increase the compensation paid to classroom teachers, full-time librarians, full-time school counselors certified under Education Code Chapter 21, Sub- chapter B and full-time school nurses, prioritizing differenti- ated compensation for classroom teachers with more than five years of experience; and			
	2.	25 percent may be used as determined by the district to in- crease compensation paid to full-time district employees.			
	"Co	mpensation" includes benefits such as insurance premiums.			
	Education Code 48.051(c), (d)				

Education Code 48.051(c), (d)

COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS
COMPENSATION PLAN

Maintenance of Salary	An employee who received a salary increase from a district for the 2019–20 school year is, as long as the employee remains employed by the same district and the district is receiving at least the same amount of funding as the amount of funding the district received for the 2019–20 school year, entitled to salary that is at least equal to the salary the employee received for the 2019–20 school year.			
	This requirement does not apply if the board:			
	<ol> <li>Implements a furlough program under Education Code 21.4021 [see Furlough Program, below], a salary reduction under Education Code 21.4022 [see Salary Reduction/Fur- lough Process, below], and a widespread reduction in salaries under Education Code 21.4032 [see Widespread Salary Re- ductions, below] in reducing the employee's salary; and</li> </ol>			
	2. Has adopted a resolution declaring a financial exigency for the district under Education Code 44.011. [See CEA]			
	A reduction in the salary of a district employee described above is subject to the rights granted to the employee under the Education Code.			
	Education Code 48.051(c-1), (c-2)			
Salary Advances and Loans	A district shall not lend its credit or gratuitously grant public money or things of value in aid of any individual, association, or corpora- tion. <i>Tex. Const. Art. III, Sec. 52; <u>Brazoria County v. Perry</u>, 537 S.W.2d 89 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [1st Dist.] 1976, no writ)</i>			
Designation of Compensation for Benefits	An employee who is covered by a cafeteria plan or who is eligible to pay health-care premiums through a premium conversion plan may elect to designate a portion of the employee's compensation to be used as health-care supplementation. The amount desig- nated may not exceed the amount permitted under federal law. <i>Ed-</i> <i>ucation Code 22.103</i>			
Use	An employee may use the compensation designated for health- care supplementation for any employee benefit, including deposit- ing the designated amount into a cafeteria plan in which the em- ployee is enrolled or using the designated amount for health-care premiums through a premium conversion plan. <i>Education Code</i> <i>22.106</i>			
Annual Election	Each school year, an active employee must elect in writing whether to designate a portion of the employee's compensation to be used as health-care supplementation. The election must be made at the same time that the employee elects to participate in a cafeteria plan, if applicable. <i>Education Code 22.105</i>			
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# COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS COMPENSATION PLAN

Definition	For purposes of the designation of compensation as health-care supplementation, "employee" means an active, contributing member of the Teacher Retirement System (TRS) who:				
	1.	Is employed by a district;			
	2.	Is not a retiree eligible for coverage under Insurance Code Chapter 1575 (retiree group health benefits);			
	3.	Is not eligible for coverage by a group insurance plan under Insurance Code Chapter 1551 (state employee health insur- ance) or Chapter 1601 (state university employee health in- surance); and			
	4.	Is not an individual performing personal services for the dis- trict as an independent contractor.			
	Edu	cation Code 22.101(2)			
TRS Contributions for New Hires	During each fiscal year, a district shall pay an amount equal state contribution rate, as established by the General Appre- tions Act for the fiscal year, applied to the aggregate compe- of new members of the retirement system, during their first of employment.				
	"New member" means a person first employed on or after Septem- ber 1, 2005, including a former member who withdrew retirement contributions under Government Code 822.003 and is reemployed on or after September 1, 2005.				
	On a monthly basis, a district shall:				
	1.	Certify to TRS the total amount of salary paid during the first 90 days of employment of a new member and the total amount of employer payments under this section for the pay- roll periods; and			
	2.	Retain information, as determined by TRS, sufficient to allow administration of this section, including information for each employee showing the applicable salary as well as aggregate compensation for the first 90 days of employment for new em- ployees.			
	A district must remit the amount required under this section to TRS at the same time the district remits the member's contribution. In computing the amount required to be remitted, a district shall in- clude compensation paid to an employee for the entire pay period that contains the 90th calendar day of new employment.				
	Gov't Code 825.4041				

# COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS COMPENSATION PLAN

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TRS Surcharge for Rehired Retirees TRS Fund	During each payroll period for which a retiree is reported, a district shall contribute to the retirement system for each retiree reported an amount based on the retiree's salary equal to the sum of:				
Contributions	<ol> <li>The current contribution amount that would be contributed by the retiree if the retiree were an active, contributing member; and</li> </ol>				
	2. The current contribution amount authorized by the General Appropriations Act that the state would contribute for that re- tiree if the retiree were an active, contributing member.				
	Gov't Code 825.4092(b)				
Health Insurance Contributions	In addition, each payroll period and for each rehired retiree who is enrolled in TRS Care (retiree group health insurance), a district shall contribute to the TRS Care trust fund an amount established by TRS. In determining the amount to be contributed by the district, TRS shall consider the amount a retiree is required to pay for the retiree and any enrolled dependents to participate in the group pro- gram and the full cost of the retiree's and enrolled dependents' par- ticipation in the group program. If more than one employer reports the retiree to TRS during a month, the amount of the required pay- ment shall be prorated among employers. <i>Gov't Code 825.4092(c);</i> <i>Insurance Code 1575.204(b)</i>				
No Recovery of Costs	A district is ultimately responsible for payment of the contributions above. A district may not directly or indirectly pass that cost on to the retiree through payroll deduction, by imposition of a fee, or by any other means designed to recover the cost. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>825.4092(f)</i>				
Exception	A district is not required to contribute these amounts for a retiree who retired from the retirement system before September 1, 2005. <i>Gov't Code</i> 825.4092(e)				
Temporary Exception	A district is not required to contribute these amounts for a retiree who retired from the retirement system after September 1, 2005, and is employed in a position described by Government Code 824.6021(a) performing duties related to the mitigation of student learning loss attributable to the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic. This provision expires February 1, 2025. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>825.4092(f)</i>				
Notice Regarding Earned Income Tax Credit	Not later than March 1 of each year, a district shall provide employ- ees with information regarding general eligibility requirements for the federal earned income tax credit by one of the following means: 1. In person;				

### COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS COMPENSATION PLAN

DEA (LEGAL)

	2.	Electronically at the employee's last known email address;					
	3.	Through a flyer included, in writing or electronically, as a pay- roll stuffer; or					
	4.	By first class mail to the employee's last known address.					
		trict may not satisfy this requirement solely by posting infor- on in the workplace.					
	and f	In addition, a district may provide employees with IRS publications and forms, or information prepared by the comptroller, relating to the earned income tax credit.					
	Labo	r Code 104.001–.003					
Decreasing Pay	comp pay v A suf enou whet <u>Inde</u>	commissioner has held that a district may reduce educator bensation if it gives sufficient warning of a possible reduction in when educators can still unilaterally resign from their contracts. ficient warning must be both formal enough and specific gh to give educators a meaningful opportunity to decide her to continue employment with a district. <u>Brajenovich v. Alief</u> <u>b. Sch. Dist.</u> , Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision No. 021-R1O- (2009)					
Widespread Salary Reductions	the a trict b	The following provisions apply only to a widespread reduction in the amount of annual salaries paid to classroom teachers in a dis- trict based primarily on district financial conditions rather than on teacher performance.					
	the a paid amou other that i	For any school year in which a district has reduced the amount of the annual salaries paid to classroom teachers from the amount paid for the preceding school year, the district shall reduce the amount of the annual salary paid to each district administrator or other professional employee by a percent or fraction of a percent that is equal to the average percent or fraction of a percent by which teacher salaries have been reduced.					
	Educ	cation Code 21.4032					
	the re	ard may not reduce salaries until the district has complied with equirements at Education Code 21.4022 [see Salary Reduc- Furlough Process, below]. <i>Education Code 21.4022</i>					
Furlough Program	ment other more sione local	cordance with district policy [see DFFA], a board may imple- a furlough program and reduce the number of days of service wise required under Education Code 21.401 [see DC] by not than six days of service during a school year if the commis- er certifies that the district will be provided with less state and funding for that year than was provided to the district for the –11 school year. <i>Education Code 21.4021(a)</i>					
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# COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS COMPENSATION PLAN

	A board may not implement a furlough program until the district has complied with the requirements at Education Code 21.4022 [see Salary Reduction/Furlough Process, below]. <i>Education Code 21.4022</i>
Funding Levels	Not later than July 1 of each year, the commissioner shall determine for each district whether the estimated amount of state and local funding per student in weighted average daily attendance to be provided to the district under the Foundation School Program for maintenance and operations for the following school year is less than the amount provided to the district for the 2010–11 school year. If the amount estimated to be provided is less, the commissioner shall certify the percentage decrease in funding to be provided to the district. <i>Education Code 48.010</i>
Salaries	Notwithstanding Education Code 21.402 (minimum salary sched- ule), a board may reduce the salary of an employee who is fur- loughed in proportion to the number of days by which service is re- duced. Any reduction in the amount of the annual salary must be equally distributed over the course of the employee's current con- tract with the district.
Furlough Days	A furlough program must subject all contract personnel to the same number of furlough days. An educator may not be furloughed on a day that is included in the number of days of instruction required under Education Code 25.081 [see EB]. Implementation of a fur- lough program may not result in an increase in the number of re- quired teacher workdays. An educator may not use personal, sick, or any other paid leave while the educator is on a furlough.
Contract Resignation	If a board adopts a furlough program after the date by which a teacher must give notice of resignation from a probationary, term, or continuing contract [see DFE], an employee who subsequently resigns is not subject to sanctions imposed by SBEC.
No Appeal	A decision by a board to implement a furlough program is final and may not be appealed and does not create a cause of action or re- quire collective bargaining.
	Education Code 21.4021
Salary Reduction / Furlough Process	A board may not implement a furlough program under Education Code 21.4021 or reduce salaries until the district has complied with the requirements below.
Employee Involvement	A district must use a process to develop a furlough program or other salary reduction proposal, as applicable, that:
	<ol> <li>Includes the involvement of the district's professional staff; and</li> </ol>
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## COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS COMPENSATION PLAN

2. Provides district employees with the opportunity to express opinions regarding the furlough program or salary reduction proposal, as applicable, at the public meeting described below.

## *Public Meeting* A board must hold a public meeting at which the board and district administration present:

- Information regarding the options considered for managing the district's available resources, including consideration of a tax rate increase and use of the district's available fund balance;
- 2. An explanation of how the district intends, through implementation of a furlough program or salary reductions, as applicable, to limit the number of district employees who will be discharged or whose contracts will not be renewed. Any explanation of a furlough program must state the specific number of furlough days proposed to be required; and
- 3. Information regarding the local option residence homestead exemption.

The public and district employees must be provided with an opportunity to comment at the public meeting.

Education Code 21.4022

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COMPENSATION PLAN INCENTIVES AND STIP	ENDS	DEAA (LEGAL)	
Incentive Grants— Contract Provision	A district shall provide in employment contracts that qualifying em- ployees may receive an incentive payment under an awards pro- gram established under Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter O (Educator Excellence Award Program and Educator Excellence Innovation Program) if the district participates in the program. A district shall indicate that any incentive payment distributed is con- sidered a payment for performance and not an entitlement as part of an employee's salary. <i>Education Code 21.415</i>		
Educator Excellence Innovation Program	prog the p effec to di trict	Educator Excellence Innovation Program (EEIP) is a grant fram under which a district may receive a competitive grant for purposes of systematically transforming educator quality and ctiveness. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) will give priority stricts that receive Title I funding and have at a majority of dis- campuses a student enrollment that is at least 50 percent edu- onally disadvantaged.	
Eligibility	A dis	strict is eligible to apply for EEIP grant funds if the district:	
	1.	Completes and submits a Notice of Intent to Apply to TEA by the date established by the commissioner of education;	
	2.	Complies with all assurances in the Notice of Intent to Apply and grant application;	
	3.	Participates in the required technical assistance activities es- tablished by the commissioner, including establishing leader- ship teams, master teachers, mentor teachers, and instruc- tional coaches and developing career pathways;	
	4.	Agrees to participate for four years; and	
	5.	Complies with any other activities set forth in the program re- quirements.	
	by th lines The	eligible district must submit an application in a form prescribed ne commissioner. Each eligible applicant must meet all dead- s, requirements, and assurances specified in the application. commissioner may waive any eligibility requirements as speci- in 19 Administrative Code 102.1073.	
Local Plan	mit a cato	eligible district that intends to participate in the EEIP shall sub- a local educator excellence innovation plan to TEA. A local edu- r excellence innovation plan must address the elements at administrative Code 102.1073(e)(2).	
	(LOO	strict must act pursuant to its local board policy [see DEAA CAL)] for submitting a local educator excellence innovation and grant application to TEA. A local decision to approve and	

			plan and grant application may not be appealed to the ioner.
	for t app cal	three lication plan	may renew its local educator excellence innovation plan consecutive school years without resubmitting a full grant on to TEA. With TEA approval, a district may amend its lo- in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 102.1073(c) or each school year the district receives a program grant.
Use of Grant Funds	A district may use grant funds only to carry out purposes of the pr gram as described at Education Code 21.7011, in accordance wit the district's local plan, which may include the following specific methods or procedures:		
	1.	pro tea	lementation and administration of a high-quality mentoring gram for teachers in the first three years of classroom ching using mentors who meet the qualifications pre- bed by Education Code 21.458 [see Mentor Teachers, be- ];
	2.	-	lementation of a teacher evaluation system using multiple asures that include:
		a.	The results of classroom observation, which may include student comments;
		b.	The degree of student educational growth and learning; and
		C.	The results of teacher self-evaluation;
	3.	Sub to p	the extent permitted under Education Code Chapter 25, ochapter C, restructuring of the school day or school year provide for embedded and collaborative learning communi- for the purpose of professional development [see EC];
	4.		ablishment of an alternative teacher compensation or re- tion system; and
	5.	lmp ove	lementation of incentives designed to reduce teacher turn- r.
Waiver Request	exe	mpt t	may apply to the commissioner in writing for a waiver to he district or one or more district campuses from one or the statutory sections listed at Education Code 21.7061(a).
	The	appl	ication for the waiver must demonstrate:
	1.		y waiving the identified section of the Education Code is ressary to carry out the purposes of the program;

	2.	Approval for the waiver by a vote of a majority of the mem- bers of the board;			
	3.	Approval for the waiver by a vote of a majority of the educa- tors employed at each campus for which the waiver is sought; and			
	4.	Evidence that the voting occurred during the school year and in a manner that ensured that all educators entitled to vote had a reasonable opportunity to participate in the voting.			
		her the board nor the superintendent may compel a waiver of as under Education Code 21.7061.			
	Not later than April 1 of the year in which the waiver application is submitted, the commissioner shall notify the district in writing whether the application has been granted or denied. A waiver ex- pires when the waiver is no longer necessary to carry out the pur- poses of the program, in accordance with the district's local educa- tor excellence innovation plan.				
	Edu	cation Code Ch. 21, Subch. O; 19 TAC 102.1073			
Local Optional Teacher Designation System	plar <u>:</u> sults	strict may designate a classroom teacher as a master, exem- y, or recognized teacher for a five-year period based on the re- s from single year or multiyear appraisals [see DNA]. <i>Education</i> <i>e 21.3521(a)</i>			
Rules	impl gibil expa	commissioner's rules specify the requirements for districts to ement local teacher designation systems, including teacher eli- ity, application procedures and the approval process, system ansion and amendments, monitoring and program evaluation, inuing approval and renewal, and funding. <i>19 TAC 150.1012</i>			
Standards		commissioner's rules establish performance and validity dards for each local optional teacher designation system that:			
	1.	Must provide a mathematical possibility that all teachers eligible for a designation may earn the designation; and			
	2.	May not require a district to use an assessment instrument adopted under Education Code 39.023 to evaluate teacher performance.			
	Education Code 21.3521(b); 19 TAC 150.1014				
	sueo may	assroom teacher that holds a National Board Certification is- d by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards be designated as recognized. <i>Education Code 21.3521(c); 19</i> 2 150.1013			

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COMPENSATION PLAN INCENTIVES AND STIF		6		DEAA (LEGAL)
Assistance	TEA shall develop and provide technical assistance for districts that request assistance in implementing a local optional teacher designation system, including assistance in prioritizing high needs campuses. <i>Education Code 21.3521(e)</i>			
No Property Right	sign teac tion doe	ed ui cher c was s not	r has no vested property right in a teacher designander a local optional teacher designation system. A designation is void in the determination that the determination is void in the Administrative Proceduapply to the voiding of a local optional teacher determination Code 21.3521(f)	A signa- ure Act
Teacher Incentive Allotment	tion	, a dis	classroom teacher with a local optional teacher d strict is entitled to an allotment, adjusted by high n factors, as determined under Education Code 48	eeds
	A di	strict	shall annually certify that:	
	1.	Fun	ds received were used as follows:	
		a.	At least 90 percent was used for the compensative teachers employed at the campus at which the t for whom the district received the allotment is enand	eacher
		b.	Any other funds were used for costs associated plementing the local optional teacher designation tem, including efforts to support teachers in obtain designations; and	n sys-
	2.		e district prioritized high needs campuses in the dis	strict in
	Edu	catio	n Code 48.112(c), (i)	
Evaluations	the cent legis desi allot	local tive a slatur gnati	Il periodically conduct evaluations of the effectiven optional teacher designation systems and the tea illotment and report the results of the evaluations to re. A district that has implemented a local optional ion system or received funds under the teacher in t shall participate in the evaluations. <i>Education Co</i> <i>(g)</i>	cher in- to the teacher centive
Mentor Teachers	who or g	has rade	may assign a mentor teacher to each classroom t less than two years of teaching experience in the level to which the teacher is assigned. A teacher a ntor must:	subject
	1.	To t	he extent practicable, teach in the same school;	

	<ol><li>To the extent practicable, teach the same subject or grade level, as applicable; and</li></ol>
	3. Meet the qualifications prescribed by commissioner's rules.
	Education Code 21.458(a)
Rules	The commissioner's rules specify the requirements for districts to implement mentor training programs, including program requirements, application approval process, ongoing verification and compliance, allowable expenditures, and program review. <i>19 TAC 153.1011</i>
Assignment of Mentor	To be assigned as a mentor, a teacher must agree to serve as a mentor teacher for at least one school year. The assignment must begin not later than the 30th day of employment of the classroom teacher to whom the mentor teacher is assigned. A district must agree to assign a mentor to a new classroom teacher for at least two school years. <i>Education Code 21.458(a-1)</i>
Requirements for	The commissioner's rules must require that a mentor teacher:
Mentor	<ol> <li>Complete a research-based mentor and induction training program approved by the commissioner;</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Complete a training program provided by the district, which the district may allow to be satisfied by completing the com- missioner's research-based mentor and induction training pro- gram above;</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Have at least three complete years of teaching experience with a superior record of assisting students, as a whole, in achieving improvement in student performance; and</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Demonstrate interpersonal skills, instructional effectiveness, and leadership skills.</li> </ol>
	Education Code 21.458(b)
Training	A district must provide the training program described above to mentor teachers and any appropriate district and campus employ- ees who work with the classroom teacher or supervise the class- room teacher. A district may allow the commissioner's research- based mentor and induction training program to qualify for the dis- trict's required training. The training must be completed by the mentor teacher and the district and campus employees before the beginning of the school year. A district shall also provide supple- mental training to mentor teachers and employees during the school year. The training must include content related to best men- torship practices. <i>Education Code 21.458(b-1)</i>

Mentoring Sessions	A mentor teacher must meet with each classroom teacher as- signed to the mentor not less than 12 hours each semester. Obser- vations of the mentor by the classroom teacher being mentored or of the classroom teacher being mentored by the mentor may count toward the 12 hours of meeting time required for the semester.				
	Unless the district has created a mentoring curriculum as provided below, the mentoring sessions must address the following topics:				
	1.	Orientation to the context, policies, and practices of the school district;			
	2.	Data-driven instructional practices;			
	3.	Specific instructional coaching cycles, including coaching re- garding conferences between parents and the classroom teacher;			
	4.	Professional development; and			
	5.	Professional expectations.			
	Subject to approval by TEA, in determining the topics to be ad- dressed in the mentoring sessions, a school district may create an appropriate curriculum that meets the district needs.				
	A district must:				
	1.	Designate a specific time during the regularly contracted school day for meetings between mentor teachers and class-room teachers assigned to a mentor; and			
	2.	Schedule release time or a reduced teaching load for mentor teachers and classroom teachers under this section to facili- tate mentoring activities, including classroom observations or participation in supportive coaching.			
	Education Code 21.458(f), (f-1)				
Allotment	A school district that has implemented a mentoring program is tled to an allotment to fund the mentoring program and provid- pends for mentor teachers under a formula adopted by the co missioner.				
	Fun	iding may be used only for providing:			
	1.	Mentor teacher stipends;			
	2.	Scheduled release time for mentor teachers and the class- room teachers to whom they are assigned for meeting and engaging in mentoring activities; and			

	3. Mentoring support through providers of mentor training.				
	Education Code 48.114				
Achievement Academy Stipends	A stipend received by a teacher who attends a literacy or mathe- matics achievement academy is not considered in determining whether a district is paying the teacher the minimum monthly sal- ary under Education Code 21.402. <i>Education Code 21.4552(d)</i> , .4553(d)				
	A stipend received by a school counselor or teacher who attends a postsecondary education and career counseling academy under Education Code 33.009 is not considered in determining whether a district is paying the school counselor or teacher the minimum monthly salary under Education Code 21.402. <i>Education Code 33.009(h)</i>				
Autism Training	A district may provide a salary incentive or similar compensation to a teacher who completes training provided by a regional education service center (ESC) relating to autism. A school district that de- cides to provide an incentive or compensation shall adopt a policy to implement this section. <i>Education Code 21.465</i>				
Retirement Incentives	A district may not offer or provide a financial or other incentive to an employee to encourage the employee to retire from the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. <i>Education Code 22.007</i>				
Attendance Supplement	A district shall not deny an educator a salary bonus or similar com- pensation given in whole or in part on the basis of educator attend- ance because of the educator's absence from school for ob- servance of a religious holy day observed by a religion whose places of worship are exempt from property taxation under Tax Code 11.20. <i>Education Code 21.406</i>				

### COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS LEAVES AND ABSENCES

	Note:	This policy addresses leaves in general. For provisions regarding the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), in- cluding FML for an employee seeking leave because of a relative's military service, see DECA. For provisions addressing leave for an employee's military service, see DECB.	
State Leave State Personal Leave	A district shall provide employees with five days per year of state personal leave, with no limit on accumulation and no restrictions on transfer among districts. A district may provide additional personal leave beyond this minimum.		
	personal l	hay adopt a policy governing an employee's use of state leave, except that the policy may not restrict the purposes the leave may be used.	
	Education	n Code 22.003(a)	
State Sick Leave (Accumulated Prior to 1995)	mum sick	nployees retain any sick leave accumulated as state mini- leave under former Section 13.904(a) of the Education cumulated state sick leave shall be used only for the fol-	
	1. Illnes	ss of the employee.	
	2. Illnes	ss of a member of the employee's immediate family.	
	3. Fam	ily emergency.	
	4. Deat	th in the employee's immediate family.	
	5. Durii	ng military leave [see Use During Military Leave, below].	
	Acts of the	e 74th Legislative Session, Senate Bill 1, Sec. 66	
Former Education Service Center Employees	was forme (ESC), no	shall accept the sick leave accrued by an employee who erly employed by a regional education service center of to exceed five days per year for each year of employ- ucation Code 8.007	
Order of Use	leave may	policy governing an employee's use of state personal y not restrict the order in which an employee may use sonal leave and any additional personal leave provided by I district.	
	state sick any order	yee who retains any state sick leave is entitled to use the leave, state personal leave, or local personal leave in to the extent that the leave the employee uses is appro- he purpose of the leave.	
	Education	n Code 22.003(a), (f)	

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COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS LEAVES AND ABSENCES (LEC			
Use During Military Leave	An employee with available personal leave is entitled to use the leave for compensation during a term of active military service. "Personal leave" includes personal or sick leave available under former law or provided by local policy. <i>Education Code 22.003(d), (e)</i> [See DECB]		
Temporary Disability	Each full-time educator shall be given a leave of absence for porary disability at any time the educator's condition interfer the performance of regular duties. The contract or employm the educator may not be terminated while the educator is or leave of absence for temporary disability. For purposes of te rary disability leave, pregnancy is considered a temporary di ity.	res with lent of n a empo-	
At Employee's Request	A request for a leave of absence for temporary disability mumade to a superintendent. The request must:	ist be	
	<ol> <li>Be accompanied by a physician's statement confirming ity to work;</li> </ol>	g inabil-	
	2. State the date requested by the educator for the leave begin; and	to	
	3. State the probable date of return as certified by the ph	ysician.	
By Board Authority	A board may adopt a policy providing for placing an educator on leave of absence for temporary disability if, in the board's judgment in consultation with a physician who has performed a thorough medical examination of the educator, the educator's condition inter- feres with the performance of regular duties. The educator shall have the right to present to the board testimony or other infor- mation relevant to the educator's fitness to continue in the perfor- mance of regular duties. [See DBB]		
Return to Active Duty <i>Notice</i>	The educator shall notify the superintendent of a desire to return to active duty no later than the 30th day before the expected date of return. The notice must be accompanied by a physician's statement indicating the educator's physical fitness for the resumption of regular duties.		
Placement	An educator returning to active duty after a leave of absence temporary disability is entitled to an assignment at the schoo where the educator formerly taught, subject to the availability appropriate teaching position. In any event, the educator shi placed on active duty no later than the beginning of the next year. A principal at another campus voluntarily may approve appointment of an employee who wishes to return from leave absence. However, if no other principal approves the assign by the beginning of the next school year, a district must place	ol ty of an all be t school e the ve of nment	

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COMPENSATION AND BENEFITSDELEAVES AND ABSENCES(LEGAL		
	employee at the school at which the employee formerly taught or was assigned.	
Length of Absence	A superintendent shall grant the length of leave of absence for tem- porary disability as required by the individual educator. A board may establish a maximum length for a leave of absence for tempo- rary disability, but the maximum length may not be less than 180 calendar days.	
	Education Code 21.409; Atty. Gen. Op. DM-177 (1992); Atty. Gen. Op. H-352 (1974)	
Sick Leave Different from Temporary Disability Leave	An employee's entitlement to sick leave is unaffected by any con- current eligibility for a leave of absence for temporary disability. The two types of leave are different, and each must be granted by its own terms. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. H-352 (1974)</i>	
Assault Leave	In addition to all other days of leave, a district employee who is physically assaulted during the performance of regular duties is en- titled to the number of days of leave necessary to recuperate from physical injuries sustained as a result of the assault. The leave shall be paid as set forth below at Coordination with Workers' Com- pensation Benefits.	
	A district employee is physically assaulted if the person engaging in the conduct causing injury to the employee:	
	1. Could be prosecuted for assault; or	
	<ol> <li>Could not be prosecuted for assault only because the per- son's age or mental capacity makes the person a nonrespon- sible person for purposes of criminal liability.</li> </ol>	
Notice of Rights	Any informational handbook a district provides to employees in an electronic or paper form or makes available by posting on the district's website must include notification of an employee's rights regarding assault leave, in the relevant section of the handbook. Any form used by a district through which an employee may request personal leave must include assault leave as an option.	
Assignment to Assault Leave	At the request of an employee, a district must immediately assign the employee to assault leave. Days of assault leave may not be deducted from accrued personal leave. Assault leave may not ex- tend more than two years beyond the date of the assault. Following an investigation of the claim, a district may change the assault leave status and charge the leave against the employee's accrued personal leave or against the employee's pay if insufficient accrued personal leave is available.	

Denton ISD 061901 COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS DEC LEAVES AND ABSENCES (LEGAL) Coordination with Notwithstanding any other law, assault leave benefits due to an Workers' employee shall be coordinated with temporary income benefits due Compensation from workers' compensation so the employee's total compensation **Benefits** from temporary income benefits and assault leave benefits will equal 100 percent of the employee's weekly rate of pay. Education Code 22.003(b)–(c-1) Religious A district shall reasonably accommodate an employee's request to Observances be absent from duty in order to participate in religious observances and practices, so long as it does not cause undue hardship on the conduct of district business. Such absence shall be without pay unless applicable paid leave is available. 42 U.S.C. 2000e(i). 2000e-2(a); Ansonia Bd. of Educ. v. Philbrook, 479 U.S. 60, (1986); Pinsker v. Joint Dist. No. 28J of Adams and Arapahoe Counties, 735 F.2d 388 (10th Cir. 1984) Compliance with a An employer may not discharge, discipline, or penalize in any man-Subpoena ner an employee because the employee complies with a valid subpoena to appear in a civil, criminal, legislative, or administrative proceeding. Labor Code 52.051(a) Note: A Texas federal court held that by omitting any reference to governmental entities from Labor Code 52.051, the state legislature intended to exclude governmental entities from the definition of "employer" contained within that section. Therefore, the statute did not waive a county's governmental immunity from liability for claims of retaliatory discharge of an employee for complying with a subpoena. Alcala v. Texas Webb County, 620 F. Supp. 2d 795 (S.D. Tex. 2009) **Jury Duty** An employee's accumulated personal leave may not be reduced because of the employee's service in compliance with a summons to appear as a juror [see DG]. Education Code 22.006(c) Attendance at A district may not terminate the employment of a permanent em-**Truancy Hearing** ployee because the employee is required under Family Code 65.062(b) to attend a truancy court hearing. Family Code 65.063 **Developmental** A board may grant a developmental leave of absence for study, re-Leaves of Absence search, travel, or other suitable purpose to an employee working in a position requiring a permanent teaching certificate who has served in a district at least five consecutive school years. A developmental leave of absence may be granted for one school year at one-half salary or for one-half of a school year at full salary

paid to the employee in the same manner, on the same schedule,

# COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS LEAVES AND ABSENCES

	and v duty.	with	the same deductions as if the employee were on full-time
	ber o emple holdir	of the oyee ng n	eyee on developmental leave shall continue to be a mem- e Teacher Retirement System of Texas and shall be an e of a district for purposes of participating in programs, nemberships, and receiving benefits afforded by employ- district.
	Educ	atio	n Code 21.452
Leave for Sick Foster Child			oyer commits an unlawful employment practice under La- , Chapter 21 if:
		ploy	employer administers a leave policy under which an em- ee is entitled to personal leave to care for or otherwise st the employee's sick child; and
		ploy	leave policy does not treat in the same manner as an em- ee's biological or adopted minor child any foster child of employee who:
		a.	Resides in the same household as the employee; and
		b.	Is under the conservatorship of the Texas Department of Family and Protective Services.
	Labo	r Co	de 21.0595
Leave for Peace Officers Quarantine Leave	icy fo to qua	or pe arar	shall develop and implement a paid quarantine leave pol- ace officers who are employed by the district and ordered atine or isolate due to a possible or known exposure to a cable disease while on duty.
	A pai	d qu	arantine leave policy must:
	1.	Prov	vide that a peace officer on paid quarantine leave receive:
		a.	All employment benefits and compensation, including leave accrual, pension benefits, and health benefit plan benefits for the duration of the leave; and
		b.	Reimbursement for reasonable costs related to the quar- antine, including lodging, medical, and transportation; and
			uire that the leave be ordered by the person's supervisor ne district's health authority.
			may not reduce a peace officer's sick leave balance, va- ave balance, holiday leave balance, or other paid leave

## COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS LEAVES AND ABSENCES

	balance in connection with paid quarantine leave taken in accord- ance with the district's policy.			
	Local Gov't Code 180.008			
Mental Health Leave	A district shall develop and adopt a policy allowing the use of men- tal health leave by peace officers employed by the district who ex- perience a traumatic event in the scope of that employment.			
	The mental health leave policy must:			
	<ol> <li>Provide clear and objective guidelines establishing the cir- cumstances under which a peace officer is granted mental health leave and may use mental health leave;</li> </ol>			
	2. Entitle a peace officer to mental health leave without a deduc- tion in salary or other compensation;			
	3. Enumerate the number of mental health leave days available to a peace officer; and			
	4. Detail the level of anonymity for a peace officer who takes mental health leave.			
	The mental health leave policy may provide a list of mental health services available to peace officers in the area of the district.			
	Gov't Code 614.015			
Absence Control	Uniform enforcement of a reasonable absence-control rule is not retaliatory discharge. For example, a district that terminates an employee for violating a reasonable absence-control provision cannot be liable for retaliatory discharge as long as the rule is uniformly enforced. <u>Howell v. Standard Motor Prods., Inc.</u> , 2001 U.S. Dist LEXIS 12332 (N. D. Tex. 2001) (Family and Medical Leave Act case); <u>Specialty Retailers v. DeMoranville</u> , 933 S.W.2d 490 (Tex. 1996) (age discrimination case); <u>Continental Coffee Products Co.</u> <u>v. Cazarez</u> , 937 S.W.2d 444 (Tex. 1996) (workers' compensation claim); <u>Gonzalez v. El Paso Natural Gas Co.</u> , 40 F.E.P. Cases (BNA) 353 (Tex. App.—El Paso 1986, no pet.) (sex discrimination case)			

[Some employees may have protected status even after the expiration of all other leave. See DAA.]

LEAVES AND ABSENCES MILITARY LEAVE

	Note:	This policy addresses leave for an employee's military service. For provisions on leaves in general, see DEC. For provisions regarding the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), including FML for an employee seeking leave because of a relative's military service, see DECA.			
Federal Military Reemployment	son of v shall be the Unif	Any person who is absent from a position of employment by rea- son of voluntary or involuntary service in the uniformed services shall be entitled to certain reemployment rights and benefits under the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 (USERRA) if:			
	in v or v pre	e person (or an appropriate officer of the uniformed service which such service is performed) has given advance written verbal notice of such service to a district (unless notice is ecluded by military necessity or is otherwise unreasonable impossible);			
	sei	e cumulative length of the absence and of all previous ab- nces from a position of employment with the district does t exceed five years; and			
	me	e person reports to or submits an application for reemploy- ent to the district and complies with the appropriate proce- ral requirements that apply under the circumstances.			
	the Arm Guard w ing, or fu the Pub	boses of federal military leave, "uniformed services" means ed Forces; the Army National Guard and the Air National when engaged in active duty for training, inactive duty train- ull-time National Guard duty; the commissioned corps of lic Health Services; and any other category of persons des- by the President in time of war or emergency.			
	A person who is reemployed under USERRA is entitled to the sen- iority, and other rights and benefits determined by seniority, that the person had on the date of the commencement of uniformed ser- vice, plus the additional seniority, rights, and benefits that such per- son would have attained if the person had remained continuously employed.				
Exception	A distric	t is not required to reemploy a person if:			
		e district's circumstances have so changed as to make employment impossible or unreasonable;			
		e reemployment of such person would impose an undue rdship on the district; or			

LEAVES AND ABSENCES MILITARY LEAVE

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	3. The employment from which the person leaves to serve in the uniformed services is for a brief, nonrecurrent period and there is no reasonable expectation that such employment will continue indefinitely or for a significant period.		
	38 U.S.C. 4301, et. seq.		
State Leave for Member of Military or Rescue Team Leave of Absence	An employee of a district who is a member of the state military forces, a reserve component of the United States Armed Forces, or a member of a state or federally authorized Urban Search and Rescue team shall be granted a paid leave of absence from the employee's duties without loss of time, efficiency rating, vacation time, personal time, sick leave, or salary on all days during which the employee is engaged in authorized training or duty ordered or authorized by proper authority. Such leave shall not exceed 15 workdays in a fiscal year.		
	On employment, a district shall provide written notice of the num- ber of workdays of paid leave to which an employee is entitled each fiscal year under Government Code 437.202(a).		
	On request, a district shall provide to an employee a statement that contains the number of workdays for which the employee claimed paid leave under Government Code 437.202(a) in that fiscal year.		
	An employee of a district with at least five full-time employees who is a member of the Texas military forces, a reserve component of the armed forces, or a member of a state or federally authorized urban search and rescue team and who is ordered to duty by proper authority is entitled, when relieved from duty, to be restored to the position that the employee held when ordered to duty.		
	Gov't Code 437.202(a), (d), (e)–(f)		
Disaster Leave of Absence	In addition to the leave of absence above, an employee described above called to state active duty by the governor or another appropriate authority in response to a disaster, as defined by Government Code 418.004, is entitled to a paid leave of absence from the person's duties for each day the person is called to active duty during the disaster, not to exceed seven workdays in a fiscal year. During a leave of absence for a disaster, the person may not be subjected to loss of time, efficiency rating, personal time, sick leave, or vacation time. <i>Gov't Code 437.202(a-1)</i>		
Called to Duty	A service member of the Texas military forces who is ordered to state active duty or training and other duty by the governor or other proper authority under state law is entitled to the same benefits and protections provided to persons performing service in the uniformed services under 38 U.S.C. 4301–4313 and 4316–4319 (USERRA) and to persons in the military service of the United		
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#### LEAVES AND ABSENCES MILITARY LEAVE

States under 50 U.S.C. 3901-3959, 3991, and 4011-4026. *Gov't Code* 437.213

Reemployment After Authorized Training or Duty A district may not terminate the employment of an employee who is a member of the military forces of this state or any other state because the employee is ordered to authorized training or duty by a proper authority. The employee is entitled to return to the same employment held when ordered to training or duty and may not be subjected to loss of time, efficiency rating, vacation time, or any benefit of employment during or because of the absence. The employee, as soon as practicable after release from duty, must give written or actual notice of intent to return to employment. *Gov't Code 437.204* 

After Active Military Service Any employee, other than a temporary employee, who leaves a position with a district to enter active military service is entitled to be reemployed by the district in the same position held at the time of the induction, enlistment, or order, or to a position of similar seniority, status, and pay. To be entitled to reemployment, the employee must be discharged, separated, or released from active military service under honorable conditions not later than the fifth anniversary after the date of induction, enlistment, or call to active military service and must be physically and mentally qualified to perform the duties of the position. *Gov't Code 613.001(3), .002* 

> An employee who cannot perform the duties of the position because of a disability sustained during military service is entitled to reemployment in a district in a position that the employee can perform and that has like seniority, status, and pay as the former position, or the nearest possible seniority, status, and pay. *Gov't Code 613.003*

To be reemployed, a veteran of the military must apply for reemployment not later than the 90th day after the date the veteran is discharged or released from active military service. Application must be made in writing to the superintendent and have attached to it evidence of the veteran's discharge, separation, or release from military service under honorable conditions. *Gov't Code 613.004* 

A person reemployed after active military service shall not be discharged without cause before the first anniversary of the date of the reemployment. *Gov't Code 613.005* 

"Military service" means service as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States, a reserve component of the Armed Forces of the United States, the Texas National Guard, or the Texas State Guard. *Gov't Code 613.001(2)* 

LEAVES AND ABSENCES MILITARY LEAVE DECB (LEGAL)

Use of Personal Leave	An employee with available personal leave is entitled to use the leave for compensation during a term of active military service. This provision applies to any personal or sick leave available under former law or provided by local policy.
	A district may adopt a policy providing for paid leave for active mili- tary service as part of the consideration of employment.

Education Code 22.003(d), (e)

Resignation without Consent (Unilateral Resignation)	An educator employed under a probationary contract for the follow- ing school year, or under a term or continuing contract, may relin- quish the position and leave district employment at the end of the school year without penalty by filing a written resignation with a board or a board's designee not later than the 45th day before the first day of instruction of the following school year.			
	A written resignation mailed by prepaid certified or registered mail to a board president or a board's designee at the post office ad- dress of the district is considered filed at the time of mailing.			
	Education Code 21.105(a), .160(a), .210(a)			
	An unequivocal resignation filed not later than the 45th day before the first day of instruction of the following school year is effective upon filing with a district and the district cannot reject such a resig- nation. The resignation cannot be withdrawn by the teacher based on an argument that the district has not accepted the resignation. <u>Fantroy v. Dallas Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision. No. 034-R8-0206 (Mar. 5, 2009); <u>Garcia v. Miles Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision No. 055-RI-503 (Nov. 30, 2006).			
Resignation with Consent	The educator may resign, with the consent of the board or the board's designee, at any other time. <i>Education Code 21.105(b), .160(b), .210(b)</i>			
Sanctions for Abandonment of Contract	On written complaint by a district, the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) may impose sanctions against an educator who is employed under a probationary contract, or under a continu- ing or term contract, for the following school year, and who:			
	1. Resigns;			
	2. Fails without good cause to comply with the resignation dead- line or the provision regarding resignation by consent; and			
	line or the provision regarding resignation by consent; and			
	<ol> <li>line or the provision regarding resignation by consent; and</li> <li>Fails without good cause to perform the contract.</li> </ol>			
Notice to Teacher	<ul> <li>line or the provision regarding resignation by consent; and</li> <li>3. Fails without good cause to perform the contract.</li> <li><i>Education Code 21.105(c), .160(c), .210(c)</i></li> <li>Acceptance or approval of a resignation indicates consent to abandonment of contract. <i>Quitman Indep. Sch. Dist. v. Wilkerson, Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision No. 142-TTC-698 (Dec. 2, 1999); <u>Houston Indep. Sch. Dist. v. Johnson, Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision</u></i></li> </ul>			

	2.	Infor and	mation regarding how the teacher may contact SBEC;	
	3.		minder that the teacher should verify that the teacher's ing address on file with SBEC is current.	
SBEC Actions	Before imposing sanctions against a teacher for abandonment contract, SBEC:			
	1.		t consider any mitigating factors relevant to the teacher's duct; and	
	2.	•	consider alternatives to sanctions, including additional inuing education or training.	
	later Iowir	than ng sc	er files a written resignation after the 45th day but not the 30th day before the first day of instruction of the fol- hool year, SBEC may not suspend or revoke the certificate.	
	Edu	catior	n Code 21.105(d)–(f), .160(d)–(f), .210(d)–(f)	
	SBEC shall not pursue sanctions against an educator who is al- leged to have abandoned his or her contract unless a board:			
	1.	effect from writt ratio perm	mits a written complaint within 30 calendar days after the ctive date of the educator's separation from employment a the district. Unless the district and the educator have a en agreement to the contrary, the effective date of sepa- on from employment is the first day that, without district nission, the educator fails to appear for work under the ract.	
	2.	tion (con findi	ders a finding that good cause did not exist under Educa- Code 21.105(c)(2) (probationary contract), 21.160(c)(2) tinuing contract), or 21.210(c)(2) (term contract). This ng constitutes prima facie evidence of the educator's lack bod cause but is not a conclusive determination.	
	3.		mits the following required attachments to the written plaint:	
		a.	The educator's resignation letter, if any;	
		b.	The agreement with the educator regarding the effective date of separation from employment, if any;	
		C.	The educator's contract; and	
		d.	Board meeting minutes indicating a finding of "no good cause." If the board does not meet within 30 calendar days of the educator's separation from employment, the	

	minutes may be submitted within ten calendar days after the next board meeting.	۶r
	19 TAC 249.14(j)	
Good Cause	SBEC may consider the following factors when an educator is reported to have abandoned a contract in violation of Education Code 21.105(c), 21.160(c), or 21.210(c):	
	<ol> <li>Serious illness or health condition of the educator or close family member of the educator;</li> </ol>	
	2. Relocation to a new city as a result of change in employer of the educator's spouse or partner who resides with the educa tor; or	
	3. Significant change in the educator's family needs that require the educator to relocate or to devote more time than allowed by current employment.	
Mitigating Factors	SBEC may consider the following factors when seeking, proposing or making a decision regarding an educator who has abandoned a contract in violation of Education Code 21.105(c), 21.160(c), or 21.210(c):	
	<ol> <li>Educator gave written notice to school district 30 days or more in advance of the first day of instruction for which the educator will not be present;</li> </ol>	
	2. Educator assisted school district in finding a replacement educator to fill the position;	J-
	3. Educator continued to work until the school district hired a re placement educator;	-
	4. Educator assisted in training the replacement educator;	
	5. Educator showed good faith in communications and negotia- tions with school district; or	
	6. Educator provided lesson plans for classes following educa- tor's resignation.	
	19 TAC 249.17(d)	
Required Report to SBEC	A superintendent shall report the educator's resignation to SBEC i the conditions set forth at Education Code 21.006 exist. [See DHE Education Code 21.006	
Investigation	A superintendent of a district, including a district of innovation, sha complete an investigation of an educator that involves evidence	all

	that the educator may have abused or otherwise committed an un- lawful act, was involved in a romantic relationship with, or solicited or engaged in sexual contact with a student or minor, despite the educator's resignation from employment before completion of the investigation. <i>Education Code 21.006(b-1); 19 TAC 249.14(d)(3)(C)</i>
Report by Principal	A person who serves as a principal in a district, including a district of innovation, must notify the superintendent, and may be subject to sanctions for failure to do so, not later than the seventh business day after the date of an educator's resignation following an alleged incident of misconduct described by Education Code 21.006(b) [see DP]. <i>Education Code 21.006(b-2); 19 TAC 249.14(e)</i>

General Requirements	All resignations shall be submitted in writing to the Superintendent or other person designated by Board action in accordance with this policy. The employee shall give reasonable notice and shall include in the letter a statement of the reasons for resigning. A prepaid cer- tified or registered letter of resignation shall be considered submit- ted upon mailing.
At-Will Employees	The Superintendent shall be authorized to accept the resignation of an at-will employee at any time. The Superintendent may delegate to other administrators the authority to accept a resignation of an at-will employee.
Contract Employees	The Superintendent or other person designated by Board action shall be authorized to receive a contract employee's resignation ef- fective at the end of the school year or submitted after the last day of the school year and before the penalty-free resignation date. If an employee provides a resignation to a supervisor who has not been designated by the Board to accept resignations, the supervi- sor shall instruct the employee to submit the resignation to the Su- perintendent or other person designated by Board action. The res- ignation requires no further action by the District and is accepted upon receipt by the Superintendent or other person designated by Board action.
	The Superintendent or other person designated by Board action shall be authorized to accept a contract employee's resignation submitted or effective at any other time. If an employee provides a resignation to a supervisor who has not been designated by the Board to accept resignations, the supervisor shall instruct the em- ployee to submit the resignation to the Superintendent or other per- son designated by Board action. The Superintendent or other per- son designated by Board action shall either accept the resignation or submit the matter to the Board in order to pursue sanctions al- lowed by law.
Withdrawal of Resignation	Once submitted and accepted, the resignation of a contract em- ployee may not be withdrawn without consent of the Board.

Employee Free Speech	District employees do not shed their constitutional rights to free- dom of speech or expression at the schoolhouse gate.
	However, neither an employee nor anyone else has an absolute constitutional right to use all parts of a school building or its imme- diate environs for unlimited expressive purposes. When a public employee makes statements pursuant to his or her official duties, the employee is not speaking as a citizen for First Amendment pur- poses, and the Constitution does not insulate the communications from employer discipline.
	<u>Garcetti v. Ceballos</u> , 547 U.S. 410 (2006); <u>Tinker v. Des Moines In-</u> <u>dep. Cmty. Sch. Dist.</u> , 393 U.S. 503 (1969) [See also GKD]
Whistleblower Protection	A board or its agents shall not suspend or terminate the employ- ment of, or take other adverse personnel action against, an em- ployee who in good faith reports a violation of law by a district or another public employee to an appropriate law enforcement au- thority.
	A "report" is made to an "appropriate law enforcement authority" if the authority is a part of a state or local governmental entity or the federal government that the employee in good faith believes is au- thorized to:
	<ol> <li>Regulate under or enforce the law alleged to be violated in the report; or</li> </ol>
	2. Investigate or prosecute a violation of criminal law.
	Gov't Code 554.002
	A supervisor who suspends or terminates the employment of or takes an adverse personnel action against an employee for reporting a violation of law shall be subject to civil penalties. <i>Gov't Code 554.008</i>
Definitions	"Employee" means an employee or appointed officer who is paid to perform services for a district. It does not include independent con- tractors. <i>Gov't Code 554.001(4)</i>
	"Law" means a state or federal statute, an ordinance of a local gov- ernmental entity, or a rule adopted under a statute or ordinance. <i>Gov't Code</i> 554.001(1)
	A "good faith" belief that a violation of the law occurred means that:
	1. The employee believed that the conduct reported was a viola- tion of law; and

	2.	The employee's belief was reasonable in light of the em- ployee's training and experience.		
	<u>Wic</u>	<u>Wichita County v. Hart</u> , 917 S.W.2d 779 (Tex. 1996)		
	-	A "good faith" belief that a law enforcement authority is an appro- priate one means:		
	1.	The employee believed the governmental entity was author- ized to:		
		a. Regulate under or enforce the law alleged to be violated in the report, or		
		b. Investigate or prosecute a violation of criminal law; and		
	2.	The employee's belief was reasonable in light of the em- ployee's training and experience.		
	<u>Tex</u>	<u>. Dep't of Transp. v. Needham</u> , 82 S.W.3d 314 (Tex. 2002)		
Whistleblower Complaints	may and	employee who alleges a violation of whistleblower protection y sue a district for injunctive relief, actual damages, court costs, attorney's fees, as well as other relief specified in Government de 554.003. <i>Gov't Code 554.003</i>		
Initiate Grievance	grie	ore suing, an employee must initiate action under a district's evance policy or other applicable policies concerning suspen- n or termination of employment or adverse personnel action.		
	late sior	e employee must invoke a district's grievance procedure not r than the 90th day after the date on which the alleged suspen- n, termination, or other adverse employment action occurred or a discovered by the employee through reasonable diligence.		
Legal Action		board does not render a final decision before the 61st day after vance procedures are initiated, the employee may elect to:		
	1.	Exhaust a district's grievance procedures, in which case the employee must sue not later than the 30th day after the date those procedures are exhausted to obtain relief under Gov- ernment Code Chapter 554; or		
	2.	Terminate district grievance procedures and sue within the timelines established by Government Code 554.005 and 554.006.		
		r't Code 554.005, 554.006 [See DGBA regarding grievance pro- ures]		

Burden of Proof	proo tion of la son	of unle occu aw, in nel ac	ployee brings a lawsuit, the employee has the burden of ess the suspension, termination, or adverse personnel ac- rred within 90 days after the employee reported a violation which case the suspension, termination, or adverse per- ction is presumed, subject to rebuttal, to be because the e made the report.
Affirmative Defense	wou bas den	ild ha is of t ce tha	firmative defense to a whistleblower suit that the district ve taken the action against the employee that forms the he suit based solely on information, observation, or evi- at is not related to the fact that the employee made a re- ected under the whistleblower law.
	Goı	/t Co	de 554.004
Notice of Rights	blov wor	ver pr kplac	shall inform its employees of their rights regarding whistle- rotection by posting a sign in a prominent location in the e. The design and content of the sign shall be as pre- by the attorney general. <i>Gov't Code 554.009</i>
Right to Report a Crime	any may repo witn	peac / not a orting lesse	employee may report a crime witnessed at the school to be officer with authority to investigate the crime. A district adopt a policy requiring a school employee to refrain from a crime witnessed at the school or to report a crime d at the school only to certain persons or peace officers. In Code 37.148
Protection for Reporting Child Abuse	crim	ninate	may not suspend or terminate the employment of, dis- against, or take other adverse employment action against ional employee who in good faith:
	1.	Rep	oorts child abuse or neglect to:
		a.	The person's supervisor,
		b.	An administrator of the facility where the person is employed,
		C.	A state regulatory agency, or
		d.	A law enforcement agency; or
	2.	a go	ates or cooperates with an investigation or proceeding by overnmental entity relating to an allegation of child abuse eglect.
	ploy perf wou	vee 's forma ild dis	employment action" means an action that affects an em- compensation, promotion, transfer, work assignment, or nce evaluation, or any other employment action that suade a reasonable employee from making or supporting of abuse or neglect under Family Code 261.101.

	A person may sue for injunctive relief, damages, or both if the per- son is suspended or terminated from the person's employment; is discriminated against; or suffers any other adverse employment ac- tion. A district employee who has a cause of action under the provisions at Whistleblower Protection, above, may not bring an action under Protection for Reporting Child Abuse.
	Family Code 261.110(a)–(c), (l)
Protection from Disciplinary Proceedings	For purposes of the following provisions, "disciplinary proceeding" means discharge or suspension of a professional employee, or termination or nonrenewal of a professional employee's term contract. [See DGC regarding immunity] <i>Education Code 22.0512(b)</i>
Reporting Child Abuse or Maltreatment	A district employee may not be subject to any disciplinary proceed- ing resulting from an action taken in compliance with Education Code 38.0041 [prevention of child abuse and other maltreatment, see FFG]. <i>Education Code 38.0041(g)</i>
Use of Physical Force	A professional employee may not be subject to disciplinary pro- ceedings for the employee's use of physical force against a student to the extent justified under Penal Code 9.62. This provision does not prohibit a district from enforcing a policy relating to corporal punishment or bringing a disciplinary proceeding against a profes- sional employee of the district who violates the district policy relat- ing to corporal punishment. <i>Education Code 22.0512(a); Tex. Att'y</i> <i>Gen. Op. GA-0202 (2004)</i>
	Penal Code 9.62 provides that the use of force, other than deadly force, against a person is justified:
	1. If the actor is entrusted with the care, supervision, or admin- istration of the person for a special purpose; and
	<ol> <li>When and to the degree the actor reasonably believes the force is necessary to further the special purpose or to main- tain discipline in a group.</li> </ol>
	Penal Code 9.62
Failure to Follow Scope and Sequence	A district may not penalize a teacher who does not follow a recom- mended or designated scope and sequence for a subject in the re- quired curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a) in a particular grade level based on the teacher's determination that the teacher's students need more or less time in a specific area to demonstrate proficiency in the essential knowledge and skills for that subject and grade level [see EHAA].

	A district may take appropriate action with respect to a teacher for conduct described above based on documented evidence of a defi- ciency in classroom instruction obtained through observation or substantiated and documented third-party information.		
	Education	n Code 28.0027(b), (c)	
Instructional Materials and Technological Equipment	for instrue aged, sto	may not require an employee who acts in good faith to pay ctional materials or technological equipment that is dam- len, misplaced, or not returned. An employee may not s provision by contract or any other means.	
Exception	whereby tronic ins school pr eration fo	may enter into a written agreement with an employee the employee assumes financial responsibility for elec- tructional material or technological equipment usage off operty or outside of a school-sponsored event in consid- or the ability of the employee to use the electronic instruc- terial or technological equipment for personal business.	
	tract of en ployee of employee ployee m	en agreement shall be separate from the employee's con- mployment, if applicable, and shall clearly inform the em- the amount of the financial responsibility and advise the to consider obtaining appropriate insurance. An em- ay not be required to enter into such an agreement as a of employment.	
	Educatio	n Code 31.104(e); 19 TAC 66.107(c)	
Controversial Topics in Social Studies Courses	may not l widely de	social studies course in the required curriculum, a teacher be compelled to discuss a particular current event or ebated and currently controversial issue of public policy or airs. <i>Education Code 28.002(h-3)</i>	
	Note:	For requirements for any social studies course in the re- quired curriculum, including requirements for student dis- cussion, see EMB.	
Jury Duty	coerce and a juror or uled atten United St discharge employm grand jur lease from	may not discharge, threaten to discharge, intimidate, or ny permanent employee because the employee serves as grand juror, or for the employee's attendance or sched- ndance in connection with the service, in any court in the tates. An employee who is discharged, threatened with e, intimidated, or coerced is entitled to return to the same ent that the employee held when summoned for jury or y service if the employee, as soon as practical after re- m jury or grand jury service, gives the employer actual no- the employee intends to return. <i>Civ. Prac. and Rem. Code</i>	

	A district may not discharge, discipline, reduce the salary of, or oth- erwise penalize or discriminate against a school district employee because of the employee's compliance with a summons to appear as a juror. For each regularly scheduled workday on which a nonsalaried employee serves in any phase of jury service, a school district shall pay the employee the employee's normal daily com- pensation [see DEC]. <i>Education Code 22.006(a), (b)</i>
Breaks for Nursing Mothers— Nonexempt Employees	A district shall provide a nonexempt employee a reasonable break to express breast milk, each time the employee needs to express breast milk for her nursing child, for one year after the child's birth. The district shall provide a place, other than a bathroom, that is shielded from view and free from intrusion from coworkers and the public, which may be used by an employee to express breast milk.
	A district is not required to compensate the employee receiving reasonable break time for any work time spent for such purpose.
	A district that employs fewer than 50 employees is not subject to these requirements if the requirements would impose an undue hardship by causing the district significant difficulty or expense when considered in relation to the size, financial resources, nature, or structure of the district.
	29 U.S.C. 207(r)
Right to Express Breast Milk	A district employee is entitled to express breast milk at the employ- ee's workplace. <i>Gov't Code 619.002</i>
	The district shall develop a written policy on the expression of breast milk by employees under Government Code Chapter 619. The policy must state that the district shall support the practice of expressing breast milk and make reasonable accommodations for the needs of employees who express breast milk.
	A district shall provide a reasonable amount of break time for an employee to express breast milk each time the employee has need to express the milk. The district shall provide a place, other than a multiple user bathroom, that is shielded from view and free from in- trusion from other employees and the public where the employee can express breast milk.
	A district may not suspend or terminate the employment of, or oth- erwise discriminate against, an employee because the employee has asserted the employee's rights under Government Code Chap- ter 619. Government Code Chapter 619 does not create a private or state cause of action against a district.
	Gov't Code Ch. 619

Charitable Contributions	A board or a district employee may not directly or indirectly require or coerce any district employee to:			
	1.	Make a contribution to a charitable organization or in re- sponse to a fund-raiser; or		
	2.	Attend a meeting called for the purpose of soliciting charitable contributions.		
	A board or district employee may not directly or indirectly require or coerce any district employee to refrain from the same acts.			
	Edu	cation Code 22.011		
Protection of Nurses	disc	A district may not suspend, terminate, or otherwise discipline or discriminate against a nurse who refuses to engage in an act or omission relating to patient care that:		
	1.	Would constitute grounds for reporting the nurse to the Board of Nurse Examiners under Occupations Code Chapter 301, Subchapter I;		
	2.	Constitutes a minor incident, as defined at Occupations Code 301.419; or		
	3.	Would violate Occupations Code Chapter 301 or a rule of the Board of Nurse Examiners, if the nurse notifies the district at the time of the refusal that this is the reason for refusing to engage in the act or omission.		
	0	$\alpha$		

Occupations Code 301.352(a)

# EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES IMMUNITY

Immunity from Individual Liability	The statutory immunity detailed below is in addition to and does not preempt the common law doctrine of official and governmental immunity. <i>Education Code 22.051(b)</i>		
Professional Employees	A professional employee of a district is not personally liable for any act that is incident to or within the scope of the duties of the em- ployee's position of employment and that involves the exercise of judgment or discretion, except in circumstances where, in disciplin- ing a student, the employee uses excessive force or his or her neg- ligence results in bodily injury to the student.		
	"Professional employee of a district" includes a superintendent; principal; teacher, including a substitute teacher or a teacher em- ployed by a company that contracts with a district to provide the teacher's services to the district; a supervisor; social worker; school counselor; nurse; teacher's aide; a student in an education preparation program participating in a field experience or intern- ship; a DPS-certified school bus driver, and any other person whose employment requires certification and the exercise of dis- cretion.		
Motor Vehicle Exception	Education Code 22.0511 does not apply to the operation, use, or maintenance of any motor vehicle.		
	Education Code 22.0511(a)–(b), .051; <u>Hopkins v. Spring Indep.</u> <u>Sch. Dist.</u> , 736 S.W.2d 617 (Tex. 1987); <u>Barr v. Bernhard</u> , 562 S.W.2d 844 (Tex. 1978)		
Individuals	In addition to the immunity described above [at Professional Em- ployees], and under other provisions of state law, an individual is entitled to any immunity and any other protections afforded under the Paul D. Coverdell Teacher Protection Act of 2001 (Coverdell Act). [See Teachers, below] Nothing in Education Code 22.0511(c) shall be construed to limit or abridge any immunity or protection af- forded an individual under state law. <i>Education Code 22.0511(c)</i>		
No Waiver	A district may not, by policy, contract, or administrative directive:		
	1. Require an employee to waive the employee's immunity from liability under Education Code 22.0511; or		
	2. Require an employee who acts in good faith to pay for or re- place property belonging to a student or other person that the employee possessed because of an act incident to or within the scope of employment. [See DG(LEGAL) at Instructional Materials and Technological Equipment]		

Education Code 22.0511(d)

# EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES IMMUNITY

Teachers (Coverdell Act)	Except as provided in 20 U.S.C. Section 7946(b), no teacher in a school shall be liable for harm caused by an act or omission of the teacher on behalf of the school if:			
	1.		teacher was acting within the scope of the teacher's em- ment or responsibilities to a school or governmental en-	
	2.	fede in fui penc	actions of the teacher were carried out in conformity with ral, state, and local laws (including rules and regulations) rtherance of efforts to control, discipline, expel, or sus- d a student or maintain order or control in the classroom chool;	
	3.	certii activ occu	propriate or required, the teacher was properly licensed, fied, or authorized by the appropriate authorities for the rities or practice involved in the state in which the harm nrred, where the activities were or practice was under- n within the scope of the teacher's responsibilities;	
	4.	gros gran	harm was not caused by willful or criminal misconduct, s negligence, reckless misconduct, or a conscious, fla- t indifference to the rights or safety of the individual ned by the teacher; and	
	5.	vehi	harm was not caused by the teacher's operating a motor cle, vessel, aircraft, or other vehicle for which the state re- es the operator or the owner of the vehicle, craft, or vessel	
		a.	Possess an operator's license; or	
		b.	Maintain insurance.	
	"Teacher" means:			
	1.	A tea	acher, instructor, principal, or administrator;	
	2.	Anot	her educational professional who works in a school;	
	3.		ndividual member of a school board (as distinct from the d); or	
	4.		ofessional or nonprofessional employee who works in a ool, and:	
		a.	In the employee's job, maintains discipline or ensures safety; or	

# EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES IMMUNITY

	ł	<ul> <li>In an emergency, is called on to maintain discipline or ensure safety.</li> </ul>	
	20 U.	S.C. Sections 7943, 7946(a)	
Report of Drug Offenses	A teacher, administrator, or other district employee is not liable is civil damages for reporting to a school administrator or governm tal authority, in the exercise of professional judgment within the scope of the teacher's, administrator's, or employee's duties, a dent whom the teacher suspects of using, passing, or selling, o school property any of the following substances:		
		Marijuana or a controlled substance, as defined by the Texas Controlled Substances Act.	
		A dangerous drug, as defined by the Texas Dangerous Drug Act.	
	2	An abusable glue or aerosol paint, as defined by Health and Safety Code Chapter 485, or a volatile chemical, if the sub- stance is used or sold for the purpose of inhaling its fumes or vapors.	
		An alcoholic beverage, as defined by Section 1.04, Alcoholic Beverage Code.	
	Educa	ation Code 37.016	
Report to Local Law Enforcement	dama quireo	ncipal or person designated by the principal is not liable in civil liges for making a good faith report to law enforcement, as re- d by law, of an activity specified at Education Code 37.015. <i>ation Code 37.015</i> [See GRAA]	
Child Abuse and Maltreatment	The requirements of Education Code 38.0041 [regarding preven- tion of abuse and other maltreatment of children, see FFG] are considered to involve an employee's judgment and discretion and are not considered ministerial acts for purposes of immunity from liability under Education Code 22.0511 [see Immunity from Individ- ual Liability, above]. <i>Education Code 38.0041</i> [See DG regarding protection from disciplinary proceedings]		
Attendance Committee Membership	any a	mber of an attendance committee is not personally liable for ct or omission arising out of duties as a member of an attend- committee. <i>Education Code 25.092(c)</i>	
Administration of Medication	bility f medic	rrict, a board, and its employees shall be immune from civil lia- for damages or injuries resulting from the administration of cation to a student in accordance with Education Code 52. <i>Education Code 22.052(a), (b)</i> [See FFAC]	

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Immunity for Mental Health First Aid	A person who has completed a mental health first aid train gram offered by a local mental health authority and who in faith attempts to assist an individual experiencing a menta crisis is not liable in civil damages for an act performed in ing to assist the individual unless the act is willfully or wan negligent. <i>Health and Safety Code 1001.206.</i>	l good Il health attempt-
Immunity for Shelter Workers	An officer or employee of a district is not civilly liable for ar formed in the discharge of duty if the person is performing ity related to sheltering or housing individuals in connectio the evacuation of an area stricken or threatened by disaste <i>Code 418.006, 431.085</i>	an activ- n with
Liability for Causing Exposure to Pandemic Disease	A person is not liable for injury or death caused by exposin dividual to a pandemic disease during a pandemic emerge cept as provided by Civil Practice and Remedies Code Ch 148. <i>Civ. Prac. &amp; Rem. Code 148.003(a)</i>	ency ex-

Educator Ethics	towa	cators shall comply with standard practices and ethical conduct and students, professional colleagues, school officials, parents, members of the community and shall safeguard academic dom.		
	the a of et forci	State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) shall provide for adoption, amendment, and enforcement of an educator's code hics [see DH(EXHIBIT)]. SBEC is solely responsible for en- ng the ethics code for purposes related to certification discipli- proceedings.		
	Edu	cation Code 21.041(b)(8); 19 TAC 247.1(b), (c)		
Public Servants	Title minis hono	istrict employees are "public servants" and therefore subject to VIII of the Penal Code, regarding offenses against public ad- stration, including restrictions on the acceptance of illegal gifts, praria and expenses, and abuse of office. <i>Penal Code</i> $(a)(41)$ , <i>Title VIII</i> [See DBD and BBFA]		
Electronic Communication Policy	"Electronic communication" means any communication facilitated by the use of any electronic device, including a telephone, cellular telephone, computer, computer network, personal data assistant, or pager. The term includes emails, text messages, instant mes- sages, and any communications made through a website, including a social media website or a social networking website.			
	A school district shall adopt a written policy concerning electronic communications between a school employee and a student enrolled in the district.			
	The policy adopted under this section must:			
	1.	Include provisions designed to prevent improper electronic communications between a school employee and a student;		
	2.	Allow a school employee to elect to not disclose to students the employee's personal telephone number or email address; and		
	3.	Include provisions instructing a school employee about the proper method for notifying appropriate local administrators about an incident in which a student engages in improper communications with the school employee.		
	Education Code 38.027			
Public Information on Private Device		rrent or former board member or employee of a district who ntains public information on a privately owned device shall:		

	1.	Forward or transfer the public information to the district or a district server to be preserved as provided by Government Code 552.004(a); or			
	2.	Preserve the public information in its original form in a backup or archive and on the privately owned device for the time de- scribed under 552.004(a).			
	Goi	't Code 552.004(b) [See GB]			
Loss of Retirement Annuity for Conviction of Certain	the	A person is not eligible to receive a service retirement annuity from the Teacher Retirement System (TRS) if the person is convicted of a qualifying felony and the victim is a student.			
Felonies		alifying felony" means an offense that is punishable as a felony er the following sections of the Penal Code:			
	1.	Section 21.02 (continuous sexual abuse of young child or dis- abled individual);			
	2.	Section 21.12 (improper relationship between educator and student); or			
	3.	Section 22.011 (sexual assault) or Section 22.021 (aggra- vated sexual assault).			
	are	The term includes any federal offense that contains elements that are substantially similar to the elements of a felony offense described above.			
	for a ploy	Not later than the 30th day after the date of a person's conviction for a qualifying felony, the school at which the person was em- ployed shall provide written notice of the conviction to TRS. The notice must comply with rules adopted by TRS.			
	Goi	Gov't Code 824.009			
Transportation or Storage of Firearm in School Parking Area	to c cha or a in a the firea	A district may not prohibit a school employee who holds a license to carry a handgun under Government Code, Chapter 411, Sub- chapter H, from transporting or storing a handgun or other firearm or ammunition in a locked, privately owned or leased motor vehicle in a parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area provided by the district and may not regulate the manner in which the handgun firearm, or ammunition is stored in the vehicle, provided that the handgun, firearm, or ammunition is not in plain view.			
	han	This does not authorize a person to possess, transport, or store a handgun, a firearm, or ammunition in violation of Education Code 37.125, Penal Code 46.03, or other law. [See GKA]			
	Edι	ication Code 37.0815			

Tobacco and E-Cigarettes		board shall prohibit smoking or using e-cigarettes or tobacco oducts at a school-related or school-sanctioned activity on or off		
5	•		operty.	
Enforcement			shall ensure that district personnel enforce the policies on operty.	
	Edu	catio	n Code 38.006(b) [See also FNCD and GKA]	
Drug and Alcohol Abuse Program	late	A board shall prohibit the use of alcoholic beverages at school-re- lated or school-sanctioned activities on or off school property. <i>Edu-</i> <i>cation Code 38.007(a)</i>		
Federal Drug-Free Workplace Act			that receives a direct federal grant must agree to provide ee workplace by:	
	1.	mar a co and	lishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful nufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of ontrolled substance is prohibited in the district's workplace specifying the actions that will be taken against employ- for violations of the prohibition;	
	2.		ablishing a drug-free awareness program to inform em- rees about:	
		a.	The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;	
		b.	The district's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;	
		C.	Available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and	
		d.	The penalties that may be imposed on employees for drug abuse violations;	
	3.	the	king it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in performance of the grant be given a copy of the required ement;	
	4.		fying the employee in the required statement that as a dition of employment in the grant the employee will:	
		a.	Abide by the terms of the statement; and	
		b.	Notify the district of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than 5 days after the conviction;	
	5.	noti	fying the granting agency within 10 days after receiving ce from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice conviction;	

	6.	Imposing a sanction on, or requiring the satisfactory participa- tion in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program by, any employee who is convicted, as required by 41 U.S.C. section 8104; and		
	7.	Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of the above requirements.		
	41 U.S.C. 8103(a)(1)			
Dietary Supplements	Except as provided at Education Code 38.011(b), a district em- ployee may not:			
	1.	Knowingly sell, market, or distribute a dietary supplement that contains performance-enhancing compounds to a primary or secondary education student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's duties; or		
	2.	Knowingly endorse or suggest the ingestion, intranasal appli- cation, or inhalation of a dietary supplement that contains per- formance-enhancing compounds by a primary or secondary student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's duties.		
	An employee who violates items 1 or 2, above, commits a Class C misdemeanor offense.			
	Edι	ication Code 38.011		
Low-THC Cannabis	reso TH(	strict may not enact, adopt, or enforce a rule, ordinance, order, olution, or other regulation that prohibits the possession of low- C cannabis, as authorized by Health and Safety Code Chapter . <i>Health and Safety Code 487.201</i>		

	Note:	This policy addresses the prohibition against discrimina- tion, harassment, and retaliation with respect to compen- sation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment. For legally referenced material relating to the prohibition against discrimination in hiring and discharging employ- ees, see DAA(LEGAL).			
		For provisions related to harassment of students, includ- ing the district's response to sexual harassment as de- fined by Title IX, see FFH.			
Unlawful Employment Discrimination	It is an unlawful employment practice for a district to discriminate against any individual with respect to his compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, because of such individual's:				
	1. Rad	ce, color, or national origin;			
	2. Rel	igion;			
	3. Sex	C,			
	4. Age	2;			
	5. Dis	ability; or			
	6. Gei	netic information [see DAB].			
Federal Law	Section <sup>7</sup> 42 U.S.C	1981 of the Civil Rights Act of 1866 (Section 1981)—race.			
		of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Title VII)—race, color, reli- x, and national origin. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.</i>			
	-	Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (ADEA)—age, over 40. 29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.			
	Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Section 504)—disability in programs receiving federal funds. <i>29 U.S.C. 794</i>				
	Title I of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA)—disabil- ity. 42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.				
		the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 -genetic information. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000ff et seq.</i>			
	Note:	Title VII, the ADA, and GINA do not apply to employers unless the employer has 15 or more employees for each working day in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year. 42 U.S.C. 2000e(b); 42 U.S.C. 12111(5); 42 U.S.C. 2000ff(2)(B)			

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State Law	Texas Commission on Human Rights Act (TCHRA)—race, color, disability, religion, sex, national origin, age, and genetic infor- mation. <i>Labor Code 21.051, .402</i>				
	State policy on employment of persons with disabilities. <i>Human Resources Code 121.003(f)</i>				
Prohibition on Retaliation	A district may not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because the employee or applicant has opposed any unlawful, discriminatory employment practices or participated in the investigation of any complaint related to an unlawful, discrim- inatory employment practice. 29 U.S.C. 623(d) (ADEA); 42 U.S.C. 2000e-3(a) (Title VII); 42 U.S.C. 12203 (ADA); Labor Code 21.055				
Harassment-Free Workplace	Harassment on the basis of a protected characteristic is a violation of Title VII. A district has an affirmative duty, under Title VII, to maintain a working environment free of harassment on the basis of sex, race, color, religion, and national origin. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e, et seq.; 29 C.F.R. 1604.11(a), 1606.8(a)</i>				
Sexual Harassment	Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature constitute sexual har-assment when:				
	<ol> <li>Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implic- itly a term or condition of an individual's employment;</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting such in- dividual; or</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably inter- fering with an individual's work performance or creating an in- timidating, hostile, or offensive working environment.</li> </ol>				
	Where employment opportunities or benefits are granted because of an individual's submission to the employer's sexual advances or requests for sexual favors, the employer may be held liable for un- lawful sex discrimination against other persons who were qualified for but denied that employment opportunity or benefit.				
	29 C.F.R. 1604.11(a), (f), (g); Labor Code 21.141				
	An employer commits an unlawful employment practice if sexual harassment of an employee occurs and the employer or the employer's agents or supervisors know or should have known that the conduct constituting sexual harassment was occurring; and fail to take immediate and appropriate corrective action. <i>Labor Code</i> 21.142				

Same-Sex Harassment	Same-sex sexual harassment constitutes sexual harassment. <u>Oncale v. Sundowner Offshore Services, Inc.</u> , 523 U.S. 75 (1998)			
Criminal Offense—Official Oppression	A public servant acting under color of the public servant's office or employment commits an offense if the public servant intentionally subjects another to sexual harassment.			
	A public servant acts under color of the public servant's office or employment if the person acts or purports to act in an official ca- pacity or takes advantage of such actual or purported capacity.			
	"Sexual harassment" means unwelcome sexual advances, re- quests for sexual favors, or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, submission to which is made a term or condition of a person's exercise or enjoyment of any right, privilege, power, or immunity, either explicitly or implicitly.			
	Penal Code 39.03(a)(3), (b), (c)			
Unpaid Interns	A district commits an unlawful employment practice if sexual har- assment of an unpaid intern occurs and the district or its agents or supervisors know or should have known that the conduct constitut- ing sexual harassment was occurring, and fail to take immediate and appropriate corrective action. <i>Labor Code 21.1065</i>			
Prohibition on Use of Public Funds	A district may not use public money to settle or otherwise pay a sexual harassment claim made against a person who is an elected or appointed member of the board or an officer or employee of the district. <i>Local Gov't Code 180.008</i>			
National Origin Harassment	Ethnic slurs and other verbal or physical conduct relating to an indi- vidual's national origin constitute harassment when this conduct:			
	<ol> <li>Has the purpose or effect of creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment;</li> </ol>			
	2. Has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance; or			
	<ol><li>Otherwise adversely affects an individual's employment op- portunities.</li></ol>			
	29 C.F.R. 1606.08(b)			
Severe and Pervasive	Harassment violates Title VII if it is sufficiently severe and perva- sive to alter the conditions of employment. <u>Pennsylvania State Po- lice v. Suders</u> , 542 U.S. 129 (2004)			
	Title VII does not prohibit all verbal and physical harassment in the workplace. For example, harassment between men and women is not automatically unlawful sexual harassment merely because the			

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	words used have sexual content or connotations. <u>Oncale v. Sun-</u> <u>downer Offshore Services, Inc.</u> , 523 U.S. 75 (1998)
Prevention	A district should take all steps necessary to prevent unlawful har- assment from occurring, such as affirmatively raising the subject, expressing strong disapproval, developing appropriate penalties, informing employees of their right to raise and how to raise the is- sue of harassment under Title VII, and developing methods to sen- sitize all concerned. 29 C.F.R. 1604.11(f)
Responsibility for Harassment by Third Parties	A district is responsible for acts of unlawful harassment by fellow employees and by nonemployees if the district, its agents, or its su- pervisory employees knew or should have known of the conduct, unless the district takes immediate and appropriate corrective ac- tion. <i>29 C.F.R. 1604.11(d), (e), 1606.8(d), (e)</i>
	When no tangible employment action is taken, a district may raise the following affirmative defense:
	<ol> <li>That the district exercised reasonable care to prevent and promptly correct any harassing behavior; and</li> </ol>
	2. That the employee unreasonably failed to take advantage of any preventive or corrective opportunities provided by the em- ployer or to avoid harm otherwise.
	<u>Burlington Industries, Inc. v. Ellerth</u> , 524 U.S. 742 (1998); <u>Faragher</u> <u>v. City of Boca Raton</u> , 524 U.S. 775 (1998)
Religious Discrimination	The prohibition against discrimination on the basis of religion in- cludes all aspects of religious observances and practice, as well as religious belief, unless a district demonstrates that it is unable to reasonably accommodate an employee's or prospective em- ployee's religious observance or practice without undue hardship to the district's business. "Undue hardship" means more than a <i>de</i> <i>minimus</i> (minimal) cost. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e(j); 29 C.F.R. 1605.2; La- bor Code 21.108</i>
Burden on Free Exercise	A district may not substantially burden an employee's free exercise of religion, unless the burden is in furtherance of a compelling gov- ernmental interest and is the least restrictive means of furthering that interest. <i>Civ. Prac. &amp; Rem. Code 110.003</i>
Sex Discrimination Pregnancy	The prohibition against discrimination because of sex includes dis- crimination on the basis of pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions. A district shall treat women affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions the same as other employ- ees for all employment-related purposes, including receipt of bene- fits under fringe benefit programs. <i>42 U.S.C. 2000e(k); 29 C.F.R.</i> <i>1604.10; Labor Code 21.106</i>

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Gay and Transgender	The prohibition against discrimination because of sex includes dis- crimination on the basis of an individual being gay or transgender. <u>Bostock v. Clayton County, Georgia</u> , 17-1618, 2020 WL 3146686, (U.S. June 15, 2020)						
Gender Stereotypes	A district may not evaluate employees by assuming or insisting that they match the stereotype associated with their group. <i>Price Water-house v. Hopkins, 490 U.S. 228 (1989)</i>						
Age Discrimination	The prohibition against discrimination on the basis of age applies only to discrimination against an individual 40 years of age or older. <i>29 U.S.C. 631; Labor Code 21.101</i>						
Bona Fide Employee Benefit Plan	A district may take an employment action on the basis of age pur- suant to a bona fide seniority system or a bona fide employee ben- efit plan. However, a bona fide employee benefit plan shall not ex- cuse the failure to hire any individual and no such benefit plan shall require or permit the involuntary retirement of any individual be- cause of age. 29 U.S.C. 623(f); Labor Code 21.102						
Disability Discrimination	A district may not discriminate against a qualified individual on the basis of disability in job application procedures, hiring, advance- ment, or discharge of employees, compensation, job training, and other terms, conditions, and privileges of employment. <i>42 U.S.C. 12112(a); 29 C.F.R. 1630.4(b); Labor Code 21.051</i>						
	In addition, each district that receives assistance under the Individ- uals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) must make positive ef- forts to employ, and advance in employment, qualified individuals with disabilities in programs assisted by the IDEA. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> <i>300.177(b)</i>						
Discrimination Based on Lack of Disability	The ADA and the TCHRA do not provide a basis for a claim that an individual was subject to discrimination because of the individual's lack of disability. <i>42 U.S.C. 12201(g); 29 C.F.R. 1630.4(b); Labor Code 21.005(c)</i>						
Definition of	"Disability" means:						
Disability	<ol> <li>An actual disability: a physical or mental impairment [see defi- nition, below] that substantially limits one or more of an indi- vidual's major life activities;</li> </ol>						
	2. A record of having such an impairment; or						
	3. Being regarded as having such an impairment.						
	An impairment that substantially limits one major life activity need not limit other major life activities in order to be considered a disa- bility. An impairment that is episodic or in remission is a disability if it would substantially limit a major life activity when active.						

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"Regarded as" Having an Impairment	An individual meets the requirement of being "regarded as" having an impairment if the individual establishes that he or she has been subjected to an action prohibited by the ADA because of an actual or perceived physical or mental impairment whether or not the im- pairment limits or is perceived to limit a major life activity.						
Transitory and Minor	The "regarded as" prong of the definition does not apply to impair- ments that are transitory or minor. A transitory impairment is one with an actual or expected duration of six months or less. The "transitory" exception does not apply to the "actual disability" or "record of disability" prongs of the definition.						
Mitigating Measures	The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity shall be made without regard to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures, such as medication, medical supplies, low-vision devices, prosthetics, hearing aids, mobility devices, oxygen therapy, assistive technology, or learned behavioral or adaptive neurological modifications.						
	The ameliorative effects of ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses shall be considered in determining whether an impairment substan- tially limits a major life activity. Ordinary eyeglasses and contact lenses are lenses that are intended to fully correct visual acuity or to eliminate refractive error.						
	42 U.S.C. 12102(1), (3), (4); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(g), (j)(1); Labor Code 21.002, .0021						
Other Definitions	"Physical or mental impairment" means:						
Physical or Mental Impairment	1. Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigure- ment, or anatomical loss affecting one or more body systems, such as neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, respiratory (including speech organs), cardiovascular, repro- ductive, digestive, genitourinary, immune, circulatory, hemic, lymphatic, skin, and endocrine; or						
	2. Any mental or psychological disorder, such as an intellectual disability (formerly termed "mental retardation"), organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities.						
	29 C.F.R. 1630.2(h)						
Major Life Activities	"Major life activities" include caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, walking, standing, sitting,						

tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, walking, standing, sitting, reaching, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, interacting with others, and working.

	"Major life activities" also include the operation of major bodily functions, including functions of the immune system, special sense organs and skin, normal cell growth, and digestive, genitourinary, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, cardio- vascular, endocrine, hemic, lymphatic, musculoskeletal, and repro- ductive functions. The operation of a major bodily function includes the operation of an individual organ within the body system.							
	42 U.S.C. 12102(2); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(i); Labor Code 21.002							
Qualified	"Qua	alified individual" means an individual who:						
Individual	1.	Satisfies the requisite skill, experience, education, and other job-related requirements of the employment position such in- dividual holds or desires; and						
	2.	With or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of such position. Consideration shall be given to a district's judgment as to what functions of a job are essential. A written job description prepared before advertising or interviewing applicants for the job is evidence of the job's essential functions.						
	42 U.S.C. 12111(8); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(m)							
Reasonable Accommodations	A district is required, absent undue hardship, to make a reasonable accommodation to an otherwise qualified individual who meets the definition of disability under the "actual disability" or "record of disability" prongs. A district is not required to provide a reasonable accommodation to an individual who meets the definition of disability solely under the "regarded as" prong. <i>42 U.S.C. 12112(b)(5); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(o)(4), .9; 29 U.S.C. 794; 34 C.F.R. 104.11; Labor Code 21.128</i> [See DBB regarding medical examinations and inquiries under the Americans with Disabilities Act]							
	"Reasonable accommodation" includes:							
	1.	Making existing facilities used by employees readily accessi- ble to and usable by individuals with disabilities; and						
	2.	Job restructuring, part-time or modified work schedules, reas- signment to a vacant position, acquisition or modification of equipment or devices, appropriate adjustment or modification of examinations, training materials or policies, the provision of qualified readers or interpreters, and other similar accommo- dations for individuals with disabilities.						
	42 L	J.S.C. 12111(9); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(o); 34 C.F.R. 104.12(b)						

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	"Undue hardship" means an action requiring significant difficulty or expense when considered in light of the nature and cost of the accommodation needed, overall financial resources of the affected facility and the district, and other factors set out in law. <i>42 U.S.C. 12111(10); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(p); 34 C.F.R. 104.12(c)</i>
Discrimination Based on Relationship	A district shall not exclude or deny equal jobs or benefits to, or oth- erwise discriminate against, a qualified individual because of the known disability of an individual with whom the qualified individual is known to have a family, business, social, or other relationship or association. 42 U.S.C. 12112(b)(4); 29 C.F.R. 1630.8; 34 C.F.R. 104.11
Illegal Drugs and Alcohol	The term "qualified individual with a disability" does not include any employee or applicant who is currently engaging in the illegal use of drugs, when a district acts on the basis of such use.
Drug Testing	A district is not prohibited from conducting drug testing of employ- ees and applicants for the illegal use of drugs or making employ- ment decisions based on the results of such tests.
	42 U.S.C. 12114(c), (d); Labor Code 21.002(6)(A) [See DHE]
Alcohol Use	The term "qualified individual with a disability" does not include an individual who is an alcoholic and whose current use of alcohol prevents the employee from performing the duties of his or her job or whose employment, by reason of such current alcohol abuse, would constitute a direct threat to property or the safety of others. <i>42 U.S.C. 12114(a); 29 U.S.C. 705(20)(C); 29 C.F.R. 1630.3(a); 28 C.F.R. 35.104; Labor Code 21.002(6)(A)</i>
Qualification Standards	It is unlawful for a district to use qualification standards, employ- ment tests, or other selection criteria that screen out or tend to screen out an individual with a disability or a class of individuals with disabilities, on the basis of disability, unless the standard, test, or other selection criteria, as used by the district, is shown to be job related for the position in question and is consistent with business necessity. <i>29 C.F.R. 1630.10(a)</i>
Direct Threat to Health or Safety	As a qualification standard, a district may require that an individual not pose a direct threat to the health or safety of other individuals in the workplace. "Direct threat" means a significant risk to the health or safety of the individual or others that cannot be eliminated by reasonable accommodation. <i>42 U.S.C. 12111(3); 29 C.F.R. 1630.2(r); Labor Code 21.002(6)(B)</i>
Vision Standards and Tests	A district shall not use qualification standards, employment tests, or other selection criteria based on an individual's uncorrected vision unless the standard, test, or other selection criteria, as used by the district, is shown to be job-related for the position in question and
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EMPLOYEE WELFAREDIAFREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION(LEGAL)					
	consistent with business necessity. <i>42 U.S.C. 12113(c); 2</i> 1630.10(b); Labor Code 21.115(b)	9 C.F.R.			
Communicable Diseases	A district may refuse to assign or continue to assign an in a job involving food handling if the individual has an infec- communicable disease that is transmitted to others throug handling of food. 42 U.S.C. 12113(e); 29 U.S.C. 705(20)( C.F.R. 1630.16(e); Labor Code 21.002(6)(B)	tious or gh			
Service Animals	A district that is subject to the jurisdiction of Title I of the A ployment discrimination) or to Section 504 of the Rehabili (employment discrimination) shall comply with the reason commodation requirements of those laws with respect to animals. [See Reasonable Accommodations, above]	tation Act able ac-			
	A district that is not subject to either Title I or Section 504 comply with Title II of the ADA (discrimination by public er employer that is subject to Title II shall comply with 28 C.I 35, including the requirements relating to service animals C.F.R. 35.136 [see FBA].	ntity). An F.R. Part			
	28 C.F.R. 35.140				
Title IX	No person, on the basis of sex, shall be excluded from pa in, denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discriminatio district receiving federal financial assistance. 20 U.S.C. 1 FB, FFH]	n by a			
Equal Pay	A district may not pay an employee at a rate less than the district pays employees of the opposite sex for equal work the performance of which require equal skill, effort, or res and which are performed under similar working conditions rule does not apply if the payment is pursuant to a seniorit tem, a merit system, a system that measures earnings by or quality of production, or a differential based on any oth other than sex. 29 U.S.C. 206(d) (Equal Pay Act); 34 C.F. (Title IX)	k on jobs ponsibility s. This ity sys- quantity er factor			
Grievance Procedures Section 504	A district that receives federal financial assistance and the ploys 15 or more persons shall adopt grievance procedur corporate appropriate due process standards and that pro the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging tion prohibited by Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. 3-104.7(b), .11	es that in- ovide for g any ac-			
ADA	A district that employs 50 or more persons shall adopt an grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable of complaints alleging any action that would be prohibited ADA. <i>28 C.F.R. 35.107, .140</i>	resolution			

Title IX	A district that receives federal financial assistance shall adopt and publish grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable resolution of employee complaints alleging any action prohibited by Title IX. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.8(c); <u>North Haven Board of Education v.</u> <u>Bell</u>, 456 U.S. 512 (1982) [For legally referenced material relating to Title IX grievance procedures, see FFH(LEGAL).]</i>
Compliance Coordinators	A district that employs 15 or more persons shall designate at least one person to coordinate its efforts to comply with Section 504 of the Debehilitation Act. The district's Section 504 patientian force
Section 504	the Rehabilitation Act. The district's Section 504 notification [see DAA] shall also identify the responsible employee so designated. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.7(a), .8(a)</i>
ADA	A district that employs 50 or more persons shall designate at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under the ADA, including any investigation of any complaint communicated to it alleging its noncompliance with the ADA or alleging any actions that would be prohibited by the ADA. The district shall make available to all interested individuals the name, office address, and telephone number of the employee or employees so designated. 28 C.F.R. 35.107(a)
ADEA	A district shall designate at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA), including investigation of any complaints that the district receives alleging any actions that are prohibited by the ADEA. A district shall notify its employees of the identity of the responsible employee by name or title, address, and telephone number. <i>34 C.F.R. 110.25(a), (b)</i>
Title IX	A district must designate and authorize at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with its responsibilities under Title IX, which employee must be referred to as the "Title IX Coordinator." The district must notify applicants for admission and employment, students, parents or legal guardians, employees, and all professional organizations holding professional agreements with the district of the name or title, office address, electronic mail address, and telephone number of the employee(s) so designated. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.8(a)</i>

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT	
REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT	

Staff Development Educator	The staff development provided by a district to an educator other than a principal must be conducted in accordance with standards developed by the district and designed to improve education in the district.					
Principal	gove	erned	l by E	lopment provided by a district to a principal shall be ducation Code 21.3541 and rules adopted under See DNB]		
	Edu	catio	n Coo	de 21.451(a), (a-1)		
Professional Development Policy	train	ning c	learir	annually review the SBEC continuing education and nghouse published under Education Code 21.4514 rofessional development policy that must:		
	1.	-	guide Iouse	d by the recommendations for training in the clear- ;		
	2.		•	differences in the policy adopted by the district or om the recommendations in the clearinghouse; and		
	3.			schedule of all training required for educators or ool personnel at the district or school.		
	pleti quir	on of	train t for	of any conflict, a frequency requirement for the com- ing provided by statute prevails over a frequency re- that training included in the professional develop-		
	Edu	catio	n Coo	de 21.4515(a), (b)		
	Note:			EC must publish the continuing education and train- clearinghouse not later than June 1, 2022.		
	_			strict must adopt its professional development policy district personnel not later than August 1, 2022.		
Requirements				ducator staff development, a district must use proce- the greatest extent possible, ensure the training in- staff development:		
	1.			ates proactive instructional planning techniques using ork that:		
		a.	Pro	vides flexibility in the ways:		
			(1)	Information is presented;		
			(2)	Students respond or demonstrate knowledge and skills; and		

#### PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

			(3) Students are engaged;						
		b.	Reduces barriers in instruction;						
		C.	Provides appropriate accommodations, supports, and challenges; and						
		d.	Maintains high achievement expectations for all stu- dents, including students with disabilities and students of limited English proficiency; and						
	2.		grates inclusive and evidence-based instructional prac- s for all students, including students with disabilities.						
	Staff development shall be predominantly campus-based, related to achieving campus performance objectives, and developed and approved by the campus-level committee.								
	velo	A district may use district-wide staff development that has been developed and approved through the district-level decision process. [See BQA and BQB, as appropriate]							
	Edu	Education Code 21.451(a-1), (b), (c)							
Optional Training	Staf	Staff development may include training in:							
	1.	Tecl	nnology and digital learning; and						
	2.	ing	itive behavior intervention and support strategies, includ- classroom management, district discipline policies, and Student Code of Conduct.						
	Tech	nnolo	gy and digital learning training must:						
	1.		cuss basic technology proficiency expectations and meth- to increase an educator's digital literacy; and						
	2.	activ	ist an educator in the use of digital technology in learning vities that improve teaching, assessment, and instructional stices.						
	Staff development may include instruction as to what is perrunder law, including opinions of the United States Supreme regarding prayer in public school.								
	Edu	catio	n Code 21.451(d)(1), (d-3), (g)						
Required Training	Staf	fdev	elopment must include training on:						
	1.	Suic	ide prevention;						
	2.		tegies for establishing and maintaining positive relation- s among students, including conflict resolution; and						

#### PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

		3.	Preventing, identifying, responding to, and reporting incidents of bullying.								
		Required training above must be provided in accordance with the board's professional development policy and use a best practice- based program recommended by the Health and Human Services Commission under Education Code 38.351 [see FFEB]. Required training may include two or more topics listed together.									
		Edu	Education Code 21.451(d)(3), (d-1)								
	Instruction of	"Stu	"Student with a disability" means a student who is:								
	Students with Disabilities Definition	1.	Eligible to participate in a school district's special education program under Education Code 29.003;								
	Demmon	2.	Covered by Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794); or								
		3.	Covered by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. Section 1400 et seq.).								
		Edu	ication Code 21.001(4)								
	Requirements	Staff development must include training that is evidence-based, as defined by Section 8101, Every Student Succeeds Act (20 USC 7801), and that:									
	1.	Relates to the instruction of students with disabilities, includ- ing students with disabilities who also have other intellectual or mental health conditions; and									
		2.	Is designed for educators who work primarily outside the area of special education.								
		wor uca pler den	A district is required to provide the training to an educator who works primarily outside the area of special education only if the ed- ucator does not possess the knowledge and skills necessary to im- plement the individualized education program developed for a stu- dent receiving instruction from the educator. A district may determine the time and place at which the training is delivered.								
		with den non fied by t cam	eveloping or maintaining the training, a district must consult a persons with expertise in research-based practices for stu- ts with disabilities, including colleges, universities, private and profit organizations, regional education service centers, quali- district personnel, and any other persons identified as qualified he district, regardless of whether the training is provided at the pus or district level.								
		Edu	ication Code 21.451(d)(2), (e)–(f)								

Education Code 21.451(d)(2), (e)–(f)

#### PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT REQUIRED STAFF DEVELOPMENT

Suicide Prevention	The required suicide prevention training may be satisfied through independent review of suicide prevention training material that complies with the guidelines developed by TEA and is offered online. <i>Education Code 21.451(d-2); 19 TAC 153.1013(d)</i>
	Suicide prevention programs on TEA's list of recommended best practice-based programs [see FFEB] must include components that provide for training school counselors, teachers, nurses, ad- ministrators, and other staff, as well as law enforcement officers and social workers who regularly interact with students, to:
	<ol> <li>Recognize students at risk of attempting suicide, including students who are or may be the victims of or who engage in bullying;</li> </ol>
	2. Recognize students displaying early warning signs and a pos- sible need for early mental health or substance abuse inter- vention, which warning signs may include declining academic performance, depression, anxiety, isolation, unexplained changes in sleep or eating habits, and destructive behavior toward self and others;
	3. Intervene effectively with students described above by provid- ing notice and referral to a parent or guardian so appropriate action, such as seeking mental health or substance abuse services, may be taken by a parent or guardian; and
	<ol> <li>Assist students in returning to school following treatment of a mental health concern or suicide attempt.</li> </ol>
	A district shall provide training described in the components above for teachers, school counselors, principals, and all other appropri- ate personnel. A district is required to provide the training at an ele- mentary school campus only to the extent that sufficient funding and programs are available. A school district may implement a pro- gram on TEA's list of recommended best practice-based programs [see FFEB] to satisfy this training requirement.
	If a district provides the training, a district shall require completion in accordance with the district's professional development policy and maintain records that include district employees who partici- pated in the training.
	Education Code 38.351(e), (g), (h); 19 TAC 153.1013
Staff Development Account	A district that receives resources from the commissioner of educa- tion's staff development account must pay to the commissioner for deposit in the account an amount equal to one-half of the cost of the resources provided to the district. <i>Education Code 21.453(c)</i>

Child Abuse, Trafficking, and Maltreatment	A district's methods for increasing awareness of issues regarding sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children [see District Improvement Plan at BQ and Sexual Abuse, Traffick- ing, and Maltreatment Policies and Programs at FFG] must include training concerning prevention techniques for and recognition of sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and all other maltreatment of chil- dren, including the sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other mal- treatment of children with significant cognitive disabilities.				
	The training must be provided in accordance with the district's pro- fessional development policy and as part of new employee orienta- tion to all new employees.				
	The training must include:				
	<ol> <li>Factors indicating a child is at risk for sexual abuse, traffick- ing, or other maltreatment;</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Warning signs indicating a child may be a victim of sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment;</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Internal procedures for seeking assistance for a child who is at risk for sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment, in- cluding referral to a school counselor, a social worker, or an- other mental health professional;</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Techniques for reducing a child's risk of sexual abuse, traffick- ing, or other maltreatment; and</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Information on community organizations that have relevant re- search-based programs and that are able to provide training or other education for district staff, students, and parents.</li> </ol>				
	A district must maintain records that include staff members who participated in the training.				
	To the extent that resources are not yet available from TEA or the commissioner of education, districts shall implement the policies and trainings with existing or publicly available resources. The district may also work in conjunction with a community organization to provide the training at no cost to the district.				
	Education Code 38.0041(c)–(f); 19 TAC 61.1051(d)				
Trauma-Informed Care	A district's efforts to increase awareness and implementation of trauma-informed care must include training to new and existing employees in accordance with the district's professional development policy. [See BQ, FFBA] <i>Education Code 38.036(c)</i>				

Student Discipline	Each principal or other appropriate administrator who oversees student discipline shall, at least once every three school years, attend professional development training regarding Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter G. The professional development shall include training relating to the distinction between a discipline management technique used at the principal's discretion under Education Code 37.002(a) and the discretionary authority of a teacher to remove a disruptive student under Education Code 37.002(b) [see FOA].			
	The professional development training may be provided in coordi- nation with an education service center through the use of distance learning methods, such as telecommunications networks, and us- ing available TEA resources.			
	Education Code 37.0181			
Test Administration Training	The commissioner may require training for district employees in- volved in the administration of assessment instruments. The com- missioner may only require the employee at each district campus who oversees the administration of the assessment instruments to annually receive the training. The district employee who oversees test administration on a district campus may, with discretion, re- quire other district employees involved in the administration of as- sessment instruments to repeat the training. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0304(a), (b-1), (b-2)</i>			
Cybersecurity Training	Employees identified by the district with access to a district com- puter system or database and who use a computer to perform at least 25 percent of the employee's required duties must complete a cybersecurity training program selected by the board. The district, in consultation with its cybersecurity coordinator, shall determine how frequently employees must complete the training. [See CQB] <i>Gov't Code 2054.5191(a-1); Education Code 11.175(g)</i>			
Special Programs	A district shall ensure that:			
Training Teacher Literacy Achievement Academies	1. Not later than the 2022–23 school year, each classroom teacher in kindergarten or first, second, or third grade and each principal at a campus with kindergarten or first, second, or third grade has attended a teacher literacy achievement academy developed under Education Code 21.4552; and			
	<ol> <li>Each classroom teacher and each principal initially employed in a grade level or at a campus described above for the 2022– 23 school year or a subsequent school year has attended a</li> </ol>			

	teacher literacy achievement academy developed under Edu- cation Code 21.4552 by the end of the teacher's or principal's first year of placement in that grade level or campus.				
	Education Code 28.0062(a)(2)				
	[See EHAB for kindergarten–grade 3 reading standards]				
Gifted and Talented	A district shall ensure that:				
Education	1. Before assignment to the program for gifted students, teachers who provide instruction and services that are part of the program have a minimum of 30 hours of staff development that includes nature and needs of gifted/talented students, assessment of student needs, and curriculum and instruction for gifted students.				
	2. Teachers without the required training who provide instruction and services that are part of the gifted/talented program com- plete the 30-hour training requirement within one semester.				
	3. Teachers who provide instruction and services that are part of a program for gifted students receive a minimum of six hours annually of professional development in gifted education.				
	<ol> <li>Administrators and counselors who have authority for pro- gram decisions have a minimum of six hours of professional development that includes nature and needs of gifted/talented students and program options.</li> </ol>				
	19 TAC 89.2				
Elective Bible Course	A teacher of an elective Bible course offered under Education Code 28.011 [see EMI] must hold a certificate in language arts, social studies, or history that qualifies the teacher to teach at the grade level at which the course is offered with, where practical, a minor in religious or biblical studies. The teacher must successfully complete staff development training developed by the commissioner for elective Bible courses. An elective Bible course may be taught only by a teacher who has successfully completed the commissioner's training under Education Code 21.459. <i>Education Code 28.011(f)</i>				
Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System Training	The employee assigned to oversee the administration of the Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System (TELPAS) at a district campus may, with discretion, require other district employ- ees involved in administering the TELPAS to complete training or online calibration activities described by Education Code 21.4571(a). An employee may not be required to complete a train- ing or online calibration activity in one sitting. <i>Education Code</i> <i>21.4571(b), (c)</i>				

Denton ISD 061901				
PROFESSIONAL DEVEL REQUIRED STAFF DEV				DMA (LEGAL)
Automated External Defibrillators	polic the p	cy, ma princi	shall, in accordance with its professional develop ake available to employees and volunteers instruc- ples and techniques of cardiopulmonary resuscita f an automated external defibrillator (AED).	ction in
	sor, lead	phys ing c	ool nurse, assistant school nurse, athletic coach o ical education instructor, marching band director, oach, and any other employee specified by the co nd each student who serves as an athletic trainer,	cheer- ommis-
	1.	Part	icipate in the instruction; and	
	2.	the <i>i</i>	eive and maintain certification in the use of an AE American Heart Association, the American Red C nilar nationally recognized association.	
	Edu	catio	n Code 22.902	
Extracurricular Activity Safety Training	The following persons must satisfactorily complete an extracurricu- lar activity safety training program in accordance with the district's professional development policy:			
	1.		bach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athl /; and	etic ac-
	2.	A di	rector responsible for a school marching band.	
	The	safet	y training program must include:	
	1.	Ame	ification of participants by the American Red Croserican Heart Association, or a similar organization University Interscholastic League;	
	2.	Curi	rent training in:	
		a.	Emergency action planning;	
		b.	Communicating effectively with 9-1-1 emergency operators and other emergency personnel; and	/ service
		C.	Recognizing symptoms of potentially catastroph ries, including head and neck injuries, concussion ries related to second impact syndrome, asthmat heatstroke, cardiac arrest, and injuries requiring defibrillator; and	ons, inju- attacks,
	3.		fety drill that incorporates the training and simula injuries described above.	tes vari-
	Edu	catio	n Code 33.202(b), (c); 19 TAC 76.1003	
Records	A superintendent shall maintain complete and accurate records of the district's compliance and the district shall make available to the			

	-	lic proof of compliance for each person employed by or volun- ing for the district who is required to receive safety training.	
	plia	ampus that is determined by a superintendent to be out of com- nce with the safety training requirements shall be subject to the ge of penalties determined by the UIL.	
	Edu	ıcation Code 33.206; 19 TAC 76.1003(e)	
Steroids	letic	strict shall require that each employee who serves as an ath- c coach at or above the seventh grade level for an extracurricu- athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL complete:	
	1.	The educational program developed by the UIL regarding the health effects of steroids; or	
	2.	A comparable program developed by the district or a private entity with relevant expertise.	
	Edu	ıcation Code 33.091(c-1)	
Concussions	trair	east once every two years, the following employees shall take a ning course from an authorized provider in the subject matter of cussions:	
	1.	A coach of an interscholastic athletic activity shall take a course approved by the UIL.	
	2.	An athletic trainer who serves as a member of a district's con- cussion oversight team shall take a course approved by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) or a course approved for continuing education credit by the licens- ing authority for athletic trainers.	
	3.	A school nurse or licensed health-care professional, other than an athletic trainer, who serves as a member of a district's concussion oversight team shall take a course approved by the UIL, TDLR, or the appropriate licensing authority for the profession.	
	prov lice thes	e employee must submit proof of timely completion of an apved course to the superintendent or designee. A school nurse or nsed health-care professional who is not in compliance with se training requirements may not serve on a concussion over- nt team in any capacity. [See FM]	
	Edu	ication Code 38.158	
Seizure Recognition and Related First Aid	prov mar	chool nurse employed by a district must complete a TEA-ap- ved online course of instruction for school nurses regarding naging students with seizure disorders that includes information ut seizure recognition and related first aid.	
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A district employee, other than a school nurse, whose duties at the school include regular contact with students must complete a TEA-approved online course of instruction for school personnel regard-ing awareness of students with seizure disorders that includes information about seizure recognition and related first aid.

Education Code 38.033(a), (b)

[See FFAF for information about a seizure management and treatment plan.]

Denton ISD 061901		
PERSONNEL POSIT	IONS	DP (LEGAL)
<b>Principal</b> Qualifications		oard, by local policy, shall adopt qualifications for principals. <i>Ed-</i> <i>tion Code 11.202(c)</i>
Certification	requ	te Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) rules establish the uirements for receiving a principal certificate and for first-time cipals in Texas. <i>19 TAC Ch. 241</i>
Duties	sha	e principal shall be the instructional leader of the school and Il be provided with adequate training and personnel assistance ssume that role. <i>Education Code 11.202(a)</i>
	Арі	rincipal shall:
	1.	Approve all teacher and staff appointments for the campus. [See DK]
	2.	Set specific education objectives for the campus, through the planning process.
	3.	Develop budgets for the campus.
	4.	Assume administrative responsibility and instructional leader- ship, under the supervision of the superintendent, for disci- pline at the campus.
	5.	Assign, evaluate, and promote all personnel assigned to the campus.
	6.	Recommend to the superintendent the termination, suspen- sion, or nonrenewal of an employee assigned to the campus.
	7.	Perform any other duties assigned by the superintendent pur- suant to board policy.
	8.	Regularly consult with the campus-level committee in the planning, operation, supervision, and evaluation of the campus educational program. [See BQ series]
	9.	Each school year, with the assistance of the campus-level committee, develop, review, and revise the campus improve- ment plan. [See BQ]

10. For high school principals, serve, or appoint someone to serve, as deputy voter registrar for the county in which the school is located. *Election Code 13.046; 1 TAC 81.7* 

Education Code 11.202(b), .253(c), (h) [See also DMA]

PERSONNEL POSITION	NS DP (LEGAL)
Principal's Report to Superintendent	A principal must notify the superintendent not later than the sev- enth business day after the date:
Educators	<ol> <li>Of an educator's termination of employment or resignation fol- lowing an alleged incident of misconduct under Education Code 21.006(b); or</li> </ol>
	2. The principal knew about an educator's criminal record under Education Code 21.006(b)(1).
	<i>Education Code 21.006(b-2); 19 TAC 249.14(e)</i> [See Required Reports at DHB(LEGAL)]
Noncertified Employees	A principal must notify the superintendent not later than the sev- enth business day after the date of a noncertified employee's termi- nation or resignation following allegations that the employee:
	1. Abused or otherwise committed an unlawful act with a student or minor; or
	2. Was involved in a romantic relationship with or solicited or en- gaged in sexual contact with a student or minor.
	<i>Education Code 22.093(e)</i> [See Principal Notification at DHC(LE-GAL)]
Sanctions and Administrative Penalty	SBEC determines whether to impose sanctions, including an ad- ministrative penalty, against a principal who fails to provide notifica- tion to a superintendent. <i>Education Code 21.006(f), 22.093(i); 19</i> <i>TAC 249.14(e), (h)</i>
	If a principal is required to notify a superintendent about an educa- tor's criminal record or alleged incident of misconduct and fails to provide the notice by the required date, SBEC may impose an ad- ministrative penalty of not less than \$500 and not more than \$10,000. SBEC may not renew the certification of an educator against whom an administrative penalty is imposed until the pen- alty is paid. <i>Education Code 21.006 (i)</i>
Criminal Offense	A principal required to notify a superintendent about an employee's criminal record or alleged incident of misconduct commits a state jail felony if the principal fails to provide the notice by the required date with intent to conceal an educator's criminal record or alleged incident of misconduct. <i>Education Code 21.006(j), 22.093(k)</i>
School Nurse Minimum Salary Schedule	For purposes of the minimum salary schedule, a school nurse is an educator employed to provide full-time nursing and health-care services and who meets all the requirements to practice as a registered nurse (RN) pursuant to the Nursing Practice Act and the rules and regulations relating to professional nurse education, licensure,

Denton ISD 061901		
PERSONNEL POSITIONS DP (LEGAL)		
		ctice and has been issued a license to practice professional in Texas. <i>19 TAC 153.1022(a)(1)(D)</i>
Licensed Vocational Nurse	supervis	ctice of vocational nursing must be performed under the sion of an RN, physician, physician assistant, podiatrist, or <i>Occupations Code 301.353</i>
		sion is the process of directing, guiding, and influencing the e of an individual's performance of an activity. 22 TAC 2)
Nursing Peer Review Committee	under th	g peer review committee" includes a committee established ne authority of the governing body of a political subdivision purpose of conducting peer review.
	duct nur	n shall establish a nursing peer review committee to con- rsing peer review under Occupations Code Chapter 303 apter 301:
		r vocational nurses, if the person regularly employs, hires, contracts for the services of eight or more nurses; and
	hir	r professional nurses, if the person regularly employs, es, or contracts for the services of eight or more nurses, at ast four of whom are RNs.
	der this	n required to establish a nursing peer review committee un- section may contract with another entity to conduct peer for the person.
	Occupa	tions Code 303.001(4), .0015
	Note:	Education Code 33.002 regarding certified school coun- selors applies only to school districts that apply for, re- ceive, and allocate funds under Education Code 33.002(a).
Certified School Counselor	grades s tary sch	t with 500 or more students enrolled in elementary school shall employ a certified school counselor for each elemen- ool and at least one school counselor for each 500 elemen- ool students [see DBA].
	school g	t with fewer than 500 students enrolled in elementary grades shall provide guidance and counseling services to ary school students by any of the following methods:
	1. En	nploying a part-time certified school counselor.
		nploying a part-time teacher who is also certified as a nool counselor.
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# PERSONNEL POSITIONS

	3. Educ	othe	ering into a shared services agreement with one or more er districts to share a certified school counselor. n Code 33.002
	Note	e <i>:</i>	Education Code 33.006 applies to all districts that employ school counselors.
School Counselor Duties	dents to f		ary responsibility of a school counselor is to counsel stu- fully develop each student's academic, career, personal, al abilities. In addition, a school counselor shall:
	1.	preł	ticipate in planning, implementing, and evaluating a com- nensive developmental guidance program to serve all stu- ts and to address the special needs of students who are:
		a.	At risk of dropping out of school, becoming substance abusers, participating in gang activity, or committing sui- cide;
		b.	In need of modified instructional strategies; or
		C.	Gifted and talented, with emphasis on identifying and serving gifted and talented students who are education-ally disadvantaged;
	2.		sult with students' parents or guardians and make refer- as appropriate in consultation with parents or guardians;
	3.	bers	sult with school staff, parents, and other community mem- s to help them increase the effectiveness of students' edu- on and promote student success;
	4.		ordinate people and resources in the school, home, and nmunity;
	5.	resu	n the assistance of school staff, interpret standardized test ults and other assessment data that help a student make cational and career plans;
	6.	to te	ver classroom guidance activities or serve as a consultant eachers conducting lessons based on the school's guid- e curriculum; and
	7.	son cluc	ve as an impartial, non-reporting resource for interper- al conflicts and discord involving two or more students, in- ling accusations of bullying under Education Code 0832.

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PERSONNEL POSITION	IS	DP (LEGAL)
		ning in item 7, above, exempts a school counselor from any idatory reporting requirements imposed by other provisions of
School Counselor Policy	sper on d scho FFE prov men	bard shall adopt a policy that requires a school counselor to and at least 80 percent of the school counselor's total work time luties that are components of the district's comprehensive bol counseling program under Education Code 33.005. [See A] Time spent in administering assessment instruments or riding other assistance in connection with assessment instru- its, except time spent in interpreting data from assessment in- ments, is not considered time spent on counseling.
	polic and	h school in the district shall implement the policy. A copy of the cy shall be maintained in the office of each school in the district made available on request during regular school hours to dis- employees, parents of district students, and the public.
Exception	or at than that	board determines that, because of staffing needs in the district t a school in the district, a school counselor must spend less 80 percent of the school counselor's total work time on duties are components of the district's comprehensive school coun- ng program, the policy shall:
	1.	Include the reasons why the counselor needs to spend less than 80 percent of the counselor's work time on duties that are components of the counseling program;
	2.	List the duties the counselor is expected to perform that are not components of the counseling program; and
	3.	Set the percentage of work time that the counselor is required to spend on components of the counseling program.
Counselor Contracts	with conf of au requ	strict may not include a provision in an employment contract a school counselor under Education Code Chapter 21 that flicts with the policy or, except as provided below, has the effect uthorizing a school principal or school district superintendent to uire a school counselor to generally perform duties that are not harily related to a counseling function.
	prov ter 2 quiri ily re	strict that complies with the exception above may not include a vision in an employment contract under Education Code Chap- 21 with an affected school counselor that has the effect of re- ing the counselor to generally perform a duty that is not primar- elated to a counseling function unless the duty is specified in district's policy as required above.
Annual Assessment		strict shall annually assess its compliance with its school coun- r policy and, on request by the commissioner, provide a written
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PERSONNEL	POSITIONS
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	copy of the assessment to the Texas Education Agency (TEA) on or before the date specified by the commissioner.
	Education Code 33.006
Nonphysician Mental Health Professional	A school district may employ or contract with one or more nonphy- sician mental health professionals.
	In this section, "nonphysician mental health professional" means:
	<ol> <li>A psychologist licensed to practice in this state and desig- nated as a health-service provider;</li> </ol>
	2. An RN with a master's or doctoral degree in psychiatric nurs- ing;
	3. A licensed clinical social worker;
	4. A professional counselor licensed to practice in this state; or
	5. A marriage and family therapist licensed to practice in this state.
	Education Code 38.0101
	<i>Note:</i> For information about mental health treatment, including counseling, see FFEA.
School Psychological Services	The Texas Behavioral Health Executive Council (TBHEC) has au- thority over the delivery of school psychological services in public schools. Recognizing the purview of the State Board of Education (SBOE) and TEA in safeguarding the rights of school children in Texas, the TBHEC adopts and enforces rules that reflect the occu- pational distinctions between the delivery of school psychological services in public schools and psychological services in the private sector. <i>22 TAC 465.38(a)</i>
Licensed Specialist in School Psychology (LSSP)	Licensed specialist in school psychology (LSSP) means a person who holds a license to engage in the practice of psychology under Occupations Code 501.260. <i>Occupations Code 501.002(2)</i>
	School psychological services may be provided in Texas public schools only by an LSSP or other individual authorized by TBHEC in accordance with TBHEC rules. <i>22 TAC 465.38(e)</i>
Scope of Practice	An LSSP is trained to address psychological and behavioral prob- lems manifested in and associated with educational systems by uti- lizing psychological concepts and methods in programs or actions that attempt to improve the learning, adjustment and behavior of students. These activities include, but are not limited to:

# PERSONNEL POSITIONS

	1.	Addressing special education eligibility;	
	2.	Conducting manifestation determinations;	
	3.	Assisting with the development and implementation of individ- ual educational programs (IEPs);	
	4.	Conducting behavioral assessments; and	
	5.	Designing and implementing behavioral interventions and supports.	
	The assessment of emotional or behavioral disturbance, solely for educational purposes, using psychological techniques and proce- dures is considered the practice of school psychology.		
		SSP may not provide psychological services in any context or acity outside of a public or private school.	
	22 7	ГАС 465.38(b), (c)	
Standards	sch	delivery of school psychological services in Texas public cols shall be consistent with nationally recognized standards for practice of school psychology.	
	Occ	upations Code 501.260(c); 22 TAC 465.38(b)(3)	
Notice of Assignment or Subcontract	An LSSP who contracts with a school to provide school psychologi- cal services must notify the school of any intent or plan to subcon- tract or assign those services to another provider prior to entering into the agreement. An LSSP shall be responsible for ensuring the school psychological services delivered comply with TBHEC stand- ards. 22 TAC 465.38 (e)(3)		
Compliance with Applicable Education Laws	LSSPs shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws af- fecting the practice of school psychology, including, but not limited to:		
	1.	Texas Education Code;	
	2.	Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. 1232g;	
	3.	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.;	
	4.	Texas Public Information Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 552;	
	5.	Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; and	
	6.	Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) 42 U.S.C. 12101.	
	22	TAC 465.38 (f)	
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# PERSONNEL POSITIONS

Principal Qualifications		ddition to the minimal certification requirement, a principal shall e at least:	
	1.	Working knowledge of curriculum and instruction;	
	2.	The ability to evaluate instructional program and teaching ef- fectiveness;	
	3.	The ability to manage budgets and personnel and to coordi- nate campus functions;	
	4.	The ability to explain policy, procedures, and data;	
	5.	Strong communications, public relations, and interpersonal skills;	
	6.	Prior experience in instructional leadership roles; and	
	7.	Other qualifications deemed necessary by the Board and in- cluded in the job description.	
School Counselors	of th	ccordance with law, a school counselor shall spend 80 percent ne counselor's work time on duties that are components of a nprehensive school counseling program (CSCP). [See FFEA]	
	If the Board approves a determination by the administration that due to District or campus staffing needs or other reasons a school counselor is prevented from spending 80 percent of the counse- lor's work time on duties that are components of a CSCP, the Board shall direct the Superintendent to develop a revised job de- scription for the school counselor that addresses the percentage of the school counselor's time that shall be spent on duties related to the components of a CSCP and the duties the school counselor is expected to perform in the remaining work time. The Superinten- dent shall report to the Board regarding adjustments to a school counselor's duties under this provision.		

ADOPTED:

**Please Note:** This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

# SECTION E: INSTRUCTION

EA	INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES
EB	SCHOOL YEAR
EC	SCHOOL DAY
ED	ORGANIZATION OF INSTRUCTION
EE EEA EEB EEC EED EEH EEJ EEL EEM EEP	INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS Grouping for Instruction Class Size Scheduling for Instruction Student Schedules Homebound Instruction Individualized Learning Contracts with Outside Agencies Juvenile Residential Facilities Lesson Plans
EF EFA EFB	INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES Instructional Materials Library Media Programs
EH EHA EHAA EHAB EHAC EHAD EHB EHBA EHBAA EHBAA EHBAA EHBAD EHBAE EHBAF EHBB EHBC EHBD EHBE EHBF EHBG EHBH	CURRICULUM DESIGN Basic Instructional Program Required Instruction (All Levels) Required Instruction (Elementary) Required Instruction (Secondary) Elective Instruction Special Programs Special Education Identification, Evaluation, and Eligibility ARD Committee and Individualized Education Program Students in Non-District Placement Transition Services Procedural Requirements Video/Audio Monitoring Gifted and Talented Students Compensatory/Accelerated Services Federal Title I Bilingual Education/ESL Career and Technical Education Prekindergarten Other Special Populations

**Please Note:** This manual does not have policies in all codes. The coding structure is common to all TASB manuals and is designed to accommodate expansion of both (LEGAL) and (LOCAL) policy topics and administrative regulations.

# SECTION E: INSTRUCTION

EHBI EHBJ EHBK EHBL EHBM EHBN EHD EHDA EHDA EHDB EHDC EHDD EHDE	Adult and Community Education Innovative and Magnet Programs Other Instructional Initiatives High School Equivalency Travel Study Honors Alternative Methods for Earning Credit Summer School Credit by Examination with Prior Instruction Credit by Examination without Prior Instruction College Course Work/Dual Credit Distance Learning
EI	ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT
EIA	Grading/Progress Reports to Parents
EIAA	Examinations
EIAB	Makeup Work
EIB	Homework
EIC	Class Ranking
EID	Honor Rolls
EIE	Retention and Promotion
EIF	Graduation
EK	TESTING PROGRAMS
EKB	State Assessment
EKBA	English Learners/Emergent Bilingual Students
EKC	Reading Assessment
EKD	Mathematics Assessment
EL	CAMPUS OR PROGRAM CHARTERS
ELA	Partnership Charters
EM	MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES
EMA	Academic Freedom
EMB	Teaching About Controversial Issues
EMD	Ceremonies and Observances
EMG	Non-Service Animals
EMI	Study of Religion

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SCHOOL YEAR		EB (LEGAL)	
	Note:	The Board has adopted an <u>innovation plan<sup>1</sup> that affects</u> application of provisions in this legally referenced policy.	
School Start Date	before th year-rou	may not begin instruction for students for a school year ne fourth Monday in August unless the district operates a nd system (see below). A district may not receive a waiver equirement.	
Exceptions	through ally atter does not	that does not offer each grade level from kindergarten grade 12 and whose prospective or former students gener- nd school in another state for the grade levels the district offer may instead start school on any date permitted un- aw of the other state.	
	A district with a student enrollment of 190,000 or more may begin instruction for students for a school year on or after the first Mon- day in August at a campus or at not more than 20 percent of the campuses in the district if:		
	nar can mir	e district at the beginning of the school year provides, fi- need with local funds, days of instruction for students at the npus or at each of the multiple campuses, in addition to the num number of days of instruction required under Educa- n Code 25.081;	
		e campus or each of the multiple campuses are undergoing nprehensive reform, as determined by the board; and	
		najority of the students at the campus or at each of the ltiple campuses are educationally disadvantaged.	
	Educatio	on Code 25.0811	
Length of School Year	Each school year, a district shall operate for at least 75,600 minutes, including time allocated for instruction, intermissions, and recesses for students.		
Exceptions	The commissioner of education may approve the operation of schools for fewer than the number of minutes specified above when disaster, flood, extreme weather conditions, fuel curtailments, or other calamities have caused the closing of schools.		
	district m normal s due to se	mmissioner does not approve reduced operation time, a hay add additional minutes to the end of the district's school hours as necessary to compensate for minutes lost chool closures caused by disaster, flood, extreme weather hs, fuel curtailment, or another calamity.	
	Educatio	on Code 25.081	

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SCHOOL YEAR	EB (LEGAL)		
	The commissioner shall provide for a waiver allowing for fewer minutes of operation and instructional time than required for a district that requires each educator employed by the district to attend an approved school safety training course. <i>Education Code 25.0815(a)</i>		
Last Day of School	A district may not schedule the last day of school for students for a school year before May 15. However, a district that does not offer each grade level from kindergarten through grade 12 and whose prospective or former students generally attend school in another state for the grade levels the district does not offer may schedule the last day of school on any date permitted under Texas law or the law of the other state. <i>Education Code 25.0812</i>		
Optional Flexible Year Program	To enable a school district to provide additional instructional days for an optional extended year program [see EHBC], the school dis- trict may, with the approval of the commissioner, provide a number of days of instruction during the regular school year that is not more than ten days fewer than 180 days. <i>Education Code</i> 29.0821(b)(1)		
No Instruction on Memorial Day	A district may not provide student instruction on Memorial Day. If a district would be required to provide student instruction on Memorial Day to compensate for minutes of instruction lost because of school closures caused by disaster, flood, extreme weather conditions, fuel curtailment, or another calamity, the commissioner shall approve the instruction of students for fewer than the required number of minutes. <i>Education Code 25.081(f)</i>		
Reduction of Funding	The commissioner may proportionally reduce the amount of fund- ing a district receives under Education Code, Chapters 46, 48, or 49 and the average daily attendance calculation for the district if the district operates on a calendar that provides fewer minutes of operation than required. <i>Education Code 25.081(f)</i>		
Exemption	A school district is exempt from the minimum minutes of operation requirement if the district's or program's average daily attendance is calculated in the manner provided below. <i>Education Code</i> 25.081(e)		
	A district or charter school is eligible to earn full average daily at- tendance if the district provides at least 43,200 minutes of instruc- tional time to students enrolled in:		
	<ol> <li>A dropout recovery school or program operating under Educa- tion Code 12.1141(c) or Education Code 39.0548;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>An alternative education program operating under Education Code 37.008;</li> </ol>		

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SCHOOL YEAR	EB (LEGAL)
	<ol> <li>A school program located at a day treatment facility, residen- tial treatment facility, psychiatric hospital, or medical hospital;</li> </ol>
	A school program offered at a correctional facility; or
	<ol> <li>A school operating under the adult high school charter school program.</li> </ol>
	Education Code 48.005(j)
Year-Round Schools	A district may operate its schools year-round on a single or a multi- rack system. If it adopts a year-round system, it may modify:
	. The number of contract days of employees and the number of days of operation, including any time required for staff devel- opment, planning and preparation, and continuing education, otherwise required by law.
	2. Testing dates, data reporting, and related matters.
	The date of the first day of instruction of the school year under Education Code 25.0811 for a school that was operating year- round for the 2000–01 school year.
	<ul> <li>Students' eligibility to participate in extracurricular activities when their calendar track is not in session.</li> </ul>
	Education Code 25.084

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Innovation Plan: <u>http://www.dentonisd.org/doi</u>

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INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS
CLASS SIZE

Teacher-Student Ratio	A district shall employ a sufficient number of certified teachers to maintain an average ratio of not less than one teacher for each 20 students in average daily attendance. <i>Education Code 25.111</i>		
High-Quality Prekindergarten Program	A district operating a prekindergarten program must attempt to maintain an average ratio in any prekindergarten program class of not less than one certified teacher or teacher's aide for each 11 students. <i>Education Code 29.167(d)</i>		
Physical Education	A district's physical education curriculum objectives and goals shall address teacher-student ratios. [See EHAA] <i>Education Code</i> 25.114		
Prekindergarten– Grade 4	derg	strict may not enroll more than 22 students in a class, prekin- garten through fourth grade, except as allowed by the commis- er of education. The limit on class size does not apply during:	
	1.	The last 12 weeks of the school year; or	
	2.	Any 12-week period of the school year selected by a district, if the district's average daily attendance has been adjusted due to a significant percentage of students who are migratory chil- dren under Education Code 48.005(c). A district claiming this exemption must notify the commissioner in writing not later than the 30th day after the first day of the 12-week period.	
Migratory	A "migratory child" is a child or youth who made a qualifying move:		
Definitions	1.	As a migratory agricultural worker or a migratory fisher; or	
	2.	With, or to join, a parent or spouse who is a migratory agricul- tural worker or migratory fisher.	
	A "qualifying move" is a move due to economic necessity:		
	1.	From one residence to another residence; and	
	2.	From one school district to another school district, except in the case of a school district of more than 15,000 square miles, wherein a qualifying move is a distance of 20 miles or more to a temporary residence.	
	fying gag siste proc gag indiv	higratory agricultural worker" is an individual who made a quali- g move in the preceding 36 months and, after doing so, en- ed in new temporary or seasonal employment or personal sub- ence in agriculture, which may be dairy work or the initial cessing of raw agricultural products. If an individual did not en- e in such new employment soon after a qualifying move, such vidual may be considered a migratory agricultural worker if the vidual actively sought such new employment and has a recent	

# INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS CLASS SIZE

	histo mer	bry of moves for temporary or seasonal agricultural employ- it.
	the pora If the the indiv	higratory fisher" is an individual who made a qualifying move in preceding 36 months and, after doing so, engaged in new tem- ary or seasonal employment or personal subsistence in fishing. e individual did not engage in such new employment soon after move, the individual may be considered a migratory fisher if the vidual actively sought such new employment and has a recent bry of moves for temporary or seasonal fishing employment.
	Edu	cation Code 25.112(a), (b); 20 U.S.C. 6399
Exception to Class Size Limits	The commissioner may except a district, on application, from the class size limits above if the limit works an undue hardship on the district. An exception expires at the end of the school year for which it is granted.	
		hool district seeking an exception shall notify the commissioner apply for the exception not later than the later of:
	1.	October 1; or
	2.	The 30th day after the first school day the district exceeds the limit described above.
	Edu	cation Code 25.112(d)–(e)
Notice to Parents	limit or p the	Impus or district that is granted an exception from class size s shall provide written notice of the exception to the parent of erson standing in parental relation to each student affected by exception. The notice must be in conspicuous bold or under- d print and:
	1.	Specify the class for which an exception was granted;
	2.	State the number of children in the class; and
	3.	Be included in a regular mailing or other communication from the campus or district, such as information sent home with students.
	first	notice must be provided not later than the 31st day after the day of the school year or the date the exception is granted, if exception is granted after the beginning of the school year.

Education Code 25.113

## INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS CONTRACTS WITH OUTSIDE AGENCIES

Career and Technology Education	A board may contract with another public school district, public or private post-secondary institution, or trade or technical school that is regulated by the state, as designated in the state plan for career and technology education, to provide career and technology clas- ses for district students. <i>Education Code 29.184(a)</i> [See EHBF]
	In addition, a board may develop and offer a program that provides a rigorous course of study consistent with the required curriculum and under which a student may receive specific education in a ca- reer and technology profession. <i>Education Code 29.187</i> [See also CRB and EHBF]
Students with Disabilities	A district may contract with a public or private facility, institution, or agency inside or outside of Texas for the provision of services to students with disabilities. <i>Education Code 29.008(a)</i> [See EHBA]
Educational Services	A board may contract with a public or private entity for that entity to provide educational services for the district. <i>Education Code 11.157(a)</i>
Pre-K Licensing Standards	If a district contracts with a private entity to operate a prekindergar- ten program, the program shall comply at a minimum with the ap- plicable child-care licensing standards adopted by the Texas De- partment of Family and Protective Services under Human Resources Code 42.042 and the class size requirement for prekin- dergarten classes imposed under Education Code 25.112(a) [see EEB]. <i>Education Code 29.1532(b)</i>
Driver Training Provider	If the district offers a driver education and traffic safety course [see EHAD], the district may contract with a driver training provider that holds a license under Education Code Chapter 1001 to conduct the course. <i>Education Code</i> 29.902(c)(2)
Military Instruction Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps (JROTC)	The secretary of each military department shall establish and main- tain a Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps, organized into units, at public and private secondary educational institutions which apply for a unit and meet the standards and criteria prescribed pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2031.
	Each public secondary educational institution that maintains a unit under this section shall permit membership in the unit to home- schooled students residing in the area served by the institution who are qualified for membership in the unit (but for lack of enrollment in the institution). A student who is a member of a unit pursuant to this subsection shall count toward the satisfaction by the institution concerned of the requirement relating to the minimum number of student members in the unit necessary for the continuing mainte- nance of the unit.
	10 U.S.C. 2031(a)(1), (g)
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INSTRUCTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS CONTRACTS WITH OUTSIDE AGENCIES

**Note:** The provision below applies only to those districts in which military instruction is conducted under state or federal law requiring a district to give bond or otherwise indemnify this state, the United States, or any authorized agency for the care, safekeeping, and return of property furnished.

A board may contract with the proper governmental agency with respect to the teaching of courses in military training, and it may execute, as principal or surety, a bond to secure the contracts to procure arms, ammunition, animals, uniforms, equipment, supplies, means of transportation, or other needed property. *Education Code 29.901* 

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INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES			
School Library	A district possesses significant discretion to determine the content of its school libraries. A district must, however, exercise its discre- tion in a manner consistent with the First Amendment.		
Removal of Library Materials	booł mov acce mov	lents' First Amendment rights are implicated by the removal of ks from the shelves of a school library. A district shall not re- e materials from a library for the purpose of denying students ess to ideas with which the district disagrees. A district may re- e materials because they are pervasively vulgar or based ly upon the educational suitability of the books in question.	
	<u>Bd.</u>	<u>of Educ. v. Pico</u> , 457 U.S. 853 (1982)	
Instructional Materials	Instructional materials selected for use in the public schools shall be furnished without cost to students attending those schools. Ex- cept as provided by Education Code 31.104(d), a district may not charge a student for instructional material or technological equip- ment purchased by the district with the district's technology and in- structional materials allotment [see CMD]. <i>Education Code 31.001</i>		
Parental Access	A parent is entitled to:		
	1.	Review all teaching materials, instructional materials, includ- ing while the child is participating in virtual or remote learning, and other teaching aids used in the classroom of the parent's child;	
	2.	Review each test administered to the child after the test is administered; and	
	3.	Observe virtual instruction while the parent's child is partici- pating in virtual or remote learning to the same extent the par- ent would be entitled to observe in-person instruction of the child.	
	A district shall make teaching materials and tests readily available for parental review and may specify reasonable hours for such re- view.		
Taking Home Materials	dent Subj scho tiona the b	A student's parent is entitled to request that a district allow the stu- dent to take home any instructional materials used by the student. Subject to the availability of the instructional materials, a district or school shall honor the request. A student who takes home instruc- tional materials must return the instructional materials to school at the beginning of the next school day if requested to do so by the student's teacher.	
Students Without Reliable Access to Technology	print	strict must provide the instructional materials to the student in ted format if the student does not have reliable access to tech- gy at the student's home. This requirement does not require a	

# INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

	distr this i	ict to purchase printed copies of instructional materials that the ict would not otherwise purchase. A district may comply with requirement by providing the student a printout of the relevant tronic instructional materials.	
	Edu	cation Code 26.006	
Information Collection and Access U.S. ED–Funded Surveys <i>Consent</i> <i>Required</i>	whol mit to cern the p cipat	student shall be required, as part of any program funded in le or in part by the U.S. Department of Education (ED), to sub- o a survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information con- ing the topics listed at Protected Information, below, without prior consent of the student (if the student is an adult or eman- ted minor), or, in the case of an unemancipated minor, without prior written consent of the parent. <i>20 U.S.C. 1232h(b)</i>	
Parental Inspection	All instructional materials, including teacher's manuals, films, tapes, or other supplementary material, that will be used in connection with any survey, analysis, or evaluation as part of any program funded in whole or in part by the U.S. ED shall be available for inspection by the parents or guardians of the children. <i>20 U.S.C. 1232h(a)</i>		
Information Collection Funded by Other Sources <i>Policies</i>	Except as provided by 20 U.S.C. 1232h(a) or (b) [see U.S. ED Funded Surveys, above], as a condition of receiving funds for a program funded in whole or in part by the U.S. ED, a district shall develop and adopt policies, in consultation with parents, pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1), regarding the following:		
	1.	The parent's right to inspect a survey created by a third party before the survey is administered or distributed by a school to the student and any applicable procedures for granting a re- quest by a parent for reasonable access to such survey within a reasonable period of time after the request is received.	
	2.	A district's arrangements to protect student privacy in the event a survey containing one or more of the items listed un- der Protected Information, below, is administered or distrib- uted to a student.	
	3.	The parent's right to inspect any instructional material used in the educational curriculum for the student and any applicable procedures for granting a request by a parent for reasonable access to instructional material within a reasonable period of time after the request is received.	
	4.	The administration of physical examinations or screenings that a district may administer to the student.	
	5.	The collection, disclosure, or use of personal information col- lected from students for the purpose of marketing or selling	
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# INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

	that information. This provision does not apply to use of per- sonal information collected from students for the exclusive purpose of developing, evaluating, or providing educational products or services for or to students or educational institu- tions, such as recruiters, book clubs, curriculum and instruc- tional materials used by schools, sale by students of products or services to raise funds for school-related or education-re- lated activities, or student recognition programs.			
	6. The parent's right to inspect any instrument used in collection of personal information in item 5 above, before the instrument is administered and any applicable procedures for granting a request by a parent for reasonable access to such instrument within a reasonable period of time after the request is received.			
	A district need not develop and adopt new policies if TEA or the district had in place, on January 8, 2002, policies covering the re- quirements of 20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1). [See CRD, FFAA, FL, and FNG]			
Parental Notification	A district shall provide for reasonable notice of the adoption or con- tinued use of such policies directly to the parents of the students enrolled in schools served by the district. At a minimum, a district shall:			
	<ol> <li>Provide notice at least annually, at the beginning of the school year and within a reasonable time after any substantive change in the policies; and</li> </ol>			
	<ol><li>Offer an opportunity for the parent to opt the student out of participation in an activity described below.</li></ol>			
	A district shall directly notify the parent of a student, at least annu- ally at the beginning of the school year, of the specific or approxi- mate dates during the school year when activities, described be- low, are scheduled or expected to be scheduled. The following activities require notification under this section:			
	<ol> <li>Activities involving the collection, disclosure, or use of per- sonal information collected from students for the purpose of marketing or for selling that information.</li> </ol>			
	2. The administration of any survey containing one or more items described at Protected Information, below.			
	3. Any nonemergency, invasive physical examination or screen- ing that is required as a condition of attendance, administered and scheduled by the school in advance, and not necessary			

## INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES

		to protect the immediate health and safety of the student or of other students.		
	20	U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1)–(4) [See FFAA]		
Protected Information	Pro	Protected information addressed by 20 U.S.C. 1232h includes:		
	1.	Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parents.		
	2.	Mental and psychological problems of the student or the stu- dent's family.		
	3.	Sex behavior and attitudes.		
	4.	Illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, and demeaning behav- ior.		
	5.	Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships.		
	6.	Legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians, and ministers.		
	7.	Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or stu- dent's parent.		
	8.	Income (other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assis- tance under such program).		
	20	U.S.C. 1232h(b), (c)(1)(B)		
"Personal Information" Defined		The term "personal information" means individually identifiable in- formation, including a student's:		
	1.	First and last name;		
	2.	Home or physical address, including street name and city or town;		
	3.	Telephone number; or		
	4.	Social security identification number.		
	20	U.S.C. 1232h(c)(6)(E)		

### CURRICULUM DESIGN BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM

Request for Program	If the parents or guardians of at least 22 students at a school re- quest a transfer for the same school year to another school in the district for the purpose of enrolling in an educational program of- fered at that school, the district shall offer such a program, begin- ning with the following school year, at the school from which the transfers were requested. The program may be offered by telecon- ference.			
	"Educational program" means a course or series of courses in the required curriculum other than a fine arts course or a career and technology course.			
	Education Code 28.003			
Parental Requests	A parent is entitled to request, with the expectation that the request will not be unreasonably denied:			
	1.	The addition of a specific academic class in the course of study of the parent's child in keeping with the required curricu- lum if sufficient interest is shown in the addition of the class to make it economically practical to offer the class.		
	2.	That the parent's child be permitted to attend a class for credit above the child's grade level, whether in the child's school or another school, unless the board or its designated repre- sentative expects that the child cannot perform satisfactorily in the class.		
		decision of the board concerning such a request is final and not be appealed. [See FNG]		
	Edu	cation Code 26.003(a)(3)(A)(B), (b)		
Pandemic Cancellation	A district is not liable for damages or equitable monetary relief aris- ing from a cancellation or modification of a course, program, or ac- tivity of the district if the cancellation or modification arose during a pandemic emergency and was caused, in whole or in part, by the emergency. <i>Education Code 148.004</i>			
Videotape or Recording	A district employee is not required to obtain the consent of a child's parent before the employee may videotape the child or record the child's voice if the videotape or recording is to be used only for a purpose related to regular classroom instruction. <i>Education Code</i> $26.009(b)(3)$			

Purpose	As a condition of accreditation, a district shall provide instruction in the essential knowledge and skills at appropriate grade levels in the foundation and enrichment curriculum. <i>Education Code</i> 28.002(c); 19 TAC 74.1(b)			
	A district shall ensure that all children in the district participate ac- tively in a balanced curriculum designed to meet individual needs. <i>Education Code 28.002(g)</i>			
	Instruction may be provided in a variety of arrangements and set- tings, including mixed-age programs designed to permit flexible learning arrangements for developmentally appropriate instruction for all student populations to support student attainment of course and grade-level standards. <i>19 TAC 74.2</i>			
	A primary purpose of the public school curriculum is to prepare thoughtful, informed citizens who understand the importance of patriotism and can function productively in a free enterprise society with appreciation for the fundamental democratic principles of our state and national heritage.			
	A district shall require the teaching of informed American patriot- ism, Texas history, and the free enterprise system in the adoption of instructional materials for kindergarten through grade 12, includ- ing the founding documents of the United States. In providing in- struction required by the State Board of Education under Education Code 28.002(h-1), regarding the founding documents of the United States, a district shall use those documents as part of the instruc- tional materials for the instruction.			
	Education Code 28.002(h), (h-2)			
Required Curriculum Foundation Curriculum	A district that offers kindergarten through grade 12 shall offer a foundation curriculum that includes:			
	1. English language arts and reading;			
	2. Mathematics;			
	3. Science; and			
	<ol> <li>Social studies, consisting of Texas, United States, and world history; government; geography; and economics with empha- sis on the free enterprise system and its benefits.</li> </ol>			
	Education Code 28.002(a)(1); 19 TAC 74.1(a)(1)			
Enrichment Curriculum	A district that offers kindergarten through grade 12 shall offer an enrichment curriculum that includes:			

	1.	can	guages other than English, to the extent possible. Ameri- Sign Language is a language for these purposes and the ict may offer an elective course in the language;	
	2.	Неа	Ith, with emphasis on:	
		a.	Physical health, including the importance of proper nutri- tion and exercise;	
		b.	Mental health, including instruction about mental health conditions, substance abuse, skills to manage emotions, establishing and maintaining positive relationships, and responsible decision-making; and	
		C.	Suicide prevention, including recognizing suicide-related risk factors and warning signs;	
	3.	B. Physical education;		
	4.	Fine	arts;	
	5.	Care	eer and technical education;	
	6.	Tech	nology applications;	
	7.	tame	gious literature, including the Hebrew Scriptures (Old Tes- ent) and New Testament, and its impact on history and lit- ure; and	
	8.	Pers	sonal financial literacy.	
	Edu	catior	n Code 28.002(a)(2), (e); 19 TAC 74.1(a)(2)	
Digital Citizenship	The State Board of Education by rule shall require each district to incorporate instruction in digital citizenship into the district's curriculum, including information regarding the potential criminal consequences of cyberbullying.			
	"Cyberbullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]			
	"Digital citizenship" means the standards of appropriate, responsi- ble, and healthy online behavior, including the ability to access, an- alyze, evaluate, create, and act on all forms of digital communica- tion.			
	Edu	catior	n Code 28.002(z)	
Positive Character Traits	prov char Sub	ide ir acter chapt	g with the 2021–22 school year, districts are required to istruction in the essential knowledge and skills for positive traits outlined in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 120, er A at least once in the following grade bands: kindergar- e 2, grades 3–5, grades 6–8, and grades 9–12.	

	rang ing kno	ricts may provide the required instruction in a variety of ar- gements, including through a stand-alone course or by integrat- the positive character traits standards in the essential wledge and skills for one or more courses or subject areas at appropriate grade levels.	
	19	TAC 120.1	
Local Credit	A district may offer courses for local credit, at its discretion, in addi- tion to those in the required curriculum, but it may not delete or omit instruction in the foundation and enrichment curricula speci- fied above. <i>Education Code 28.002(f); 19 TAC 74.1(b)</i>		
Local Instructional Plan	A district's local instructional plan may draw on state curriculum frameworks and program standards as appropriate. A district is encouraged to exceed minimum requirements of law and State Board rule.		
Major Curriculum Initiatives	Before the adoption of a major curriculum initiative, including use of a curriculum management system, a district must use cess that:		
	1.	Includes teacher input;	
	2.	Provides district employees with the opportunity to express opinions regarding the initiative; and	
	3.	Includes a meeting of the board at which information regard- ing the initiative is presented, including the cost of the initia- tive and any alternatives that were considered; and members of the public and district employees are given the opportunity to comment regarding the initiative.	
	Edu	cation Code 28.002(g)	
Common Core State Standards	A district may not use common core state standards to comply with the requirement to provide instruction in the essential knowledge and skills at appropriate grade levels. A district may not be required to offer any aspect of a common core state standards curriculum. "Common core state standards" means the national curriculum standards developed by the Common Core State Standards Initia- tive. <i>Education Code 28.002(b-1), (b-3), (b-4)</i>		
Scope and Sequence	a su 28.0 cier the	dopting a recommended or designated scope and sequence for abject in the required curriculum under Education Code 002(a) in a particular grade level, a district shall ensure suffi- at time is provided for teachers to teach and students to learn essential knowledge and skills for that subject and grade level a DG]. <i>Education Code 28.0027(a)</i>	

Coordinated Health Programs	TEA shall make available to each district one or more coordinated health programs in elementary, middle, and junior high school. Each program must provide for coordinating education and services related to:			
	1.	Physical health education, including programs designed to prevent obesity, cardiovascular disease, oral diseases, and Type 2 diabetes and programs designed to promote the role of proper nutrition;		
	2.	Mental health education, including education about mental health conditions, mental health well-being, skills to manage emotions, establishing and maintaining positive relationships, and responsible decision-making;		
	3.	Substance abuse education, including education about alco- hol abuse, prescription drug abuse, and abuse of other con- trolled substances;		
	4.	Physical education and physical activity; and		
	5.	Parental involvement.		
	Education Code 38.013; 19 TAC 102.1031(a)			
	A district shall participate in appropriate training to implement TEA's coordinated health program and shall implement the pro- gram in each elementary, middle, and junior high school in the dis- trict. <i>Education Code 38.014</i>			
	and as a prov velo	rdinated school health programs that are developed by districts that meet TEA criteria may be approved and made available approved programs. Districts must use materials that are ven effective, such as TEA-approved textbooks or materials deped by nationally recognized and/or government-approved en- s. <i>19 TAC 102.1031(c)</i>		
Physical Education	Each district shall establish specific objectives and goals the dis- trict intends to accomplish through the physical education curricu- lum. The physical education curriculum must be sequential, devel- opmentally appropriate, and designed, implemented, and evaluated to enable students to develop the motor, self-manage- ment, and other skills, knowledge, attitudes, and confidence neces- sary to participate in physical activity throughout life.			
	A physical education course shall:			
	1.	Offer students an opportunity to choose among many types of physical activity in which to participate;		
	2.	Offer students both cooperative and competitive games; and		

	3.	Be a	n enjoyable experience for students.	
	clas	s shal ' shall	kly basis, at least 50 percent of a physical education I be used for actual student physical activity and the ac- be, to the extent practicable, at a moderate or vigorous	
Student/Teacher Ratio	The objectives and goals shall include, to the extent practicable, student/teacher ratios [see EEB] that are small enough to enable the district to:			
	1.	-	y out the purposes of and requirements for the physical ation curriculum; and	
	2.	Ensu tion.	re the safety of students participating in physical educa-	
	1 in	a phy	t establishes a student to teacher ratio greater than 45 to sical education class, the district shall specifically identify er in which the safety of the students will be maintained.	
	Edu	cation	Code 25.114, 28.002(d); 19 TAC 74.37	
Classification for Physical Education	A district shall classify students for physical education on the basis of health into one of the following categories:			
	1.	Unre	stricted—not limited in activities.	
	2.		ricted—excludes the more vigorous activities. Restricted sification is of two types:	
		a.	Permanent—A member of the healing arts licensed to practice in Texas shall provide written documentation to the school as to the nature of the impairment and the ex- pectations for physical activity for the student.	
		b.	Temporary—Students may be restricted from physical activity of the physical education class. A member of the healing arts licensed to practice in Texas shall provide written documentation to the school as to the nature of the temporary impairment and the expected amount of time for recovery. During recovery time, the student shall continue to learn the concepts of the lessons but shall not actively participate in the skill demonstration.	
	3.	hibite	oted and remedial—specific activities prescribed or pro- ed for students as directed by a member of the healing icensed to practice in Texas.	
	19 TAC 74.31			

School Health Advisory Council	(SH/ ues <i>catio</i>	AC) to are re on Co	hall establish a local school health advisory council o assist the district in ensuring that local community val- eflected in the district's health education instruction. <i>Edu- de 28.004(a)</i> [See BDF regarding composition of the d FFA regarding federal wellness requirements]
Duties	The	SHA	C's duties include recommending:
	1.	The	number of hours of instruction to be provided in:
		a.	Health education in kindergarten through grade 8; and
		b.	If the district requires health education for high school graduation, health education, including physical health education and mental health education, in grades 9 through 12.
	2.	for s cono diab	cies, procedures, strategies, and curriculum appropriate pecific grade levels designed to prevent physical health cerns, including obesity, cardiovascular disease, Type 2 etes, and mental health concerns, including suicide, ugh coordination of:
		a.	Health education, which must address physical health concerns and mental health concerns to ensure the inte- gration of physical health education and mental health education;
		b.	Physical education and physical activity;
		C.	Nutrition services;
		d.	Parental involvement;
		e.	Instruction on substance abuse prevention;
		f.	School health services, including mental health services;
		g.	A comprehensive school counseling program under Education Code 33.005 [see FFEA];
		h.	A safe and healthy school environment; and
		i.	School employee wellness;
	3.		ropriate grade levels and methods of instruction for hu- sexuality instruction;
	4.	by it	tegies for integrating the curriculum components specified em 2, above, with the following elements in a coordinated bol health program:

		a.	School health services, including physical health ser- vices and mental health services, if provided at a cam- pus by the district or by a third party under a contract with the district;			
		b.	A comprehensive school counseling program under Education Code 33.005 [see FFEA];			
		C.	A safe and healthy school environment; and			
		d.	School employee wellness;			
	5.	betv cies tion	asible, joint use agreements or strategies for collaboration veen the district and community organizations or agen- . Any agreement entered into based on a recommenda- of the SHAC must address liability for the district and imunity organization;			
	6.	ing	ropriate grade levels and curriculum for instruction regard- opioid addiction and abuse and methods for administering opioid antagonist; and			
	7.	Stra	tegies to increase parental awareness regarding:			
		a.	Risky behaviors and early warning signs of suicide risks and behavioral health concerns, including mental health disorders and substance use disorders; and			
		b.	Available community programs and services that ad- dress risky behaviors, suicide risks, and behavioral health concerns.			
	Edu	catio	n Code 28.004(c), (n)			
Recommendations d s s a ti fl ir		rict co col st ctured the h s. The ted in the in	C shall consider and make policy recommendations to the oncerning the importance of daily recess for elementary udents. The SHAC must consider research regarding und and undirected play, academic and social development, health benefits of daily recess in making the recommendate SHAC shall ensure that local community values are reany policy recommendation made to the district concern-nportance of daily recess for elementary school students. <i>n Code 28.004(l)</i>			
	crea ing	ase pa signs	SHAC shall make policy recommendations to the district to in- se parental awareness of suicide-related risk factors and warn- signs and available community suicide prevention services. <i>Ed-</i> <i>tion Code 28.004(o)</i>			

Content of Human Sexuality Instruction	"Human sexuality instruction," "instruction in human sexuality," and "instruction relating to human sexuality" include instruction in repro-			
Definitions	ductive health.			
		riculum materials" includes the curriculum, teacher training erials, and any other materials used in providing instruction.		
	Educ	cation Code 28.004(p)		
Board Selection	The board shall determine the specific content of a district's in- struction in human sexuality. <i>Education Code</i> 28.004(h)			
	The board shall select any instruction relating to human sexual sexually transmitted diseases, or human immunodeficiency vir (HIV) or acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) with the vice of the SHAC. The instruction must:			
	1.	Present abstinence as the preferred choice of behavior for un- married persons of school age;		
	2.	Devote more attention to abstinence than to any other behav- ior;		
	3.	Emphasize that abstinence is the only method that is 100 per- cent effective in preventing pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, infection with HIV or AIDS, and the emotional trauma associated with adolescent sexual activity;		
	4.	Direct adolescents to a standard of behavior in which absti- nence before marriage is the most effective way to prevent pregnancy, sexually transmitted diseases, and infection with HIV or AIDS; and		
	5.	Teach contraception and condom use in terms of human use reality rates instead of theoretical laboratory rates, if instruc- tion on contraception and condoms is included in the curricu- lum.		
	Educ	cation Code 28.004(e)		
Notice to Parents	pare sion struc	re each school year, a district shall provide written notice to a nt of each student enrolled in the district of the board's deci- regarding whether the district will provide human sexuality in- ction to district students. If instruction will be provided, the no- must include:		
	1.	A statement informing the parent of the human sexuality in- struction requirements under state law;		
	2.	A detailed description of the content of the district's human sexuality instruction and a general schedule on which the in- struction will be provided;		

BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM
REQUIRED INSTRUCTION (ALL LEVELS)

	3.	A sta	atement of the parent's right to:
		a.	At the parent's discretion, review or purchase a copy of curriculum materials as provided by Education Code 28.004(j) [see EFA];
		b.	Remove the student from any part of that instruction without subjecting the student to any disciplinary action, academic penalty, or other sanction imposed by the dis- trict or the student's school; and
		C.	Use the grievance procedure or the appeals process un- der Education Code 7.057 concerning a complaint of a violation of these provisions;
	4.	mair be p an ir	atement that any curriculum materials in the public do- n used for the district's human sexuality instruction must osted on the district's internet website, if the district has nternet website, and the internet website address at which curriculum materials are located; and
	5.	men	mation describing the opportunities for parental involve- t in the development of the curriculum to be used in hu- sexuality instruction, including information regarding the C.
	•		may use the grievance procedure at FNG concerning a of a violation of notice requirements.
	Educ	catior	n Code 28.004(i)–(i-1)
Parent Consent Before Instruction	a dis requ ficati than scrib the 1 tion	trict r est fo on or the r ed al 4th o begin	student may be provided with human sexuality instruction, must obtain the written consent of the student's parent. A or written consent may not be included with any other noti- request for written consent provided to the parent, other notice provided under Education Code $28.004(i)$ , de- pove, and must be provided to the parent not later than lay before the date on which the human sexuality instruc- is. The requirements in this paragraph expire August 1, <i>ucation Code <math>28.004(i-2)-(i-3)</math></i>
Condoms			may not distribute condoms in connection with instruction human sexuality. <i>Education Code 28.004(f)</i>
Separate Classes	stud	ents a	t provides human sexuality instruction, it may separate according to sex for instructional purposes. <i>Education 004(g)</i> [See FB regarding single-sex classes under Title

Adoption of Instructional Materials	The board shall adopt a policy establishing a process for the adop- tion of curriculum materials for the district's human sexuality in- struction. The policy must require:			
	1.	the	board to adopt a resolution convening the local SHAC for purpose of making recommendations regarding the curric- n materials;	
	2.	The	local SHAC to:	
		a.	After the board's adoption of the resolution, hold at least two public meetings on the curriculum materials before adopting recommendations; and	
		b.	Provide the adopted recommendations to the board at a public meeting of the board; and	
	3.	tion: the	board, after receipt of the local SHAC's recommenda- s under item 2, above, to take action on the adoption of recommendations by a record vote at a public meeting e BDF].	
	ality		dopting curriculum materials for the district's human sexu- uction, the board shall ensure that the curriculum materi-	
	1.	Bas	ed on the advice of the local SHAC;	
	2.		able for the subject and grade level for which the curricu- materials are intended; and	
	3.		iewed by academic experts in the subject and grade level which the curriculum materials are intended.	
	Edι	icatio	n Code 28.004(e)–(e-1), (e-3)	
Availability of Materials	Curriculum materials proposed to be adopted for the district's hu- man sexuality instruction must be made available as provided be- low, except copyrighted materials must be provided as described by items (2)(a) or (2)(c), as applicable.			
			shall make all curriculum materials used in human sexual- ction available by:	
	1.	For	curriculum materials in the public domain:	
		a.	Providing a copy of the curriculum materials by mail or email to a parent of a student enrolled in the district on the parent's request; and	
		b.	Posting the curriculum materials on the district's internet website, if the district has an internet website; and	

	2.	For copyrighted curriculum materials, allowing a parent of student enrolled in the district to:	а
		<ul> <li>Review the curriculum materials at the student's cam at any time during regular business hours;</li> </ul>	pus
		<ul> <li>Purchase a copy of the curriculum materials from the publisher as provided by the district's purchase agree ment for the curriculum materials; or</li> </ul>	
		c. Review the curriculum materials online through a sec electronic account in a manner that prevents the curri lum materials from being copied and that otherwise c plies with copyright law.	icu-
	or at copy sexu agre rolle als f	burchase agreements entered into, amended, or renewed of er September 1, 2021, if a district purchases from a publish righted curriculum materials for use in the district's human ality instruction, the district shall ensure that the purchase ement provides for a means by which a parent of a student of in the district may purchase a copy of the curriculum mater om the publisher at a price that does not exceed the price baid by the district for the curriculum materials.	her t en- eri-
	Edu	ation Code 28.004(e-2), (j)–(j-1)	
Character Education		trict must adopt a character education program that include blowing positive character education traits and personal sk	
	1.	Courage;	
	2.	Trustworthiness, including honesty, reliability, punctuality, a loyalty;	and
	3.	Integrity;	
	4.	Respect and courtesy;	
	5.	Responsibility, including accountability, diligence, persever ance, self-management skills, and self-control;	ſ <b>-</b>
	6.	Fairness, including justice and freedom from prejudice;	
	7.	Caring, including kindness, empathy, compassion, conside tion, patience, generosity, charity, and interpersonal skills;	era-
	8.	Good citizenship, including patriotism, concern for the com mon good and the community, responsible decision-makin skills, and respect for authority and the law;	
	9.	School pride; and	
	10.	Gratitude.	

In developing or selecting a character education program under Education Code 29.906, a district shall consult with a committee selected by the district that consists of parents of district students, educators, and other members of the community, including community leaders.

The provisions above do not require or authorize proselytizing or indoctrinating concerning any specific religious or political belief.

Education Code 29.906

Human Sexuality Instruction		following process shall apply regarding the adoption of curricu- materials for the district's human sexuality instruction:
	1.	The Board shall adopt a resolution convening the District's school health advisory council (SHAC) to recommend curriculum materials for the instruction.
	2.	The SHAC shall hold at least two public meetings on the cur- riculum materials before adopting recommendations to pre- sent to the Board.
	3.	The SHAC recommendations must comply with the instruc- tional content requirements in law, be suitable for the subject and grade level for which the materials are intended, and be reviewed by academic experts in the subject and grade level for which the materials are intended.
	4.	The SHAC shall present its recommendations to the Board at a public meeting.
	5.	After the Board ensures the recommendations from the SHAC meet the standards in law, the Board shall take action on the recommendations by a record vote at a public meeting.

ADOPTED:

# BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM ELECTIVE INSTRUCTION

Driver Education	traffi	hool district shall consider offering a driver education and c safety course during each school year. If the district offers course, the district may:		
	1.	Conduct the course and charge a fee for the course in the amount determined by TEA to be comparable to the fee charged by a driver education provider that holds a license under Education Code Chapter 1001; or		
	2.	Contract with a driver education provider that holds a license under Education Code Chapter 1001 to conduct the course.		
	Education Code 29.902(c)			
Life Skills Programs	A district may provide an integrated program of educational and support services for students who are pregnant or who are pare If a district provides such a program, the program shall include of the following:			
	1.	Individual counseling, peer counseling, and self-help pro- grams.		
	2.	Career counseling and job readiness training.		
	3.	Day care for the students' children on the campus or at a day care facility in close proximity to the campus.		
	4.	Transportation for children of students to and from the cam- pus or day care facility.		
	5.	Transportation for students, as appropriate, to and from the campus or day care facility.		
	6.	Instruction related to knowledge and skills in child develop- ment, parenting, and home and family living.		
	7.	Assistance to students in the program in obtaining available services from government agencies or community service or- ganizations, including prenatal and postnatal health and nutri- tion programs.		
	supp	strict shall solicit recommendations for obtaining community port for the students and their children in the life skills rams.		
	A district may operate a shared services arrangement program to operate a life skills program for student parents.			
	Education Code 29.085 [See EHBC and FNE]			
School-Based Savings Program		strict may establish a school-based savings program to facili- increased awareness of the importance of saving for higher		

# BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM ELECTIVE INSTRUCTION

education and facilitate personal financial literacy instruction. A dis- trict may offer the program in conjunction with a personal financial literacy course under Education Code 28.0021 [see EHAC].				
		based savings program may, through partnerships with te institutions, promote:		
1.		eral savings, by offering savings accounts or certificates eposit through partner financial institutions; or		
2.	partı mary	ngs dedicated for higher education, by offering through ner institutions the following accounts or bonds the pri- y purpose of which must be to pay expenses associated higher education:		
	a.	An account authorized under Section 529, Internal Reve- nue Code of 1986;		
	b.	A Coverdell education savings account established un- der 26 U.S.C. Section 530;		
	C.	A certificate of deposit;		
	d.	A savings account; and		
	e.	A Series I savings bond.		
A dis	strict	establishing a program:		
1.		l seek to establish partnerships with appropriate institu- that are able to offer an account or bond above; and		
2.	ners	seek to establish partnerships with public sector part- , private businesses, nonprofit organizations, and philan- pic organizations in the community.		
A pa	Irtner	ship established between a district and:		
1.	An a	opropriate institution may allow a student in the program		

- An appropriate institution may allow a student in the program or the student and an adult in the student's family jointly to have an opportunity to establish an account or purchase a bond; and
- 2. An appropriate institution, public sector partner, private business, or nonprofit or philanthropic organization may provide:
  - a. A structure for the management of the program; and
  - b. Incentives that encourage contribution to a school-based account or purchase of a bond, including incentives that provide matching funds or seed funding.

Education Code 28.0024

BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM
ELECTIVE INSTRUCTION

EHAD (LEGAL)

Local Credit Courses	A district may offer courses for local credit in addition to those in the required curriculum. The State Board of Education shall:		
	1.	Be flexible in approving a course for credit for high school graduation; and	
	2.	Approve courses in cybersecurity for credit for high school graduation.	
	Edu	cation Code 28.002(f) [See EIF]	
Apprenticeships	A district may offer a course or other activity, including an appren- ticeship or training hours needed to obtain an industry-recognized credential or certificate, that is approved by the board for credit without obtaining State Board of Education approval if the district meets the requirements in Education Code 28.002(g-1) and (g-2).		
	velo tern sec	strict shall annually report to TEA the names of the locally de- oped courses, programs, institutions of higher education, and in- ships in which the district's students have enrolled under this tion. TEA shall make information provided under this section ilable to other districts.	
	Edu	cation Code 28.002(g-1)–(g-2); 19 TAC 74.11(m)	
Cybersecurity	A district may offer a course in cybersecurity that is approved by the board for credit without obtaining State Board of Education ap- proval if the district partners with a public or private institution of higher education that offers an undergraduate degree program in cybersecurity to develop and provide the course. <i>Education Code</i> 28.002(g-3)		
	cou edu izec	strict shall annually report to TEA the names of cybersecurity rses approved by the board for credit and institutions of higher cation in which the district's students have enrolled as author- l by the above section. TEA shall make information provided er this section available to other districts. <i>19 TAC 74.11(n)</i>	

Denton ISD 061901				
SPECIAL EDUCATIONEHBABARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM(LEGAL				
Admission, Review, and Dismissal Committee	Each district must establish an admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee for each eligible student with a disability and for each student for whom a full individual and initial evaluation is conducted. The ARD committee is the individualized education program (IEP) team defined in federal law and regulations, including 34 C.F.R. 300.321.			
	team whic	i is re h the	ct is responsible for all of the functions for which the sponsible under federal law and regulations and ARD committee is responsible under state law, in the nsibilities listed at 19 Administrative Code 89.105	for ncluding
	19 T.	AC 8	9.1050(a); 34 C.F.R. 300.116(a), .321(a)	
Committee Members			shall ensure that each ARD committee meeting ir following:	cludes
	1.	The	parents of a student with a disability;	
	2.	stud	ast one regular education teacher of the student ent is, or may be, participating in the regular educ ronment);	•
	3.		ast one special education teacher or, if appropria t one special education provider of the student;	te, at
	4.	A re	presentative of the district who:	
		a.	Is qualified to provide or supervise the provision cially designed instruction to meet the unique ne students with disabilities;	
		b.	Is knowledgeable about the general education c lum; and	urricu-
		C.	Is knowledgeable about the availability of resour the district;	ces of
	5.		er individuals who have knowledge or special exp ing the student at the discretion of the district or t	
	6.	of ev	ndividual who can interpret the instructional implice valuation results, who may be a member of the Al are described in items 2–5;	
	7.	The	student, if appropriate;	
	8.	blind	a student with an auditory impairment, including o Iness, a teacher who is certified in the education s with auditory impairments;	

	9.	For a student with a visual impairment, including deaf-blind- ness, a teacher who is certified in the education of students with visual impairments;
	10.	For a student with limited English proficiency, a member of the language-proficiency assessment committee (LPAC), who may also be a member as described at items 2 or 3;
	11.	A representative of any participating agency likely to be re- sponsible for providing transition services for a student, as ap- propriate, and with the consent of the student's parents or a student who has reached the age of majority; and
	12.	When considering initial or continued placement of a student in a career and technical education program, a representative from career and technical education, preferably the teacher.
		U.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(B); 34 C.F.R. 300.321; 19 TAC 75.1023(d)(1), 1050(c)
	teno trict the	strict member of the ARD committee shall not be required to at- d an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, if the parent and the dis- agree in writing that the attendance is not necessary because member's area of the curriculum or related services is not be- modified or discussed during the meeting.
	atte invo curr dist to th	strict member of the ARD committee may be excused from nding an IEP meeting, in whole or in part, when the meeting olves a modification to or discussion of the member's area of iculum or related services if the parent, in writing, and the rict consent to the excusal and the member submits, in writing, he parent and the ARD committee, input into the development he IEP before the meeting.
	20 (	J.S.C. 1414(d)(1)(C); 34 C.F.R. 300.321(e)
Regular Education Teacher	tead ble,	ARD committee is required to include a regular education cher, the regular education teacher must, to the extent practica- be a teacher who is responsible for implementing a portion of child's IEP. <i>Education Code 29.005(a)</i>
Parent Involvement	stuc	strict shall take steps to ensure that one or both parents of a lent with a disability are present at each ARD committee meet- or are afforded an opportunity to participate, including:
	1.	Notifying the parents of the meeting early enough to ensure that they will have an opportunity to attend (the notice shall in- clude the purpose, time, and location of the meeting, who will be in attendance, that persons with knowledge or special ex- pertise may be invited by either the parent or the district, and

		that the Part C service coordinator or other representatives of the Part C system may be invited to the initial meeting for a child previously served under a Part C early childhood inter- vention program); and
	2.	Scheduling the meeting at a mutually agreed on time and place.
	noti invit	e purpose of the meeting is to consider transition services, the ce must also indicate this purpose, indicate that the district will te the student, and identify any other agency that will be invited end a representative.
	34 (	C.F.R. 300.322(a)–(b); 19 TAC 89.1050(d)
Alternative Means of Meeting Participation	othe vide	either parent can attend an ARD meeting, the district must allow er methods of participation, such as through telephone calls or eo conferencing. 20 U.S.C. 1414(f); 34 C.F.R. 300.322(c); 19 C 89.1050(d)
	if a teno mut eph	ARD meeting may be conducted without a parent in attendance district is unable to convince the parents that they should at- d, but the district shall have a record of its attempts to arrange a sually agreed on time and place, such as detailed records of tel- one calls, correspondence, or visits made or attempted and the ults of any of those actions. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.322(d)</i>
Meetings	purp with odic for f	strict shall initiate and conduct ARD committee meetings for the pose of developing, reviewing, and revising the IEP of a child a disability. The committee shall review each child's IEP peri- cally, and, if appropriate, revise the IEP. A meeting must be held this purpose at least once a year. The ARD committee must o determine the child's placement once a year.
	tion as t prov "me pers	neeting" does not include informal or unscheduled conversa- s involving district personnel and conversations on issues such eaching methodology, lesson plans, or coordination of service visions if those issues are not addressed in the child's IEP. A eeting" also does not include preparatory activities that district sonnel engage in to develop a proposal or response to a parent posal that will be discussed at a later meeting.
		U.S.C. 1414(d)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.116(b)(1), .324(b), (c)(1), 1(b)(3)
<i>Meeting at</i> Parent's Request	fron mee	on receipt of a written request for an ARD committee meeting n a parent, the school district must schedule and convene a eting in accordance with the procedures in 19 Administrative de 89.1050(d) or within five school days, provide the parent with

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SPECIAL EDUCATIONEHBABARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM(LEGAL			
	written notice explaining why the district refuses to conver meeting. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(e)</i>	ie a	
Written Notice	If a parent is unable to speak English, a district must provi parent with a written notice regarding the ARD committee required under 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(d) (notice poses of scheduling) or (e)(2) (notice explaining why the d fuses to convene a meeting) in the parent's native language less it is clearly not feasible to do so. If the parent's native language is not a written language, the school district must steps to ensure that the notice is translated orally or by oth means to the parent in his or her native language or other communication so that the parent understands the content notice. <i>19 TAC 89.1050(f)</i>	meeting for pur- listrict re- ge, un- st take her mode of	
Transfer Students	When a student transfers to a new district within the state		
In-State Transfers	same school year and the parents verify that the student v ceiving special education services in the previous district of previous district verifies in writing or by telephone that the was receiving special education services, the new school must meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e) regar provision of special education services. The timeline for co the requirements outlined in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(e)(1) or (2 school days from the date the student is verified as being eligible for special education services.	or the student district rding the ompleting ) is 30	
Transfers from Another State	When a student transfers from a district in another state in same school year and the parents verify that the student verify special education services in the previous district or previous district verifies in writing or by telephone that the was receiving special education services, the new district meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f) regarding the sion of special education services. If the new district deter that an evaluation is necessary, the evaluation is consider individual and initial evaluation and must be completed wit timelines established by 19 Administrative Code 89.1011(c (e). The timeline for completing the requirements in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f)(2), if appropriate, is 30 calendar days from the the completion of the evaluation report. If the school district mines that an evaluation is not necessary, the timeline for ing the requirements outlined in 34 C.F.R. 300.323(f)(2) is school days from the date the student is verified as being eligible for special education services.	vas re- or the student must he provi- mines ed a full thin the c) and F.R. date of ct deter- complet- 30	
	19 TAC 89.1050(j)		
Transfer of Records	The district in which the child enrolls shall take reasonable promptly obtain the child's records, including the IEP and ing documents and any other records relating to the provis	support-	
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	special education or related services to the child, from the previous district.
	The previous district shall take reasonable steps to promptly re- spond to the request from the new district and must furnish the new school district with a copy of the student's records, including the student's special education records, not later than the tenth working day after the date a request for the information is received by the previous school district.
	20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(2)(C)(ii); 34 C.F.R. 300.323(g); 19 TAC 89.1050(j)(3)
Students Who Are Homeless or in Substitute Care	When a student who is homeless or in substitute care transfers into a district after being referred by a previous district for a special ed- ucation evaluation, the receiving district must accept the referral and ensure that any written report of a full individual and initial evaluation must be completed in accordance with the timelines es- tablished in 19 Administrative Code 89.1011 (relating to Full Indi- vidual and Initial Evaluation).
	When a student who is already eligible for special education and is homeless or in substitute care transfers into a district during the school year, the receiving district must ensure that it meets the stu- dent transfer requirements of 19 Administrative Code 89.1050(j) (relating to the Admission, Review, and Dismissal Committee).
	19 TAC 89.1615
Military Dependents	A district shall initially provide comparable services to a military stu- dent with disabilities based on his or her current IEP. This does not preclude the district from performing subsequent evaluations to en- sure appropriate placement of the student. <i>Education Code</i> <i>162.002 art. V, C</i> [See FDD]
Individualized Education Program	A district shall develop, review, and revise an IEP for each child with a disability. 20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(4); 34 C.F.R. 300.320(a)
	At the beginning of each school year, a district shall have in effect, for each child with a disability in its jurisdiction, an IEP. 20 U.S.C. 1414(d)(2)(A); 34 C.F.R. 300.323(a)
	The term "individualized education program" means a written state- ment for each student with a disability that documents the deci- sions of the ARD committee with respect to issues discussed at each committee meeting and includes:
	<ol> <li>A statement of the student's present levels of academic achievement and functional performance;</li> </ol>

- 2. A statement of measurable annual goals, including academic and functional goals;
- A description of how the student's progress toward the annual goals will be measured and when periodic reports on the progress of the student will be provided;
- 4. A statement of the specific special education and related services and supplementary aids and services, based on peerreviewed research to the extent practicable, to be provided to the student;
- 5. A statement of the program modifications or supports for school personnel that will be provided for the student;
- 6. An explanation of the extent, if any, to which the student will not participate with nondisabled students in the regular class and in extracurricular and nonacademic activities;
- 7. The projected dates for initiation of services and modifications and the anticipated frequency, location, and duration of these services and modifications;
- 8. A statement of any individual appropriate and allowable accommodations that are necessary to measure the academic achievement and functional performance of the student on state or district-wide assessments;
- 9. If the ARD committee determines that the student must take an alternative assessment instead of a particular regular state or district-wide assessment, a statement of why the student cannot participate in the regular assessment and why the particular assessment selected is appropriate for the student;
- If the ARD committee determines that a student is in need of extended school year (ESY) services, identification of the goals and objectives that will be addressed during ESY services;
- 11. Beginning not later than when a student reaches 14 years of age and updated annually thereafter, the ARD committee's consideration and decisions regarding the transition issues under 19 Administrative Code 89.1055(h) [see EHBAD];
- 12. Beginning not later than the first IEP to be in effect when the student is 16, or younger if determined appropriate by the ARD committee, and updated annually thereafter, a statement of appropriate measurable postsecondary goals and transition services needed to assist the student in reaching those goals [see EHBAD];

	13.	Beginning not later than one year before the student reaches the age of 17, a statement that the student has been informed of the rights that will transfer to the student upon reaching the age of majority;
	14.	The date of the meeting;
	15.	The name, position, and signature of each member participat- ing in the meeting; and
	16.	An indication of whether the child's parents, the adult student, if applicable, and the administrator agreed or disagreed with the decisions of the ARD committee.
		J.S.C. 1414(d); 34 C.F.R. 300.320; Education Code 005(b-1), .011; 19 TAC 89.1055
	only der disti	written statement of a student's IEP may be required to include information included in the model form developed by TEA un- Education Code 29.0051(a) and posted on the TEA website. A rict may use the model form to comply with the requirements for EP under 20 U.S.C. 1414(d). <i>Education Code 29.005(f)</i> , .0051
IEP Supplement	proo year with the com	each child who was enrolled in a district's special education gram during the 2019–20 school year or the 2020–21 school r, the district is required to prepare a supplement to be included the written statement of the IEP. For more information about required supplement, see Education Code 29.0052 and the missioner rules, when adopted. This requirement expires Sep- ber 1, 2023. <i>Education Code 29.0052</i>
Supplemental Special Education Services	con: may	udent's ARD committee shall develop a student's IEP without sideration of any supplemental special education services that be provided under the program under Education Code Chap- 29, Subchapter A-1.
	sup als i	ARD committee of a student approved for participation in the plemental special education services and instructional materi- program shall provide to the student's parent at an ARD com- ee meeting for the student:
	1.	Information regarding the types of supplemental special edu- cation services available under the program and provided by agency-approved providers for which an account maintained under Education Code 29.042(b) for the student may be used; and
	2.	Instructions regarding accessing the account.

#### SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

The supplemental special education services and instructional materials program expires September 1, 2024.

#### Education Code 29.048

Behavioral Intervention Plan The ARD committee may determine that a behavior improvement plan or a behavioral intervention plan (BIP) is appropriate for a student for whom the committee has developed an IEP. If the committee makes that determination, the BIP shall be included as part of the student's IEP and provided to each teacher with responsibility for educating the student. *Education Code 29.005(g); 19 TAC 89.1055(g)* 

> If a behavior improvement plan or a behavioral intervention plan is included as part of a student's individualized education program, the committee shall review the plan at least annually and more frequently if appropriate to address the safety of the student or others or changes in a student's circumstances that may impact the student's behavior, such as:

- 1. The placement of the student in a different educational setting;
- 2. An increase or persistence in disciplinary actions taken regarding the student for similar types of behavioral incidents;
- 3. A pattern of unexcused absences; or
- 4. An unauthorized unsupervised departure from an educational setting.

### Education Code 29.005(h)

Translation of IEP into Native Language

EP If the parent is unable to speak English and Spanish is the parent's native language, a district shall provide a written or audiotaped copy of the student's IEP translated into Spanish. If the parent's native language is other than Spanish or English, a district shall make a good faith effort to provide a written or audiotaped copy of the student's IEP translated into the parent's native language. *Education Code 29.005(d)* 

A written copy of the student's IEP translated into Spanish or the parent's native language means that all of the text in the student's IEP in English is accurately translated into the target language in written form. The IEP translated into the target language must be a comparable rendition of the IEP in English and not a partial translation or summary of the IEP in English.

An audio recording of the student's IEP translated into Spanish or the parent's native language means that all of the content in the student's IEP in English is orally translated into the target language

	prov mee as th trans	recorded with an audio device. A district is not prohibited from riding the parent with an audio recording of an ARD committee sting at which the parent was assisted by an interpreter as long ne audio recording provided to the parent contains an oral slation into the target language of all of the content in the stu- t's IEP in English.			
	If a parent's native language is not a written language, the district must take steps to ensure that the student's IEP is translated orally or by other means to the parent in his or her native language or other mode of communication.				
	copy mee the s trans	er 34 C.F.R. 300.322(f), a district must give a parent a written y of the student's IEP at no cost to the parent. A school district its this requirement by providing a parent with a written copy of student's IEP in English or by providing a parent with a written slation of the student's IEP in the parent's native language as rided above.			
	19 TAC 89.1050(i)				
Autism/Pervasive Developmental Disorder	follo base prog	students with autism/pervasive developmental disorders, the wing strategies shall be considered by the ARD committee, ed on peer-reviewed, research-based educational gramming practices to the extent practicable and, when ded, addressed in the IEP:			
	1.	Extended educational programming;			
	2.	Daily schedules reflecting minimal unstructured time and ac- tive engagement in learning activities;			
	3.	In-home training and community-based training or viable al- ternatives that assist the student with the acquisition of so- cial/behavioral skills;			
	4.	Positive behavior support strategies based on relevant infor- mation;			
	5.	Beginning at any age, futures planning for integrated living, work, community, and educational environments that consid- ers skills necessary to function in current and postsecondary environments;			
	6.	Parent/family training and support, provided by qualified per- sonnel with experience in Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD);			
	7.	Suitable staff-to-student ratio appropriate to identified activi- ties and as needed to achieve social/behavioral progress			

		based on the student's developmental and learning level (ac- quisition, fluency, maintenance, generalization) that encour-
		ages work towards individual independence;
	8.	Communication interventions, including language forms and functions that enhance effective communication across set- tings;
	9.	Social skills supports and strategies based on social skills as- sessment/curriculum and provided across settings;
	10.	Professional educator/staff support; and
	11.	Teaching strategies based on peer-reviewed, research-based practices for students with ASD.
	one state	e ARD committee determines that services are not needed in or more of the areas in 1–11 above, the IEP shall include a ement reflecting that decision and the basis upon which the ermination was made.
	19 1	TAC 89.1055(e)–(f)
Visual Impairment	ual i ucat	district provides special education services to students with vis- impairments, it shall have written procedures as required in Ed- tion Code 30.002(c)(10) (staff access to resources). <i>19 TAC</i> <i>1075(b)</i>
Collaborative Process	part Dec of th ARI	nembers of the ARD committee shall have the opportunity to icipate in a collaborative manner in developing the IEP. isions of the ARD committee concerning the required elements he IEP shall be made by mutual agreement, if possible. The D committee may agree to an annual IEP or an IEP of shorter ation.
not achieved, the pare opportunity to recess a The period of time for r must not exceed ten so agree otherwise. The A vened meeting at a mu		en mutual agreement about all required elements of the IEP is achieved, the parent who disagrees must be offered a single ortunity to recess and reconvene the ARD committee meeting. period of time for reconvening the ARD committee meeting at not exceed ten school days, unless the parties mutually be otherwise. The ARD committee must schedule the recon- ed meeting at a mutually agreed upon time and place. The op- unity to recess and reconvene is not required when:
	1.	The student's presence on campus represents a danger of physical harm to the student or others;
	2.	The student has committed an expellable offense; or

#### SPECIAL EDUCATION ARD COMMITTEE AND INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAM

	3.	The student has committed an offense that may lead to place- ment in a disciplinary alternative education program. [See FOF]
	cess	se requirements do not prohibit the ARD committee from re- ing an ARD committee meeting for reasons other than the fail- o reach mutual agreement about all required elements of an
	terna and/	ng the recess, the ARD committee members must consider al- atives, gather additional data, prepare further documentation, or obtain additional resource persons who may assist in ena- the ARD committee to reach mutual agreement.
Failure to Reach Agreement	reac dete ARD	ecess is implemented and the ARD committee still cannot h mutual agreement, a district shall implement the IEP it has rmined to be appropriate for the student. Each member of the committee who disagrees with the IEP developed by the ARD mittee is entitled to include a statement of disagreement in the
	the p mem opec	e IEP is not developed by agreement, the written statement of program must include the basis of the disagreement. Each ober of the ARD committee who disagrees with the IEP devel- d by the committee is entitled to include a statement of disa- ment in the written statement of the program.
	Educ	cation Code 29.005(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(g)
Modification of Existing IEP	tee c	nges to the IEP may be made either by the entire ARD commit- or by amending the IEP by agreement, rather than redrafting entire IEP.
	trict i maki	the annual IEP meeting for a school year, the parent and dis- may agree not to convene an IEP meeting for the purposes of ing changes to the IEP and instead may develop a written doc- nt to amend or modify the child's current IEP.
	•	n request, a parent shall be provided with a revised copy of the with amendments incorporated.
		e extent possible, a district shall encourage the consolidation evaluation meetings for the child and other ARD meetings for thild.
	20 U	.S.C. 1414(d)(3)(D)–(F); 34 C.F.R. 300.324(a)(4)–(6)
Teacher Access to IEP	tion f	n district must ensure that each teacher who provides instruc- to a student with a disability has access to relevant sections of student's current IEP, is informed of the teacher's specific re-

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	port	nsibilities related to implementation of the IEP, and ha unity to request assistance regarding implementation lent's IEP. <i>19 TAC 89.1075(c)</i>	•
Teacher Request to Review IEP		h district shall develop a process to be used by a teac ructs a student with a disability in a regular classroom	
	1.	To request a review of the student's IEP;	
	2.	To provide input in the development of the student's	IEP;
	3.	That provides for a timely district response to the tea quest; and	icher's re-
	4.	That provides for notification to the student's parent guardian of that response.	or legal
	Edu	cation Code 29.001(11); 19 TAC 89.1075(d)	

# SPECIAL PROGRAMS GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS

	and den	strict shall establish a process for identifying and serving gifted talented students and shall establish a program for those stu- ts in each grade level. Under this provision, a district may es- ish a shared services arrangement with other districts.		
	A district shall adopt a policy regarding the use of funds to support the district's program for gifted and talented students.			
	Edu	cation Code 29.122		
Definition	at o of a	ted and talented student" means a child or youth who performs r shows the potential for performing at a remarkably high level ccomplishment when compared to others of the same age, ex- ence, or environment and who:		
	1.	Exhibits high performance capability in an intellectual, crea- tive, or artistic area;		
	2.	Possesses an unusual capacity for leadership; or		
	3.	Excels in a specific academic field.		
	Edu	cation Code 29.121		
Identification		Students shall be identified as gifted/talented in accordance with a written policy that includes:		
	1.	Provisions for ongoing screening and selection of students who perform or show potential for performing at remarkably high levels of accomplishment in the areas defined in Educa- tion Code 29.121.		
	2.	Assessment measures collected from multiple sources ac- cording to each area defined in the Texas State Plan for the Education of Gifted/Talented Students.		
	3.	Data and procedures designed to ensure that students from all populations in a district have access to assessment and, if identified, to services provided for the gifted/talented program.		
	4.	Provisions for final selection of students to be made by a committee of at least three local district educators who have received training in the nature and needs of gifted students.		
	5.	Provisions regarding furloughs, reassessment, exiting of stu- dents from program services, transfer students, and appeals of district decisions regarding program placement.		
	19 TAC 89.1			

# SPECIAL PROGRAMS GIFTED AND TALENTED STUDENTS

Learning Opportunities	gifte	A district shall provide an array of learning opportunities for gifted/talented students in kindergarten through grade 12 and shall inform parents of the opportunities. Options shall include:	
	1.	stud	ructional and organizational patterns that enable identified lents to work together as a group, to work with other stu- ts, and to work independently.
	2.		ontinuum of learning experiences that leads to the devel- nent of advanced-level products and performances.
	3.	to th	chool, and when possible, out-of-school options relevant ne student's area of strength that are available during the re school year.
	4.	Орр	portunities to accelerate in areas of strength.
	19	19 TAC 89.3	
	Not	te:	See DMA(LEGAL) for training requirements for teachers of gifted and talented education.

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Compensatory Education Allotment Census Block	On a schedule determined by the commissioner of education and in accordance with Education Code 48.104, each district shall report to the agency the census block group in which each student enrolled in the district who is educationally disadvantaged resides. <i>Education Code 48.104(i)</i>			
Use		east 55 percent of the district's compensatory education funds st be used to:		
	1.	Fund supplemental programs and services, including services provided by an instructional coach, designed to eliminate any disparity in performance on assessment instruments adminis- tered under Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B or dis- parity in the rates of high school completion between:		
		<ul> <li>Students who are educationally disadvantaged and stu- dents who are not educationally disadvantaged; and</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Students at risk of dropping out of school, as defined be- low, and all other students; or</li> </ul>		
	2.	Support a program eligible under Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 [see AID], and its subse- quent amendments, and by federal regulations implementing that Act.		
	Edu	ucation Code 48.104(k)		
Dropout Prevention Strategies	sior mar cati	istrict with a high dropout rate, as determined by the commis- ner, shall submit a plan to the commissioner describing the nner in which the district intends to use its compensatory edu- ion allotment for developing and implementing research-based ategies for dropout prevention.		
	A district shall submit the plan not later than December 1 of each school year preceding the school year in which the district will re- ceive the compensatory education allotment to which the plan ap- plies.			
	dist	istrict may not spend or obligate more than 25 percent of the trict's compensatory education allotment unless the commisner approves the plan.		
	A di	istrict's plan shall:		
	1.	Design a dropout recovery plan that includes career and tech- nology education courses or technology applications courses that lead to industry or career certification;		

	2.	egie	grate into the dropout recovery plan research-based strat- s to assist students in becoming able academically to pur- postsecondary education, including:
		a.	High-quality, college readiness instruction with strong ac- ademic and social supports;
		b.	Secondary to postsecondary bridging that builds college readiness skills, provides a plan for college completion, and ensures transition counseling; and
		C.	Information concerning appropriate supports available in the first year of postsecondary enrollment to ensure postsecondary persistence and success, to the extent funds are available for the purpose; and
	3.	inclu	to offer advanced academic and transition opportunities, ding dual credit courses and college preparatory courses, as advanced placement courses.
		rdan	may enter into a partnership with a public junior college in ce with Education Code 29.402 [see GNC] in order to ful-
	•		am designed to fulfill a plan must comply with the re- ts of Education Code 29.081(e) and (f).
	Educ	catior	n Code 29.918
Educationally Disadvantaged Students Student Eligibility	cour ant t quire	ited to o Edu emen	sidered educationally disadvantaged in order to be o generate the compensatory education allotment pursu- ucation Code 48.104, a student must meet the income re- ts for eligibility under the National School Lunch Program authorized by 42 U.S.C. 1751, et seq.
	of re	ceivir	nay use the following approved methods for the purpose ng the compensatory education allotment pursuant to Ed- ode 48.104:
	1.		ent certification, where the parent or guardian asserts ting the income requirements for eligibility;
	2.	dren hold	ct certification, where the process by which eligible chil- are certified for free meals without the need for a house- application based on household participation in one or e federal assistance programs; or
	3.	stud	ct verification, where public records are used to verify a ent's eligibility for free or reduced-price meals when verifi- on of student eligibility is required.
	19 T.	AC 6	1.1027(a)

Virtual School Network	clair state vant enha netw	ricts must request prior approval from the commissioner to in students receiving a full-time virtual education through the e virtual school network in their counts of educationally disad- aged students. The request must include a plan detailing the anced services to be delivered to full-time state virtual school work students and submitted in a manner and with a deadline cified by the commissioner. <i>19 TAC 61.1027(b)(3)(B)</i>
Definition of At-Risk Student		dent at risk of dropping out of school" includes each student is under 26 years of age and who:
	1.	Except as provided by TEA rule or if retained in prekindergar- ten under Education Code 28.02124 [see EIE], was not ad- vanced from one grade level to the next for one or more school years, unless the student did not advance from prekin- dergarten or kindergarten to the next grade level only as a re- sult of the request of the student's parent;
	2.	If the student is in grades 7–12, did not maintain an average equivalent to 70 on a scale of 100 in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum during a semester in the preceding or current school year, or is not maintaining such an average in two or more subjects in the foundation curriculum in the current semester;
	3.	Did not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instru- ment and who has not in the previous or current school year subsequently performed on that instrument or another appro- priate instrument at a level equal to at least 110 percent of the level of satisfactory performance on that instrument;
	4.	If the student is in prekindergarten, kindergarten, or grades 1–3, did not perform satisfactorily on a readiness test or assessment instrument administered during the current school year;
	5.	Is pregnant or is a parent;
	6.	Has been placed in a DAEP in accordance with Education Code 37.006 during the preceding or current school year;
	7.	Has been expelled in accordance with Education Code 37.007 during the preceding or current school year;
	8.	Is currently on parole, probation, deferred prosecution, or other conditional release;
	9.	Was previously reported through the Public Education Infor- mation Management System (PEIMS) to have dropped out of school;

	10.	Is an emergent bilingual student, as defined by Section 29.052;
	11.	Is in the custody or care of the Department of Family and Pro- tective Services or has, during the current school year, been referred to the department by a school official, officer of the ju- venile court, or law enforcement official;
	12.	Is homeless [see FD];
	13.	Resided in the preceding school year or resides in the current school year in a residential placement facility in a district, in- cluding a detention facility, substance abuse treatment facility, emergency shelter, psychiatric hospital, halfway house, cot- tage home operation, specialized child-care home, or general residential operation;
	14.	Has been incarcerated, or has a parent or guardian who has been incarcerated, within the lifetime of the student, in a penal institution as defined by Penal Code 1.07; or
	15.	Is enrolled in a district or a campus that is designated as a dropout recovery school under Education Code 39.0548.
	Edu	cation Code 29.081(d)(1)
	adul ter s	ardless of the student's age, a student who participates in an t education program provided under the adult high school char- chool program is considered a "student at risk of dropping out gh school." <i>Education Code 29.081(d)(2)</i>
Local Eligibility Criteria	In addition to students described above, a student who satisfies lo- cal eligibility criteria adopted by a board may receive compensatory education services. The number of students receiving services un- der local eligibility criteria during a school year may not exceed ten percent of the number of students described above who received services from the district during the preceding school year. <i>Educa- tion Code 29.081(g)</i>	
Designing and Implementing Services	asse plerr struc the s	strict shall use student performance data from state basic skills essment instruments and achievement tests to design and im- nent appropriate compensatory, intensive, or accelerated in- ctional services for students in the district's schools that enable students to perform at grade level at the conclusion of the next lar school term. <i>Education Code 29.081(a)</i>

Services After Unsatisfactory Performance on	A district shall establish an accelerated learning committee for each student who does not perform satisfactorily on the following state assessment instruments [see EKB]:		
State Assessments Accelerated Learning Committee	1.	The third grade mathematics or reading assessment;	
	2.	The fifth grade mathematics or reading assessment; or	
	3.	The eighth grade mathematics or reading assessment.	
	Edu	cation Code 28.0211(a)	
Composition	cipa and which noti the	accelerated learning committee shall be composed of the prin- al or the principal's designee, the student's parent or guardian, the teacher of the subject of an assessment instrument on ch the student failed to perform satisfactorily. The district shall fy the parent or guardian of the time and place for convening accelerated learning committee and the purpose of the commit- <i>Education Code 28.0221(c)</i>	
Educational Plan	An accelerated learning committee shall, not later than the start of the subsequent school year, develop an educational plan for the student that provides the necessary accelerated instruction to ena- ble the student to perform at the appropriate grade level by the conclusion of the school year. The educational plan must be docu- mented in writing, and a copy must be provided to the student's parent or guardian.		
	that plar stru time	ing the school year, the student shall be monitored to ensure the student is progressing in accordance with the educational a. The district shall administer to the student the assessment in- ment for the grade level in which the student is placed at the the district regularly administers the assessment instruments that school year.	
	dure	board shall adopt a policy consistent with the grievance proce- e adopted under Education Code 26.011 [see FNG] to allow a ent to contest the content or implementation of an educational n.	
	Edu	cation Code 28.0211(f)–(f-3)	
Failure in a Subsequent School Year	If a student who fails to perform satisfactorily on the third, fifth, or eighth grade math or reading assessment fails in the subsequent school year to perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument in the same subject, the superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, shall meet with the student's accelerated learning com- mittee to:		
	1.	Identify the reason the student did not perform satisfactorily; and	
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	2. Determine, in order to ensure the student performs satisfacto- rily on the assessment instrument at the next administration of the assessment instrument, whether the educational plan de- veloped for the student must be modified to provide the nec- essary accelerated instruction for that student and any addi- tional resources are required for that student.
	The superintendent's designee may be an employee of a regional education service center and may not be a person who served on the student's accelerated learning committee.
	Education Code 28.0211(f-4)–(f-5)
ARD Meeting	The admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee of a stu- dent who does not perform satisfactorily on a third, fifth, or eighth grade math or reading assessment must meet to determine the manner in which the student will participate in an accelerated in- struction program. <i>Education Code 28.0211(i)</i>
Parent Request	Each district shall establish a process allowing for the parent or guardian of a student who fails to perform satisfactorily on a third, fifth, or eighth grade math or reading assessment to make a request for district consideration that the student be assigned to a particular classroom teacher in the applicable subject area for the subsequent school year, if more than one classroom teacher is available. <i>Education Code 28.0211(a-5)</i>
Classroom Assignment	A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on a third, fifth, or eighth grade math or reading assessment and is promoted to the next grade level must be assigned in the subsequent school year in each subject in which the student failed to perform satisfactorily on the applicable assessment instrument to an appropriately certi- fied teacher who meets all state and federal qualifications to teach that subject and grade.
	In a manner consistent with federal law and notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner may waive the requirement regarding the assignment of a student to an appropriately certified classroom teacher on the request of a district.
	Education Code 28.0211(n)–(n-1)
Accelerated Instruction	Each time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on a state as- sessment instrument in the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, or eighth grade [see EKB], the district in which the student attends school shall provide to the student accelerated instruction in the applicable subject area during the subsequent summer or school year and either:

	1.	Allow the student to be assigned a classroom teacher who is certified as a master, exemplary, or recognized teacher under the local optional teacher designation system [see DEAA] for the subsequent school year in the applicable subject area; or
	2.	Provide the student supplemental instruction under Education Code 28.0211(a-4) [see below].
Participation Requirements	may	elerated instruction provided during the following school year require participation of the student before or after normal pol hours.
	stud in th	roviding accelerated instruction, a district may not remove a lent, except under circumstances for which a student enrolled le same grade level who is not receiving accelerated instruction Id be removed, from:
	1.	Instruction in the foundation curriculum and enrichment curric- ulum adopted under Education Code 28.002 [see EHA series] for the grade level in which the student is enrolled; or
	2.	Recess or other physical activity that is available to other stu- dents enrolled in the same grade level.
Supplemental Instruction Requirements	Coro Act, Plar	district receives funding under Education Code 29.0881, the onavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations 2021 (Div. M, Pub. L. No. 116-260), or the American Rescue Act of 2021 (Pub. L. No. 117-2), then supplemental instruction rided by a district must:
	1.	Include targeted instruction in the essential knowledge and skills for the applicable grade levels and subject area;
	2.	Be provided in addition to instruction normally provided to stu- dents in the grade level in which the student is enrolled;
	3.	Be provided for no less than 30 total hours during the subse- quent summer or school year and, unless the instruction is provided fully during summer, include instruction no less than once per week during the school year;
	4.	Be designed to assist the student in achieving satisfactory performance in the applicable grade level and subject area;
	5.	Include effective instructional materials designed for supple- mental instruction;
	6.	Be provided to a student individually or in a group of no more than three students, unless the parent or guardian of each student in the group authorizes a larger group;

	<ol> <li>Be provided by a person with training in the applicable in- structional materials for the supplemental instruction and un- der the oversight of the district; and</li> </ol>
	8. To the extent possible, be provided by one person for the en- tirety of the student's supplemental instruction period.
	Education Code 28.0211(a-1)–(a-4)
Transportation	A district shall provide students required to attend the accelerated programs described above with transportation to those programs if the programs occur outside of regular school hours. <i>Education Code 28.0211(j)</i>
Notice to Parents of Performance and Accelerated Instruction	Whenever a district is required to notify a parent or guardian about the requirements related to promotion and accelerated instruction, the district shall make a good-faith effort to ensure that the notice is provided either in person or by regular mail, is clear and easy to understand, and is written in English or in the parent or guardian's native language. <i>Education Code 28.0211 (h)</i>
Assessments Not Required	Education Code 28.0211 does not require the administration of a fifth or eighth grade assessment instrument in a subject under Education Code 39.023(a) to a student enrolled in the fifth or eighth grade, as applicable, if the student:
	<ol> <li>Is enrolled in a course in the subject intended for students above the student's grade level and will be administered an assessment instrument adopted or developed under Educa- tion Code 39.023(a) [see EKB] that aligns with the curriculum for the course in which the student is enrolled; or</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Is enrolled in a course in the subject for which the student will receive high school academic credit and will be administered an end-of-course assessment instrument [see EKB] for the course.</li> </ol>
	Notwithstanding any other provision of Education Code 28.0211, the student may not be denied promotion on the basis of failure to perform satisfactorily on an assessment instrument not required to be administered to the student, nor may a student in grade 5 or grade 8 be denied promotion to the next grade on the basis of fail- ure to perform satisfactorily on a reading or mathematics assess- ment instrument intended for use above the student's grade level.
	Education Code 28 0211(a) (n)

Education Code 28.0211(o)–(p)

Accelerated Instruction After EOC Assessments	A district shall provide accelerated instruction to an enrolled stu- dent who has taken an end-of-course (EOC) assessment instru- ment and has not performed satisfactorily or who is at risk of drop- ping out of school.
	A district shall offer before the next scheduled administration of the assessment instrument, without cost to the student, additional accelerated instruction to each student in any subject in which the student failed to perform satisfactorily on an end-of-course assessment instrument required for graduation.
	A district that is required to provide accelerated instruction must separately budget sufficient funds for that purpose. [See CE]
	A district shall evaluate the effectiveness of accelerated instruction programs and annually hold a public hearing to consider the results.
	Education Code 29.081(b), (b-1), (b-2), (b-3), 39.025(b-1)
	Each time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on an assess- ment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(c), the district in which the student attends school shall provide to the student accelerated instruction in the applicable subject area.
	Accelerated instruction may require participation of the student be- fore or after normal school hours and may include participation at times of the year outside normal school operations and must com- ply with the requirements for accelerated instruction provided un- der Education Code 28.0211 [see above].
	Education Code 28.0217
Effectiveness	A district shall evaluate and document the effectiveness of the ac- celerated instruction in reducing any disparity in performance on state assessment instruments or disparity in the rates of high school completion between students at risk of dropping out of school and all other district students. <i>Education Code 29.081(c)</i>
Dropout Recovery Education Programs	A district may use a private or public community-based dropout re- covery education program to provide alternative education pro- grams for students at risk of dropping out of school. The program may be offered at a campus or through the use of an online pro- gram that leads to a high school diploma and prepares the student to enter the workforce. A campus-based dropout recovery educa- tion program must meet the criteria set forth at Education Code 29.081(e-1)(1)-(5). An online dropout recovery education program must meet the criteria set forth at Education Code $29.081(e-2)(1)-(8)$ .

	Students in attendance at a dropout recovery education program shall be included in a district's average daily attendance for funding purposes.
	Education Code 29.081(e)–(f)
Communities in Schools	An elementary or secondary school receiving funding under Edu- cation Code 33.156 shall participate in the Communities in Schools (CIS) program if the number of students enrolled in the school who are at risk of dropping out of school is equal to at least ten percent of the number of students in average daily attendance at the school, as determined by TEA. <i>Education Code 33.157</i>
Optional Extended Year Program	A district may set aside an amount from the district's compensatory education allotment or may apply to the agency for funding of an extended year program. <i>Education Code 29.082(a); 19 TAC 105.1001</i>
Optional Flexible Year Program	A district may provide an optional flexible year program (OFYP) for students who did not or are not likely to perform successfully on state assessment instruments or who would not otherwise be pro- moted to the next grade level. <i>Education Code 29.0821; 19 TAC</i> <i>129.1029</i>
Optional Flexible School Day Program	Notwithstanding Education Code 25.081 or 25.082, a district may apply to the commissioner to provide a flexible school day program (OFSDP) for students who:
	<ol> <li>Have dropped out of school or are at risk of dropping out of school as defined by Education Code 29.081;</li> </ol>
	2. Attend a campus that is implementing an innovative redesign of the campus or an early college high school under a plan approved by the commissioner; or
	3. As a result of attendance requirements under Education Code 25.092, will be denied credit for one or more classes in which the students have been enrolled.
	Education Code 29.0822
	A district may apply to the commissioner to provide an OFSDP for students, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 129.1027.
	A board must approve the application. The board must include the OFSDP as an item on the regular agenda for a board meeting in compliance with 19 Administrative Code 129.1027(h)(2) before applying to operate an OFSDP. The application shall include the information described in 19 Administrative Code 129.1027.
	19 TAC 129.1027(c)

Tutorial Services	trict grad lent	provid le in a of 70	may provide tutorial services at district schools. If a dis- des tutorial services, it shall require a student whose a subject for a reporting period is lower than the equiva- on a scale of 100 to attend tutorials. [See EC for provi- oss of class time.]			
	dent	s who	may provide transportation services to accommodate stu- o are required to attend tutorials and who are eligible for ansportation.			
	Edu	catior	n Code 29.084			
Basic Skills Programs	prog ficie grad	A district may apply to the commissioner for funding of basic skills programs for students in grade 9 who are at risk of not earning suf- ficient credit or who have not earned sufficient credit to advance to grade 10 and who fail to meet minimum skills levels established by the commissioner.				
			consent of a student's parent or guardian, a district may student to the basic skills program.			
			kills program may not exceed 210 instructional days and et the requirements set forth at Education Code 29.086.			
	Edu	catior	n Code 29.086(a)			
After-School and Summer Intensive Mathematics and	tens	ive pr	may provide an intensive after-school program or an in- ogram during the period that school is recessed for the o provide mathematics and science instruction to:			
Science Programs	1.		lents who are not performing at grade level in mathemat- or science to assist those students in performing at grade l;			
	2.	ics c	lents who are not performing successfully in a mathemat- course or science course to assist those students in suc- fully completing the course; or			
	3.	Other students as determined by the district.				
	Befo	Before providing a program, a board must adopt a policy for:				
	1.	Dete that:	ermining student eligibility for participating in the program			
		a.	Prescribes the grade level or course a student must be enrolled in to be eligible; and			
		b.	Provides for considering teacher recommendations in determining eligibility;			

	2.		uring that parents of or persons standing in parental rela- to eligible students are provided notice of the program;
	3.		uring that eligible students are encouraged to attend the gram;
	4.		uring that the program is offered at one or more locations ne district that are easily accessible to eligible students;
	5.	Mea	asuring student progress on completion of the program.
	Edu	catio	n Code 29.088, .090; 19 TAC 102.1041
Mentoring Services Program	risk or n	of dro onpro	may provide a mentoring services program to students at opping out of school. A board may arrange for any public ofit community-based organization to come to the district's and implement the program.
			shall obtain the consent of a student's parent or guardian lowing the student to participate in the program.
	Edu	catio	n Code 29.089
Accelerated Reading Instruction Program	grar cien grac sult ties	n tha icies de wh s [see	shall implement an accelerated reading instruction pro- t provides reading instruction that addresses reading defi- to each student in kindergarten, first grade, or second to is determined, on the basis of reading instrument re- e EKC], to be at risk for dyslexia or other reading difficul- district shall determine the form, content, and timing of the
	tion [see	to ea e EKC	shall provide additional reading instruction and interven- ich student given the seventh grade reading assessment C], as appropriate to improve the student's reading skills in ant areas identified through the assessment instrument.
	Edu	catio	n Code 28.006(g), (g-1)
Intensive Program of Instruction State Assessments	who mer fifth	does t or is scho	shall offer an intensive program of instruction to a student s not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instru- s not likely to receive a high school diploma before the ol year following the student's enrollment in grade 9, as ed by the district.
	The	prog	ram shall be designed to:
	1.	Ena	ble the student to:
		a.	To the extent practicable, perform at the student's grade level at the conclusion of the next regular school term; or

		b.	Attain a standard of annual growth specified by a district and reported by the district to TEA; and
	2.		plicable, carry out the purposes of Education Code 211. [See EIE]
Students Receiving Special Education Services	sati: uca	sfacto tion C	dent in a special education program who does not perform orily on an assessment instrument administered under Ed- code 39.023(a), (b), or (c), the student's admission, re- dismissal committee shall design the program to:
	1.	the	ble the student to attain a standard of annual growth on basis of the student's individualized education program ); and
	2.		plicable, carry out the purposes of Education Code 211. [See EIE]
Graduation Requirements	tens stru	sive p ction	shall use funds appropriated by the legislature for an in- rogram of instruction to plan and implement intensive in- and other activities aimed at helping a student satisfy local high school graduation requirements.
No Cause of Action	prog	gram	s determination of the appropriateness of an intensive of instruction for a student is final and does not create a action.
	Edu	catio	n Code 28.0213
College Preparatory Courses	Eac catio	h dist on to	n Code 28.0213 rict shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- develop and provide courses in college preparatory math- and English language arts. The courses must be designed:
	Eac catio	h dist on to atics a	rict shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- develop and provide courses in college preparatory math-
	Eac catio ema	h dist on to atics a	rict shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- develop and provide courses in college preparatory math- and English language arts. The courses must be designed:
	Eac catio ema	h dist on to atics a For	rict shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- develop and provide courses in college preparatory math- and English language arts. The courses must be designed: students at the 12th grade level whose performance on: An end-of-course assessment instrument required under Education Code 39.023(c) does not meet college readi-
	Eac catio ema	h diston to atics a For a. b.	rict shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- develop and provide courses in college preparatory math- and English language arts. The courses must be designed: students at the 12th grade level whose performance on: An end-of-course assessment instrument required under Education Code 39.023(c) does not meet college readi- ness standards; or Coursework, a college entrance examination, or an as- sessment instrument designated under Education Code 51.334 [Texas Success Initiative (TSI) assessment] indi- cates that the student is not ready to perform entry-level
	Eac catio ema 1. 1. 2. A cc ing t prov	h dist on to atics a For a. b. To p course the co	rict shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- develop and provide courses in college preparatory math- and English language arts. The courses must be designed: students at the 12th grade level whose performance on: An end-of-course assessment instrument required under Education Code 39.023(c) does not meet college readi- ness standards; or Coursework, a college entrance examination, or an as- sessment instrument designated under Education Code 51.334 [Texas Success Initiative (TSI) assessment] indi- cates that the student is not ready to perform entry-level college coursework; and

Faculty	Appropriate faculty of each high school offering courses and appro- priate faculty of each institution of higher education with which the district partners shall meet regularly as necessary to ensure that each course is aligned with college readiness expectations.
Notice	Each district shall provide a notice to each eligible student and the student's parent or guardian regarding the benefits of enrolling in a course.
Credit Earned	A student who successfully completes an English language arts course may use the credit earned toward satisfying the advanced English language arts curriculum requirement for the foundation high school program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(1). A student who successfully completes a mathematics course may use the credit earned in the course toward satisfying an advanced mathematics curriculum requirement under Education Code 28.025 after completion of the mathematics curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(2).
Dual Credit	A course may be offered for dual credit at the discretion of the insti- tution of higher education with which a district partners.
Instructional Materials	Each district, in consultation with each institution of higher educa- tion with which the district partners, shall develop or purchase in- structional materials for a course consistent with Education Code Chapter 31. The instructional materials must include technology re- sources that enhance the effectiveness of the course and draw on established best practices.
	Education Code 28.014
End-of-Course Exam	A student enrolled in a college preparatory mathematics or English language arts course under Education Code 28.014 who satisfies the TSI college readiness benchmarks on an assessment instru- ment administered at the end of the course satisfies the require- ments concerning and is exempt from the administration of the Al- gebra I or the English I and English II end-of-course assessment instruments, as applicable, as prescribed by Education Code 39.023(c) [see EKB], even if the student did not perform satisfacto- rily on a previous administration of the applicable end-of-course as- sessment instrument. A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on the assessment instrument may retake that assessment instru- ment or may take the appropriate end-of-course assessment in- strument. <i>Education Code 39.025(a-1)</i>

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	Each student who has been identified as being at risk of dropping out of school, who is not performing at grade level, or who did not perform satisfactorily on a state-mandated assessment shall be provided accelerated and/or compensatory educational services.
Accelerated Instruction	The District shall provide accelerated instruction in accordance with law if a student fails to perform satisfactorily on a state-man- dated assessment.
Accelerated Learning Committee	When a student fails to perform satisfactorily on a math or reading state-mandated assessment in grades 3, 5, or 8, an accelerated learning committee shall develop a written educational plan in ac- cordance with law. If a parent requests that the student be as- signed to a particular teacher the following school year, the request shall be addressed in accordance with the District's administrative procedures.
	A parent complaint about the content or implementation of the edu- cational plan shall be filed in accordance with FNG.

ADOPTED:

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	<b>Note:</b> The terms emergent bilingual, English language learner (ELL), English learner, and limited English proficiency (LEP) student are used interchangeably.
Title III Requirements	A district that receives funds under Title III of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act shall comply with the statutory requirements regarding English learners and immigrant students. 20 U.S.C. 6801–7014
	A district that receives funds under Title I or Title III to provide a language instruction educational program shall, not later than 30 days after the beginning of the school year, inform the parents of an English learner identified for participation in such a program of the information required by 20 U.S.C. $6312(e)(3)$
Definitions	"Certified English as a second language teacher" is synonymous with the term "professional transitional language educator" used in Education Code 29.063.
	"Dual language immersion" means a state-approved bilingual pro- gram model in accordance with Education Code 29.066.
	"Emergent bilingual student" means a student whose primary lan- guage is other than English and whose English language skills are such that the student has difficulty performing ordinary classwork in English.
	"English learner (EL)" is a student who is in the process of acquir- ing English and has another language as the primary or home lan- guage.
	"Exit" refers to the point when a student is no longer classified as LEP/EL (i.e., the student is reclassified), no longer requires bilin- gual or ESL program services, and is classified as non-LEP/Eng- lish proficient (EP) in the Texas Student Data System Public Edu- cation Information Management System. The term "exit" is synonymous with the description in Education Code, Chapter 29, of "transferring out" of bilingual or special language programming.
	"Parent" includes the parent or legal guardian of the student in ac- cordance with Education Code 29.052.
	Education Code 29.052; 19 TAC 89.1203(2)–(3), (7)–(8), (13)
District	Each district shall:
Responsibility	<ol> <li>Identify English learners based on criteria established by the state;</li> </ol>
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	2.	Provide bilingual education and ESL programs as integral parts of the general program;	
	3.	Seek appropriately certified teaching personnel to ensure that English learners are afforded full opportunity to master the es- sential knowledge and skills; and	
	4.	Assess achievement for essential knowledge and skills in ac- cordance with Education Code Chapter 29 to ensure account- ability for English learners and the schools that serve them.	
	19	ГАС 89.1201(a)	
Identification of Emergent Bilingual Students	prof port eac gua sha	hin the first four weeks of the first day of school, the language iciency assessment committee (LPAC) shall determine and re- to the board the number of emergent bilingual students on h campus and shall classify each student according to the lan- ge in which the student possesses primary proficiency. A board Il report that information to TEA before November 1 each year. <i>Ication Code 29.053(b)</i>	
Language Proficiency Assessment Committees (LPAC)	proo sha ther of E dure	h district that is required to offer bilingual and special language grams shall, by local board policy, establish an LPAC. A district Il establish and operate a sufficient number of LPACs to enable in to discharge their duties within four weeks of the enrollment inglish learners. A district shall have on file policy and proce- es for the selection, appointment, and training of members of LPAC.	
Membership of	The	LPAC shall include:	
LPAC	1.	An appropriately certified bilingual educator (for students served through a bilingual education program);	
	2.	An appropriately certified English as a second language (ESL) educator (for students served through an ESL pro- gram);	
	3.	A parent of an English learner participating in a bilingual or ESL program; and	
	4.	A campus administrator.	
	A district may add other trained members to the committee.		
	No   disti	parent serving on the LPAC shall be an employee of the school rict.	
	dist	nembers of the LPAC, including parents, shall be acting for the rict and shall observe all laws and rules governing confidential- f information concerning individual students. A district shall be	

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	responsible for the orientation and training of all members, includ- ing the parents, of the LPAC.			
	Education Code 29.063(a), (b); 19 TAC 89.1220(a)–(f)			
Duties	The LPAC shall have the duties set forth at Education Code 29.063(c) and 19 Administrative Code 89.1220(g)–(i), (k), including duties to review information, classify students, notify parents, and monitor student academic progress.			
Home Language Survey	A district shall administer only one home language survey to each new student enrolling for the first time in a Texas public school in any grade from prekindergarten through grade 12. The district shall require that the survey be signed by the student's parent for each student in prekindergarten through grade 8, or by the student in grades 9 through 12.			
	It is the district's responsibility to ensure that the student's parent understands the language used in the survey and its implications. The original copy of the survey shall be kept in the student's per- manent record.			
	The home language survey shall be provided in English, Spanish, and Vietnamese. For students of other language groups, the home language survey shall be translated into the primary language whenever possible.			
	The home language survey shall elicit one language answer to each of the following questions:			
	1. "What language is used in the child's home most of the time?"			
	2. "What language does the child use most of the time?"			
	If the response on the home language survey indicates that a lan- guage other than English is used, the student shall be tested in ac- cordance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1226 (Testing and Classi- fication of Students).			
	19 TAC 89.1215(a)–(c), .1226			
Emergent Bilingual Classification	The LPAC may classify a student as emergent bilingual if:			
	<ol> <li>The student's ability in English is so limited or the student's disabilities are so severe that assessment procedures cannot be administered;</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>The student's score or relative degree of achievement on the TEA-approved English proficiency test is below the levels es- tablished by TEA as indicative of reasonable proficiency;</li> </ol>			

	3.	The student's primary language proficiency score as meas- ured by a TEA-approved test is greater than the student's pro- ficiency in English; or
	4.	The LPAC determines, based on other information, including a teacher evaluation, parental viewpoint, or student interview, that the student's primary language proficiency is greater than the student's proficiency in English or that the student is not reasonably proficient in English.
	Edu	cation Code 29.056(c)
Parental Notice and Consent	catio	later than the tenth day after the date of the student's classifion as emergent bilingual, the LPAC shall give written notice to student's parent. <i>Education Code 29.056(d)</i>
	mar lear edu noti	district shall notify the parent in English and in the parent's pri- y language that their child has been classified as an English ner and recommended for placement in the required bilingual cation or ESL program. The district shall comply with the parent fication requirements described by 19 Administrative Code 1240(a).
	ESL in of lotm den ESL scril catio	entry or placement of a student in the bilingual education or program must be approved in writing by the student's parent rder to have the student included in the bilingual education al- nent. The parent's approval shall be considered valid for the stu- t's continued participation in the required bilingual education or program until the student meets the reclassification criteria de- bed in 19 Administrative Code 89.1226(i) (Testing and Classifi- on of Students), the student graduates from high school, or a nge occurs in program placement.
	19	TAC 89.1240(a); Education Code 29.056(a)
	gua stuc pare	ding parental approval of an English learner's entry into a bilin- I program recommended by the LPAC, a district shall place the lent in the recommended program. Only English learners with ent approval who are receiving services will be included in the gual education allotment.
		strict may place or exit a student in a program without written roval of the student's parent if:
	1.	The student is 18 years of age or has had the disabilities of minority removed;
	2.	The parent provides approval through a phone conversation or email that is documented in writing and retained; or

	3.	An adult who the district recognizes as standing in parental relation to the student provides written approval. This may in- clude a foster parent or employee of a state or local govern- mental agency with temporary possession or control of the student.
	19	TAC 89.1220(j), (m)
Participation of Other Students	who	h the approval of a district and a student's parents, a student is not LEP may also participate in a bilingual education pro- m. <i>Education Code 29.058</i>
	exc	e number of participating English proficient students shall not eed 40 percent of the number of students enrolled in the pro- m district-wide. <i>19 TAC 89.1233(c)</i>
Students with Disabilities	bety anc dist plac sole con abo	tricts shall implement assessment procedures that differentiate ween language proficiency and disabling conditions in accord- e with 19 Administrative Code Chapter 89, Subchapter AA. The rict shall establish placement procedures that ensure that cement in a bilingual education or ESL program is not refused ely because the student has a disability. LPAC members shall et in conjunction with admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) mittee members to review and provide recommendations out the education needs of each English learner who qualifies services in the special education program. [See EHBAB] <i>19</i> C 89.1230
Bilingual and ESL Programs	stuc	ch district with an enrollment of 20 or more emergent bilingual dents in any language classification in the same grade level Il offer a bilingual education or special language program.
	lang	th district that is required to offer bilingual education and special guage programs under this section shall offer the following for ergent bilingual students:
	1.	Bilingual education in kindergarten through the elementary grades;
	2.	Bilingual education, instruction in English as a second lan- guage, or other transitional language instruction approved by the agency in post-elementary grades through grade 8; and
	3.	Instruction in English as a second language in grades 9 through 12.
	Edι	ıcation Code 29.053(c)–(d); 19 TAC 89.1205
		e district shall provide an ESL program to all English learners for om a district is not required to offer a bilingual education pro-

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	gram, regardless of the students' grade levels and primary la guage, and regardless of the number of such students, except cases where a district exercises the option to provide a biling education program that is not required by law [see below]. 19 89.1205(c)	ot in ual
	A district is authorized to establish a bilingual education progression of the district has fewer than 20 English learners in any linguage classification in the same grade level district-wide and not required to do so under the law. A district is also authorized establish bilingual education programs at grade levels at which district is not required under the law to establish bilingual programs. If a district does operate such a program under this at zation, the district shall adhere to all program requirements in Administrative Code 89.1210, .1227, .1228, and .1229. 19 TA 89.1205(f)–(g)	an- are ed to ch the - uthori- n 19
Exceptions and Waivers	A district shall comply with the requirements for bilingual educe exceptions and ESL waivers under 19 Administrative Code 89.1207. <i>Education Code 29.054; 19 TAC 89.1207</i>	cation
	A district that is unable to employ a sufficient number of teach including part-time teachers, who meet the certification require ments for bilingual education and ESL program shall apply fo exception or waiver to the certification requirement on or befor November 1. <i>19 TAC 89.1245(b)</i>	re- r an
Program Design	A district that is required to offer a bilingual education or ESL gram shall provide each English learner the opportunity to be rolled in the required program at his or her grade level.	
	A district's bilingual education program shall comply with the gram content and design requirements of 19 Administrative C 89.1210. A district shall provide for ongoing coordination betw the ESL program and the regular educational program.	ode
	19 TAC 89.1210	
	English learners shall participate with their English-speaking in general education classes provided in subjects such as art sic, and physical education. A district shall provide students e rolled in the program a meaningful opportunity to participate f with other students in all extracurricular activities. Elective co included in the curriculum may be taught in a language other English. <i>Education Code 29.055, .057(b); 19 TAC 89.1210(f)</i>	a, mu- en- fully urses
Bilingual Education	The bilingual education program shall be implemented throug least one of the following program models:	jh at
Program Models	1. Transitional bilingual/early exit;	
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	2.	Transitional bilingual/late exit;	
	3.	Dual language immersion/one-way; or	
	4.	Dual language immersion/two-way.	
	19 T	AC 89.1210(c)	
ESL Program Models	The ESL program shall be implemented through one of the follow- ing program models:		
	1.	An ESL/content-based program model is an English acquisi- tion program that serves students identified as English learn- ers through English instruction by a teacher appropriately cer- tified in ESL under Education Code 29.061(c), through English language arts and reading, mathematics, science, and social studies. The goal of content-based ESL is for Eng- lish learners to attain full proficiency in English in order to par- ticipate equitably in school. This model targets English lan- guage development through academic content instruction that is linguistically and culturally responsive in English language arts and reading, mathematics, science, and social studies.	
	2.	An ESL/pull-out program model is an English acquisition pro- gram that serves students identified as English learners through English instruction provided by an appropriately certi- fied ESL teacher under Education Code 29.061(c), through English language arts and reading. The goal of ESL pull-out is for English learners to attain full proficiency in English in order to participate equitably in school. This model targets English language development through academic content instruction that is linguistically and culturally responsive in English lan- guage arts and reading. Instruction shall be provided by the ESL teacher in a pull-out or inclusionary delivery model.	
	19 T	AC 89.1210(d)	
Dual Language Immersion Program	stud	strict may adopt a dual language immersion program (DLIP) for ents enrolled in elementary school grades. <i>Education Code</i> 105(c), .0051(c)	
Implementation	Prog	ram implementation shall:	
	1.	Begin at prekindergarten or kindergarten, as applicable;	
	2.	Continue without interruption incrementally through the ele- mentary grades; and	
	3.	Consider expansion to middle school and high school when- ever possible.	
	19 T	AC 89.1227(e)	

Minimum	ΑC	A DLIP shall:			
Requirements	1.	Address all curriculum requirements specified at 19 Adminis- trative Code Chapter 74, Subchapter A (Required Curriculum) to include foundation and enrichment areas, English language proficiency standards, and college and career readiness standards.			
	2.	Be a full-time program of academic instruction in English and another language.			
	3.	Provide equitable resources in English and the additional pro- gram language whenever possible.			
	4.	Provide a minimum of 50 percent of instructional time in the language other than English for the duration of the program.			
	5.	Be developmentally appropriate and based on current best practices identified in research.			
	19	TAC 89.1227			
Two-Way DLIP Enrollment	cier crite rac mu	ident enrollment in a two-way DLIP is optional for English profi- nt students. The program shall fully disclose candidate selection eria and ensure that access to the program is not based on e, creed, color, religious affiliation, age, or disability. A district st obtain written parental approval for English proficient stu- nts through a district-developed process.			
	enr	istrict implementing a two-way DLIP shall develop a policy on ollment and continuation for students in the program. The policy st address:			
	1.	Eligibility criteria;			
	2.	Program purpose;			
	3.	The district's commitment to providing equitable access to services for English learners.			
	4.	Grade levels in which the program will be implemented;			
	5.	Support of program goals as stated in 19 Administrative Code 89.1210 (Program Content and Design); and			
	6.	Expectations for students and parents.			
	19	19 TAC 89.1228(c)			
Two-Way DLIP State Assessment	A district implementing a two-way DLIP shall determine the a priate assessment option for program participants as follows				

	1.	For English learners, the LPAC shall convene before the ad- ministration of the state criterion-referenced test each year to determine the appropriate assessment option for each Eng- lish learner in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1220(i) (Language Proficiency Assessment Committee).
	2.	For English proficient students, the appropriate assessment option for the administration of the state criterion-referenced test each year is determined through a district-developed pro- cess.
	19 1	TAC 89.1228(e)
School District Recognition		strict may recognize one or more of its schools that implement exceptional DLIP if the school meets all of the following criteria:
	1.	The school must meet the minimum requirements stated in 19 Administrative Code 89.1227.
	2.	The school must receive an acceptable performance rating in the state accountability system.
	the	school must not be identified for any stage of intervention for district's bilingual and/or ESL program under the performance- ed monitoring system.
Student Recognition	gua boa	udent participating in a DLIP or any other state-approved bilin- I or ESL program may be recognized by the program and the rd by earning a performance acknowledgement in accordance 19 Administrative Code 74.14. [See EIF]
	19 1	TAC 89.1229
Facilities	scho sour the cent com	agual education and ESL programs shall be located in public pols of the district with equitable access to all educational re- rces rather than in separate facilities. A district may concentrate programs at a limited number of facilities within the district. Re- t immigrant English learners shall not remain enrolled in a new- ner center for longer than two years. <i>Education Code 29.057;</i> <i>TAC 89.1235</i>
Cooperation Among Districts	quir abili	strict may join with one or more other districts to provide the re- ed bilingual education or special language programs. The avail- ty of the programs shall be publicized throughout the districts lived.
		strict may allow a nonresident emergent bilingual student to en- in or attend its bilingual education or special language pro-

	grams if the student's district of residence does not provide an ap- propriate program. The tuition for the student shall be paid by the district in which the student resides.
	Education Code 29.059; 19 TAC 89.1205(e)
Documentation	A student's permanent record shall contain the documentation items required by 19 Administrative Code 89.1220(I). Documentation in a student's permanent record shall be forwarded in the same manner as other student records to another school district in which the student enrolls. <i>19 TAC 89.1220(I)</i>
	For students previously enrolled in a Texas public school, the re- ceiving district shall secure the student records, including the home language survey and LPAC documentation as described in 19 Ad- ministrative Code 89.1220(I), as applicable. All attempts to contact the sending district to request records shall be documented. Multi- ple attempts to obtain the student's home language survey shall be made. <i>19 TAC 89.1215(d)</i>
Summer Program	If a district is required to offer a bilingual education or special lan- guage program, it shall offer a voluntary summer school program for emergent bilingual children who will be eligible for admission to kindergarten or first grade at the beginning of the next school year.
	A school that operates on a semester system shall offer the pro- gram during the period school is recessed for the summer and for one-half day for eight weeks or on a similar schedule approved by the board. A school that operates on any other system shall offer 120 hours of instruction on a schedule established by the board.
	The program must be an intensive bilingual education or special language program that meets the standards set by TEA, and the student/teacher ratio may not exceed 18:1. A district shall comply with the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 89.1250 in providing such a program.
Other Programs	A district may establish on a full- or part-time basis other summer school, extended day, or extended week bilingual or special lan- guage programs for emergent bilingual students and may join with other districts in establishing such programs.
	The programs required or authorized by Education Code 29.060 may not be a substitute for programs required to be provided dur- ing the regular school year.
	Education Code 20.060

Education Code 29.060

Personnel	Teachers assigned to a bilingual education program using one of the following program models must be appropriately certified in bi- lingual education:		
	1.	Transitional bilingual/early exit program model; or	
	2.	Transitional bilingual/late exit program model.	
	Edu	cation Code 29.061(b)	
	lang	chers assigned to a bilingual education program using a dual uage immersion/one-way or two-way program model must be ropriately certified for:	
	1.	Bilingual education for the component of the program pro- vided in a language other than English; and	
	2.	Bilingual education or English as a second language for the component of the program provided in English.	
	lang sign nen	strict that provides a bilingual education program using a dual puage immersion/one-way or two-way program model may as- a teacher certified for the language other than English compo- t of the program and a different teacher certified for the English puage component.	
	Edu	cation Code 29.061(b-1)–(b-2)	
		chers assigned to ESL programs must be appropriately certified ESL. <i>Education Code 29.061(c)</i>	
	bilin the Cha gua prop an e of a app tion for a	strict that is unable to hire a sufficient number of teachers with gual teaching or ESL certificates may request the activation of appropriate permits in accordance with 19 Administrative Code pter 230. A district that is unable to provide the required bilin- I education program because of an insufficient number of appropriately certified teachers shall request from the commissioner exception to the bilingual education program and the approval in alternative language program. English learners with parental roval for program services under a bilingual education exception to the bilingual education allotment designated an alternative language program. [See Exceptions and Waivers, we] 19 TAC $89.1207(a)-(b)$ , $.1245(a)$ ; Education Code $29.054$	
Emergent Bilingual Students and State Assessments	ticip	indergarten–grade 12, an emergent bilingual student shall par- ate in the state assessment in accordance with commissioner's s at 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter AA. [See BA]	
Program Exit		strict may transfer an emergent bilingual student out of a bilin- I education or special language program for the first time or a	

	sequent time if the student is able to participate equally in a lar all-English instructional program as determined by:
1.	TEA-approved tests administered at the end of each school year to determine the extent to which the student has developed oral and written language proficiency and specific language skills in English;
2.	Satisfactory performance on the reading assessment instru- ment under Education Code 39.023(a) or an English lan- guage arts assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023(c), as applicable, with the assessment instrument ad-

guage arts assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023(c), as applicable, with the assessment instrument administered in English, or, if the student is enrolled in the first or second grade, an achievement score at or above the 40th percentile in the reading and language arts sections of an English standardized test approved by TEA; and

3. TEA-approved criterion-referenced tests and the results of a subjective teacher evaluation.

## Education Code 29.056(g)

- Notice to Parents A district shall give written notification to the student's parent of a student's reclassification as English proficient and his or her exit from the bilingual or ESL program and acquire written approval. Students meeting reclassification requirements may continue in the bilingual education or ESL program with parental approval. *19 TAC* 89.1240(b)
- Post-Exit Monitoring and Reenrollment The language proficiency assessment committee may reenroll the student in the program if later evidence suggests that a student who has been transferred out of a bilingual education or special language program has inadequate English proficiency and achievement. Classification of students for reenrollment must be based on the criteria required by Education Code 29.056. *Education Code 29.056(h)*

The LPAC shall reevaluate a student who is transferred out of a bilingual education or special language program if the student earns a failing grade in a subject in the foundation curriculum during any grading period in the first two school years after the student is transferred to determine whether the student should be reenrolled in a bilingual education or special language program.

During the first two school years after a student is transferred out of a bilingual education or special language program, the LPAC shall review the student's performance and consider:

1. The total amount of time the student was enrolled in bilingual education or special language programs;

	2.	The student's grades each grading period in each subject in the foundation curriculum;
	3.	The student's performance on state assessment instruments;
	4.	The number of credits the student has earned toward high school graduation, if applicable; and
	5.	Any disciplinary actions taken against the student under Edu- cation Code Chapter 37, Subchapter A.
	the s	r the evaluation, the LPAC may require intensive instruction for student or reenroll the student in a bilingual education or spe- language program.
	Edu	cation Code 29.0561
Program Evaluation	prog istra	strict that is required to conduct a bilingual education or ESL ram shall conduct an evaluation in accordance with 19 Admin- tive Code 89.1265. The annual evaluation report shall be pre- ed to the board before November 1 of each year.
	ing E	strict shall report to parents the progress of their child in acquir- English as a result of participation in the program offered to lish learners.
	from the o	h school year, the principal of each campus, with assistance the campus level committee, shall develop, review, and revise campus improvement plan for the purposes of improving stu- performance for English learners. [See BQB]
	19 T	AC 89.1265

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Notice to Parents	In accordance with Education Code 28.010 [see EHDD], a district shall notify the parent of each student enrolled in grade 9 or above of the availability of career and technology education programs or other work-based education programs. <i>Education Code</i> $28.010(a)(1)(B)$			
Career and Technology Program	knov ber a high	n public school student shall master the basic skills a vledge necessary for managing the dual roles of fami and wage earner and for gaining entry-level employm skill, high-wage job or continuing the student's educa- post-secondary level. <i>Education Code 29.181</i> .	ily mem- ient in a	
	ses a sons those ogy	board may conduct and supervise career and technol and other educational programs for students and for of all ages and spend local maintenance funds for the classes and programs. In developing a career and program, the board shall consider the state plan for c nology education. <i>Education Code 29.183</i> [See EEL]	other per- ne cost of technol- areer and	
Distinguished Achievement in Career and Technology Education	The board may develop and offer a program that provides a rigor- ous course of study consistent with the required curriculum [see EHAA] and under which a student may:			
	1.	Receive specific education in a career and technolo sion that leads to postsecondary education or meets ceeds business or industry standards;	•••	
	2.	Obtain from a district an award for distinguished ach in career and technology education and a stamp or tation on the student's transcript that indicates recein award.	other no-	
	An award granted under this section is not in lieu of a diploma or certificate of coursework completion. [See EI]			
Contracts with Other Entities	In developing the program, the board shall consider the state plan for career and technology education. The board must submit the proposed program to the commissioner of education in accordance with criteria established by the commissioner.			
	The board may contract with an entity listed in Education Code 29.184(a) [see EEL] for assistance in developing the program or providing instruction to district students participating in the program. The board may also contract with a local business or a local institution of higher education for assistance in developing or operating a career and technology education program. A program may provide education in areas of technology unique to the local area.			
	Education Code 29.187			

Insurance	The board may provide insurance to protect a business that con- tracts with a district under this provision. [See CRB] <i>Education</i> <i>Code 29.191</i>		
Applicability	The following provisions apply only to districts receiving federal career and technical education funds. <i>19 TAC 75.1021</i>		
Federal CTE Funding	Carl Edu corc ent shal	eligible secondary entity seeking financial assistance under the D. Perkins Act of 2006 shall submit a local plan to the Texas cation Agency (TEA) as described in 20 U.S.C. 2354, in aclance with requirements establish by TEA. Each eligible recipithat receives funding under the Carl D. Perkins Act of 2006 I use the funds to improve career and technical education prons in compliance with 20 U.S.C. 2355. <i>19 TAC 75.1022</i>	
	the ' Cen	information regarding federal career and technical funds under "Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st tury Act" (the reauthorization of the Carl D. Perkins Act of 6), see 20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.	
Program Evaluation	A district shall annually evaluate its career and technical education programs. <i>19 TAC 75.1025</i>		
Special Populations	Members of special populations shall be provided career and tech- nical services in accordance with all applicable federal and state laws, regulations, and rules. <i>19 TAC 75.1023(a)</i>		
Definition	For purposes of this section, a "member of a special population" in- cludes:		
	1.	An individual with a disability [see EHBAB];	
	2.	An individual from an economically disadvantaged family, in- cluding low-income youth and adults;	
	3.	An individual preparing for nontraditional fields;	
	4.	A single parent, including a single pregnant woman;	
	5.	An out-of-workforce individual;	
	6.	An English learner;	
	7.	A homeless individual described in Section 725 of the McKin- ney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act;	
	8.	Youth who are in, or have aged out of, the foster care system; and	
	9.	Youth with a parent who is a member of the armed forces and is on active duty.	
	20 L	J.S.C. 2302(29)	

Students with Disabilities	edu tions (IDE	udent with a disability shall be provided career and technical cation in accordance with all applicable federal law and regula- s including the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act EA) of 2004 and its implementing regulations, state statutes, rules of the SBOE and the commissioner.
	stud stric dism to re in a men prog nee	udent with a disability shall be instructed in accordance with the lent's individualized education program (IEP), in the least re- trive environment, as determined by the admission, review, and hissal (ARD) committee. If a student with a disability is unable eceive a free appropriate public education (educational benefit) regular career and technical education program, using supple- ntary aids and services, the student may be served in separate grams designed to address the student's occupational/training ds, such as career and technical education for students with ibilities (CTED). [See EHBA]
	200	udent with a disability identified in accordance with IDEA of 4 is an eligible participant in career and technical education on the following requirements are met:
	1.	The ARD committee shall include a representative from ca- reer and technical education, preferably the teacher, when considering initial or continued placement of a student in ca- reer and technical education program;
	2.	Planning for the student shall be coordinated among career and technical education, special education, and state rehabili- tation agencies and should include a coherent sequence of courses;
	3.	A district shall monitor to determine if the instruction being provided a student with a disability in career and technical education classes is consistent with the student's IEP;
	4.	A district shall provide supplementary services that each stu- dent with a disability needs to successfully complete a career and technical education program, such as curriculum modifi- cation, equipment modification, classroom modification, sup- portive personnel, and instructional aids and devices;
	5.	A district shall help fulfill the transitional service requirements of the IDEA of 2004 and implementing regulations, state stat- utes, and rules of the commissioner for each student with a disability who is completing a coherent sequence of career and technical education courses; and
	6.	When determining placement in a career and technical edu- cation classroom, the ARD committee shall consider a stu- dent's graduation plan, the content of the individual transition
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		plan, the IEP, and classroom supports. Enrollment numbers should not create a harmful effect on student learning for a student with or without disabilities in accordance with the pro- visions in the IDEA of 2004 and its implementing regulations.		
	19	TAC 75.1023		
Student Organizations	A district may use federal career and technical education funds to provide opportunities for student participation in approved student leadership organizations and assist career and technical student organizations in accordance with all applicable federal and state laws, rules, and regulations. A student shall not, however, be re- quired to join a career and technical student organization. Student participation in career and technical student organizations shall be governed in accordance with 19 Administrative Code Chapter 76 (extracurricular activities).			
		following career and technical student organizations are rec- ized by the U.S. Department of Education and TEA:		
	1.	Business Professionals of America (BPA);		
	2.	DECA;		
	3.	Future Business Leaders of America (FBLA);		
	4.	FFA;		
	5.	Family, Career, and Community Leaders of America (FCCLA);		
	6.	Health Occupations Students of America (HOSA);		
7		Technology Student Association (TSA); and		
	8.	SkillsUSA.		
	19	TAC 75.1024 [See FM]		
Certification Subsidy	A st	A student is entitled to a subsidy for a certification exam if:		
	1.	The student:		
		<ul> <li>Successfully completes the career and technology pro- gram of a school district in which the student receives training and instruction for employment; or</li> </ul>		
		b. Is enrolled in a special education program under Educa- tion Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A; and		
	2.	The student passes a certification examination to qualify for a license or certificate that is an industry certification for purposes of state accountability [see AIA], administered while the student is enrolled in a school district.		

A student may not receive more than one subsidy under Education Code 29.190.

To obtain reimbursement for a subsidy paid under this provision, a district must pay the fee for the examination and submit to the commissioner a written application on a form prescribed by the commissioner stating the amount of the fee paid for the certification examination.

### Education Code 29.190

A district is entitled to reimbursement for the amount of a subsidy paid by the district for a student's certification examination under these provisions. *Education Code* 48.156

Denton ISD 061901

SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN			EHBG (LEGAL)
	Not	e:	Only districts that identify 15 or more eligible students are required to provide prekindergarten programs.
Tuition-Free Prekindergarten Program	mor may	e elig offei	shall offer prekindergarten classes if it identifies 15 or jible students who are at least four years of age. A district r prekindergarten if it identifies 15 or more eligible children at least three years of age.
			may not charge tuition for a prekindergarten program nder these provisions.
Definitions	In th	is se	ction:
	1.	"Ch	ild" includes a stepchild.
	2.	"Pa	rent" includes a stepparent.
Eligibility			eligible for enrollment in free prekindergarten if the child three years of age and:
	1.	ls u	nable to speak and comprehend the English language;
	2.	ls e	ducationally disadvantaged;
	3.	of e	omeless [see FD] regardless of the residence of the child, ither parent of the child, or of the child's guardian or other son having lawful control;
	4.	the serv	ne child of an active duty member of the armed forces of United States, including the state military forces or a re- ve component of the armed forces, who is ordered to ac- duty by proper authority;
	5.	Stat nen	ne child of a member of the armed forces of the United tes, including the state military forces or a reserve compo- t of the armed forces, who was injured or killed while serv- on active duty;
	6.	of F hea	r ever has been in the conservatorship of the Department amily and Protective Services following an adversary ring under Family Code 262.201 or foster care in another e or territory, if the child resides in Texas; or
	7.	ls th	ne child of a person eligible for the Star of Texas Award as:
		a.	A peace officer under Government Code 3106.002;
		b.	A firefighter under Government Code 3106.003; or
		C.	An emergency medical first responder under Govern- ment Code 3106.004.
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	A child who is eligible for enrollment for free prekindergarten at the age of three and enrolls in prekindergarten class at the age of three remains eligible for enrollment in a prekindergarten class for the following school year.
	A child who is eligible for enrollment under item 4 or 5 above re- mains eligible if the child's parent leaves the armed forces, or is no longer on active duty, after the child begins the prekindergarten class.
	Education Code 29.153(a)–(b), (e-1), (f)
Parent Election	Subject to a district's decision to convene a retention committee [see EIE], a parent or guardian may elect for a student to enroll in prekindergarten, if the student would have been eligible to enroll in prekindergarten during the previous school year under the eligibility described above and the student has not yet enrolled in kindergarten, or to repeat prekindergarten. <i>Education Code</i> $28.02124(a)(1)-(2)$
Notice	A district shall develop a system to notify the population in the dis- trict with children who are eligible for enrollment in a free prekinder- garten program of the availability of the program. The system must include public notices issued in English and Spanish. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 29.153(e)</i>
Half-Day or Full- Day	A prekindergarten class may be operated on a half-day basis for children under four years of age and shall be operated on a full-day basis for children who are at least four years of age.
Transportation	A district is not required to provide transportation for a prekinder- garten class. If transportation is provided, it is included for funding purposes as part of the regular transportation system.
	Education Code 29.153(c)
High-Quality Prekindergarten Required	A prekindergarten class for children who are least four years of age must comply with the program standards required for high-quality prekindergarten programs under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- chapter E-1. [See High-Quality Prekindergarten Program, below]
Exemption	The commissioner of education shall exempt a district from the ap- plication of all or any part of Education Code Chapter 29, Subchap- ter E-1 for a prekindergarten class for children who are at least four years of age, if the commissioner determines that:
	1. The district would be required to construct classroom facilities in order to provide prekindergarten classes; or

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	2.	Implementing any part of this section would result in fewer eli- gible children being enrolled in a prekindergarten class under this section.
	licite gare core (TE dec	strict may not receive an exemption unless the district has so- ed proposals for partnerships with public or private entities re- ding prekindergarten classes required under this section in ac- dance with guidance provided by the Texas Education Agency A) and considered submitted proposals at a public meeting. A ision of the board regarding a partnership described by this pro- on is final.
		exemption may not be granted for a period longer than three ool years and may be renewed only once.
	Edu	ication Code 29.153(c-1)–(d-2)
Constructing, Repurposing, or Leasing a Facility	cility roor Edu pos	ore a district may construct, repurpose, or lease a classroom fa- y, or issue bonds for the construction or repurposing of a class- m facility, to provide the prekindergarten classes required under location Code 29.153, the district must solicit and consider pro- als for partnerships to provide those classes with community- ed child-care providers who:
	1.	Are a Texas Rising Star Program provider with a three-star certification or higher;
	2.	Are nationally accredited;
	3.	Are a Head Start program provider;
	4.	Are a Texas School Ready! participant; or
	5.	Meet the requirements under Education Code 29.1532.
	Edu	cation Code 29.153(g)
Tuition-Supported or District-Financed	A di vide	strict may offer on a tuition basis or use district funds to pro-
	1.	An additional half-day of prekindergarten classes to children eligible for free prekindergarten who are under four years of age; and
	2.	Half-day and full-day prekindergarten classes to children not eligible for free prekindergarten.
	to c ciat	strict may not adopt a tuition rate that is higher than necessary over the added costs of the program, including any costs asso- ed with collecting, reporting, and analyzing data under Educa- Code 29.1532(c) (PEIMS data for prekindergarten programs).

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	A district must submit its proposed tuition rate to the commissioner for approval.
	Education Code 29.1531
Program Design	A district's prekindergarten program shall be designed to develop skills necessary for success in the regular public school curriculum, including language, mathematics, and social skills. <i>Education Code</i> 29.1532(a)
Shared Site	Before establishing a new prekindergarten program, a district shall consider the possibility of sharing use of an existing Head Start or other child-care program site as a prekindergarten site. <i>Education Code 29.1533</i>
Prekindergarten Licensing Standards	If a district contracts with a private entity to operate a prekindergar- ten program, the program shall comply at a minimum with the ap- plicable child-care licensing standards adopted by the Texas De- partment of Family and Protective Services under Human Resources Code 42.042 and the class size requirements for pre- kindergarten classes imposed under Education Code 25.112(a) [see EEB]. <i>Education Code 29.1532(b)</i>
Daily Physical Activity	A district shall require students in full-day prekindergarten to partic- ipate in moderate or vigorous daily physical activity for at least 30 minutes throughout the school year, as part of the district's physical education program or through structured activity during a campus's daily recess.
	To the extent practicable, a district shall require a student enrolled in prekindergarten on less than a full-day basis to participate in the same type and amount of physical activity as a student enrolled in full-day prekindergarten.
	If a district determines, for any particular grade level, that requiring moderate or vigorous daily physical activity is impractical due to scheduling concerns or other factors, the district may as an alternative require a student in that grade level to participate in moderate or vigorous physical activity for at least 135 minutes during each school week.
	A district must provide an exemption for a student who is unable to participate in the required physical activity because of illness or disability.
	Education Code 28.002(I)

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High-Quality Prekindergarten Program	ble	ogram" means a high quality prekindergarten program for eligi- children who are at least four years of age required to be pro- ed free of tuition or fees.
Curriculum Requirements		strict shall select and implement a curriculum for a prekinder- en program that:
	1.	Includes the prekindergarten guidelines established by TEA;
	2.	Measures the progress of students in meeting the recom- mended learning outcomes; and
	3.	Does not use national curriculum standards developed by the Common Core State Standards Initiative.
	Edu	ication Code 29.164, .167(a)
	kind ten 102 derg	chool district shall implement a curriculum for a high-quality pre- lergarten program that addresses the 2015 Texas Prekindergar- Guidelines in the domains listed in 19 Administrative Code .1003(b). The district shall measure student progress and kin- garten preparation in accordance with 19 Administrative Code .1003(c). <i>19 TAC 102.1003</i>
Teacher Requirements	und	h teacher for a prekindergarten program class must be certified er Education Code Chapter 21, Subchapter B and have one of following additional qualifications:
	1.	A Child Development Associate (CDA) credential or another early childhood education credential approved by TEA;
	2.	Certification offered through a training center accredited by Association Montessori Internationale or through the Montes- sori Accreditation Council for Teacher Education;
	3.	At least eight years' experience of teaching in a nationally ac- credited child-care program;
	4.	A graduate or undergraduate degree in early childhood edu- cation or early childhood special education or a non-early childhood education degree with a documented minimum of 15 units of coursework in early childhood education;
	5.	Documented completion of the Texas School Ready Training Program (TSR Comprehensive);
	6.	Be employed as a prekindergarten teacher in a district that has met the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(d)(6); or
	7.	An equivalent qualification.

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	A district may allow a teacher employed by the district to receive the training required to be awarded a CDA credential from a re- gional education service center. Training may not include national curriculum standards developed by the Common Core State Standards Initiative.
	A district must attempt to maintain an average ratio in any prekin- dergarten program class of not less than one certified teacher or teacher's aide for each 11 students.
	19 TAC 102.1003(d), (h); Education Code 29.167(b)–(d)
Family Engagement Plan	A district shall develop, implement, and make available on the dis- trict or campus website by November 1 of each school year, a fam- ily engagement plan to assist the district in achieving and maintain- ing high levels of family involvement and positive family attitudes toward education. An effective family engagement plan creates a foundation for the collaboration of mutual partners, embraces the individuality and uniqueness of families, and promotes a culture of learning that is child centered, age appropriate, and family driven.
	The family engagement plan shall meet the requirements of 19 Ad- ministrative Code 102.1003(e)(2).
	19 TAC 102.1003(e); Education Code 29.168(a)
Report and Evaluation	In a format prescribed by TEA, a district shall report information in compliance with 19 Administrative Code 102.1003(f).
	A district shall:
	<ol> <li>Select and implement appropriate methods for evaluating the district's high-quality prekindergarten program by measuring student progress; and</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Make data from the results of program evaluations available to parents.</li> </ol>
	A district may administer diagnostic assessments to students in a program class to evaluate student progress but may not administer a state standardized assessment instrument.
	An assessment instrument administered to a prekindergarten pro- gram class must be selected from a list of appropriate prekinder- garten assessment instruments identified by the commissioner.
	19 TAC 102.1003(f)–(g); Education Code 29.169
Eligible Private Providers	A district that offers a high-quality prekindergarten program may enter into a contract with an eligible private provider to provide ser- vices or equipment for the program.

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	To be eligible to contract with a district to provide a program or part of a program, a private provider must be licensed by and in good standing with the Department of Family and Protective Services. A private provider is in good standing with the Department of Family and Protective Services if the department has not taken an action against the provider's license during the 24-month period preced- ing the date of a contract with a district. The private provider must also:		
	1.	Be accredited by a research-based, nationally recognized, and universally accessible accreditation system approved by the commissioner;	
	2.	Be a Texas Rising Star Program provider with a three-star certification or higher;	
	3.	Be a Texas School Ready! participant;	
	4.	Have an existing partnership with a district to provide a pre- kindergarten program not provided under Subchapter E-1; or	
	5.	Be accredited by an organization that is recognized by the Texas Private School Accreditation Commission.	
	Edu Cod for p	ekindergarten program provided by a private provider under cation Code 29.171 is subject to the requirements of Education e Chapter 29, Subchapter E-1 and the class size requirement prekindergarten classes imposed by Education Code 25.112(a) e EEB].	
	Edu	cation Code 29.171	
Prekindergarten Expansion Grant	sion full-	strict may use funds from grants administered by the commis- er to expand an existing half-day prekindergarten program to a day basis or to implement a prekindergarten program on a upus that does not have a prekindergarten program.	
	teac acq	strict may use funds received under this program to employ thers and other personnel for a prekindergarten program or to uire curriculum materials or equipment, including computers, use in prekindergarten programs.	
		strict may use funds granted under this program in contracting another entity, including a private entity.	
	Edu	cation Code 29.155(a), (b), (i)	
Ready to Read Grant	ply f enro	strict that operates a prekindergarten program is eligible to ap- for a Ready to Read grant if at least 75 percent of the children olled in the program are low-income students, as determined by missioner rule.	

### SPECIAL PROGRAMS PREKINDERGARTEN

	rea skil	ints shall be used to provide scientific, research-based pre- ding instruction for the purpose of directly improving pre-reading Is and for identifying cost-effective models for pre-reading prvention. Grants funds shall be used for:	
	1.	Professional staff development in pre-reading instruction;	
	2.	Pre-reading curriculum and materials;	
	3.	Pre-reading skills assessment materials; and	
	4.	Employment of pre-reading instructors.	
	Edu	ıcation Code 29.157(b), (c)	
Statewide Information Referral Network	A district shall provide the Texas Information and Referral Network with information regarding eligibility for and availability of child-care and education services for inclusion in the statewide information referral network. A district shall provide the information in a form determined by the executive commissioner of the Texas Health and Human Services Commission. <i>Gov't Code 531.0312</i>		
	tion	ild-care and education services" includes child-care and educa- services provided by a district through a prekindergarten or af- school program. <i>Gov't Code 531.03131(a)</i>	
	eleo nar	ff of the Texas Information and Referral Network shall send an ctronic mail message to each appropriate entity containing the ne of and contact information for each applicant and a descrip- of the services for which the applicant is applying.	
	tact gibi elig tho: forc	receipt of such an electronic mail message, a district shall con- the applicant to verify information regarding the applicant's eli- lity for available child-care and education services. On certifying ibility, a district shall match the applicant with entities providing se services in the applicant's community, including local work- ce development boards, local child-care providers, or a Head rt or Early Head Start program provider.	
		istrict shall cooperate with the Texas Information and Referral work as necessary in the administration of this project.	
	Go	(1 - 1)	

Gov't Code 531.0312(c)–(e)

Mandatory Recognition Dates	A district shall regularly observe the following recognition days, weeks, and months by appropriate programs, celebrations, and tivities:	l ac-	
Women's Independence Day	August 26: Women's Independence Day, to commemorate the rati- fication in 1920 of the Nineteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution, which guaranteed women the right to vote. Women's Independence Day shall be regularly observed by appropriate pro- grams in the public schools to inspire a greater appreciation of the importance of women's suffrage. <i>Gov't Code 662.051</i>		
Hydrocephalus	September: Hydrocephalus Awareness Month, to:		
Awareness Month	<ol> <li>Increase public awareness of hydrocephalus, a serious nerological condition characterized by the abnormal buildup cerebrospinal fluids in the ventricles of the brain; and</li> </ol>		
	2. Encourage the development of partnerships between the f eral government, health-care professionals, and patient ac cacy groups to advance the public's understanding of the dition, improve the diagnosis and treatment of the condition and support research for a cure.	dvo- con-	
	Hydrocephalus Awareness Month shall be regularly observed by appropriate activities in public schools to increase awareness of hydrocephalus.		
	Gov't Code 662.106		
Texas First Responders Day	September 11: Texas First Responders Day, in honor of the bra ery, courage, and determination of Texas men and women who sist others in emergencies. Texas First Responders Day shall b regularly observed by appropriate ceremonies in the public sche to honor Texas first responders. A district may determine the ap priate ceremonies by which Texas observes Texas First Respon- ers Day. <i>Gov't Code 662.050</i>	as- e ools pro-	
September 11	September 11: To commemorate the events of September 11, 2001, in each year that date falls on a regular school day, each public elementary and secondary school shall provide for the observance of one minute of silence at the beginning of the first of period of that day. Immediately before the required period of observance, the class instructor shall make a statement of referent to the memory of individuals who died on September 11, 2001. required period of observance may be held in conjunction with the minute of silence required by Education Code 25.082. [See EC] Education Code 25.0821	b- lass  nce The the	
Constitution Day	September 17: A district that receives federal funds for a fiscal y shall hold an educational program on the United States	year	
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	Constitution for the students served by the district. <i>Pub. L.</i> 108-4-(2004)	47	
Celebrate Freedom Week	Week of September 17: Celebrate Freedom Week, to educate students about the sacrifices made for freedom in the founding of the country and the values on which this country was founded. <i>Education Code 29.907</i>	is	
Appropriate Instruction	Each social studies class shall include, during Celebrate Freedor Week or during another full school week as determined by the board, appropriate instruction concerning the intent, meaning, an importance of the Declaration of Independence and the United States Constitution, including the Bill of Rights, in their historical context.		
	The study of the Declaration of Independence must include the study of the relationship of the ideas expressed in that document subsequent American history, including the relationship of its idea to the rich diversity of our people as a nation of immigrants, the American Revolution, the formulation of the United States Constit tion, and the abolitionist movement, which led to the Emancipation Proclamation and the women's suffrage movement.	as tu-	
	19 TAC 74.33(a)		
Recitation	Each district shall require that, during Celebrate Freedom Week or other prescribed week of instruction, students in grades 3–12 study and recite the following text: "We hold these Truths to be self-evi- dent, that all Men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty, and the Pursuit of Happiness — That to secure these Rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their Just Powers from the Consent of the Governed."		
Exception	Each district shall excuse from recitation a student:		
	<ol> <li>Whose parent or guardian submits to the district a written re quest that the student be excused;</li> </ol>	<del>!</del> -	
	2. Who, as determined by the district, has a conscientious objection to the recitation; or	€C-	
	<ol> <li>Who is the child of a representative of a foreign government to whom the United States government extends diplomatic immunity.</li> </ol>	t	
	19 TAC 74.33(b), .36		
American Indian Heritage Day	The last Friday in September is in recognition of the historic, cul- tural, and social contributions American Indian communities and leaders have made to Texas. American Indian Heritage Day shall		
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	proo to c	regularly observed by appropriate ceremonies, activition grams in public schools to honor American Indians in elebrate the rich traditional and contemporary America ure. <i>Gov't Code 662.056</i>	Texas and
Father of Texas Day	the ther patr the	rember 3: Father of Texas Day, in memory of Stephen great pioneer patriot and the real and true Father of T of Texas Day shall be regularly observed by appropri riotic programs in the public schools to properly comm birthday of Stephen F. Austin and to inspire a greater beloved state. <i>Gov't Code 662.045</i>	exas. Fa- ate and emorate
Sam Rayburn Day	Ame regi to c	uary 6: Sam Rayburn Day, in memory of that great Te erican statesman, Sam Rayburn. Sam Rayburn Day s ularly observed by appropriate programs in the public ommemorate the birthday of Sam Rayburn. <i>Gov't Cod</i> 2.041	hall be schools
State of Texas Anniversary Remembrance Day	(ST Jan of T pria mer	ruary 19: State of Texas Anniversary Remembrance I AR Day), in honor of Texas joining the Union and the nes Pinckney Henderson became the first governor of exas in 1846. STAR Day shall be regularly observed b te and patriotic programs in the public schools to prop morate the annexation of this state and to inspire a gre ciation for the history of this state. <i>Gov't Code 662.04</i>	day that the state by appro- berly com- eater ap-
Texas History Month	sha thro obs sch	rch: Texas History Month, in honor of those Texans when pe the history of the state of Texas and in recognition bughout Texas's history. Texas History Month shall be erved by appropriate celebrations and activities in public ools to promote interest in and knowledge of Texas history to code 662.102	of events regularly plic
Texas Girls in STEM Day	and	ch 1 is designated as Texas Girls in STEM Day to cel encourage the participation of girls in this state in fiel cience, technology, engineering, and mathematics.	
	ate	as Girls in STEM Day shall be regularly observed by a ceremonies, activities, and programs in public schools itutions of higher education, and other places to:	
	1.	Encourage girls in this state to consider career fields ence, technology, engineering, and mathematics; ar	
	2.	Celebrate and honor the women of this state who had celled in those fields.	ave ex-
	Goı	r't Code 662.073	

Gov't Code 662.073

	In recognition of Texas Girls in STEM Day, each district may in- clude throughout the month of March appropriate instruction, activi- ties, and programs to encourage and celebrate women in career fields related to science, technology, engineering, and mathemat- ics. The instruction may include programs that profile women in those fields and related fields, including finance, information tech- nology, data analytics, cybersecurity, and health-care cloud archi- tecture. <i>Education Code 29.925</i>
Public School Paraprofessional Day	The second Wednesday in May: Public School Paraprofessional Day, in recognition of education paraprofessionals including teacher assistants, instructional aides, educational trainers, library attendants, bilingual assistants, special education associates, mentors, and tutors. Public School Paraprofessional Day shall be regularly observed by appropriate ceremonies and activities in the public schools to properly recognize the paraprofessionals who have made tremendous contributions to the educational process. <i>Gov't Code 662.049</i>
Texas Military Heroes Day	To educate students about the sacrifices made by brave Texans who have served in the armed forces of the United States, the gov- ernor shall designate a day to be known as Texas Military Heroes Day in public schools.
	Texas Military Heroes Day shall include appropriate instruction, as determined by each district. Instruction may include:
	<ol> <li>Information about persons who have served in the armed forces of the United States and are from the community or the geographic area in which the district is located; and</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Participation, in person or using technology, in age-appropri- ate learning projects at battlefields and gravesites associated with a person who has served in the armed forces.</li> </ol>
	Education Code 29.9071
Generation Texas Week	Each district offering middle school, junior high school, or high school grade levels shall designate one week during the school year as Generation Texas Week. During the designated week, each middle school, junior high school, and high school shall pro- vide students with comprehensive grade-appropriate information about the pursuit of higher education, including:
	1. Higher education options;
	<ol> <li>Standard admission requirements for institutions of higher ed- ucation, including:</li> </ol>
	a. Overall high school grade point average;

		b.	Required curriculum;		
		C.	College readiness standards and expectations as deter- mined under Education Code 28.008; and		
		d.	Scores necessary on generally recognized tests or as- sessment instruments used in admissions determina- tions, including the Scholastic Assessment Test and the American College Test;		
	3.		matic admission of certain students to general academic hing institutions under Education Code 51.803 [see EIC];		
	4.	nanc	ncial aid availability and requirements, including the fi- ial aid information provided by school counselors under cation Code 33.007(b) [see FFEA].		
	shall	prov	n, each middle school, junior high school, and high school ide to students at least one public speaker to promote the e of higher education.		
	Educ	cation	Code 29.911		
Holocaust Remembrance Week	To educate students about the Holocaust and inspire in students a sense of responsibility to recognize and uphold human value and to prevent future atrocities, the governor shall designate a week to be known as Holocaust Remembrance Week in public schools.				
			Remembrance Week shall include age-appropriate in- as determined by each district. Instruction shall include:		
	1.		mation about the history of and lessons learned from the caust;		
	2.		cipation, in person or using technology, in learning pro- about the Holocaust; and		
	3.		use of materials developed or approved by the Texas caust, Genocide, and Antisemitism Advisory Commis-		
	Educ	cation	Code 29.9072		
Optional Recognition Dates			n, a district may observe the following recognition days, months, by appropriate celebrations and activities:		
Dr. Hector P. Garcia Day	merr civil	nory c rights	dnesday of September: Dr. Hector P. Garcia Day, in of the significant contributions to the Mexican American movement of Dr. Hector P. Garcia, a distinguished physi- a recipient of the Presidential Medal of Freedom and the		

	founder of the American GI Forum, which promotes civil rights pro- tection of Hispanic veterans and all Americans. Dr. Garcia, a World War II hero, was awarded a Bronze Star Medal with six battle stars in recognition of his meritorious service to the United States. Dr. Hector P. Garcia Day may be regularly observed by appropriate ceremonies and activities in the public schools to properly com- memorate the importance of the contributions made by Dr. Garcia. <i>Gov't Code 662.055</i>
Persons with Disabilities History and Awareness Month	October: Persons with Disabilities History and Awareness Month, to increase public awareness of the many achievements of people with disabilities; encourage public understanding of the disability rights movement; and reaffirm the local, state, and federal commitment to providing equality and inclusion for people with disabilities. A district may elect to observe Persons with Disabilities History and Awareness Month and determine the appropriate activities by which the school observes Persons with Disabilities History and Awareness Month. <i>Gov't Code 662.109</i>
Texas Native Plant Week	Third week in October: Texas Native Plant Week, to celebrate the native plants of Texas. Texas Native Plant Week may be regularly observed in public schools with programs to appreciate, explore, and study Texas native plants. <i>Gov't Code</i> 662.154
Lung Cancer Awareness Month	November: Lung Cancer Awareness Month, to increase awareness of lung cancer and encourage funding of research and more effec- tive treatments. Lung Cancer Awareness Month may be regularly observed by appropriate activities in public schools to increase the awareness of lung cancer and support for lung cancer research. <i>Gov't Code 662.104</i>
Human Trafficking Prevention Month	January: Human Trafficking Prevention Month, to increase aware- ness of human trafficking in an effort to encourage people to alert authorities to any suspected incidents involving human trafficking. Human Trafficking Prevention Month may be regularly observed through appropriate activities in public schools and other places to increase awareness and prevention of human trafficking. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 662.107</i>
Law Enforcement Appreciation Day	January 9: Law Enforcement Appreciation Day may be regularly observed in public schools and other places through appropriate activities. <i>Gov't Code</i> 662.067
Iwo Jima Day	February 19: Iwo Jima Day, in memory of the heroism and courage of the men and women of the armed forces of the United States who participated in the successful capture of the island of Iwo Jima beginning February 19, 1945. Iwo Jima Day may be regularly ob- served through appropriate activities in public schools and other places. <i>Gov't Code</i> 662.062

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Child Safety Month	April: Child Safety Month, in recognition of the children of this state as this state's most precious resource. Child Safety Month is meant to ensure that the children of this state grow up in a safe and supportive environment by promoting their protection and care through increased public awareness of ways to reduce accidental injury and death through the use of bicycle helmets, seat belts, safety and booster seats, and smoke alarms, and the dangers pre- sented to children by unattended and unlocked vehicles and by be- ing left in closed vehicles during hot or sunny weather. Child Safety Month may be regularly observed by appropriate celebrations and activities in public schools to promote the protection and care of children in this state. <i>Gov't Code 662.105</i>			
Sexual Assault Awareness Month	April: Sexual Assault Awareness Month, to increase awareness and prevention of sexual assault. Sexual Assault Awareness Month may be regularly observed through appropriate activities in public schools and other places to increase awareness and prevention of sexual assault. <i>Gov't Code</i> 662.111			
Student Elections	An election for the participation of students in kindergarten through grade 12 may be held in conjunction with a general, special, or primary election. The student election may be ordered by:			
	1.	The commissioners court, for a student election junction with an election ordered by the governe authority;		
	2.	The governing body of a political subdivision, for election held in conjunction with an election of t subdivision; or		
	3.	The county executive committee, for a student conjunction with a primary election.	election held in	
		udent election may be held only on election day election day.	or the day be-	
	eac ified cast	authority ordering a student election shall specif n grade that may participate in the election. A stu grade may enter a precinct polling place for the ing an unofficial ballot in the student election on s and measures that appear on the official ballot.	dent in a spec- purpose of the same of-	
	the app elec port elec	election officers serving in the official election m student election. The authority ordering a studen oint a separate set of election officers to conduct tion, supervise the participating students, and tak the results of that election. The authority orderin tion shall make the results of that election availa ut only after the polling places are closed on election	t election shall the student bulate and re- g a student ble to the pub-	

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Expenses incurred in the conduct of a student election, including any personnel expenses, may be paid only from private grant funds or donations.

Election Code 276.007

Notice to Parents		n school year, a district shall notify the parent of each student lled in grade 9 or above of the availability of:
	1.	Programs under which a student may earn college credit, in- cluding advanced placement programs, dual credit programs, joint high school and college credit programs, and interna- tional baccalaureate programs;
	2.	Career and technology education programs or other work- based education programs in the district, including any intern- ship, externship, or apprenticeship programs or a P-TECH (Pathways in Technology Early College High School) program [see EHB]; and
	3.	Subsidies based on financial need available for fees paid to take college advanced placement tests or international bacca- laureate examinations under Education Code 28.054.
		icts must also notify parents of the qualifications for enrolling ograms described by items 1 and 2 above.
		notice must include the name and contact information of any ic or private entity offering such a program in the district.
	A dis	strict may provide the notice on the district's internet website.
	Edu	cation Code 28.010
	Note	For information on dual credit courses available through the <u>Texas Virtual School Network</u> <sup>1</sup> (TXVSN), see EHDE.
College Credit Program	A district shall implement a program under which students ma earn the equivalent of at least 12 semester credit hours of coll credit in high school. If requested by the district, a public institu of higher education in this state shall assist the district in deve ing and implementing the program. The college credit may be earned through:	
	1.	International baccalaureate, advanced placement, or dual credit courses;
	2.	Articulated postsecondary courses provided for local credit or articulated postsecondary advanced technical credit courses provided for state credit; or
	3.	Any combination of the courses in items 1 and 2.
	Annı (TEA	ually, a district shall report to the Texas Education Agency

	1.	The number of students, including career and technical stu- dents, who have participated in the program and earned col- lege credit; and
	2.	The cumulative number of courses in which participating stu- dents have enrolled and college credit hours the students have earned.
		e program may provide a student the opportunity to earn credit a course or activity, including an apprenticeship or training rs:
	1.	That satisfies a requirement necessary to obtain an industry- recognized credential or certificate or an associate degree, and is approved by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB); and
	2.	For which a student may earn credit concurrently toward both the student's high school diploma and postsecondary aca-demic requirements.
	A dı	ual credit course must be:
	1.	In the core curriculum of the public institution of higher educa- tion providing college credit;
	2.	A career and technical education course; or
	3.	A foreign language course.
	fere und that	e requirements above do not apply to a dual credit course of- ed as part of the early college education program established er Education Code 29.908 or any other early college program assists a student in earning a certificate or an associate de- e while in high school.
		strict is not required to pay a student's tuition or other associ- d costs for taking a course under this section.
Agreements	ticul	agreement, including a memorandum of understanding or ar- lation agreement, between a school district and public institu- of higher education to provide a dual credit program must:
	1.	Include specific program goals aligned with statewide goals developed jointly by TEA and the THECB;
	2.	Establish common advising strategies and terminology related to dual credit and college readiness;
	3.	Provide for the alignment of endorsements offered by the dis- trict [see EIF] and dual credit courses offered under the

		agreement that apply towards those endorsements, with post- secondary pathways and credentials at the institution and in- dustry certifications;
	4.	Identify tools, including tools developed by TEA, THECB, or the Texas Workforce Commission, to assist school counse- lors, students, and families in selecting endorsements offered by the district and dual credit courses offered under the agreement;
	5.	Establish, or provide a procedure for establishing, the course credits that may be earned under the agreement, including by developing a course equivalency crosswalk or other method for equating high school courses with college courses and identifying the number of credits that may be earned for each course completed through the program;
	6.	Describe the academic supports and, if applicable, guidance that will be provided to students participating in the program;
	7.	Establish the district's and the institution's respective roles and responsibilities in providing the program and ensuring the quality and instructional rigor of the program;
	8.	State the sources of funding for courses offered under the program, including, at a minimum, the sources of funding for tuition, transportation, and any required fees or textbooks for students participating in the program;
	9.	Require the district and the institution to consider the use of free or low-cost open educational resources in courses of-fered under the program;
	10.	Be posted each year on the district's and the institution's re- spective websites; and
	11.	Designate at least one employee of the district or institution as responsible for providing academic advising to a student who enrolls in a dual credit course under the program before the student begins the course.
	Edu	cation Code 28.009; 19 TAC 4.84
College-Level Courses	cred cour high	bard may adopt a policy that allows a student to be awarded lit toward high school graduation for completing a college-level rse. The course must be provided only by an institution of her education that is accredited by any of the following regional rediting associations:
	1.	Southern Association of Colleges and Schools;

	2.	Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools;
	3.	New England Association of Colleges and Schools;
	4.	North Central Association of Colleges and Schools;
	5.	Western Association of Colleges and Schools; or
	6.	Northwest Association of Colleges and Schools.
	tion scho cour dem	e eligible to enroll and be awarded credit toward state gradua- requirements, a student shall have the approval of the high ool principal or other school official designated by a district. The se(s) for which credit is awarded shall provide advanced aca- ic instruction beyond or in greater depth than the essential vledge and skills for the equivalent high school course.
	19 T.	AC 74.25
Dual Credit Programs Definitions	publi or ur	burposes of the following provisions, "college" means any ic technical institute, public junior college, public senior college niversity, medical or dental unit, public state college, or other ncy of higher education as defined by Education Code 61.003.
	stud	Il credit" means the system under which an eligible high school ent enrolls in college course(s) and receives credit for the se(s) from both the college and high school.
	19 T.	AC 4.83(4), (7); Education Code 61.003(8)
Partnership Agreements with Public Colleges	a du Code	strict may enter into an agreement with a public college to form al credit partnership in accordance with 19 Administrative e Chapter 4, Subchapter D. <i>Education Code 130.008; 19 TAC</i> <i>4, Subch. D</i>
Community College Jurisdiction	agre the h	hool district that operates a high school may enter into an ement with a community college district, regardless of whether high school is located within the service area of the community ge district, to offer a course as provided by Education Code 008.
	A co be:	urse offered for joint high school and junior college credit must
	1.	In the core curriculum of the public junior college;
	2.	A career and technical education course; or
	3.	A foreign language course.
	scho	se requirements do not apply to a course offered for joint high ol and junior college credit to a student as part of the early col- education program established under Education Code 29.908

		ny other early college program that assists a student in earning ertificate or an associate degree while in high school.		
	Edu	ucation Code 130.008(a-1), (a-2), (d)		
Student Eligibility	A high school student is eligible to enroll in academic dual credit courses and workforce education dual credit courses as permitted by 19 Administrative Code 4.85(b).			
	pub uisit scor	be eligible for enrollment in a dual credit course offered by a lic college, students must meet all the college's regular prereq- te requirements designated for that course (e.g., minimum re on a specified placement test, minimum grade in a specified vious course, etc.).		
		nstitution may impose additional requirements for enrollment in rses for dual credit that do not conflict with this section.		
		nstitution is not required, under the provisions of this section, to r dual credit courses for high school students.		
	19 7	TAC 4.85(b)		
Faculty Selection, Supervision, and Evaluation		college shall select, supervise, and evaluate instructors in ac- dance with 19 Administrative Code 4.85(e). <i>19 TAC 4.85(e)</i>		
Transcript	sho	dual credit courses, high school as well as college credit uld be transcripted immediately upon a student's completion of performance required in the course. <i>19 TAC 4.85(h)</i>		
Qualified Instructor	be t	burse offered for joint high school and junior college credit must aught by a qualified instructor approved or selected by the pub- unior college. An instructor is qualified if the instructor holds:		
	1.	A doctoral or master's degree in the discipline that is the sub- ject of the course;		
	2.	A master's degree in another discipline with a concentration that required completion of a minimum of 18 graduate semes- ter hours in the discipline that is the subject of the course; or		
	3.	For a course that is offered in an associate degree program and that is not designed for transfer to a baccalaureate de- gree program:		
		a. A degree described above;		
		b. A baccalaureate degree in the discipline that is the sub- ject of the course; or		

	с	An associate degree and demonstrated competencies in the discipline that is the subject of the course, as determined by the THECB.
	shall a course by the	ter than the 60th day after receipt, a public junior college approve or reject an application for approval to teach a e at a high school that is submitted by an instructor employed district with which the junior college entered into an agree- to offer the course.
	Educa	tion Code 130.008(g), (h)
Attendance Accounting	cluding be cou a stud	me during which a student attends a dual credit course, in- g a course provided under the college credit program, shall unted as part of the minimum instructional hours required for ent to be considered a full-time student in average daily at- nce. <i>Education Code 48.005(g)</i> [See FEB]
	grams progra purpos	ommissioner of education may approve instructional pro- provided off campus by an entity other than a district as a am in which participation by a student may be counted for ses of determining average daily attendance. <i>Education</i> 48.007(a)
Reporting Off- Campus Programs	an off- vided one of	rd may adopt a policy that allows a student to participate in campus instructional program. The program must be pro- only by an institution of higher education that is accredited by the regional accrediting associations specified in 19 Admin- ve Code 74.25 (High School Credit for College Courses).
	To be	eligible, a student must:
	1. E	Be in grade 11 or 12;
	q	lave demonstrated college readiness as outlined in the re- uirements for participation in dual credit programs in the <i>Stu-</i> <i>lent Attendance Accounting Handbook</i> ;
		leet any eligibility requirements adopted by the institution of igher education; and
		lave the approval of the high school principal or other school fficial designated by the district.
	THEC	ff-campus program must comply with rules adopted by the B in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 19, Part 1, with re- to teacher qualifications.
	19 TA	C 129.1031
		hat a student participates in an off-campus instructional am approved by the commissioner under Education Code
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	48.007(a) shall be counted as part of the minimum number of instructional hours required for a student to be considered a full-time student in average daily attendance. <i>Education Code 48.005(h)</i>			
Dual Credit Agreement	For any dual credit partnership between a secondary school and a public college, an agreement must be approved by the governing boards or designated authorities (e.g., principal and chief academic officer) of both the school district and the public college prior to the offering of such courses.			
	tion 1, 2	agreement entered into or renewed between a public institu- of higher education and school district on or after September 019, including a memorandum of understanding or articulation eement, must meet the requirements of 19 Administrative Code I(c).		
	Any	dual credit agreement must also address:		
	1.	Eligible courses;		
	2.	Student eligibility;		
	3.	Location of class;		
	4.	Student composition of class;		
	5.	Faculty selection, supervision, and evaluation;		
	6.	Course curriculum, instruction, and gathering;		
	7.	Academic policies and student support services;		
	8.	Transcripting of credit;		
	9.	Funding; and		
	10.	Defined sequences of courses, where applicable.		
	19	TAC 4.84		
Instructional Partnerships with	Types of instructional partnerships between a district and a com- munity college district include:			
Community College Districts	1.	Award of High School Credit Only (see High School Credit- Only Courses, below).		
	2.	Award of Dual Credit (see Dual Credit Programs, above).		
	3.	Tech-Prep Programs (see Tech-Prep Programs, below).		
	4.	Remedial or Developmental Instruction for High School Grad- uates (see Remedial Programs, below).		

EHDD (LEGAL)

	5.	College Preparatory Courses for High School Students (see College Preparatory Courses, below)			
	19	19 TAC 9.143			
Agreement	con boa	For any educational partnership between a district and a community college district, an agreement must be approved by the board or designee of both the district and the college district. The partnership agreement must address the following:			
	1.	Student eligibility requirements.			
	2.	Faculty qualifications.			
	3.	Location and student composition of classes.			
	4.	Provision of student learning and support services.			
	5.	Eligible courses.			
	6.	Grading criteria.			
	7.	Transcripting of credit.			
	8.	Funding provisions.			
	19	TAC 9.144			
High School Credit- Only Courses	lege plet The	strict may contract with a community college district for the col- e district to provide coursework necessary for students to com- e high school as described in 19 Administrative Code 9.125. e district and college district shall negotiate an agreed cost for ruction. <i>19 TAC 9.125, .143(a)</i>			
Tech-Prep Programs	tion high lege colle	strict may partner with a college district to allow for the articula- of high school technical courses taught by the high school to a school students for immediate high school credit and later col- e credit, to be awarded upon enrollment of the students in the ege district in an associate degree or certificate program. 19 C 9.143(c)			
Remedial Programs	with loca den	bard may contract, as outlined in 19 Administrative Code 9.125, in the board of the community college district in which a district is ated for the college district to provide remedial programs for stu- ts enrolled in a district's secondary schools in preparation for duation from secondary school and entrance into college.			
	den the	nmunity colleges may provide instruction to high school stu- ts for either remedial course work to prepare students to pass required State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness I-of-Course (STAAR EOC) assessments or developmental			

	course work to prepare the students to pass an assessment instru- ment approved by the board under 19 Administrative Code 4.56 (Assessment Instruments).
	High school students who have passed all of the STAAR EOC as- sessments with the high school graduation standard may be per- mitted to enroll in state-funded developmental courses offered by a community college at the college's discretion if a need for such course work is indicated by student performance on an assess- ment instrument approved by the board under 19 Administrative Code 4.56 (see below).
	The district and college district shall negotiate an agreed cost for instruction. Remedial and developmental courses may not be offered for dual credit.
	Education Code 130.090; 19 TAC 9.125, .143(d), .146
	An institution of higher education shall use the Texas Success Initi- ative (TSI) Assessment offered by the College Board as the only THECB-approved assessment instrument. <i>19 TAC 4.56</i>
College Preparatory Courses	College preparatory courses are locally developed through a mem- orandum of understanding created between school districts and community colleges. <i>19 TAC 9.147</i>
Certain Academies	A district shall grant a student a maximum of two years' credit toward the academic course requirements for high school graduation for courses successfully completed at the Texas Academy of Leadership in the Humanities (at Lamar University— Beaumont), the Texas Academy of Mathematics and Science (at the University of Texas—Brownsville or University of North Texas— Denton), or the Texas Academy of International Studies (at Texas A&M University—Laredo). <i>Education Code 28.024</i>
Off-Campus Program Provided by an Institution of Higher Education	The commissioner of education may approve instructional pro- grams provided off campus by an entity other than a district as a program in which participation by a student may be counted for purposes of determining average daily attendance. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 48.007(a)</i>
Reporting Off- Campus Programs	A board may adopt a policy that allows a student to participate in an off-campus instructional program. The program must be pro- vided only by an institution of higher education that is accredited by
	one of the regional accrediting associations specified in 19 Admin- istrative Code 74.25 (High School Credit for College Courses).
	one of the regional accrediting associations specified in 19 Admin-

2.	Have demonstrated college readiness as outlined in the re- quirements for participation in dual credit programs in the <i>Stu-</i> <i>dent Attendance Accounting Handbook</i> ;
3.	Meet any eligibility requirements adopted by the institution of higher education; and
4.	Have the approval of the high school principal or other school official designated by the district.
THE	off-campus program must comply with rules adopted by the CB in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 19, Part 1, with re- t to teacher qualifications.
19 T.	AC 129.1031

Time that a student participates in an off-campus instructional program approved by the commissioner under Education Code 48.007(a) shall be counted as part of the minimum number of instructional hours required for a student to be considered a full-time student in average daily attendance. *Education Code* 48.005(h)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Texas Virtual School Network: <u>https://www.txvsn.org</u>

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ACADEMIC ACHIEVEME	ENT	EI (LEGAL)
Award of Credit		award of credit for a course affirms that a student has satisfac- met state and local requirements. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)</i>
Early Award of Credit	grad strat cour rega or th achie isfac	strict may offer courses designated for grades 9–12 in earlier e levels. Credit must be awarded if the student has demon- ed achievement by meeting the standard requirements of the se, including demonstrated proficiency in the subject matter, rdless of the time the student received instruction in the course e grade level at which proficiency was attained. The academic evement record (transcript) shall reflect that students have sat- torily completed courses at earlier grade levels from grades 9– nd have been awarded state graduation credits. <i>19 TAC</i> 6(b)
Partial Award	succ	ccordance with a district's local policy, a student who is able to essfully complete only half of a course can be awarded credit ortionately. <i>19 TAC 74.26(d)</i>
	hom	strict shall award credit proportionately to a student who is eless or in substitute care who successfully completes only of a course. <i>19 TAC 74.26(e)</i>
Attendance for Credit or Final Grade	in ac grad cred ance	ss credit is awarded by the attendance committee, or regained cordance with a principal's plan [see FEC], a student in any e level from kindergarten through grade 12 may not be given it or a final grade for a class unless the student is in attend- for at least 90 percent of the days the class is offered. <i>Educa- Code 25.092</i>
Homeless or Substitute Care	stud that	a district must adopt a local policy to assist with awarding to a ent who is homeless or in substitute care credit for a course was earned prior to the student enrolling in or transferring to listrict, as required by 19 Administrative Code 74.26 (Award of lit).
	facto enro form	n district must examine how credit is awarded based on satis- orily meeting all state and local requirements for a course upon Ilment, as required by 19 Administrative Code 74.26. [For in- ation on credit by exam for students who are homeless or in titute care, see EHDC].
	Each	n district must:
	1.	Develop a credit recovery plan for students who were denied credits outside the district;
	2.	Create a course transition plan for students who have been denied credit;

## ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

	3.	Develop and administer a personal graduation plan for each student in junior high or middle school, as required by Educa- tion Code 28.0212 [see EIF];
	4.	Ensure that school staff engage with the student, parent, or guardian, as applicable, to develop a credit recovery plan upon enrollment if the student has a credit deficit that would impede on-time promotion or graduation; and
	5.	Comply with Education Code 28.025(i), concerning the award of diplomas for students who are homeless or in substitute care who are in grade 11 or 12.
	19 T.	AC 89.1607(a), (d)–(e)
	hom	information on transition assistance for students who are eless or in substitute care, including enrollment and placement lucation programs and courses, see FFC.]
Graduation Requirements	the s base Crec ited s	lit for courses for high school graduation may be earned only if student received a grade equivalent to 70 on a scale of 100, ed upon the essential knowledge and skills of each course. lit earned toward state graduation requirements in an accred- school district shall be transferable and must be accepted by other school district in the state. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(1), (c)</i>
Academic Achievement Record	a dis form	wing guidelines developed by the commissioner of education, strict shall use an academic achievement record (transcript) that includes student demographics, school data, student , and the record of courses and credits earned.
	acad	academic achievement record (transcript) shall serve as the lemic record for each student and shall be maintained perma- ly by a district.
	acac nent Any	lemic record for each student and shall be maintained perma- ly by a district. credit earned by a student must be recorded on the academic evement record (transcript), regardless of when the credit was
	acac nent Any achie earn A stu of-cc 39.0	lemic record for each student and shall be maintained perma- ly by a district. credit earned by a student must be recorded on the academic evement record (transcript), regardless of when the credit was
	acac nent Any achie earn A stu of-cc 39.0 achie ring ques	lemic record for each student and shall be maintained perma- ly by a district. credit earned by a student must be recorded on the academic evement record (transcript), regardless of when the credit was ed. udent's performance on a state assessment, including an end- burse assessment instrument required under Education Code 23(c) [see EKB], must be included in the student's academic

Denton ISD 061901	
ACADEMIC ACHIEVEM	ENT EI (LEGAL)
Transcript Seals	Students who complete high school graduation requirements shall have attached to the academic achievement record (transcript) a seal approved by the State Board of Education. <i>19 TAC 74.5(e)</i>
Endorsement	Students who complete the requirements for an endorsement shall have the endorsement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
Performance Acknowledgment	Students who earn a performance acknowledgment shall have the performance acknowledgment clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
Distinguished Level of Achievement	Students who earn the distinguished level of achievement shall have the distinguished level of achievement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
Speech Requirements	Students who demonstrate proficiency in speech as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.11 shall have completion of the speech re- quirement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
CPR	Students who complete the required instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) as specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.38 in grade 9, 10, 11, or 12 shall have completion of the CPR instruction clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
Proper Interaction with Peace Officers	Students who complete the required instruction on proper interac- tion with peace officers shall have completion of the instruction clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript). A district shall clearly indicate on the academic achievement record the year in which the instruction was provided to the student.
Languages Other Than English	Students who satisfy a language other than English graduation credit requirement by successfully completing a dual language immersion program at an elementary school in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12 shall have the credit clearly indicated on the academic achievement record (transcript).
FAFSA/TASFA Completion	A student who completes and submits a free application for federal student aid (FAFSA) or a Texas application for state financial aid (TASFA) or submits the Texas Education Agency-approved opt-out form shall have the completion of the financial aid application requirement clearly indicated on the academic achievement record.
	Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.5(f)–(m), .11(b), .39(e)
Notation on Transcript or Diploma	A district shall ensure that each student's official transcript or di- ploma indicates whether the student has completed or is on sched- ule to complete:
	1. The recommended or advanced high school curriculum; or
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	<ol> <li>For a district that is covered by Education Code 56.304(f)(1) (unavailability of courses), the required portion of the recom- mended or advanced high school curriculum offered at the district's high school.</li> </ol>
	The district must include this information on the student's transcript not later than the end of the student's junior year.
	Education Code 56.308
Certificate of Coursework Completion	A student who completes all graduation requirements except for re- quired end-of-course assessment instruments may be issued a certificate of coursework completion. The academic achievement record (transcript) shall include a notation of the date a certificate of completion was issued to the student. [See FMH for participation in the graduation ceremony.] <i>19 TAC 74.5(m)</i>

Student Advancement	A student may be promoted only on the basis of academic achieve- ment or demonstrated proficiency of the subject matter of the course or grade level. [See EI]			
	In determining promotion, a district shall consider:			
	1.	The recommendation of the student's teacher;		
	2.	The student's grade in each subject or course;		
		The student's score on an assessment instrument adminis- tered under Education Code 39.023(a), (b), or (l), to the ex- tent applicable; and		
		Any other necessary academic information, as determined by the district.		
	Educ	ation Code 28.021(a), (c)		
Advancement Requirements	quire	e start of the school year, a district shall make public the re- ments for student advancement under Education Code 21. <i>Education Code 28.021(d)</i>		
Retention After Assessment	A district is not precluded from retaining, in accordance with state law or board policy, a student who performs satisfactorily on a grade advancement test. <i>Education Code 28.0211(g)</i>			
Parental Option to	A parent or guardian may elect for a student to:			
Retain	1.	Repeat prekindergarten;		
		Enroll in prekindergarten, if the student would have been eligi- ble to enroll in prekindergarten during the previous school year under Education Code 29.153(b) [see EHBG] and the student has not yet enrolled in kindergarten;		
	3.	Repeat kindergarten;		
		Enroll in kindergarten, if the student would have been eligible to enroll in kindergarten in the previous school year and has not yet enrolled in first grade; or		
		For grades 1 through 3, repeat the grade in which the student was enrolled during the previous school year.		
	Note	<ul> <li>For provisions regarding retention of students in grades 4 through 8 and for courses taken for high school credit, see Education Code 28.02124(a-1)–(a-4). These provi- sions expire September 1, 2022.</li> </ul>		

An election made by a parent or guardian shall be made in writing to a district. Retention If a district disagrees with the election, the district must convene a Committee retention committee and meet with the parent or guardian to discuss retention. The meeting shall be conducted in person unless an alternative means is agreeable to the parent or guardian. A student may not be retained for a grade or retake a course under this provision if the parent or guardian does not meet with the retention committee. A retention committee shall be composed of: 1. The principal or the principal's designee; 2. The student's parent or guardian; 3. The teacher who taught the grade or course for which the parent wants the student retained or repeated; and 4. Additional teachers at the discretion of the principal, if the student will potentially repeat multiple courses. A retention committee shall: Discuss the merits of and concerns with advancement and re-1 tention; and 2. Review and consider the student's grade in each subject or course, the results of any formative or summative assessments administered to the student, and any other available academic information to determine the student's academic readiness for the next grade or a given course. If established, after the parent or guardian has participated in a retention committee meeting, the parent or guardian shall decide whether the student should be retained or retake a grade or course. The district must abide by the decision of the parent or guardian. Retention Except as provided by this provision or other law, retention of a stu-Considerations dent pursuant to a parent's or guardian's election under this provision shall be considered the same as retention of a student by a district. Transfer of Rights The rights of a parent or guardian under this provision transfer to a student if the student is 18 years of age or older or has had the disabilities of a minor removed, unless the student is under a form of guardianship imposed by law or court order that continues after the student turns 18 years of age.

Education Code 28.02124

Denton ISD 061901		
ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT EIE RETENTION AND PROMOTION (LEGAL)		
Students with Dyslexia	In measuring the academic achievement or proficiency of a student who has dyslexia, the student's potential for achievement or proficiency in the area must be considered. <i>Education Code 28.021(b); 19 TAC 101.2003(g)</i> [See policies at EHB, EKB, and FB]	
Age-Appropriate Assignment	A board may establish a policy that provides for the placement of retained students in an age-appropriate learning environment. In accordance with local grade configurations for elementary, middle, and high school campuses, a board may specify the age by which a retained student should be placed on the next level campus even though not yet promoted to the grade of that campus. <i>19 TAC 101.2019(b)</i>	
Optional Extended- Year Program	A student who does not meet district standards or policies for pro- motion on the basis of academic achievement or demonstrated proficiency of the subject matter of the course or grade level shall be eligible for services under the optional extended-year program. <i>19 TAC 105.1001(c)</i>	
	A student who attends at least 90 percent of the extended-year program days and who satisfies the requirements for promotion (academic achievement or demonstrated proficiency of the subject matter of the course or grade level) shall be promoted to the next grade level at the beginning of the next school year. However, if the student's parent presents a written request to the school principal asking that the student not be promoted, the principal shall hold a formal meeting with the parent, the teacher, and the school coun- selor, as soon as practicable after receiving such a request. During the meeting, the principal, teacher, or school counselor shall ex- plain the possible effects of not promoting a student. If the parent withdraws the request after the meeting, the student shall be pro- moted, and the district shall continue to use innovative practices to ensure that the student is successful in school in succeeding school years.	
	If a district provides an extended-year program, it shall adopt a pol- icy designed to lead to immediate reduction and ultimate elimina- tion of student retention.	
	Education Code 29.082(e)–(f) [See EHBC]	

Curriculum Mastery	Promotion and course credit shall be based on mastery of the curriculum. Expectations and standards for promotion shall be established for each grade level, content area, and course and shall be coordinated with compensatory, intensive, and/or accelerated services. [See EHBC] The District shall comply with applicable state and federal requirements when determining methods for students with disabilities [see FB] or students who are English language learners [see EHBE and EKBA] to demonstrate mastery of the curriculum.		
Students Receiving Special Education Services	Any modified promotion standards for a student receiving special education services shall be determined by the student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee and documented in the student's individualized education program (IEP). [See EHBA se- ries and EKB]		
Standards for Mastery	In addition to the factors in law that must be considered for promo- tion, mastery shall be determined as follows:		
	<ol> <li>Course assignments and unit evaluation shall be used to de- termine student grades in a subject. An average of 70 or higher shall be considered a passing grade.</li> </ol>		
	2. Mastery of the skills necessary for success at the next level shall be validated by assessments that may either be incorporated into unit or final exams or may be administered separately. Mastery of at least 70 percent of the objectives shall be required.		
Grades 1–5	In grades 1–5, promotion to the next grade level shall be based or a standards-based reporting system, which covers grade-level standards (essential knowledge and skills) for all subject areas. A student shall "meet standard" or above in three of the following ar- eas: language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies.		
Grades 6–8	In grades 6–8, promotion to the next grade level shall be based on an overall average of 70 on a scale of 100 based on course-level, grade-level standards (essential knowledge and skills) for all sub- ject areas and a grade of 70 or above in three of the following ar- eas: language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies.		
Promotion / Retention Decisions for Grades 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 7	The District recognizes that promotion or retention is a decision based on an individual student's needs. To determine the student's needs, the District shall consider, but not be limited to, the follow- ing:		
	1. Mastery of grade-level essential knowledge and skills;		
	2. Previous retentions;		

3.	Chronological age;
4.	Maturational development;
5.	Attendance record;
6.	Experiential background;
7.	Estimation of the student's ability and achievement; and
8.	The student's motivation and attitude.
sio	e principal shall confer with the classroom teacher when deci- ns on promotion or retention differ. The final decision for reten- n shall be determined by the campus principal.

Grades 9–12 Grade-level advancement for students in grades 9–12 shall be earned by course credits. [See EI]

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High School Diploma	A student may graduate and receive a diploma only if the student:		
	by th tion l plica finan	cessfully completes the curriculum requirements identified the State Board of Education (SBOE) [see State Gradua- Requirements, below], has performed satisfactorily on ap- ble state assessments [see EKB], and complies with the incial aid application requirements in Education Code 256 [see below]; or	
		essfully completes an individualized education program ) developed under Education Code 29.005. [See EHBAB]	
	Education	Code 28.025(c)	
	Note:	Education Code 28.0256 applies beginning with students enrolled at the 12th grade level during the 2021–22 school year.	
FAFSA Required	Before graduating from high school, each student must complete and submit a free application for federal student aid (FAFSA) or a Texas application for state financial aid (TASFA), except as pro- vided below.		
	A student	is not required to comply with the above provision if:	
	tion s perse	student's parent or other person standing in parental rela- submits a signed form indicating that the parent or other on authorizes the student to decline to complete and sub- ne financial aid application;	
	the s	student signs and submits the form described above on student's own behalf if the student is 18 years of age or or the student's disabilities of minority have been re- ed for general purposes under Family Code Chapter 31;	
	plete	nool counselor authorizes the student to decline to com- and submit the financial aid application for good cause, etermined by the school counselor.	
	sion. The (TEA), pro standing i cline to co made ava ken by a r or special	shall adopt a form to be used for purposes of this provi- form must be approved by the Texas Education Agency ovide the student or the student's parent or other person in parental relation, as applicable, the opportunity to de- omplete and submit a financial aid application, and be ilable in English, Spanish, and any other language spo- najority of the students enrolled in a bilingual education language program under Education Code Subchapter B, 9, in the district.	

	plie den Coo stuo mar	If a school counselor notifies a district whether a student has com- plied with this section for purposes of determining whether the stu- dent meets high school graduation requirements under Education Code 28.025, the school counselor may only indicate whether the student has complied with this section and may not indicate the manner in which the student complied, except as necessary for the district to comply with the commissioner's rules.				
	plie to tł	chool counselor may not indicate that a student has not com- d with this section if the district fails to provide the required form ne student or the student's parent or other person standing in ental relation to the student.				
	Edι	Education Code 28.0256; 19 TAC 74.11(b)				
Individual Graduation Committee	ceiv min	Without complying with the requirements above, a student may re- ceive a diploma if the person is eligible for a diploma as deter- mined by an individual graduation committee (IGC) established un- der Education Code 28.0258. <i>Education Code 28.025(c-6)</i>				
	IGC Coc con sati	A student receiving special education services is not subject to the IGC requirements in Education Code 28.0258 or 19 Administrative Code 74.1025. A student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee determines whether a student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an end-of-course (EOC) assessment to graduate. <i>19 TAC 74.1025(n)</i> [See EHBAB]				
	the Edu sha grae ate.	For each 11th or 12th grade student who has failed to comply with the EOC assessment instrument performance requirements under Education Code 39.025 for not more than two courses, the district shall establish an IGC at the end of or after the student's 11th grade year to determine whether the student may qualify to gradu- ate. A student may not qualify to graduate as a result of an IGC de- cision before the student's 12th grade year.				
	The	The IGC shall be composed of:				
	1.	The principal or principal's designee;				
	2.	For each EOC assessment instrument on which the student failed to perform satisfactorily, the teacher of the course;				
	3.	The department chair or lead teacher supervising the teacher(s) above; and				
	4.	As applicable:				
		a. The student's parent or person standing in parental rela- tion to the student;				

	b.	A designated advocate if the parent is unable to serve; or
	C.	The student, at the student's option, if the student is at least 18 years of age or is an emancipated minor.
	The supe committe	rintendent shall establish procedures for convening the e.
		ct shall provide an appropriate translator, if available, for a dvocate, or student who is unable to speak English.
	Education	n Code 28.0258(a)–(c), (c-2); 19 TAC 74.1025(b)
	June 10 d	may not establish an initial IGC for eligible students after or before the start of the next school year. Once the IGC established, it is the original IGC for that student.
	lished an the stude quest info	Int leaves a district after an original IGC has been estab- d before that original IGC awards a high school diploma to ant, any other district that later enrolls the student shall re- prmation from the student's original IGC of record and lement the original IGC recommendations to the extent
Alternate Members	ble, the p committe ment on y	ent that the teacher identified in item 2 above is unavaila- rincipal shall designate as an alternate member of the e a teacher certified in the subject of the EOC assess- which the student failed to perform satisfactorily and who amiliar with the student's performance in that subject area.
	unavailat of the cor the EOC factorily a	ent that the individual identified above in item 3 above is ole, the principal shall designate as an alternate member mmittee an experienced teacher certified in the subject of assessment on which the student failed to perform satis- and who is familiar with the content of and instructional for the applicable course.
	relation to	ent that the student's parent or person standing in parental of the student is unavailable to participate in the IGC, the shall designate an advocate with knowledge of the stu- erve as an alternate member of the committee.
	19 TAC 7	74.1025(c), (e), (g)–(i)
Notice	appropria place for The notic	shall ensure a good faith effort is made to timely notify the ate person described under item 4 above of the time and convening the IGC and the purpose of the committee. we must be provided in person or by regular mail or email; easy to understand; and written in English, in Spanish,

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		o the extent practicable, in the native language of the appropri- person. <i>Education Code 28.0258(d)</i>		
Curriculum Requirements	To be eligible to graduate and receive a high school diploma from the IGC, a student must successfully complete the curriculum re- quirements required for high school graduation. [See State Gradu- ation Requirements, below] <i>Education Code 28.0258(e)</i>			
Additional Requirements to Graduate	A student's IGC shall recommend additional requirements by which the student may qualify to graduate, including additional remedia- tion; and for each EOC assessment instrument on which the stu- dent failed to perform satisfactorily:			
	1.	The completion of a project related to the subject area of the course that demonstrates proficiency in the subject area; or		
	2.	The preparation of a portfolio of work samples in the subject area of the course, including work samples from the course that demonstrate proficiency in the subject area.		
	A student may submit to the IGC coursework previously completed to satisfy a recommended additional requirement.			
	Education Code 28.0258(f), (g)			
	In determining whether a student is qualified to graduate, the com- mittee shall consider the criteria at Education Code 28.0258(h) and any other academic information designated for consideration by the board. After considering the criteria, the committee may deter- mine that the student is qualified to graduate. A student may gradu- ate and receive a high school diploma on the basis of the commit- tee's decision only if the student successfully completes all additional requirements recommended by the committee, the stu- dent meets applicable curriculum requirements, and the commit- tee's vote is unanimous. The decision of a committee is final and may not be appealed. <i>Education Code 28.0258(i)</i>			
English Language Learners		provisions related to an IGC and English language learners .), see EKB.		
Students Who Entered Grade 9 Before the 2011–12 School Year	In accordance with Education Code 28.02541, a district may awar a high school diploma to an individual who:			
	1.	Entered grade 9 before the 2011–12 school year;		
	2.	Successfully completed the curriculum requirements for high school graduation applicable when the individual entered grade 9;		

	<ol> <li>Has not performed satisfactorily on the exit-level assessment instrument or part of an assessment instrument required for high school graduation, including an alternative assessment instrument offered under Education Code 39.025(c-2);</li> </ol>		
	4. Has been administered at least three times the required sub- ject-area test(s) for which the individual has not performed satisfactorily on the exit-level assessment instrument applica- ble to the individual when the individual entered grade 9; and		
	<ol> <li>Meets the alternative requirements for graduation in accord- ance with 19 Administrative Code 74.1027(c) or the local al- ternative requirements approved by the board in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.1027(d).</li> </ol>		
	19 TAC 74.1027(a); Education Code 28.02541		
District Determination	The district in which the individual is enrolled or was last enrolled shall determine whether the individual may qualify to graduate and receive a high school diploma on the basis of the alternative requirements for graduation. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(b)</i>		
Alternative Requirements	The alternative requirements for graduation are listed at 19 Admin- istrative Code 74.1027(c).		
Local Alternative Requirements	With approval by the board, a district may develop recommenda- tions for local alternative requirements if the requirements would al- low an individual to demonstrate proficiency in the content related to an examination for which the individual has not performed satis- factorily. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(d)</i>		
Appeals	A decision regarding whether the individual qualifies to graduate and receive a high school diploma is final and may not be ap- pealed. <i>19 TAC 74.1027(e); Education Code 28.02541</i>		
Documentation	The district shall maintain documentation to support the decision to award or not award an individual a high school diploma. <i>19 TAC</i> 74.1027(f)		
Special Education	A student receiving special education services who successfully completes the requirements of his or her IEP, including perfor- mance on a state assessment required for graduation, shall re- ceive a high school diploma. A student's ARD committee shall de- termine if the student will be required to meet satisfactory performance on an assessment for purposes of graduation. <i>19 TAC 101.3023(a)</i> [See Graduation of Students Receiving Spe- cial Education Services, below, and EKB]		
Posthumous Diploma	Beginning with students who would have graduated at the end of the 2019–20 school year, and on request of the student's parent, a		

	district shall issue a high school diploma posthumously to each stu- dent who died while enrolled in the district at the end of the school year in which the student was expected to graduate under the reg- ular schedule of school attendance. The high school diploma may not be issued before the graduation date of the class in which the student was enrolled at the time of death.
Exception	A district is not required to issue a posthumous diploma if the stu- dent was convicted of a felony offense under Title 5 or 6, Penal Code, or adjudicated as having engaged in conduct constituting a felony offense under Title 5 or 6, Penal Code.
	Education Code 28.0254
Diplomas for Veterans	Notwithstanding any other provision of this policy, a district may is- sue a high school diploma to a person who is an honorably dis- charged member of the armed forces of the United States; was scheduled to graduate from high school after 1940 and before 1975 or after 1989; and left school after completing the sixth or a higher grade, before graduating from high school, to serve in:
	<ol> <li>World War II, the Korean War, the Vietnam War, the Persian Gulf War, the Iraq War, or the war in Afghanistan; or</li> </ol>
	2. Any other war formally declared by the United States, military engagement authorized by the United States Congress, military engagement authorized by a United Nations Security Council resolution and funded by the United States Congress, or conflict authorized by the president of the United States under the War Powers Resolution of 1973, 50 U.S.C. 1541, et seq.
	Education Code 28.0251
Texas First Early High School Completion Program	A district may issue a high school diploma to a student under the Texas First Early High School Completion Program if, using the standards established by TEA and the Texas Higher Education Co- ordinating Board and eligible institutions of higher education, the student demonstrates mastery of and early readiness for college in each of the subject areas described by the standards and in a lan- guage other than English, notwithstanding any other local or state requirements.
	A student who earns a high school diploma through the program is considered to have earned a distinguished level of achievement.
Notice Upon Enrollment	On a student's initial enrollment in high school in a grade level be- low grade 12 in a district, the district shall provide to the student and the student's parent or guardian information regarding the re- quirements to earn a high school diploma under the Texas First
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	Early High School Completion Program and the Texas First Schol- arship Program.			
	Education Code 28.0253(e)–(g)			
Personal Graduation Plan Junior High or Middle School PGP	A principal of a junior high or middle school shall designate a school counselor, teacher, or other appropriate individual to develop and administer a personal graduation plan (PGP) for each student enrolled in the junior high or middle school who:			
	1.	Does not perform satisfactorily on a state assessment instru- ment; or		
	2.	Is not likely to receive a high school diploma before the fifth school year following the student's enrollment in grade level 9, as determined by a district.		
	ΑP	GP must:		
	1.	Identify educational goals for the student;		
	2.	Include diagnostic information, appropriate monitoring and in- tervention, and other evaluation strategies;		
	3.	Include an intensive instruction program described in Educa- tion Code 28.0213 [see EHBC];		
	4.	Address participation of the student's parent or guardian, in- cluding consideration of the parent's or guardian's educational expectations for the student; and		
	5.	Provide innovative methods to promote the student's ad- vancement, including flexible scheduling, alternative learning environments, online instruction, and other interventions that are proven to accelerate the learning process and have been scientifically validated to improve learning and cognitive abil- ity.		
	Edι	ication Code 28.0212		
Students Receiving Special	ARI	For a student receiving special education services, the student's ARD committee and the district are responsible for developing the student's PGP.		
Education Services	A student's IEP developed under Education Code 29.005 may b used as the student's PGP.			
	Edι	ucation Code 28.0212(c); 19 TAC 89.1050(a) [See EHBAB]		
High School PGP	sch	rincipal of a high school shall designate a school counselor or ool administrator to review PGP options with each student en- ng grade 9 together with that student's parent or guardian. The		

	PGP options reviewed must include the distinguished level of achievement and endorsements.
	Before the conclusion of the school year, the student and the stu- dent's parent or guardian must confirm and sign a PGP for the stu- dent that identifies a course of study that:
	<ol> <li>Promotes college and workforce readiness and career place- ment and advancement; and</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Facilitates the student's transition from secondary to postsec- ondary education.</li> </ol>
	A district may not prevent a student and the student's parent or guardian from confirming a PGP that includes pursuit of a distin- guished level of achievement or an endorsement.
	A student may amend the student's PGP after the initial confirma- tion of the plan. If a student amends the student's PGP, the school must send written notice to the student's parents regarding the change.
	TEA must make available to a district information that explains the advantages of the distinguished level of achievement described by Education Code 28.025(b-15) and each endorsement described by Education Code 28.025(c-1). A district, in turn, shall publish the information from TEA on the internet website of the district and ensure that the information is available to students in grades nine and above and the parents or legal guardians of those students in the language in which the parents or legal guardians are most proficient.
	A district is required to provide this information in the language in which the parents or legal guardians are most proficient only if at least 20 students in a grade level primarily speak that language.
	Education Code 28.02121
Early Graduation	A parent is entitled to request, with the expectation that the request will not be unreasonably denied, that the parent's child be permit- ted to graduate from high school earlier than the child would nor- mally graduate, if the child completes each course required for graduation. The decision of a board concerning the request is final and may not be appealed. <i>Education Code 26.003(a)(3)(C), (b)</i> [See FMH, FNG]

State Graduation Requirements	Note	For current state graduation requirements, including those for students who entered grade 9 before the 2007–08 school year but that are not otherwise refer- enced in this policy, see Education Code 28.025 and 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74.	
Students Entering Grade 9	To receive a high school diploma, a student entering grade 9 in the 2014–15 school year and thereafter must complete:		
		Requirements of the foundation high school program under 19 Administrative Code 74.12 [see Foundation High School Program, below];	
		Testing requirements for graduation under 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101 [see EKB]; and	
		Demonstrated proficiency, in grade 8 or higher, as determined by the district, in delivering clear verbal messages; choosing effective nonverbal behaviors; listening for desired results; ap- plying valid critical-thinking and problem-solving processes; and identifying, analyzing, developing, and evaluating com- munication skills needed for professional and social success in interpersonal situations, group interactions, and personal and professional presentations.	
	riculu	dent shall enroll in the courses necessary to complete the cur- m requirements for the foundation high school program and urriculum requirements for at least one endorsement.	
	Educ	ation Code 28.025(c); 19 TAC 74.11(a), (d)	
Foundation High School Program	high s	dent must earn at least 22 credits to complete the foundation school program and must demonstrate proficiency in the fol- g core courses:	
	1.	English language arts—4 credits;	
	2.	Mathematics—3 credits;	
	3.	Science—3 credits;	
	4.	Social Studies—3 credits;	
	5.	Languages other than English—2 credits;	
	6.	Physical Education—1 credit;	
	7.	Fine Arts—1 credit; and	

8. Elective courses—5 credits.

19 TAC 74.12

*Endorsements* A student shall specify in writing an endorsement the student intends to earn upon entering grade 9. *19 TAC 74.13(a)* 

A student may earn any of the following endorsements:

- 1. Science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM);
- 2. Business and industry;
- 3. Public services;
- 4. Arts and humanities; and
- 5. Multidisciplinary studies.

A district must make at least one endorsement available to students. A district that offers only one endorsement curriculum must offer multidisciplinary studies.

To earn an endorsement a student must demonstrate proficiency in the curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program and, in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 74.13(e), earn:

- 1. A fourth credit in mathematics;
- 2. An additional credit in science; and
- 3. Two additional elective credits.

A course completed as part of the four courses needed to satisfy an endorsement requirement may also satisfy a requirement under the foundation high school program, including an elective requirement. The same course may count as part of the set of four courses for more than one endorsement.

A district shall permit a student to enroll in courses under more than one endorsement before the student's junior year and to choose, at any time, to earn an endorsement other than the endorsement the student previously indicated.

A student must earn at least 26 credits to earn an endorsement, but a student is not entitled to remain enrolled to earn more than 26 credits.

	A district may define advanced courses and determine a coherent sequence of courses for an endorsement area, provided that pre- requisites in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–118, 126, 127, and 130 are followed.		
	Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.13		
Exception	A student may graduate under the foundation high school program without earning an endorsement if, after the student's sophomore year:		
	<ol> <li>The student and the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student are advised by a school coun- selor of the specific benefits of graduating from high school with one or more endorsements; and</li> </ol>		
	2. The student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student files with a school counselor written permission, on a form adopted by TEA, allowing the student to graduate under the foundation high school program without earning an endorsement.		
	19 TAC 74.11(e)		
Distinguished Level of Achievement	A student may earn a distinguished level of achievement by suc- cessfully completing the curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program and the curriculum requirements for at least one endorsement, including four credits in science and four credits in mathematics, including Algebra II. <i>19 TAC 74.11(f)</i>		
Algebra II Notification	Not later than September 1 of each school year, a district shall no- tify by regular mail or email the parent of or other person standing in parental relation to each student enrolled in grade 9 or above that the student is not required to complete an Algebra II course to graduate under the foundation high school program. The notifica- tion must include information regarding the potential consequences to a student of not completing an Algebra II course, including the impact on eligibility for:		
	<ol> <li>Automatic college admission under Education Code 51.803; and</li> </ol>		
	2. Certain financial aid authorized under Title 3 of the Education Code.		
	Education Code 28.02123		
Prerequisites	A student may not be enrolled in a course that has a required pre- requisite unless:		
	1. The student has completed the prerequisite course(s);		

EIF (LEGAL)

	2.	The student has demonstrated equivalent knowledge termined by the district; or	as de-	
	3.	The student was already enrolled in the course in an estate, an out-of-country, or a Texas nonpublic school a transferred to a Texas public school prior to successful pleting the course.	and	
	out cou	strict may award credit for a course a student complete having met the prerequisites if the student completed tl rse in an out-of-state, an out-of-country, or a Texas non pol where there was not a prerequisite.	ne	
	19	TAC 74.11(j)—(k)		
Dual Credit Courses	tion stru and ation for r	irses offered for dual credit at or in conjunction with an of higher education (IHE) that provide advanced acade ction beyond, or in greater depth than, the essential kno skills for the equivalent high school course required for n may satisfy graduation requirements, including requir required courses, advanced courses, and courses for e dit as well as requirements for endorsements. <i>19 TAC 7</i>	emic in- owledge r gradu- ements lective	
Core Curriculum College Courses	A district shall permit a student to comply with the curriculum re- quirements under the foundation high school program by success- fully completing appropriate courses in the core curriculum of an IHE. A student who has completed the core curriculum of an IHE in accordance with Education Code 61.822, as certified by the IHE in accordance with Education Code 4.28:			
	1.	Is considered to have earned an endorsement by suc completing the appropriate courses for that endorsem	-	
	2.	Is considered to have earned a distinguished level of ment under the foundation high school program; and	achieve-	
	3.	Is entitled to receive a high school diploma.		
	19	FAC 74.11(o)		
Languages Other Than English		dents may earn credit for languages other than English lance with 19 Administrative Code 74.12(b)(5).	in ac-	
	prog gua	udent who successfully completes a dual language imr gram may satisfy one credit of the two credits required i ge other English in accordance with 19 Administrative ( I2(b)(5)(F).	in a lan-	
	19	TAC 74.12(b)(5)		
		udent who successfully completes a course in America guage while in elementary school may satisfy one cred	-	
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#### ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADUATION

		credit 2(b)(	s required in a language other than English. <i>19 TAC</i> 5) <i>(G)</i>		
Physical Education Substitutions Other Physical Activity	tion ( cours	In accordance with local district policy, the required physical educa- tion credit may be earned through completion of any TEKS-based course that is not being used to satisfy another specific graduation requirement. [See Restrictions, below]			
	catio	In accordance with local district policy, credit for any physical edu- cation course may be earned through participation in the following activities:			
	1.	Athle	etics;		
	2.	JRO	TC; and		
	3.	ity pi ply to gram phys follow	ropriate private or commercially sponsored physical activ- rograms conducted on or off campus. A district must ap- o the commissioner of education for approval of such pro- ns, which may be substituted for state graduation credit in sical education. Such approval may be granted under the wing conditions:		
		а.	Olympic-level participation and/or competition includes a minimum of 15 hours per week of highly intensive, pro- fessional, supervised training. The training facility, in- structors, and the activities involved in the program must be certified by the superintendent to be of exceptional quality. Students qualifying and participating at this level may be dismissed from school one hour per day. Stu- dents dismissed may not miss any class other than physical education.		
		b.	Private or commercially sponsored physical activities in- clude those certified by the superintendent to be of high quality and well supervised by appropriately trained in- structors. Student participation of at least five hours per week must be required. Students certified to participate at this level may not be dismissed from any part of the regular school day.		
			ance with local district policy, up to one credit for any one vsical education courses listed in 19 Administrative Code		

Chapter 74 [see EHAC] may be earned through participation in any

- 1. Drill team;
- 2. Marching band; and

of the following activities:

3. Cheerleading.

Restrictions	All substitution activities permitted by local district policy must in- clude at least 100 minutes of moderate to vigorous physical activit per five-day school week.				
	No more than four substitution credits may be earned thro combination of substitutions listed above.				
Student with Disability or Illness	disal Engl cour 28.0 lowe isfy a educ	udent who is unable to participate in physical activity due to bility or illness may substitute an academic elective credit in lish language arts, mathematics, science, social studies or a se that is offered for credit as provided by Education Code 02(g-1) for the required physical education credit. A credit al- ed to be substituted may not also be used by the student to sat- a graduation requirement other than completion of the physical cation credit. The determination regarding a student's ability to cipate in physical activity must be made by:			
	1.	The student's ARD committee if the student receives special education services under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- chapter A;			
	2.	The committee established for the student under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) if the stu- dent does not receive special education services under Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A but is covered by the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or			
	3.	A committee, established by the district, of persons with ap- propriate knowledge regarding the student if each of the com- mittees described above is inapplicable. This committee must follow the same procedures required of an ARD or a Section 504 committee.			
	Edu	cation Code 28.025(b-10)–(b-11); 19 TAC 74.12(b)(6)			
Community- Based Fine Arts Programs	In accordance with local district policy, the required fine arts credit may be earned through participation in a community-based fine arts program not provided by the school district in which the stu- dent is enrolled.				
	In accordance with local policy, credit may be earned through pa ticipation in the community-based fine arts program only if the pr gram meets each of the following requirements:				
	1.	The district must apply to the commissioner for approval of the community-based fine arts program;			
	2.	The board must certify that the program provides instruction in the essential knowledge and skills for fine arts as defined by 19 Administrative Code, Chapter 117, Subchapter C;			

EIF (LEGAL)

	3.		strict must document student completion of the ap- d activity;	
	4.	•	rogram must be organized and monitored by appropri- rained instructors;	
	5.		ne arts program may be provided on or off a school us and outside the regular school day; and	
	6.		nts may not be dismissed from any part of the regular I day to participate in the community-based fine arts am.	
	The district shall require that instructors of the community-based fine arts program provide the district, at its request, the information necessary to obtain the criminal history record information required for school personnel in accordance with 19 Administrative Code, Chapter 153, Subchapter DD, if the community-based program is offered on campus.			
	Edι	cation (	Code 28.025(b-9); 19 TAC 74.12(b)(7)(B), .1030	
Performance Acknowledgments	74.	In accordance with the requirements of 19 Administrative Code 74.14, a student may earn a performance acknowledgment on the student's transcript for:		
	1.	Outsta	anding performance:	
		a. lı	n a dual credit course;	
		b. lı	n bilingualism and biliteracy;	
			On a College Board advanced placement test or interna- ional baccalaureate examination;	
		r: ir	On an established, valid, reliable, and nationally norm- eferenced preliminary college preparation assessment nstrument used to measure a student's progress toward eadiness for college and the workplace; or	
		re U	On an established, valid, reliable, and nationally norm- eferenced assessment instrument used by colleges and iniversities as part of their undergraduate admissions process; or	
	2.		ng a state-recognized or nationally or internationally rec- ed business or industry certification or license.	

Education Code 28.025(c-5); 19 TAC 74.14

Students Who Entered Grade 9	All credit for graduation must be earned no later than grade 12. <i>19 TAC 74.61(b)</i> , . <i>71(b)</i>			
Before the 2014–15 School Year <i>Minimum High</i> <i>School Program</i>	A student entering grade 9 prior to the 2014–15 school year who does not choose to complete the curriculum requirements for high school graduation under the foundation high school program must enroll in the courses necessary to complete the curriculum require- ments for the Recommended High School Program or the Ad- vanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program, unless the student, the student's parent or other person standing in paren- tal relation to the student, and a school counselor or school admin- istrator agree in writing signed by each party that the student should be permitted to take courses under the Minimum High School Program, and the student:			
	1.	Is at least 16 years of age;		
	2.	Has completed two credits required for graduation in each subject of the foundation curriculum under Education Code 28.002(a)(1); or		
	3.	Has failed to be promoted to the tenth grade one or more times as determined by the school district.		
Students with Disabilities	If an ARD committee makes decisions that place a student with a disability on a modified curriculum in a subject area, the student will be automatically placed in the Minimum High School Program.			
Applicability	High	A student who was permitted to take courses under the Minimum High School Program prior to the 2009–10 school year may remain in the Minimum High School Program.		
	19 7	AC 74.61(c), (d), .71(c), (d)		
Requirements	A student must earn at least 22 credits to complete the Minimum High School Program.			
	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school year must demonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.72.			
	A student who enters grade 9 before the 2012–13 school year must meet the applicable program requirements in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74, Subchapters D–F.			
	Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.62, .72			
Recommended High School Program	year	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school year must earn at least 26 credits to complete the Recommended High School Program. A student must demonstrate proficiency in		

	•	program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.73. <i>cation Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.63, .</i> 73		
Advanced / Distinguished Achievement High School Program	year guisl dem	A student who entered grade 9 in the 2012–13 or 2013–14 school year must earn at least 26 credits to complete the Advanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program. A student must demonstrate proficiency in the program requirements listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.74. <i>Education Code 28.025; 19 TAC 74.64, .74</i>		
Substitutions	men men	No substitutions are allowed for high school graduation require- ments in the Recommended and Advanced/Distinguished Achieve- ment High School Programs, except as provided by State Board rule. <i>19 TAC 74.63(d), .64(e), .73(d), .74(e)</i>		
AP or IB Courses	College Board advanced placement and international baccalaure- ate courses may be substituted for required courses in appropriate areas. These courses may be used as electives in all three high school graduation programs. <i>19 TAC 74.61(k)</i> , <i>.71(i)</i>			
Reading		strict may offer a maximum of 3 credits of reading for state luation elective credit for identified students if the district:		
	1.	Adopts policies to identify students in need of additional read- ing instruction;		
	2.	Has procedures that include assessment of individual student needs and ongoing evaluation of each student's progress; and		
	3.	Monitors instructional activities to ensure that student needs are addressed.		
	Rea	ding credits may be selected from Reading I, II, or III.		
	19 T.	AC 74.61(h), .71(f)		
College Courses	A student may comply with the curriculum requirements under the Minimum, Recommended, or Advanced/Distinguished Achievement High School Program for each subject of the foundation curriculum and for languages other than English by successfully completing appropriate courses in the core curriculum of an IHE. <i>19 TAC 74.61(l), .71(j)</i>			
Physical Education Substitutions	In accordance with local district policy, credit for any physical edu- cation course may be earned through participation in the following activities:			
Other Physical Activity	1. Athletics;			
	2.	JROTC; and		

3. Appropriate private or commercially sponsored physical activity programs conducted on or off campus. A district must apply to the commissioner for approval of such programs, which may be substituted for state graduation credit in physical education. Such approval may be granted under the following conditions: Olympic-level participation and/or competition includes a а. minimum of 15 hours per week of highly intensive, professional, supervised training. The training facility, instructors, and the activities involved in the program must be certified by the superintendent to be of exceptional quality. Students qualifying and participating at this level may be dismissed from school one hour per day. Students dismissed may not miss any class other than physical education. b. Private or commercially sponsored physical activities include those certified by the superintendent to be of high quality and well supervised by appropriately trained instructors. Student participation of at least five hours per week must be required. Students certified to participate at this level may not be dismissed from any part of the regular school day. In accordance with local district policy, up to one credit for any one of the physical education courses listed in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 74 [see EHAC] may be earned through participation in any of the following activities: 1. Drill team; 2. Marching band; and 3. Cheerleading. Restrictions All substitution activities must include at least 100 minutes per fiveday school week of moderate to vigorous physical activity. No more than four substitution credits may be earned through any combination of substitutions listed above. Student with A student who is unable to participate in physical activity due to Disability or disability or illness may substitute an academic elective credit in English language arts, mathematics, science, or social studies for the required physical education credit. A credit allowed to be sub-

Illness

	1.	The student's ARD committee if the student receives special education services under Education Code Chapter 29, Sub- chapter A;
	2.	The committee established for the student under Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) if the stu- dent does not receive special education services under Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter A but is covered by the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; or
	3.	A committee, established by the district, of persons with ap- propriate knowledge regarding the student if each of the com- mittees described above is inapplicable. This committee must follow the same procedures required of an ARD or a Section 504 committee.
Student with Physical Limitations	there phys licen cour or Ac dent the r	student entering grade 9 during the 2007–08 school year or eafter is unable to comply with all of the requirements for a ical education course due to a physical limitation certified by a sed medical practitioner, a modification to a physical education se does not prohibit the student from earning a Recommended dvanced/Distinguished High School Program diploma. A stu- with a physical limitation must still demonstrate proficiency in elevant knowledge and skills in a physical education course do not require physical activity.
		cation Code 28.025(b-10)–(b-11); 19 TAC 74.62(b)(7), b)(7), .64(b)(7), .72(b)(6), .73(b)(6), .74(b)(6)
Transfers from Out- of-State or Nonpublic Schools	exch scho all ar cred men ence ing te	of-state or out-of-country transfer students (including foreign ange students) and transfer students from Texas nonpublic ols are eligible to receive Texas diplomas but shall complete oplicable high school graduation requirements. Any course its required for graduation that are not completed before enroll- t may be satisfied through credit by examination, correspond- e courses, distance learning, or completing the course, accord- to the provisions of 19 Administrative Code 74.26. <i>19 TAC</i> 1(g) [See EHDB, EHDC, EHDE, and EI]
Graduation of Students Receiving Special Education Services Modified Curriculum and Content	the a 19 A Subs not b	ified curriculum and modified content refer to any reduction of amount or complexity of the required knowledge and skills in dministrative Code Chapters 110–117, 126–128, and 130. stitutions that are specifically authorized in statute or rule must be considered modified curriculum or modified content. <i>19 TAC</i> $070(k)$
Employability and Self-Help Skills	the p	loyability and self-help skills are those skills directly related to preparation of students for employment, including general skills essary to obtain or retain employment. <i>19 TAC 89.1070(i)</i>

Summary of Academic Achievement and Evaluation	den C.F. the fron 300 chile a st (b)( pate sub will	students graduating must be provided with a summary of aca- nic achievement and functional performance as described in 34 R. 300.305(e)(3). This summary must consider, as appropriate, views of the parent and student and written recommendations n adult service agencies on how to assist the student in meeting tsecondary goals. An evaluation as required by 34 C.F.R. .305(e)(1) (evaluation to determine that the child is no longer a d with a disability), must be included as part of the summary for udent graduating under 19 Administrative Code 89.1070 3)(A), (B), or (C) or (f)(4)(A), (B), or (C). Students who partici- e in graduation ceremonies but who are not graduating under sections (b)(3)(A), (B), or (C) or (f)(4)(A), (B), or (C) and who remain in school to complete their education do not have to be luated. <i>19 TAC 89.1070(g)–(h)</i>
Students Entering Grade 9 in or After the 2014–15 School Year	ter v awa	udent entering grade 9 in the 2014–15 school year and thereaf- who receives special education services may graduate and be irded a regular high school diploma if the student meets one of following conditions:
	1.	The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–117, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foundation high school program applicable to students in general education as well as satisfactory performance as established in Education Code Chapter 39, on the required EOC assessment instruments.
	2.	The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–117, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foundation high school program specified in 19 Administrative Code 74.12 applicable to students in general education but the student's ARD committee has determined that satisfactory performance on the required EOC assessment instruments is not necessary for graduation.
	3.	The student has demonstrated mastery of the required state standards (or district standards if greater) in 19 Administrative Code Chapters 110–117, 126–128, and 130 and satisfactorily completed credit requirements for graduation under the foundation high school program through courses, one or more of which contain modified curriculum that is aligned to the standards applicable to students in general education, as well as satisfactory performance as established in Education Code Chapter 39, on the required EOC assessment instruments,

		isfac strur also	ss the student's ARD committee has determined the story performance on the required EOC assessment ments is not necessary for graduation. The student successfully complete the student's IEP and meet following conditions:	t in- must
		a.	Consistent with the IEP, the student has obtained to time employment, based on the student's abilities cal employment opportunities, in addition to master sufficient self-help skills to enable the student to me tain the employment without direct and ongoing ex- tional support of the local school district.	and lo- ering nain-
		b.	Consistent with the IEP, the student has demonstrative mastery of specific employability skills and self-hele skills that do not require direct ongoing educational port of the local school district.	lp
		C.	The student has access to services that are not wind the legal responsibility of public education or employment or educational options for which the student been prepared by the academic program.	oy-
		d.	The student no longer meets age eligibility require	ments.
	abo <sup>v</sup> serv	ve, th ices ι	tudent receives a diploma under item 2 or 3(a), (b), e ARD committee must determine needed educatio upon the request of the student or parent to resume long as the student meets the age eligibility require	nal ser-
	19 7	TAC 8	9.1070(b), (j)	
Endorsements			who is enrolled in a special education program ma sement on the student's transcript by:	y earn
	1.		cessfully completing, with or without modification of culum:	the
		a.	The curriculum requirements identified by the SBC the foundation high school program; and	)E for
		b.	The additional endorsement curriculum requireme prescribed by the SBOE; and	nts
	2.		cessfully completing all curriculum requirements for prsement adopted by the SBOE:	that
		a.	Without modification of the curriculum; or	
		b.	With modification of the curriculum, provided that the curriculum, as modified, is sufficiently rigorous as a mined by the student's ARD committee.	
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	The ARD committee of a student in a special education program shall determine whether the student is required to achieve satisfac- tory performance on an end-of-course assessment instrument to earn an endorsement on the student's transcript.
	Education Code 28.025(c-7)–(c-8), 19 TAC 89.1070(c)
Students Entering Grade 9 Before the 2014– 15 School Year	A student receiving special education services who entered grade 9 before the 2014–15 school year may graduate and be awarded a high school diploma under the foundation high school program in accordance with 19 Administrative Code 89.1070.
Graduation of Military Dependents Course Waiver	District officials shall waive specific courses required for graduation if similar coursework has been satisfactorily completed by a military student in another district or shall provide reasonable justification for denial. Should a waiver not be granted to a student who would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the district shall pro- vide an alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that graduation may occur on time.
Transfers During Senior Year	Should a military student transferring at the beginning or during the student's senior year be ineligible to graduate from the district after all alternatives have been considered, the sending and receiving districts shall ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending district, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the sending district. In the event that one of the states in question is not a member of this compact, the member state shall use best efforts to facilitate the on-time graduation of the student.
Substitute Passing Standard	The commissioner shall adopt a passing standard on one or more national norm-referenced achievement tests for purposes of per- mitting a qualified military dependent to meet that standard as a substitute for completing a specific course otherwise required for graduation. The passing standard is available only for a student who enrolls in a public school in this state for the first time after completing the ninth grade or who reenrolls in a public school in this state at or above the tenth grade level after an absence of at least two years from the public schools of this state. Each passing standard in effect when a student first enrolls in a Texas public high school remains applicable to the student for the duration of the stu- dent's high school enrollment, regardless of any subsequent revi- sion of the standard.

Education Code 162.002 art. VII, A, C [See FDD]

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT GRADUATION EIF (LEGAL)

Graduation of Student Who Is Homeless or in Conservatorship of DFPS If an 11th or 12th grade student who is homeless or in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services transfers to a different school district and the student is ineligible to graduate from the district to which the student transfers, the district from which the student transferred shall award a diploma at the student's request, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the district from which the student transferred. *Education Code* 28.025(*i*)

Denton ISD 061901	
TESTING PROGRAMS	EK (LEGAL)
Local Achievement Testing	In addition to the state-administered assessment instruments, a district may adopt and administer criterion-referenced or norm-ref- erenced assessment instruments, or both, at any grade level. A lo- cally adopted norm-referenced assessment instrument must be economical, nationally recognized, and state-approved.
	For purposes of this provision, "assessment instrument" means a district-commissioned achievement test, either nationally normed or criterion-referenced, that is group administered and reported publicly (such as to a board) in the aggregate.
	A company or organization scoring an assessment instrument shall send test results to a district for verification. A district shall have 90 days to verify the accuracy of test data and report the results to the board.
	A district shall follow procedures for test security and confidentiality set forth in 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter C. [See EKB]
	Education Code 39.026, .032; 19 TAC 101.101
Assessment Instrument Limitations	In any subject area for which a state assessment is administered, a district may not administer locally required assessments designed to prepare students for state assessments to any student on more than ten percent of the instructional days in any school year. A campus-level planning and decision-making committee may limit the administration of locally required assessments to ten percent or a lower percentage of the instructional days in any school year. This prohibition does not apply to the administration of college preparation assessments, advanced placement tests, international baccalaureate examinations, or state assessments. <i>Education Code 39.0262</i>
Benchmark Assessment Instruments	"Benchmark assessment instrument" means a district-required as- sessment instrument designed to prepare students for a corre- sponding state-administered assessment instrument.
	A district may not administer to any student more than two bench- mark assessment instruments to prepare the student for a corre- sponding state-administered assessment instrument.
	This prohibition does not apply to the administration of a college preparation assessment instrument, including the PSAT, the ACT- Plan, the SAT, or the ACT, an advanced placement test, an interna- tional baccalaureate examination, or an independent classroom ex- amination designed or adopted and administered by a classroom teacher.

# TESTING PROGRAMS

	has sion	rent of or person standing in parental relation to a student who special needs, as determined in accordance with commis- er of education rule, may request administration to the student dditional benchmark assessment instruments.		
	Education Code 39.0263			
Designed to Prepare	men	purposes of Education Code 39.0262 and 39.0263, an assess- t instrument designed to prepare students for state-adminis- d assessment instruments is an assessment that:		
	1.	Evaluates students' potential performance relative to the state's blueprint in whole for a state-administered assessment; or		
	2.	Is primarily focused on test-taking techniques.		
	ate s	provision does not include an assessment designed to evalu- students' mastery of parts of the Texas Essential Knowledge Skills or the efficacy of instructional practice.		
	19 T	AC 101.6003		
College Preparation Assessments	esta	n school year, and at state cost, a district may administer an blished, valid, reliable, and nationally norm-referenced prelimi- college preparation assessment instrument:		
	1.	To students in the spring of the eighth grade, for the purpose of diagnosing the academic strengths and deficiencies of stu- dents before entrance into high school; and		
	2.	To students in the tenth grade, for the purpose of measuring a student's progress toward readiness for college and the work-place.		
		provisions of Education Code 39.0261(a)(1) and (a)(2), above, y only if the legislature appropriates funds for those purposes.		
	Education Code 39.0261(a)(1)–(a)(2), (f)			
	High school students, in the spring of the eleventh grade or during the twelfth grade, may select and take once, at state cost:			
	1.	One of the valid, reliable, and nationally norm-referenced as- sessment instruments used by colleges and universities as part of their undergraduate admissions processes; or		
	2.	The assessment instrument designated by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board under Education Code 51.334.		

# TESTING PROGRAMS

A high school student is not prohibited from taking the test more than once, at the student's own expense.Education Code 39.0261(a)(3), (e)A district is entitled to reimbursement for the amount of fees paid by the district for the administration of an assessment instrument under Education Code 39.0261(a)(3), above. Education Code 48.155Homeschooled StudentsThe following provisions apply to a homeschooled student entitled under Education Code 25.001 to attend school in a district. A district shall permit a homeschooled student to participate in an administration of the PSAT/NMSOT or a college advanced place- ment test offered by the district. "Homeschooled student" means a student who predominantly re- ceives instruction in a general elementary or secondary education program that is provided by the parent, or a person standing in pa- rental authority, in or through the child's home.FeesA district shall require a homeschooled student to pay the same fee to participate in such a test that a student enrolled in the district is required to pay.NoticeA district shall post on an internet website maintained by the district the date the PSAT/NMSQT will be administered. The notice must state that the PSAT/NMSQT or a homeschooled stu- dent to register for the test. A district and describe the procedures for a homeschooled stu- dent to register for the test. A district that does not maintain an internet website must publish the notice in a newspaper in the district. If a newspaper is not pub- lished in the district word the provide for the publication of notice in a least one newspaper in the county in which the district's central administrative office is located.The required notice must be posted or published at the same time and with the same frequency with which the inf		
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Armed Services Vocational Aptitudethe notice in a newspaper in the district shall provide for the publication of notice in at least one newspaper in the county in which the district's central administrative office is located.Armed Services Vocational AptitudeEach school year each school district shall provide students in grades 10 through 12 an opportunity to take the Armed Services	Notice	the date the PSAT/NMSQT will be administered and the date any college advanced placement tests will be administered. The notice must state that the PSAT/NMSQT or the advanced placement test is available for homeschooled students eligible to attend school in the district and describe the procedures for a homeschooled stu-
and with the same frequency with which the information is provided to a student who attends a district school.Education Code 29.916Armed Services Vocational AptitudeEach school year each school district shall provide students in grades 10 through 12 an opportunity to take the Armed Services		the notice in a newspaper in the district. If a newspaper is not pub- lished in the district, the district shall provide for the publication of notice in at least one newspaper in the county in which the district's
Armed ServicesEach school year each school district shall provide students in grades 10 through 12 an opportunity to take the Armed Services		and with the same frequency with which the information is provided
<b>Vocational Aptitude</b> grades 10 through 12 an opportunity to take the Armed Services		Education Code 29.916
Battery Test Vocational Aptitude Battery (ASVAB) test and consult with a military recruiter.		grades 10 through 12 an opportunity to take the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery (ASVAB) test and consult with a military

#### **TESTING PROGRAMS**

The test must be scheduled:

- 1. During normal school hours; and
- 2. To optimize student participation, at a time that limits conflicts with extracurricular activities.

Each school district shall provide each student in grades 10 through 12 and the student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student a notice of the date, time, and location of the scheduled administration of the ASVAB test.

A school district may elect not to provide the ASVAB test only if the district or school provides an alternative test that:

- Assesses a student's aptitude for success in a career field other than a career field that requires postsecondary education;
- 2. Is free to administer;
- 3. Requires minimal training and support of district or school faculty and staff to administer the test; and
- 4. Provides the student with a professional interpretation of the test results that allows the student to:
  - a. Explore occupations that are consistent with the student's interests and skills; and
  - b. Develop strategies to attain the student's career goals.

A school district or high school that, before September 1, 2017, entered into a contract under which a vocational aptitude test that does not comply with the requirements for an alternative test is provided to students in grades 10 through 12, may elect not to provide the ASVAB test for the term of the contract. On the expiration of the contract term, this exemption is not applicable.

Education Code 29.9015

**TESTING PROGRAMS** 

STATE ASSESSMENT

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State Assessment of Academic Skills	Every student receiving instruction in the essential knowledge and skills shall take the appropriate criterion-referenced assessments, as required by Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B [see Testing in Grades 3–8, below]. <i>Education Code 39.023(a), (c), (f); 19 TAC 101.5</i>
	A student may not receive a high school diploma until the student has performed satisfactorily on end-of-course (EOC) assessment instruments [see End-of-Course Assessments, below]. <i>Education Code</i> 39.025(a); 19 TAC 101.4001
Emergent Bilingual Students	In grades 3–12, an emergent bilingual student, as defined by Edu- cation Code Chapter 29, Subchapter B, shall participate in the state assessment in accordance with commissioner rules at 19 Ad- ministrative Code Chapter 101, Subchapter AA. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.023(I), (m)</i> [See EKBA]
Special Education	The Texas Education Agency (TEA) shall develop or adopt appro- priate criterion-referenced alternative assessment instruments to be administered to each student in a special education program for whom a state assessment instrument adopted under Education Code 39.023(a), even with allowable accommodations, would not provide an appropriate measure of student achievement, as deter- mined by the student's admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee, including assessment instruments approved by the commissioner of education that measure growth. The assessment instruments developed or adopted, including the assessment in- struments approved by the commissioner, must, to the extent al- lowed under federal law, provide a district with options for the as- sessment of students.
	TEA may not adopt a performance standard that indicates that a student's performance on the alternate assessment does not meet standards if the lowest level of the assessment accurately represents the student's developmental level as determined by the student's ARD committee.
	The student's ARD committee shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering to the student a required EOC assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023(c), and whether the student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an EOC assessment instrument to receive a high school diploma.
	Education Code 39.023(b)–(c), .025(a-4)
Military Dependents	If the student is a military dependent, the district shall incorporate procedures to accept:

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	1.	Exit or EOC exams required for graduation from the sending state;
	2.	National norm-referenced achievement tests; or
	3.	Alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for gradua- tion in the receiving state.
	the sen	ne event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by receiving state for a military dependent transferring in his or her ior year, then Education Code 162.002 article VII, section C, II apply.
Substitute Passing Standard	nati mitt sub erw only first lic s sen Eac Texa dura	commissioner shall adopt a passing standard on one or more onal norm-referenced achievement tests for purposes of per- ing a qualified military dependent to meet that standard as a stitute for achieving a score on an assessment instrument oth- ise required for graduation. The passing standard is available of or a student who enrolls in a public school in this state for the time after completing the ninth grade or who reenrolls in a pub- chool in this state at or above the grade 10 level after an ab- ce of at least two years from the public schools of this state. h passing standard in effect when a student first enrolls in a as public high school remains applicable to the student for the ation of the student's high school enrollment, regardless of any sequent revision of the standard.
	Edu	cation Code 162.002 art. VII [See EIF]
Administration	by T tenc	strict shall follow the test administration procedures established TEA in the applicable test administration materials. A superin- dent shall be responsible for administering tests. <i>19 TAC</i> .25, .27
Schedule	com and Lea any Thu	commissioner shall specify the schedule for testing that is in apliance with Education Code 39.023(c-3) and supports reliable valid assessments. Participation in University Interscholastic gue (UIL) area, regional, or state competitions is prohibited on days on which testing is scheduled between Monday and rsday of the school week in which the primary administration of essment instruments occurs.
	tion	commissioner may provide alternate dates for the administra- of tests required for a high school diploma to students who are ratory children and who are out of the state.
	19	TAC 101.25
Alternate Test Dates		commissioner shall consider requests from districts or cam- es for alternate test dates on a case-by-case basis. Alternate

# TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT

	test dates will only be allowed if the campus or district is closed on the day on which testing is scheduled or if there is an exceptional circumstance, defined below, that may affect a district's or cam- pus's ability to administer an assessment or the students' perfor- mance on the assessment.			
	"Ex	Exceptional circumstances" include:		
	1.	Inclement weather or natural disasters that would cause a dis- trict or campus to be closed or that would cause a small per- centage of students to be in attendance on the day testing is scheduled;		
	2.	Health epidemics that result in a large number of students be- ing absent on the day of testing;		
	3.	Death of a student or school official that may impact student performance; and		
	4.	Sudden emergencies that occur on the day of testing or shortly before testing that may inhibit students from complet- ing the assessments, such as a fire on campus, a bomb threat, an extended power outage, or a water main break.		
	the ing	n alternate test date for primary test administration is approved, commissioner may prohibit a district or campus from participat- in UIL competition on the new test date if that is determined to n the best interest of the district, campus, and students.		
	19	TAC 101.5003		
Test Administration Training	volv com can men ove tion of a	commissioner may require training for district employees in- red in the administration of the assessment instruments. The missioner may only require for the employee at each district upus who oversees the administration of the assessment instru- nts to annually receive the training. The district employee who resees test administration on a district campus may, with discre- , require other district employees involved in the administration ssessment instruments to repeat the training. <i>Education Code</i> 0.304(a), (b-1)-(b-2)		
Notice to Parents and Students		uperintendent shall be responsible for providing written notice to h student and the student's parent or guardian of:		
	1.	The testing requirements for grade advancement [see EIE] and the dates, times, and locations of testing. Notice of test- ing requirements shall be provided no later than the beginning of the student's kindergarten year, for students attending kin- dergarten in the district, and no later than the beginning of the		

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		student's first-grade year for all other students. The superin- tendent shall also provide such notice for students in grades 1–8 who are new to the district.
	2.	The testing requirements for graduation and the dates, times, and locations of testing. Notice of testing requirements shall be provided no later than the beginning of the student's sev- enth-grade year. The superintendent shall also provide such notice for students in grades 7–12 who are new to the district. Notice of the dates, times, and locations of testing shall be provided to each student who will take the tests and to out-of- school individuals.
	19	TAC 101.3012
Testing in Grades 3–8	are mer	ept as provided below, all students, other than students who assessed under Education Code 39.023(b) (alternative assess- nt instrument) or 39.023(I) (emergent bilingual students) or ex- oted under Education Code 39.027, shall be assessed in:
	1.	Mathematics, annually in grades 3–8;
	2.	Reading, annually in grades 3–8;
	3.	Social studies in grade 8;
	4.	Science in grades 5 and 8; and
	5.	Any other subject and grade required by federal law.
	Edu	cation Code 39.023(a)
Exception		purposes of federal accountability, a student shall not be ad- istered a grade-level assessment if the student:
	1.	Is enrolled in a course or subject intended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered a grade-level assessment instrument developed under the list above that aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject within the same content area; or
	2.	Is enrolled in a course for high school credit in a subject in- tended for students above the student's enrolled grade level and will be administered an EOC assessment instrument that aligns with the curriculum for that course or subject within the same content area.
	acco on s mer	purposes of federal accountability, a grade 3–8 student who is elerated in mathematics, reading/language arts, or science and schedule to complete the high school end-of-course assess- nts in that same content area prior to high school shall be as- sed at least once in high school with the ACT or the SAT.
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	A student is only eligible to take an assessment instrument in- tended for use above the student's enrolled grade if the student is on schedule to complete instruction in the entire curriculum for that subject during the semester the assessment is administered.
	A student in grade 5 or 8 described above may not be denied pro- motion on the basis of failure to perform satisfactorily on an as- sessment instrument above the student's grade level.
	Education Code 28.0211(o)–(p), 39.023(a-2); 19 TAC 101.3011(a)(1)–(4)
Kindergarten Assessment	An assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023 may not be administered to a kindergarten student except for the purpose of determining whether the student is entitled to the benefit of the Foundation School Program [see FD]. <i>Education Code 39.023(a- 16)</i>
Prekindergarten Assessment	Performance on an assessment instrument administered to stu- dents in prekindergarten may not be considered for any purpose related to Education Code Chapters 39 and 39A. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0237</i>
Accommodations	Testing accommodations are permitted for any student unless they would make a particular test invalid. Decisions regarding testing accommodations shall take into consideration the needs of the stu- dent and the accommodations the student routinely receives in classroom instruction. Permissible testing accommodations shall be described in the appropriate test administration materials.
	The committee established by a board to determine the placement of students with dyslexia or related disorders shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering an assessment to such a student.
	A student's ARD committee shall determine the allowable accom- modations and shall document them in the student's individualized education program (IEP). [See Special Education, above]
	19 TAC 101.3013; Education Code 39.023(a)–(c), (n); 34 C.F.R. 300.320(a)(6)
End-of-Course Assessments	Beginning with students first enrolled in grade 9 in the 2011–12 school year, a student enrolled in a course for which an EOC assessment exists as required by Education 39.023(c) shall take the appropriate assessment. <i>19 TAC 101.3021(a)</i>
	TEA shall adopt EOC assessment instruments for secondary-level courses in Algebra I, biology, English I, English II, and United States history. The Algebra I EOC assessment instrument must be

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	administered with the aid of technology, but may include one or more parts that prohibit the use of technology. The English I and English II EOC assessment instruments must each assess essen- tial knowledge and skills in both reading and writing and must pro- vide a single score. A district shall comply with State Board of Edu- cation rules regarding administration of the assessment instruments listed in this provision.		
	If a student is in a special education program, the student's ARD committee shall determine whether any allowable modification is necessary in administering to the student an assessment instrument required under this provision.		
	Education Code 39.023(c)		
Students Enrolled Below High School Level	Beginning in the 2011–12 school year, a student in grade 8 or lower who takes a high school course for credit is required to take the applicable EOC assessment. The EOC assessment result shall be applied toward the student's assessment graduation require- ments, as specified in 19 Administrative Code 101.3022. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>101.3021(d)</i>		
Assessment Requirements for Graduation	A student must meet satisfactory performance on an EOC assess- ment listed in Education Code 39.023(c) only for a course in which the student is enrolled and for which an EOC assessment instru- ment is administered in order to be eligible to receive a Texas di- ploma.		
Exceptions English I or English II	A student who was administered separate reading and writing EOC assessments under Education Code 39.023(c), for the English I or English II course has met that course's assessment graduation requirement if the student has:		
	<ol> <li>Achieved satisfactory performance on either the reading or writing EOC assessment for that course;</li> </ol>		
	2. Met at least the minimum score on the other EOC assessment for that course; and		
	<ol> <li>Achieved an overall scale score of 3750 or greater when the scale scores for reading and writing are combined for that course.</li> </ol>		
	Exceptions related to English I also apply to English language learners who meet the criteria in 19 Administrative Code 101.1007. [See EKBA]		
Credits Earned Prior to Enrollment	If a student earned high school credit for a course with an EOC as- sessment prior to enrollment in a Texas public school district and the credit has been accepted by a Texas public school district, or a		

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	student completed a course for Texas high school credit in a course with an EOC assessment prior to the 2011–12 spring administration, the student is not required to take the corresponding EOC assessment.		
	19 TAC 101.3021(e), .3022		
Substitute Assessments	The commissioner adopts certain assessments as substitute as- sessments that a student may use in place of a corresponding EOC assessment to meet the student's assessment graduation re- quirements. A satisfactory score on an approved assessment may be used in place of only one specific EOC assessment, except as provided by 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d)(1) (student who qualifies for use of the Texas Success Initiative (TSI) as a substi- tute assessment and is enrolled in certain college preparatory courses).		
	A student at any grade level is eligible to use a substitute assessment as provided in the commissioner's chart at 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(b) if the student:		
	<ol> <li>Was administered an approved substitute assessment for an equivalent course in which the student was enrolled;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Received a satisfactory score on the substitute assessment as determined by the commissioner and provided in the chart at 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(b); and</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Using a Texas Success Initiative Assessment (TSIA) or a Texas Success Initiative Assessment, Version 2.0 (TSIA2) also meets the additional criteria of 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d).</li> </ol>		
TSI Additional Criteria	A student must meet the criteria established in 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(d) in order to qualify to use TSIA or TSIA2 as a substitute assessment.		
Accountability Testing	A student electing to substitute an assessment for graduation pur- poses must still take the corresponding EOC assessment required under Education Code 39.023(c) at least once for accountability purposes. If a student sits for an EOC assessment, a district may not void or invalidate the test in lieu of a substitute assessment.		
	A student who fails to perform satisfactorily on a PSAT, PLAN, or Aspire test (or any versions of these tests) as indicated in the chart in 19 Administrative Code 101.4003(b) must take the appropriate EOC assessment required under Education Code 39.023(c). How- ever, a student who does not receive a passing score on the EOC		

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	assessment and retakes a PSAT, PLAN, or Aspire test (or any versions of these tests) is eligible to meet the requirements specified in 19 Administrative Code 101.4002(c).				
	19 TAC 101.4002				
Verification of Results	An eligible student is responsible for providing a district an official copy of the student's scores from the substitute assessment.				
	Upon receipt of official results of an approved substitute assessment, a district must:				
	1. Verify the student's score on the substitute assessment; and				
	2. Determine whether the student met the performance standard required to qualify for a public high school diploma in Texas as established by the commissioner.				
	19 TAC 101.4005				
Satisfactory Performance	A student is required to achieve a scale score that indicates satis- factory performance, as determined by the commissioner on each EOC assessment instrument administered to the student. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 39.025(a)</i>				
Individual Graduation Committee	A student in grade 11 or 12 who has failed to comply with the EOC assessment instrument performance requirements under Education Code 39.025 for not more than two courses may qualify to graduate on the basis of a review by an individual graduation committee (IGC). [See EIF] <i>Education Code 28.0258, 39.025(a-5)</i>				
Special Education	A student receiving special education services is not subject to the IGC requirements in Education Code 28.0258. As provided in 19 Administrative Code 89.1070 (Graduation Requirements) and 19 Administrative Code 101.3023 (Participation and Graduation Assessment Requirements for Students Receiving Special Education Services), a student's ARD committee determines whether a student is required to achieve satisfactory performance on an EOC assessment to graduate.				
	A student dismissed from a special education program who achieved satisfactory performance on an alternate EOC assess- ment while enrolled in a special education program is not required to take and achieve satisfactory performance on the general EOC assessment to graduate. A student who took an EOC assessment while enrolled in a special education program is not required to re- take and achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC assess- ment if the student's ARD committee determined that the student was not required to achieve satisfactory performance on the EOC				

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	assessment to graduate. A student dismissed from a special edu- cation program must achieve satisfactory performance on any re- maining EOC assessments that the student is required to take. If the student fails to achieve satisfactory performance on no more than two of the remaining EOC assessments, the student is eligible for IGC review under Education Code 28.0258 and is subject to the IGC provisions above. [See Individual Graduation Committee, above]	
	19 TAC 101.3022(f)	
	A student receiving special education services who successfully completes the requirements of his or her IEP, including perfor- mance on a state assessment required for graduation, shall re- ceive a Texas high school diploma. A student's ARD committee shall determine if the student will be required to meet satisfactory performance on an assessment for purposes of graduation.	
	Beginning with the 2011–12 school year, all grades 9–12 students with significant cognitive disabilities who are assessed with an alternate assessment as specified in the student's IEP will be assessed using alternate versions of EOC assessments as listed in 19 Administrative Code 101.3011(b)(2).	
	19 TAC 101.3023(a), (b)	
Credit by Examination	An EOC assessment administered under Education Code 39.023(c) cannot be used for purposes of credit by examination un- der 19 Administrative Code 74.24. [See EHDB, EHDC] <i>19 TAC</i> <i>101.3021(c)</i>	-
Additional State Assessments	TEA may adopt EOC assessment instruments for courses not listed in statute, as described above. A student's performance on these EOC assessment instruments is not subject to the performance requirements established for the statutory assessments. <i>Education Code 39.023(c-2)</i>	
Retakes	Each time an EOC assessment instrument is administered, a stu- dent who failed to achieve a score requirement may retake the as- sessment instrument. [See Satisfactory Performance, above]	
	A student is not required to retake a course as a condition of retak- ing an EOC assessment instrument.	
	If a student failed a course but achieved satisfactory performance on the applicable EOC assessment, that student is not required to retake the assessment if the student is required to retake the course.	
	Education Code 39.025(b); 19 TAC 101.3021(f), .3022(d)	

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<b>Reporting Results</b> To the Public	Overall student performance data, aggregated by ethnicity, sex, grade level, subject area, campus, and district, shall be made available to the public, with appropriate interpretations, at regularly scheduled meetings of a board, after receipt from TEA. The information shall not contain the names of individual students or teachers. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i>
To the Board	A superintendent shall accurately report all test results with appro- priate interpretations to a board according to the schedule in the applicable test administration materials.
To Parents, Students, and Teachers	A district shall notify each of its students, his or her parent or guardian, and his or her teacher for that subject of test results, ob- serving confidentiality requirements stated at Confidentiality of Re- sults, below. All test results shall be included in each student's aca- demic achievement record and shall be furnished for each student transferring to another district or school. Upon receipt of the as- sessment results from the test contractor, a district shall disclose a student's assessment results to a student's teacher in the same subject area as the assessment for that school year. [See BQ se- ries, FD, and FL]
	19 TAC 101.3014
	TEA shall adopt a series of questions to be included in an EOC as- sessment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(c) to be used for purposes of identifying students who are likely to succeed in an advanced high school course. A district shall notify a student who performs at a high level on the questions and the student's parent or guardian of the student's performance and potential to succeed in an advanced high school course. A district may not require a student to perform at a particular level on the questions to be eligible to enroll in an advanced high school course. <i>Education Code</i> 39.0233(b)
Parents Right-to- Know Under ESEA	As a condition of receiving assistance under Title I, Part A of the El- ementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), a district shall provide to each individual parent of a child who is a student in such school, with respect to such student infor- mation on the level of achievement and academic growth of the student, if applicable and available, on each of the state academic assessments required under Part A. 20 U.S.C. $6312(e)(1)(B)(i)$
Parental Access	A parent is entitled to access to a copy of each state assessment instrument administered to the parent's child. This right of access does not apply, however, to those instruments or particular questions that are being field-tested by TEA. <i>Education Code</i> 26.005, $.006(a)(2)$

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Out-of-State Transfers		ed inte	shall accurately report to TEA whether that student trans- o the district from out of state during the current school		
	TEA rials	shal . A di	es for the reporting of out-of-state-transfer students to I be established in the applicable test administration mate- strict shall follow procedures specified in those test ad- on materials.		
	The assessment results of the out-of-state transfer students shall be reported separately to districts from the results of the district's other students in addition to the current reporting of assessment results for all students and other student subsets.				
	19 7	TAC 1	01.3014		
Accelerated Instruction	Each time a student fails to perform satisfactorily on an assess- ment instrument administered under Education Code 39.023(a) in the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, or eighth grade, the district in which the student attends school shall provide to the student accel- erated instruction in the applicable subject area during the subse- quent summer or school year and either:				
	1.	certi the	w the student to be assigned a classroom teacher who is ified as a master, exemplary, or recognized teacher under local optional teacher designation system [see DEAA] for subsequent school year in the applicable subject area; or		
	2.		vide the student supplemental instruction under Education e 28.0211(a-4). [See EHBC]		
	Edu	catio	n Code 28.0211(a-1)		
	rily o und	on an er Ed	shall provide each student who fails to perform satisfacto- EOC assessment instrument with accelerated instruction ucation Code 28.0217 in the subject assessed by the as- t instrument. <i>Education Code 39.025(b-1)</i> [See EHBC]		
College Readiness	Each district shall partner with at least one institution of higher edu- cation to develop and provide courses in college preparatory math- ematics and English language arts. The courses must be designed:				
	1.	For	students at the grade 12 level whose performance on:		
		a.	An EOC assessment instrument required under Educa- tion Code 39.023(c) does not meet college readiness standards; or		
		b.	Coursework, a college entrance examination, or an as- sessment instrument designated under Education Code		

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	51.334(a) indicates that the student is not ready to per- form entry-level college coursework; and
	<ol> <li>To prepare students for success in entry-level college courses.</li> </ol>
	A course must be provided on the campus of the high school offer- ing the course or through distance learning or as an online course provided through the institution of higher education with which the district partners.
Faculty	Appropriate faculty of each high school offering courses and appro- priate faculty of each institution of higher education with which the district partners shall meet regularly as necessary to ensure that each course is aligned with college readiness expectations.
Notice	Each district shall provide a notice to each eligible student and the student's parent or guardian regarding the benefits of enrolling in a course.
Credit Earned	A student who successfully completes an English language arts course may use the credit earned toward satisfying the advanced English language arts curriculum requirement for the foundation high school program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(1). A student who successfully completes a mathematics course may use the credit earned in the course toward satisfying an advanced mathematics curriculum requirement under Education Code 28.025 after completion of the mathematics curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program under Education Code 28.025(b-1)(2).
Dual Credit	A course may be offered for dual credit at the discretion of the insti- tution of higher education with which a district partners.
Instructional Materials	Each district, in consultation with the institution of higher education with which the district partners, shall develop or purchase instruc- tional materials for a course consistent with Education Code Chap- ter 31. The instructional materials must include technology re- sources that enhance the effectiveness of the course and draw on established best practices.
	Education Code 28.014
Security and Confidentiality	All assessment instruments included in the student assessment program are considered secure, and the contents of these tests, in- cluding student information used or obtained in their administration, are confidential.
	Districts and campuses and the superintendent and campus principals in each district and campus shall:

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	1.		lement and ensure compliance with state test administra- procedures and training activities;			
	2.	lege	ify TEA as soon as the district becomes aware of any al- ed or suspected violation of the security or confidential in- ity of a test [see Violations, below];			
	3.	ing core	oort all confirmed testing violations to TEA within ten work- days of the district becoming aware of the violation in ac- dance with the reporting process stipulated in the test ad- istration materials;			
	4.		ure that the only individuals with access to secure test erials are district employees who have:			
		a.	Met the requirements to participate in the student as- sessment program;			
		b.	Received annual training in test security and test admin- istration procedures; and			
		C.	Signed an oath affirming they understand their obligation to maintain and preserve the security and confidentiality of all state assessments and student information, acknowledge their responsibility to report any suspected testing violation, and are aware of the range of penalties that may result from a violation of test security and confi- dentiality or a departure from test administration proce- dures; and			
	5.		ure the security of the test materials as required by 19 Ad- istrative Code 101.3031(a)(2)(E).			
	19	19 TAC 101.3031(a)(1)–(a)(2)				
Violations	Viol	Violations of the security and confidential integrity of a test include				
	1.		ectly or indirectly assisting students with responses to test stions;			
	2.	Tan	npering with student responses;			
	3.	Fals	sifying holistic ratings or student responses;			
	4.	istra	wing secure test content before, during, or after an admin- ation unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the pro- ures outlined in the test administration materials;			
	5.		cussing or disclosing secure test content or student re- nses;			

6. Scoring students' tests, either formally or informally;

#### TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT

EKB (LEGAL)

	7.	Duplicating, recording, or electronically capturing confidential test content unless specifically authorized by TEA or by the procedures outlined in the test administration materials;		
	8.	Responding to secure test questions;		
	9.	Fraudulently exempting or preventing a student from partici- pating in the administration of a required state assessment;		
	10.	Receiving or providing unallowable assistance during calibra- tion activities (e.g., taking notes, providing answer sheets, or sharing answers);		
	11.	Encouraging or assisting an individual to engage in the con- duct described above or in any other serious violation of secu- rity and confidentiality;		
	12.	Failing to report to an appropriate authority that an individual has engaged or is suspected of engaging in the above con- duct or in any other serious violation of security and confiden- tiality under this provision;		
	13.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent student cheating; and		
	14.	Failing to implement sufficient procedures to prevent altera- tion of test documents by anyone other than the student.		
Consequences	If a district determines that a student has cheated or attempted to cheat on a state assessment either by providing or receiving direct assistance, the district shall invalidate the student's test results.			
	Any violation of test security or confidential integrity may result in TEA:			
	1.	Invalidating student test results;		
	2.	Referring certified educators to the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) for sanctions in accordance with 19 Ad- ministrative Code Chapter 247 (Educators' Code of Ethics) and Chapter 249 (Disciplinary Proceedings, Sanctions, and Contested Cases); and		
	3.	Lowering the district's accreditation status or a district's or campus's accountability rating in accordance with Education Code 39.057(d) (redesignated to Education Code 39.003), or appointment of a monitor, conservator, or management team to the district in accordance with Education Code Chapter 39A.		

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TESTING PROGRAMS STATE ASSESSMENT	EKB (LEGAL)
Test Administration Procedures	Test administration procedures shall be delineated in the test ad- ministration materials provided to districts annually. Districts must comply with all of the applicable requirements specified in the test administration materials.
	Districts shall ensure that test coordinators and administrators re- ceive training to ensure that testing personnel have the necessary skills and knowledge required to administer assessment instru- ments in a valid, standardized, and secure manner.
Records Retention	As part of test administration procedures, the commissioner shall require districts to maintain records related to the security of assessment instruments for five years.
	19 TAC 101.3031(a-3)–(d)
Disciplinary Action and Penalties	SBEC may take disciplinary action against a person who has vio- lated the security or integrity of any assessment required by Edu- cation Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B or has committed an act that is a departure from the test administration procedures estab- lished by the commissioner under 19 Administrative Code Chapter 101.
	The superintendent and campus principal must develop proce- dures to ensure the security and confidentiality of the tests and will be responsible for notifying TEA in writing of conduct that violates the security or confidentiality of a test. Failure to report can subject the person responsible to the applicable penalties.
	19 TAC 249.15(a)–(b), (g)
Minimize Disruptions	In implementing the commissioner's procedures for the administra- tion of assessment instruments adopted or developed under Edu- cation Code 39.023, including procedures designed to ensure the security of the assessment, a district shall minimize disruptions to school operations and the classroom environment. <i>Education Code</i> <i>39.0301(a-1)</i>
Confidentiality of Results	Individual student performance results are confidential and may be released only in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i> [See FL and GBA]

	Note	ə:	The terms English language learner, English learner, lim- ited English proficient student, and emergent bilingual student are used interchangeably.
Language Proficiency Assessment Committee (LPAC)	EHB lang Subo acco sess	E] sh uage chapt ordan ment	uage proficiency assessment committee (LPAC) [see all select the appropriate assessment option for English learners, as defined by Education Code Chapter 29, er B, as a student of limited English proficiency (LEP), in ce with 19 Administrative Code 101.1005. The LPAC as- decisions must be made on an individual student basis ance with administrative procedures established by TEA.
Documentation	The	LPAC	C shall document in the student's permanent record file:
	1.	profi	decisions and justifications related to English language ciency assessments under 19 Administrative Code 1003;
	2.	priat	decisions and justifications related to selecting the appro- e assessment option under 19 Administrative Code 1005; and
	3.	(ARI	onjunction with the admission, review, and dismissal D) committee, the need for allowable testing accommoda- s under 19 Administrative Code 101.1003 and .1005.
	19 T.	AC 1	01.1003(b), (c), .1005(a), (c)
Definitions	"Recent unschooled immigrant" means an immigrant who initial enrolled in a school in the United States not more than 12 more before the date of the administration of an assessment and what as a result of inadequate schooling outside of the United States lacks the necessary foundation in the essential knowledge and skills of the curriculum determined by the LPAC. <i>Education Co</i> 39.027(g)		
	"Uns	choo	led asylee or refugee" means a student who:
	1.	Initia	ally enrolled in a school in the United States as:
		a.	An asylee as defined by 45 C.F.R. 400.41; or
		b.	A refugee as defined by 8 U.S.C. 1101;
	2.	Forn issue	a visa issued by the U.S. Department of State with a n I-94 Arrival/Departure record, or a successor document, ed by the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services that amped with "Asylee," "Refugee," or "Asylum"; and

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	3. As a result of inadequate schooling outside of the United States, lacks the necessary foundation in the essential knowledge and skills of the curriculum prescribed under Edu- cation Code 28.002, as determined by the LPAC established under Education Code 29.063.
	Education Code 39.027(a-1); 19 TAC 101.1005(c)
	"Inadequate schooling outside the United States" is defined as little or no formal schooling outside the United States such that the asylee or refugee lacks basic literacy in his or her primary lan- guage upon enrollment in school in the United States. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>101.1005(d)</i>
English Language Proficiency Tests	In kindergarten through grade 12, an English learner shall be ad- ministered state-identified English language proficiency assess- ments annually in listening, speaking, reading, and writing to fulfill state assessment requirements under Education Code Chapter 39, Subchapter B, [see EKB] and federal requirements. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>101.1003(a)</i>
Limitations on Exemptions First Year After Enrollment	An emergent bilingual student may be administered an accommo- dated or alternative assessment instrument or may be granted an exemption from or a postponement of the administration of the state assessment for up to one year after initial enrollment in a school in the United States if the student has not demonstrated proficiency in English as determined by the assessment system developed to evaluate academic progress of an emergent bilingual student. <i>Education Code 39.027(a)(1)</i>
Subsequent Years	An emergent bilingual student granted the initial exemption period above may be administered an accommodated or alternative as- sessment instrument or may be granted an exemption from or a postponement of the administration of the state assessment for up to:
	<ol> <li>An additional two years if the student is a recent unschooled immigrant or is in a grade for which no assessment instru- ment in the primary language of the student is available; or</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>An additional four years if the student's initial enrollment in a school in the United States was as an unschooled asylee or refugee.</li> </ol>
	The LPAC must determine that the student lacks the academic lan- guage proficiency in English necessary for an assessment in Eng- lish to measure the student's academic progress in a valid, reliable manner.

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Minimum Days for Enrollment	Regardless of the date on which the student initially enrolled in a school in the United States, unless a student is enrolled in a school in the United States for a period of at least 60 consecutive days during a year, the student may not be considered to be enrolled in a school in the United States for that year for the purpose of determining a number of years under Education Code 39.027(a)(1), (2), or (3).				
	Edu	cation Code 39.027(a)(1)–(2), (a-1), (a-2), (g)			
Testing in Grades 3–8	sess	An English language learner shall participate in the grades 3–8 as- sessments and, except as provided below, shall be administered the general form of the English-version state assessment.			
Spanish-Version Assessment	be a sess	panish-speaking English language learner in grades 3- dministered the state's Spanish-version assessment it ment in Spanish will provide the most appropriate me student's academic progress.	f an as-		
Linguistically Accommodated Assessments	tered	English language learner in grade 3 or higher may be a d the linguistically accommodated English version of the nematics, science, or social studies assessment if:			
	1.	A Spanish-version assessment does not exist or is no most appropriate measure of the student's academic gress;			
	2.	The student has not yet demonstrated English langua ciency in reading as determined by the English langu ficiency assessments required above [see English La Proficiency Tests, above]; and	age pro-		
	3.	The student has been enrolled in U.S. schools for thr school years or less or qualifies as an unschooled as refugee enrolled in U.S. schools for five school years [see Definitions, above].	ylee or		
Exemption for Asylee or Refugee	ish-\ men of ar or (I)	Inschooled asylee or refugee who meets the criteria at /ersion Assessment and Linguistically Accommodated ts above shall be granted an exemption from an admin n assessment instrument under Education Code 39.02 ). This exemption will only apply during the school yea poled asylee or refugee is first enrolled in a U.S. public	Assess- nistration 23(a), (b), r an un-		
	19 T	AC 101.1005(b), (c)			
Refusal of Services	cline	English language learner whose parent or guardian has d bilingual education/ESL services is not eligible for s essment, accommodation, or accountability provisions	pecial		

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	available to English language learners on the basis of lim lish proficiency. <i>19 TAC 101.1005(f)</i>	ited Eng-
End-of-Course Assessments	An English language learner shall participate in the end-or assessments as required by Education Code 39.023(c) and cept as provided below, shall be administered the general the English-version state assessment. <i>19 TAC 101.1005</i> (	nd, ex- I form of
	An English language learner shall not be exempt from tak end-of-course assessment for reasons associated with lin lish proficiency or inadequate schooling outside the Unite except as provided below.	nited Eng-
Exception	If an English language learner enrolled in English I or English language of Other Languages I has not yet demonstrated language proficiency in reading as determined by the Engliguage proficiency assessments required above [see Engliguage Proficiency Tests, above] and has been enrolled in schools for three school years or less, or qualifies as an uschooled asylee or refugee enrolled in U.S. schools [see tions, above] for five school years or less, then he or she be required to retake the applicable English I assessment the student is enrolled each time it is administered if the spasses the course but fails to achieve the passing standard assessment [See EKB]	l English Ilish lan- ish Lan- U.S. In- Defini- shall not in which tudent
	19 TAC 101.1007(a), (b)	
Non-LEP Students	School districts may administer the assessment of acader in Spanish to a student who is not identified as limited En- ficient but who participates in a bilingual program if the LF mines the assessment in Spanish to be the most appropri- measure of the student's academic progress. <i>19 TAC 101</i>	glish pro- AC deter- iate
Special Education Selecting Assessments	For each English language learner who receives special e services, the student's ARD committee in conjunction with dent's LPAC shall select the appropriate assessments.	
	The ARD committee shall document the decisions and just in the student's individualized education program (IEP).	stifications
	19 TAC 101.1005(a)	
	In rare cases, the ARD committee in conjunction with the may determine that it is not appropriate for an English lea receives special education services to participate in the g quired English language proficiency assessment [see Eng guage Proficiency Tests, above] for reasons associated w student's particular disability. Students with the most sign cognitive disabilities who cannot participate in the general	rner who eneral re- glish Lan- rith the ificant
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	language proficiency assessment, even with allowable accommo- dations, shall participate in the alternate English language profi- ciency assessment to meet federal requirements. The ARD com- mittee shall document the decisions and justifications in the student's IEP, and the LPAC shall document the decisions and jus- tifications in the student's permanent record file. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>101.1003(b)</i>
	In the case of an English learner who receives special education services, the ARD committee in conjunction with the LPAC shall determine and document the need for allowable testing accommodations in accordance with administrative procedures established by TEA. <i>19 TAC 101.1003(c)</i>
Alternative Assessment Instruments	In certain cases, an English learner who receives special education services may, as a result of his or her particular disabling condition, qualify to be administered an alternative assessment instrument based on alternative achievement standards. <i>19 TAC 101.1005(b)</i>
	An unschooled asylee or refugee who meets these criteria shall be granted an exemption from an administration of an assessment in- strument under Education Code 39.023(a), (b), or (I). This exemp- tion will only apply during the school year an unschooled asylee or refugee is first enrolled in a U.S. public school. <i>19 TAC 101.1005(c)</i>
Testing Accommodations	The LPAC in conjunction with the ARD committee shall determine and document any allowable testing accommodations for assess- ments in accordance with administrative procedures established by TEA. <i>19 TAC 101.1005(e)</i>
Grade Advancement Requirements	The LPAC shall determine appropriate assessment and acceler- ated instruction for an English language learner who is adminis- tered a grade advancement test in English or Spanish, except as provided by 19 Administrative Code 101.1005. The grade place- ment committee for an English language learner shall make its de- cisions in consultation with a member of the student's LPAC. <i>19</i> <i>TAC 101.2003(e)</i> [See EIE]

Definition	For the purpose of this policy, "parent" is the person who is indi- cated on the student registration form at the campus. The signature of only one parent of a student is required for a charter created by petition or a cooperative program charter. <i>Education Code</i> <i>12.051(1), .052(b), .053(b)</i>				
Policy			shall adopt a campus charter and program charter policy, all specify the:		
	1.	Proc	cess for approval of a campus charter or program charter;		
	2.		utory requirements with which a campus charter or pro- n charter must comply; and		
	3.	Item	s that must be included in a charter application.		
	Educ	catior	n Code 12.058		
Campus or Program Charter			hay grant a charter to parents and teachers for a campus ram on a campus.		
	A board shall grant or deny the charter, through a public vote, if the board is presented with a petition signed by:				
	1.	The	parents of a majority of the students at that campus; and		
	2.	A ma	ajority of the classroom teachers at that campus.		
	A board may not arbitrarily deny a charter.				
	Educ	catior	n Code 12.052		
New Campus or	A board may grant a charter for:				
Contract Charter	1.	A ne	w district campus; or		
	2.	A pro	ogram that is operated:		
		a.	By an entity that has entered into a contract with the dis- trict under Education Code 11.157 [see EEL] to provide educational services to the district through the campus or program; and		
		b.	At a facility located in the boundaries of the district.		
Voluntary Enrollment	a cai dent	mpus to th	's parent or guardian may choose to enroll the student at or in a program charter. A district may not assign a stu- e campus or program unless the student's parent or has voluntarily enrolled the student.		
Parental Removal	dent	from	's parent or guardian may, at any time, remove the stu- the campus or program and enroll the student at the o which the student would ordinarily be assigned.		

Teacher Assignment	A district may not assign to the campus or program a teacher who has signed a written statement that the teacher does not agree to that assignment.			
	Education Code 12.0521			
Contract Charter Funding	Beginning with the 2019–20 school year, a district is eligible to re- ceive funding under Education Code 48.252 on the renewal of a contract. A district under contract with an open-enrollment charter school to jointly operate a campus or campus program during the 2017–18 school year and under any renewal of that contract during the 2018–19 school year is eligible to receive funding under former Education Code 42.2511 for each student or the portion of each student's school day under the direction of the open-enrollment charter school. <i>Education Code 11.157(b); 19 TAC 61.1010</i>			
District Charter	A board may grant a district charter to a campus.			
Enrollment Limit	A district charter may be granted only to one or more campuses serving in total a percentage of the district's student enrollment equal to not more than 15 percent of the district's student enroll- ment for the preceding school year.			
Exception	The percentage limit may not prevent a district from granting a dis- trict charter to at least one feeder pattern of schools, including an elementary, middle or junior high, and high school.			
	A district charter may be granted to any campus that has received the lowest performance rating under Subchapter C, Chapter 39, Education Code.			
Open-Enrollment Charter School	Subchapter D, Chapter 39, Education Code (open-enrollment char- ter schools) applies to a campus granted a district charter as though the campus were granted a charter under that subchapter, and the campus is considered an open-enrollment charter school.			
	A district charter is not considered for purposes of the limit on the number of charters for open-enrollment charter schools imposed by Education Code 12.101.			
	Education Code 12.0522			
Cooperative Campus Charter	A board may grant a charter to parents and teachers at two or more campuses in the district for a cooperative charter program if the board is presented with a petition signed by:			
	1. The parents of a majority of the students at each school; and			
	2. A majority of the classroom teachers at each school.			
	Education Code 12.053			

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CAMPUS OR PROGRA	AM CHARTERS EL (LEGAL)
Performance Contract	A board that grants a charter shall enter into a performance con- tract with the principal or equivalent chief operating officer of the campus or program. The performance contract must specify en- hanced authority granted to the principal or equivalent officer in or- der to achieve the academic goals that must be met by campus or program students.
Duration of Charter	A charter granted by the board expires ten years from the date the charter is granted unless the specified goals are substantially met, as determined by the board.
	Education Code 12.0531
Neighborhood School	A board may determine that a campus granted a charter will be a neighborhood school.
	The principal or equivalent chief operating officer of a neighbor- hood school shall manage the funding provided for the school un- der the Education Code and any other funding provided for the school in the manner the principal or other officer determines best meets the needs of the school's students. The district in which the school is located may retain that portion of funding that the district generally withholds from a campus for costs associated with the salary of the superintendent or other district governance.
	The principal or equivalent chief operating officer of a neighbor- hood school may use school funding to purchase from the school district in which the school is located services for the school, in- cluding bus service, facilities maintenance services, and other ser- vices generally provided by a school district to district campuses. The school shall pay for each service an amount that reflects the actual cost to the district of providing the service for the number of the school's students for which the service is provided.
	Education Code 12.0532
Student Eligibility	Eligibility criteria for admission of students to the charter campus or program must give priority on the basis of geographic and resi- dency considerations. After priority is given on those bases, sec- ondary consideration may be given to a student's age, grade level, or academic credentials, in general or in a specific area, as neces- sary for the type of program offered.
	The campus or program may require an applicant to submit an ap- plication not later than a reasonable deadline the campus or pro- gram establishes.
	Education Code 12.065

Education Code 12.065

Exemption	A campus or program for which a charter is granted is exempt from the instructional and academic rules and policies of the board from which the campus or program is specifically exempted in the char- ter and retains the authority to operate under the charter only if stu- dents at the campus or in the program perform satisfactorily as provided by the charter. <i>Education Code 12.054</i>				
Charter Contract	A charter shall be in the form and substance of a written contract signed by a board president and the chief operating officer of the campus or program for which the charter is granted. <i>Education Code 12.060</i>				
	Ead	ch charter shall:			
	1.	Satisfy the requirements governing charter campuses and programs; and			
	2.	Include all information required to be in the content of the charter consistent with the information provided in the applica- tion and any modification a board requires.			
	Edu	ucation Code 12.061			
Content of Charter	Ead	ch charter granted must:			
	1.	Describe the educational program to be offered, which may be a general or specialized program;			
	2.	Provide that continuation of the charter is contingent on satis- factory student performance on state-required assessment in- struments, satisfactory financial performance under state fi- nancial accountability provisions, and on compliance with other applicable accountability provisions;			
	3.	Specify any basis, in addition to a basis specified in Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter C, on which the charter may be revoked;			
	4.	Prohibit discrimination in admission on the basis of national origin, ethnicity, race, religion, or disability;			
	5.	Describe the governing structure of the campus or program;			
	6.	Specify any procedure or requirement, in addition to those un- der Education Code Chapter 38, that the campus or program will follow to ensure the health and safety of students and em- ployees; and			
	7.	Describe the manner in which an annual audit of financial and programmatic operations of the campus or program is to be			

		grar	ducted, including the manner in which the campus or pro- n will provide information necessary for the district in th it is located to participate in PEIMS.
	Edu	catio	n Code 12.059
Revision	be r jorit	evise y of th	created by petition or a cooperative charter program may d with board approval and on a petition signed by a ma- ne parents and a majority of the classroom teachers at the or in the program, as applicable.
	prov may	al of be re	created without a petition may be revised with the ap- the board of trustees that granted the charter. The charter evised only before the first day of instruction or after the fi- f instruction of a school year.
	Edu	catio	n Code 12.062
Failure to Discharge or Refuse to Hire	cha disc ploy	rter if harge ment	campus or program commits a material violation of its the campus or program fails to comply with the duty to e or refuse to hire certain employees or applicants for em- under Education Codes 12.1059, 22.085, or 22.092. <i>Edu-</i> <i>ide 12.0631</i>
Applicability of Laws	A charter campus or program is subject to federal and state laws and rules governing public schools, except that the charter campus or program is subject to the Education Code and rules adopted thereunder only to the extent that the code or rule specifically pro- vides. <i>Education Code 12.055(a)</i>		
Education Code	A charter campus or program has the powers granted to schools under the Education Code.		
	A ch	arter	campus or program is subject to:
	1.	Prov fens	visions of the Education Code establishing criminal of- es;
	2.		nibitions, restrictions, or requirements of the Education e, or a rule adopted under the Education Code, relating
		a.	PEIMS, to the extent necessary to monitor compliance, as determined by the commissioner;
		b.	Criminal history records under Subchapter C, Chapter 22;
		C.	High school graduation under Section 28.025;
		d.	Special education programs under Subchapter A, Chap- ter 29;
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	e.	Bilingual education under Subchapter B, Chapter 29;
	f.	Prekindergarten programs under Subchapter E, Chapter 29, except class size limits for prekindergarten classes imposed under Education Code 25.112 [see EEB], which do not apply;
	g.	Extracurricular activities under Section 33.081 (i.e., "no pass-no play");
	h.	Health and safety under Chapter 38 (including immun- izations, dyslexia and related disorders, child abuse re- porting, protective eye devices, tobacco and alcohol use, steroid use, access to medical records, and referrals to outside counselors);
	i.	The provisions of Subchapter A, Chapter 39;
	j.	Public school accountability and special investigations under Subchapters A, B, C, D, F, and J, Chapter 39, and Chapter 39A;
	k.	The duty to discharge or refuse to hire certain employ- ees or applicants for employment under Education Code 12.1059; and
	I.	Parental options to retain a student under Education Code 28.02124. [See EIE]
	Education	n Code 12.056
Open Meetings and Public Information Acts	governing governme 551 (Ope	bect to the operation of a campus or program charter, the g body of the charter campus or program is considered a cental body for purposes of Government Code Chapters on Meetings Act) and 552 (Public Information Act). <i>Educa- 12.057(a)</i>
Teacher Retirement System	charter he district or vices to a fits from t ployee we same pos school op	may contract with another district or an open-enrollment older for services at a campus charter. An employee of the open-enrollment charter holder providing contracted ser- a campus charter is eligible for membership in and bene- he Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) if the em- ould be eligible for membership and benefits if holding the sition at the employing district or open-enrollment charter berated by the charter holder. <i>Education Code 12.055(b)</i>
	a charter shall be c	byee of an independent school district who is employed on campus or program who qualifies for membership in TRS covered under the system in the same manner and to the ent as a qualified employee of the independent school

		rict who is employed on a regularly operating campus or in a ularly operating program.			
	An employee of a charter holder who is employed on a campus or in a program granted a charter and who qualifies for membership in TRS shall be covered under the system in the same manner and to the same extent as a qualified employee of an independent school district who is employed on a regularly operating campus or in a regularly operating program.				
	Edu	ucation Code 12.057(b), (b-1)			
Liability	are	narter campus or program, and its employees and volunteers, immune from liability to the same extent as a district, its em- vees, and volunteers, respectively. <i>Education Code 12.057(c)</i>			
Placement on Probation or	A board may place on probation or revoke a charter it grants if the board determines that the campus or program:				
Revocation	1.	Committed a material violation of the charter, including by fail- ure to comply with the duty to discharge or refuse to hire cer- tain employees or applicants for employment, as provided by Education Code 12.0631;			
	2.	Failed to satisfy generally accepted accounting standards of fiscal management; or			
	3.	Failed to comply with law governing a charter campus or pro- gram, another law, or a state agency rule.			
	The action a board takes under any item above shall be based on the best interest of campus or program students, the severity of the violation, and any previous violation the campus or program has committed.				
	Edu	ication Code 12.063			
Procedure	Each board that grants a charter shall adopt a procedure to be used for placing on probation or revoking a charter it grants.				
	This procedure must provide an opportunity for a hearing to the campus or program for which the charter is granted and to parents and guardians of students at the campus or in the program. A hearing must be held on the campus or on one of the campuses in the case of a cooperative charter program.				
	Edu	ucation Code 12 064			

Education Code 12.064

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MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES TEACHING ABOUT CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

Exemption from Instruction	A parent or person standing in parental relation may remove the parent's child from a class or other school activity that conflicts with the parent's religious or moral beliefs if the parent presents or de- livers to the teacher of the parent's child a written statement au- thorizing the removal of the child from the class or other school ac- tivity.				
Limitations	A parent or person standing in parental relation is not entitled to re- move the parent's child from a class or other school activity to avoid a test or to prevent the child from taking a subject for an en- tire semester. This policy does not exempt a child from satisfying grade level or graduation requirements in a manner acceptable to the district and the Texas Education Agency (TEA).				
	Education Code 26.002, .010				
Required Social Studies Course Restrictions Controversial Topics	The following requirements apply to any social studies course in the required curriculum.				
	A teacher may not be compelled to discuss a particular current event or widely debated and currently controversial issue of public policy or social affairs.				
	A teacher who chooses to discuss a topic described above shall, to the best of the teacher's ability, strive to explore the topic from di- verse and contending perspectives without giving deference to any one perspective.				
	Education Code 28.002(h-3)(1)–(2)				
Political Activism and Advocacy Participation	A district or teacher may not require, make part of a course, or award a grade or course credit, including extra credit, for a stu- dent's:				
	<ol> <li>Political activism, lobbying, or efforts to persuade members of the legislative or executive branch at the federal, state, or lo- cal level to take specific actions by direct communication; or</li> </ol>				
	2. Participation in any internship, practicum, or similar activity in- volving social or public policy advocacy.				
Private Funding for Activism and Advocacy	A district may not accept private funding for the purpose of devel- oping a curriculum, purchasing or selecting curriculum materials, or providing teacher training or professional development for a course described above.				
	Education Code 28.002(h-3)(3), (h-5)				
Training, Orientation, and Therapy	A teacher, administrator, or other employee of a district may not be required to engage in training, orientation, or therapy that presents				
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#### MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES TEACHING ABOUT CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

	any form of race or sex stereotyping or blame on the basis of race or sex.				
Concepts Prohibited		teacher, administrator, or other employee of a district may not re- uire or make part of a course the concept that:			
	1.	One race or sex is inherently superior to another race or sex;			
	2.	An individual, by virtue of the individual's race or sex, is inher- ently racist, sexist, or oppressive, whether consciously or un- consciously;			
	3.	An individual should be discriminated against or receive ad- verse treatment solely or partly because of the individual's race;			
	4.	Members of one race or sex cannot and should not attempt to treat others without respect to race or sex;			
	5.	An individual's moral character, standing, or worth is neces- sarily determined by the individual's race or sex;			
	6.	An individual, by virtue of the individual's race or sex, bears responsibility for actions committed in the past by other members of the same race or sex;			
	7.	An individual should feel discomfort, guilt, anguish, or any other form of psychological distress on account of the individ-ual's race or sex;			
	8.	Meritocracy or traits such as a hard work ethic are racist or sexist or were created by members of a particular race to oppress members of another race;			
	9.	The advent of slavery in the territory that is now the United States constituted the true founding of the United States; or			
	10.	With respect to their relationship to American values, slavery and racism are anything other than deviations from, betrayals of, or failures to live up to, the authentic founding principles of the United States, which include liberty and equality.			
	A teacher, administrator, or other employee of a district may not re- quire an understanding of The 1619 Project.				
Student Discussion	den mer	strict may not implement, interpret, or enforce any rules or stu- t code of conduct in a manner that would result in the punish- nt of a student for discussing, or have a chilling effect on stu- t discussion of, the concepts described above.			

Education Code 28.002(h-3)(4), (h-5)

# MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES STUDY OF RELIGION

Secular Program	or th civiliz histo prog	strict may instruct students in the study of comparative religion e history of religion and its relationship to the advancement of zation. The study of the Bible or of religion for its literary and ric qualities, when presented objectively as part of a secular ram of education, is consistent with the First Amendment. <u>bol Dist. of Abington v. Schempp</u> , 374 U.S. 203 (1963)	
Academic Freedom	A district shall not require teaching and learning to be tailored to the principles or prohibitions of any religious sect or dogma. A dis- trict shall not adopt programs or practices that aid or oppose any religion. <u>Epperson v. Arkansas</u> , 393 U.S. 97 (1968) (holding uncon- stitutional a prohibition against teaching evolution); <u>Edwards v.</u> <u>Aguillard</u> , 482 U.S. 578 (1987) (holding unconstitutional a require- ment that creationism be taught with evolution)		
Religious Exercises	A district shall not prescribe a religious exercise as part of the cur- ricular activities of students even if the religious exercise is denom- inationally neutral or its observance on the part of the students is voluntary. <u>School Dist. of Abington v. Schempp</u> , 374 U.S. 203 (1963) (holding unconstitutional a requirement of daily Bible read- ings and recitation of the Lord's Prayer); <u>Engel v. Vitale</u> , 370 U.S. 421 (1962) (holding unconstitutional required recitation of state- adopted prayer)		
	-	information on student expression of religious viewpoints in sassignments, see FNA]	
Elective Courses	Code	cordance with Education Code 28.011 and 19 Administrative 74.36, a district may offer to students in grade 6 or above, grant elective credit for:	
	1.	An elective course on the Hebrew Scriptures (Old Testament) and its impact and an elective course on the New Testament and its impact; or	
	2.	An elective course that combines the courses described above.	
	trict of the c	r a particular semester, fewer than 15 students at a school dis- campus register to enroll in a course required by this section, listrict is not required to offer the course at that campus for that ester.	
	gion cour and	ard may offer an elective course based on the books of a reli- other than Christianity. In determining whether to offer such a se, the board may consider various factors, including student parent demand for such a course and the impact such books had on history and culture.	

# MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUCTIONAL POLICIES STUDY OF RELIGION

A district may offer a course, other than the course authorized by Education Code 28.011, in the academic study of the Hebrew Scriptures, the New Testament, or both for local credit or for state elective credit towards high school graduation.

[See DMA for the requirements for a teacher of an elective Bible course.]

Education Code 28.011; 19 TAC 74.36; Att'y Gen. Op. GA-657 (2008)

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ADMISSIONS		FD (LEGAL)			
General Eligibility	A board or its designee shall admit into the public schools of a dis- trict free of tuition all persons who are over five and younger than 21 years of age on September 1 of any school year in which ad- mission is sought, and may admit a person who is at least 21 and under 26 for the purpose of completing the requirements for a high school diploma, if any of the following conditions exist:				
Student and Parent	The	person and either parent reside in the district.			
Conservator	resi tor o	The person does not reside in the district, but one of the parents resides in the district and that parent is a joint managing conservator or the sole managing conservator or possessory conservator of the person.			
Guardian or Person Having Lawful Control	The person and his or her guardian or other person having lawful control under an order of a court reside in the district.				
Students Living Separate and Apart	The person is under the age of 18 and has established a separate residence in the district apart from his or her parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control under an order of a court and has established that the person's presence in the district is not for the primary purpose of participation in extracurricular activities. A board is not required to admit such person, however, if the person has:				
	1.	Engaged in conduct that resulted in removal to a disciplinary alternative education program or expulsion within the preceding year;			
	2.	Engaged in delinquent conduct or "conduct in need of super- vision" and is on probation or other conditional release for that conduct; or			
	3.	Been convicted of a criminal offense and is on probation or other conditional release.			
	Edu	cation Code 25.001(a)–(b), (d)			
Students Who Are	The person is homeless. [See also FDC]				
Homeless	1.	"Child who is homeless," "person who is homeless," and "stu- dent who is homeless" have the meaning assigned to the term homeless children and youths under the McKinney- Vento Homeless Assistance Act.			
	2.	"Homeless children" under the McKinney-Vento Homeless As- sistance Act, means children or youths who lack a fixed, regu- lar, and adequate nighttime residence; and includes:			

#### ADMISSIONS

		a.	due reas cam acco	dren who are sharing the housing of other persons to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar on; are living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or ping grounds due to the lack of alternative adequate ommodations; are living in emergency or transitional ters; or are abandoned in hospitals;
		b.	a pu	dren who have a primary nighttime residence that is blic or private place not designed for or ordinarily d as a regular sleeping accommodation for human gs;
		C.	abar	dren who are living in cars, parks, public spaces, ndoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train ons, or similar settings; and
		d.	abov	atory children living in circumstances described /e. "Migratory child" means a child who made a qual- g move in the preceding 36 months:
			(1)	As a migratory agricultural worker or a migratory fisher; or
			(2)	With, or to join, a parent or spouse who is a migra- tory agricultural worker or a migratory fisher. [See EEB]
				le 5.001(1-a), 25.001(b)(5); 20 U.S.C. 6399; 34a(2)
	-			n regarding the transfer of records and other transi- nts for a student who is homeless, see FFC.]
Foreign Exchange Students	that char	resido Ige pi	es in rogra	a foreign exchange student placed with a host family the district by a nationally recognized foreign ex- m, unless the district has applied for and been er by the commissioner of education because:
	1.		requ ne dis	irement would impose a financial or staffing hardship strict;
	2.		-qual	ssion would diminish the district's ability to provide ity education services for the district's domestic stu-
	3.			ssion would require domestic students to compete gn exchange students for educational resources.
	Educ	catior	n Coa	le 25.001(b)(6), (e)

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Students in Residential Facility	The person resides at a residential facility, as defined in Education Code 5.001, located in the district. For purposes of enrollment, a person who resides in a residential facility is considered a resident of the district in which the facility is located. <i>Education Code</i> $25.001(b)(7)$ , $29.012(c)$
Students Over 18	The person resides in the district and is 18 or older or the person's disabilities of minority have been removed. <i>Education Code</i> 25.001(b)(8)
Resident Grandparent	The person does not reside in the district but the grandparent of the person:
	1. Resides in the district; and
	2. Provides a substantial amount of after-school care for the per- son as determined by the board.
	Education Code 25.001(b)(9)
Residence Homestead	The person and either parent of the person reside in a residence homestead, as defined by Tax Code $11.13(j)$ , that is located on a parcel of property any part of which is located in the district. <i>Education Code</i> $25.001(b)(10)$
Proof of Eligibility	A district may require evidence that a person is eligible to attend the public schools of the district at the time it considers an applica- tion for admission of the person. A board or its designee shall es- tablish minimum proof of residency acceptable to a district. A board or its designee may make reasonable inquiries to verify a person's eligibility for admission. When admission is sought under the provi- sion at Students Living Separate and Apart above, a board shall determine whether an applicant qualifies as a resident of a district and may adopt reasonable guidelines for making that determina- tion as necessary to protect the best interest of students. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 25.001(c), (d)</i>
"Residence" Defined	"Residence" requires living in the district and having the present in- tention to remain there. <u>Martinez v. Bynum</u> , 461 U.S. 321 (1983)
	A district may withdraw any student who ceases to be a resident. <u>Daniels v. Morris</u> , 746 F.2d 271 (5th Cir. 1984)
Active-Duty Parent	A person whose parent or guardian is an active-duty member of the armed forces of the United States, including the state military forces or a reserve component of the armed forces, may establish residency for purposes of eligibility of admission by providing to the district a copy of a military order requiring the parent's or guard-ian's transfer to a military installation in or adjacent to the district 's attendance zone. <i>Education Code 25.001(c-1)</i>

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	A person who establishes residency under Education Code 25.001(c-1) shall provide to the district proof of residence in the district's attendance zone not later than the tenth day after the arrival date specified in the military order. For purposes of this provision, "residence" includes residence in a military temporary lodging facility. <i>Education Code 25.001(c-2)</i>
Immigration Status	Denying enrollment based upon immigration status to children who are not legally admitted into the United States violates the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. <u><i>Plyler v. Doe, 457 U.S. 202 (1982)</i></u>
High School Equivalency Certificate	A student who has received a high school equivalency certificate is entitled to enroll in a public school in the same manner as any other student who has not received a high school diploma. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 29.087(h)</i>
Substitute for Parent or Guardian	A board by policy may allow a person showing evidence of legal re- sponsibility for a child other than an order of a court to substitute for a guardian or other person having lawful control of the child un- der court order. <i>Education Code 25.001(j)</i>
Authorization Agreement	"Adult caregiver" means an adult person whom a parent has au- thorized to provide temporary care for a child under Family Code Chapter 34. <i>Family Code 34.0015(1)</i>
	A parent, as defined in Family Code 101.024, or both parents of a child may enter into an authorization agreement with an adult care- giver to authorize the adult caregiver to perform acts described in Family Code 34.002 in regard to the child, such as:
	<ol> <li>Authorizing medical, dental, psychological, or surgical treat- ment and immunization of the child, including executing any consents or authorizations for the release of information as required by law relating to the treatment or immunization;</li> </ol>
	2. Enrolling the child in the district; and
	<ol> <li>Authorizing the child to participate in age-appropriate extra- curricular, civic, social, or recreational activities, including ath- letic activities.</li> </ol>
	Family Code 34.002
	A parent may enter into an authorization agreement with an adult caregiver with whom a child is placed under a parental child safety placement agreement approved by the Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) to allow the person to perform the acts described above with regard to the child during an investigation of

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	abuse or neglect or while the department is providing services to the parent. <i>Family Code 34.0021</i>
	The authorization agreement must conform to the requirements of Family Code Chapter 34.
	A child who is the subject of an authorization agreement is not con- sidered to be placed in foster care and the parties to the agree- ment are not subject to any law or rule governing foster care pro- viders. <i>Family Code 34.0022(b)</i>
	An authorization agreement does not affect the rights of the child's parent or legal guardian regarding the care, custody, and control of the child, and does not mean that the adult caregiver has legal custody of the child. <i>Family Code 34.007(b)</i>
	Only one authorization agreement may be in effect for a child at any time. Execution of a subsequent authorization agreement does not by itself supersede, invalidate, or terminate a prior authoriza- tion agreement. An authorization agreement is void if it is executed while a prior authorization agreement remains in effect. <i>Family</i> <i>Code 34.002(d), .008(f)</i>
	An authorization agreement is for a term of six months and renews automatically for six-month terms unless an earlier expiration date is stated in the agreement, the agreement is terminated under Family Code 34.008, or a court authorizes continuation. <i>Family</i> <i>Code 34.0075</i>
Immunity	A person who is not a party to the authorization agreement who re- lies in good faith on the authorization agreement, without actual knowledge that the authorization agreement is void, revoked, or in- valid, is not subject to civil or criminal liability to any person, and is not subject to professional disciplinary action, for that reliance if the agreement is completed as required by Family Code Chapter 34. <i>Family Code 34.007(a)</i>
	<b>Note:</b> The <u>Authorization Agreement for Nonparent Relative</u> (PDF) <sup>1</sup> is available on the DFPS website.
Temporary Authorization for Care	A person eligible to consent to treatment of a child under Family Code 32.001 or a person eligible to enter an authorization agree- ment [see Authorization Agreement, above] may seek a court order for temporary authorization for care of a child by filing a petition in the district court in the county in which the person resides if:
	<ol> <li>The child has resided with the person for at least the 30 days preceding the date the petition was filed; and</li> </ol>
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	2. The person does not have an authorization agreement or other signed, written documentation from a parent, conservator, or guardian that enables the person to provide necessary care for the child.		
	Family Code 35.001–.002		
	The order may authorize the petitioner to, among other things:		
	<ol> <li>Consent to medical, dental, psychological, and surgical treat- ment and immunization of the child;</li> </ol>		
	2. Enroll the child in the district; and		
	3. Authorize the child to participate in age-appropriate extracur- ricular, civic, social, or recreational activities, including athletic activities.		
	A temporary authorization order does not affect the rights of the child's parent, conservator, or guardian regarding the care, custody, and control of the child, and does not establish legal custody of the child. <i>Family Code 35.007(b)</i>		
Immunity	A person who relies in good faith on a temporary authorization or- der is not subject to civil or criminal liability to any person, or to pro- fessional disciplinary action. <i>Family Code 35.007(a)</i>		
Students in Foster Care	A child placed in foster care by an agency of the state or a political subdivision shall be permitted to attend schools in the district in which the foster parents reside free of any charge to the foster parents or to the agency. A durational residence requirement may not be used to prohibit that child from fully participating in any activity sponsored by a district. <i>Education Code 25.001(f)</i>		
	A student who was enrolled in a primary or secondary public school before the student entered the conservatorship of DFPS and who is placed at a residence outside the attendance area for a school or outside a district is entitled to continue to attend the school in which the student was enrolled immediately before enter- ing conservatorship until the student successfully completes the highest grade level offered by the school at the time of placement without payment of tuition. The student is entitled to continue to at- tend the school regardless of whether the student remains in the conservatorship of DFPS for the duration of the student's enroll- ment in the school. <i>Education Code 25.001(g)</i>		
	If a student who is in the conservatorship of DFPS is enrolled in a primary or secondary public school, other than the school in which the student was enrolled at the time the student was placed in the		

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	conservatorship of DFPS, the student is entitled to continue to at- tend that school without payment of tuition until the student suc- cessfully completes the highest grade level offered by the school a the time of enrollment in the school, even if the child's placement is changed to a residence outside the attendance area for that school or outside the district. The student is entitled to continue to attend the school regardless of whether the student remains in the con- servatorship of DFPS for the duration of the student's enrollment in the school. <i>Education Code 25.001(g-1)</i>	
	A written case plan for any child in foster care under the responsi- bility of the state must include a plan for ensuring the educational stability of the child while in foster care, including:	
	<ol> <li>Assurances that each placement of the child in foster care takes into account the appropriateness of the current educa- tional setting and the proximity to the school in which the child in enrolled at the time of placement; and</li> </ol>	
	2. An assurance that the appropriate state agency has coordi- nated with a district to ensure that the child remains in the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of each place- ment; or if remaining in that school is not in the best interests of the child, assurances by the state agency and the district to provide immediate and appropriate enrollment in a new school, with all of the educational records of the child pro- vided to the school.	
	42 U.S.C. 675(1)(G), 675a [See CNA]	
	[For information regarding the transfer of records and other transi- tion requirements for a student who is in substitute care, see FFC.]	
Transfers from Other States	A district shall charge tuition for a student who resides in a residen- tial facility and whose maintenance or expenses are paid in whole or in part by another state or the United States. Any such tuition charge must be submitted to the commissioner for approval. The attendance of students admitted under this provision shall not be counted for purposes of allocating state funds to a district. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code 25.003</i>	
Students Holding F-1 Student Visas	If a student is required, as a condition of obtaining or holding the appropriate U.S. student visa, to pay tuition to the district that the student attends to cover the cost of the student's education provided by the district, the district shall accept tuition for the student in an amount equal to the full unsubsidized per capita cost of providing the student's education for the period of the student's attendance at school in the district.	

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	The commissioner shall develop guidelines for determining the amount of the full unsubsidized per capita cost of providing a stu- dent's education. A district may not accept tuition in an amount greater than the amount computed under the commissioner's guidelines unless the commissioner approves a greater amount as a more accurate reflection of the cost of education to be provided by the district.			
	The attendance of a student for whom a district accepts tuition is not counted for purposes of allocating state funds to the district.			
	Educatio	Education Code 25.0031		
	Note:	Enrolling students with F-1 visas is optional. If the district is interested in enrolling students with F-1 visas, it must comply with the federal <u>Student and Exchange Visitor</u> <u>Program</u> <sup>2</sup> (SEVP) under the Department of Homeland Security.		
Texas Juvenile Justice Department	A school-age child of an employee of the Texas Juvenile Justice Department (TJJD) residing in an adjacent district may attend school in a district free of charge to his or her parents or guardian. Any tuition required by the admitting district shall be paid by the district from which the student transfers out of any funds appropri- ated to the TJJD facility. <i>Education Code 25.042</i>			
Enrollment	person w the nam	nust be enrolled by the child's parent, guardian, or other with legal control under a court order. A district shall record e, address, and date of birth of the person enrolling the ducation Code 25.002(f)		
Legal Surname	A student must be identified by the student's legal surname as it appears on the student's birth certificate or other document suitable as proof of the student's identity, or in a court order changing the student's name. <i>Education Code 25.0021</i>			
Required Documentation	If a parent or other person with legal control of a child enrolls the child in a district school, the parent or other person, or the district i which the child most recently attended school, shall furnish to the district all of the following:			
	pro	e child's birth certificate, or another document suitable as of of the child's identity as defined by the commissioner in Student Attendance Accounting Handbook.		
	rec	opy of the child's records from the school the child most ently attended if he or she was previously enrolled in a nool in Texas or in another state.		

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	3. A record showing that the child has the immunizations re- quired by Education Code 38.001, proof that the child is not required to be immunized, or proof that the child is entitled to provisional admission. [See FFAB]	
	Students shall not be denied enrollment or be removed solely be- cause they fail to provide the documentation required in items 1 and 2, above.	
	Education Code 25.002(a); 19 TAC 129.1(a)–(b)	
	A district must furnish information under items 1 and 2 not later than the tenth working day after the date the district receives a re- quest for the information.	
	A parent or other person with legal control of a child under a court order must furnish information under items 1 and 2 not later than the 30th day after the date a child is enrolled in a public school.	
	If a parent or other person with legal control of a child under a court order requests that a district transfer a child's student records, the district to which the request is made shall notify the parent or other person as soon as practicable that the parent or other person may request and receive an unofficial copy of the records for delivery in person to a school in another district.	
	Education Code 25.002(a-1)	
Residential Facility	Except for a juvenile pre-adjudication secure detention facility or a juvenile post-adjudication secure correctional facility, a residential facility shall provide to a district that provides educational services to a student placed in the facility any information retained by the facility relating to:	
	<ol> <li>The student's school records, including records regarding special education eligibility or services, behavioral interven- tion plans, school-related disciplinary actions, and other docu- ments related to the student's educational needs;</li> </ol>	
	2. Any other behavioral history information regarding the student that is not confidential under another law; and	
	3. The student's record of convictions or the student's probation, community supervision or parole status, as provided to the facility, if necessary to provide education services to the student.	
	Education Code 29.012(f), (g)	
Summer School Enrollment	A district shall permit a person who is eligible under Education Code 25.001 [see General Eligibility, above] to attend school in the	

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	district but who is not enrolled in school in the district to enroll in a district summer school course on the same basis as a district stu- dent, including satisfaction of any course eligibility requirement and payment of any fee authorized under Education Code 11.158 [see FP] that is charged in connection with the course.
	This requirement does not apply to enrollment in a Summer Inten- sive Mathematics Instruction Program under Education Code 29.088, a Summer Intensive Science Instruction Program under Education Code 29.090, or in a similar intensive program.
	Education Code 25.008
Enrollment in Prekindergarten and Kindergarten	A parent or guardian may elect for a student to enroll in prekinder- garten, if the student would have been eligible to enroll in prekin- dergarten during the previous school year under Education Code 29.153(b) [see EHBG] and the student has not yet enrolled in kin- dergarten, or enroll in kindergarten, if the student would have been eligible to enroll in kindergarten in the previous school year and has not yet enrolled in first grade. <i>Education Code 28.02124</i> [See EIE]
Food Allergy Information	On enrollment, a district shall request, by providing a form or other- wise, that a parent or other person with legal control of the child under a court order disclose whether the child has a food allergy or a severe food allergy that, in the judgment of the parent or other person with legal control, should be disclosed to the district to ena- ble the district to take any necessary precautions regarding the child's safety [see FB and FFAF]; and specify the food to which the child is allergic and the nature of the allergic reaction.
	The district shall maintain the confidentiality of the provided infor- mation, and may disclose the information to teachers, school coun- selors, school nurses, and other appropriate school personnel only to the extent consistent with district policy under Education Code 38.009 and permissible under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g. [See FL]
	"Severe food allergy" means a dangerous or life-threatening reac- tion of the human body to a food-borne allergen introduced by in- halation, ingestion, or skin contact that requires immediate medical attention.
	Education Code 25.0022(a)–(c)
Child in DFPS Possession	A district shall enroll a child without the required documentation if DFPS has taken possession of the child. DFPS shall ensure that the required documentation is furnished to a district not later than the 30th day after the date the child is enrolled. <i>Education Code</i> 25.002(g)
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Inconsistent Documentation	If a child is enrolled under a name other than the name that ap- pears in the identifying documents or records, a district shall notify the missing children and missing persons information clearing- house of the child's name as shown on the identifying records and the name under which the child is enrolled.		
Missing Documentation	If the required documents and other records are not furnished to a district within 30 days after enrollment, the district shall notify the police department of the city or the sheriff's department of the county in which the district is located and request a determination of whether the child has been reported as missing.		
	Edu	cation Code 25.002(b)–(c)	
Parent Contact Information	The parent of a student enrolled in a district shall provide in writing to the district:		
	1.	On enrollment of the student in the district and not later than two weeks after the beginning of each school year, the par- ent's address, phone number, and email address; and	
	2.	If the parent's contact information changes during the school year, not later than two weeks after the date the information changes, the parent's updated information.	
	Edu	cation Code 26.0125	
Students Under 11		enrollment of a child under 11 years of age in a school for the time at the school, the school shall:	
	1.	Request from the person enrolling the child the name of each previous school attended by the child;	
	2.	Request from each school identified in item 1 the school rec- ords for the child and, if the person enrolling the child pro- vides copies of previous school records, request verification from the school of the child's name, address, date, and grades and dates attended; and	
	3.	Notify the person enrolling the student that not later than the 30th day after enrollment, or the 90th day if the child was not born in the United States, the person must provide:	
		a. A certified copy of the child's birth certificate; or	
		b. Other reliable proof of the child's identity and age and a signed statement explaining the person's inability to pro- duce a copy of the child's birth certificate.	

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	If a person enrolls a child under 11 years of age in school and does not provide the valid prior school information or documentation re- quired, the school shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency before the 31st day after the person fails to comply.
	Code of Criminal Procedure 63.019
False Information	When accepting a child for enrollment, a district shall inform the parent or other person enrolling the child that presenting a false document or false records in connection with enrollment is a criminal offense under Penal Code 37.10 (Tampering with Governmental Records) and that enrolling the child under false documents makes the person liable for tuition or other costs as provided below. <i>Education Code 25.002(d)</i>
	In addition to the penalty under Penal Code 37.10, a person who knowingly falsifies information on a form required for a student's enrollment in a district is liable to the district if the student is not eligible for enrollment, but is enrolled on the basis of false information. For the period during which the ineligible student is enrolled, the person is liable for the maximum tuition fee a district may charge [see FDA] or the amount a district has budgeted per student as maintenance and operating expense, whichever is greater. <i>Education Code 25.001(h)</i>
	A district may include on its enrollment form notice of the legal pen- alties and liability for falsifying information on the form. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 25.001(i)</i>
Placement of Transfers Credits and Records	A district shall accept all credits earned toward state graduation re- quirements by students in accredited Texas school districts, includ- ing credits earned in accredited summer school programs. Credits earned in local credit courses may be transferred at a district's dis- cretion. Transfer students shall not be prohibited from attending school pending receipt of transcripts or academic records from the district the student previously attended. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(1)</i>
	A district shall grant a student credit toward the academic course requirements for high school graduation for courses the student successfully completes in TJJD educational programs. <i>Education Code 30.104(a)</i>
	Each district shall consider course credit earned by a student while in a juvenile justice alternative education program as credit earned in a district school. <i>Education Code</i> 37.011(d)
Nonpublic Schools	Records and transcripts of students from Texas nonpublic schools or from out of state or out of the country (including foreign ex- change students) shall be evaluated, and students shall be placed promptly in appropriate classes. A district may use a wide variety of
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		to verify the content of courses for which a transfer stu- earned credit. <i>19 TAC 74.26(a)(2)</i>
		rmation regarding educational placement of students who eless or in substitute care, see FFC.]
Foundation School Program	A persor school y	is entitled to the benefits of the available school fund for a ear if:
	1. On	September 1 of the year, the person:
	a.	Is at least five years of age and under 21 years of age, and has not graduated from high school;
	b.	Is at least 21 years of age and under 26 years of age and is admitted by a school district to complete the re- quirements for a high school diploma; or
	C.	Is at least 18 years of age and under 50 years of age and is enrolled in an adult education program provided under the adult high school charter school program un- der Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter G.
		e person is enrolled in prekindergarten under Education de 29.153 [see EHBG].
	sati tere	e person is younger than five years of age and performs isfactorily on the state assessment instrument adminis- ed to third graders and a district has adopted a policy to nit students younger than five years of age.
	yea has gar	e person is enrolled in the first grade and is at least six irs of age at the beginning of the current school year or been enrolled in the first grade, or has completed kinder- ten, in the public schools of another state before transfer- g to a Texas public school.
	Educatic	on Code 25.001(a), 48.003
Screening	The principal of each district school shall ensure that each student admitted to that school has complied with requirements for screen- ing of special senses and communication disorders, spinal screen- ing, and a risk assessment for Type 2 diabetes, or has submitted an affidavit of exemption. <i>Health and Safety Code 36.005, 37.002,</i> <i>95.003(c)</i> [See FFAA]	
Pest Control Information	Chief administrators or the integrated pest management (IPM) co- ordinators of schools must notify the parents or guardians of chil- dren attending the facility in writing that pesticides are periodically applied indoors and outdoors, and that information on the times	

#### ADMISSIONS

and types of applications and prior notification is available upon request. Such notification must be made at the time of the students' registration. Telephonic, written, or electronic notification of planned applications will meet the notification requirements. *4 TAC 7.148(c); Occupations Code 1951.455(b)* [See CLB]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Authorization Agreement for Nonparent Relative (PDF): <u>https://www.dfps.state.tx.us/Application/Forms/showFile.aspx?NAME=263</u> <u>8.pdf</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Student and Exchange Visitor Program: <u>https://www.ice.gov/sevis</u>

Denton ISD 061901		
ADMISSIONS INTERDISTRICT TRANS	SFERS (LE	FDA GAL)
Agreement Between Districts	The board may, by means of a mutual agreement with the board an adjoining district, transfer any student to the jurisdiction of the adjoining district. All transfers shall be made pursuant to the re- quirements of Education Code 25.032 through 25.034. The board together with the board of the adjoining district, shall agree to transfer of school funds proportionate to the transfer of attendar when such interdistrict transfers are made. <i>Education Code</i> 25	hat e- bard, the ance
Initiated by Student or Parent	Any student, other than a high school graduate, who is under a years of age and eligible for enrollment on September 1, may transfer to another Texas district, provided that both the receive district and the applicant's parent, guardian, or person having ful control agree in writing to the transfer. <i>Education Code 25.0</i> [See also FD]	ing law-
Transfer to a District Offering In-Person Instruction	If a district provides notice to the parent or person standing in rental relation to a student enrolled in the district of the district tent to offer only virtual instruction for more than one grading p during a school year, the student may transfer for that school y to another district that offers in-person instruction during that school year and accepts the student's transfer.	's in- period
	"Virtual instruction" means instructional activities delivered to s dents primarily over the internet.	stu-
	A student who transfers to another school district under this see may not be charged tuition. The student is included in the aver daily attendance of the district in which the student attends sch	rage
	Education Code 25.045	
Basis for Transfer	The board or its designee must make transfer decisions on an vidual basis and may not consider as a factor in arriving at any cision regarding assignments any matter relating to the nation origin of the student or the student's ancestral language. <i>Educ Code 25.032</i> [See FDAA]	y de- al
Transportation	A board may establish and operate an economical public scho transportation system outside the district if students enrolled in district reside outside the district and the district meets the req ments of Education Code 34.007(a)(3) [see CNA]. <i>Education of</i> <i>34.007(a)</i>	n the uire-
Funding for Transfers	Upon the filing and certification of any transfer, the state per car apportionment shall transfer with the student. For purposes of puting state allotments to districts eligible under the Foundation School Program, the student's attendance prior to the date of transfer shall be counted by the sending district and the stude attendance after transfer shall be counted by the receiving dis <i>Education Code 25.037</i>	com- n nt's
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# ADMISSIONS INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS

Tuition	The district may charge a tuition fee to the extent that the district's actual expenditure per student in average daily attendance exceeds the sum of state available school fund apportionment benefits transferred to the district under Education Code 25.037. However, unless a tuition fee is prescribed and set out in a transfer agreement prior to its execution by the parties, no increase in tuition charge shall be made for the year of that transfer that exceeds the tuition charge, if any, of the preceding school year. <i>Education Code 25.038</i>
Tuition for Education Outside District	Home districts that do not offer each grade, kindergarten–grade 12, shall pay tuition to the district if they have a contract to educate students in grades not taught in the home district. If the home district has contracted for students to attend another district(s), it shall not be required to pay tuition to any district with which it has not contracted. A contract under this section may not be for a period exceeding five years.
	The amount of tuition paid may not exceed the greater of:
	<ol> <li>The amount by which the district's actual expenditure per stu- dent in average daily attendance exceeds the sum the district receives from state aid sources, as provided by Education Code 25.037. However, the district may not charge more than the tuition charge for the preceding school year unless a tui- tion fee is set out in a transfer agreement; or</li> </ol>
	2. The calculated tuition limit specified by commissioner's rule.
	Under the commissioner's rule, tuition charged to the home district for a transfer student in payment for that student's education may not exceed the district's calculated tuition limit. The calculated tui- tion limit applies only to tuition paid to the district for the education of a student at a grade level not offered in the home district.
	The calculated tuition limit is the sum of the excess maintenance and operations (M&O) revenue per enrollee and the excess debt revenue per enrollee as calculated in accordance with 19 Adminis- trative Code 61.1012(b).
	Education Code 25.038, .039; 19 TAC 61.1012
Credits and Records	Credits earned in local credit courses may be transferred at the en- rolling district's discretion. Transfer students shall not be prohibited from attending school pending receipt of transcripts or academic records from the district the student previously attended. <i>19 TAC</i> 74.26(a)(1)

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ADMISSIONS INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS FDA (LEGAL)

Nonpublic Schools Records and transcripts of students from Texas nonpublic schools or from out of state or out of the country (including foreign exchange students) shall be evaluated, and students shall be placed promptly in appropriate classes. The district may use a wide variety of methods to verify the content of courses for which a transfer student has earned credit. *19 TAC 74.26(a)(2)* 

Denton ISD 061901			
INTERDISTRICT TRANSFERS FE PUBLIC EDUCATION GRANTS (LEG			
	whi atte	eligible student may attend a public school in the district in ch the student resides or may use a public education grant to any other district chosen by the student's parent. <i>Education</i> de 29.201	
Eligible Students	anc the an	tudent is eligible to receive a public education grant or to attend other public school in the district in which the student resides if student is assigned to attend a public school campus assigned unacceptable rating that is made publicly available under Edu- on Code 39.054.	
		er a student has used a public education grant to attend a ool in a district other than the district in which the student re-	
	1.	The student does not become ineligible for the grant if the school on which the student's initial eligibility is based no longer meets the criteria described above; and	
	2.	The student becomes ineligible for the grant if the student is assigned to attend a school that does not meet the criteria described above.	
	Edι	ucation Code 29.201, .202	
Funding		istrict is entitled to a public education grant allotment for each ible student using a public education grant.	
		istrict is entitled to additional facilities assistance under Educa- Code 48.301 if the district agrees to:	
	1.	Accept a number of students using public education grants that is at least one percent of the district's average daily at- tendance for the preceding school year; and	
	2.	Provide services to each student until the student either vol- untarily decides to attend a school in a different district or graduates from high school.	
Average Daily Attendance	sch side	tudent who uses a public education grant to attend a public ool in a district other than the district in which the student re- es is included in the average daily attendance of the district in ch the student attends school.	
	Edι	ucation Code 29.203(a)–(c)	
Admission	29.2 stud	istrict chosen by a student's parent under Education Code 201 above is entitled to accept or reject the application for the dent to attend school in that district, but may not use criteria that criminate on the basis of the student's race, ethnicity, academic	

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INTERDISTRICT TRANS				
	achievement, athletic abilities, language proficiency, sex, or socio- economic status.			
Priorities	A district that has more acceptable applicants for attendance under public education grants than available positions must give priority to students at risk of dropping out of school, as defined by Educa- tion Code 29.081 [see EHBC] and must fill the available positions by lottery.			
Exception	To achieve continuity in education, however, a district may give preference over at-risk students to:			
	1. Enrolled students; and			
	<ol> <li>Siblings or other children residing in the same household as enrolled students, for the convenience of parents, guardians, or custodians of those children.</li> </ol>			
Tuition	A district chosen by a student's parent under a public education grant may not charge the student tuition.			
	Education Code 29.203(d)–(e)			
Transportation	The district in which a student resides shall provide each student attending a school in another district under a public education grant transportation free of charge to and from the school the student would otherwise attend. <i>Education Code 29.203(f)</i>			
Contract for Services	The board may contract for the provision of educational services to a student eligible to receive a public education grant. <i>Education Code</i> 29.205			
Notice to Parent	Not later than February 1 of each year, a district shall notify the parent of each student in the district assigned to attend a campus described by Education Code 29.202 above that the student is eligible for a public education grant. The notice must contain a clear, concise explanation of the public education grant program and of the manner in which the parent may obtain further information about the program. <i>Education Code 29.204(b)</i>			

Denton ISD 061901			
ADMISSIONS INTRADISTRICT TRANS	SFER	S AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS	FDB (LEGAL)
Assignments	one	ard or its designee may assign and transfer any stude school facility or classroom to another facility or class n its jurisdiction. <i>Education Code 25.031</i>	
	signi not o tiona	ard or its designee must make the decision concernin ment or transfer of a student on an individual basis an consider as a factor in its decision any matter relating I origin of the student or the student's ancestral langu ion Code 25.032	id may to the na-
Multiple Birth Siblings		tiple birth sibling" means a twin, triplet, quadruplet, or ng resulting from a multiple birth.	other
	"Par	ent" includes a person standing in parental relation.	
Placement	grad 14th	parent of multiple birth siblings who are assigned to the e level and school may request in writing, not later that day after the first day of enrollment, that the school p ngs in the same classroom or in separate classrooms.	an the lace the
	trict roon	hool shall provide the placement requested, except th is not required to place multiple birth siblings in separa is if the request would require the district to add an ac is to the grade level of the siblings.	ate class-
	place	school may recommend to a parent the appropriate c ement and may provide professional educational advi he parent with the decision.	
	Thes	se provisions do not affect:	
	1.	A right or obligation regarding the individual placeme sions of the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) tee with respect to students receiving special educativices [see EHBAB]; or	commit-
	2.	The right of a district or teacher to remove a student classroom under Chapter 37 [see FOA].	from a
Reassignment by Principal	lings sulta are p disru	e end of the first grading period following the multiple ' enrollment in the school, if the principal of the schoo tion with the teacher of each classroom in which the s placed, determines that the requested classroom plac optive to the school, the principal may determine the a classroom placement for the siblings.	l, in con- siblings ement is
Appeal	man	rent may appeal the principal's classroom placement ner provided by district policy. During an appeal, the s remain in the classroom chosen by the parent. [See	siblings
	Edu	cation Code 25.043	

Denton ISD 061901			
ADMISSIONS INTRADISTRICT TRAN	SFEF	S AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS	FDB (LEGAL)
Placement of Older Students	A person who is 21 years of age or older who is admitted by a dis- trict to complete the requirements for a high school diploma and who has not attended school in the three preceding school years may not be placed with a student who is 18 years of age or younger in a classroom setting, a cafeteria, or another district- sanctioned school activity. This restriction does not prevent the stu- dent from attending a school-sponsored event that is open to the public as a member of the public. <i>Education Code 25.001(b-2)</i>		
Petitions and Objections		e parent or person standing in parental relation to any s / by written petition either:	student
	1.	Request the assignment or transfer of the student to nated school or to a school to be designated by the l	
	2.	File objections to the assignment of the student to th to which the student has been assigned.	e school
	Edι	ıcation Code 25.033, 26.003(a)(1)	
Procedure	Upo	on receiving a written petition, a board shall proceed as	s follows:
	1.	If no hearing is requested, act on the petition not late the 30th day after the petition is submitted and notify tioner of its conclusion; or	
	2.	If a hearing is requested, designate a time and place ing a hearing not later than the 30th day after the per submitted.	
		hearing is requested, it shall be conducted by a board nce with the following:	in com-
	1.	The petitioner may present evidence relevant to the	student.
	2.	The board may conduct investigations as to the objerequest, examine any student involved, and employ professional or otherwise, for the purpose of examination and investigations.	agents,
Board's Decision	boa requunte den ing	board must grant the request made in the petition unlerd determines that there is a reasonable basis for denuest. The decision of a board, with or without a hearing less the student, or the parent, guardian, or custodian of the student, files an exception to the decision as ca denial of any right of the student guaranteed under the stitution.	ying the g, is final, of the stu- onstitut-
	a bo	uch an exception is filed, a board may reconsider its de bard has not ruled on the exception before the 16th da date of the filing, the objection is considered overruled	y after

# ADMISSIONS

INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS

	exception is overruled, an appeal of a board's decision may be filed in the district court of the county in which the board is located.				
	Education Code 25.034				
Students Who Are Victims of Bullying	On the request of a parent or other person with authority to act on behalf of a student who is a victim of bullying, a board or its de- signee shall transfer the victim to:				
		nother classroom at the campus to which the victim was as- igned at the time the bullying occurred; or			
		campus in the district other than the campus to which the ctim was assigned at the time the bullying occurred.			
Students Who	The bo	pard may transfer the student who engaged in bullying to:			
Engage in Bullying		nother classroom at the campus to which the victim was as- igned at the time the bullying occurred; or			
	vi SI	campus in the district other than the campus to which the octim was assigned at the time the bullying occurred, in con- ultation with a parent or other person with authority to act on ehalf of the student who engaged in bullying.			
	applies	tion Code 37.004 (Placement of Students with Disabilities) s to a transfer under this provision of a student with a disabil- preceives special education services.			
Definition	"Bullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]				
Verification	bullyin	d or designee shall verify that a student has been a victim of g before transferring the student. A board may consider past t behavior when identifying a bully.			
	The determination by a board or designee is final and may not be appealed. The procedures set forth at Education Code 25.034 [see Petitions and Objections—Procedure, above] do not apply to a transfer under this provision.				
	A district is not required to provide transportation to a student who transfers to another campus under this provision.				
	Education Code 25.0342				
	Note:	For bullying rising to the level of prohibited harassment, see FFH. For all other bullying, see FFI. For transfers re- lated to sexual assault or school safety, see FDE.			

Denton ISD 061901			
ADMISSIONS INTRADISTRICT TRAN	SFER	SAND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS	FDB (LEGAL)
Others in Special Education Student's Household	If a district assigns a student to a district campus other than the campus the student would attend based on the student's residence, for purposes of receiving special education services, the district shall permit the student's parent, guardian, or other person standing in parental relation to the student to obtain a transfer to the assigned campus for any other student residing in the household of the student receiving special education services, provided that:		
	1.	The other student is entitled to attend school in the c [see FD]; and	listrict
	2.	The appropriate grade level for the other student is of the campus.	offered at
		provision does not apply if the student receiving spenning spenning spenning spenning spenning spenning services resides in a residential facility.	cial edu-
		cation Code 25.034 [see Petitions and Objections—P e] does not apply to a transfer under this provision.	rocedure,
Transportation	trans does acco	trict is not required to provide transportation to a stud fers to another campus under this provision. This pro- not affect any transportation services provided by a rdance with other law for the student receiving speci- services.	ovision district in
	Educ	cation Code 25.0343	
Students in Unacceptable Schools	whic publi made	Ident is eligible to attend another public school in the h the student resides if the student is assigned to atte c school campus assigned an unacceptable rating th e publicly available under Education Code 39.054. <i>E</i> e 29.202(a) [See FDAA]	end a lat is

Students in Schools<br/>Identified for<br/>Support and<br/>ImprovementA district may provide all students enrolled in a school identified by<br/>TEA for comprehensive support and improvement under 20 U.S.C.<br/>6311(c)(4)(D)(i) with the option to transfer to another public school<br/>served by the district, unless such an option is prohibited by state<br/>law.

A district shall give priority to the lowest achieving children from low-income families. A student who uses the option to transfer shall be enrolled in classes and other activities in the public school to which the student transfers in the same manner as all other students at the public school.

A district shall permit a student who transfers to another school to remain in that school until the child has completed the highest grade in that school. A district may spend an amount equal to not

#### ADMISSIONS INTRADISTRICT TRANSFERS AND CLASSROOM ASSIGNMENTS

more than five percent of its allocation under 20 U.S.C. Chapter 70, Part A, Subpart 2 (Title I basic program allocations) to pay for the provision of transportation for students who transfer under these provisions to the schools to which they transfer.

20 U.S.C. 6311(d)(1)(D)

**Note:** See FDE for the school safety transfer option in Title I programs.

**Class Changes** A parent or person standing in parental relation is entitled to reasonable access to the school principal, or to a designated administrator with authority to reassign a student, to request a change in the class or teacher to which the parent's child has been assigned, if the reassignment or change would not affect the assignment or reassignment of another student. The decision of a board regarding such a request is final and may not be appealed. *Education Code 26.002, .003(a)(2), (b)* [See FNG]

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ADMISSIONS SCHOOL SAFETY TRA	NSFE	RS	FDE (LEGAL)
School Safety Choice Option	a sta safe	atewi e publ	is Education Agency (TEA) shall establish and implement de policy requiring that a student be allowed to attend a lic elementary or secondary school within a district, includ- lic charter school, if the student:
	1.		ends a persistently dangerous public elementary or sec- ary school, as determined by TEA; or
	2.	by s	omes a victim of a violent criminal offense, as determined state law, while in or on the grounds of the public elemen- or secondary school that the student attends.
	20 l	J.S.C	2. 7912
Sexual Assault	The	se pr	ovisions apply to:
Transfer	1.	A st	udent (the "assailant"):
		a.	Who has been convicted of continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual, convicted of or placed on deferred adjudication for sexual assault or ag- gravated sexual assault committed against another stu- dent who, at the time the offense occurred, was as- signed to the same campus as the student convicted or placed on deferred adjudication (the "conduct");
		b.	Who has been adjudicated under Family Code 53.03 for engaging in the conduct;
		C.	Whose prosecution under Family Code 53.03 for engag- ing in the conduct has been deferred; or
		d.	Who has been placed on probation under Family Code 54.04(d)(1) for engaging in the conduct; and
	2.	A st	udent who is the victim of the conduct (the "victim").
		-	ovisions apply regardless of whether the conduct occurred of school property.
Transfer of Victim			equest of a parent or other person with authority to act on the victim of the conduct, a board shall transfer the victim
	1.	A di	strict campus other than the campus to which:
		a.	The victim was assigned at the time the conduct oc- curred; or
		b.	The assailant is assigned, if the assailant has been as- signed to a different campus since the conduct occurred; or

# ADMISSIONS SCHOOL SAFETY TRANSFERS

	2.	A neighboring school district, if there is only one campus in the district serving the grade level in which the victim is enrolled.
	agro	e transfer must be to a campus or school district, as applicable, eeable to the parent or other person with authority to act on the im's behalf.
Transfer of Assailant		e victim does not wish to transfer to another campus or district, pard shall transfer the assailant to:
	1.	A district campus other than the campus to which the victim is assigned; or
	2.	A district's disciplinary alternative education program or juve- nile justice alternative education program, if there is only one campus in the district serving the grade level in which the as- sailant is enrolled. [See FOC]
	noti the	the extent permitted under federal law [see FL], a district shall fy the parent or other person with authority to act on behalf of victim of the campus or program to which the assailant is as- ned.
		ication Code 25.034 [see FDB] does not apply to a transfer un- this provision.
		istrict is not required to provide transportation to a student who sfers to another campus or district under this provision.
	Edι	ucation Code 25.0341

# ADMISSIONS SCHOOL SAFETY TRANSFERS

Safe Schools Data	The Superintendent shall ensure that the District complies with Texas Education Agency (TEA) guidelines for the collection and maintenance of data regarding:		
	1.	scho	datory expellable offenses committed at school or at a ol-related or school-sponsored activity, on or off school erty [see FOD]; and
	2.	lent of the p tendi	student who becomes a victim of one of the following vio- criminal offenses, as defined by the Penal Code, while on premises of the school the student attends or while at- ing a school-sponsored or school-related activity, on or off ool property:
		a.	Attempted murder;
		b.	Indecency with a child;
		C.	Aggravated kidnapping;
		d.	Aggravated assault on someone other than a District employee or volunteer;
		e.	Sexual assault or aggravated sexual assault against someone other than a District employee or volunteer;
		f.	Aggravated robbery; or
		g.	Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual.
School Safety Transfers	The parent of a student who becomes a victim of a violent crit offense as described in the state guidance for unsafe school options or who is assigned to a campus identified by TEA as sistently dangerous shall be offered a transfer to a safe public charter school within the District.		
	tions	, as a	transfer requested, the District shall explore transfer op- appropriate. Options may include a transfer agreement her school district.
From a Persistently Dangerous School	dang ques the s	jerou: st a tra start o	nt of a student attending a school identified as persistently s shall be provided notification of his or her right to re- ansfer. Notification shall occur at least 14 days prior to of the school year or, for a student enrolling subsequently, student's enrollment.
	trans begii	fer. T nning	nt must submit to the Superintendent an application for The Superintendent shall complete the transfer prior to the of the school year, if applicable, or within 14 calendar e request for a subsequently enrolling student.

# ADMISSIONS SCHOOL SAFETY TRANSFERS

	Any transfer arranged for a student from a campus identified by TEA as persistently dangerous shall be renewed so long as the campus from which the student transferred retains that designa- tion.
	The District shall maintain, in accordance with the District's record retention schedule, documentation of notification to parents of the transfer option, transfer applications submitted, and action taken.
For a Victim of a Violent Criminal Offense	Within 14 calendar days after a violent criminal offense described above occurs in or on the premises of the school the student at- tends or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related ac- tivity, on or off school property, the District shall notify the parent of a student who is a victim of the offense of the parent's right to re- quest a transfer. The parent must submit to the Superintendent an application for transfer. The Superintendent shall approve or disap- prove the request within 14 calendar days of its submission.
	Any transfer arranged for a student who was a victim of a violent crime as described above shall be renewed so long as the threat to the student exists at the campus to which the student would typi- cally be assigned.
	For each offense, the District shall maintain for at least five years documentation of the nature and date of the offense, notification to the parent of the transfer option, transfer applications submitted, action taken, and other relevant information regarding the offense.
Additional Transfer Options	In circumstances described by Education Code 25.0341, a parent of a student who has been the victim of a sexual assault, regard- less of whether the offense occurred on or off school property, may request a transfer of the parent's child or the student assailant from the same campus.
	[For other transfer provisions, see also FDA and FDB.]

Denton ISD 061901	
ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTEN	DANCE FEA (LEGAL)
Compulsory Attendance	Students who are at least six years of age, or who have been pre- viously enrolled in first grade, and who have not yet reached their 19th birthday shall attend school for the entire period the program is offered, unless exempted as indicated below. On enrollment in prekindergarten or kindergarten, a student shall attend school. <i>Ed-</i> <i>ucation Code</i> 25.085(a)–(c)
Voluntary Enrollment of Students 19 and Over	A person who voluntarily enrolls in school or voluntarily attends school after the person's 19th birthday shall attend school each school day for the entire period the program of instruction is of- fered. A board may adopt a policy requiring the student who is un- der 21 years of age to attend school until the end of the school year.
	After the third unexcused absence of a person who voluntarily en- rolls, a district shall issue a warning letter to the person that states the person's enrollment may be revoked for the remainder of the school year if the person has more than five unexcused absences in a semester.
	A district may revoke for the remainder of the school year the en- rollment of a person who has more than five unexcused absences in a semester, except a school district may not revoke the enroll- ment of a person under this provision on a day on which the per- son is physically present at school.
	A person whose enrollment is revoked for exceeding this limit may be considered an unauthorized person on school grounds for the purposes of Education Code 37.107 regarding trespassing.
	As an alternative to revoking a person's enrollment, a school dis- trict may impose a behavior improvement plan described by Edu- cation Code 25.0915(a-1)(1).
	Education Code 25.085(e)–(h)
Accelerated /	Unless specifically exempted, a student must also attend:
Compensatory Programs	<ol> <li>An extended-year program for which the student is eligible that is provided by a district for students identified as likely not to be promoted to the next grade level or tutorial classes re- quired by the district under Education Code 29.084 [see EHBC];</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>An accelerated reading instruction program to which the stu- dent has been assigned under Education Code 28.006(g) [see EKC];</li> </ol>
	3. An accelerated instruction program to which the student is as- signed under Education Code 28.0211 [see EIE];
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	4.		nsic skills program to which the student is assigned under cation Code 29.086 [see EHBC]; or
	5.	Asu	Immer program provided:
		a.	To a student placed in in-school suspension or other al- ternative setting, other than a disciplinary alternative ed- ucation program (DAEP), who has been offered the op- portunity to complete before the beginning of the next school year each course in which the student was en- rolled at the time of removal. <i>Education Code</i> 37.021 [See FO]
		b.	To a student removed to a DAEP who has been offered an opportunity to complete coursework, before the be- ginning of the next school year. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.008(I)</i> [See FOCA]
	Edu	catio	n Code 25.085(d)
Additional Instructional Days	stuc add [See	lent e itiona e Ince	anding any other provision in Education Code 25.085, a nrolled in a district is not required to attend school for any I instructional days described by Education Code 48.0051 entive for Additional Instructional Days at FEB]. <i>Education</i> 085( <i>i</i> )
Exemptions			is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements un- llowing statutory provisions.
Equivalency Diploma	the	stude	is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if nt is at least 17 years of age and has been issued a high uivalency certificate or diploma.
Private or Home School	the	stude	is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if nt attends a private or parochial school that includes in its study of good citizenship.
	tenc ing that tape desi mar	lance of boo appe mon gned , math	in a home school shall be exempt from compulsory at- if he or she is pursuing in good faith a curriculum consist- oks, workbooks, other written materials (including those ar on an electronic screen of either a computer or video itor), or any combination of these. The curriculum shall be to meet basic education goals of reading, spelling, gram- nematics, and a study of good citizenship. <u>TEA v. Leeper</u> , 2d 432 (Tex. 1994)
Special Education— Nondistrict Placement	the prog	stude gram	is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if nt is eligible to participate in a district's special education under Education Code 29.003 and cannot be appropri- ved by the resident district.

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ATTENDANCE F COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE (LEG		
Medical Condition	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student has a temporary and remediable physical or mental condition that makes attendance infeasible and the student has a certificate from a qualified physician specifying the temporary con- dition, indicating the prescribed treatment, and covering the antici- pated period of absence for the purpose of receiving and recuper- ating from remedial treatment.	
Expulsion—No JJAEP	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is expelled in accordance with legal requirements in a district that does not participate in a mandatory juvenile justice al- ternative education program. [See FOD]	
17-Year-Old in GED Course	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is at least 17 years old, is attending a course of instruc- tion to prepare for the high school equivalency examinations, and:	
	<ol> <li>Has the permission of the student's parent or guardian to at- tend the course;</li> </ol>	
	2. Is required by court order to attend the course;	
	<ol> <li>Has established a residence separate and apart from the stu- dent's parent, guardian, or other person having lawful control of the student; or</li> </ol>	
	4. Is homeless.	
High School Replacement Programs	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is enrolled in the Texas Academy of Leadership in the Humanities, Texas Academy of Mathematics and Science, or Texas Academy of International Studies.	
16-Year-Old in GED Program or Job Corps	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is at least 16 years old and is attending a course of in- struction to prepare for the high school equivalency examinations, if:	
	<ol> <li>The student is recommended to take the course by a public agency that has supervision or custody of the student under a court order; or</li> </ol>	
	2. The student is enrolled in a Job Corps training program under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, 29 U.S.C. 2801. [Note: The Workforce Investment Act of 1998 has been repealed.]	
Other Exemption	A student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements if the student is specifically exempted under another law.	
	Education Code 25.086	

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ATTENDANCE FE/ COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE (LEGAL		
Excused Absences for Compulsory Attendance Determinations	A district shall excuse a student from attending school as required by the following statutory provisions.	
Religious Holy Days	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the pur- pose of observing religious holy days. A student who is observing holy days is allowed up to one day of excused travel for traveling to the site where the student will observe the holy days and up to one day of excused travel for traveling from that site.	
Court Appearances	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the pur- pose of attending a required court appearance. A student who is at- tending a required court appearance is allowed up to one day of excused travel for traveling to the site where the student will attend the required court appearance and up to one day of excused travel for traveling from that site.	
Citizenship Proceedings	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the pur- pose of appearing at a governmental office to complete paperwork required in connection with the student's application for United States citizenship. A student who is appearing at a governmental office to complete such paperwork is allowed up to one day of ex- cused travel for traveling to the site where the student will complete the paperwork and up to one day of excused travel for traveling from that site.	
	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the pur- pose of taking part in a United States naturalization oath ceremony. A student who is taking part in such a ceremony is allowed up to one day of excused travel for traveling to the site where the student will take part in the ceremony and up to one day of excused travel for traveling from that site.	
Election Clerks	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for the pur- pose of serving as an election clerk. A student who is serving as an election clerk is allowed up to one day of excused travel for travel- ing to the site where the student will serve as an election clerk and up to one day of excused travel for traveling from that site. [See Early Voting Clerks, below]	
Children in Conservatorship of DFPS	If a student is in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS), a district shall excuse the student from attending school for the purpose of participating, as deter- mined and documented by DFPS, in an activity:	
	<ol> <li>Ordered by a court under Family Code Chapter 262 or 263, provided that it is not practicable to schedule the participation outside of school hours, or</li> </ol>	

	<ol> <li>Required under a service plan under Family Code Chapter 263, Subchapter B.</li> </ol>
	Education Code 25.087(b)(1); 19 TAC 129.21(j)(3)
Health-Care Appointments	A district shall excuse a student from attending school for a temporary absence resulting from an appointment with a health-care professional for the student or the student's child if the student commences classes or returns to school on the same day of the appointment. The appointment must be supported by a document such as a note from the health-care professional. "Temporary absence" includes the temporary absence of a student diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder on the day of the student's appointment with a health-care practitioner to receive a generally recognized service for persons with autism spectrum disorder, including applied behavioral analysis, speech therapy, and occupational therapy. <i>Education Code 25.087(b)(2), (b-3); 19 TAC 129.21(j)(3)</i> [See FEB]
Serious or Life- Threatening Illness	A district shall excuse an absence resulting from a serious or life- threatening illness or related treatment that makes the student's at- tendance infeasible, if the student or the student's parent or guard- ian provides a certification from a physician licensed to practice medicine in Texas specifying the student's illness and the antici- pated period of the student's absence relating to the illness or re- lated treatment. <i>Education Code</i> 25.087( <i>b</i> )(3)
Higher Education Visits	A district may excuse a student from attending school to visit an in- stitution of higher education accredited by a generally recognized accrediting organization during the student's junior and senior years of high school for the purpose of determining the student's interest in attending the institution of higher education, provided that:
	<ol> <li>The district may not excuse for this purpose more than two days during the student's junior year and two days during the student's senior year; and</li> </ol>
	2. The district adopts:
	<ul> <li>A policy to determine when an absence will be excused for this purpose; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>A procedure to verify the student's visit at the institution of higher education.</li> </ul>
	Education Code 25.087(b-2); 19 TAC 129.21(j)(3)
Early Voting Clerks	A district may adopt a policy excusing a student from attending school for service as a student early voting clerk in an election. A

Denton ISD 061901			
ATTENDANCE FE COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE (LEGA			FEA GAL)
	Elect	ict may excuse a student for serving as an election clerk [set tion Clerks, above] or early voting clerk for a maximum of t is in a school year. <i>Education Code 25.087(b-1), (e)</i>	
Military Dependents	guar has l turne the la sides distri five a sion depla	strict shall excuse a student whose parent, stepparent, or led dian is an active duty member of the uniformed services are been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately re- ed from continuous deployment of at least four months outs ocality where the parent, stepparent, or guardian regularly s, to visit with the student's parent, stepparent, or guardian ict may not excuse a student under this provision more that days in a school year. An excused absence under this prov must be taken not earlier than the 60th day before the date opment or not later than the 30th day after the date of retur deployment. <i>Education Code 25.087(b-4)</i> [See FDD]	nd side re- . A n i- e of
Enlistment in Armed Services	from arme	strict shall excuse a student who is 17 years of age or older attending school to pursue enlistment in a branch of the ed services of the United States or the Texas National Guar ided that:	
	1.	The district may not excuse for this purpose more than four days of school during the period the student is enrolled in school; and	
	2.	The district verifies the student's activities related to pursu enlistment in a branch of the armed services or the Texas tional Guard.	
		strict shall adopt procedures to verify a student's activities a ribed in these provisions.	as
	Educ	cation Code 25.087(b-5), (b-6); 19 TAC 129.21(j)(3)	
Visit to a Driver's License Office	from drive excu is en tainir must	strict may excuse a student who is 15 years of age or older attending school to visit a driver's license office to obtain a er's license or learner license, provided that the district may se more than one day of school during the period the stude rolled in high school for each of the following purposes: ob ng a driver's license; or obtaining a learner license. The dis t verify the student's visit to the driver's license office in acc e with procedures adopted by the district. <i>Education 25.087</i>	a v not ent  strict cord-
Taps at Military Funeral	for th	ddition, a district may excuse a student in grades 6 through ne purpose of sounding "Taps" at a military honors funeral h is state for a deceased veteran. <i>Education Code 25.087(c)</i>	neld

Denton ISD 061901		
ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTEN		EA
No Penalty	A student whose absence is excused for a reason described beg ning at Excused Absences for Compulsory Attendance Determin tions, above, may not be penalized for that absence and shall be counted as if the student attended school for purposes of calcula ing the average daily attendance of students in the district.	na- e
Make-Up Work	The student shall be allowed a reasonable time to make up schowork missed on the days described above. If the student satisfactorily completes the work, the days of absence shall be counted days of compulsory attendance.	C-
	Education Code 25.087(d)	
Other Excused Absences	A person required to attend school may be excused for temporal absence resulting from any cause acceptable to the teacher, prin pal, or superintendent of the school in which the person is enroll <i>Education Code 25.087(a)</i>	nci-
Notices to Parents Warning Notice	A district shall notify a student's parent in writing at the beginning the school year that, if the student is absent from school on ten of more days or parts of days within a six-month period in the same school year, the student's parent is subject to prosecution under Education Code 25.093, and the student is subject to referral to truancy court for truant conduct under Family Code 65.003(a).	or e
Notice of Absences	A district shall notify a student's parent if the student has been a sent from school, without excuse under Education Code 25.087, three days or parts of days within a four-week period. The notice must:	, on
	1. Inform the parent that:	
	<ul> <li>a. It is the parent's duty to monitor the student's school a tendance and require the student to attend school;</li> </ul>	at-
	b. The student is subject to truancy prevention measures under Education Code 25.0915; and	S
	2. Request a conference between school officials and the part to discuss the absences.	ent
	The fact that a parent did not receive the notices described above is not a defense for the parent's failure to require a child to atten school nor for the student's failure to attend school.	
	Education Code 25.095	
Non-Attendance Parent Liability	A parent or person standing in parental relation commits an offer if:	nse
	1. A warning notice is issued;	
	7	of O

	2.	The parent with criminal negligence fails to require the child to attend school as required by law; and			
	3.	The child has absences for the amount of time specified un- der Family Code 65.003(a).			
	cial	e attendance officer [see FED] or other appropriate school offi- shall file a complaint against the parent in an appropriate court, permitted under Education Code 25.093.			
Affirmative Defense—Parent	abs sho an a	an affirmative defense to prosecution that one or more of the ences required to be proven was excused by a school official or uld be excused by the court. A decision by the court to excuse absence for this purpose does not affect the ability of a district etermine whether to excuse the absence for another purpose.			
	Edι	ication Code 25.093			
Student Liability	sch sch riod	hild engages in truant conduct if the child is required to attend ool under the compulsory attendance laws, and fails to attend ool on ten or more days or parts of days within a six-month pe- in the same school year. Truant conduct may be prosecuted as a civil case in a truancy court. <i>Family Code 65.003(a), (b)</i>			
		ild" means a person who is 12 years of age or older and nger than 19 years of age. <i>Family Code 65.002(1)</i>			
Truancy Courts	The	following are designated as truancy courts:			
	1.	The constitutional county court in a county with a population of 1.75 million or more;			
	2.	Justice courts; and			
	3.	Municipal courts.			
	A truancy court has exclusive original jurisdiction over cases involv- ing allegations of truant conduct.				
	Family Code 65.004(a)–(b)				
Affirmative Defense— Student	It is an affirmative defense to an allegation of truant conduct that one or more of the absences required to be proven:				
	1.	Have been excused by a school official or by the court;			
	2.	Were involuntary; or			
	3.	Were due to the child's voluntary absence from the child's home because of abuse, as defined by Family Code 261.001.			

	The affirmative defense is not available if, after deducting the ab- sences described above, there remains a sufficient number of ab- sences to constitute truant conduct.
	In asserting an affirmative defense, the burden is on the child to show by a preponderance of the evidence that the absence has been or should be excused, was involuntary, or was due to the child's voluntary absence from the child's home because of abuse, as defined by Family Code 261.001.
	A decision by the court to excuse an absence does not affect the ability of the district to determine whether to excuse the absence for another purpose.
	Family Code 65.003(c)–(f)
Truancy Prevention Measures	If a student fails to attend school without excuse on three or more days or parts of days within a four-week period but does not fail to attend school for the time described below, the district shall initiate truancy prevention measures on the student. [See FED] <i>Education Code 25.0915(a-4)</i>
District Complaint or Referral	If a student fails to attend school without excuse on ten or more days or parts of days within a six-month period in the same school year, a district shall within ten school days of the student's tenth absence refer the student to a truancy court for truant conduct un- der Family Code 65.003(a). [See FED] <i>Education Code 25.0951</i>

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ATTENDANCE F COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE (LOC		
	port	dents in violation of the compulsory attendance law shall be re- ed to the District attendance officer, who may institute court ac- as provided by law.
Excused Absences	exc quir	ddition to excused absences required by law, the District shall use absences for the following purposes. A student shall be re- ed to submit verification of these absences in accordance with ninistrative regulations.
Higher Education Visits	stuc	District shall excuse a student for up to two days during the lent's junior year and up to two days during the student's senior r to visit an accredited institution of higher education.
Armed Services Enlistment	to fo rela	District shall excuse a student 17 years of age or older for up our days during his or her enrollment in high school for activities ted to pursuing enlistment in a branch of the U.S. Armed Ser- s or Texas National Guard.
Early Voting or Election Clerk		District shall excuse a student for up to two days per school r to serve as an early voting or election clerk.
Learner or Driver's License		District shall excuse a student 15 years of age or older for one during his or her enrollment in high school for each of the fol- ng:
	•	Visiting a driver's license office to obtain a learner license; or
	•	Visiting a driver's license office to obtain a driver's license.
	[For	extracurricular activity absences, see FM.]
Withdrawal for Nonattendance		District may initiate withdrawal of a student under the age of or nonattendance under the following conditions:
	1.	The student has been absent ten consecutive school days; and
	2.	Repeated efforts by the attendance officer and/or principal to locate the student have been unsuccessful.
	-	District-initiated withdrawal of students 19 or older, see (LEGAL).]
Students Attending Homeschools	atte	dents who are homeschooled are exempt from the compulsory ndance law to the same extent as students enrolled in other ate schools.
	con FD(	equate documentation of homeschooling for withdrawal shall sist of either a statement of withdrawal in accordance with LOCAL) indicating the date homeschooling began, or a signed dated letter from a parent or guardian indicating that his or her

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#### ATTENDANCE COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

child is being homeschooled and the date the homeschooling began.

The District may request from a parent or guardian a letter of assurance that a child is being educated using a curriculum designed to meet basic education goals of reading, spelling, grammar, mathematics, and a study of good citizenship.

Enforcing Compulsory Attendance If a parent or guardian refuses to submit a requested statement or letter, or if the District has evidence that a school-aged child is not being homeschooled within legal requirements, the District may investigate further and, if warranted, shall pursue legal action to enforce the compulsory attendance law.

Denton ISD 061901		
ATTENDANCE FOR CREDIT (LEGAL		
Absences Considered	In order to receive credit or a final grade for a class, a student quired to attend class 90 percent of the days class is offered regardless of whether the student's absences are excused [see for unexcused. <i>Atty. Gen. Op. JC-0398 (2001)</i>	<del>)</del> -
	A student's excused absence under Education Code 25.087(b) [see FEA] may not be considered in determining whether the s dent has satisfied the attendance requirement under the 90 pe cent rule. <i>Education Code 25.092(a-3)</i>	stu-
90 Percent Rule	Except as provided below, a student in any grade level from king garten through grade 12 shall not be given credit or a final grad for a class unless the student is in attendance 90 percent of the days the class is offered. This restriction does not affect a stud right to excused absences to observe religious holy days [see and does not apply to a student who receives credit by examin tion for a class as provided by Education Code 28.023. [See EHDC]	de e ent's FEA]
Principal's Plan	A student who is in attendance for at least 75 percent but less 90 percent of the days a class is offered may be given credit of nal grade if the student completes a plan approved by the scho principal that provides for the student to meet the instructional quirements of the class. However, a student under the jurisdict of a court in a criminal or juvenile justice proceeding may not re ceive credit or a final grade without the consent of the judge pr ing over the student's case.	r a fi- ool's re- ion e-
Extenuating Circumstances	An attendance committee may give class credit or a final grade a student because of extenuating circumstances. A board shall tablish guidelines for determining what constitutes extenuating cumstances.	l es-
	A board shall adopt policies that establish alternative ways for dents to make up work or regain credit or a final grade lost be- cause of absences. The alternative ways must include at least option that does not require a student to pay a fee. The availab of such option must be substantially the same as the availabilit the educational program for which a district may charge a fee. FP]	one oility ty of
Attendance Committee	A board shall appoint one or more attendance committees to h petitions for class credit or a final grade by students who have met the 90 percent rule and have not earned class credit or a f grade by completing a principal's plan. Classroom teachers sh comprise a majority of the attendance committee.	not ïnal
Appeal	If the committee denies a student credit or a final grade, the student may appeal the decision to the board. A board's decision	
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#### ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE FOR CREDIT

FEC (LEGAL)

be appealed to the district court of the county in which the district's central administrative office is located.

Additional Duties A certified employee may not be assigned additional instructional duties as a result of the above provision outside of the regular workday unless the employee is compensated for the duties at a reasonable rate of pay.

Education Code 25.092

Denton ISD 061901	
ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE FOR CR	REDIT FEC (LOCAL)
	This policy shall apply to a student who has not been in attendance for 90 percent of the days the class is offered.
Absences Considered	Except as otherwise provided by law, all absences incurred while enrolled in the District shall be considered in determining whether a student has attended the required percentage of days under this policy.
Attendance Committees	The Board shall establish an attendance committee or as many committees as necessary for efficient implementation of Education Code 25.092.
	The Superintendent shall make the specific appointments in ac- cordance with legal requirements.
Parental Notice of Excessive Absences	A student and the student's parent or guardian shall be given writ- ten notice prior to and at such time when a student's attendance in any class drops below 90 percent of the days the class is offered.
Methods for Regaining Credit or Awarding a Final Grade	When a student's attendance drops below 90 percent but remains at least at 75 percent of the days the class is offered, the student may earn credit for the class or a final grade by completing a plan approved by the principal. This plan must provide for the student to meet the instructional requirements of the class as determined by the principal.
	If the student fails to successfully complete the plan, or when a stu- dent's attendance drops below 75 percent of the days the class is offered, the student, parent, or representative may request award of credit or a final grade by submitting a written petition to the ap- propriate attendance committee.
	Petitions for credit or a final grade may be filed at any time the stu- dent receives notice but, in any event, no later than 30 days after the last day of classes.
	The attendance committee shall review the student's entire attend- ance record and the reasons for absences and shall determine whether to award credit or a final grade. The attendance committee may also, whether a petition is filed or not, review the records of all students whose attendance drops below 90 percent of the days the class is offered.
	A student who has lost credit or has not received a final grade be- cause of excessive absences may regain credit or be awarded a fi- nal grade by fulfilling the requirements established by the attend- ance committee.

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ATTENDANCE FOR CREDIT (LOCAL)					
Personal Illness	The principal or attendance committee may require verification from a health-care provider in accordance with administrative regu- lations as a condition of classifying an absence for personal illness as one for which there are extenuating circumstances.				
Best Interest Standard	In reaching consensus regarding a student's absences and how the student can be awarded credit or a final grade, the attendance committee shall attempt to ensure that its decision is in the best in- terest of the student. The Superintendent shall develop administra- tive regulations to document the attendance committee's decision.				
Guidelines on Extenuating Circumstances	mas	attendance committee shall consider whether a student tered the essential knowledge and skills and maintained grades in the course or subject.			
	com cuse	n makeup work is completed satisfactorily, the attendan- mittee shall consider extracurricular absences and other ed absences as days of attendance for award of credit or e. [See FEA]	ex-		
	the a	attendance committee shall consider whether the reasonabsences were out of the parent's or student's control ar ther documentation for the absence is acceptable.			
	infor	student or parent shall be given an opportunity to present mation to the committee about the absences and to disc is to earn or regain credit or be awarded a final grade.	•		
Imposing Conditions for Awarding Credit or a Final Grade	The attendance committee shall consider the student's unique cir- cumstances and, if necessary, shall impose conditions for awardin credit or a final grade that permit the student to meet the instruc- tional requirements of the class rather than assigning a student to attend a specified program for an amount of time equivalent to the student's absences. Conditions may include:				
	1.	Maintaining attendance standards for the rest of the ser	mester.		
	2.	Completing additional assignments, as specified by the mittee or teacher.	com-		
	3.	Attending tutorial sessions as scheduled.			
	4.	Completing other instructional programs, as specified b committee.	y the		
	5.	Taking an examination to earn credit. [See EHDB]			
		l cases, the student must earn a passing grade in order the credit.	to re-		
Appeal Process	•	rent or student may appeal the decision of the attendand mittee in accordance with FNG(LOCAL).	ce		
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ATTENDANCE FE ATTENDANCE ENFORCEMENT (LEGA					
District Complaint or Referral Against Student	If a student fails to attend school without excuse on ten or more days or parts of days within a six-month period in the same school year, a district shall within ten school days of the student's tenth absence refer the student to a truancy court for truant conduct under Family Code 65.003(a). [See FEA]				
Against Parent	The district may file a complaint against the student's parent in county, justice, or municipal court for an offense under Educat Code 25.093 if the district provides evidence of the parent's cr nal negligence.				
	A court shall dismiss a complaint made by a district again ent that does not comply with Education Code 25.0951; allege the elements required for the offense; is not timely less the district delayed the referral as provided below; of wise substantively defective.	does not y filed, un-			
Delaying a Referral	A district may delay a referral of a student for truant conduct, or may choose to not refer a student for truant conduct, if the district				
	<ol> <li>Is applying truancy prevention measures to the stu Education Code 25.0915; and</li> </ol>	dent under			
	2. Determines that the truancy prevention measures a ceeding and it is in the best interest of the student ral be delayed or not be made.				
	Education Code 25.0951				
Referral Prohibited	A district may not refer a student to truancy court if the school de- termines that the student's truancy is the result of pregnancy, being in the state foster program, homelessness, severe or life-threaten- ing illness or related treatment, or being the principal income earner for the student's family. [See Truancy Prevention Measures, below] <i>Education Code 25.0915(a-3)</i>				
Filing Requirements	Each referral to truancy court for conduct described by F Code 65.003(a) must:	amily			
	<ol> <li>Be accompanied by a statement from the student's certifying that the school applied the truancy prever measures to the student, and the measures failed to ingfully address the student's school attendance; a</li> </ol>	ntion to mean-			
	<ol> <li>Specify whether the student is eligible for or receive education services under Education Code Chapter chapter A.</li> </ol>	•			
	A truancy court shall dismiss a petition filed by a truant conduct prosecutor under Family Code 65.054, if the court determines t the district's referral:				
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#### ATTENDANCE ATTENDANCE ENFORCEMENT

	1. Does not comply with the requirement above;					
	2. Does not satisfy the elements required for truant conduct;					
	3. Is not timely filed, unless the school district delayed the refer- ral as provided above [see Delaying a Referral, above]; or					
	4. Is otherwise substantively defective.					
	Education Code 25.0915(b), (c)					
Expunction of Records	An individual who was convicted of a truancy offense under former Education Code 25.094 or has had a complaint for a truancy of- fense dismissed is entitled to have the conviction or complaint and records relating to the conviction or complaint expunged.					
	Regardless of whether the individual has filed a petition for expunc- tion, the court in which the individual was convicted or a complaint for a truancy offense was filed shall order the conviction, com- plaints, verdicts, sentences, and other documents relating to the of- fense, including any documents in the possession of a district or law enforcement agency, to be expunged from the individual's rec- ord. After entry of the order, the individual is released from all disa- bilities resulting from the conviction or complaint, and the convic- tion or complaint may not be shown or made known for any purpose.					
	Code of Crim. Proc. 45.0541					
Attendance Officer	A board may select a school attendance officer. A school attend- ance officer also may be selected by two or more boards to serve their districts jointly. <i>Education Code 25.088</i>					
	In districts where no attendance officer has been selected, the su- perintendent and the peace officers in a district shall perform the duties of attendance officer, but no additional compensation shall be paid for the services. <i>Education Code 25.090</i> [See Peace Offic- ers, below]					
Powers and Duties	An attendance officer employed by a district who is not commis- sioned as a peace officer has the following powers and duties with respect to enforcement of compulsory school attendance require- ments:					
	<ol> <li>To investigate each case of a violation of the compulsory school attendance requirements referred to the attendance of- ficer;</li> </ol>					

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	2.	To enforce compulsory school attendance requirements by applying truancy prevention measures adopted under Educa- tion Code 25.0915 to the student and if the measures fail to meaningfully address the student's conduct:			
		a.	Referring the student to a truancy court if the student has unexcused absences for the amount of time specified under Family Code 65.003(a); and		
		b.	Filing a complaint in a county, justice, or municipal court against a parent who violates Education Code 25.093;		
	3.		onitor school attendance compliance by each student in- gated by the officer;		
	4.	To maintain an investigative record on each compulsory school attendance requirement violation and related court at tion and, at the request of a court, the board, or the Commis sioner, to provide a record to the individual or entity request- ing the record;			
	5.	To make a home visit or otherwise contact the parent of a student who is in violation of compulsory school attendance re- quirements, except that the attendance officer may not enter a residence without permission of the parent or of the owner or tenant of the residence; and			
	6.	At the request of a parent, to escort a student from any loca- tion to a school campus to ensure the student's compliance with compulsory school attendance requirements.			
	Education Code 25.091(b)				
Peace Officers	A peace officer serving as an attendance officer has the following powers and duties concerning enforcement of compulsory school attendance requirements:				
	1.	To investigate each case of a violation of compulsory school attendance requirements referred to the peace officer;			
	2.	To enforce compulsory school attendance requirements applying truancy prevention measures adopted under Ec tion Code 25.0915 to the student and if the measures fai meaningfully address the student's conduct:			
		a.	Referring the student to a truancy court if the student has unexcused absences for the amount of time specified under Family Code 65.003(a); or		
		b.	Filing a complaint in a county, justice, or municipal court against a parent who violates Education Code 25.093;		

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	3.	To se	rve o	court-ordered legal process;		
	4.	To review school attendance records for compliance b student investigated by the officer;				
	5.	schoo tion a sione	in an investigative record on each compulsory endance requirement violation and related court ac- at the request of a court, the board, or the Commis- provide a record to the individual or entity request- cord; and			
	6.	dent v quirer dence requir	who ment e with red to e exc	a home visit or otherwise contact the parent of a stu- is in violation of compulsory school attendance re- is, except that a peace officer may not enter a resi- hout the permission of the parent of a student to attend school or of the tenant or owner of the resi- cept to lawfully serve court-ordered legal process on t.		
	A peace officer who has probable cause to believe that a child is in violation of the compulsory attendance law may take the child into custody for the purpose of returning the child to the school campus of the child to ensure the child's compliance with compulsory attendance requirements.					
	Education Code 25.091(a), (b-1)					
Truancy Prevention Measures	A district shall adopt truancy prevention measures designed to ad- dress student conduct related to truancy in the school setting be- fore the student engages in conduct described by Family Code 65.003 and minimize the need for referrals to truancy court for con- duct described by Family Code 65.003(a). <i>Education Code</i> 25.0915(a)					
	A district shall take one or more of the following actions as a tru- ancy prevention measure:					
		Impos				
		   	A behavior improvement plan on the student that must be signed by an employee of the school, that the district has made a good faith effort to have signed by the stu- dent and the student's parent or guardian, and that in- cludes:			
			(1)	A specific description of the behavior that is re- quired or prohibited for the student;		
			(2)	The period for which the plan will be effective, not to exceed 45 school days after the date the con- tract becomes effective; or		

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		(3	3)	The penalties for additional absences, including ad- ditional disciplinary action or the referral of the stu- dent to a truancy court; or		
		b. S	cho	pol-based community service; or		
	2.	court p or out- truancy	oroo of-s y. A	student to counseling, mediation, mentoring, a teen gram, community-based services, or other in-school school services aimed at addressing the student's referral may include participation by the child's par- ardian if necessary.		
	may	not refe	er t	t shall offer additional counseling to a student and he student to truancy court if the school determines t's truancy is the result of:		
	1.	Pregna	anc	y;		
	2.	Being i	in t	he state foster program;		
	3.	Homelessness;				
	4.	Severe or life-threatening illness or related treatment; or				
	5.	Being	the	principal income earner for the student's family.		
	day atte 25.0	s or part nd scho	ts o ol f the	s to attend school without excuse on three or more of days within a four-week period but does not fail to for the time described by Education Code e district shall initiate truancy prevention measures		
	Edu	cation C	Cod	le 25.0915		
Minimum Standards				standards for the truancy prevention measures im- a district under Education Code 25.0915 include:		
	1.	-		g the root cause of the student's unexcused ab- nd actions to address each cause;		
	2.			ng ongoing communication with students and par- ne actions to be taken to improve attendance;		
	3.			ng reasonable timelines for completion of the tru- rention measure; and		
	4.	dismise ance is that the	sal ssu e c	ng procedures to notify the admission, review, and committee or the Section 504 committee of attend- es relating to a student with a disability and ensure ommittee considers whether the student's attend- es warrant an evaluation, a reevaluation, and/or		

modifications to the student's individualized education program or Section 504 plan, as appropriate.

19 TAC 129.1043

Best Practices		A district shall consider the following best practices for truancy pre- vention measures:			
	ment Chap	elop an attendance policy that clearly outlines require- is related to truancy in accordance with Education Code, oter 25, Subchapter C, and communicate this information rents at the beginning of the year.			
	talk v	te a culture of attendance that includes training staff to vith students and parents about the attendance policy he root causes of unexcused absences.			
	3. Crea ance	te incentives for perfect attendance and improved attend-			
		ate students and their families on the positive impact of ol attendance on performance.			
	caus	ide opportunities for students and parents to address es of absence and/or truancy with district staff and link ies to relevant community programs and support.			
	ral ar scho and e nity a comr	elop collaborative partnerships, including planning, refer- nd cross-training opportunities, between appropriate ol staff, attendance officers, program-related liaisons, external partners, such as court representatives, commu- and faith-based organizations, state or locally funded munity programs for truancy intervention or prevention, aw enforcement to assist students.			
	camp	rmine root causes of unexcused absences and review ous- and district-level data on unexcused absences to ify systemic issues that affect attendance.			
	Scho tive o	existing school programs such as Communities in ools, 21st Century Community Learning Centers, restora- liscipline, and positive behavior interventions and sup- (PBIS) to provide students and their parents with ser-			
	9. At the	e beginning of each school year, conduct a needs as-			

dress the student's barriers to attendance and make the information available to staff, students, and parents. The information must include, but is not limited to:

- a. Services for pregnant and parenting students;
- b. Services for students experiencing homelessness;
- c. Services for students in foster care;
- d. Federal programs including, but not limited to, Title 1, Part A, of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act;
- e. State programs including, but not limited to, state compensatory education programs;
- f. Dropout prevention programs and programs for "at risk" youth;
- g. Programs that occur outside of school time;
- h. Counseling services;
- i. Tutoring programs and services available at no or low cost;
- j. Mental health services;
- k. Alcohol and substance abuse prevention and treatment programs;
- I. Mentoring programs and services;
- m. Juvenile justice services and programs;
- n. Child welfare services and programs;
- o. Other state or locally funded programs for truancy prevention and intervention; and
- p. Other supportive services that are locally available for students and families through faith-based organizations, local governments, and community-based organizations.
- 10. After identifying and listing, or mapping, services available in the district and community, school districts should target any new resources, programs, or services to gaps in services identified during the needs assessment.
- 11. School districts should ensure that personnel, including truancy prevention facilitators or juvenile case managers, attendance officers, McKinney-Vento (homeless) liaisons, foster care liaisons, Title IX coordinators, 504 coordinators, preg-

		nancy and parenting coordinators, dropout prevention coordi- nators, special education staff, and other appropriate student services personnel, meet to contribute to the needs assess- ment, discuss opportunities to work together, and identify strategies to coordinate both internally and externally to ad- dress students' attendance barriers.			
		etermining services offered to students identified in Education le 25.091(a-3), a district shall consider:			
	1.	Offering an optional flexible school day program and evening and online alternatives;			
	2.	Working with businesses that employ students to help stu- dents coordinate job and school responsibilities; and			
	3.	Offering before school, after school, and/or Saturday preven- tion or intervention programs or services that implement best and promising practices.			
	19	TAC 129.1045			
Sanctions	cati faile Coo mea rega view ume with sue with que acc view que sior Edu plia	aggrieved party may file a written complaint with the Texas Edu- on Agency (TEA) regarding an allegation that a district has ed to comply with Education Code 25.0915 or 19 Administrative le Chapter 129, Subchapter BB related to truancy prevention asures. TEA may request that a district provide documentation arding its compliance in response to a complaint. If, after a re- v of this documentation or a district's failure to provide this doc- entation, TEA determines that the district is not in compliance a preliminary report of its findings to the district in accordance a preliminary report of its findings to the district may re- st in writing an informal review of TEA's preliminary report in ordance with 19 Administrative Code 157.1123 (Informal Re- v). Following the informal review, or if no informal review is re- sted by the deadline, a final report will be issued. The commis- ner of education may implement any sanction listed in incation Code 39.102(a) against a district found to be out of com- nce with Education Code 25.0915 or 19 Administrative Code apter 129, Subchapter BB. <i>19 TAC 129.1047</i>			
Truancy Prevention Facilitator or Juvenile Case Manager	cas quir prev leas	strict shall employ a truancy prevention facilitator or juvenile e manager to implement the truancy prevention measures re- ed by Education Code 25.0915 and any other effective truancy vention measures as determined by the district or campus. At at annually, the truancy prevention facilitator shall meet to dis- s effective truancy prevention measures with a case manager			

or other individual designated by a truancy court to provide services to students of the district in truancy cases.

Instead of employing a truancy prevention facilitator, a school district may designate an existing district employee or juvenile case manager to implement the truancy prevention measures and any other effective truancy prevention measures as determined by the district or campus.

### Education Code 25.0915(d), (e)

On approval of the board, a district may employ or agree in accordance with Government Code Chapter 791, with any appropriate governmental entity to jointly employ or to jointly contribute to the costs of another entity employing:

- A case manager to provide services in cases involving juvenile offenders who are before a court consistent with the court's statutory powers or referred to a court by a school administrator or designee for misconduct that would otherwise be within the court's statutory powers prior to a case being filed, with the consent of the juvenile and the juvenile's parents or guardians; or
- 2. One or more juvenile case managers who shall assist the court in administering the court's juvenile docket and in supervising the court's orders in juvenile cases, and may provide prevention services to a child considered at risk of entering the juvenile justice system, and intervention services to juveniles engaged in misconduct before cases are filed, excluding traffic offenses.

A district that jointly employs a case manager in accordance with Government Code Chapter 791 employs a juvenile case manager for purposes of Code of Criminal Procedure Chapter 102 and Government Code Chapter 102.

Code of Criminal Procedure 45.056(a), (c)

- Funding A district may apply to the criminal justice division of the governor's office for reimbursements of the costs of employing a juvenile case manager. The district may pay the salary and benefits of a juvenile case manager and the costs of training, travel, office supplies, and other necessary expenses relating to the position of the juvenile case manager from the local truancy prevention and diversion fund established under Local Government Code 134.156. *Code of Criminal Procedure 45.056(b)*
- Priority A juvenile case manager employed jointly under Government Code Chapter 791 shall give priority to cases brought under Education

Codes 25.093 (parent contributing to nonattendance). *Code of Criminal Procedure 45.056(e)* 

Rules The board of a district that employs a juvenile case manager shall adopt and implement reasonable rules for juvenile case managers that provide a code of ethics, and for the enforcement of the code of ethics; appropriate educational preservice and in-service training standards for juvenile case managers; and training in:

- 1. The role of the juvenile case manager;
- 2. Case planning and management;
- 3. Applicable procedural and substantive law;
- 4. Courtroom proceedings and presentation;
- 5. Services to at-risk youth under Family Code Chapter 264, Subchapter D;
- Local programs and services for juveniles and methods by which juveniles may access those programs and services; and
- 7. Detecting and preventing abuse, exploitation, and neglect of juveniles.
- 8. The juvenile case manager shall timely report to the judge who signed the order or judgment and, on request, to the judge assigned to the case or the presiding judge any information or recommendations relevant to assisting the judge in making decisions that are in the best interest of the child.

Code of Criminal Procedure 45.056(f)-(i)

Consent to Medical Treatment	med	school in which a minor student is enrolled may consent to dical, dental, psychological, and surgical treatment of that stu- t, provided all of the following conditions are met:
	1.	The person having the power to consent as otherwise pro- vided by law cannot be contacted.
	2.	Actual notice to the contrary has not been given by that per- son.
	3.	Written authorization to consent has been received from that person.
	Fan	nily Code 32.001(a)(4)
Form of Consent	sigr tor,	isent to medical treatment under this policy shall be in writing, ned by the school official giving consent, and given to the doc- hospital, or other medical facility that administers the treatment. consent must contain:
	1.	The name of the student.
	2.	The name of one or both parents, if known, and the name of the managing conservator or guardian of the student, if either has been appointed.
	3.	The name of the person giving consent and the person's rela- tion to the student.
	4.	A statement of the nature of the medical treatment to be given.
	5.	The date on which the treatment is to begin.
	Fan	nily Code 32.002
Minor's Consent to Treatment		inor may consent to medical, dental, psychological, and gical treatment furnished by a licensed physician or dentist if the or:
	1.	Is 16 years of age and residing separate and apart from the minor's parents, managing conservator, or guardian, with or without the consent of the parents, conservator, or guardian and regardless of the duration of the residence, and is man- aging his or her own financial affairs, regardless of the source of the income;
	2.	Consents to the diagnosis and treatment of any infectious, contagious, or communicable disease required to be reported to the Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS), in- cluding all reportable diseases under Health and Safety Code 81.041;

	3.		rried and pregnant, and consents to hospital, medical, cal treatment, other than abortion, related to her preg- or	
	4.	addictio	ts to examination and treatment for drug or chemical n, drug or chemical dependency, or any other condi- ctly related to drug or chemical use.	
			32.003; <u>Planned Parenthood of Cent. Mo. v. Danforth,</u> (1976); <u>Bellotti v. Baird</u> , 443 U.S. 622 (1979)	
Administering Medication	med	cation to	on of policies concerning the administration of students by district employees, the district, its board, byees are immune as described below, provided:	
	1.	medicat	rict has received a written request to administer the ion from the parent, legal guardian, or other person egal control of the student.	
	2.		dministering prescription medication, the medication is tered either:	
			om a container that appears to be the original con- ner and to be properly labeled; or	
		reg as pe	om a properly labeled unit dosage container filled by a gistered nurse or another qualified district employee, determined by district policy, from a container that ap- ars to be the original container and to be properly la- led.	
By Volunteer Professionals	regi boa den	tered nu d may al nonpres	ovides liability insurance for a licensed physician or rse who provides volunteer services to the district, a low the physician or nurse to administer to any stu- cription medication or medication currently prescribed at by the student's personal physician.	
Immunity from Civil Liability	bility	for dam	oard, and its employees shall be immune from civil lia- ages or injuries resulting from the administration of a student in accordance with this policy.	
	Edu	ation Co	ode 22.052(a), (b)	
	[See	DG rega	arding protection of nurses for refusal to perform acts.]	
Self-Administration of Asthma or Anaphylaxis	A student with asthma or anaphylaxis may possess and self-ad- minister prescription asthma or anaphylaxis medicine while on school property or at a school-related event or activity if:			
Medicine	1.		dicine has been prescribed for that student as indi- / the prescription label on the medicine;	

	2.	othe avai scrip	ent has demonstrated to the student's physician or nsed health-care provider and the school nurse, if , the skill level necessary to self-administer the pre- medication, including the use of any device required ster the medication;				
	3.	The self-administration is done in compliance with the pre- scription or written instructions from the student's physician other licensed health-care provider; and					
	4.	A parent of the student provides to the school:					
		a.	Written authorization, signed by the parent, for the stu- dent to self-administer the prescription medicine while or school property or at a school-related event or activity; and				
		b.		A written statement, signed by the student's physician or other licensed health-care provider, that states:			
			(1)	That the student has asthma or anaphylaxis and is capable of self-administering the medicine;			
			(2)	The name and purpose of the medicine;			
			(3)	The prescribed dosage for the medicine;			
			(4)	The times at which or circumstances under which the medicine may be administered; and			
			(5)	The period for which the medicine is prescribed.			
	The physician's statement must be kept on file in the school nurse's office, or, if there is no school nurse, in the office of the principal of the school the student attends.						
	[See FFAF for care of students with diagnosed food allergies at ris for anaphylaxis.]						
No Waiver of Immunity	The provisions above neither waive any liability or immunity nor create any liability for or a cause of action against a district, a board, or its employees.						
	Education Code 38.015						
Sunscreen Products	on s ove jury Drug	schoo rexpo or illn g Adn	l prop sure less i hinist	possess and use a topical sunscreen product while berty or at a school-related event or activity to avoid to the sun and not for the medical treatment of an in- f the product is approved by the federal Food and ration for over-the-counter use. This provision does immunity from liability of a district, its board, or its			

	employees; or create any liability for or a cause of action against a district, its board, or its employees. <i>Education Code 38.021</i>		
Dietary Supplements	A district employee commits a Class C misdemeanor offense if the employee:		
	<ol> <li>Knowingly sells, markets, or distributes a dietary supplement that contains performance enhancing compounds to a primary or secondary education student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's school district duties; or</li> </ol>		
	2. Knowingly endorses or suggests the ingestion, intranasal application, or inhalation of a dietary supplement that contains performance enhancing compounds by a primary or secondary education student with whom the employee has contact as part of the employee's school district duties.		
	Education Code 38.011(a), (c)		
Prescription Medication and Special Education Students	An employee of a district is prohibited from requiring a child to ob- tain a prescription for a substance covered under the federal Con- trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) as a condition of at- tending school, receiving an evaluation for special education, or receiving special education and related services.		
	An employee is not prohibited from consulting or sharing class- room-based observations with parents regarding a student's aca- demic and functional performance, behavior in the classroom or school, or the need for evaluation for special education or related services.		
	20 U.S.C. 1412(a)(25)		
	[See FFEB for information regarding psychotropic drugs and psy- chiatric evaluations]		
Opioid Antagonist Medication	A person or organization acting under a standing order issued by a prescriber may store an opioid antagonist and may distribute an opioid antagonist, provided the person or organization does not request or receive compensation for storage or distribution. <i>Health and Safety Code 483.104</i>		
	A prescriber may, directly or by standing order, prescribe an opioid antagonist to a person in a position to assist a person experiencing an opioid-related drug overdose. <i>Health and Safety Code 483.102; 22 TAC 170.6</i>		
Immunity	A person who, acting in good faith and with reasonable care, ad- ministers or does not administer an opioid antagonist to another person whom the person believes is suffering an opioid-related		

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WELLNESS AND HEAI MEDICAL TREATMEN	-		FFAC GAL)
	der any p omission	rdose is not subject to criminal prosecution, sanction professional licensing statute, or civil liability, for an ac resulting from the administration of or failure to admi d antagonist. <i>Health and Safety Code 483.106</i>	ct or
Low-THC Cannabis	resolution tion, disp	may not enact, adopt, or enforce a rule, ordinance, o n, or other regulation that prohibits the cultivation, pro pensing, or possession of low-THC cannabis, as author he Texas Compassionate-Use Act. <i>Health and Safety</i> 7.201	oduc- or-
Dextromethorphan (Certain Cold Medication)	lation, or	may not adopt or enforce an ordinance, order, rule, repolicy that governs the sale, distribution, or possessive thorphan. <i>Health and Safety Code 488.005</i>	
	Note:	The following provisions apply only to a district that adopt an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector polic an unassigned asthma medication policy.	
Maintenance and Administration of Epinephrine Auto-	nance, a	may adopt and implement a policy regarding the mai dministration, and disposal of epinephrine auto-injecton npus in the district.	
Injectors	If a policy	y is adopted, the policy:	
	who rine	st provide that school personnel and school volunteer o are authorized and trained may administer an epine e auto-injector to a person who is reasonably believed experiencing anaphylaxis on a school campus; and	ph-
	are auto peri	y provide that school personnel and school volunteers authorized and trained may administer an epinephrin o-injector to a person who is reasonably believed to b iencing anaphylaxis at an off-campus school event or le in transit to or from a school event.	e e ex-
	one or m thorized	that adopts a policy must require that each campus h fore school personnel members or school volunteers a and trained to administer an epinephrine auto-injector ng all hours the campus is open.	au-
	stored in sonnel a	bly of epinephrine auto-injectors at each campus must a secure location and be easily accessible to school nd school volunteers authorized and trained to admin phrine auto-injector.	per-
	Educatio	un Condo 20.000	

Education Code 38.208

Definitions All Hours the Campus Is Open	"All hours the campus is open" is defined as, at a minimum, during regular on-campus school hours, and when school personnel are physically on site for school-sponsored activities.		
Campus	A "campus" is defined as a unit of a school district that has an as- signed administrator, has enrolled students who are counted for average daily attendance, has assigned instructional staff, provides instructional services to students, has one or more grades in the range from early childhood education through grade 12 or is un- graded, and complies with relevant Texas laws.		
Unassigned Epinephrine Auto-Injector	An "unassigned epinephrine auto-injector" is an epinephrine auto- injector prescribed by an authorized health-care provider in the name of the school issued with a non-patient-specific standing del- egation order for the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector, issued by a physician or person who has been delegated prescrip- tive authority under Occupations Code Chapter 157.		
	25 TAC 37.603		
Prompt Notification	Local emergency medical services must be promptly notified by the school when an individual is suspected of experiencing anaphy- laxis and when an epinephrine auto-injector is administered. If the trained school personnel or school volunteer is the only individual available to notify emergency medical services, the trained individ- ual should administer the unassigned epinephrine auto-injector be fore notifying emergency medical services.		
	The parent, legal guardian, or emergency contact must be promptly notified by the school when an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector is utilized on their child as soon as is feasible during the emergency response to suspected anaphylaxis.		
	25 TAC 37.605(e)–(f)		
Records	School records of the administration of the unassigned epinephrine auto-injector and suspected anaphylaxis must be provided to the parent or guardian of the recipient upon request. <i>25 TAC 37.605(f)</i>		
Reports	Not later than the tenth business day after the date a school per- sonnel member or school volunteer administers an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with district policy, the school shall send a report to the school district; the physician who prescribed the epinephrine auto-injector; and the commissioner of state health services.		
	The report must include the following information:		
	<ol> <li>The age of the person who received the administration of the epinephrine auto-injector;</li> </ol>		

	2.	Whether the person who received the administration of the epinephrine auto-injector was a student, a school personnel member or school volunteer, or a visitor;		
	3.	The physical location where the epinephrine auto-injector was administered;		
	4.	The number of doses of epinephrine auto-injector adminis- tered;		
	5.	The title of the person who administered the epinephrine auto-injector; and		
	6.	Any other information required by the commissioner of educa- tion.		
	Edı	ication Code 38.209		
	the	ifications to the commissioner of DSHS shall be submitted on designated electronic form available on the DSHS School alth Program website. <i>25 TAC 37.608</i>		
Personnel or Volunteers	At each campus in which a school adopts an unassigned epineph- rine auto-injector policy, the principal may assign school personnel or school volunteers to be trained to administer unassigned epi- nephrine auto-injectors or seek school personnel or school volun- teers who volunteer to be trained to administer unassigned epi- nephrine auto-injectors.			
	istra dist leas the nep phy or s	arder to increase the number of trained individuals in the admin- ation of unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors, schools may ribute to school personnel or school volunteers in the district, at st once per school year, a notice that includes a description of request seeking volunteers to be trained to administer an epi- hrine auto-injector to a person believed to be experiencing ana- laxis and a description of the training that the school personnel school volunteers will receive in the administration of epineph- e with an auto-injector.		
	25	TAC 37.606(a)–(b)		
Signed Statement	una mer terir	ined school personnel or school volunteers who administer the assigned epinephrine auto-injector must submit a signed state- nt indicating that they agree to perform the service of adminis- ng an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector to a student or indi- ual that may be experiencing anaphylaxis. <i>25 TAC 37.606(c)</i>		
Training	ten volu	istrict that adopts an unassigned epinephrine auto-injector writ- policy is responsible for training school personnel and school unteers in the administration of an unassigned epinephrine p-injector.		

	Trair	ning must include information on:				
	1.	Recognizing the signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis;				
	2.	Administering an epinephrine auto-injector;				
	3.	Implementing emergency procedures, if necessary, after ad- ministering an epinephrine auto-injector; and				
	4.	Properly disposing of used or expired epinephrine auto-injec- tors.				
	Training must be provided in a formal training session or through online education and must be provided in accordance with the dis- trict professional development policy [see DMA].					
	Educ	cation Code 38.210(a)–(b)				
	signe	ning must include information on properly inspecting unas- ed epinephrine auto-injectors for usage and expiration. <i>25 TAC</i> <i>07(1)–(2)</i>				
	rine a ha musi	initial training must include hands-on training with an epineph- auto-injector trainer. The annual refresher training must include nds-on demonstration of administration skills. The training t also include information about promptly notifying local emer- cy medical services.				
	avail volui	n school campus shall maintain training records and make able upon request a list of those school personnel or school nteers trained and authorized to administer the unassigned ep- hrine auto-injector on the campus.				
	25 T.	AC 37.607(3)–(6)				
Standing Orders	ity ui rine	ysician or person who has been delegated prescriptive author- nder Occupations Code Chapter 157 may prescribe epineph- auto-injectors in the name of a district in accordance with law. <i>cation Code 38.211</i>				
	prov unas	strict shall obtain a prescription from an authorized health-care ider each year, to stock, possess, and maintain at least one ssigned adult epinephrine auto-injector pack (two doses) on a school campus.				
	A school may choose to stock unassigned pediatric epinephrine auto-injector packs, based on the need of the school's population.					
	25 TAC 37.605(a)					
Epinephrine Coordinator		superintendent will designate appropriate school personnel to dinate and manage policy implementation, including training of				

	school personnel, and the acquisition or purchase, usage, expira- tion, and disposal of unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors. Throughout the school calendar year, the designated school per- sonnel shall coordinate with each campus to ensure that the unas- signed epinephrine auto-injectors are checked monthly for expira- tion and usage and the findings are documented. <i>19 TAC</i> <i>37.605(b)</i>
Notice to Parents	If a district implements a policy for the maintenance, administra- tion, and disposal of epinephrine auto-injectors, the district shall provide written notice to a parent or guardian of each student en- rolled in the district or school. Notice must be provided before the policy is implemented by the district or school and before the start of each school year. <i>Education Code 38.212</i>
	A district shall provide electronic or written notice to the parent or guardian of each student.
	If a district changes or discontinues the policy under this subchap- ter, written or electronic notice detailing the change or discontinua- tion must be provided to the parent or guardian of each student within 15 calendar days.
	25 TAC 37.609
Storage	Unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors shall be stored in a secure, easily accessible area for an emergency, in accordance with manufacturer's guidelines. It is recommended that the school administrator develop a map to be placed in high traffic areas that indicates the location of the unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors on each school campus. It is recommended that the map also indicates the locations of the automated external defibrillator (AED). <i>25 TAC 37.605(h)</i>
Replacement	The district shall develop a plan to replace, as soon as reasonably possible, any unassigned epinephrine auto-injector that is used or close to expiration. <i>25 TAC 37.605(i)</i>
Disposal	Used unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors shall be considered infectious waste and shall be disposed of according to the school's bloodborne pathogen control policy.
	Expired unassigned epinephrine auto-injectors shall be disposed of according to the school's medication disposal policy.
	25 TAC 37.605(j)–(k) [See DBB]
Gifts, Grants, and Donations	A district may accept gifts, grants, donations, and federal and local funds to implement its policy. <i>Education Code</i> 38.213

Denton ISD 061901						
WELLNESS AND HEALT MEDICAL TREATMENT	TH SE	ERVICES	FFAC (LEGAL)			
Maintenance and Administration of Asthma Medicine	A district may voluntarily adopt and implement a written policy re- garding the maintenance, administration, and disposal of asthma medication at each campus. If a written policy is adopted, the un- assigned asthma medication policy must comply with Education Code 38.208. <i>25 TAC 40.44(a)</i>					
	scrip writh that that to th asth	policy must provide that the school nurse may admini- ption asthma medicine to a student only if the school men the notification from a parent or guardian of the student the student has been diagnosed as having asthma ar the school nurse may administer prescription asthma he student. A school nurse may administer the prescription ma medicine only at a school campus. <i>Education Cod</i> 208(b-1)	nurse has at stating ad stating medicine otion			
Definitions Authorized Health-care Provider	"Authorized health-care provider" means a physician, as defined in Education Code 38.201, or person who has been delegated pre- scriptive authority by a physician under Occupations Code Chapter 157.					
Campus	"Campus" means a geographic unit of a school district that:					
	1.	Has an assigned administrator;				
	2.	Has enrolled students who are counted for average of tendance;	daily at-			
	3.	Has assigned instructional staff;				
	4.	Provides instructional services to students;				
	5.	Has one or more grades in the range from early child ucation through grade 12 or is ungraded; and	lhood ed-			
	6.	Is subject to Texas laws.				
School Nurse	"School nurse" means a registered nurse, as defined in 19 Admin- istrative Code 153.1022, authorized to administer asthma medica- tion, or licensed vocational nurse working under supervision as de- scribed in Occupations Code 301.353. [See DP]					
Unassigned Asthma Medication	"Unassigned asthma medication" means a fast acting broncho tor delivered by metered dose inhaler with single use spacer o nebulizer as a rescue medication, prescribed by an authorized health-care provider in the name of the district with a non-patie specific standing delegation order for the administration of an asthma medication, and issued by an authorized health-care p vider. 25 TAC 40.42					

Denton ISD 061901						
WELLNESS AND HEALTH SERVICESFFAMEDICAL TREATMENT(LEGA)						
Minimum Dosage Requirement	polic	ubject to the availability of funding, a district that adopts such a olicy must secure or obtain the suggested minimum dosage of unsigned asthma medication. <i>25 TAC 40.44 (a)(2)</i>				
	tion catio avail	olicy, a campus the policy must stoc	rily adopts an unassigned asthma r hat implements an unassigned asth k unassigned asthma medication, s efined by 25 Administrative Code 4	nma medi- subject to		
Optional Review	In development of an unassigned asthma medication policy, a dis- trict may consider performing a review to include consultation with school nurses, the local school health advisory committee, local health-care providers, or any department or organization involved with student well-being; campus geography; and student popula- tion size.					
Policy Requirements		strict voluntarily a the policy must	dopts an unassigned asthma medi include:	cation		
	1.	uardian of the st s having asthma	in written authorization from a pare udent that the student has been dia and stating that the school nurse r ed asthma medication to the stude	agnosed may ad-		
	2.		npus administrator to coordinate an nentation that includes:	d man-		
			conduct a review at the campus to a additional doses;	determine		
		. Training of s	chool nurses;			
			purchasing, maintaining, storing, a asthma medication, subject to avai ding; and	•		
		. Disposing of	expired unassigned asthma medio	cation;		
	3.	list of school nu ssigned asthma	rses who will be assigned to admir medication;	ister un-		
	4.	ocations of unas	signed asthma medication;			
	5.	ealth-care provid	otifying a parent, prescribing author der, and the student's primary healt assigned asthma medication is adr	h-care		
	6.	• •	as soon as reasonably possible, a edication that is used or close to ex	•		

	An adopted unassigned asthma medication policy must be publicly available.						
	25 TAC 40.44(b)–(d)						
No Negative Fiscal Impact	The policy may not require a district to purchase prescription asthma medicine or require any other expenditure related to the maintenance or administration of asthma medicine that would result in a negative fiscal impact on the district or school. <i>Education Code 38.208(f)</i>						
Asthma Medicine Standing Order	A physician or person who has been delegated prescriptive author- ity under Occupations Code Chapter 157, may prescribe asthma medicine in the name of a school district. <i>Education Code</i> <i>38.211(a)</i>						
	An authorized health-care provider who prescribes unassigned asthma medication under 25 Administrative Code 40.45(b), below, must provide the campus with a standing order for the administra- tion of unassigned asthma medication to a person who:						
	<ol> <li>Is reasonably believed to be experiencing a symptom of asthma; and</li> </ol>						
	<ol> <li>Has provided written notification and permission as required by the unassigned asthma medication policy.</li> </ol>						
	25 TAC 40.45(c)						
Prescription of Unassigned Asthma Medicine	A campus must obtain a prescription from an authorized health- care provider each year to stock, possess, and maintain at least two doses of unassigned asthma medication on each campus as described in Education Code 38.208 and any equipment necessary to administer the medication.						
	The campus must renew this prescription or obtain a new prescrip- tion annually.						
	The number of additional doses may be determined by an individ- ual campus review led by an authorized health-care provider.						
	25 TAC 40.45(b)						
School Nurse Training	A district that chooses to adopt a written unassigned asthma medi- cation policy is responsible for training school nurses about:						
	1. The adopted unassigned asthma medication policy;						
	2. The authorized health-care provider's standing order;						
	3. Follow-up with the prescribing authorized health-care provider and the student's primary health-care provider; and						
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	4. The report required after administering an unassigned asthma medication under 25 Administrative Code 40.47 (see Reports and Records, below).
	Each campus must maintain training records and must make avail- able upon request a list of school nurses trained and authorized to administer the unassigned asthma medication on the campus.
	25 TAC 40.46
Notice to Parents	If a district implements an unassigned asthma medication policy, the campus shall provide written or electronic notice to a parent or guardian of each student in accordance with Education Code 38.212.
	If a district changes or discontinues the unassigned asthma medi- cation policy, written or electronic notice detailing the change or discontinuation must be provided to a parent or guardian of each student within 15 calendar days after the change or discontinua- tion.
	25 TAC 40.48
	The district shall provide written notice to a parent or guardian of each student enrolled in the district or school. Notice required under Education Code 38.212 must be provided before a policy is implemented by the district and before the start of each school year. <i>Education Code 38.212</i>
Records and Reporting	Records relating to implementing and administering the school dis- trict unassigned asthma medication policy must be retained per the campus record retention schedule.
	The campus must submit a report no later than the tenth business day after the date a school nurse administers asthma medication in accordance with the unassigned asthma medication policy. The re- port must be included in the student's permanent record and sub- mitted to the school administrator, prescribing authorized health- care provider, the student's primary health-care provider, and to the Department of State Health Services (DSHS) commissioner.
	Notifications to the DSHS commissioner must be submitted on the designated <u>electronic form</u> <sup>1</sup> available on DSHS's School Health Program website found at dshs.texas.gov.
	25 TAC 40.47
Asthma Medicine Storage and Disposal	The supply of asthma medicine at each campus must be stored in a secure location and be easily accessible to the school nurse. <i>Education Code 38.208(e)</i>

	The unassigned asthma medication must be stored in accordance with the manufacturer's guidelines and local policy of the school district.						
	Expired unassigned asthma medication and other used or ex supplies must be disposed of in accordance with the manufac er's guidelines and local policy of the district.						
	25	TAC 40.45(d)–(e)					
Immunity from Liability	A person who in good faith takes, or fails to take, any action re to Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E, related to the maintenance and administration of epinephrine auto-injectors asthma medicine, is immune from civil or criminal liability or di plinary action resulting from that action or failure to act, include						
	1.	Issuing an order for epinephrine auto-injectors or asthma medicine;					
	2.	Supervising or delegating the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector or asthma medicine;					
	3.	Possessing, maintaining, storing, or disposing of an epineph- rine auto-injector or asthma medicine;					
	4.	Prescribing an epinephrine auto-injector or asthma medicine;					
	5.	Dispensing an epinephrine auto-injector or asthma medicine, provided that permission has been granted as provided by Education Code 38.208(b-1) [see Maintenance and Admin- istration of Asthma Medicine, above];					
	6.	Administering, or assisting in administering, an epinephrine auto-injector, provided that permission has been granted as provided by Education Code 38.208(b-1) [see Maintenance and Administration of Epinephrine Auto-Injectors, above];					
	7.	Providing, or assisting in providing, training, consultation, or advice in the development, adoption, or implementation of policies, guidelines, rules, or plans; or					
	8.	Undertaking any other act permitted or required under Educa- tion Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E.					
	A district and school personnel and school volunteers are immun from suit resulting from an act, or failure to act, under Education Code Chapter 38, Subchapter E, including an act or failure to act under related policies and procedures.						
	incl	An act or failure to act by school personnel or a school volunteer, including an act or failure to act under related policies and proce- dures, is the exercise of judgment or discretion on the part of the					
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school personnel or school volunteer and is not considered to be a ministerial act for purposes of liability of the school district.

Education Code 38.215; 25 TAC 40.49

Immunity during a A physician, health-care provider, or first responder is not liable for an injury or death arising from care, treatment, or failure to provide care or treatment relating to or impacted by a pandemic disease except as provided by Civil Practice and Remedies Code 74.155. *Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 74.155(c),(f)* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Required Reporting of Administered Unassigned Asthma Medication to DSHS: <u>https://www.dshs.texas.gov/schoolhealth/forms/ReportingForm-Asthma.aspx</u>

Denton ISD 061901						
STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION		FFB (LEGAL)				
Threat Assessment Definitions	"Harmful, threatening, or violent behavior" includes behaviors, such as verbal threats, threats of self harm, bullying, cyberbullying, fighting, the use or possession of a weapon, sexual assault, sexual harassment, dating violence, stalking, or assault, by a student that could result in:					
	1.	Specific interventions, including mental health or behavioral supports;				
	2.	In-school suspension;				
	3.	Out-of-school suspension; or				
	4.	The student's expulsion or removal to a disciplinary alterna- tive education program (DAEP) or a juvenile justice alterna- tive education program (JJAEP).				
	"Team" means a threat assessment and safe and supportive school team established by the board under Education Code 37.115.					
	Edu	cation Code 37.115(a)				
Threat Assessment Team	port	board shall establish a threat assessment and safe and sup- ive school team to serve at each campus of the district and I adopt policies and procedures for the teams.				
	The team is responsible for developing and implementing the safe and supportive school program in compliance with Texas Education Agency (TEA) rules at the district campus served by the team.					
		policies and procedures adopted under Education Code 15 must:				
	1.	Be consistent with the model policies and procedures devel- oped by the Texas School Safety Center (TxSSC) [see Edu- cation Code 37.220];				
	2.	Require each team to complete training provided by the TxSSC or a regional education service center (ESC) regard- ing evidence-based threat assessment programs; and				
	3.	Require each team established under this section to report the required information regarding the team's activities to TEA [see Reporting to TEA, below].				
Membership	that selir	superintendent shall ensure, to the greatest extent practicable, the members appointed to each team have expertise in coun- ng, behavior management, mental health and substance use, sroom instruction, special education, school administration,				

Denton ISD 061901				
STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION				FFB (LEGAL)
	force	emen	fety and security, emergency management, and t t. A team may serve more than one campus of a that each district campus is assigned a team.	
Oversight Committee	istin oper over man man use,	g con ation sight reso agen	rintendent may establish a committee, or assign mittee established by the district, the duty to ove s of teams established for the district. A committee responsibility must include members with expert urces, education, special education, counseling, nent, school administration, mental health and su ol safety and security, emergency management, ent.	ersee the ee with ise in hu- behavior bstance
Team Duties	Eac	h tear	n shall:	
	1.	porti harn distr data	duct a threat assessment that includes assessing ng individuals who make threats of violence or ex nful, threatening, or violent behavior in accordanc ict policies and procedures; and gathering and ar to determine the level of risk and appropriate int including:	xhibit ce with nalyzing
		a.	Referring a student for mental health assessme	nt; and
		b.	Implementing an escalation procedure, if appropriate based on the team's assessment, in accordance district policy;	
	2.	ogni	ride guidance to students and school employees zing harmful, threatening, or violent behavior that a threat to the community, school, or individual;	t may
	3.		port the district in implementing the district's mult rgency operations plan [see CKC].	ihazard
Consent for Mental Health-Care Service	A team may not provide a mental health-care service to a student who is under 18 years of age unless the team obtains written con- sent from the parent of or the person standing in parental relation to the student before providing the mental health-care service. The consent must be submitted on a form developed by the district that complies with all applicable state and federal law. The student's parent or person standing in parental relation to the student may give consent for a student to receive ongoing services or may limit consent to one or more services provided on a single occasion.			
	Edu	catior	n Code 37.115(c)–(g)	
Determination of Risk	risk	of vio	nination that a student or other individual poses a lence to self or others, a team shall immediately s determination to the superintendent. If the indiv	report

Denton ISD 061901

STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION

student, the superintendent shall immediately attempt to inform the parent or person standing in parental relation to the student. These requirements do not prevent an employee of the school from acting immediately to prevent an imminent threat or respond to an emergency.

A team identifying a student at risk of suicide shall act in accordance with the district's suicide prevention program. If the student at risk of suicide also makes a threat of violence to others, the team shall conduct a threat assessment in addition to actions taken in accordance with the district's suicide prevention program.

A team identifying a student using or possessing tobacco, drugs, or alcohol shall act in accordance with district policies and procedures related to substance use prevention and intervention.

Education Code 37.115(h)–(j)

- Reporting to TEA A team must report to TEA in accordance with TEA-developed guidelines the following information regarding the team's activities and other information for each campus the team serves:
  - 1. The occupation of each person appointed to the team;
  - 2. The number of threats and description of the type of threats reported to the team;
  - 3. The outcome of each assessment made by the team, including:
    - a. Any disciplinary action taken, including a change in school placement;
    - b. Any action taken by law enforcement; or
    - c. A referral to or change in counseling, mental health, special education, or other services;
  - 4. The total number, disaggregated by student gender, race, and status as receiving special education services, being at risk of dropping out of school, being in foster care, experiencing homelessness, being a dependent of military personnel, being pregnant or a parent, having limited English proficiency, or being a migratory child, of, in connection with an assessment or reported threat by the team:
    - a. Citations issued for Class C misdemeanor offenses;
    - b. Arrests;
    - c. Incidents of uses of restraint;

Denton ISD 061901

### STUDENT WELFARE CRISIS INTERVENTION

- d. Changes in school placement, including placement in a JJAEP or DAEP;
- e. Referrals to or changes in counseling, mental health, special education, or other services;
- f. Placements in in-school suspension or out-of-school suspension and incidents of expulsion;
- g. Unexcused absences of 15 or more days during the school year; and
- h. Referrals to juvenile court for truancy; and
- 5. The number and percentage of school personnel trained in:
  - A best-practices program or research-based practice under Education Code 38.351 [see FFEB], including the number and percentage of school personnel trained in suicide prevention or grief and trauma-informed practices;
  - b. Mental health or psychological first aid for schools;
  - c. Training relating to the safe and supportive school program; or
  - d. Any other program relating to safety identified by the commissioner.

Education Code 37.115(k)

Denton ISD 061901					
CRISIS INTERVENTION TRAUMA-INFORMED CA				FFBA (LEGAL)	
Trauma-Informed Care Policy	A district shall adopt and implement a policy requiring the integra- tion of trauma-informed practices in each school environment. A district must include the policy in the district improvement plan re- quired under Education Code 11.252 [see BQ].				
	The	policy	y must address:		
	1.		g resources developed by the Texas Education A A), methods for:	gency	
		a.	Increasing staff and parent awareness of trauma formed care; and	-in-	
		b.	Implementation of trauma-informed practices and by district and campus staff; and	d care	
	2.	Avai or gr	lable counseling options for students affected by trief.	trauma	
	Edu	catior	n Code 38.036(a)–(b)		
Training	The methods for increasing awareness and implementation of trauma-informed care must include training as provided below. The training must be provided:				
	1.	best	ugh a program selected from the list of recomme practice-based programs and research-based problem blished under Education Code 38.351;		
	2.		ccordance with the district professional developme see DMA]; and	ent pol-	
	3.		art of any new employee orientation for all new di cators.	strict	
	learr and stud	ning a traum ents a	ng must address how grief and trauma affect stuc and behavior and how evidence-based, grief-inform na-informed strategies support the academic succ affected by grief and trauma. The training may inc sted topics together.	med, cess of	
		that	aining under this provision, a district shall maintai include district staff members who participated in		
	sour distr	ces to ict ma	t determines that the district does not have suffici o provide the training required under this provision ay partner with a community mental health organiz aining that meets the requirements at no cost to t	n, the zation to	
	Edu	catior	n Code 38.036(c)–(d), (f)		

# COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH MENTAL HEALTH

	Note:		For information about mental health curriculum and SHAC responsibilities, see EHAA. For information about threat assessments, see FFB. For personnel information about mental health professionals, see DP.	
Mental Health Condition			ealth condition" means a persistent or recurrent pattern of feelings, or behaviors that:	
	1.	or in	stitutes a mental illness, disease, or disorder, other than addition to epilepsy, substance abuse, or an intellectual bility; or	
	2.		airs a person's social, emotional, or educational function- and increases the risk of developing such a condition.	
	Educ	catio	n Code 5.001(5-a)	
Student Programs	and l center meno tices ment educ	The Texas Education Agency (TEA), in coordination with the Heal and Human Services Commission and regional education services enters (ESCs), shall provide and annually update a list of recom- nended best practice-based programs and research-based prac- ices in the areas specified below for implementation in public ele nentary, junior high, middle, and high schools within the general education setting. Each district may select from the list a program or programs appropriate for implementation in the district.		
Subject Areas	The l eas:	The list must include programs and practices in the following areas:		
	1.	Earl	y mental health prevention and intervention;	
	2.		ding skills related to managing emotions, establishing and ntaining positive relationships, and responsible decision- ing;	
	3.	Sub	stance abuse prevention and intervention;	
	4.	Suic	cide prevention, intervention, and postvention;	
	5.	Grie	f-informed and trauma-informed practices;	
	6.	Pos	itive school climates;	
	7.	Pos	itive behavior interventions and supports;	
	8.	Pos	itive youth development; and	
	9.	Safe	e, supportive, and positive school climate.	

# COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH MENTAL HEALTH

clud tices enro	chool climate" means the quality and character of school life, in- uding interpersonal relationships, teaching and learning prac- es, and organizational structures, as experienced by students irolled in the district, parents of those students, and personnel inployed by the district.						
[For information on employee training, see DMA.]							
A district shall develop practices and procedures concerning each area listed above, including mental health promotion and interven- tion, substance abuse prevention and intervention, and suicide pre- vention, that:							
1.	Include a procedure for providing educational material to all parents and families in the district that contains information on identifying risk factors, accessing resources for treatment or support provided on and off campus, and accessing available student accommodations provided on campus;						
2.	Include a procedure for providing notice of a recommendation for early mental health or substance abuse intervention re- garding a student to a parent or guardian of the student within a reasonable amount of time after the identification of early warning signs, which may include declining academic perfor- mance, depression, anxiety, isolation, unexplained changes in sleep or eating habits, and destructive behavior toward self and others;						
3.	Include a procedure for providing notice of a student identified as at risk of attempting suicide to a parent or guardian of the student within a reasonable amount of time after the identifi- cation of early warning signs;						
4.	Establish that the district may develop a reporting mechanism and may designate at least one person to act as a liaison of- ficer in the district for the purposes of identifying students in need of early mental health or substance abuse intervention or suicide prevention;						
5.	Set out available counseling alternatives for a parent or guardian to consider when his or her child is identified as pos- sibly being in need of early mental health or substance abuse intervention or suicide prevention; and						
6.	Include procedures:						
	<ul> <li>To support the return of a student to school following hospitalization or residential treatment for a mental health condition or substance abuse; and</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>clud tices enrol</li> <li>emp</li> <li>[For</li> <li>A diates tion, vent</li> <li>1.</li> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>4.</li> <li>5.</li> </ul>						

FFEB (LEGAL)

### COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH MENTAL HEALTH

	b. For suicide prevention, intervention, and postvention.
	The practices and procedures may address multiple subject areas [see Subject Areas, above]. The practices and procedures must prohibit the use without the prior consent of a student's parent or guardian of a medical screening of the student as part of the pro- cess of identifying whether the student is possibly in need of early mental health or substance abuse intervention or suicide preven- tion.
	The practices and procedures developed must be included in the annual student handbook and the district improvement plan under Education Code 11.252. [See BQ]
	Nothing in these provisions is intended to interfere with the rights of parents or guardians and the decision-making regarding the best interest of the child. Practices and procedures developed in accordance with these provisions are intended to notify a parent or guardian of a need for mental health or substance abuse intervention so that a parent or guardian may take appropriate action. These provisions do not give districts the authority to prescribe medications. Any and all medical decisions are to be made by a parent or guardian of a student.
	"Postvention" includes activities that promote healing necessary to reduce the risk of suicide by a person affected by the suicide of an- other.
	Education Code 38.351(a)–(f), (i)–(o)
Immunity	The above requirements do not waive any immunity from liability of a district or of district officers or employees, create any liability for a cause of action against a district or against district officers or em- ployees, or waive any immunity from liability under Civil Practice and Remedies Code 74.151. <i>Education Code 38.352</i>
Student Identification Cards	Each student identification card issued by a public school to a stu- dent in grade six or higher must have printed on the card the con- tact information for the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline and the Crisis Text Line. The student identification card may have printed on the card the contact information for a local suicide prevention hotline, if available. <i>Education Code</i> 38.353
Consent to Examinations, Tests, or Treatment	A district employee must obtain the written consent of a child's par- ent before the employee may conduct a psychological examina- tion, test, or treatment, unless the examination, test, or treatment is required by:
	<ol> <li>TEA's policy concerning child abuse investigations and re- ports under Education Code 38.004; or</li> </ol>
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# COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH MENTAL HEALTH

	2.	State or federal law regarding requirements for special educa- tion.						
	Education Code 26.009(a)(1) [See FNG]							
	[For more information about consent to medical treatment, includ- ing psychological treatment, see FFAC. For information about con- sent to counseling, see FFEA.]							
Professional's Authority	A licensed or certified physician, psychologist, counselor, or social worker having reasonable grounds to believe that a child has been sexually, physically, or emotionally abused; is contemplating sui- cide; or is involved in chemical or drug addiction or dependency may:							
	1.	Counsel the child without the consent of the child's parents, managing conservator, or guardian;						
	2.	With or without the consent of a child who is a client, advise the parents, managing conservator, or guardian of the treat- ment given to or needed by the child;						
	3.	Rely on the written statement of the child containing the grounds on which the child has capacity to consent to his or her own treatment as provided above.						
Exception: Court Order	coui	physician, psychologist, counselor, or social worker may not nsel a child if consent is prohibited by a court order, unless con- is obtained as otherwise allowed by law.						
	Family Code 32.004(b), (c)							
	-	e DP for more information about LSSP and school counselor re- nsibilities.]						
Consent to LSSP	Informed consent for a licensed specialist in school psychology (LSSP) must be obtained in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act (IDEIA) and the U.S. De- partment of Education's rules governing parental consent when de- livering school psychological services in the public schools, and is considered to meet the requirements for informed consent under the Texas State Board of Examiners of Psychologists (TSBEP) rules. No additional informed consent, specific to any Texas Behav- ioral Health Executive Council (TBHEC) rules, is necessary in this context. Licensees providing psychological services under 22 Ad- ministrative Code 465.38(e)(2), however, must obtain informed consent as otherwise required by the TBHEC rules. <i>22 TAC</i> <i>465.38(g)</i>							

### COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH MENTAL HEALTH

Professional Immunity	A psychologist, counselor, or social worker licensed or certified by the state is not liable for damages except those damages that may result from his or her negligence or willful misconduct. <i>Family Code 32.004(d)</i>		
Outside Counselors	Neither a district nor an employee of a district may refer a student to an outside counselor for care or treatment of a chemical de- pendency or an emotional or psychological condition unless the district does all of the following:		
	1.	Obtains prior written consent for the referral from the stu- dent's parent, managing conservator, or guardian.	
	2.	Discloses to the student's parent, managing conservator, or guardian any relationship between the district and the outside counselor.	
	3.	Informs the student and the student's parent, managing con- servator, or guardian of any alternative public or private source of care or treatment reasonably available in the area.	
	4.	Requires the approval of appropriate district personnel before a student may be referred for care or treatment or before a re- ferral is suggested as being warranted.	
	5.	Specifically prohibits any disclosure of a student record that violates state or federal law.	
	Education Code 38.010		
	[See FFEA for information on the comprehensive guidance pro- gram. See FFB for mental health-care services provided by the threat assessment and safe and supportive school team.]		
Psychotropics and	A district employee may not:		
Psychiatric Evaluations	1.	Recommend that a student use a psychotropic drug; or	
	2.	Suggest any particular diagnosis; or	
	3.	Use the refusal by a parent to consent to administration of a psychotropic drug to a student or to a psychiatric evaluation or examination of a student as grounds, by itself, for prohibiting the child from attending a class or participating in a school-related activity.	
	Psychotropic drug means a substance that is used in the diagno- sis, treatment, or prevention of a disease or as a component of a medication and intended to have an altering effect on perception, emotion, or behavior.		
	Edu	Education Code 38.016(b) does not:	
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### COUNSELING AND MENTAL HEALTH MENTAL HEALTH

	1.	Prevent an appropriate referral under the Child Find system required under 20 U.S.C. Section 1412, as amended; or		
	2.	Prohibit a school district employee, or an employee of an en- tity with which the district contracts, who is a registered nurse, advanced nurse practitioner, physician, or nonphysician men- tal health professional licensed or certified to practice in this state from recommending that a child be evaluated by a phy- sician or nonphysician mental health professional; or		
	3.	Prohibit a school employee from discussing any aspect of a child's behavior or academic progress with the child's parent or another school district employee.		
	A board shall adopt a policy to ensure implementation and enforce- ment of Education Code 38.016. [See FFAC]			
	A violation of Education Code 38.016(b) does not override the im- munity from personal liability granted in Education Code 22.0511 or other law or a district's sovereign or governmental immunity.			
	Nonphysician mental health professional has the meaning as- signed by Education Code 38.0101 [see DP].			
	Education Code 38.016			
	[For information regarding administration of medication, see FFAC.]			
Child Abuse Reporting	An employee may not use or threaten to use the refusal of a par- ent, guardian, or managing or possessory conservator to adminis- ter or consent to the administration of a psychotropic drug to a child, or to consent to any other psychiatric or psychological testing or treatment of the child, as the sole basis for making a report of neglect, unless the employee has cause to believe that the refusal:			
	1.	Presents a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or bodily injury to the child; or		
	2.	Has resulted in an observable and material impairment to the growth, development, or functioning of the child.		
	Education Code 26.0091; Family Code 261.111(a) [See FFG]			

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### STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

Policy and Program to Address Sexual Abuse, Trafficking, and Maltreatment	A district shall provide child abuse antivictimization programs in el- ementary and secondary schools. <i>Education Code 38.004</i>			
	A district shall adopt and implement a policy addressing sexual abuse, sex trafficking, and other maltreatment of children, to be included in the district improvement plan [see BQ] and any information handbook provided to students and parents. <i>Education Code 38.0041(a)</i>			
	The policy included in any informational handbook provided to stu- dents and parents must address the following:			
	1.	Methods for increasing staff, student, and parent awareness of issues regarding sexual abuse, trafficking, and other forms of maltreatment of children, including prevention techniques and knowledge of likely warning signs indicating that a child may be a victim;		
	2.	Actions a child who is a victim of sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment should take to obtain assistance and intervention; and		
	3.	Available counseling options for students affected by sexual abuse, trafficking, or other maltreatment.		
	19 TAC 61.1051(b)(3)			
Definitions	The definition of child abuse or neglect includes the trafficking of a child in accordance with Education Code 38.004.			
Definitions Child Abuse or Neglect		• •		
Child Abuse or	child	term has the meaning assigned by Human Resources Code		
Child Abuse or Neglect	child This 42.0 This	term has the meaning assigned by Human Resources Code		
Child Abuse or Neglect Other Maltreatment Trafficking of a	child This 42.0 This (6), (	in accordance with Education Code 38.004. term has the meaning assigned by Human Resources Code 02. term has the meaning assigned by Penal Code 20A.02(a)(5),		
Child Abuse or Neglect Other Maltreatment Trafficking of a	child This 42.0 This (6), ( 19 T Any phys by a	term has the meaning assigned by Human Resources Code 02. term has the meaning assigned by Penal Code 20A.02(a)(5), (7), or (8).		
Child Abuse or Neglect Other Maltreatment Trafficking of a Child <b>Duty to Report</b> Report by Any	child This 42.0 This (6), ( 19 7 Any phys by a as re Any has requ profe	I in accordance with Education Code 38.004. term has the meaning assigned by Human Resources Code 02. term has the meaning assigned by Penal Code 20A.02(a)(5), (7), or (8). <i>AC 61.1051(a)</i> person who has reasonable cause to believe that a child's sical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected buse or neglect by any person shall immediately make a report		
Child Abuse or Neglect Other Maltreatment Trafficking of a Child Duty to Report Report by Any Person Report by Any	child This 42.0 This (6), ( 19 T Any phys by a as re Any has requiprofe beer A pro	I in accordance with Education Code 38.004. term has the meaning assigned by Human Resources Code 02. term has the meaning assigned by Penal Code 20A.02(a)(5), (7), or (8). <i>AC 61.1051(a)</i> person who has reasonable cause to believe that a child's sical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected buse or neglect by any person shall immediately make a report equired by law. <i>Family Code 261.101(a)</i> professional who has reasonable cause to believe that a child been or may be abused or neglected shall make a report as ired by law. The report must be made within 48 hours after the essional first has reasonable cause to believe that the child has		

### STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

	A "professional" is a person who is licensed or certified by the state or who is an employee of a facility licensed, certified, or operated by the state and who, in the normal course of official duties or du- ties for which a license or certification is required, has direct con- tact with children. The term includes teachers, nurses, doctors, day-care employees, and juvenile detention or correctional officers.		
	Family Code 261.101(b)		
Abuse of Persons with Disabilities	A person having cause to believe that a person with a disability is in a state of abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall report the infor- mation immediately to the Texas Department of Family and Protec- tive Services (DFPS).		
	A person commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person has cause to believe that a person with a disability has been abused, ne- glected, or exploited or is in a state of abuse, neglect, or exploita- tion and knowingly fails to report.		
	A person filing a report or testifying or otherwise participating in any judicial proceeding arising from a petition, report, or investigation is immune from civil or criminal liability on account of his or her peti- tion, report, testimony, or participation, unless the person acted in bad faith or with a malicious purpose.		
	Human Resources Code 48.051, .052, .054		
Adult Victims of Abuse	A person or professional shall make a report in the manner re- quired above if the person or professional has reasonable cause to believe that an adult was a victim of abuse or neglect as a child and the person or professional determines in good faith that disclo- sure of the information is necessary to protect the health and safety of another child or an elderly person or person with a disabil- ity. <i>Family Code 261.101(b-1)</i>		
Restrictions on Reporting Psychotropic Drugs and Psychological Testing	An employee may not use or threaten to use the refusal of a par- ent, guardian, or managing or possessory conservator to adminis- ter or consent to the administration of a psychotropic drug to a child, or to consent to any other psychiatric or psychological testing or treatment of the child, as the sole basis for making a report of neglect, unless the employee has cause to believe that the refusal:		
	<ol> <li>Presents a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or bodily injury to the child; or</li> </ol>		
	2. Has resulted in an observable and material impairment to the growth, development, or functioning of the child.		
	Education Code 26.0091; Family Code 261.111(a) [See FFEB]		

FFG (LEGAL)

Contents of Report	or m	The report should reflect the reporter's belief that a child has been or may be abused or neglected or has died of abuse or neglect. The person making the report shall identify, if known:		
	1.	The name and address of the child;		
	2.	The name and address of the person responsible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child; and		
	3.	Any other pertinent information concerning the alleged or suspected abuse or neglect.		
	Fam	nily Code 261.102, .104		
Abuse and Neglect Involving School Personnel and Those Responsible for Care				
	All o	ther reports shall be made to:		
	1.	Any local or state law enforcement agency;		
	2.	DFPS, Child Protective Services (CPS) Division;		
	3.	A local office of CPS, where available; or		
	4.	The state agency that operates, licenses, certifies, or regis- ters the facility in which the alleged abuse or neglect oc- curred.		
	Farr	nily Code 261.103(a); 19 TAC 61.1051(b)(1)–(2)		
	pers	son responsible for a child's care, custody, or welfare" means a son who traditionally is responsible for a child's care, custody, relfare, including:		
	1.	A parent, guardian, managing or possessory conservator, or foster parent of the child;		
	2.	A member of the child's family or household as defined by Family Code Chapter 71;		
	3.	A person with whom the child's parent cohabits;		
	4.	School personnel or a volunteer at the child's school;		
	5.	Personnel or a volunteer at a public or private child-care facil- ity that provides services for the child or at a public or private residential institution or facility where the child resides; or		

	6.	An employee, volunteer, or other person working under the supervision of a licensed or unlicensed child-care facility, in- cluding a family home, residential child-care facility, employer- based day-care facility, or shelter day-care facility, as those terms are defined in Chapter 42, Human Resources Code.
	Fan	nily Code 261.101(5)
Reporting Abuse, Neglect, or Exploitation in a JJAEP	tern proo Dep The	report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation, as those hs are defined in Family Code 261.405, in a juvenile justice gram or facility shall be made to the Texas Juvenile Justice partment and a local law enforcement agency for investigation. term "juvenile justice program" includes a juvenile justice rnative education program. <i>Family Code 261.405(a)(4)(A), (b)</i>
Confidentiality of Report	of th rele Act) Fan	port of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect and the identity ne person making the report is confidential and not subject to ase under Government Code Chapter 552 (Public Information and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with the nily Code and applicable federal or state law or under rules pted by an investigating agency. <i>Family Code 261.201(a)(1)</i>
	tity tial purj	ess waived in writing by the person making the report, the iden- of an individual making a report under this chapter is confiden- and may be disclosed only to a law enforcement officer for the poses of a criminal investigation of the report, or as ordered by purt under Family Code 261.201. <i>Family Code 261.101(d)</i>
Immunity from Liability	gati or o port imm	erson acting in good faith who reports or assists in the investi- on of a report of alleged child abuse or neglect or who testifies therwise participates in a judicial proceeding arising from a re- t, petition, or investigation of alleged child abuse or neglect is nune from any civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be arred or imposed. <i>Family Code 261.106</i>
	erw acti	strict may not suspend or terminate the employment of, or oth- ise discriminate against, or take any other adverse employment on against a professional who makes a good faith report of se or neglect. <i>Family Code 261.110(b)</i> [See DG]
<b>Criminal Offenses</b> Failure to Report	to n	erson commits a Class A misdemeanor if he or she is required nake a report under Family Code 261.101(a) [see Duty to Re- a, above] and knowingly fails to make a report as provided by
		erson who is a professional commits a Class A misdemeanor if person is required to make a report under Family Code

	port as pr	b) [see Duty to Report] and knowingly fails to make a re- ovided by law. The professional commits a state jail fel- or she intended to conceal the abuse or neglect.
	Family Co	ode 261.109
False Report	person kr false. The the third o	commits an offense if, with the intent to deceive, the nowingly makes a report of abuse and neglect that is e offense is a state jail felony, except that it is a felony of degree if the person has previously been convicted of the Family Code 261.107(a)
Coercion	another ir to a law e	ervant, including as a school administrator, who coerces nto suppressing or failing to report child abuse or neglect inforcement agency commits a Class C misdemeanor of- inal Code 39.06
SBEC Disciplinary Action	The State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) may take any of the actions listed in 19 Administrative Code 249.15(a) (impositions, including revocation of a certificate and administrative penalties) based on satisfactory evidence that the person has failed to report or has hindered the reporting of child abuse pursuant to Family Code 261.001, or has failed to notify the SBEC, the commissioner of education, or the school superintendent or director under the circumstances and in the manner required by Education Code 21.006, 21.0062, 22.093, and 19 Administrative Code 249.14(d)–(f). <i>19 TAC 249.15(b)(4)</i>	
	Note:	The following legal provisions address child abuse and neglect investigations generally. See GRA for additional legal provisions addressing notification requirements and right of access to students when DFPS investigates re- ports of abuse and neglect at school.
Investigations Reports to District	neglect in school, ar shall orall	nitiates an investigation and determines that the abuse or volves an employee of a public elementary or secondary nd that the child is a student at the school, the department y notify the superintendent of the district in which the em- employed. <i>Family Code 261.105(d)</i>
	its investi principal, abuse or	st, DFPS shall provide a copy of the completed report of gation to the board, the superintendent, and the school unless the principal is alleged to have committed the neglect. The report shall be edited to protect the identity son who made the report. <i>Family Code 261.406(b)</i>

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STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NE	FFG GLECT (LEGAL)		
Interview of Student	The investigating agency shall be permitted to interview the child at any reasonable time and place, including at the child's school. <i>Family Code 261.302(b)</i> [See GRA]	t	
Interference with Investigation	A person may not interfere with an investigation of a report of child abuse or neglect conducted by DFPS. <i>Family Code 261.303(a)</i>		
Confidentiality	A photograph, videotape, audiotape, or other audio or visual re- cording, depiction, or documentation of a child that is made by DFPS in the course of an inspection or investigation is confidential, is not subject to release under the Texas Public Information Act, and may be released only as required by state or federal law or rules adopted by the DFPS. <i>Human Resources Code 42.004</i>	,	
Reporting Policy	A board shall adopt and annually review policies for reporting child abuse and neglect. The policies shall follow the requirements of Family Code Chapter 261. <i>19 TAC 61.1051(b)</i>		
	The policies must require every school employee, agent, or con- tractor who suspects a child's physical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected by abuse or neglect to submit a writ- ten or oral report to at least one of the authorities listed above [see To Whom Reported, above] within 48 hours or less, as determined by the board, after learning of facts giving rise to the suspicion. <i>19</i> <i>TAC 61.1051(b)(1)</i>		
	The policies must be consistent with the Family Code, Chapter 261, and 40 Administrative Code Chapter 700 (CPS) regarding investigations by DFPS, including regulations governing investigation of abuse by school personnel and volunteers. [See GRA]		
	The policies must require a report to DFPS if the alleged abuse or neglect involves a person responsible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child and must notify school personnel of the following:		
	<ol> <li>Penalties under Penal Code 39.06 (misuse of official information), Family Code 261.109 (failure to report), and 19 Administrative Code Chapter 249 (actions against educator's certificate) for failure to submit a required report of child abuse or neglect;</li> </ol>		
	2. Applicable prohibitions against interference with an investiga- tion of a report of child abuse or neglect, including:		
	<ul> <li>Family Code 261.302 and 261.303, prohibiting school of- ficials from denying an investigator's request to interview a student at school; and</li> </ul>		

<ul> <li>Immunity provisions applicable to a person who reports child abuse or neglect or otherwise assists an investigation in got faith;</li> <li>Confidentiality provisions relating to a report of suspected child abuse or neglect;</li> <li>Any disciplinary action that may result from noncompliance with a district's reporting policy; and</li> <li>The prohibition under Education Code 26.0091 [see Psychotropic Drugs and Psychological Testing, above].</li> <li><i>19 TAC 61.1051(b)(2)</i></li> <li>The policies may not require that school personnel report suspicions of child abuse or neglect to a school administrator before making a report to one of the agencies listed above.</li> <li>The policies must:         <ol> <li>Include the current toll-free number for DFPS;</li> <li>Provide for cooperation with law enforcement child abuse in vestigations without the consent of the child's parent, if nece sary, including investigations by DFPS; and</li> <li>Include child abuse anti-victimization programs in elementar and secondary schools consisting of age-appropriate, research-based prevention designed to promote self-protectio and prevent sexual abuse and trafficking.</li> <li><i>19 TAC 61.1051(b)(5)-(b)(8)</i></li> </ol> </li> <li>Annual Distribution and Staff         <ol> <li>Development</li> <li>The policies required by these provisions and adopted by the board shall be distributed to all personnel at the beginning of eac school year. The policies shall be addressed in staff development programs are regular intervals determined by a board. <i>19 TAC 61.1051(c)</i> [See also DH and GRA]</li> <li>[For training requirements under these provisions, see DMA.]</li> </ol> </li> <li>Required Poster</li> <li>Using a format and language that is clear, simple, and understant able to students, each public school shall post, in English and in Spanish:</li></ul>			b.	Family Code 261.302, prohibiting school officials from requiring the presence of a parent or school administrator during an interview by an investigator.
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	Required Poster	able	to st	
2. Instructions to call 911 for emergencies; and		1.	The	current toll-free DFPS Abuse Hotline telephone number;
		2.	Inst	ructions to call 911 for emergencies; and

3. Directions for accessing the DFPS <u>Texas Abuse Hotline web-</u> <u>site</u><sup>1</sup> for more information on reporting abuse, neglect, and exploitation.

A district shall post the information specified above at each school campus in at least one high-traffic, highly and clearly visible public area that is readily accessible to and widely used by students. The information must be on a poster (11x17 inches or larger) in large print and placed at eye-level to the student for easy viewing. Additionally, the current toll-free Texas Department of Family and Protective Services Abuse Hotline telephone number should be in bold print.

Education Code 38.0042; 19 TAC 61.1051(e)–(f)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Texas Abuse Hotline website: <u>https://www.txabusehotline.org/</u>

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Program to Address Child Sexual Abuse, Trafficking, and Maltreatment	The District's program to address child sexual abuse, trafficking, and other maltreatment of children, as included in the District im- provement plan and the student handbook, shall include:		
	1.	Methods for increasing staff, student, and parent awareness regarding these issues, including prevention techniques and knowledge of likely warning signs indicating that a child may be a victim;	
	2.	Age-appropriate, research-based antivictimization programs for students;	
	3.	Actions that a child who is a victim should take to obtain as- sistance and intervention; and	
	4.	Available counseling options for affected students.	
Training	The District shall provide training to employees as required by law and District policy. Training shall address techniques to prevent and recognize sexual abuse, trafficking, and all other maltreatment of children, including children with significant cognitive disabilities. [See DMA]		
	[See BBD for Board member training requirements and BJCB for Superintendent continuing education requirements.]		
Reporting Child Abuse and Neglect	Any person who has reasonable cause to believe that a child's physical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected by abuse or neglect has a legal responsibility, under state law, to immediately report the suspected abuse or neglect to an appropri- ate authority.		
	As defined in state law, child abuse and neglect include both sex and labor trafficking of a child.		
	The following individuals have an additional legal obligation to sub- mit a written or oral report within 48 hours of learning of the facts giving rise to the suspicion of abuse or neglect:		
	1.	Any District employee, agent, or contractor who suspects a child's physical or mental health or welfare has been adversely affected by abuse or neglect.	
	2.	A professional who has reasonable cause to believe that a child has been or may be abused or neglected or may have been a victim of indecency with a child. A professional is any- one licensed or certified by the state who has direct contact with children in the normal course of duties for which the indi- vidual is licensed or certified.	

	A person is required to make a report if the person has reasonable cause to believe that an adult was a victim of abuse or neglect as a child and the person determines in good faith that disclosure of the information is necessary to protect the health and safety of another child or an elderly or disabled person.	
	-	parental notification requirements regarding an allegation of cator misconduct with a student, see FFF.]
Restrictions on Reporting	In accordance with law, an employee is prohibited from using or threatening to use a parent's refusal to consent to administration of a psychotropic drug or to any other psychiatric or psychological testing or treatment of a child as the sole basis for making a report of neglect, unless the employee has cause to believe that the re- fusal:	
	1.	Presents a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, or bodily injury to the child; or
	2.	Has resulted in an observable and material impairment to the growth, development, or functioning of the child.
Making a Report	Rep	orts may be made to any of the following:
	1.	A state or local law enforcement agency;
	2.	The Child Protective Services (CPS) division of the Texas Department of Family and Protective Services (DFPS) at (800) 252-5400 or the <u>Texas Abuse Hotline Website</u> <sup>1</sup> ;
	3.	A local CPS office; or
	4.	If applicable, the state agency operating, licensing, certifying, or registering the facility in which the suspected abuse or ne- glect occurred.
	spor mus that susp Juve glec pers clud	wever, if the suspected abuse or neglect involves a person re- nsible for the care, custody, or welfare of the child, the report at be made to DFPS, unless the report is to the state agency operates, licenses, certifies, or registers the facility where the pected abuse or neglect took place; or the report is to the Texas enile Justice Department as a report of suspected abuse or ne- t in a juvenile justice program or facility. As defined by law, a son responsible for the care, custody, or welfare of a child in- les school personnel and volunteers and day-care workers. e FFG(LEGAL)]
		ndividual does not fulfill his or her responsibilities under the law only reporting suspicion of abuse or neglect to a campus princi-

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STUDENT WELFARE CHILD ABUSE AND NE	GLEC	FFG (LOCAL)		
	mo	school counselor, or another District staff member. Further- re, the District is prohibited from requiring an employee to first ort his or her suspicion to a District or campus administrator.		
Confidentiality	por anc	accordance with state law, the identity of a person making a re- t of suspected child abuse or neglect shall be kept confidential I disclosed only in accordance with the rules of the investigating ency.		
Immunity	A person who in good faith reports or assists in the investigation of a report of child abuse or neglect is immune from civil or criminal li- ability.			
Failing to Report Suspected Child	By failing to report suspicion of child abuse or neglect, an em- ployee:			
Abuse or Neglect	1.	May be placing a child at risk of continued abuse or neglect;		
	2.	Violates the law and may be subject to legal penalties, includ- ing criminal sanctions for knowingly failing to make a required report;		
	3.	Violates Board policy and may be subject to disciplinary ac- tion, including possible termination of employment; and		
	4.	May have his or her certification from the State Board for Edu- cator Certification suspended, revoked, or canceled in accord- ance with 19 Administrative Code Chapter 249.		
		a criminal offense to coerce someone into suppressing or fail- to report child abuse or neglect.		
Responsibilities	In accordance with law, District officials shall be prohibited from:			
Regarding Investigations	1.	Denying an investigator's request to interview a child at school in connection with an investigation of child abuse or neglect;		
	2.	Requiring that a parent or school employee be present during the interview; or		
	3.	Coercing someone into suppressing or failing to report child abuse or neglect.		
	sen	trict personnel shall cooperate fully and without parental con- t, if necessary, with an investigation of reported child abuse or plect. [See GKA]		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Texas Abuse Hotline Website: <u>http://www.txabusehotline.org</u>

### STUDENT WELFARE FFH FREEDOM FROM DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION (LEGAL)

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	Note:	The following legal provisions address dating violence and sexual harassment. For legal provisions addressing discrimination on the basis of disability, sex, and other protected characteristics, see FB.
Dating Violence		shall adopt and implement a dating violence policy to be in the district improvement plan.
	A dating	violence policy must:
	tior per sor	lude a definition of dating violence that includes the inten- nal use of physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse by a son to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control another per- n in a dating relationship, as defined by Family Code 0021; and
	sch tea stru	dress safety planning, enforcement of protective orders, ool-based alternatives to protective orders, training for chers and administrators at each district campus that in- ucts students in grade 6 or higher, counseling for affected dents, and awareness education for students and parents.
	Educatio	on Code 37.083, .0831 [See BQ]
	Note:	References to Title IX, part, or subpart in the following le- gal provisions refer to Title IX and its corresponding reg- ulations.
		The U.S. Department of Education's Office for Civil Rights has issued a formal interpretation that discrimina- tion on the basis of sex under Title IX includes discrimi- nation on the basis of sexual orientation and gender identity.
Sexual Harassment		may develop and implement a sexual harassment policy luded in the district improvement plan. <i>Education Code</i> See BQ]
	nection I duties ar constitut fondling,	abuse of a student by an employee, when there is a con- between the physical sexual activity and the employee's and obligations as a district employee, violates a student's ional right to bodily integrity. Sexual abuse may include sexual assault, or sexual intercourse. <i>U.S. Const. Amend.</i> <u>v. Taylor Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , 15 F.3d 443 (5th Cir. 1994)

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STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM DISC	FFH CRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND RETALIATION (LEGAL)
	A district's treatment of a complainant or a respondent in response to a formal complaint of sexual harassment may constitute discrim- ination on the basis of sex under Title IX. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.45; 20</i> <i>U.S.C. 1681</i> [See also FB regarding Title IX]
Designation of Title IX Coordinator	A district must designate and authorize at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with its responsibilities under Title IX, which employee must be referred to as the "Title IX Coordinator."
Parties Entitled to Notice	The district must notify applicants for admission and employment, students, parents or legal guardians, employees, and all profes- sional organizations holding professional agreements with the dis- trict ("Parties Entitled to Notice") of the name or title, office address, electronic mail address, and telephone number of the employee or employees designated as the Title IX Coordinator.
	34 C.F.R. 106.8(a)
Reporting	Any person may report sex discrimination, including sexual harass- ment (whether or not the person reporting is the person alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sex discrimination or sexual harassment), in person, by mail, by telephone, or by elec- tronic mail, using the contact information listed for the Title IX Coor- dinator, or by any other means that results in the Title IX Coordina- tor receiving the person's verbal or written report. Such a report may be made at any time (including during nonbusiness hours) by using the telephone number or electronic mail address, or by mail to the office address, listed for the Title IX Coordinator.
Notification of Policy	A district must notify the Parties Entitled to Notice, above, that the district does not discriminate on the basis of sex in the education program or activity that it operates, and that it is required by Title IX not to discriminate in such a manner. The notification must state that the requirement not to discriminate in the education program or activity extends to employment, and that inquiries about the application of Title IX to such district may be referred to the district's Title IX Coordinator, to the assistant secretary for civil rights of the Department of Education, or both.
	34 C.F.R. 106.2(d), .8(b)(1)
Publication Requirements	A district must prominently display the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator and the nondiscrimination policy described at Notification of Policy, above, on its website, if any, and in each handbook that it makes available to the Parties Entitled to Notice, above.

	A district must not use or distribute a publication stating that the district treats applicants, students, or employees differently on basis of sex except as such treatment is permitted by Title IX.			
	34 C.F.R. 106.8(b)(2)			
	<b>Note:</b> To distinguish the process described below from the District's general grievance policies [see DGBA, FNG, and GF], this policy refers to the grievance process required by Title IX regulations for responding to formal complaints of sexual harassment as the District's "Title IX formal complaint process."			
Complaint Procedures	A district must adopt and publish procedures that provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of student and employee com- plaints alleging any action that would be prohibited by Title IX and a Title IX formal complaint process that complies with 34 C.F.R. 106.45 for formal complaints as defined below.			
	A district must provide notice to the Parties Entitled to Notice, above, of the district's procedures and Title IX formal complaint process, including how to report or file a complaint of sex discrimi- nation, how to report or file a formal complaint of sexual harass- ment, and how the district will respond.			
	The requirements of this provision apply only to sex discrimination occurring against a person in the United States.			
	34 C.F.R. 106.8(c)–(d)			
Response to Sexual Harassment Definitions	"Actual knowledge" means notice of sexual harassment or allega- tions of sexual harassment to a district's Title IX Coordinator or any official of the district who has authority to institute corrective measures on behalf of the district, or to any employee of an ele- mentary and secondary school. Imputation of knowledge based solely on vicarious liability or constructive notice is insufficient to constitute actual knowledge. This standard is not met when the only official of the district with actual knowledge is the respondent. The mere ability or obligation to report sexual harassment or to in- form a student about how to report sexual harassment, or having been trained to do so, does not qualify an individual as one who has authority to institute corrective measures on behalf of the dis- trict. "Notice" as used in this paragraph includes, but is not limited to, a report of sexual harassment to the Title IX Coordinator.			
	"Complainant" means an individual who is alleged to be the victim			

of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

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"Consent" is not defined by the Title IX regulations, nor do the regulations require districts to adopt a particular definition of consent with respect to sexual assault.

"Formal complaint" means a document filed by a complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that the district investigate the allegation of sexual harassment. At the time of filing a formal complaint, a complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activity of the district with which the formal complaint is filed. A formal complaint may be filed with the Title IX Coordinator in person, by mail, or by electronic mail, by using the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator, and by any additional method designated by the district. As used in this paragraph, the phrase "document filed by a complainant" means a document or electronic submission (such as by electronic mail or through an online portal provided for this purpose by the district) that contains the complainant's physical or digital signature, or otherwise indicates that the complainant is the person filing the formal complaint. Where the Title IX Coordinator signs a formal complaint, the Title IX Coordinator is not a complainant or otherwise a party to a Title IX formal complaint, and must comply with the requirements of the Title IX formal complaint process, including the informal resolution process.

"Respondent" means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

"Sexual harassment" means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

- 1. An employee of the district conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the district on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
- 2. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the district's education program or activity; or
- "Sexual assault" as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(6)(A)(v), "dating violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(10), "domestic violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(8), or "stalking" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(30).

"Supportive measures" means nondisciplinary, nonpunitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal

	complaint has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or ac- tivity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the dis- trict's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Sup- portive measures may include counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work or district-provided housing locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. The dis- trict must maintain as confidential any supportive measures pro- vided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintain- ing such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the district to provide the supportive measures. The Title IX Coordinator is re- sponsible for coordinating the effective implementation of support- ive measures.	
	34 C.F.R. 106.2, .30(a)	
Deliberate Indifference	A district with actual knowledge of sexual harassment in an educa- tion program or activity of the district against a person in the United States, must respond promptly in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. A district is deliberately indifferent only if its response to sexual harassment is clearly unreasonable in light of the known cir- cumstances.	
Education Program or Activity	For the purposes of 34 C.F.R. 106.30 [see Definitions, above] and 106.45 [see Process for Title IX Formal Complaint, below], "educa- tion program or activity" includes locations, events, or circum- stances over which the district exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harass- ment occurs.	
	34 C.F.R. 106.44(a)	
Title IX Coordinator Response	The Title IX Coordinator must promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures, consider the complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint, and explain to the complainant the process for filing a formal complaint. The Title IX Coordinator must respond in this manner with or without a formal complaint. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> 106.44(b)(1)	
Supportive Measures Required	A district's response must treat complainants and respondents eq- uitably by offering supportive measures and by following a process that complies with 34 C.F.R. 106.45 [see Process for Title IX For- mal Complaint, below] before the imposition of any disciplinary	
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		other actions that are not supportive measu pondent. [For Emergency Removal procedu				
Constitutional Restrictions	The Department of Education may not deem a district to have sat- isfied the district's duty to not be deliberately indifferent under Title IX based on the district's restriction of rights protected under the U.S. Constitution, including the First Amendment, Fifth Amend- ment, and Fourteenth Amendment.					
	34 C.F.R. 100	5. <i>44(a)</i>				
Response to a Formal Complaint	In response to a formal complaint, a district must follow a process that complies with 34 C.F.R. 106.45 [see Process for Title IX Formal Complaint, below]. <i>34 C.F.R. 106.44(b)(1)</i>					
Emergency Removal	The Title IX regulations do not preclude a district from removing a respondent from the district's education program or activity on an emergency basis, provided that the district:					
	1. Underta	kes an individualized safety and risk analys	is;			
	safety o	nes that an immediate threat to the physica f any student or other individual arising from of sexual harassment justifies removal; and	n the alle-			
		s the respondent with notice and an opportuge the decision immediately following the res				
	This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Section 504 of the Re- habilitation Act of 1973, or the Americans with Disabilities Act.					
	34 C.F.R. 106.44(c)					
Administrative Leave	The Title IX regulations do not preclude a district from placing a nonstudent employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a Title IX formal complaint. This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 or the Americans with Disabilities Act. 34 <i>C.F.R.</i> 106.44( <i>d</i> )					
Process for Title IX Formal Complaint	ment, a distri ments. Any p by this provis dling formal c	ose of addressing formal complaints of sexu ct's process must comply with the following rovisions, rules, or practices other than thos ion that a district adopts as part of its proce complaints of sexual harassment must apply <i>34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)</i>	require- se required ss for han-			
	· · · · · · ·					

A district's Title IX formal complaint process must:

- Treat complainants and respondents equitably by providing remedies to a complainant where a determination of responsibility for sexual harassment has been made against the respondent, and by following a process that complies with the Title IX regulations before the imposition of any disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures against a respondent. Remedies must be designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity. Such remedies may include the same individualized services described as supportive measures; however, remedies need not be nondisciplinary or nonpunitive and need not avoid burdening the respondent;
- 2. Require an objective evaluation of all relevant evidence—including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence—and provide that credibility determinations may not be based on a person's status as a complainant, respondent, or witness;
- Require that any individual designated by a district as a Title 3. IX Coordinator, investigator, decision-maker, or any person designated by a district to facilitate an informal resolution process, not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or an individual complainant or respondent. A district must ensure that Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process, receive training on the definition of sexual harassment, the scope of the district's education program or activity, how to conduct an investigation and Title IX formal complaint process including hearings, appeals, and informal resolution processes, as applicable, and how to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest, and bias. A district must ensure that decision-makers receive training on any technology to be used at a live hearing, if any, and on issues of relevance of questions and evidence, including when questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant. [See Hearings, below] A district also must ensure that investigators receive training on issues of relevance to create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence. [See Investigation of a Formal Complaint, below] Any materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process, must not rely on sex stereotypes and must promote impartial investigations and adjudications of formal complaints of sexual harassment:

- 4. Include a presumption that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process;
- 5. Include reasonably prompt time frames for conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process, including reasonably prompt time frames for filing and resolving appeals and informal resolution processes if the district offers informal resolution processes, and a process that allows for the temporary delay of the Title IX formal complaint process or the limited extension of time frames for good cause with written notice to the complainant and the respondent of the delay or extension and the reasons for the action. Good cause may include considerations such as the absence of a party, a party's advisor, or a witness; concurrent law enforcement activity; or the need for language assistance or accommodation of disabilities;
- 6. Describe the range of possible disciplinary sanctions and remedies or list the possible disciplinary sanctions and remedies that the district may implement following any determination of responsibility;
- 7. State whether the standard of evidence to be used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard or the clear and convincing evidence standard, apply the same standard of evidence for formal complaints against students as for formal complaints against employees, including faculty, and apply the same standard of evidence to all formal complaints of sexual harassment;
- 8. Include the procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal;
- 9. Describe the range of supportive measures available to complainants and respondents; and
- 10. Not require, allow, rely upon, or otherwise use questions or evidence that constitute, or seek disclosure of, information protected under a legally recognized privilege, unless the person holding such privilege has waived the privilege.

#### 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(1)

Notice ofUpon receipt of a formal complaint, a district must provide the fol-Allegationslowing written notice to the parties who are known:

1. Notice of the district's Title IX formal complaint process, including any informal resolution process.

2.	Notice of the allegations of sexual harassment potentially con-
	stituting sexual harassment, including sufficient details known
	at the time and with sufficient time to prepare a response be-
	fore any initial interview. Sufficient details include:

- a. The identities of the parties involved in the incident, if known;
- b. The conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment; and
- c. The date and location of the alleged incident, if known.

The written notice must include a statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the Title IX formal complaint process. The written notice must inform the parties that they may have an advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney and may inspect and review evidence [see Investigation of a Formal Complaint, below]. The written notice must inform the parties of any provision in the district's code of conduct that prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the Title IX formal complaint process.

If, in the course of an investigation, the district decides to investigate allegations about the complainant or respondent that are not included in the Notice of Allegations, above, the district must provide notice of the additional allegations to the parties whose identities are known.

34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(2)

Dismissal of a Formal Complaint The district must investigate the allegations in a formal complaint. If the conduct alleged in the formal complaint would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved, did not occur in the district's education program or activity, or did not occur against a person in the United States, then the district must dismiss the formal complaint with regard to that conduct for purposes of sexual harassment under Title IX; such a dismissal does not preclude action under another provision of the district's code of conduct.

> The district may dismiss the formal complaint or any allegations therein, if at any time during the investigation or hearing: a complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the complainant would like to withdraw the formal complaint or any allegations therein; the respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by

	he district; or specific circumstances prevent the district from gath- ering evidence sufficient to reach a determination as to the formal complaint or allegations therein.
	Jpon a dismissal required or permitted pursuant to 34 C.F.R. 06.45(b)(3), the district must promptly send written notice of the lismissal and reason(s) therefor simultaneously to the parties.
Consolidation of Formal Complaints	A district may consolidate formal complaints as to allegations of sexual harassment against more than one respondent, or by more han one complainant against one or more respondents, or by one party against the other party, where the allegations of sexual har- assment arise out of the same facts or circumstances. Where a Ti- le IX formal complaint process involves more than one complain- ant or more than one respondent, references in this provision to he singular "party," "complainant," or "respondent" include the plu- al, as applicable.
	34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(3)–(4)
Investigation of a Formal Complaint	When investigating a formal complaint and throughout the Title IX ormal complaint process, a district must:
	1. Ensure that the burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding respon- sibility rest on the district and not on the parties provided that the district cannot access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use a party's records that are made or maintained by a physi- cian, psychiatrist, psychologist, or other recognized profes- sional or paraprofessional acting in the professional's or paraprofessional's capacity, or assisting in that capacity, and which are made and maintained in connection with the provi- sion of treatment to the party, unless the district obtains that party's voluntary, written consent to do so for a Title IX formal complaint (if a party is not an "eligible student," as defined in 34 C.F.R. 99.3 then the district must obtain the voluntary, writ- ten consent of a "parent," as defined in 34 C.F.R. 99.3) [see FL(LEGAL) at Education Records];
	<ol> <li>Provide an equal opportunity for the parties to present wit- nesses, including fact and expert witnesses, and other incul- patory and exculpatory evidence;</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Not restrict the ability of either party to discuss the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evi- dence;</li> </ol>
	Provide the parties with the same opportunities to have others present during any Title IX formal complaint proceeding, in- cluding the opportunity to be accompanied to any related

meeting or proceeding by the advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, and not limit the choice or presence of advisor for either the complainant or respondent in any meeting or Title IX formal complaint proceeding; however, the district may establish restrictions regarding the extent to which the advisor may participate in the proceedings, as long as the restrictions apply equally to both parties;

- 5. Provide, to a party whose participation is invited or expected, written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of all hearings, investigative interviews, or other meetings, with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate;
- 6. Provide both parties an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence obtained as part of the investigation that is directly related to the allegations raised in a formal complaint, including the evidence upon which the district does not intend to rely in reaching a determination regarding responsibility and inculpatory or exculpatory evidence whether obtained from a party or other source, so that each party can meaningfully respond to the evidence prior to conclusion of the investigation. Prior to completion of the investigative report, the district must send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, the evidence subject to inspection and review in an electronic format or a hard copy, and the parties must have at least ten days to submit a written response, which the investigator will consider prior to completion of the investigative report. The district must make all such evidence subject to the parties' inspection and review available at any hearing to give each party equal opportunity to refer to such evidence during the hearing, including for purposes of cross-examination; and
- 7. Create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and, at least ten days prior to a hearing (if a hearing is required or otherwise provided) or other time of determination regarding responsibility, send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, the investigative report in an electronic format or a hard copy, for their review and written response.

#### 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(5)

Hearings The district's Title IX formal complaint process may, but need not, provide for a hearing. With or without a hearing, after the district has sent the investigative report to the parties pursuant to 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(5)(vii) [see Investigation of a Formal Complaint, above] and before reaching a determination regarding responsibility, the decision-maker(s) must afford each party the opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that a party wants asked of any

	party or witness, provide each party with the answers, and allow for additional, limited follow-up questions from each party. With or without a hearing, questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant, un- less such questions and evidence about the complainant's prior sexual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the respondent committed the conduct alleged by the complainant, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the com- plainant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the respondent and are offered to prove consent. The decision-maker(s) must explain to the party proposing the questions any decision to exclude a question as not relevant. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> $106.45(b)(6)(ii)$				
Determination Regarding Responsibility	The decision-maker(s), who cannot be the same person(s) as the Title IX Coordinator or the investigator(s), must issue a written de- termination regarding responsibility. To reach this determination, the district must apply the standard of evidence described at Pro- cess for Title IX Formal Complaint, above.				
	The written determination must include:				
	<ol> <li>Identification of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment;</li> </ol>				
	2. A description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and hearings held;				
	3. Findings of fact supporting the determination;				
	<ol> <li>Conclusions regarding the application of the district's code of conduct to the facts;</li> </ol>				
	5. A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allega- tion, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions the district imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity will be provided by the district to the complainant; and				
	6. The district's procedures and permissible bases for the com- plainant and respondent to appeal.				
	The district must provide the written determination to the parties simultaneously. The determination regarding responsibility be-				

comes final either on the date that the district provides the parties

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	peal	the written determination of the result of the appeal, if an ap- is filed, or if an appeal is not filed, the date on which an appeal Id no longer be considered timely.			
	34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(7)(i)–(ii)				
Implementation of Remedies		Title IX Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation by remedies. 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(7)(iv)			
Appeals	A district must offer both parties an appeal from a determination re- garding responsibility, and from a district's dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein, on the following bases:				
	1.	Procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the mat- ter;			
	2.	New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter; and			
	3.	The Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), or decision-maker(s) had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or the individual complainant or respondent that affected the outcome of the matter.			
	A district may offer an appeal equally to both parties on additional bases.				
	As to all appeals, the district must:				
	1.	Notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed and implement appeal procedures equally for both parties;			
	2.	Ensure that the decision-maker(s) for the appeal is not the same person as the decision-maker(s) that reached the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal, the investigator(s), or the Title IX Coordinator;			
	3.	Ensure that the decision-maker(s) for the appeal complies with the standards in the Title IX regulations regarding conflict of interest and bias [see Process for Formal Title IX Com- plaint, item 3, above];			
	4.	Give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome;			
	5.	Issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and			
	6.	Provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.			
	34 C	C.F.R. 106.45(b)(8)			

Informal Resolution	A district may not require as a condition of enrollment or continuing enrollment, or employment or continuing employment, or enjoy- ment of any other right, waiver of the right to an investigation and adjudication of formal complaints of sexual harassment consistent with Title IX. Similarly, a district may not require the parties to par- ticipate in an informal resolution process and may not offer an in- formal resolution process unless a formal complaint is filed. How- ever, at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility the district may facilitate an informal resolution pro- cess, such as mediation, that does not involve a full investigation and adjudication, provided that the district:				
	1.	Prov	ides to the parties a written notice disclosing:		
		a.	The allegations;		
		b.	The requirements of the informal resolution process in- cluding the circumstances under which it precludes the parties from resuming a formal complaint arising from the same allegations, provided, however, that at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution, any party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and resume the Title IX formal complaint process with respect to the formal complaint; and		
		C.	Any consequences resulting from participating in the in- formal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared;		
	2.		ains the parties' voluntary, written consent to the informal lution process; and		
	3.	Does not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.			
	34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(9)				
Recordkeeping	A dis	must maintain for a period of seven years records of:			
	1.	natic pose com	n sexual harassment investigation including any determi- on regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions im- ed on the respondent, and any remedies provided to the plainant designed to restore or preserve equal access to district's education program or activity;		
	2.	Any	appeal and the result therefrom;		
	3.	Any	informal resolution and the result therefrom; and		

	4. All materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process. A district must make these training materials publicly available on its website or if the district does not maintain a website the district must make these materials available upon request for inspection by members of the public.				
	For each response required under Title IX Coordinator Response, above, a district must create, and maintain for a period of seven years, records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harass- ment. In each instance, the district must document the basis for its conclusion that its response was not deliberately indifferent, and document that it has taken measures designed to restore or pre- serve equal access to the district's education program or activity.				
	If a district does not provide a complainant with supportive measures, then the district must document the reasons why such a response was not clearly unreasonable in light of the known cir- cumstances. The documentation of certain bases or measures does not limit the district in the future from providing additional ex- planations or detailing additional measures taken.				
	34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)(10)				
Retaliation Prohibited	No district or other person may intimidate, threaten, coerce, or dis- criminate against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX, or because the individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, pro- ceeding, or hearing under Title IX.				
	Intimidation, threats, coercion, or discrimination, including charges against an individual for code of conduct violations that do not in- volve sex discrimination or sexual harassment, but arise out of the same facts or circumstances as a report or complaint of sex dis- crimination, or a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment, for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX, constitutes retaliation.				
	Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed according to the Pro- cess for Title IX Formal Complaint above.				
	The exercise of rights protected under the First Amendment does not constitute retaliation prohibited by Title IX.				
	Charging an individual with a code of conduct violation for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of a Title IX				

formal complaint proceeding does not constitute retaliation prohibited by Title IX, provided, however, that a determination regarding responsibility, alone, is not sufficient to conclude that any party made a materially false statement in bad faith.

34 C.F.R. 106.71(a)-(b)

Confidentiality The district must keep confidential the identity of any individual who has made a report or complaint of sex discrimination, including any individual who has made a report or filed a formal complaint of sexual harassment, any complainant, any individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of sex discrimination, any respondent, and any witness, except as may be permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) statute, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, or FERPA regulations, 34 C.F.R. Part 99, or as required by law, or to carry out the purposes of 34 C.F.R. Part 106, including the conduct of any investigation, hearing, or judicial proceeding arising thereunder. *34 C.F.R. 106.71(a)* 

### STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

Definitions	"Bul	ying":				
Bullying	1.	Means a single significant act or a pattern of acts by one or more students directed at another student that exploits an im- balance of power and involves engaging in written or verbal expression, expression through electronic means, or physical conduct that satisfies the applicability requirements below and that:				
		a. Has the effect or will have the effect of physically harm- ing a student, damaging a student's property, or placing a student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's per- son or of damage to the student's property;				
		b. Is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive enough that the action or threat creates an intimidating, threaten- ing, or abusive educational environment for a student;				
		c. Materially and substantially disrupts the educational pro- cess or the orderly operation of a classroom or school; or				
		d. Infringes on the rights of the victim at school; and				
	2.	Includes cyberbullying.				
Cyberbullying	elec cellu troni plica	Cyberbullying" means bullying that is done through the use of any ectronic communication device, including through the use of a ellular or other type of telephone, a computer, a camera, elec- onic mail, instant messaging, text messaging, a social media ap- ication, an internet website, or any other internet-based commu- cation tool.				
Applicability	These provisions apply to:					
	1.	Bullying that occurs on or is delivered to school property or to the site of a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property;				
	<ol> <li>Bullying that occurs on a publicly or privately owned s bus or vehicle being used for transportation of student from school or a school-sponsored or school-related a and</li> </ol>					
	3.	Cyberbullying that occurs off school property or outside of a school-sponsored or school-related activity if the cyberbully-ing:				
		a. Interferes with a student's educational opportunities; or				

#### STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

		b.	Substantially disrupts the orderly operation of a class- room, school, or school-sponsored or school-related ac- tivity.	
Policy	The board shall adopt a policy, including any necessary proce- dures, concerning bullying that:			
	1.	Prol	nibits the bullying of a student;	
	2.	Prev that	vents and mediates bullying incidents between students	
		a.	Interfere with a student's educational opportunities; or	
		b.	Substantially disrupt the orderly operation of a class- room, school, or school-sponsored or school-related ac- tivity;	
	3.	witn	nibits retaliation against any person, including a victim, a ess, or another person, who in good faith provides infor- ion concerning an incident of bullying;	
	4.		ablishes a procedure for providing notice of an incident of ying to:	
		a.	A parent or guardian of the alleged victim on or before the third business day after the date the incident is re- ported; and	
		b.	A parent or guardian of the alleged bully within a reason- able amount of time after the incident;	
	5.		ablishes the actions a student should take to obtain assis- e and intervention in response to bullying;	
	6.		s out the available counseling options for a student who is ctim of or a witness to bullying or who engages in bullying;	
	7.	inclu incio ing,	ablishes procedures for reporting an incident of bullying, uding procedures for a student to anonymously report an dent of bullying, investigating a reported incident of bully- and determining whether the reported incident of bullying urred;	
	8.	who on t	nibits the imposition of a disciplinary measure on a student , after an investigation, is found to be a victim of bullying, he basis of that student's use of reasonable self-defense esponse to the bullying;	
	9.		uires that discipline for bullying of a student with disabili- comply with applicable requirements under federal law,	

#### STUDENT WELFARE FREEDOM FROM BULLYING

		including the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. Section 1400 et seq.); and
	10.	Complies with the minimum standards adopted by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) for a district's policy.
	ally	policy and any necessary procedures must be included annu- in the student and employee handbooks and in the district im- rement plan under Education Code 11.252. [See BQ]
Internet Posting		procedure for reporting bullying must be posted on a district's rnet website to the extent practicable.
	Edu	cation Code 37.0832

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## STUDENT RECORDS

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## STUDENT RECORDS

	Not	e:	For information regarding law enforcement records and schools, see GRAA.	
Education Records "Education Records" Defined	For the purposes of this policy, the term "education records" means those records, files, documents, and other materials that contain information directly related to a student and are maintained by an education agency or institution or by a person acting for such agency or institution.			
	The	term	"education records" does not include:	
	1.	vidu	ords that are created or received by a district after an indi- al is no longer a student in attendance and that are not di- y related to the individual's attendance as a student.	
	2.	poss men	ords made by district personnel that are kept in the sole session of the maker, are used only as a personal nory aid, and are not accessible or revealed to anyone or than a temporary substitute for the maker of the record.	
	3.	that	ords maintained by a law enforcement unit of a district were created by that law enforcement unit for the pur- e of law enforcement.	
	4.		ords on a student who is 18 years of age or older, or who tending an institution of postsecondary education, that	
		a.	Made or maintained by a physician, psychiatrist, psy- chologist, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional acting in his or her professional capac- ity or assisting in a paraprofessional capacity;	
		b.	Made, maintained, or used only in connection with treat- ment of the student; and	
		C.	Disclosed only to individuals providing the treatment. For the purpose of this definition, "treatment" does not in- clude remedial educational activities or activities that are part of the program of instruction at the agency or institu- tion.	
	5.		des on peer-graded papers before they are collected and orded by a teacher.	
	20 U.S.C. 1232g; 34 C.F.R. 99.3			
Screening Records	spec	cial se	ipal of each school shall maintain records of screening for enses and communication disorders, spinal screening, ssment for type 2 diabetes for each student in the school.	

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	Records shall be open for inspection by the state or local health department. 20 U.S.C. 1232g; Health and Safety Code 36.006, 37.003, 95.004; 25 TAC 37.145(b) [See FFAA]	
Immunization Records	A district shall maintain an individual immunization record during the period of attendance for each student admitted. The records shall be open for inspection at all reasonable times by the Texas Education Agency or by representatives of local health depart- ments or the Texas Department of State Health Services. A district shall cooperate with other districts in transferring students' immun- ization records between other schools. Specific approval from stu- dents, parents, or guardians is not required prior to making such record transfers. <i>Education Code 38.002</i> [See FFAB]	
Medical Records	The parent or guardian of a student is entitled to access to the stu- dent's medical records maintained by a district. On request of a student's parent or guardian, a district shall provide a copy of the student's medical records to the parent or guardian. A district may not impose a charge that exceeds the amount authorized by Sec- tion 552.261 of the Government Code [see GBAA]. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 38.0095</i>	
Privacy Rule for Non-"Education Records"	To the extent a district is a covered entity under the Health Insur- ance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), the district must comply with the Privacy Rule, 45 C.F.R. Part 164, with respect to protected health information that is not an education record. <i>45 C.F.R. 160.103, 164.501</i> [See CRD]	
Food Allergy Information	Information regarding a child's food allergy, regardless of how it is received by the school or school district, shall be retained in the child's student records but may not be placed in the health record maintained for the child by the district.	
Exceptions	If the school receives documentation of a food allergy from a physi- cian, that documentation shall be placed in the health record main- tained for the child by the district.	
	A registered nurse may enter appropriate notes about a child's possible food allergy in the health record maintained for the child by the district, including a notation that the child's student records indicate that a parent has notified the district of the child's possible food allergy. [See FD]	
	Education Code 25.0022(d)–(f)	
Assessment Instruments	The results of individual student performance on basic skills as- sessment instruments or other achievement tests administered by a district are confidential and may be made available only to the student, the student's parent or guardian, and to the school per- sonnel directly involved with the student's educational program.	
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# STUDENT RECORDS

	However, overall student performance data shall be aggregated by ethnicity, sex, grade level, subject area, campus, and district, and made available to the public, with appropriate interpretations, at regularly scheduled board meetings. The information may not contain the names of individual students or teachers. <i>Education Code 39.030(b)</i> [See EKB]			
Academic Achievement Record (Grades 9– 12)	Following guidelines developed by the commissioner of education, a district must use an academic achievement record (transcript) form that includes student demographics, school data, student data, and the record of courses and credits earned. The academic achievement record shall serve as the academic record for each student and must be maintained permanently by the district. A dis- trict must ensure that copies of the record are made available for a student transferring from one district to another. To ensure appro- priate placement of a transfer student, a district must respond promptly to each request for student records from a receiving dis- trict. <i>19 TAC 74.5(b)–(c)</i> [See EI]			
Enrollment Records	If a parent or other person with legal control of a child enrolls the child in a district school, the parent or other person, or the school district in which the child most recently attended school, shall fur- nish to the district all of the following:			
	1. The child's birth certificate, or another document suitable as proof of the child's identity as defined by the commissioner in the <i>Student Attendance Accounting Handbook</i> .			
	<ol> <li>A copy of the child's records from the school the child most recently attended if he or she was previously enrolled in a school in Texas or in another state.</li> </ol>			
	Education Code 25.002(a)			
	A district must furnish information under items 1 and 2 not later than the tenth working day after the date the district receives a re- quest for the information.			
	If a parent or other person with legal control of a child under a court order requests that a district transfer a child's student records, the district to which the request is made shall notify the parent or other person as soon as practicable that the parent or other person may request and receive an unofficial copy of the records for delivery in person to a school in another district.			
	Education Code 25.002(a-1) [See FD]			

Access Disclosure	" ^ 11	
Access, Disclosure, and Amendment		endance" includes, but is not limited to:
Access to	1.	Attendance in person or by paper correspondence, videocon- ference, satellite, internet, or other electronic information and
Education Records		telecommunications technologies for students who are not
Definitions		physically present in the classroom; and
Attendance	2.	The period during which a person is working under a work- study program.
Authorized Representative	nate hea with any	thorized representative" means any entity or individual desig- ed by a state or local educational authority or an agency ded by an official listed in 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(3) to conduct— respect to federal- or state-supported education programs— audit, evaluation, or any compliance or enforcement activity in nection with federal legal requirements that relate to these pro- ms.
Biometric Record	logio reco	metric record" means a record of one or more measurable bio- cal or behavioral characteristics that can be used for automated ognition of an individual (e.g., fingerprints, retina and iris pat- s, voiceprints, DNA sequence, facial characteristics, and hand- ng).
Disclosure	othe tain or e	closure" means to permit access to or the release, transfer, or er communication of personally identifiable information con- ed in education records by any means, including oral, written, lectronic means, to any party except the party identified as the y that provided or created the record.
Education Program	"Education program" means any program that is principally en- gaged in the provision of education, including, but not limited to, early childhood education, elementary and secondary education, postsecondary education, special education, job training, career and technical education, and adult education, and any program that is administered by an educational agency or institution.	
Parent		rent" includes a natural parent, a guardian, or an individual act- as a parent in the absence of a parent or guardian.
Personally	"Pei	rsonally identifiable information" includes, but is not limited to:
Identifiable Information	1.	The student's name;
	2.	The name of the student's parent or other family members;
	3.	The address of the student or student's family;
	4.	A personal identifier, such as the student's social security number, student number, or biometric record;
	5.	Other indirect identifiers, such as the student's date of birth, place of birth, and mother's maiden name;
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	<ol> <li>Other information that, alone or in combination, is linked or linkable to a specific student that would allow a reasonable person in the school community, who does not have personal knowledge of the relevant circumstances, to identify the stu- dent with reasonable certainty; or</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>Information requested by a person who the district reasonably believes knows the identity of the student to whom the educa- tion record relates.</li> </ol>			
Record	"Record" means any information recorded in any way, including, but not limited to, handwriting, print, computer media, video or au- dio tape, film, microfilm, and microfiche.			
	34 C.F.R. 99.3			
Signed and Dated Written	"Signed and dated written consent" may include a record and sig- nature in electronic form that:			
Consent	<ol> <li>Identifies and authenticates a particular person as the source of the electronic consent; and</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>Indicates such person's approval of the information contained in the electronic consent.</li> </ol>			
	34 C.F.R. 99.30(d)			
Access by Parents	A district shall presume that a parent has authority to inspect and review the student's records unless it has been provided with evidence that there is a court order, state statute, or legally binding document that specifically revokes these rights. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.4</i>			
	A court may order the custodian of records to delete all references in a child's records to the place of residence of either party ap- pointed as conservator before their release to another party ap- pointed as conservator. <i>Family Code 153.012</i>			
	A parent is entitled to access to all written records of a district con- cerning the parent's child, including attendance records, test scores, grades, disciplinary records, counseling records, psycho- logical records, applications for admission, health and immuniza- tion information, teacher and school counselor evaluations, reports of behavioral patterns, and records relating to assistance provided for learning difficulties, including information collected regarding any intervention strategies used with the child.			
	"Intervention strategy" means a strategy in a multi-tiered system of supports that is above the level of intervention generally used in that system with all children. The term includes response to inter- vention and other early intervening strategies.			
	Education Code 26.004			

Education Code 26.004

	When a student becomes an eligible student, the rights accorded to, and consent required of, parents under this part transfer from the parents to the student. A district may disclose to a parent without the prior written consent of an eligible student if the disclosure is to the parent of the student who is a minor or who is a dependent for tax purposes or the disclosure is in connection with a health or safety emergency. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> 99.5, .10, .31(a)(8), (a)(10), .36	
Access by Student	Whenever a student has attained 18 years of age or is attending an institution of postsecondary education, the rights accorded to, and consent required of, parents transfer from the parents to the student.	
	Nothing in this section prevents a district from disclosing education records, or personally identifiable information from education records, to a parent without prior written consent of an eligible student if the disclosure meets the conditions in 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a), including if the student is a dependent for tax purposes or in the case of a health or safety emergency.	
	34 C.F.R. 99.5	
	If the education records of a student contain information on more than one student, the parent or eligible student may inspect and review or be informed of only the specific information about that student. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.12(a)</i>	
Access by Others	Personally identifiable information in education records shall not be released without the written consent of the student's parents, except to the following.	
1. School Officials	School officials, including teachers, who have legitimate educa- tional interests.	
	A contractor, consultant, volunteer, or other party to whom a district has outsourced institutional services or functions may be consid- ered a school official under this paragraph provided that the out- side party:	
	<ol> <li>Performs an institutional service or function for which the dis- trict would otherwise use employees;</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Is under the direct control of the district with respect to the use and maintenance of education records; and</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Is subject to the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.33(a) governing the use and redisclosure of personally identifiable information from education records.</li> </ol>	
	A district must use reasonable methods to ensure that school offi- cials obtain access to only those education records in which they	
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have legitimate educational interests. A district that does not use physical or technological access controls must ensure that its ad- ministrative policy for controlling access to education records is ef- fective and that it remains in compliance with the legitimate educa- tional interest requirement	
tional interest requirement.	

34 C.F.R. 99.31, .36

An administrator, nurse, or teacher is entitled to access to a student's medical records maintained by a district for reasons determined by district policy. *Education Code* 38.009

2. Officials of Other Schools Officials of educational agencies or institutions, including officials of another school or institution of postsecondary education in which the student seeks or intends to enroll, or where the student is already enrolled so long as the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer, provided that a district shall:

- 1. Make a reasonable attempt to notify the parent or eligible student at the last known address of the parent or eligible student, unless:
  - a. The disclosure is initiated by the parent or eligible student; or
  - b. The annual notification under 34 C.F.R. 99.7 includes a notice that the district forwards education records to other agencies or institutions that have requested the records and in which the student seeks or intends to enroll or is already enrolled so long as the disclosure is for the purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer;
- 2. Give the parent or eligible student, upon request, a copy of the record that was disclosed; and
- 3. Give the parent or eligible student, upon request, an opportunity for a hearing under 34 C.F.R. Part 99, Subpart C.

34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(2), .34

3. Authorized Government Representatives Authorized representatives of the officials or agencies headed by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Attorney General of the United States, the Secretary of Education, or state and local educational authorities who require access to student or other records necessary in connection with the audit and evaluation of federal- or state-supported education programs or in connection with the enforcement of or compliance with federal legal requirements that relate to such programs. *34 C.F.R. 99.35* 

	holo Rigl FEF that quir	strict may not refuse to report information concerning a student ling an F, J, or M visa on the basis of the Family Educational hts and Privacy Act (FERPA) and any regulation implementing RPA. A district is authorized and required to report information would ordinarily be protected by FERPA only to the extent re- ed by 8 U.S.C. 1372, 8 C.F.R. 214.3(g), or any corresponding ulation. 8 U.S.C. 1372(c)(2); 8 C.F.R. 214.1(h)
4. Financial Aid Personnel		sonnel involved with a student's application for, or receipt of, fi- cial aid. 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(4)(i)
5. Juvenile Justice Officials		te and local officials to whom such information is specifically al- ed to be reported or disclosed by state statute if:
	1.	The allowed reporting or disclosure concerns the juvenile jus- tice system and its ability to effectively serve, prior to adjudi- cation, the student whose records are released; and
	2.	The officials and authorities to whom such information is dis- closed certify in writing to the district that the information will not be disclosed to any other party except as provided under state law without the prior written consent of the parent of the student.
	34 (	C.F.R. 99.31(a)(5)(i), .38
	sha ords	chool district superintendent or the superintendent's designee Il disclose information contained in a student's educational rec- s to a juvenile service provider as required by Family Code 0051 [see GRAC]. <i>Education Code 37.084(a)</i>
6. Organizations Conducting Studies	the test tion tion othe the info	anizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, districts for purpose of developing, validating, or administering predictive s, administering student aid programs, and improving instruc- . Such studies must be conducted so that personal identifica- of students and their parents will not be revealed to persons er than authorized personnel of the organizations conducting studies who have legitimate interests in the information. Such rmation must be destroyed when no longer needed for the orig- purposes of the studies.
		district must enter into a written agreement with the organiza- that:
	1.	Specifies the purpose, scope, and duration of the study or studies and the information to be disclosed;
	2.	Requires the organization to use personally identifiable infor- mation from education records only to meet the purpose or purposes of the study as stated in the written agreement;
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	3.	Requires the organization to conduct the study in a manner that does not permit personal identification of parents and stu- dents, as defined in this part, by anyone other than represent- atives of the organization with legitimate interests; and
	4.	Requires the organization to destroy all personally identifiable information when the information is no longer needed for the purposes for which the study was conducted and specifies the time period in which the information must be destroyed.
	duc fron tutic	strict that enters into an agreement with an organization con- ting a study may redisclose personally identifiable information in education records on behalf of educational agencies and insti- ons that disclosed the information to the district in accordance in the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.33(b).
		strict is not required to initiate a study or agree with or endorse conclusions or results of the study.
	34 (	C.F.R. 99.31(a)(6)
7. Accrediting Organizations		rediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions. 34 R. 99.31(a)(7)
8. Health or Safety Emergency	with	propriate parties, including the student's parents, in connection an emergency if the knowledge of the information is necessary rotect the health or safety of the student or other individuals.
	talit safe that safe from or c time nati judg	haking a determination, a district may take into account the to- y of the circumstances pertaining to a threat to the health or ety of a student or other individuals. If the district determines there is an articulable and significant threat to the health or ety of a student or other individuals, it may disclose information in education records to any person whose knowledge of the in- nation is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student other individuals. If, based on the information available at the e of the determination, there is a rational basis for the determi- on, the U.S. Department of Education (ED) will not substitute its gment for that of the district in evaluating the circumstances and king its determination.
	34 (	C.F.R. 99.31(a)(10), .36
9. Agriculture Secretary	Foo grai dist izeo	e Secretary of Agriculture, or authorized representative from the od and Nutrition Service, for the purposes of conducting pro- m monitoring, evaluations, and performance measurements of ricts receiving funding or providing benefits of programs author- d under the National School Lunch Act or the Child Nutrition Act. U.S.C. 1232g(b)(1)(K)

10. Child Welfare Agency	chile plar stat stuc ual and que prot	agency caseworker or other representative of a state or local d welfare agency who has the right to access a student's case is when the agency is legally responsible, in accordance with e law, for the care and protection of the student. Records of the lent shall not be disclosed by the agency, except to an individ- or entity engaged in addressing the student's education needs authorized by the agency to receive the disclosure. Any subsent disclosure must be consistent with state laws applicable to ecting the confidentiality of a student's education records. 20 .C. $1232g(b)(1)(L)$	
11. Directory Information	give	person requesting directory information after a district has in public notice of that definition. [See Directory Information, be- 34 C.F.R. 99.37	
Written Consent	writ forn age liste	parent or eligible student shall provide a signed and dated ten consent before a district discloses personally identifiable in- nation from a student's education records to any individual, ncy, or organization other than the parent, the student, or those id above. Such consent shall specify records to be released, reason for such release, and to whom the records are to be re- sed.	
	gibl ords stuc	en a disclosure is made under written consent, if a parent or eli- e student requests, the district shall provide a copy of the rec- s disclosed and if the parent of a student who is not an eligible lent requests, the district shall provide the student with a copy ne records disclosed.	
	34 (	C.F.R. 99.30(c)	
Information Collection U.S. ED–Funded Surveys (PPRA)	Under the Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment (PPRA), no stu- dent shall be required, as part of any program funded in whole or in part by the U.S. ED, to submit to a survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information concerning the following topics without the prior consent of the student (if the student is an adult or emanci- pated minor), or, in the case of an unemancipated minor, without the prior written consent of the parent:		
	1.	Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parents.	
	2.	Mental and psychological problems of the student or the stu- dent's family.	
	3.	Sex behavior and attitudes.	
	4.	Illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, and demeaning behav- ior.	
	5.	Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom students have close family relationships.	
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	6.	Legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians, and ministers.
	7.	Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or stu- dent's parent.
	8.	Income, other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assis- tance under such program.
	20 U.S.C. 1232h(b)	
Funded by Other Sources	rece U.S with pare	ept as provided by 20 U.S.C. 1232h(a) or (b), as a condition of eiving funds from programs funded in whole or in part by the . ED, a district shall develop and adopt policies, in consultation parents, pursuant to 20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(1), and provide for ent notification in accordance with 20 U.S.C. 1232h(c)(2). 20 .C. 1232h(c)(1)–(4) [See EF]
Subpoenaed Records	orde pare neg Trea the tice	strict shall release student records in compliance with a judicial er, or pursuant to any lawfully issued subpoena, except when a ent is a party to a court proceeding involving child abuse and lect (as defined in section 3 of the Child Abuse Prevention and atment Act [42 U.S.C. 5101 note]) or dependency matters, and order is issued in the context of that proceeding, additional no- to the parent by the educational agency or institution is not re- ed. 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(1)(J), (b)(2)(B)
	der effo poe den	educational agency or institution may disclose information un- this section only if the agency or institution makes a reasonable rt to notify the parent or eligible student of the order or sub- na in advance of compliance, so that the parent or eligible stu- t may seek protective action, unless the disclosure is in compli- e with:
	1.	A federal grand jury subpoena and the court has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena or the infor- mation furnished in response to the subpoena not be dis- closed;
	2.	Any other subpoena issued for a law enforcement purpose and the court or other issuing agency has ordered that the ex- istence or the contents of the subpoena or the information fur- nished in response to the subpoena not be disclosed; or
	3.	An ex parte court order obtained by the United States attor- ney general (or designee not lower than an assistant attorney general) concerning investigations or prosecutions of an of- fense listed in 18 U.S.C. 2332b(g)(5)(B) or an act of domestic or international terrorism as defined in 18 U.S.C. 2331.
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	If the district initiates legal action against a parent or student, the district may disclose to the court, without a court order or sub- poena, the education records of the student that are relevant for the district to proceed with the legal action as plaintiff.
	If a parent or eligible student initiates legal action against a district, the district may disclose to the court, without a court order or sub- poena, the student's education records that are relevant for the dis- trict to defend itself.
	34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(9)
Sex Offenders	A district may disclose personally identifiable information without consent if the disclosure concerns sex offenders and other individuals required to register under section 170101 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 42 U.S.C. 14071, and the information was provided to the district under 42 U.S.C. 14071 and applicable federal guidelines. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> 99.31(a)(16)
Request Procedure	Upon request of a properly qualified individual, access to a stu- dent's education record shall be granted within a reasonable period of time, but not more than 45 days after it has received the request. A district shall respond to reasonable requests for explanations and interpretations of the records. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.10</i>
Records Destruction	A district shall not destroy any education records if there is an out- standing request to inspect and review the records. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> <i>99.10(e)</i>
De-Identified Records	A district, or a party that has received education records or infor- mation from education records, may release the records or infor- mation without the parent's written consent after the removal of all personally identifiable information provided that the district or other party has made a reasonable determination that a student's iden- tity is not personally identifiable, whether through single or multiple releases, and taking into account other reasonably available infor- mation. 34 C.F.R. 99.31(b)(1)
Education Research	A district, or a party that has received education records or infor- mation from education records, may release de-identified student level data from education records for the purpose of education re- search by attaching a code to each record that may allow the recip- ient to match information received from the same source, provided that:
	<ol> <li>A district or other party that releases de-identified data under this section does not disclose any information about how it generates and assigns a record code, or that would allow a recipient to identify a student based on a record code;</li> </ol>

	2. The record code is used for no purpose other than identifying a de-identified record for purposes of education research and cannot be used to ascertain personally identifiable information about a student; and		
	3. The record code is not based on a student's social security number or other personal information.		
	34 C.F.R. 99.31(b)(2)		
Authenticating Requestors' Identities	A district must use reasonable methods to identify and authenticate the identity of parents, students, school officials, and any other parties to whom the district discloses personally identifiable information from education records. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.31(c)</i>		
Transfer Not Permitted	Personal information from student education records shall be transferred to a third party only on the condition that such party will not permit any other party to have access to such information with- out the written consent of the student's parent. If a third party per- mits access to information in violation of this policy or fails to de- stroy the information as required by 20 U.S.C. $1232g(b)(1)(F)$ , a district shall not permit access to information from education rec- ords to that third party for a period of not less than five years. 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(4)(B); 34 C.F.R. 99.33(a)(1)		
	A district shall inform a party to whom a disclosure is made of the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.33, unless the disclosure is made pursuant to a court order, lawfully issued subpoena, or litigation; the disclosed information is directory information; the disclosure concerns sex offenders; or the disclosure is made to a parent of a student who is not an eligible student or to a student. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.33(c)–(d)</i>		
	A district may disclose personally identifiable information with the understanding that the party receiving the information may make further disclosures of the information on behalf of the district if:		
	<ol> <li>The disclosures meet the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.31; and</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>The district has complied with the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.32(b) regarding the record of disclosure; or a state or local educational authority or federal official or agency listed re- questing information through a subpoena or ex parte order has complied with the requirements of 34 C.F.R. 99.32(b)(2).</li> </ol>		
	34 C.F.R. 99.33(b)		

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Record of Access to Student Records	Each school shall maintain a record, kept with the education record of each student that indicates all individuals, agencies, or organiza- tions that have requested or obtained access to a student's educa- tion records, as well as the names of state and local educational authorities and federal officials and agencies listed in 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(3) that may make further disclosures of personally identifi- able information from the student's education records without con- sent. A district must obtain a copy of the record of further disclo- sures maintained by the named authorities, officials, and agencies under 34 C.F.R. 99.32(b)(2) and make it available in response to a parent's request to review the record.
	A district must record the following information when it discloses personally identifiable information from education records under the health or safety emergency exception [see Health or Safety Emergency, above]:
	<ol> <li>The articulable and significant threat to the health or safety of a student or other individuals that formed the basis for the dis- closure; and</li> </ol>
	2. The parties to whom the district disclosed the information.
	34 C.F.R. 99.32
	The records shall include at least the name of the person or agency that made the request and the legitimate interest the person or agency had in the information. The record will be maintained as long as the district maintains the student's education record. The record of access shall be available only to parents, school officials responsible for custody of the records, and those state, local, and federal officials authorized to audit the operation of the system. $20 U.S.C. \ 1232g(b)(4)(A); \ 34 C.F.R. \ 99.33(a)(2)$
	The record shall not include requests for access by, or access granted to, parents of the student or officials of a district, requests accompanied by prior written consent of the parent, requests for directory information, or a party seeking or receiving records in accordance with a subpoena or ex parte order. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.32(d)</i>
Right to Amend	The parent of a student whose records are covered by this policy may ask a district to amend the student's record if the parent be- lieves it contains information that is inaccurate, misleading, or in vi- olation of the student's right of privacy or other rights. If a district decides not to amend the education records requested, it shall in- form the parent of its decision and his or her right to a hearing to challenge the content of the student's education records. <i>34 C.F.R.</i> <i>99.20</i>

	If a district decides to amend the records as a result of the hearing, it shall inform the parent in writing. If, as a result of the hearing, the district decides not to amend the records, it shall inform the parent of the right to place a statement in the records commenting on the contested information and/or stating why the parent disagrees with the decision of the district. Any explanation shall be maintained with the contested part of the record for as long as the record is maintained and shall be disclosed whenever the contested portion of the record is disclosed. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.21</i>	
Fees for Copies	No fee shall be charged to search for or to retrieve the education records of a student. A fee may be charged for a copy of education records which is made for the parent or an eligible student, unless the imposition of a fee effectively prevents a parent or eligible student from exercising the right to inspect and review those records. <i>20 U.S.C. 1232g; 34 C.F.R. 99.11; Education Code 26.012</i>	
Records of Students with Disabilities	A district shall permit parents to inspect and review education rec- ords collected, maintained, or used for purposes of identifying, evaluating, placing, or educating students with disabilities. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.613(a)</i>	
Access Rights	In addition to policies applicable to all student records, the follow- ing guidelines shall apply when parents of a student with disabili- ties request to review or inspect district records relating to the edu- cation of their child:	
	1. Parents may request that a representative inspect and review the records. 34 C.F.R. 300.613(b)(3)	
	2. A district shall comply with a request without unnecessary de- lay and before any meeting regarding an individualized edu- cation program (IEP) or hearing relating to the identification, evaluation, or placement of the child, and in no case longer than 45 days after the request. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.613(a)</i>	
	3. A district shall keep a record of persons obtaining access to these student records (except access by parents and author- ized employees), including name, date of access, and the purpose for which the person is authorized to use the records. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.614</i>	
Record Types and Locations	A district shall provide parents on request a list of types and loca- tions of education records. 34 C.F.R. 300.616	
Parental Consent	Parental consent must be obtained before personally identifiable information is used for any purpose other than meeting a require- ment under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or dis- closed to anyone other than officials of agencies collecting or using this information. A district may not release information from these	

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	records without parental consent except as provided in FERPA. 34 C.F.R. 300.622				
Confidentiality	A district shall protect the confidentiality of personally identifiable information in collection, storage, disclosure, and destruction of records. One official in a district shall assume responsibility for ensuring confidentiality of personally identifiable information. All persons collecting or using this information shall receive training or instruction concerning the legal requirements involved in handling these records. A district shall maintain for public inspection a current listing of the names and positions of employees who may have access to this information. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.623</i>				
Information Destruction	A district shall inform parents when personally identifiable infor- mation collected, maintained, or used to provide special education and related services is no longer needed to provide educational services to the student. Such information shall be destroyed at the request of the parents.				
	A permanent record of the student's name, address, phone num- ber, grades, attendance record, classes attended, grade level com- pleted, and year completed may be maintained without time limita- tion.				
	34 C.F.R. 300.624				
Annual Notification of Rights	A district shall give parents of students in attendance and eligible students in attendance annual notification of their rights under FERPA.				
	The notice must inform parents or eligible students that they have the right to:				
	1. Inspect and review the student's education records;				
	<ol> <li>Seek amendment of the student's education records that the parent or eligible student believes to be inaccurate, mislead- ing, or otherwise in violation of the student's privacy rights;</li> </ol>				
	3. Consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that the Act and 34 C.F.R. 99.31 authorize disclosure without consent; and				
	<ol> <li>File with the U.S. ED a complaint under 34 C.F.R. 99.63 and 99.64 concerning alleged failures by the district to comply with the requirements of the Act and 34 C.F.R. Part 99.</li> </ol>				
	The notice must include all of the following:				

	1.	The procedure for exercising the right to inspect and review education records.			
	2.	The procedure for requesting amendment of records under 34 C.F.R. 99.20.			
	3.	If the district has a policy of disclosing education records un- der 34 C.F.R. 99.31(a)(1), a specification of criteria for deter- mining who constitutes a school official and what constitutes a legitimate educational interest.			
		strict may provide this notice by any means that are reasonably y to inform the parents or eligible students of their rights.			
	ents	A district shall effectively notify parents who are disabled and par- ents of students who have a primary or home language other than English.			
	20 L	J.S.C. 1232g(e); 34 C.F.R. 99.7			
Directory Information "Directory Information" Defined	tion harr inclu mail ance nize letic edu	ectory information" means information contained in an educa- record of a student that would not generally be considered inful or an invasion of privacy if disclosed. Directory information udes the student's name, address, telephone listing, electronic address, photograph, date and place of birth, dates of attend- e, grade level, enrollment status, participation in officially recog- id activities and sports, weight and height of members of ath- teams, honors and awards received, and the most recent cational agency or institution attended. "Directory information" is not include a student's:			
	1.	Social security number; or			
	2.	Student identification (ID) number, unless:			
		a. The student ID number, user ID number, or other unique personal identifier used by a student for purposes of accessing or communicating in electronic systems cannot be used to gain access to education records except when used in conjunction with one or more factors that authenticate the user's identity, such as a personal identification number (PIN), password, or other factor known or possessed only by the authorized user; or			
		b. The student ID number or other unique personal identi- fier that is displayed on a student ID badge cannot be used to gain access to education records except when used in conjunction with one or more factors that authen-			

ticate the user's identity, such as a PIN, password, or

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other factor known or possessed only by the authorized user.

34 C.F.R. 99.3

Disclosure of Directory Information	A district may release directory information if it has given public no- tice to parents of students in attendance and eligible students in at- tendance at the district of:			
	1.	The types of personally identifiable information that it has des- ignated as directory information.		
	2.	A parent's or eligible student's right to refuse to let the district designate any or all of those types of information about the student as directory information.		
	3.	The period of time within which the parent has to notify the district in writing that he or she does not want any or all of those types of information about the student designated as directory information.		
Restrictions on the Right of Refusal	out disc ider den wea that mat	arent or eligible student may not use the right of refusal to opt of directory information disclosures to prevent a district from closing or requiring a student to disclose the student's name, ntifier, or institutional email address in a class in which the stu- t is enrolled or to prevent a district from requiring a student to ar, to display publicly, or to disclose a student ID card or badge exhibits information that may be designated as directory infor- tion and that has been properly designated by the district as di- ory information in the public notice provided under this section.		
Former Students	with dist disc	strict may disclose directory information about former students nout satisfying the public notice conditions above. However, the rict must continue to honor any valid request to opt out of the closure of directory information made while a student was in at- dance unless the student rescinds the opt-out request.		
Confirmation of Identity or Records	mee stuc is u	strict may not disclose or confirm directory information without eting the written consent requirements in 34 C.F.R. 99.30 if a dent's social security number or other non-directory information sed alone or combined with other data elements to identify or o identify the student or the student's records.		
	34 (	C.F.R. 99.3, .37		
Homeless Students	trea	rmation about a homeless child's living situation shall be ted as a student education record, and shall not be deemed to directory information. <i>42 U.S.C. 11432(g)(3)(G)</i>		

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Directory Information Designation	A district may designate as directory information any or all infor- mation defined as directory information by FERPA. Directory infor- mation under that Act that is not designated by a district as direc- tory information for that district is excepted from disclosure by the district under Government Code Chapter 552. [See GBA]			
	Directory information consented to by a parent for use only for a limited school-sponsored purpose, such as for a student directory, student yearbook, or district publication, if any such purpose has been designated by a district, remains otherwise confidential and may not be released under Government Code Chapter 552.			
Annual Notice	A district shall provide the following to the parent of each district student, at the beginning of each school year or on enrollment of the student after the beginning of the school year:			
	1.	A written explanation of the provisions of FERPA regarding the release of directory information about the student; and		
	2.	Written notice of the right of the parent to object to the release of directory information about the student under FERPA.		
Contents T		The notice must contain:		
	1.	The following statement in boldface type that is 14-point or larger: "Certain information about district students is consid- ered directory information and will be released to anyone who follows the procedures for requesting the information unless the parent or guardian objects to the release of the directory information about this student. If you do not want [insert name of district] to disclose directory information from your child's education records without your prior written consent, you must notify the district in writing by [insert date]. [Insert name of district] has designated the following information as direc- tory information: [Here the district must include any directory information it chooses to designate as directory information for the district, such as a student's name, address, telephone listing, electronic mail address, photograph, degrees, honors, and awards received, date and place of birth, major field of study, dates of attendance, grade level, most recent educa- tion institution attended, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, and the weight and height of members of athletic teams.]";		
	2.	A form, such as a check-off list or similar mechanism, that:		
		a. Immediately follows, on the same page or the next page, the required statement; and		
		b. Allows a parent to record:		

	(1)	The parent's objection to the release of all directory information or one or more specific categories of di- rectory information if district policy permits the par- ent to object to one or more specific categories of directory information;
	(2)	The parent's objection to the release of a second- ary student's name, address, and telephone num- ber to a military recruiter or institution of higher edu- cation; and
	(3)	The parent's consent to the release of one or more specific categories of directory information for a lim- ited school-sponsored purpose if such purpose has been designated by the district and is specifically identified, such as for a student directory, student yearbook, or district publication; and
	tance un 1965 to educatio number the distri	nent that federal law requires districts receiving assis- inder the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of provide a military recruiter or an institution of higher on, on request, with the name, address, or telephone of a secondary student unless the parent has advised ict that the parent does not want the student's infor- lisclosed without the parent's prior written consent.
	Education Co	de 26.013
Student Recruiting Information	district receivi Education Act a military recr secondary sc	ng the Directory Information provisions above, each ing assistance under the Elementary and Secondary t of 1965 (ESEA) shall provide, on a request made by uiter or an institution of higher education, access to hool students' names, addresses, and telephone list- student's parent has submitted the prior consent re-
Consent to Release	ondary schoo that the stude leased for pur Upon receivin dent's name, without the pr	b has attained 18 years of age or a parent of a sec- I student may submit a written request to a district ent's name, address, and telephone listing not be re- rposes described above without prior written consent. In g such request, a district may not release the stu- address, and telephone listing for such purposes ior written consent of the parent or student. A district arents of the option to make a request.
No Opt-In Process	•	s provision shall be construed to allow a district to ess to a student's name, address, and telephone list-

	ing from a military recruiter or institution of higher education plementing an opt-in process or any other process other that written consent request process above.			
	20 (	U.S.C. 7908		
	A di	strict shall:		
	1.	Provide to military recruiters the same access to secondary school students as is provided generally to postsecondary ed- ucational institutions or to prospective employers of those stu- dents; and		
	2.	Upon a request made by military recruiters for military recruit- ing purposes, provide access to secondary school student names, addresses, electronic mail addresses (which shall be the electronic mail addresses provided by the school, if avail- able), and telephone listings, notwithstanding directory infor- mation requirements in FERPA [see above].		
	dist	strict shall notify parents of their right to submit a request to the rict that the student's name, address, electronic mail address, telephone listing not be released.		
	10 (	U.S.C. 503(c)(1)(A)–(B) [See also GKC]		
Videotapes and Recordings	ent vide	A district employee must obtain the written consent of a child's par- ent before the employee may make or authorize the making of a videotape of a child or record or authorize the recording of a child's voice.		
Exceptions	pare thor	strict employee is not required to obtain the consent of a child's ent before the employee may make a videotape of a child or au- rize the recording of a child's voice if the videotape or voice re- ding is to be used only for:		
	1.	The purposes of safety, including the maintenance of order and discipline in common areas of the school or on school buses;		
	2.	A purpose related to a cocurricular or extracurricular activity;		
	3.	A purpose related to regular classroom instruction;		
	4.	Media coverage of the school; or		
	5.	A purpose related to the promotion of student safety under Education Code 29.022.		
	Edu	ication Code 26.009 [See EHA, EHBAF, FM, and FO]		

Denton ISD 061901			
STUDENT RECORDS			FL (LOCAL)
Comprehensive System	syst scho proc as a a sa	em o ool pr edure llowe fe an	erintendent shall develop and maintain a comprehensive f student records and reports dealing with all facets of the ogram operation and shall ensure through reasonable es that records are accessed by authorized persons only, d by this policy. These data and records shall be stored in d secure manner and shall be conveniently retrievable for uthorized school officials.
Cumulative Record	tran	cumulative record shall be maintained for each student from en- nce into District schools until withdrawal or graduation from the strict.	
	be n tion taine may	nainta or wi ed for be d	rd shall move with the student from school to school and ained at the school where currently enrolled until gradua- thdrawal. Records for nonenrolled students shall be re- the period of time required by law. No permanent records estroyed without explicit permission from the Superinten- e CPC]
Custodian of Records	dent who avai addi	The principal is custodian of all records for currently enrolled stu- dents. The Superintendent is the custodian of records for students who have withdrawn or graduated. The student handbook made available to all students and parents shall contain a listing of the addresses of District schools, as well as the Superintendent's busi- ness address.	
Types of Education Records		The record custodian shall be responsible for the education rec- ords of the District. These records may include:	
	1.		nissions data, personal and family data, including certifica- of date of birth.
	2.		ndardized test data, including intelligence, aptitude, inter- personality, and social adjustment ratings.
	3.		chievement records, as determined by tests, recorded les, and teacher evaluations.
	4.	any any	locumentation regarding a student's testing history and accelerated instruction he or she has received, including documentation of discussion or action by an accelerated ning committee convened for the student.
	5.	Неа	Ith services record, including:
		a.	The results of any tuberculin tests required by the Dis- trict.
		b.	The findings of screening or health appraisal programs the District conducts or provides. [See FFAA]

C.	Immunization records.	[See FFAB]
υ.		

- 6. Attendance records.
- 7. Student questionnaires.
- 8. Records of teacher, school counselor, or administrative conferences with the student or pertaining to the student.
- 9. Verified reports of serious or recurrent behavior patterns.
- 10. Copies of correspondence with parents and others concerned with the student.
- 11. Records transferred from other districts in which the student was enrolled.
- 12. Records pertaining to participation in extracurricular activities.
- 13. Information relating to student participation in special programs.
- 14. Records of fees assessed and paid.
- 15. Records pertaining to student and parent complaints.
- 16. Other records that may contribute to an understanding of the student.
- Access by Parents The District shall make a student's records available to the student's parents, as permitted by law. The records custodian or designee shall use reasonable procedures to verify the requester's identity before disclosing student records containing personally identifiable information.

Records may be reviewed in person during regular school hours without charge upon written request to the records custodian. For in-person viewing, the records custodian or designee shall be available to explain the record and to answer questions. The confidential nature of the student's records shall be maintained at all times, and records to be viewed shall be restricted to use only in the Superintendent's, principal's, or school counselor's office, or other restricted area designated by the records custodian. The original copy of the record or any document contained in the cumulative record shall not be removed from the school.

Copies of records are available at a per copy cost, payable in advance. Copies of records must be requested in writing. Parents may be denied copies of records if they fail to follow proper procedures or pay the copying charge. If the student qualifies for free or

Denton ISD 061901 STUDENT RECORDS		FL (LOCAL)
	ords	uced-price lunches and the parents are unable to view the rec- s during regular school hours, upon written request of a parent, copy of the record shall be provided at no charge.
	und year	arent may continue to have access to his or her child's records er specific circumstances after the student has attained 18 rs of age or is attending an institution of postsecondary educa- . [See FL(LEGAL)]
Access by School Officials		chool official shall be allowed access to student records if he or has a legitimate educational interest in the records.
	For	the purposes of this policy, "school officials" shall include:
	1.	An employee, Board member, or agent of the District, includ- ing an attorney, a consultant, a contractor, a volunteer, a school resource officer, and any outside service provider used by the District to perform institutional services.
	2.	An employee of a cooperative of which the District is a mem- ber or of a facility with which the District contracts for place- ment of students with disabilities.
	3.	A contractor retained by a cooperative of which the District is a member or by a facility with which the District contracts for placement of students with disabilities.
	4.	A parent or student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks.
	5.	A person appointed to serve on a team to support the Dis- trict's safe and supportive school program.
	rule	contractors provided with student records shall follow the same s as employees concerning privacy of the records and shall re- the records upon completion of the assignment.
		chool official has a "legitimate educational interest" in a stu- t's records when he or she is:
	1.	Working with the student;
	2.	Considering disciplinary or academic actions, the student's case, or an individualized education program for a student with disabilities;
	3.	Compiling statistical data;
	4.	Reviewing an education record to fulfill the official's profes- sional responsibility; or

	5. Investigating or evaluating programs.				
Transcripts and Transfers of Records	The District may request transcripts from previously attended schools for students transferring into District schools; however, the ultimate responsibility for obtaining transcripts from sending schools rests with the parent or student, if 18 or older.				
	For purposes of a student's enrollment or transfer, the District promptly forward in accordance with the timeline provided in la education records upon request to officials of other schools or school systems in which the student intends to enroll or enroll [See FD(LEGAL), Required Documentation] The District may turn an education record to the school identified as the source the record.	aw s. re-			
Records Responsibility for Students in Special	The executive director of special education shall be responsib ensuring the confidentiality of any personally identifiable infor- mation in records of students in special education.				
Education	A current listing of names and positions of persons who have cess to records of students in special education is maintained 815 Cross Timbers Street, Denton, TX 76205.				
Procedure to Amend Records	Within 15 District business days of the record custodian's rece a request to amend records, the District shall notify the parent writing of its decision on the request and, if the request is deni of their right to a hearing. If a hearing is requested, it shall be within ten District business days after the request is received.	is in ied,			
	Parents shall be notified in advance of the date, time, and place the hearing. An administrator who is not responsible for the contested records and who does not have a direct interest in the of come of the hearing shall conduct the hearing. The parents shall be given a full and fair opportunity to present evidence and, at own expense, may be assisted or represented at the hearing.	on- out- nall			
	The parents shall be notified of the decision in writing within tere District business days of the hearing. The decision shall be bar solely on the evidence presented at the hearing and shall inclu- summary of the evidence and reasons for the decision. If the or sion is to deny the request, the parents shall be informed that have 30 District business days within which to exercise their ri- to place in the record a statement commenting on the contest formation and/or stating any reason for disagreeing with the D trict's decision.	ased ude a deci- they ight ed in-			
Directory Information	Directory information for District students has been classified two separate categories:	into			
	1. Items for use only for school-sponsored purposes; and				
DATE ISSUED: 10/13/20	021	4 of 5			

- 2. Items for all other purposes.
- School-Sponsored Purposes For the following school-sponsored purposes—all school publications, activities, and announcements—directory information shall include student name, address, telephone listing, electronic mail address, photograph, date of birth, major field of study, honors and awards received, dates of attendance, grade level, most recent educational institution attended, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, and enrollment status.
- All Other Purposes For all other purposes, directory information shall include student name.

# STUDENT ACTIVITIES

#### FM (LEGAL)

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Denton ISD 061901	
STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
UIL Rules and District Policies	A student enrolled in a district or who participates in an extracurric- ular activity or a University Interscholastic League (UIL) competi- tion is subject to district policy and UIL rules regarding participation only when the student is under the direct supervision of an em- ployee of the school or district in which the student is enrolled or at any other time specified by resolution of a board. <i>Education Code</i> <i>33.081(b)</i> [See FO regarding additional standards of conduct for extracurricular activities]
Athletic Activities UIL Forms	Each student participating in an extracurricular athletic activity must complete the UIL forms entitled "Preparticipation Physical Evaluation—Medical History" and "Acknowledgement of Rules." Each form must be signed by both the student and the student's parent or guardian. <i>Education Code 33.203(a)</i>
Notices	Each school that offers an extracurricular athletic activity shall:
	<ol> <li>Prominently display at its administrative offices the telephone number and electronic mail address that the commissioner of education maintains for reporting violations of Education Code Chapter 33, Subchapter F; and</li> </ol>
	2. Provide each student participant and the student's parent or guardian a copy of the text of Education Code 33.201–33.207 and a copy of the UIL's parent information manual. The document may be provided in an electronic format unless otherwise requested.
	Education Code 33.207(b), .208
Records	A superintendent shall maintain complete and accurate records of the district's compliance and the district shall make available to the public proof of compliance for each person enrolled in the district who is required to receive safety training.
	A campus that is determined by the superintendent to be out of compliance with the safety training requirements or the require- ments regarding unsafe practices and safety precautions (see be- low) shall be subject to the range of penalties determined by the UIL.
	Education Code 33.206
Unsafe Practices	A coach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity may not encourage or permit a student participant to engage in any unreasonably dangerous athletic technique that unnecessarily en- dangers the health of a student, including using a helmet or any other sports equipment as a weapon. <i>Education Code 33.204</i>

Safety Precautions	A coach, trainer, or sponsor for an extracurricular athletic activity shall at each athletic practice or competition ensure that:				
	1. Each student participant is adequately hydrated;				
	2. Any prescribed asthma medication for a student participant is readily available to the student;				
	3. Emergency lanes providing access to the practice or competi- tion area are open and clear; and				
	4. Heatstroke prevention materials are readily available.				
	If a student participating in a practice or competition becomes un- conscious during the activity, the student may not:				
	<ol> <li>Return to the activity during which the student became uncon- scious; or</li> </ol>				
	2. Participate in any extracurricular athletic activity until the stu- dent receives written authorization for such participation from a physician.				
	Education Code 33.205				
Concussions	"Interscholastic athletic activity" includes practice and competition, sponsored or sanctioned by a district, including a home-rule dis- trict, or a public school, including any school for which a charter has been granted under Education Code Chapter 12, or the UIL. <i>Education Code 38.152</i>				
	"Concussion" means a complex pathophysiological process affect- ing the brain caused by a traumatic physical force or impact to the head or body, which may include temporary or prolonged altered brain function resulting in physical, cognitive, or emotional symp- toms or altered sleep patterns, and involve loss of consciousness. <i>Education Code 38.151(4)</i>				
Concussion Oversight Team	The board of a district with students enrolled who participate in an interscholastic athletic activity shall appoint or approve a concussion oversight team. <i>Education Code 38.153(a)</i>				
	Each concussion oversight team must include at least one physi- cian and, to the greatest extent practicable, considering factors in- cluding the population of the metropolitan statistical area in which the district is located, district enrollment, and the availability of and access to licensed health-care professionals in the district or char- ter school area, must also include one or more of the following: an athletic trainer, an advanced practice nurse, a neuropsychologist, or a physician assistant. If a district employs an athletic trainer, the athletic trainer must be a member of the concussion oversight				

	team. If a district employs a school nurse, the school nurse may be a member of the district concussion oversight team if requested by the school nurse.	
	Each member of the concussion oversight team must have had training in the evaluation, treatment, and oversight of concussions at the time of appointment or approval as a member of the team. The members also must take a training course at least once every two years and submit proof of timely completion to the superinten- dent or designee in accordance with Education Code 38.158.	
	Education Code 38.154, .158	
Return-to-Play Protocol	Each concussion oversight team shall establish a return-to-play protocol, based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, for a stu- dent's return to interscholastic athletics practice or competition fol- lowing the force or impact believed to have caused a concussion. <i>Education Code 38.153(b)</i>	
Required Annual Form	A student may not participate in an interscholastic athletic activity for a school year until both the student and the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student have signed a form for that school year that acknowledges receiving and reading written information that explains concussion prevention, symptoms, treatment, and over- sight and that includes guidelines for safely resuming participation in an athletic activity following a concussion. The form must be ap- proved by the UIL. <i>Education Code 38.155</i>	
Removal from Play	A student shall be removed from an interscholastic athletics prac- tice or competition immediately if one of the following persons be- lieves the student might have sustained a concussion during the practice or competition: a coach; a physician; a licensed health- care professional, as defined by Education Code 38.151(5); a li- censed chiropractor; a school nurse; or the student's parent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student. <i>Education Code 38.156</i>	
Return to Play	A student removed from an interscholastic athletics practice or competition under Education Code 38.156 may not be permitted to practice or compete again following the force or impact believed to have caused the concussion until:	
	<ol> <li>The student has been evaluated, using established medical protocols based on peer-reviewed scientific evidence, by a treating physician chosen by the student or the student's par- ent or guardian or another person with legal authority to make medical decisions for the student;</li> </ol>	

2.	the r	student has successfully completed each requirement of eturn-to-play protocol established under Education Code 53 necessary for the student to return to play;
3.	catin	treating physician has provided a written statement indi- ng that, in the physician's professional judgment, it is safe ne student to return to play; and
4.	pers stud the r the s cian ance supe	student and the student's parent or guardian or another on with legal authority to make medical decisions for the ent have acknowledged that the student has completed requirements of the return-to-play protocol necessary for student to return to play, have provided the treating physi- 's written statement to the person responsible for compli- e with the return-to-play protocol and the person who has ervisory responsibilities, and have signed a consent form eating that the person signing:
	a.	Has been informed concerning and consents to the stu- dent participating in returning to play in accordance with the return-to-play protocol;
	b.	Understands the risks associated with the student re- turning to play and will comply with any ongoing require- ments in the return-to-play protocol;
	C.	Consents to the disclosure to appropriate persons, con- sistent with the Health Insurance Portability and Ac- countability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, of the treating physician's written statement and, if any, the re- turn-to-play recommendations of the treating physician; and
	d.	Understands the immunity provisions under Education Code 38.159.
		of an interscholastic athletics team may not authorize a return to play.
or of prote	her p col.	rintendent or designee shall supervise an athletic trainer erson responsible for compliance with the return-to-play The person who has supervisory responsibilities may not th of an interscholastic athletics team.

Education Code 38.157

*Immunity* These provisions do not:

1. Waive any immunity from liability of a district or of district officers or employees;

<ul> <li>Create any liability for a cause of action against a district or against district officers or employees;</li> <li>Waive any immunity from liability under Civil Practice and Remedies Code 74.151; or</li> <li>Create any cause of action or liability for a member of a concussion oversight team arising from the injury or death of a student participating in an interscholastic athletics practice or competition, based on service or participation on the concussion oversight team.</li> <li>Education Code 38.159</li> <li>Football Helmet Safety Requirements</li> <li>A district may not use a football helmet that is 16 years old or older in the district's football program. A district shall ensure that each football helmet used in the district's football program that is 10 years old or older is reconditioned at least once every two years.</li> <li>A district shall maintain and make available to parents of students enrolled in the district football program and the dates on which each helmet is reconditioned.</li> <li>Education Code 33.094(a)–(c)</li> <li>Steroid Testing</li> <li>The UIL shall adopt rules for the annual administration of a steroid testing program under which high school students participating in an athletic competition sponsored or sanctioned by the league are tested at multiple times throughout the year for the presence of steroids [see FNF].</li> <li>Results of such steroid tests are confidential and, unless required by court order, may be disclosed only to the student.</li> <li>Education Code 33.091(d)–(e)</li> <li>A district must provide a district student who is required under UIL rule or policy to receive a physical examination before being allowed to participate in an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL, information about sudden cariac arrest and electrocardiogram testing and notification of an electrocardiogram from any health-care professional provided through a district program, provided that the health-care professional is</li></ul>			
Remedies Code 74.151; or         4. Create any cause of action or liability for a member of a concussion oversight team arising from the injury or death of a student participating in an interscholastic athletics practice or competition, based on service or participation on the concussion oversight team.         Education Code 38.159         Football Helmet         Safety         Requirements         A district may not use a football helmet that is 16 years old or older in the distric's football program. A district shall ensure that each football helmet used in the distric's football program that is 10 years old or older is reconditioned at least once every two years.         A district shall maintain and make available to parents of students enrolled in the district's football program and the dates on which each helmet is reconditioned.         Education Code 33.094(a)-(c)         Steroid Testing         The UIL shall adopt rules for the annual administration of a steroid testing program under which high school students participating in an athletic competition sponsored or sanctioned by the league are tested at multiple times throughout the year for the presence of steroids [see FNF].         Results of such steroid tests are confidential and, unless required by court order, may be disclosed only to the student and the student's parent and the activity directors, principal, and assistant principals of the school attended by the student.         Education Code 33.091(d)-(e)         Cardiac         Assessment         A district must provide a district student who is required under UIL rule or policy		2.	
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		prof	essional, including a health-care professional provided through

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	terp sco	priately licensed in Texas and authorized to administer and in- ret electrocardiograms under the health-care professional's pe of practice, as establish by the health-care professional's as licensing act.
Immunity	star cau scril	se provisions do not create a cause of action or liability or a dard of care, obligation, or duty that provides a basis for a se of action or liability against a health-care professional de- bed in the provision, the UIL, a district, or a district officer or bloyee for:
	1.	The injury or death of a student participating in or practicing for an athletic activity sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL based on or in connection with the administration or interpre- tation of or reliance on an electrocardiogram; or
	2.	The content or distribution of the information required under these provisions or the failure to distribute the required information.
	Edu	cation Code 33.096
Rodeos	spo	s section applies only to a primary or secondary school that nsors, promotes, or otherwise is associated with a rodeo in ch children who attend the school are likely to participate.
	whe	deo" means an exhibition or competition, without regard to other the participants are compensated, involving activities re- d to cowboy skills, including:
	1.	Riding a horse, with or without a saddle, with the goal of re- maining on the horse while it attempts to throw off the rider;
	2.	Riding a bull;
	3.	Roping an animal, including roping as part of a team;
	4.	Wrestling a steer; and
	5.	Riding a horse in a pattern around preset barrels or other ob- stacles.
Educational Program	befo year ing ipat 104	imary or secondary school to which this section applies shall, ore the first rodeo associated with the school in each school r, conduct a mandatory educational program on safety, includ- the proper use of protective gear, for children planning to partic- e in the rodeo, in accordance with 25 Administrative Code .4. The educational program may consist of an instructional to, subject to the Department of State Health Services ap- val.

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Restriction on Participation	A child may not participate in a rodeo associated with the child's school during a school year unless the child has completed the educational program not more than one year before the first day of the rodeo.
Protective Gear for Bull Riding	A child may not engage in bull riding, including engaging in bull rid- ing outside a rodeo for the purpose of practicing bull riding, unless the child is wearing a protective vest and bull riding helmet in ac- cordance with 25 Administrative Code 104.3.
	Health and Safety Code 768.001(6), .003; 25 TAC 104.2–.4
Eligibility	A student otherwise eligible to participate in an extracurricular ac- tivity or a UIL competition is not ineligible because the student is enrolled in a course offered for joint high school and college credit, or in a course offered under a concurrent enrollment program, re- gardless of the location at which the course is provided. <i>Education</i> <i>Code 33.087</i>
Military Dependents	The district shall facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines, to the extent they are otherwise qualified. <i>Education Code 162.002 art. VI, § B</i> [See FDD]
Attendance and Participation	The State Board of Education (SBOE) by rule shall limit participa- tion in and practice for extracurricular activities during the school day and the school week.
	The board of a district may adopt a policy establishing the number of times a student who is otherwise eligible to participate in an ex- tracurricular activity may be absent from class to participate in an extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by the district, UIL, or an organization sanctioned by board resolution. The policy must permit a student to be absent from class at least ten times during the school year, and the policy prevails over any conflicting policy adopted by the SBOE.
	Education Code 33.081(a), .0811
SBOE Rules	The following provisions apply to any UIL activity.
	Other organizations requiring student participation that causes a student to miss a class may request sanction from a board. If sanctioned by resolution of the board, student participation in the organization's activities shall be subject to all provisions of statute and to 19 Administration Code 76.1001. If a board does not grant sanction, any absences incurred by a student while participating with that organization's activities shall be subject to the attendance provisions of the Education Code. <i>19 TAC 76.1001(f)</i> [See FEB]

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Extracurricular Activities	An extracurricular activity is an activity sponsored by the UIL, a board, or an organization sanctioned by board resolution. The activity is not necessarily directly related to instruction of the essential knowledge and skills but may have an indirect relation to some areas of the curriculum.			
	form In a	Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to, public per- formances, contests, demonstrations, displays, and club activities. In addition, an activity is subject to this policy if any one of the fol- lowing criteria applies:		
	1.	The activity is competitive;		
	2.	The activity is held in conjunction with another activity that is considered extracurricular;		
	3.	The activity is held off-campus, except in a case in which ade- quate facilities do not exist on campus;		
	4.	The general public is invited; or		
	5.	An admission is charged.		
Exceptions Public Performances	A student ineligible to participate in an extracurricular activity, but who is enrolled in a state-approved course that requires demon- stration of the mastery of the essential knowledge and skills in a public performance, may participate in the performance if:			
	1.	The general public is invited; and		
	2.	The requirement for student participation in public is stated in the essential knowledge and skills of the course.		
State-Approved Music Courses	A student ineligible to participate in an extracurricular activity, but who is enrolled in a state-approved music course that participates in UIL Concert and Sight-Reading Evaluation, may perform with the ensemble during the UIL evaluation performance.			
	19 TAC 76.1001(a)			
Limits on Participation and	Limitations on practice, rehearsal, and student participation during the school week shall be as follows:			
Practice During the School Week	1.	For any given extracurricular activity, a student may not par- ticipate in more than one activity per school week, excluding holidays, except as provided in item 2, below.		
	2.	A student may also participate in a tournament or post-district contest, as well as a contest postponed by weather or public disaster that may determine advancement to a post-district level of competition.		

	3.	For each extracurricular activity, a district must limit students to a maximum of eight hours of practice and rehearsal outside the school day per school week.		
	4.	The commissioner recommends that districts avoid schedul- ing extracurricular activities or public performances on the day or evening immediately preceding the day on which the statewide student assessment program is scheduled for grades 3–11.		
	19 TAC 76.1001(d); Education Code 33.081(a)			
During the School Day	Limitations on practice and rehearsal during the school day shall be as follows:			
	1.	A district must limit a student to one period of practice during the regularly scheduled school day for practice of extracurric- ular activities, such as athletics, drill team, or cheerleading.		
	2.	The limit in item 1 does not prohibit a student from enrolling in any state-approved class. A student who is enrolled in a state- approved class that includes essential knowledge and skills that relate to the preparation for an extracurricular activity may practice that extracurricular activity for no more than one period during the school day.		
	3.	A student may not be permitted to miss a scheduled aca- demic class to practice for an unrelated extracurricular activ- ity.		
	4.	A district must limit extracurricular practice during the school day to ensure that class periods for extracurricular practice do not exceed the time allotted for other class periods.		
	5.	Regardless of the schedule type in place (traditional or non- traditional), a school may elect to practice extracurricular ac- tivities daily, provided the total minutes allowed for the extra- curricular practice is not greater than 300 minutes during the school week.		
	19 TAC 76.1001(e); Education Code 33.081(a)			
Record of Absences	send	strict shall maintain an accurate record of extracurricular ab- ces for each student in the district each school year. <i>19 TAC</i> 1001(c)		
Students Receiving Outpatient Mental Health Services	in U serv or of	strict may not adopt or enforce policies that restrict participation IL activities by a student who receives outpatient mental health rices from a mental health facility and is enrolled in the district therwise receives public education services from a district ed solely on the student's receipt of outpatient mental health		
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	services from a mental health facility or the student's absence dur- ing instructional time while receiving outpatient mental health ser- vices from a mental health facility.				
	This provision does not exempt a student to whom this section ap- plies from any eligibility requirement for participation in UIL activi- ties other than an eligibility requirement based solely on the criteria of receipt of outpatient mental health services from a mental health facility.				
	Education Code 33.0832(c)–(d)				
Participation by Homeschooled Students	A public school that participates in an activity sponsored by UIL may provide a non-enrolled student, who otherwise meets UIL eli- gibility standards to represent that school in a UIL activity, with the opportunity to participate in the activity on behalf of the school in the same manner that the school provides the opportunity to partic- ipate to students enrolled in the school.				
	"Non-enrolled student" means a student who receives instruction as a homeschooled student as described by Education Code 29.916(a)(1) from a nonpublic school [see EK].				
Relevant Policies	A non-enrolled student who seeks to participate or participates in a UIL activity on behalf of a school is subject to the following relevant policies that apply to students enrolled in the school:				
	1. Registration for UIL activities;				
	2. Age eligibility;				
	3. Fees;				
	4. Insurance;				
	5. Transportation;				
	6. Physical condition;				
	7. Qualifications;				
	8. Responsibilities;				
	9. Event schedules;				
	10. Standards of behavior; and				
	11. Performance.				
Residency Requirements	A non-enrolled student may only participate in a UIL activity for the school in the district that the student would be eligible to attend based on the student's residential address. A non-enrolled student who seeks to participate in a UIL activity on behalf of a school shall				

#### STUDENT ACTIVITIES

be required to establish minimum proof of residency acceptable to the district in the same manner as an applicant to attend a school in the district under Education Code 25.001 [see FD].

Academic The parent or person standing in parental relation to a non-enrolled Requirements student is responsible for oversight of academic standards relating to the student's participation in a UIL activity. As a condition of eligibility to participate in a UIL activity during the first six weeks of a school year, a non-enrolled student must demonstrate grade-level academic proficiency on any nationally recognized, norm-referenced assessment instrument, such as the lowa Test of Basic Skills, Stanford Achievement Test, California Achievement Test, or Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills. A non-enrolled student demonstrates the required academic proficiency by achieving a composite, core, or survey score that is within the average or higher than average range of scores, as established by the applicable testing service. A district shall accept assessment results administered or reported by a third party.

> A non-enrolled student's demonstration of academic proficiency is sufficient for the school year in which the student achieves the required score and the subsequent school year.

After the first six weeks of a school year, the parent or person standing in parental relation to a non-enrolled student participating in a UIL activity on behalf of a public school must periodically, in accordance with the school's grading calendar, provide written verification to the school indicating that the student is receiving a passing grade in each course or subject being taught.

PreviousA non-enrolled student is not authorized by this section to partici-<br/>pate in a UIL activity during the remainder of any school year dur-<br/>ing which the student was previously enrolled in a public school.

*Prohibitions* With respect to a non-enrolled student's education program, nothing in these provisions shall be construed to permit an agency of this state, a public school district, or any other governmental body to exercise control, regulatory authority, or supervision over a nonenrolled student or a parent or person standing in parental relation to a non-enrolled student beyond the control, regulatory authority, or supervision required to participate in a UIL activity.

> Subject only to eligibility requirements, the curriculum or assessment requirements, performance standards, practices, or creed of the education program provided to a non-enrolled student may not be required to be changed in order for the non-enrolled student to participate in a UIL activity. Subject only to eligibility requirements, for a non-enrolled student participating in an education program on January 1, 2021, the education program provided to that student

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STUDENT ACTIVITIES	FM (LEGAL)
	may not be required to comply with any state law or agency rule re- lating to that education program unless the law or rule was in effect on January 1, 2021.
	Education Code 33.0832
Suspension from Extracurricular Activities	A student shall be suspended from participation in any extracurric- ular activity sponsored or sanctioned by a district or the UIL after a grade evaluation period in which the student received a grade lower than the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100 in any academic class other than a course described below at Exempt Courses.
Length of Suspension	A suspension continues for at least three school weeks and is not removed during the school year until the conditions of Reinstate- ment, described below, are met. A suspension shall not last beyond the end of a school year.
Grade Evaluation	"Grade evaluation period" means:
Period	1. The six-week grade reporting period; or
	<ol> <li>The first six weeks of a semester and each grade reporting period thereafter, in the case of a district with a grade report- ing period longer than six weeks.</li> </ol>
	Education Code 33.081(c)
School Week	The school week is defined as beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the first instructional day of the calendar week and ending at the close of instruction on the last instructional day of the calendar week, excluding holidays. <i>19 TAC 76.1001(b)</i>
Exempt Courses	The suspension and reinstatement provisions of Education Code 33.081(c) and (d) do not apply to an advanced placement or inter- national baccalaureate course, or to an honors or dual credit course in the subject areas of English language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, economics, or a language other than Eng- lish. <i>Education Code 33.081(d-1)</i>
	Honors classes for purposes of eligibility to participate in extracur- ricular activities are listed at 19 Administrative Code 74.30(a).
	Districts may identify additional honors courses in the subject ar- eas of English language arts, mathematics, science, social studies, or a language other than English for the purposes of extracurricular eligibility but must identify such courses before the semester in which any exemptions related to extracurricular activities occur.

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	Districts are neither required to nor restricted from considering courses as honors for the purpose of grade point average calcula-tion.
	19 TAC 74.30
Students with Disabilities	In the case of a student with a disability that significantly interferes with the student's ability to meet regular academic standards, suspension must be based on the student's failure to meet the requirements of the student's individualized education program (IEP). The determination of whether the disability substantially interferes with the student's ability to meet the requirements of the student's IEP must be made by the admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) committee.
	For the purposes of this provision, "student with a disability" means a student who is eligible for a district's special education program under Education Code 29.003(b).
	Education Code 33.081(e)
Practice or Rehearsal	A student suspended under Education Code 33.081 may practice or rehearse with other students for an extracurricular activity but may not participate in a competition or other public performance. This provision does not apply to a student prohibited from partici- pation for certain conduct involving extracurricular officials [see be- low]. <i>Education Code</i> 33.081(f)
Reinstatement	Until the suspension is removed or the school year ends, a district shall review the grades of a student at the end of each three-week period following the date on which the suspension began. At the time of a review, the suspension is removed if the student's grade in each class, other than a course described above at Exempt Courses, is equal to or greater than the equivalent of 70 on a scale of 100. The principal and each of the student's grades. <i>Education Code</i> $33.081(d)$
Suspension for Certain Conduct Involving Extracurricular Officials	A student who is enrolled in a district in Texas or who participates in a UIL competition shall be prohibited from participation in any fu- ture extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by the district or the UIL if the state executive committee of the league deter- mines that the student intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes bodily injury to a person serving as referee, judge, or other official of an extracurricular activity in retaliation for or as a result of the person's actions taken in performing the duties of a referee, judge, or other official of the extracurricular activity.

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Reinstatement After Conduct	A student prohibited from participation may submit to the UIL a re- quest that the student be permitted to participate in future extracur- ricular activities sponsored or sanctioned by the UIL. The request must be submitted at least one year after the date the student en- gaged in the conduct that resulted in the prohibition if the student was enrolled in eighth grade or below at the time of the conduct or two years after the date the student engaged in the conduct that resulted in the prohibition if the student was enrolled in ninth grade or above at the time of the conduct.
	Education Code 33.081(e-1)–(e-2)
Parental Notice and Consent	A parent is entitled to full information regarding the school activities of a parent's child except as provided by Education Code 38.004 (child abuse investigations). <i>Education Code 26.008(a)</i>
Anonymous Evaluations	Anonymous evaluations of a student that determine whether the student may participate in a school-related program do not provide full information about the student's school activities. A district may by policy establish the parameters for parental contact with evaluating teachers, taking into account the type of evaluation, the information elicited in the evaluation, and scheduling and workload requirements of the teachers. <u>Byard v. Clear Creek Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , <i>Tex. Comm'r of Educ. Decision No. 020-R5-1001 (June 17, 2002)</i>
Videotaping and Recording	A district employee is not required to obtain the consent of a child's parent before the employee may videotape the child or record the child's voice if the videotape or recording is to be used only for a purpose related to a cocurricular or extracurricular activity. <i>Educa-tion Code 26.009(b)(2)</i>
Discriminatory Club	An extracurricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by a district, in- cluding an athletic event or an athletic team practice, may not take place at an athletic club located in the United States that denies any person full and equal enjoyment of equipment or facilities pro- vided by the athletic club because of the person's race, color, reli- gion, creed, national origin, or sex.
	"Athletic club" means an entity that provides sports or exercise equipment or facilities to its customers or members or to the guests of its customers or members.
	Education Code 33.082
Special Olympics Recognition	If a district allows high school students to earn a letter for aca- demic, athletic, or extracurricular achievements, the district must allow high school students to earn a letter on the basis of a stu- dent's participation in a Special Olympics event. <i>Education Code</i> <i>33.093</i>

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Student Election Clerks	Unless applied toward instructional requirements [see EIA], a stu- dent who is appointed as a student election clerk under Election Code 32.0511 or as a student early voting clerk under Election Code 83.012, may apply the time served toward a service require- ment for participation in a school-sponsored extracurricular activity at the discretion of the school sponsor. <i>Education Code 33.092</i>
Before-School and After-School Programs	The board may establish before-school or after-school programs for students enrolled in elementary or middle school grades. A pro- gram established under this section may operate before, after, or before and after school hours.
	A student is eligible to participate in the district's before-school or after-school program if the student is enrolled in a public or private school or resides within the boundaries of the district.
	A district shall conduct a request for proposals procurement pro- cess to enable the district to determine if contracting with a child- care facility that provides a before-school or after-school program, as defined by Human Resources Code 42.002, to provide the dis- trict's before-school or after-school program would serve the dis- trict's best interests. Following the request for proposals procure- ment process, the district may enter into a contract with a child- care facility or implement a before-school or after-school program operated by the district. If the district enters into a contract with a child-care facility, the contract must comply with the requirements of Education Code 44.031 and may not exceed a term of three years.
	The board may adopt rules in accordance with Education Code 11.165 [see BAA] to provide access to school campuses before or after school hours for the purpose of providing a before-school or after-school program.

Education Code 33.9031

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STUDENT CONDUCT TOBACCO USE AND PC	DSSE	SSION	FNCD (LEGAL)
Use or Possession by Students	A board shall prohibit students from smoking, using, or possessing e-cigarettes or tobacco products at a school-related or school- sanctioned activity on or off school property.		
	simu or el divic othe troni scrip	igarette" means an electronic cigarette or any othe lates smoking by using a mechanical heating elem ectronic circuit to deliver nicotine or other substand lual inhaling from the device or a consumable liquid r material aerosolized or vaporized during the use c cigarette or other device. The term does not inclu- bition medical device unrelated to the cessation of s "e-cigarette" includes:	nent, battery, ces to the in- d solution or of an elec- ude a pre-
	1.	A device regardless of whether it is manufactured or sold as an e-cigarette, e-cigar, or e-pipe or und product name or description; and	
	2.	A component, part, or accessory for the device, rewhether the component, part, or accessory is sold from the device.	•
	Hea	lth and Safety Code 161.081(1-a)	
Enforcement		board shall ensure that district personnel enforce t chool property. <i>Education Code</i> 38.006 [See DH a	•

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STUDENT CONDUCT WEAPONS	FNCG (LEGAL)
Possession of Weapons Expulsion Offense	A student shall be expelled from school if the student engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of unlawfully carrying weapons under Penal Code 46.02, or elements of an offense relating to prohibited weapons under Penal Code 46.05, on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property. <i>Education Code 37.007(a)(1)</i> [See also FOD]
Exception	A student may not be expelled solely on the basis of the student's use, exhibition, or possession of a firearm that occurs:
	<ol> <li>At an approved target range facility that is not located on a school campus; and</li> </ol>
	2. While participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity that is sponsored or supported by the Parks and Wild-life Department or a shooting sports sanctioning organization working with the department.
	This section does not authorize a student to bring a firearm on school property to participate in or prepare for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity.
	Education Code 37.007(k)
Federal Firearms Provision Expulsion Offense	In accordance with the Gun-Free Schools Act, a district shall expel a student who brings a firearm, as defined by federal law, to school. The student must be expelled from the student's regular campus for a period of at least one year, except that the superin- tendent may modify in writing the length of expulsion in the case of an individual student.
"School" Defined	For expulsion under this provision, "school" means any setting that is under the control and supervision of a district for the purpose of student activities approved and authorized by the district.
	20 U.S.C. 7961; Education Code 37.007(e) [See FOD]
Exception	This provision shall not apply to a firearm that is lawfully stored in- side a locked vehicle on school property, or if it is for activities ap- proved and authorized by the district and the district adopts appro- priate safeguards to ensure student safety. <i>20 U.S.C.</i> 7961(g) [See also DH and GKA]
Unlawful Carrying of	A person commits an offense if the person:
Weapons Handgun	<ol> <li>Intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly carries on or about his or her person a handgun;</li> </ol>

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STUDENT CONDUCT WEAPONS			FNCG (LEGAL)	
	2.	has	ne time of the offense is younger than 21 years of age or been convicted of certain offenses described in Penal le 46.02(a); and	
	3.	pers	ot on the person's own premises or premises under the son's control; or inside of or directly en route to a motor ve- e that is owned by the person or under the person's con-	
	Per	nal Co	ode 46.02(a)	
Location-Restricted	Ape	erson	commits an offense if the person:	
Knife	1.	Intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly carries on or about his or her person a location-restricted knife;		
	2.	ls y	ounger than 18 years of age at the time; and	
	3.	ls n	ot:	
		a.	On the person's own premises or premises under the person's control;	
		b.	Inside of or directly en route to a motor vehicle that is owned by the person or under the person's control; or	
		C.	Under the direct supervision of a parent or legal guard- ian of the person.	
	Per	nal Co	de 46.02(a-4)	
Additional Handgun Offenses	A person commits an offense if the person carries a handgun in vi- olation of Penal Code 46.02(a-5)–(a-7). <i>Penal Code 46.02</i>			
Definitions <i>Firearm</i>	sigr mea thro buri	ned, n ans a ough a ning s	bases of state law, "handgun" means any firearm that is de- nade, or adapted to be fired with one hand. A "firearm" ny device designed, made, or adapted to expel a projectile a barrel by using the energy generated by an explosion or substance or any device readily convertible to that use. adde $46.01(3), (5)$	
Location- Restricted Knife			n-restricted knife" means a knife with a blade over 5-1/2 Penal Code 46.01(6)	
Prohibited Weapons	son	inten	enal Code 46.05, a person commits an offense if the per- tionally or knowingly possesses, manufactures, trans- pairs, or sells:	
	1.	nad	explosive weapon (any explosive or incendiary bomb, gre- e, rocket, or mine that is designed, made, or adapted for purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury, death, or sub-	

#### STUDENT CONDUCT WEAPONS

FNCG (LEGAL)

stantial property damage, or for the principal purpose of causing such a loud report as to cause undue public alarm or terror, and includes a device designed, made, or adapted for delivery or shooting an explosive weapon). *Penal Code* 46.01(2)

- 2. A machine gun (any firearm that is capable of shooting more than two shots automatically, without manual reloading, by a single function of the trigger). *Penal Code 46.01(9)*
- 3. A short-barrel firearm (rifle with a barrel length of less than 16 inches or a shotgun with a barrel length of less than 18 inches, or any weapon made from a rifle or shotgun that, as altered, has an overall length of less than 26 inches). *Penal Code 46.01(10)*
- 4. Armor-piercing ammunition (handgun ammunition that is designed primarily for the purpose of penetrating metal or body armor and to be used primarily in pistols and revolvers). *Penal Code* 46.01(12)
- 5. A chemical dispensing device (a device, other than a small chemical dispenser sold commercially for personal protection, that is designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of dispensing a chemical capable of causing an adverse psychological or physiological effect on a human being). *Penal Code* 46.01(14)
- 6. A zip gun (a device or combination of devices that was not originally a firearm and is adapted to expel a projectile through a smooth-bore or rifled-bore barrel by using the energy generated by an explosion or burning substance). *Penal Code 46.01(16)*
- 7. A tire deflation device (a device, including a caltrop or spike strip, that, when driven over, impedes or stops the movement of a wheeled vehicle by puncturing one or more of the vehicle's tires; it does not include a traffic control device that is designed to puncture one or more of a vehicle's tires when driven over in a specific direction, and has a clearly visible sign posted in close proximity to the traffic control device that prohibits entry or warns motor vehicle operators of the traffic control device). *Penal Code* 46.01(17)
- 8. An improvised explosive device (a completed and operational bomb designed to cause serious bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage that is fabricated in an improvised manner using nonmilitary components. It does not include unassembled components that can be legally purchased and possessed without a license, permit, or other governmental

STUDENT CONDUCT WEAPONS FNCG (LEGAL)

approval; or an exploding target that is used for firearms practice, sold in kit form, and contains the components of a binary explosive. *Penal Code 46.01(19)* 

A person does not commit an offense if an item is listed at items 1– 3, above, and is registered in the National Firearms Registration and Transfer Record maintained by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives or otherwise not subject to that registration requirement or unless the item is classified as a curio or relic by the United States Department of Justice.

Penal Code 46.05(a)

Denton ISD 061901		
STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIESFNGSTUDENT AND PARENT COMPLAINTS/GRIEVANCES(LEGAL		
United States Constitution	A district shall take no action abridging the freedom of spe the right of the people to petition the board for redress of grievances. U.S. Const. Amend. I, XIV [See FNA]	ech or
	A board may confine its meetings to specified subject mat may hold nonpublic sessions to transact business. But wh board sits in public meetings to conduct public business a the views of citizens, it may not discriminate between spea the basis of the content of their speech or the message it of <u>Rosenberger v. Rector &amp; Visitors of Univ. of Virginia</u> , 515 ( 828 (1995); <u>City of Madison v. Wis. Emp. Rel. Comm'n</u> , 42 167, 174 (1976); <u>Pickering v. Bd. of Educ.</u> , 391 U.S. 563, 5 (1968)	en a nd hear akers on conveys. <i>J.S. 819,</i> 29 <i>U.S.</i>
Texas Constitution	Citizens shall have the right, in a peaceable manner, to as together for their common good and to apply to those inverte powers of government for redress of grievances or oth poses, by petition, address, or remonstrance. <i>Tex. Const. Sec. 27</i>	sted with er pur-
	There is no requirement that a board negotiate or even re- complaints. However, a board must stop, look, and listen a consider the petition, address, or remonstrance. <u>Prof'l Ass</u> <u>lege Educators v. El Paso County Cmty. [College] Dist.</u> , 67 S.W.2d 94 (Tex. App.—El Paso 1984, writ ref'd n.r.e.)	and must and f Col-
Federal Laws Section 504	A district that receives federal financial assistance, directly rectly, and that employs 15 or more persons shall adopt ge procedures that incorporate appropriate due process standard that provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of plaints alleging any action prohibited by Section 504 of the bilitation Act of 1973. <i>34 C.F.R. 104.7(b)</i>	rievance dards f com-
Americans with Disabilities Act	A district that employs 50 or more persons shall adopt and grievance procedures providing for prompt and equitable of complaints alleging any action that would be prohibited Code of Federal Regulations, Title 28, Part 35 (Americans abilities Act regulations). <i>28 C.F.R. 35.107</i>	esolution by the
Title IX	A district that receives federal financial assistance, directly rectly, must adopt and publish grievance procedures provi prompt and equitable resolution of student complaints alle action prohibited by Title IX of the Education Amendments <i>34 C.F.R. 106.8(b)</i> [See FB and FFH]	ding for ging any
Education Code Chapter 26	Parents are partners with educators, administrators, and t in their children's education. Parents shall be encouraged tively participate in creating and implementing educational grams for their children. <i>Education Code 26.001(a)</i>	to ac-

	edu	ess otherwise provided by law, a board, an administrator, an cator, or other person may not limit parental rights. <i>Education le 26.001(c)</i>
"Parent" Defined	"par not i been cess law, catio cise bilitin Fam to bo	purposes of Education Code Chapter 26 (Parental Rights), ent" includes a person standing in parental relation, but does include a person as to whom the parent-child relationship has in terminated or a person not entitled to possession of or ac- s to a child under a court order. Except as provided by federal all rights of a parent under Education Code Title 2 and all edu- onal rights under Family Code 151.001(a)(10) shall be exer- d by a student who is 18 years of age or older or whose disa- es of minority have been removed for general purposes under hily Code Chapter 31, unless the student has been determined e incompetent or the student's rights have been otherwise re- ted by a court order. <i>Education Code 26.002</i>
Complaint Procedures		pard shall provide for procedures to consider complaints that a ent's right has been denied. <i>Education Code 26.001(d)</i>
	shal	bard shall adopt a grievance procedure under which the board I address each complaint that it receives concerning a violation right guaranteed by Education Code Chapter 26 (Parental hts).
	Cod plair in ar right does with a su	board is not required by the provision above or Education e 11.1511(b)(13) (requiring adoption of a process to hear com- nts) to address a complaint concerning a student's participation n extracurricular activity that does not involve a violation of a t guaranteed by Education Code Chapter 26. This provision is not affect a claim brought by a parent under the Individuals Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. Section 1400 et seq.) or accessor federal statute addressing special education services a child with a disability.
	Edu	cation Code 26.011
Parental Rights	Pare	ental rights listed in Education Code Chapter 26 are:
	1.	Rights concerning academic programs. <i>Education Code</i> 26.003 [See EHA, EIF, FDB, and FMH]
	2.	Access to student records. Education Code 26.004 [See FL]
	3.	Access to state assessments. <i>Education Code 26.005</i> [See EKB]
	4.	Access to teaching materials and test results, and observation of virtual instruction. <i>Education Code 26.006</i> [See EF and EKB]

	5.	Access to board meetings, other than a closed meeting under the Open Meetings Act. <i>Education Code 26.007</i> [See BE and BEC]
	6.	Right to full information concerning a student. <i>Education Code 26.008</i> [See DF, FFE, and FM]
	7.	Right to information concerning special education and educa- tion of students with learning disabilities. <i>Education Code</i> <i>26.0081</i> [See FB]
	8.	Requests for public information. <i>Education Code 26.0085</i> [See GBA]
	9.	Consent required for certain activities. <i>Education Code</i> 26.009 [See EHA, FFE, FL, FM, and FO]
	10.	Refusal of psychiatric or psychological treatment of child as basis for report of neglect. <i>Education Code 26.0091</i> [See FFG]
	11.	Exemption from instruction. <i>Education Code 26.010</i> [See EMB]
Right to Attend School Activities	of a cludi	ss limited by court order, a parent appointed as a conservator child has at all times the right to attend school activities, in- ng school lunches, performances, and field trips. <i>Family Code</i> $073(a)(6)$
Objection to School Assignment	may writte boar	parent or person standing in parental relation to any student object to the student's school assignment. Upon receiving a en petition to request or object to a student's assignment, a d shall follow the procedures set forth at Education Code 34. <i>Education Code 25.033(2), .034</i> [See FDB]
Challenge to Education Records	portu ucati the r	strict shall give a parent or eligible student, on request, an op- unity for a hearing to challenge the content of the student's ed- ion records on the grounds that the information contained in ecords is inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the privacy s of the student. <i>34 C.F.R. 99.21</i> [See FL]
Denial of Class Credit or Final Grade	tenda	student is denied credit or a final grade for a class by an at- ance committee, the student may appeal the decision to the d. <i>Education Code 25.092(d)</i> [See FEC]
Complaints Against Professional Employees	trict u	rson may not file suit against a professional employee of a dis- unless the person has exhausted the district's remedies for re- ng the complaint. <i>Education Code 22.0514</i>
	"Prof	fessional employee of a district" includes:

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	1.	A superintendent, principal, teacher, including a substitute teacher, supervisor, social worker, school counselor, nurse, and teacher's aide employed by a district;
	2.	A teacher employed by a company that contracts with a dis- trict to provide the teacher's services to the district;
	3.	A student in an education preparation program participating in a field experience or internship;
	4.	A DPS-certified school bus driver;
	5.	A member of the board; and
	6.	Any other person whose employment by a district requires certification and the exercise of discretion.
	Educ	cation Code 22.051(a)
Finality of Grades	final error	xamination or course grade issued by a classroom teacher is and may not be changed unless the grade is arbitrary, neous, or not consistent with a district's grading policy icable to the grade, as determined by the board.
	does	ard's determination is not subject to appeal. This provision not prohibit an appeal related to a student's eligibility to par- ate in extracurricular activities under Education Code 33.081. FM]
	Educ	cation Code 28.0214
Public Information Requests	matio Code com	strict that receives a request from a parent for public infor- on relating to the parent's child shall comply with Government e Chapter 552 (Public Information Act). A district shall also ply with the deadlines and provisions set forth at Education e 26.0085. <i>Gov't Code Ch. 552; Education Code 26.0085</i>
Closed Meeting	com	ard may conduct a closed meeting on a parent or student plaint to the extent required or provided by law. <i>Gov't Code Ch. Subch. D</i> [See BEC]
Record of Proceedings	shall distri troni	ppeal of a board's decision to the commissioner of education be decided based on a review of the record developed at the ict level. "Record" includes, at a minimum, an audible elec- c recording or written transcript of all oral testimony or argu- t. <i>Education Code 7.057(c), (f)</i>
	the p prese issue	a district's responsibility to make and preserve the records of proceedings before the board. If a district fails to create and erve the record without good cause, all substantial evidence es that require missing portions of the record for resolution be deemed against the district. The record shall include:
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	<ol> <li>A tape recording or a transcript of the hearing at the local level. If a tape recording is used:</li> </ol>
	a. The tape recording must be complete, audible, and clear; and
	b. Each speaker must be clearly identified.
	2. All evidence admitted;
	3. All offers of proof;
	4. All written pleadings, motions, and intermediate rulings;
	5. A description of matters officially noticed;
	6. If applicable, the decision of the hearing examiner;
	7. A tape recording or transcript of the oral argument before the board; and
	8. The decision of the board.
	19 TAC 157.1073(d)
Disruption	It is a criminal offense for a person, with intent to prevent or disrupt a lawful meeting, to substantially obstruct or interfere with the ordi- nary conduct of a meeting by physical action or verbal utterance and thereby curtail the exercise of others' First Amendment rights. <i>Penal Code 42.05; Morehead v. State, 807 S.W. 2d 577 (Tex. Crim.</i> <i>App. 1991)</i>
	<b>Note:</b> See EHBAB for provisions concerning students with dis- abilities; see the FO series for provisions concerning stu- dent discipline; see FL for provisions concerning student records.

Denton ISD 061901				
STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISC	IPLIN	ARY	ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	FOC (LEGAL)
Removal Under Student Code of Conduct	The Student Code of Conduct must specify conditions that author- ize or require a principal or other appropriate administrator to trans- fer a student to a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP). <i>Education Code</i> $37.001(a)(2)$			
Mandatory Placement in DAEP	A student shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the student engages in conduct described in Education Code 37.006 that requires placement. <i>Education Code 37.006</i>			
School-Related Misconduct	A student shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the student engages in conduct involving a public school that contains the elements of the offense of false alarm or report under Penal Code 42.06, or terroristic threat under Penal Code 22.07.			contains
	A student shall also be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the student commits the following on or within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or school-re- lated activity on or off school property:			f school property
	1.	Eng	ages in conduct punishable as a felony.	
	2.	2. Engages in conduct that contains the elements der Penal Code 22.01(a)(1).		sault, un-
	3.		s, gives, or delivers to another person or possess under the influence of:	es, uses,
		a.	Marijuana or a controlled substance, as defined Texas Controlled Substances Act, Health and S Code Chapter 481, or by 21 U.S.C. 801, et seq.	afety
		b.	A dangerous drug, as defined by the Texas Dan Drug Act, Health and Safety Code Chapter 483.	
4.		Sells, gives, or delivers to another person an alcoholic age, as defined by Alcoholic Beverage Code 1.04, or of a serious act or offense while under the influence of all or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of an alcoholeverage.		commits alcohol,
	5.	relat	ages in conduct that contains the elements of an ing to an abusable volatile chemical under Healt ty Code 485.031 through 485.034.	
	6.	•	ages in conduct that contains the elements of the ublic lewdness under Penal Code 21.07.	e offense
	7.	•	ages in conduct that contains the elements of the decent exposure under Penal Code 21.08.	offense

	8.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of harassment under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1), (2), (3), or (7) against an employee of the district.		
	Education Code 37.006(a)			
Exception	the	Removal to a DAEP for school-related misconduct is not required if the student is expelled for the same conduct. <i>Education Code</i> 37.006( <i>m</i> )		
Retaliation	Except where a student engages in retaliatory acts against a dis- trict employee for which expulsion is mandatory [see FOD], a stu- dent shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the stu- dent engages in conduct on or off school property containing the elements of retaliation under Penal Code 36.06, against any school employee. <i>Education Code 37.006(b)</i>			
Conduct Unrelated to School	mo\ ring	ddition to the circumstances listed above, a student shall be reved from class and placed in a DAEP based on conduct occur- off campus and while the student is not in attendance at a ool-sponsored or school-related activity if:		
	1.	The student receives deferred prosecution under Family Code 53.03 for conduct defined as a felony offense in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03;		
	2.	A court or jury finds that the student has engaged in delin- quent conduct under Family Code 54.03 for conduct defined as a felony offense in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03; or		
	3.	The superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief that the student has engaged in conduct defined as a felony of- fense in Penal Code Title 5 or the felony offense of aggra- vated robbery under Penal Code 29.03.		
	Edu	cation Code 37.006(c)		
Reasonable Belief	In determining whether there is a reasonable belief that a student has engaged in conduct defined as a felony offense, a superinten- dent or a superintendent's designee may consider all available in- formation and must consider the information furnished under Code of Criminal Procedure Article 15.27 other than information re- quested under Code of Criminal Procedure Article 15.27(k-1). Edu- cation Code 37.006(e); Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27(a) [See GRAA]			
Title 5 Felonies	The following are felony offenses listed in Penal Code, Title 5, Offenses Against the Person.			

- 1. Murder. *Penal Code 19.02*
- 2. Capital Murder. Penal Code 19.03
- 3. Manslaughter. *Penal Code 19.04*
- 4. Criminally Negligent Homicide. *Penal Code 19.05*
- 5. Unlawful Restraint, if:
  - a. The person restrained was younger than 17 years of age; or
  - b. The actor recklessly exposes the victim to a substantial risk of serious bodily injury; restrains an individual the actor knows is a public servant while the public servant is lawfully discharging an official duty or in retaliation or on account of an exercise of official power or performance of an official duty; or while in custody restrains any other person. *Penal Code 20.02*
- 6. Kidnapping. *Penal Code 20.03*
- 7. Aggravated Kidnapping. Penal Code 20.04
- 8. Smuggling of Persons. Penal Code 20.05
- 9. Continuous Smuggling of Persons. Penal Code 20.06
- 10. Trafficking of Persons. Penal Code 20A.02
- 11. Continuous Trafficking of Persons. Penal Code 20A.03
- 12. Continuous Sexual Abuse of Young Child or Disabled Individual. *Penal Code 21.02*
- 13. Bestiality. Penal Code 21.09
- 14. Indecency with a Child. Penal Code 21.11
- 15. Improper Relationship between Educator and Student. *Penal Code 21.12*
- 16. Invasive Visual Recording. Penal Code 21.15
- 17. Unlawful Disclosure or Promotion of Intimate Visual Material. *Penal Code 21.16*
- 18. Voyeurism, if the victim was younger than 14 years of age at the time of the offense. *Penal Code 21.17*
- 19. Sexual Coercion. Penal Code 21.18
- 20. Assault, if the offense is punishable as a felony. *Penal Code* 22.01

21	Sexual Assault. Penal Code 22.011
ZI.	Sexual Assault. Penal Code 22.011

- 22. Aggravated Assault. Penal Code 22.02
- 23. Aggravated Sexual Assault. Penal Code 22.021
- 24. Injury to a Child, Elderly Individual, or Disabled Individual. *Penal Code* 22.04
- 25. Abandoning or Endangering a Child. *Penal Code* 22.041
- 26. Deadly Conduct, if the person knowingly discharges a firearm at or in the direction of one or more individuals, or at or in the direction of a habitation, building, or vehicle and is reckless as to whether the habitation, building, or vehicle is occupied. *Penal Code 22.05*
- 27. Terroristic Threat, if the actor threatens to commit any offense involving violence to any person or property with intent to:
  - Place any person in fear of imminent serious bodily injury if the actor knows the person is a peace officer or judge;
  - b. Prevent or interrupt the occupation or use of a building, room, place of assembly, place to which the public has access, place of employment or occupation, aircraft, automobile, or other form of conveyance, or other public place if the prevention or interruption causes pecuniary loss of \$1,500 or more to the owner;
  - c. Cause impairment or interruption of public communications, public transportation, public water, gas, or power supply or other public service;
  - d. Place the public or a substantial group of the public in fear of serious bodily injury; or
  - e. Influence the conduct or activities of a branch or agency of the federal government, the state, or a political subdivision. *Penal Code 22.07*
- 28. Aiding Suicide, if the conduct causes suicide or attempted suicide that results in serious bodily injury. *Penal Code* 22.08
- 29. Tampering with Consumer Product. Penal Code 22.09
- 30. Harassment by Persons in Certain Facilities or of Public Servant. *Penal Code 22.11*

Sexual Assault of A student shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP or ju-Another Student venile justice alternative education program (JJAEP) if:

	1.	The student was convicted of, received adjudication for, or was placed on probation for sexual assault of another student who was a young child or disabled individual while the stu- dents were assigned to the same campus, regardless of whether the assault occurred on or off school property;	
	2.	The parent of the victim of the assault has requested that the student be transferred to a campus other than that to which the victim is assigned; and	
	3.	There is only one campus in a district serving the grade level in which the student is enrolled.	
		<i>ucation Code 25.0341, 37.0051(a)</i> [See FDE at Sexual Assault nsfer—Transfer of Assailant]	
	of p	nitation imposed by Education Code Chapter 37 on the length lacement in a DAEP or a JJAEP does not apply to a placement er this provision. <i>Education Code 37.0051(b)</i>	
Permissive Removal Non-Title 5 Felony	A student may be removed from class and placed in a DAEP based on conduct occurring off campus and while the student is not in at- tendance at a school-sponsored or school-related activity if:		
	1.	The superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief [see Reasonable Belief, above] that the student has engaged in conduct defined as a felony offense other than aggravated robbery under Penal Code 29.03, or those offenses listed in Penal Code Title 5 [see above at Title 5 Felonies]; and	
	2.	The continued presence of the student in the regular class- room threatens the safety of other students or teachers or will be detrimental to the educational process.	
	Edι	ication Code 37.006(d)–(e)	
Bullying		udent may be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the dent:	
	1.	Engages in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide;	
	2.	Incites violence against a student through group bullying; or	
	3.	Releases or threatens to release intimate visual material of a minor or student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.	
		hing in this provision exempts a school from reporting a finding ntimate visual material of a minor.	

Definitions Bullying	"Bullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]
Intimate Visual Material	"Intimate visual material" has the meaning assigned by Civil Prac- tice and Remedies Code 98B.001.
	Education Code 37.0052
One Year After Conduct	A principal or other appropriate administrator may, but is not re- quired to, remove a student to a DAEP for off-campus conduct, for which removal would otherwise be required, if the principal or other appropriate administrator did not have knowledge of the conduct before the first anniversary of the date the conduct occurred. <i>Edu-</i> <i>cation Code</i> 37.006( <i>n</i> )
Certain Organization and Gang Membership and Solicitation	A board or an educator shall recommend placing in DAEP any stu- dent who commits the misdemeanor offenses described in Educa- tion Code 37.121(a) and (c), regarding membership in or solicita- tion to join a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang [see FNCC]. <i>Education Code 37.121(b)</i>
Older Students	A person who is 21 years of age or older and is admitted by a dis- trict for the purpose of completing the requirements for a diploma is not eligible for placement in a DAEP if the person engages in con- duct that would require or authorize such placement for a student under the age of 21. If the student engages in such conduct, the district shall revoke the student's admission. <i>Education Code</i> 25.001(b-1)
Placement of Younger Students	A student who is younger than ten shall be removed from class and placed in a DAEP if the student engages in conduct for which expulsion would be required by Section 37.007. <i>Education Code</i> 37.006(f), .007(e) [See FOD]
Students Younger Than Six	Notwithstanding any other provision of the Education Code, a stu- dent who is younger than six years of age may not be removed from class and placed in a DAEP, except that a student younger than six years of age who has been expelled pursuant to the Gun Free Schools Act [see FOD] shall be provided educational services in a DAEP. <i>Education Code 37.006(l), .007(e)(2)</i>
Process for Removal Conference	Not later than the third class day after a student is removed by a teacher or by the school principal or other appropriate administrator, the campus behavior coordinator (CBC) or other appropriate administrator shall schedule a conference among the CBC or other appropriate administrator, the student's parent or guardian, the teacher removing the student from class, if any, and the student. At the conference, the student is entitled to written or oral notice of the reasons for the removal, an explanation of the basis for the re-

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISC	CIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	FOC (LEGAL)
	moval, and an opportunity to respond to the reasons for the moval. The student may not be returned to the regular claing the conference.	
Mitigating Factors	Before ordering removal to a DAEP, the CBC must conside whether the student acted in self-defense, the intent or lace tent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, the st disciplinary history, and whether the student has a disabilit substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct, regardless of whet decision of the behavior coordinator concerns a mandator cretionary action.	ck of in- tudent's ity that the ther the
Order	Following the conference, and whether or not each requers son is in attendance after valid attempts to require the per- tendance, the CBC, after considering any mitigating facto Education Code 37.001(a)(4) [see FO], shall order the pla- of the student for a period consistent with the Student Cod Conduct.	rson's at- rs under acement
Appeal	If district policy allows a student to appeal to the board or board's designee a decision of the CBC or other appropria ministrator, the decision of the board or the board's design nal and may not be appealed.	ate ad-
	Education Code 37.009(a) [See Student Code of Conduct	t]
Term of Removal	The period of the placement after removal may not excee year unless, after a review, a district determines that the s a threat to the safety of other students or to district employ <i>ucation Code 37.009(a)</i>	student is
	A board or designee shall set a term for a student's place DAEP. If the period of placement is inconsistent with the g in the Student Code of Conduct, the order must give notic inconsistency. The period of placement in a DAEP may no one year unless, after a review, a district determines that dent is a threat to the safety of other students or to district ees or extended placement is in the best interest of the st <i>Education Code 37.009(d)</i>	guidelines the of the ot exceed the stu- t employ-
Beyond Grading Period or 60 Days	If placement in a DAEP is to extend beyond 60 days or the the next grading period, whichever is earlier, the student's or guardian is entitled to notice of and an opportunity to pa in a proceeding before a board or designee.	s parent

#### STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING

No Appeal	Any decision of a board or designee concerning placement beyond 60 days or the end of the next grading period is final and cannot be appealed.			
	Education Code 37.009(b)			
Beyond End of School Year	Before a student may be placed in a DAEP for a period that ex- tends beyond the end of the school year, a board or designee must determine that:			
	1. The student's presence in the regular classroom program or at the student's regular campus presents a danger of physical harm to the student or another individual; or			
	2. The student has engaged in serious or persistent misbehavior that violates the Student Code of Conduct.			
	Education Code 37.009(c)			
Order of Removal	A board or designee shall deliver to the student and the student's parent or guardian a copy of the order placing the student in a DAEP. <i>Education Code</i> 37.009(g)			
	Not later than the second business day after the date of the re- moval conference, a board or designee shall deliver a copy of the order placing the student in a DAEP and any information required under Family Code 52.04 to the authorized officer of the juvenile court in the county in which the juvenile resides. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.010(a)</i>			
Activities	The terms of a placement under Education Code 37.006 must pro- hibit the student from attending or participating in school-spon- sored or school-related activities. <i>Education Code</i> 37.006(g)			
	In addition to any notice required under Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27 [see GRAA], a principal or designee shall inform each educator who has responsibility for, or is under the direction and supervision of an educator who has responsibility for, the instruction of a student who has engaged in conduct for which DAEP placement must or may be ordered.			
	Each educator shall keep the information confidential from any per- son not entitled to the information, except that the educator may share the information with the student's parent or guardian as pro- vided by state or federal law. An educator's certificate may be sus- pended or revoked for intentional failure to keep such information confidential.			

Education Code 37.006(o)

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE PLACEMENT IN A DISC		NATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	FOC (LEGAL)
Completion of Proceedings Upon Withdrawal	If a student withdraws from a district before an order for placement in a DAEP is entered, the principal or board, as appropriate, may complete the proceedings and enter an order. If the student re-en- rolls in the district the same or subsequent school year, the district may enforce the order at that time except for any period of the placement that has been served by the student in another district that honored the order. If the principal or board fails to enter an or- der after the student withdraws, the next district in which the stu- dent enrolls may complete the proceedings and enter an order. <i>Ed- ucation Code 37.009(i)</i>		
Enrollment in Another District	If a student placed in a DAEP enrolls in another district before the expiration of the placement, a board shall provide to the district in which the student enrolls a copy of the placement order at the same time it provides other records. The district in which the student enrolls shall inform each educator who will have responsibility for, or will be under the direction and supervision of an educator who will have responsibility for, the instruction of the student of the contents of the placement order. Each educator shall keep the information confidential from any person not entitled to the information, except that the educator may share the information with the student's parent or guardian as provided by state or federal law. The district in which the student enrolls may continue the placement or allow the student to attend regular classes. [See FO] The district in which the student enrolls may take any of these actions if:		
	charter scho	was placed in a DAEP by an open-enr ool and the charter school provides the placement order; or	
	2. The student state and:	was placed in a DAEP by a district in a	another
	a. The ou order;	t-of-state district provides a copy of the and	placement
	•	ounds for placement are the same as g nent in the enrolling district.	rounds for
	Education Code	37.008(j)	
Out-of-State Placement	one year and the Education Code a riod of placement	placed in a DAEP in another state for m enrolling district continues the placeme 37.008(j), the enrolling district shall reduce so that the aggregate period does not he enrolling district determines that:	ent under uce the pe-

	1.	The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees; or
	2.	Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.
	Edu	cation Code 37.008(j-1)
Court-Ordered Placement	Unless a board and the juvenile board for the county in which a district's central administrative office is located have entered into a memorandum of understanding concerning the juvenile probation department's role in supervising and providing other support services for students in DAEP programs:	
	1.	A court may not order a student expelled under Section 37.007 to attend a school district DAEP as a condition of probation;
	2.	A court may not order a student to attend a DAEP without a district's consent, until the student has successfully completed any sentencing requirements, if the court has ordered the student to attend a DAEP as a condition of probation once during a school year and the student is referred to juvenile court again during that school year.
	Edu	cation Code 37.010(c)–(d)
School Activities	tend	court placement in a DAEP must prohibit the student from at- ing or participating in school-sponsored or school-related activ- . <i>Education Code 37.010(e)</i>
Placement After Court Disposition	After the student has successfully completed any court disposition requirements, including conditions of deferred prosecution or conditions required by the prosecutor or probation department, a district may not refuse to admit the student if the student meets the requirements for admission into the public schools. A district may place the student in the DAEP.	
	may supe	vithstanding Education Code 37.002(d) [see FOA], the student not be returned to the classroom of the teacher under whose ervision the offense occurred without that teacher's consent. teacher may not be coerced to consent.
	Edu	cation Code 37.010(f)
Not Guilty/ Insufficient Evidence/Charges Dropped	nate the s	office of the prosecuting attorney or the office or official desig- d by the juvenile board shall, within two working days, notify school district that removed a student to a DAEP under Educa- Code 37.006 if:

	1.	Prosecution of a student was refused for lack of prosecutorial merit or insufficient evidence, and no formal proceedings, deferred adjudication, or deferred prosecution will be initiated; or		
	2.	A court or jury found the student not guilty or made a finding the child did not engage in delinquent conduct or conduct indi- cating a need for supervision and the case was dismissed with prejudice.		
	view retur tend men class	eceipt of the notice, the superintendent or designee shall re- the student's placement in the DAEP. The student may not be ned to the regular classroom pending the review. The superin- ent or designee shall schedule a review of the student's place- t with the student's parent or guardian not later than the third s day after the superintendent or designee receives notice from office or official designated by the court.		
	After reviewing the notice and receiving information from the stu- dent's parent or guardian, the superintendent or designee may continue the student's placement in the DAEP if there is reason to believe that the presence of the student in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers.			
	Education Code 37.006(h); Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27			
Appeal After Placement Upheld	The student or the student's parent or guardian may appeal a superintendent's decision to the board. The student may not be re- turned to the regular classroom pending the appeal. A board sha at the next scheduled meeting, review the notice provided by the office of the prosecuting attorney or the office or official designate by the juvenile board; receive information from the student, the sident's parent or guardian, and the superintendent or designee; a confirm or reverse the superintendent's decision. The board shall make a record of the proceedings.			
	and com	board confirms the decision, the board shall inform the student the student's parent or guardian of the right to appeal to the missioner of education. The student may not be returned to the lar classroom pending the appeal to the commissioner.		
	Education Code 37.006(i)–(j)			
120-Day Review of Status	dent by a case dent ward tablis	ident placed in a DAEP shall be provided a review of the stu- 's status, including a review of the student's academic status, board's designee at intervals not to exceed 120 days. In the of a high school student, the board's designee, with the stu- 's parent or guardian, shall review the student's progress to- l meeting high school graduation requirements and shall es- sh a specific graduation plan for the student. The district is not ired to provide a course in the DAEP, except as required by		
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STUDENT DISCIPLINE	
PLACEMENT IN A DISCIPLINARY ALTERNATIVE EDUCATION SETTING	

	or the stu to presen room or c room of th teacher's	n Code 37.008(I). [See FOCA] At the review, the student dent's parent or guardian must be given the opportunity t arguments for the student's return to the regular class- ampus. The student may not be returned to the class- ne teacher who removed the student without that consent. The teacher may not be coerced to consent. <i>Ed-</i> <i>code 37.009(e)</i>
Additional Proceedings	If, during the term of placement, a student engages in additional conduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted and the principal or board, as appropriate, may enter an additional order. <i>Education Code 37.009(j)</i>	
Reporting	A district may include the number of students removed to a DAEP in its annual performance report. <i>Education Code 39.306(e)(5)</i> [See AIB]	
	Note:	See FOF for provisions concerning students with disabilities.

FOC (LEGAL)

Denton ISD 061901					
STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION		FOD (LEGAL)			
Students Younger Than Ten	A student younger than ten years of age shall not be expelled but shall be placed in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP). <i>Education Code 37.007(e)(2), (h)</i>				
Overage Students	A person who is 21 years of age or older and is admitted by a dis- trict for the purpose of completing the requirements for a diploma is not eligible for placement in a juvenile justice alternative education program (JJAEP) if the person engages in conduct that would re- quire or authorize such placement for a student under the age of 21. If the student engages in such conduct, a district shall revoke the student's admission. <i>Education Code 25.001(b-1)</i>				
Mandatory Expulsion School Related	A student shall be expelled if the student, on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off of school property:				
	1.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of unlawfully carrying weapons under Penal Code 46.02 or el- ements of an offense relating to prohibited weapons under Penal Code 46.05 [see FNCG];			
	2.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of aggravated assault, sexual assault, aggravated sexual as- sault, arson, murder, capital murder, criminal attempt to com- mit murder or capital murder, indecency with a child, aggra- vated kidnapping, aggravated robbery, manslaughter, criminally negligent homicide, or continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual, as those offenses are de- fined in the Penal Code; or			
	3.	Commits a drug- or alcohol-related offense described at Edu- cation Code 37.006(a)(2)(C) or (D), if that conduct is punisha- ble as a felony.			
	Education Code 37.007(a)				
Exception	A student may not be expelled solely on the basis of the student's use, exhibition, or possession of a firearm that occurs:				
	1.	At an approved target range facility that is not located on a school campus; and			
	2.	While participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity that is sponsored or supported by the Parks and Wild- life Department or a shooting sports sanctioning organization working with the department.			
	This section does not authorize a student to bring a firearm on school property to participate in or prepare for a school-sponsored				

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION	FOD (LEGAL)				
	shooting sports competition or a shooting sports educational activity.				
	Education Code 37.007(k), (l)				
Retaliation	A district shall expel a student who engages in conduct that con- tains the elements of any offense listed above against any district employee or volunteer in retaliation for or as a result of the per- son's employment or association with a district, without regard to whether the conduct occurs on or off school property or while at- tending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off of school property. <i>Education Code 37.007(d)</i>				
Federal Firearms Offense	In accordance with the Gun-Free Schools Act, a district shall expel a student who brings a firearm, as defined by federal law, to school. The student must be expelled from the student's regular campus for a period of at least one year, except that the superin- tendent may modify in writing the length of expulsion in the case of an individual student.				
Exception	This provision shall not apply to a firearm that is lawfully stored in- side a locked vehicle on school property, or if it is for activities ap- proved and authorized by the district and the district adopts appro- priate safeguards to ensure student safety. [See also GKA].				
Provision of Educational Services	A district or other local educational agency shall provide educa- tional services to an expelled student in a DAEP if the student is younger than ten years of age on the date of expulsion. A district or other local educational agency may provide educational services to an expelled student who is ten years of age or older in a DAEP.				
	20 U.S.C. 7961; Education Code 37.007(e)				
Definitions	For purposes of this provision:				
School	"School" means any setting that is under the control and supervi- sion of a district for the purpose of student activities approved and authorized by the district. 20 U.S.C. 7961(f)				
Firearm	"Firearm" means:				
	<ol> <li>Any weapon (including a starter gun), which will or is de- signed to or which may readily be converted to expel a projec- tile by the action of an explosive;</li> </ol>				
	2. The frame or receiver of any such weapon;				
	3. Any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or				
	4. Any destructive device. "Destructive device" means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas bomb, grenade, rocket hav-				

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		ing a ter o scrib a she parti- knov a pro and inch signe struc	a propellant charge of more than four ounces, missile hav- an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quar- unce, mine, or device similar to any of the preceding de- bed devices. It also means any type of weapon (other than otgun shell or a shotgun that is generally recognized as cularly suitable for sporting purposes) by whatever name on which will, or which may be readily converted to, expel ojectile by the action of an explosive or other propellant, which has any barrel with a bore of more than one-half in diameter; and any combination of parts either de- ed or intended for use in converting any device into a de- ctive device as described in this item, and from which a ructive device may be readily assembled.			
	18 L	18 U.S.C. 921, 20 U.S.C. 7961(b)(3)				
Discretionary Expulsion Threats	A student may be expelled if the student engages in conduct in- volving a public school that contains the elements of the offense of false alarm or report under Penal Code 42.06, or terroristic threat under Penal Code 22.07.					
School-Related Conduct	A student may be expelled if the student, while on or within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off of school property:					
	1.		s, gives, or delivers to another person, or possesses, s, or is under the influence of any amount of:			
		a.	Marijuana or a controlled substance, as defined by Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code, or by 21 U.S.C. section 801 et seq.; or			
		b.	A dangerous drug, as defined by Chapter 483, Health and Safety Code; or			
		C.	An alcoholic beverage, as defined by Section 1.04, Alcoholic Beverage Code.			
	2.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of an offer relating to an abusable volatile chemical under Health and Safety Code 485.031–485.034.				
	3.	Engages in conduct that contains the elements of an offer under Penal Code 22.01(a)(1) against a school district en ployee, or a volunteer as defined by Education Code 22.				
	4.	-	ages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense eadly conduct under Penal Code 22.05.			
	Education Code 37.007(b)(1)–(2)					

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Conduct Within 300 Feet of School	Subject to the mandatory expulsion requirement for retaliation, a student may be expelled if the student, while within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, engages in the following conduct:			
	<ol> <li>Any conduct for which expulsion would have been mandatory under Education Code 37.007(a) [see Mandatory Expulsion— School Related, above]; or</li> </ol>			
	<ol> <li>Possession of a firearm, as defined by 18 U.S.C. sec. 921 [see Federal Firearm Provision, above].</li> </ol>			
	Education Code 37.007(b)(3)			
Retaliation Against School Employee or Volunteer	A student may be expelled if the student engages in an assault, un- der Penal Code 22.01(a)(1), on an employee or volunteer in retali- ation for or as a result of the person's employment or association with a district, without regard to whether the conduct occurs on or off school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property. <i>Education Code</i> 37.007(d)			
Conduct Against Another Student	A student may be expelled if the student engages in conduct against another student that contains the elements of the offenses of aggravated assault, sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault, arson, murder, capital murder, criminal attempt to commit capital murder, or aggravated robbery, without regard to whether the con- duct occurs on or off of school property or while attending a school- sponsored or school-related activity on or off of school property. <i>Education Code 37.007(b)(4)</i>			
Bullying	A student may be removed from class and expelled if the student:			
	<ol> <li>Engages in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide;</li> </ol>			
	2. Incites violence against a student through group bullying; or			
	3. Releases or threatens to release intimate visual material of a minor or student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.			
	Nothing in this provision exempts a school from reporting a finding of intimate visual material of a minor.			
Definitions Bullying	"Bullying" has the meaning assigned by Education Code 37.0832. [See FFI]			
Intimate Visual Material	"Intimate visual material" has the meaning assigned by Civil Prac- tice and Remedies Code 98B.001.			
	Education Code 37.0052			

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION		FOD (LEGAL)		
Criminal Mischief	A district may use its discretion to expel a student who has en- gaged in conduct that contains the elements of criminal mischief, as defined in the Penal Code, if the conduct is punishable as a fel- ony. Regardless of whether the student is expelled, a district shall refer the student to the authorized officer of the juvenile court. <i>Edu-</i> <i>cation Code</i> 37.007( <i>f</i> )			
Breach of Computer Security	con	tudent may be expelled if the student engages in conduct that tains the elements of the offense of breach of computer security der Penal Code 33.02 if:		
	1.	The conduct involves accessing a computer, computer net- work, or computer system owned by or operated on behalf of a school district; and		
	2.	The student knowingly alters, damages, or deletes school dis- trict property or information; or commits a breach of any other computer, computer network, or computer system.		
	Education Code 37.007(b)(5)			
Serious Misbehavior in DAEP	mis	tudent placed in a DAEP who engages in documented serious behavior while on the DAEP campus despite documented be- rioral interventions may be removed from class and expelled.		
	"Serious misbehavior" means:			
	1.	<ol> <li>Deliberate violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others;</li> </ol>		
	2.	Extortion, meaning the gaining of money or other property by force or threat;		
	3.	Conduct that constitutes coercion, as defined by Penal Code 1.07; or		
	4.	Conduct that constitutes the offense of:		
		a. Public lewdness under Penal Code 21.07;		
		b. Indecent exposure under Penal Code 21.08;		
		c. Criminal mischief under Penal Code 28.03;		
		d. Personal hazing under Education Code 37.152; or		
		e. Harassment, under Penal Code 42.07(a)(1), of a student or district employee.		

## STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION

	If the student is expelled, a board or its designee shall refer the student to the authorized officer of the juvenile court for appropriate proceedings under Family Code Title 3 (Juvenile Justice Code).				
Property or Activities of Another District	Education Code 37.007(c), .010(b)				
	A district may expel a student who attends school in the district if:				
	<ol> <li>The student engages in conduct for which expulsion would have been mandatory if the conduct had occurred on district property or while attending a district-sponsored or district-re- lated activity; and</li> </ol>				
	2. The student engages in that conduct on the property of an- other district or while attending a school-sponsored or school- related activity of another district in this state.				
	Education Code 37.007(i)				
Expulsion Proceedings Due Process	Before a student may be expelled, a board or its designee shall provide the student a hearing at which the student is afforded appropriate due process as required by the federal constitution and which the student's parent or guardian is invited, in writing, to attend. <i>Education Code 37.009(f)</i>				
	The minimum procedural requirements necessary to satisfy due process depend upon the circumstances and the interests of the parties involved. Federal due process requires notice and some opportunity for hearing.				
Notice	The notice should contain a statement of the specific charges and grounds that, if proven, would justify expulsion. In some cases, the student should be given the names of the witnesses against him or her and an oral or written report on the facts to which each witness testifies.				
Hearing	The rights of the student may properly be determined upon the hearsay evidence of school administrators who investigate disciplinary infractions.				
	[See also Brewer v. Austin Indep. Sch. Dist., 779 F.2d 260 (5th Cir. 1985); Keough v. Tate County Bd. of Educ., 748 F.2d 1077 (5th Cir. 1984); McClain v. Lafayette County Sch. Bd. of Educ., 673 F.2d 106 (5th Cir. 1982); Tasby v. Estes, 643 F.2d 1103 (5th Cir. 1981); Boykins v. Fairfield Bd. of Educ., 492 F.2d 697 (5th Cir. 1974), cert. denied, 420 US 962 (1975); Dixon v. Alabama State Bd. of Educ., 294 F.2d 150 (5th Cir. 1961), cert. denied, 368 U.S. 930 (1961)]				
Representative	At the hearing, the student is entitled to be represented by the stu- dent's parent, guardian, or another adult who can provide guidance				

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	to the student and who is not an employee of the district. If a dis- trict makes a good-faith effort to inform the student and the stu- dent's parent or guardian of the time and place of the hearing, the district may hold the hearing regardless of whether the student, the student's parent or guardian, or another adult representing the stu- dent attends.		
Mitigating Factors	Before ordering the expulsion of a student, the board or the board's designee must consider whether the student acted in self-defense, the intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct, the student's disciplinary history, and whether the student has a disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct, regardless of whether the decision of the board concerns a mandatory or discretionary action. [See Student Code of Conduct, item 4, at FO(LE-GAL) for mitigating factors.]		
Appeal	If the decision to expel a student is made by the board's designee, the decision may be appealed to the board. The decision of the board may be appealed by trial de novo to a district court of the county in which the district's central administrative office is located.		
	Education Code 37.009(f)		
Term of Expulsion	If the period of expulsion is inconsistent with the guidelines on length of expulsion in the Student Code of Conduct, the order must give notice of the inconsistency.		
Beyond One Year	The period of expulsion may not exceed one year unless a district determines that:		
	<ol> <li>The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees; or</li> </ol>		
	2. Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.		
	Education Code 37.009(h)		
Notice of Expulsion Order To Parent or Guardian	A board or its designee shall deliver a copy of the order expelling the student to the student and the student's parent or guardian. Af- ter such notification, the parent or guardian shall provide adequate supervision for the student during the period of expulsion. <i>Educa-</i> <i>tion Code</i> $37.009(g)-(h)$		
To Court	Not later than the second business day after the date an expulsion hearing is held, a board or its designee shall deliver a copy of the expulsion order and any information required under Family Code 52.04 to the authorized officer of the juvenile court in the county in which the student resides.		

# STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION

	Family Code 52.04 requires the following information from a refer- ring entity that is not a law enforcement agency or has not taken the child into custody:
	<ol> <li>All information in a district's possession pertaining to the iden- tity of the child and the child's address; the name and address of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian; the names and addresses of any witnesses; and the child's present wherea- bouts; and</li> </ol>
	2. A complete statement of the circumstances of the alleged de- linquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision.
	Education Code 37.010(a); Family Code 52.04(a), .041(a)–(b)
To Juvenile Board	In a county that operates a JJAEP [see FODA], no student shall be expelled without written notification by a board or its designee to the juvenile board's designated representative. The notification shall be made not later than two business days following a board's determination that the student is to be expelled. Failure to timely notify the designated representative shall result in the child's duty to continue attending a district's educational program, which shall be provided to that child until such time as the notification to the designated representative is properly made. <i>Family Code 52.041</i>
To Staff	In addition to providing any notice required under Code of Criminal Procedure 15.27 [see GRA], a district shall inform each educator who has responsibility for, or is under the direction and supervision of an educator who has responsibility for, the instruction of a stu- dent who has engaged in expellable conduct.
	Each educator shall keep the information confidential from any per- son not entitled to the information, except that the educator may share the information with the student's parent or guardian as pro- vided by state or federal law. An educator's certificate may be sus- pended or revoked for intentional failure to keep such information confidential.
	Education Code 37.007(g)
Completion of Proceeding Upon Withdrawal	If a student withdraws from a district before an order for expulsion is entered, the principal or board, as appropriate, may complete the proceedings and enter an order. If the student subsequently enrolls in the district during the same or subsequent school year, the dis- trict may enforce the order at that time except for any period of the expulsion that has been served by the student in another district that honored the order. If the principal or board fails to enter an or- der after the student withdraws, the next district in which the stu- dent enrolls may complete the proceedings and enter an order. <i>Ed- ucation Code 37.009(i)</i>
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Additional Proceedings	If, during the term of expulsion, a student engages in additional conduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted and the principal or board, as appropriate, may enter an additional order. <i>Education Code 37.009(j)</i>
Appeals	A decision by a board's designee to expel a student may be appealed to the board. If the hearing is not before the board directly, the results and findings of the hearing should be presented in a report open to the student's inspection. <i>Education Code</i> 37.009( <i>f</i> ); <u>Dixon v. Alabama State Bd. of Educ.</u> , 294 F.2d 150 (5th Cir. 1961), cert. denied, 368 U.S. 930 (1961)
Restrictions on Court Orders	A court may not order an expelled student to attend a regular classroom, a regular campus, or a district DAEP as a condition of probation.
Exception	A court may order a student to attend a regular classroom, a regu- lar campus, or a district DAEP if the district has entered into a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the juvenile board for the county in which the district's central administrative office is lo- cated, concerning the juvenile probation department's role in su- pervising and providing other support services for students in DAEPs.
	Education Code 37.010(c)
District Responsibility for Expelled Student Students Not Eligible for Existing JJAEP	In a county that operates a JJAEP, a district is responsible for providing an immediate educational program to a student who en- gages in behavior for which expulsion is permitted but not required under Education Code 37.007, but who is not eligible for admission into the JJAEP in accordance with an MOU. [See FODA]
Contracting for Services	A district may provide the program, or the district may contract with a county juvenile board, a private provider, or one or more other school districts to provide the program.
	Education Code 37.011(I)
Certain Districts	This provision applies to a district located in a county considered to be a county with a population of 125,000 or less because it has a population of more than 200,000 and less than 220,000; has five or more school districts located wholly within the county's boundaries; and has located in the county a JJAEP that, on May 1, 2011, served fewer than 15 students. A qualifying district shall provide educational services to a student who is expelled from school. The district is entitled to count the student in the district's average daily

# STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION

	attendance for purposes of receipt of state funds under the Foun- dation School Program. An educational placement under this sec- tion may include:				
	1. The district's DAEP.				
	2. A contracted placement with another school district, an open- enrollment charter school, an institution of higher education, an adult literacy council, or a community organization that can provide an educational program that allows the student to complete the credits required for high school graduation.				
	An educational placement other than a district's DAEP is subject to the educational and certification requirements applicable to an open-enrollment charter school under Education Code Chapter 12, Subchapter D.				
	Education Code 37.011(a-3)–(a-5)				
Return to Class Early / Permissive	On the recommendation of the placement review committee, or on its own initiative, a district may readmit an expelled student while the student is completing any court disposition requirements.				
Required	After an expelled student has successfully completed any court disposition requirements, including conditions of a deferred prose- cution, or conditions required by the prosecutor or probation de- partment, a district may not refuse to admit the student if the stu- dent meets the requirements for admission. [See FD] A district may place the student in a DAEP.				
	The student may not be returned to the classroom of the teacher under whose supervision the offense occurred without that teacher's consent. The teacher may not be coerced to consent.				
	Education Code 37.010(f)				
Expelled from Another District	If a student has been expelled from another school district, the ex- pelling district shall provide to a district in which the student enrolls a copy of the expulsion order and the referral to the authorized of- ficer of the juvenile court. A district in which the student enrolls may continue the expulsion under the terms of the order, may place the student in a DAEP for the period specified by the expulsion order, or may allow the student to attend regular classes without complet- ing the period of expulsion.				
Out-of-State Expulsion	A district may take any of the above actions if the student was ex- pelled by a district in another state if:				
	1. The out-of-state district provides a copy of the expulsion or- der; and				

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### STUDENT DISCIPLINE EXPULSION

2. The grounds for the expulsion are also grounds for expulsion in the district in which the student is enrolling.

#### Education Code 37.010(g)

If the student was expelled for more than one year and the enrolling district continues the expulsion or places the student in a DAEP, the aggregate period of expulsion or placement may not exceed one year unless the district determines that:

- 1. The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees; or
- 2. Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.

Education Code 37.010(g-1)

*Note:* See FOF for provisions concerning expulsion of students with disabilities.

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE F STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES (LEG			)F L)
Students with Disabilities Under Section 504	104.35(b change i	shall conduct an evaluation in accordance with 34 C.F.R. before taking any action with respect to any significant n placement of a student with a disability who needs or is to need special education and related services. <i>34 C.F.R.</i>	
	session bility who use of al plinary a cedures	may take disciplinary action pertaining to the use or pos- of illegal drugs or alcohol against any student with a disa- o is currently engaging in the illegal use of drugs or in the cohol to the same extent that the district would take disci- ction against nondisabled students. The due process pro- afforded under Section 504 do not apply to such discipli- on. 29 U.S.C. $705(20)(C)(iv)$	
	Note:	The provisions below apply only to students eligible for special education and related services under the Individ uals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).	_
Students Receiving Special Education Services	determin 300.536 ministrat	linary actions regarding students with disabilities must be ed in accordance with 34 C.F.R. 300.101(a) and 300.530- Education Code Chapter 37, Subchapter A; and 19 Ad- ive Code 89.1053 (Procedures for Use of Restraint and t). <i>19 TAC 89.1050(k)</i>	
	bility who by a duly mittee. A	s set forth below, the placement of a student with a disa- preceives special education services may be made only constituted admission, review, and dismissal (ARD) com- ny disciplinary action regarding the student shall be deter- accordance with federal law and regulations. <i>Education</i> .004(a)	
	discipline dent disc rolled in bullying,	nods adopted in the Student Code of Conduct [see FO] fo e management and for preventing and intervening in stu- sipline problems must provide that a student who is en- the special education program may not be disciplined for harassment, or making hit lists until an ARD committee has been held to review the conduct. <i>Education Code</i> (-1)	r
DAEP Placement Not Solely for Educational Purposes	may not (DAEP) has a sp	t with a disability who receives special education services be placed in a disciplinary alternative education program solely for educational purposes. A teacher in a DAEP who ecial education assignment must hold an appropriate cer- r permit for that assignment. <i>Education Code 37.004(c)</i> -	)
Removal for Ten Days or Less	•	ersonnel may remove a student with a disability who vio- tudent code of conduct from his or her current placement	
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STUDENT DISCIPLINE STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES (LE		
	to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting, another setting, or suspension, for not more than ten consecutive school days, to the extent those alternatives are applied to children without disabilities. 20 U.S.C. $1415(k)(1)(B)$ ; $34 C.F.R. 300.530(b)(1)$	
Services During Removal	A district is required to provide services during the period of re- moval if the district provides services to a child without disabilities who is similarly removed. <i>34 C.F.R. 300.530(d)</i>	
Subsequent Removals of Ten Days or Less	School personnel may remove the student for additional removals of not more than ten consecutive school days in that same school year for separate incidents of misconduct, as long as those removals do not constitute a change in placement (see below). 34 C.F.R. $300.530(b)(1)$	
Services During Removal	After a student has been removed from his or her current place- ment for ten school days in the same school year, during any sub- sequent removal of ten consecutive school days or less, school personnel, in consultation with at least one of the student's teach- ers, shall determine the extent to which services are needed so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general edu- cation curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress to- ward meeting the goals set out in the student's individualized edu- cation program (IEP). 20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(1)(D); 34 C.F.R. 300.530(d)(4)	
Notice of Procedural Safeguards	Not later than the date on which the decision to take the discipli- nary action is made, a district shall notify the student's parents of the decision and of all procedural safeguards [see EHBAE]. 20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(1)(H)	
Removals That Are a Change in Placement	Any disciplinary action that would constitute a change in placement may be taken only after the student's ARD committee conducts a manifestation determination review.	
	Any disciplinary action regarding the student shall be determined in accordance with federal law and regulations, including laws or reg- ulations requiring the provision of functional behavioral assess- ments; positive behavioral interventions, strategies, and supports; behavioral intervention plans; and the manifestation determination review [see Manifestation Determination, below].	
	Education Code 37.004(b)	
Behavior Assessment and Intervention	If a district takes a disciplinary action regarding a student with a disability who receives special education services that constitutes a change in placement under federal law, the district shall:	
	<ol> <li>Not later than the tenth school day after the change in place- ment:</li> </ol>	
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		a.	Seek consent from the student's parent or person stand- ing in parental relation to the student to conduct a func- tional behavioral assessment of the student, if a func- tional behavioral assessment has never been conducted on the student or the student's most recent functional behavioral assessment is more than one year old; and
		b.	Review any previously conducted functional behavioral assessment of the student and any behavior improve- ment plan or behavioral intervention plan developed for the student based on that assessment; and
	2.	havi not	necessary, develop a behavior improvement plan or be- ioral intervention plan for the student if the student does have a plan or, if the student has a behavior improvement or behavioral intervention plan, revise the student's plan.
	Edι	icatio	n Code 37.004(b-1)
Change in Placement	For purposes of disciplinary removal of a student with a disability, a change in placement occurs if a student is:		
	1.		noved from the student's current educational placement nore than ten consecutive school days; or
	2.	Sub cau	jected to a series of removals that constitute a pattern be- se:
		a.	The series of removals total more than ten school days in a school year;
		b.	The student's behavior is substantially similar to the stu- dent's behavior in the previous incidents that resulted in the series of removals; and
		C.	Additional factors exist, such as the length of each re- moval, the total amount of time the student is removed, and the proximity of the removals to one another.
		patt disti	district determines, on a case-by-case basis, whether a ern of removals constitutes a change in placement. The rict's determination is subject to review through due pro- s and judicial proceedings.
	34 C.F.R. 300.536		
	cas plac	e-by-o cemer	ersonnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case basis when determining whether to order a change in a tor a student who violates a code of student conduct. 20 $415(k)(1)(A)$

Manifestation Determination	Within ten school days of any decision to change the placement of a student because of a violation of a code of student conduct, a district, parents, and relevant members of the ARD committee (as determined by the parent and the district) shall review all relevant information in the student's file, including the student's IEP, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents to determine whether the conduct in question was:				
	<ol> <li>Caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the student's disability; or</li> </ol>				
	2. The direct result of the district's failure to implement the IEP.				
	If the district, the parent, and relevant members of the ARD com- mittee determine that either of the above is applicable, the conduct shall be determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability.				
	If the district, the parent, and relevant members of the ARD com- mittee determine the conduct was the direct result of the district's failure to implement the IEP, the district must take immediate steps to remedy those deficiencies.				
	20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(1)(E); 34 C.F.R. 300.530(e)				
Not a Manifestation	If the determination is that the student's behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability, school personnel may apply the relevant disciplinary procedures to the student in the same manner and for the same duration as for students without disabilities. The ARD committee shall determine the interim alternative educational setting. 20 U.S.C. $1415(k)(1)(C)$ , $(k)(2)$ ; $34$ C.F.R. $300.530(c)$				
Expulsion	In a county with a juvenile justice alternative education program (JJAEP) [see FODA], a district must invite the administrator of the JJAEP or the administrator's designee to an ARD committee meeting convened to discuss the discretionary expulsion under Education Code 37.007 of a student with a disability. The district must provide written notice of the meeting at least five school days before the meeting or a shorter timeframe agreed to by the student's parents. A copy of the student's current IEP must be provided to the JJAEP representative with the notice. If the JJAEP representative is unable to attend the ARD committee meeting, the representative must be given the opportunity to participate in the meeting through alternative means, including conference telephone calls. The JJAEP representative may participate in the meeting to the extent that the meeting relates to the student's placement in the JJAEP and implementation of the student's current IEP in the JJAEP. <i>19 TAC 89.1052</i>				

Services During Removal	The student must:				
	1. Continue to receive educational services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals in the student's IEP.				
	2. Receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment, and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur.				
	These services may be provided in an interim alternative educa- tional setting.				
	34 C.F.R. 300.530(d)(1)–(2)				
	For a student with a disability who was expelled under a discretion- ary expulsion under Education Code 37.007, an ARD committee meeting must be convened to reconsider placement of the student in the JJAEP if the JJAEP provides written notice to the district of specific concerns that the student's education or behavioral needs cannot be met in JJAEP.				
	The district must invite the JJAEP administrator or the administra- tor's designee to the meeting and must provide written notice of the meeting at least five school days before the meeting or a shorter timeframe agreed to by the student's parents. If the JJAEP repre- sentative is unable to attend the ARD committee meeting, the rep- resentative must be given the opportunity to participate in the meeting through alternative means, including conference tele- phone calls. The JJAEP may participate in the meeting to the ex- tent that the meeting relates to the student's continued placement in JJAEP.				
	19 TAC 89.1052				
Manifestation	If the district, the parents, and relevant members of the ARD com- mittee determine that the conduct was a manifestation of the stu- dent's disability, the ARD committee shall:				
	<ol> <li>Conduct a functional behavioral assessment (FBA), unless the district had conducted an FBA before the behavior that re- sulted in the change in placement occurred, and implement a behavioral intervention plan (BIP) for the student; or</li> </ol>				
	2. If a BIP has already been developed, review the BIP and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior.				
	Except as provided at Special Circumstances, below, the ARD committee shall return the student to the placement from which the				
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	student was removed, unless the parent and the district agree to a change in placement as part of the modification of the BIP.				
	20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(1)(F); 34 C.F.R. 300.530(f)				
Special Circumstances	School personnel may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 school days without re- gard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability, if the student:				
	<ol> <li>Carries or possesses a weapon to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function under the jurisdiction of the Texas Education Agency (TEA) or a school district;</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of TEA or a school district; or</li> </ol>				
	<ol> <li>Has inflicted serious bodily injury upon another person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of TEA or the district.</li> </ol>				
	20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(1)(G); 34 C.F.R. 300.530(g)				
	The ARD committee shall determine the interim alternative educa- tion setting. 20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(2)				
Services During	The student must:				
Removal	<ol> <li>Continue to receive educational services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education cur- riculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals in the student's IEP.</li> </ol>				
	2. Receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment, and behavioral intervention services and modifications, that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur.				
	These services may be provided in an interim alternative educa- tional setting.				
	34 C.F.R. 300.530(d)(1)				
Appeals	A parent who disagrees with a placement decision or the manifes- tation determination may request a hearing. A district that believes that maintaining a current placement of a student is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or others may request a hear- ing. 20 U.S.C. $1415(k)(3)(A)$ ; $34$ C.F.R. $300.532(a)$ ; $19$ TAC 89.1151				

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STUDENT DISCIPLINE STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES			
Placement During Appeals	When an appeal has been requested by a parent or a district, the student shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer or until the expiration of the student's assignment to the alternative setting, whichever occurs first, unless the parent and district agree otherwise. 20 U.S.C. $1415(k)(4)$ ; 34 C.F.R. 300.533		
Reporting Crimes	Federal law does not prohibit a district from reporting a crime com- mitted by a student with a disability to appropriate authorities. If a district reports a crime, the district shall ensure that copies of the special education and disciplinary records of the student are trans- mitted for consideration by the appropriate authorities to whom the district reported the crime. A district may transmit records only to the extent permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). 20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(6); 34 C.F.R. 300.535 [See FL]		
Students Not Yet Identified	A student who has not been determined to be eligible for special education and related services and who has engaged in behavior that violated a code of student conduct may assert any of the protections provided for in the IDEA if a district had knowledge that the student had a disability before the behavior that precipitated that disciplinary action occurred. 20 U.S.C. $1415(k)(5)(A)$ ; $34 C.F.R. 300.534(a)$		
District Knowledge	A district shall be deemed to have knowledge that a student has a disability if, before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary ac tion occurred:	;	
	<ol> <li>The parent of the student expressed concern in writing to su- pervisory or administrative personnel of the district, or to the teacher of the student, that the student was in need of special education and related services;</li> </ol>		
	2. The parent requested an evaluation of the student for special education and related services; or		
	3. The student's teacher, or other district personnel, expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the student directly to the special education director or to other supervisory personnel of the district.		
	20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(5)(B); 34 C.F.R. 300.534(b)		
Exception	A district shall not be deemed to have knowledge that the student had a disability if:		
	1. The parent has not allowed an evaluation of the student;		
	2. The parent has refused services; or		

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	3.	The student has been evaluated and it was determined that the student did not have a disability.				
	20 l	20 U.S.C. 1415(k)(5)(C); 34 C.F.R. 300.534(c)				
	If a district does not have knowledge (as described above), before taking disciplinary measures, that a student has a disability, the student may be subjected to the same disciplinary measures ap- plied to students without disabilities who engaged in comparable behaviors.					
	However, if a request is made for an evaluation during the time pe- riod in which the student is subjected to disciplinary measures, the evaluation shall be conducted in an expedited manner. Until the evaluation is completed, the student shall remain in the educational placement determined by school authorities, which can include suspension or expulsion without educational services.					
	20 l	J.S.C. 1415(k)(5)(D); 34 C.F.R. 300.534(d)				
Behavior Management Techniques	spec cation pline to p pline caus	the policy of the state to treat all students with dignity and re- ct, including students with disabilities who receive special edu- on services. Any behavior management technique and/or disci- e management practice must be implemented in such a way as rotect the health and safety of the student and others. No disci- e management practice may be calculated to inflict injury, se harm, demean, or deprive the student of basic human ne- sities. <i>Education Code 37.0021(a); 19 TAC 89.1053(j)</i>	;			
	[For	restrictions on aversive techniques, see FO.]				
School Peace Officers		section and any rules or procedures adopted under this sec- apply to a peace officer only if the peace officer:				
	1.	Is employed or commissioned by a school district; or				
	2.	Provides, as a school resource officer, a regular police pres- ence on a school district campus under a memorandum of un- derstanding between the district and a local law enforcement agency.	-			
	Edu	cation Code 37.0021(h); 19 TAC 89.1053(l)				
Exceptions	Education Code 37.0021 (use of confinement, seclusion, restraint, and time-out) does not apply to:					
	1.	A peace officer, while performing law enforcement duties, except as provided above [see School Peace Officers] and by Education Code 37.0021(i) [see Restraint, Documentation, below];				
	2.	Juvenile probation, detention, or corrections personnel; or				
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	<ol> <li>An educational services provider with whom a student is placed by a judicial authority, unless the services are provided in an educational program of a school district.</li> </ol>
Law Enforcement Duties	"Law enforcement duties" means activities of a peace officer relat- ing to the investigation and enforcement of state criminal laws and other duties authorized by the Code of Criminal Procedure.
	Education Code 37.0021(b)(4), (g); 19 TAC 89.1053(l), (m)
	Further, Education Code 37.0021 does not prevent a student's locked, unattended confinement in an emergency situation while awaiting the arrival of law enforcement personnel if:
	1. The student possesses a weapon; and
	2. The confinement is necessary to prevent the student from causing bodily harm to the student or another person.
	For these purposes, "weapon" includes any weapon described un- der Education Code 37.007(a)(1). [See FNCG]
	Education Code 37.0021(f)
Confinement	A student with a disability who receives special education services may not be confined in a locked box, locked closet, or other spe- cially designed locked space as either a discipline management practice or a behavior management technique. <i>Education Code</i> <i>37.0021(a)</i>
Seclusion	A district employee or volunteer or an independent contractor of a district may not place a student in seclusion. <i>Education Code</i> 37.0021(c)
	"Seclusion" means a behavior management technique in which a student is confined in a locked box, locked closet, or locked room that:
	1. Is designed solely to seclude a person; and
	2. Contains less than 50 square feet of space.
	Education Code 37.0021(b)(2)
Restraint	A school employee, volunteer, or independent contractor may use restraint only in an emergency and with the following limitations:
	<ol> <li>Restraint shall be limited to the use of such reasonable force as is necessary to address the emergency.</li> </ol>
	2. Restraint shall be discontinued at the point at which the emer- gency no longer exists.

	3.	Restraint shall be implemented in such a way as to protect the health and safety of the student and others.
	4.	Restraint shall not deprive the student of basic human neces- sities.
	19 7	AC 89.1053(c)
	to si	straint" means the use of physical force or a mechanical device gnificantly restrict the free movement of all or a portion of a ent's body.
Emergency		ergency" means a situation in which a student's behavior es a threat of:
	1.	Imminent, serious physical harm to the student or others; or
	2.	Imminent, serious property destruction.
	19 7	AC 89.1053(b)(1)–(2)
Training	tors	ning for school employees, volunteers, or independent contrac- regarding the use of restraint shall be provided according to requirements set forth at 19 Administrative Code 89.1053(d).
Documentation	or in	case in which restraint is used, school employees, volunteers, dependent contractors shall implement the documentation re- ements set forth at 19 Administrative Code 89.1053(e).
	stan the u dutie relat men	strict shall report electronically to TEA, in accordance with dards provided by commissioner rule, information relating to use of restraint by a peace officer performing law enforcement es on school property or during a school-sponsored or school- red activity. The report must be consistent with the require- ts adopted by commissioner rule for reporting the use of re- nt involving students with disabilities.
	Edu	cation Code 37.0021(i)
Time-Out		hool employee, volunteer, or independent contractor may use -out with the following limitations:
	1.	Physical force or threat of physical force shall not be used to place a student in time-out.
	2.	Time-out may only be used in conjunction with an array of positive behavior intervention strategies and techniques and must be included in the student's IEP and/or BIP if it is utilized on a recurrent basis to increase or decrease targeted behavior.

	•	mplemented in a fashion that udent to be involved in and pro- m and advance appropriately to-
	•	als specified in the student's IEP.
	9 TAC 89.1053(g)	
	Fime-out" means a behavior mana rovide a student with an opportur ent is separated from other stude ng:	nity to regain self-control, the stu-
	. That is not locked; and	
		ysically blocked by furniture, a le outside, or another inanimate
	9 TAC 89.1053(b)(3)	
Training	raining for school employees, vol ors regarding the use of time-out s ne requirements set forth at 19 Ac	
Documentation	ecessary documentation or data me-out, if any, must be addressed ommittee must use any collected f the intervention and provide a b egarding its continued use.	d in the IEP or BIP. The ARD data to judge the effectiveness
	0 74 0 90 1052/1)	

19 TAC 89.1053(i)

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Right of Access to Public Information Availability		ic information is available, at a minimum, to the public during a ct's normal business hours. <i>Gov't Code 552.021</i>
Information That Must Be Disclosed	not e	following categories of information are public information and excepted from required disclosure unless made confidential un- Government Code Chapter 552 or other law:
	1.	A completed report, audit, evaluation, or investigation made of, for, or by a board, except as provided in Government Code 552.108.
	2.	The name, sex, ethnicity, salary, title, and dates of employ- ment of each employee and officer of a district.
	3.	Information in an account, voucher, or contract relating to the receipt or expenditure of public funds.
	4.	The name of each official and the final record of voting on all proceedings of a board.
	5.	All working papers, research material, and information used to estimate the need or expenditure of public funds or taxes by a board, on completion of the estimate.
	6.	A description of a district's organization and where, from whom, and how the public may obtain information, submit in- formation or requests, and obtain decisions.
	7.	A statement of the general course and method by which a dis- trict's functions are channeled and determined, including the nature and requirements of all formal and informal policies and procedures.
	8.	A rule of procedure, description of forms available or the places where forms may be obtained, and instructions relating to the scope and content of all papers, reports, or examina- tions.
	9.	A substantive rule of general applicability adopted or issued by a board and a statement of general policy or interpretation of general applicability formulated and adopted by the board.
	10.	Any amendment, revision, or repeal of the information de- scribed in items 6–9.
	11.	Final opinions and orders issued in adjudication of cases.
	12.	A policy statement or interpretation adopted or issued by a board.

	<ol> <li>Administrative manuals and instructions to staff that affect a member of the public.</li> </ol>	ł
	<ol> <li>Information regarded as open to the public under a district's policies.</li> </ol>	3
	<ol> <li>Information that is in a bill for attorney's fees and that is not privileged under the attorney-client privilege.</li> </ol>	
	16. Information that is also contained in a public court record.	
	17. A settlement agreement to which a board is a party.	
	Gov't Code 552.022	
Contracting Information	Certain "contracting information," as that term is defined in Gover ment Code 552.003(1-a), is public and must be released unless excepted from disclosure under the Public Information Act (PIA). The exceptions to disclosure provided by Government Codes 552.110 (trade secrets) and 552.1101 (proprietary information) do not apply to certain types of contracting information. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>552.0222(a), (b)</i>	
Investment Information	Certain district investment information, as specified by Governme Code 552.0225, is public information and not excepted from disc sure. <i>Gov't Code 552.0225</i>	
Security System Information	Financial information in the possession of a district that relates to the expenditure of funds by a district for a security system is pub information that is not excepted from required disclosure under the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 418.182(b)</i>	lic
Body-Worn Camera	Except as set forth at Occupations Code Chapter 1701, Subchapter N, a recording from a body-worn camera that is or could be used as evidence in a criminal prosecution is subject to the requirements of the PIA.	)-
	However, a law enforcement agency may not release any portion of a recording made in a private space, or of a recording involvin the investigation of conduct that constitutes a misdemeanor pun- ishable by fine only and does not result in arrest, without written authorization from the person who is the subject of that portion o the recording or, if the person is deceased, from the person's au- thorized representative.	g - f
	Occupations Code 1701.661	
Personal Information	Each employee or official of a district and each former employee official of a district shall choose whether to allow public access to	)
Employees and Officials	information in the custody of the district that relates to the persor	۱́S
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	home address, home telephone number, emergency contact infor- mation, or social security number, or that reveals whether the per- son has family members. A district may not require an employee or former employee of the district to choose whether to allow public access to the employee's or former employee's social security number.
	Each employee and official and each former employee and official of the district shall state that person's choice to the main personnel officer of the district in a signed writing not later than the 14th day after the date on which the employee begins employment with the district, the official is elected or appointed, or the former employee or official ends service with the district. If an employee or official or a former employee or official fails to state the person's choice within 14 days, the information is subject to public access. An em- ployee or official or former employee or official of a district who wishes to close or open public access to the information may re- quest in writing that the main personnel officer of the district close or open access. Exercising the option to close public access to protect personal information does not apply to an open records re- quest made before the option was exercised.
	These requirements do not apply to a person to whom Government Code 551.1175 applies, including a peace officer, commissioned security officer, or elected public officer.
	Gov't Code 552.024; Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 530 (1989)
Notice to Requestor	If an employee or board member has opted to restrict public access to his or her personal information, the district may redact the personal information from any information the district discloses without the necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. <i>Gov't Code</i> $552.024(c)$
	If a district redacts information under this provision, the district shall provide the information required by Government Code $552.024(c-2)$ to the requestor on a form prescribed by the attorney general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the attorney general about the matter. <i>Gov't Code</i> $552.024(c-2)$
Special Rights of Access <i>Employees</i>	An employee or an employee's authorized representative has a special right of access, beyond the right of the general public, to information held by the district that relates to the employee and that is protected from public disclosure by laws intended to protect the employee's privacy interests. [See DBA] <i>Gov't Code 552.023</i>
Board Members	When acting in the member's official capacity, a board member has an inherent right of access to information, documents, and records

	maintained by the district. "Official capacity" means all duties of of- fice and includes administrative decisions or actions. [See BBE] <i>Education Code 11.1512; Atty. Gen. Op. JM-119 (1983)</i>
Information District Is Not Required to Release <i>Commercial</i> <i>Information</i>	A district is not required to allow the inspection of or to provide a copy of information in a commercial book or publication purchased or acquired by the district for research purposes, if the book or publication is commercially available to the public. Although information in a book or publication may be made available to the public as resource material, such as a library book, a district is not required to make a copy of the information in response to a request for public information. The district shall allow the inspection of information in a book or publication that is made part of, incorporated into, or referred to in a rule or policy of the district. <i>Gov't Code 552.027</i>
Request for Information from Incarcerated Individual	A district is not required to accept or comply with a request for in- formation from an individual who is imprisoned or confined in a cor- rectional facility or an agent of that individual, other than the indi- vidual's attorney when the attorney is requesting information that is subject to disclosure under the PIA. This section does not prohibit a district from disclosing to an incarcerated individual or the individ- ual's agent information that pertains to the individual. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>552.028</i>
Voluntary Disclosure	A board or the officer for public information voluntarily may make part or all of its records available to the public, unless the disclo- sure is expressly prohibited by law or the records are confidential by law. <i>Gov't Code 552.007</i>
Confidential Information Under the Public Information Act or Other Law Information That May Not Be Disclosed	A person commits a misdemeanor offense if the person distributes information considered confidential under the terms of the PIA. A violation of this section also constitutes official misconduct. <i>Gov't</i> <i>Code 552.352</i>
Student Records	Information is confidential and excepted from required disclosure if it is information in a student record at a district.
	"Student record" means information that constitutes education rec- ords as that term is defined by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. Section 1232g(a)(4)) [see FL] and information in a record of an applicant for admission to an educa- tional institution, including a transfer applicant.

	A district may disclose or provide information included in an educa- tion record as authorized by 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g or other fed- eral law. [See FL] In addition, a student record shall be made avail- able upon request to district personnel, the student, the student's parents, guardian, or spouse, or a person conducting a child abuse investigation required by Family Code Chapter 261, Subchapter D.
	Except as set forth in federal law (the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act), a district shall not release personally identifiable information in education records without the written consent of the student's parents.
	A district may redact information that constitutes a student record from information disclosed under the PIA without requesting a deci- sion from the attorney general.
	If an applicant for admission to an educational institution funded wholly or partly by state revenue, or a parent or legal guardian of a minor applicant to such an educational institution, requests infor- mation in the record of the applicant, the district shall disclose any information that is related to the application for admission and was provided to the district by the applicant.
	Gov't Code 552.026, .114 [See FL]
Employee Social Security Numbers	The social security number of an employee of a district in the cus- tody of the district is confidential. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.147(a-1)
Evaluations	A document evaluating the performance of a teacher or administra- tor is confidential and is not subject to disclosure under the PIA.
	At the request of a school district, open-enrollment charter school, or private school at which a teacher or administrator has applied for employment, a district shall give the requesting district or school a document evaluating the performance of a teacher or administra- tor employed by the school.
	A district shall give the Texas Education Agency (TEA) a document evaluating the performance of a teacher or administrator employed by the district for purposes of an investigation conducted by TEA.
	Education Code 21.355(a), (c), (d)
Educator Certification Exam	The results of an educator certification examination are confidential and are not subject to disclosure, unless the disclosure is regarding notification to a parent of the assignment of an uncertified teacher to a classroom as required by Education Code 21.057. <i>Education Code 21.048(c-1)</i>

Credit Card, Debit Card, Charge Card,	that	edit card, debit card, charge card, or access device number is collected, assembled, or maintained by or for a district is fidential.			
and Access Device Numbers	son ficat or ir	"Access device" means a card, plate, code, account number, per- sonal identification number, electronic serial number, mobile identi- fication number, or other telecommunications service, equipment, or instrument identifier or means of account access that alone or in conjunction with another device may be used to:			
	1.	Obtain money, goods, services, or another thing of value; or			
	2.	Initiate a transfer of funds other than a transfer originated solely by paper instrument.			
	dev the The Coc ney	strict may redact credit card, debit card, charge card, or access ice numbers from any information the district discloses without necessity of requesting a decision from the attorney general. district shall provide the information required by Government le 552.136 to the requestor on a form prescribed by the attor- general. The requestor is entitled to seek a decision from the rney general about the matter.			
	Gov	/'t Code 552.136			
<i>Email Addresses</i> Confidential	purp tial a	email address of a member of the public that is provided for the pose of communicating electronically with a district is confiden- and not subject to disclosure unless the member of the public matively consents to its release.			
Exceptions	This	s confidentiality does not apply to an email address:			
	1.	Provided to a district by a person who has a contractual rela- tionship with the district or by the contractor's agent;			
	2.	Provided to a district by a vendor who seeks to contract with the district or by the vendor's agent;			
	3.	Contained in a response to a request for bids or proposals, contained in a response to similar invitations soliciting offers or information relating to a potential contract, or provided to a district in the course of negotiating the terms of a contract or potential contract;			
	4.	Provided to a district on a letterhead, coversheet, printed doc- ument, or other document made available to the public; or			
	5.	Provided to a district for the purpose of receiving orders or de- cisions from the district, or for the purpose of providing public comment on or receiving notices related to an application for a license. A "license" under this section includes a state			

	agency permit, certificate, approval, registration, or similar form of permission required by law.
	A district may also disclose an email address for any reason to an- other governmental body or to a federal agency.
	Gov't Code 552.137, 2001.003(2)
Victim of Abuse or Improper Relationship	The name of a person who is enrolled in a public or private primary or secondary school and involved in an improper relationship with an educator as provided by Penal Code 21.12(a) may not be released to the public and is not public information subject to disclosure. <i>Penal Code 21.12(d)</i>
	The name of a student or minor who is the victim of abuse or un- lawful conduct by an educator is not public information subject to disclosure. <i>Education Code 21.006(h)</i>
Employee Accused of Improper Relationship Between Educator and Student	A primary or secondary school may not release externally to the general public the name of an employee who is accused of com- mitting an offense under Penal Code 21.12 (improper relationship between educator and student) until the employee is indicted for the offense. The school may release the name of the accused em- ployee regardless of whether the employee has been indicted for the offense as necessary for the school to:
	1. Report the accusation:
	<ul> <li>To TEA, another state agency, or local law enforcement or as otherwise required by law; or</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To the school's community in accordance with the school's policies or procedures; or</li> </ul>
	2. Conduct an investigation of the accusation.
	Penal Code 21.12(d-1)
Crime Victims	Information relating to a participant in the Address Confidentiality Program for Victims of Family Violence, Sexual Assault or Abuse, Stalking, or Trafficking of Persons under Code of Criminal Proce- dure Chapter 58, Subchapter B is confidential, except as provided by Code of Criminal Procedure 58.061, and may not be disclosed under the PIA. <i>Code of Criminal Procedure 58.060</i>
	A district employee who is a victim under the Crime Victim Com- pensation Act may elect whether to allow public access to infor- mation held by the district that would identify or tend to identify the victim, including a photograph or other visual representation of the victim. The election must be made in writing on a form developed by the district, signed by the employee, and filed with the district

	befo Iowii	re the third anniversary of the latest to occur of one of the fol- ng:
	1.	The date the crime was committed;
	2.	The date employment begins; or
	3.	The date the governmental body develops the form and pro- vides it to employees.
	mati date othe	e employee fails to make an election, the identifying infor- on is excepted from disclosure until the third anniversary of the the crime was committed. In case of disability, impairment, or r incapacity of the employee, the election may be made by the rdian of the employee or former employee.
	Gov	't Code 552.132
Location or Layout of Shelter Centers	viole	mation that relates to the location or physical layout of a family ence shelter center or victims of trafficking shelter center is con- ntial. <i>Gov't Code 552.138(b-1)</i>
Criminal History Records	Sub dres ber, dent C, b	mation collected to comply with Education Code Chapter 22, chapter C (criminal records), including the person's name, ad- s, phone number, social security number, driver's license num- other identification number, and fingerprint records, is confi- ial and may not be released except to comply with Subchapter y court order, or with the consent of the person who is the sub- of the information. <i>Education Code 22.08391</i>
	Texa	ninal history record information obtained by the district from the as Department of Public Safety may not be disclosed to any on except:
	1.	The person who is the subject of the information;
	2.	The Texas Education Agency;
	3.	The State Board for Educator Certification;
	4.	The chief personnel officer of the transportation company if the information was obtained under Government Code 411.097(a)(2) with respect to a transportation company that contracts with the district to provide student transportation; or
	5.	By court order.
	Gov	<i>'t Code 411.097(d)(1)</i> [See CJA, DBAA, and DHB]
Sensitive Crime Scene Image	dent	nsitive crime scene image in the custody of a district is confi- ial and excepted from the requirements of the PIA, regardless e date that the image was taken or recorded.

	reco crim disr the to v	nsitive crime scene image" means a photograph or video ording taken at a crime scene, contained in or part of a closed ninal case, that depicts a deceased person in a state of nemberment, decapitation, or similar mutilation or that depicts deceased person's genitalia. A district may not permit a person iew or copy the image except as provided by Government de 552.1085.
	Goi	r't Code 552.1085(a)(6), (c)
School Marshal Identity	37.0	e identity of a school marshal appointed under Education Code 0811 is confidential except as provided by Occupations Code 1.260(j).
	writ tice poir	parent or guardian of a student enrolled at a school inquires in ing, the district shall provide the parent or guardian written no- indicating whether any employee of the school is currently ap- nted a school marshal. The notice may not disclose the identity ne school marshal.
	Edι	ication Code 37.0811(g), (h)
Closed Meeting Recording / Certified Agenda	able tion	e certified agenda or tape recording of a closed meeting is avail- e for public inspection only under a court order issued in litiga- in a district court involving an alleged violation of the Open etings Act. <i>Gov't Code 551.104(c); Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)</i>
Security Information	mer pas cati use	ept as provided by the Texas Homeland Security Act, Govern- nt Code 418.182, information, including access codes and swords, in the possession of a district that relates to the specifi- ons, operating procedures, or location of a security system d to protect public or private property from an act of terrorism or ted criminal activity is confidential. <i>Gov't Code 418.182(a)</i>
	The PIA	following information is confidential under Subchapter C of the
	1.	A computer network vulnerability report;
	2.	Any other assessment of the extent to which data processing operations, a computer, a computer program, network, sys- tem, or system interface, or software of a district or of a con- tractor of a district is vulnerable to unauthorized access or harm, including an assessment of the extent to which a dis- trict's or contractor's electronically stored information contain- ing sensitive or critical information is vulnerable to alteration, damage, erasure, or inappropriate use;
	3.	A photocopy or other copy of an identification badge issued to an official or employee of a district; and

	4.	Information directly arising from a governmental body's rou- tine efforts to prevent, detect, investigate, or mitigate a com- puter security incident, including information contained in or derived from an information security log. This does not affect the notification requirements related to a breach of system se- curity as defined by Business and Commerce Code 521.053. [See CQB]
		A district may disclose the information to a bidder if the district determines that providing the information is necessary for the bidder to provide an accurate bid. Such a disclosure is not a voluntary disclosure for purposes of Government Code 552.007.
	Gov	r't Code 552.139(b), (c)
Military Discharge Records	milit distr year distr and	ilitary veteran's Department of Defense Form DD-214 or other ary discharge record that first comes into the possession of a rict on or after September 1, 2003, is confidential for the 75 rs following the date it comes into the possession of a district. A rict that obtains information from the record shall limit the use disclosure of the information to the purpose for which the infor- ion was obtained. <i>Gov't Code 552.140; Atty. Gen. ORD 684</i> <i>(D9)</i>
Retirement Eligibility Records	bers part retire sure actir distr tem or in	ords, including any identifying information, of individual mem- s, annuitants, retirees, beneficiaries, alternate payees, program icipants, or persons eligible for benefits from TRS or another ement system, are confidential and not subject to public disclo- e. This provision applies to records in the custody of the district ng in cooperation with or on behalf of the retirement system. A rict acting in cooperation with or on behalf of the retirement sys- is not required to accept or comply with a request for a record nformation about a record or to seek an opinion from the attor- general.
	men nate of a were	purposes of Government Code 825.507, "participant" means a nber, former member, retiree, annuitant, beneficiary, or alter- e payee of the retirement system, or an employee or contractor n employer covered by the retirement system for whom records e received by the retirement system for the purpose of adminis- ng the terms of the plan, including for audit or investigative pur- es.
	0.	# 0

Gov't Code 552.0038, 825.507(g)

Peace Officer and Elected Officer Information	mber, emergency contact info rity number of a current or hor ssioned security officer, and e at reveals whether the officer h d may not be released if the o	e home address, home telephone rmation, date of birth, or social se- norably retired peace officer, com- lected public officer, or information has family members, is confidential fficer chooses to restrict public ac- ing the district on a form provided he individual's status.	
	dact information that must be w y information the district discle ssity of requesting a decision t ct redacts information under th le the information required by e requestor on a form prescrib	Code 552.1175(h), a district may withheld under this section from oses under the PIA without the ne- from the attorney general. If a dis- is provision, the district shall pro- Government Code 552.024(c-2) to ed by the attorney general. The re- ision from the attorney general	
	ov't Code 552.1175		
Election Judges and Clerks	An email address or personal phone number of an election judge or clerk collected or maintained by the authority conducting the election is confidential and does not constitute public information for purposes of Government Code Chapter 552.		
Exception	email address or phone num all be made available on requ	ber of an election judge or clerk est to:	
	Any entity eligible to submit for that election; or	t lists of election judges or clerks	
		ttee of a political party with a mit lists of election judges or clerks	
	ection Code 32.076		
Cybersecurity Information	A cyber threat indicator or defensive measure shared by or with a state, tribal, or local government under 6 U.S.C. 1503 shall be deemed voluntarily shared information and exempt from disclosure under any state or local freedom of information law, open government law, open meetings law, open records law, sunshine law, or similar law requiring disclosure of information or records. <i>6 U.S.C.</i> 1503(d)(4)(B)		
	cyber threat indicator or defens al government under Title 6, U	sive measure shared with the fed- nited States Code, shall be:	

	<ol> <li>Deemed voluntarily shared information and exempt from dis- closure under federal public information law and any state or local provision of law requiring disclosure of information or records; and</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Withheld, without discretion, from the public under federal public information law and any state or local provision of law requiring disclosure of information or records.</li> </ol>		
	6 U.S.C. 1504(d)(3) [See CQB]		
Protected Health Information	An individual's protected health information as defined by Health and Safety Code 181.006 is not public information and is not subject to disclosure under the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 552.002(d)</i>		
Out-of-State Health-Care Provider Information	Information obtained by a district that was provided by an out-of- state health-care provider in connection with a quality manage- ment, peer review, or best practices program that the out-of-state health-care provider pays for is confidential and excepted from the requirements of the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 552.162</i>		
Applicant for	The following information maintained by a district is confidential:		
Disaster Recovery Funds	<ol> <li>The name, social security number, house number, street name, and telephone number of an individual or household that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds;</li> </ol>		
	2. The name, tax identification number, address, and telephone number of a business entity or an owner of a business entity that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds; and		
	<ol> <li>Any other information the disclosure of which would identify or tend to identify a person or household that applies for state or federal disaster recovery funds.</li> </ol>		
	The street name and census block group of and the amount of dis- aster recovery funds awarded to a person or household are not confidential after the date on which disaster recovery funds are awarded to the person or household.		
	Gov't Code 552.160		
Information Excepted from Disclosure	Except for social security numbers or as otherwise provided by law, information that is not confidential, but is excepted from required disclosure under Government Code sections 552.101–.151, is public information and is available to the public on or after the 75th anniversary of the date the information was originally created or received by a district. This paragraph does not limit the authority of a district to establish retention periods for records under applicable law. <i>Gov't Code 552.0215</i>		

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Confidential by Law	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is informatio considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statu or by judicial decision. <i>Gov't Code 552.101</i>	
Certain Personnel File Information	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information a personnel file, the disclosure of which would constitute a clear unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, and transcripts from stitutions of higher education maintained in files of professional employees; however, the degree obtained and the curriculum the transcripts shall be subject to disclosure. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.7	arly i in- il on
	Disclosure of employee birth dates would constitute a clearly u warranted invasion of personal privacy, and such dates are ex- cepted from disclosure under Government Code 552.102(a), if employees' privacy interests substantially outweigh the public est in the information. <u>Texas Comptroller of Public Accts. v. Att</u> <u>Gen'l of Texas</u> , 354 S.W.3d 336 (Tex. 2010) (holding that a new paper's stated reason for requesting state employees' dates of birth did not outweigh employees' privacy rights)	- f the inter- <u>fy.</u> ws-
	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information the custody of the district that relates to an employee or officer the district if, under the specific circumstances pertaining to the employee or officer, disclosure of the information would subject employee or officer to a substantial threat of physical harm. Go Code 552.152	<sup>r</sup> of e ct the
Information Relating to Litigation	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information lating to litigation of a civil or criminal nature to which a district may be, a party or to which an officer or employee of the distric a consequence of the office or employment, is or may be a part but only if the litigation is pending or reasonably anticipated at time the district's public information officer receives the request <i>Gov't Code 552.103</i>	is, or ct, as rty, the
Information Related to Competition or Bidding	Information is excepted from public disclosure if the district der strates that the release of the information would harm its intere by providing an advantage to competitors or bidders in a partic ongoing competitive situation or in a particular competitive situ where the district establishes the situation at issue is set to rec or there is a specific and demonstrable intent to enter into the petitive situation again in the future.	ests cular lation occur
Parades, Concerts, and Entertainment Events	Information relating to the receipt or expenditure of public or of funds by a district for a parade, concert, or other entertainment event paid for in whole or part with public funds is not excepted from public disclosure. A person, including a district, may not in clude a provision in a contract related to an event that prohibits	t d n-

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	would otherwise prevent the disclosure of this information. A con- tract provision that violates Government Code 552.104(c) is void.	
	Gov't Code 552.104(a), (c)	
Certain Information on Real or Personal Property	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information re- lating to the location of real or personal property for a public pur- pose prior to public announcement of the project, or information pertaining to appraisals or purchase price of real or personal prop- erty for a public purpose prior to the formal award of contracts for the property. <i>Gov't Code 552.105</i>	
Drafts Involving Legislation	A draft or working paper involved in the preparation of proposed legislation is excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.106	
Attorney–Client Information	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information a district's attorney is prohibited from disclosing because of a duty to the district under the Texas Rules of Evidence or the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct or information that a court order has prohibited from disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.107</i>	
Certain Information from Law Enforcement	Under certain circumstances, information (except basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime) held by a law en- forcement agency or prosecutor is excepted from public disclosure if it is:	
	<ol> <li>Information that deals with detection, investigation, or prose- cution of crime; and</li> </ol>	
	2. An internal record or notation that is maintained for internal use in matters relating to law enforcement or prosecution.	
	Gov't Code 552.108	
Private Correspondence of Elected Official	Private correspondence and communications of an elected office holder relating to matters the disclosure of which would constitute an invasion of privacy are excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.109	
Trade Secrets	Except as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of contracting information), information is excepted from public disclosure if it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that the information is a "trade secret," as that term is defined by Government Code 552.110(a). <i>Gov't Code 552.110(b)</i>	
Certain Commercial and Financial Information	Except as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of contracting information), commercial or financial information for which it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that disclosure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person from whom the information was obtained is excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.110(c)</i>	

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Proprietary Information	Except as provided by Government Code 552.0222 (disclosure of contracting information), information submitted to a district by a vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor in response to a request for a bid, proposal, or qualification is excepted from public disclosure if the vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor demonstrates the information is proprietary information under Government Code 552.1101. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.1101(a)
Certain Memoranda	An interagency or intra-agency memoranda or letters that would not be available by law to a party in litigation with a district is ex- cepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.111; <u>City of Garland</u> <u>v. Dallas Morning News</u>, 22 S.W.3d 351 (Tex. 2000) (concluding that the deliberative process privilege, incorporated into the excep- tion found at Government Code 552.111, exempts communications related to a governmental agency's policymaking</i> )
Audit Working Paper	An audit working paper of an audit performed by the district auditor, including any audit relating to the criminal history background check of a public school employee, is excepted from public disclosure. If information in an audit working paper is also maintained in another record, that other record is not excepted. <i>Gov't Code 552.116</i>
Board Member and Employee Personal Information	Information is excepted from public disclosure if it is information that relates to the home address, home telephone number, emer- gency contact information, or social security number of the follow- ing persons, or that reveals whether the person has family mem- bers:
	<ol> <li>A current or former district employee or former board member, except as provided by Government Code 552.024 [see Per- sonal Information, above];</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>A current or honorably retired peace officer or a current or honorably retired commissioned security officer; and</li> </ol>
	3. An elected public officer.
	See Government Code 552.117(a) for the complete list of persons whose personal information is excepted from public disclosure.
	Gov't Code 552.117
Photograph of Peace Officer	A photograph that depicts a peace officer, the release of which would endanger the life or physical safety of the officer, is excepted from public disclosure unless:
	<ol> <li>The officer is under indictment or charged with an offense by information;</li> </ol>

	<ol><li>The officer is a party in a fire or police civil service hearing or a case in arbitration; or</li></ol>	
	<ol> <li>The photograph is introduced as evidence in a judicial pro- ceeding.</li> </ol>	
	If a photograph is exempt from public disclosure as described above, it may be made public only if the officer gives written consent.	
	Gov't Code 552.119	
Testing Items	A test item developed by a state-funded educational institution is excepted from public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.122	
Certain Library Records	A record of a library or library system that identifies or serves to identify a person who requested, obtained, or used a library mate- rial or service is excepted from public disclosure, unless the record is disclosed:	
	<ol> <li>Because the library determines that disclosure is reasonably necessary for the operation of the library and the records are not confidential under other state or federal law;</li> </ol>	
	2. To a person with a special right of access under Government Code 552.023; or	
	<ol> <li>To a law enforcement agency or prosecutor under a court or- der or subpoena.</li> </ol>	
	Gov't Code 552.124	
Superintendent Applicants	The name of an applicant for superintendent is excepted from pub- lic disclosure, except a board must give public notice of the name or names of the finalists being considered for that position at least 21 days before the date of the meeting at which final action or a vote is to be taken on the applicant's employment. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>552.126</i>	
Certain Motor Vehicle and	Information is excepted from public disclosure if the information re- lates to:	
Personal Identification Information	<ol> <li>A motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state or another state or country;</li> </ol>	
	2. A motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state or another state or country; or	
	<ol> <li>A personal identification document issued by an agency of this state, another state or country, or a local agency author- ized to issue an identification document.</li> </ol>	

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		motor vehicle record information described above may be re- ed only in accordance with Transportation Code Chapter 730.
	Rec drive the from spee pres	ject to Transportation Code Chapter 730 (the Motor Vehicle ords Disclosure Act), a district may redact motor vehicle or er license information under this provision from any information district discloses without the necessity of requesting a decision in the attorney general. The district shall provide the information cified at Government Code 552.130 to the requestor on a form acribed by the attorney general. The requestor is entitled to k a decision from the attorney general about the matter.
	Gov	i't Code 552.130; Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)
Individuals Who Inform of Violations of Law		nformer's name or information that would substantially reveal identity of an informer is excepted from public disclosure, un-
	1.	The informer consents. If the informer is a student or former student, consent may also be given by the informer's legal guardian or spouse; or
	2.	The informer planned, initiated, or participated in the possible violation.
	form pers	ormer" means a student or former student or an employee or ner employee of a district who has furnished a report of another son's possible violation of criminal, civil, or regulatory law to the rict or the proper regulatory enforcement authority.
	age mac this cons	informer's name may be made available to a law enforcement ncy or prosecutor for official purposes upon proper request, le in compliance with applicable law and procedure. However, exception does not impair the confidentiality of information sidered to be confidential by law, including information ex- ted from disclosure under the PIA.
	Gov	't Code 552.135
Economic Development Negotiations	that boa	rmation is excepted from public disclosure if it is information relates to economic development negotiations involving a rd and a business prospect that the board seeks to have lo- e, stay, or expand in or near a district and the information re- s to:
	1.	A trade secret of the business prospect; or
	2.	Commercial or financial information for which it is demon- strated based on specific factual evidence that disclosure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person from whom the information was obtained.
	Gov	't Code 552.131(a)

# PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAM ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFORMATION

	info busi	ess and until an agreement is made with the business prospect, rmation about a financial or other incentive being offered to a ness prospect by a board or by another person is excepted n public disclosure.
	ince sure	r an agreement is made, information about a financial or other ntive being offered is no longer exempted from public disclo- if the information is about a financial or other incentive being red to the business prospect:
	1.	By a board; or
	2.	By another person, if the financial or other incentive may di- rectly or indirectly result in the expenditure of public funds by a district or a reduction in revenue received by the district from any source.
	Gov	't Code 552.131(b), (c)
Computer Network Security	that mat the	rmation is excepted from public disclosure if it is information relates to computer network security, to network security infor- ion that is restricted under Government Code 2059.055, or to design, operation, or defense of a computer network. [See Se- ty Information, above] <i>Gov't Code 552.139(a)</i>
Social Security Numbers	lic d thar reda mat requ	social security number of a living person is excepted from pub- isclosure. The social security number of a living person other a district employee is not confidential, however. A district may act the social security number of a living person from any infor- ion the district discloses to the public without the necessity of uesting a decision from the attorney general. <i>Gov't Code</i> .147
Crime Victim Information	ploy dure ploy exce	rmation that would identify or tend to identify a district em- ee who is also a crime victim under Code of Criminal Proce- e, Chapter 56, Subchapter B, regardless of whether the em- ee chooses to restrict public access to the information, is epted from public disclosure until the third anniversary of the e the crime was committed. <i>Gov't Code 552.132</i>
	the offe elen clos gua enfo	rmation is confidential and excepted from public disclosure if information identifies an individual as a victim of any criminal nse if the victim was younger than 18 years of age when any nent of the offense was committed. Information may be dis- ed to any victim identified by the information, or to the parent or rdian of a victim who is identified by the information; to a law precement agency for investigative purposes; or in accordance a court order requiring the disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.1315</i>

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Officer for Public Information and Required Notices Officer for Public Information	A superintendent shall be a district's officer for public information. Each department head shall be an agent of the officer for purposes of complying with the public information laws.				
Duties	The officer is responsible for the release of public information as required by the Public Information Act (PIA), Government Code Chapter 552. The officer for public information shall:				
	1.	Make copy	e public information available for public inspection and ing;		
	2.		fully protect public information from deterioration, altera- mutilation, loss, or unlawful removal;		
	3.	•	air, renovate, or rebind public information when necessary aintain it properly; and		
	4.		e reasonable efforts to obtain public information from a orary custodian if:		
		a.	The information has been requested from the district;		
		b.	The officer is aware of facts sufficient to warrant a rea- sonable belief that the temporary custodian has posses- sion, custody, or control of the information;		
		C.	The officer is unable to comply with the duties imposed by the PIA without obtaining the information from the temporary custodian; and		
		d.	The temporary custodian has not provided the infor- mation to the officer or the officer's agent.		
	The officer is not responsible for the use made of the informatio by the requestor or the release of the information after it is re- moved from a record as a result of an update, correction, or change of status of the person to whom the information pertains				
	Gov't Code 552.201(a)–.204				
Training	For a board that has designated a public information coordinator to satisfy its required PIA training, the designated public information coordinator shall complete the training course regarding the re- sponsibilities of a district and district officers and employees under the PIA not later than the 90th day after the date the coordinator assumes the person's duties as coordinator. [See CPC(LOCAL)]				
	The	training shall be not less than one nor more than two hours. attorney general may provide the training and may also ap- re other acceptable sources of training.			

	the	strict shall maintain and make available for public inspection record of a public information coordinator's completion of the hing.		
	Gov't Code 552.012(b), (c), (e)			
PIA Sign	The officer for public information shall prominently display a sign in the form prescribed by the attorney general that contains basic in- formation about the rights of a requestor, the responsibilities of a district, and the procedures for inspecting or obtaining a copy of public information under the PIA. The officer shall display the sign at one or more places in the district's administrative offices where it is plainly visible to:			
	1.	Members of the public who request public information in per- son; and		
	2.	Employees of the district whose duties include receiving or re- sponding to public information requests.		
	Gov't Code 552.205			
Access to Public Information	It shall be the policy of a district to provide a suitable copy of public information within a reasonable time after the date on which the copy is requested. <i>Gov't Code 552.228(a)</i>			
Method of Requesting Public Information	A person may make a written request for public informat delivering the request by one of the following methods to for public information or a person designated by that offi			
	1.	United States mail;		
	2.	Electronic mail;		
	3.	Hand delivery; or		
	4.	Any other appropriate method approved by the district, includ- ing facsimile transmission and electronic submission through the district's website.		
	A district is considered to have approved another method only if the district includes a statement that a request for public infor- mation may be made by that method on the PIA sign [see PIA Sign, above] or the district's website.			
Designated Address	mai and	strict may designate one mailing address and one electronic I address for receiving written requests for public information shall provide the designated mailing address and electronic ling address to any person on request.		
		strict that posts a designated mailing address or electronic mail ress on the district's website or that prints those addresses on		
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	the PIA sign is not required to respond to a written request for plic information unless the request is received:				
	1. At one of those addresses;				
	2. By hand delivery; or				
	3. By a method described above that has been approved by the district.				
	Gov't Code 552.234				
Public Information Request Form	The attorney general shall create a public information request form that provides a requestor the option of excluding from a request in- formation that the district determines is:				
	1. Confidential; or				
	<ol><li>Subject to an exception to disclosure that the district would assert if the information were subject to the request.</li></ol>				
	A district that allows requestors to use the form and maintains a website shall post the form on its website.				
	Gov't Code 552.235				
Procedural Rules	A district may promulgate reasonable rules of procedure by which public information may be inspected and copied efficiently, safely, and without delay. These rules may not be inconsistent with any provision of the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 552.230</i>				
Treatment of Requests	The officer for public information and agent shall not make an in- quiry of a requestor, except to establish proper identification or to ask the requestor to narrow or clarify the request. The officer for public information or agent shall treat all requests for information uniformly without regard to the position or occupation of the re- questor, the person on whose behalf the request is made, or the status of the individual as a member of the media. The officer for public information or agent shall give the requestor all reasonable comfort and facility for the full exercise of the right granted by the PIA. <i>Gov't Code 552.222(a)–(b), .223–.224</i>				
Location of Access	An officer for public information complies with a request for public information by:				
	<ol> <li>Providing the information for inspection or duplication in a dis- trict's offices [see Time for Examination, below]. The PIA does not authorize a requestor to remove an original copy of a pub- lic record from the office of a district;</li> </ol>				

	2.	Sending copies of the information by first class mail, if the re- questor requests that copies be provided and pays the post- age and any other applicable charges that the requestor has accrued under Subchapter F of the PIA [see Costs and Charges, below];				
	3.	By referring a requestor to an exact internet location or uni- form resource locator (URL) address on a website maintained by the district and accessible to the public if the requested in- formation is identifiable and readily available on that website. If the person requesting the information prefers a manner other than access through the URL, the district must supply the information by sending copies to the requestor, as de- scribed above.				
		If the officer for public information provides by email an inter- net location or URL address, the email must contain a state- ment in a conspicuous font clearly indicating that the reques- tor may nonetheless access the requested information by inspection or duplication or by receipt through United States Mail, as described above.				
	Gov	Gov't Code 552.221(b)–(b-2), .226				
Time for Response	An officer for public information shall promptly produce public information for inspection, duplication, or both, on application by any person. "Promptly" means as soon as possible under the circumstances, that is, within a reasonable time, without delay. A district may not automatically withhold for ten business days public information not excepted from disclosure.					
	mation the c fact i sona	officer for public information cannot produce the public infor- on for inspection or duplication within ten business days after late the information is requested, the officer shall certify that in writing to the requestor and set a date and hour within a rea- able time when the information will be available for inspection uplication.				
	or ac in wr able	e requested information is unavailable because it is in storage ctive use, an officer for public information shall certify this fact riting to the requestor and set a date and hour within a reason- time when the information will be available for inspection or ication.				
	Gov't Code 552.221; Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 664 (2000)					
When Administrative Offices Closed	durin	ss the district has initiated a temporary suspension of the PIA ng a catastrophe [see below], if a district closes its physical of- , but requires staff to work, including remotely, then the district				

	shall make a good faith effort to continue responding to applica- tions for public information, to the extent staff have access to public information responsive to an application while its administrative of- fices are closed.
	Failure to respond to requests may constitute a refusal to request an attorney general's decision or a refusal to supply public infor- mation or information that the attorney general has determined is public information that is not excepted from disclosure.
	Gov't Code 552.2211
Requests to Narrow or Clarify	If a large amount of information has been requested, the district may discuss with the requestor how the scope of the request might be narrowed, but the district may not inquire into the purpose for which the information will be used. If what information is requested is unclear to the district, the district may ask the requestor to clarify the request.
	If the request included the requestor's physical or mailing address, the district must send the request for discussion or clarification to that address by certified mail. The written request for discussion or clarification must include a statement as to the consequences of failure by the requestor to timely respond.
	If the requestor's request for public information was sent by elec- tronic mail, the district may send the request for clarification or dis- cussion or the written request for additional information by elec- tronic mail to the same electronic mail address from which the original request was sent or to another electronic mail address pro- vided by the requestor.
	If the district does not receive a written response or a response by electronic mail, as applicable, by the 61st day after the district sends the written request, the underlying request for public information is considered to have been withdrawn by the requestor.
	Gov't Code 552.222(b), (d)–(g)
Time for Examination	A requestor shall complete the examination of the information not later than the tenth business day after the date the custodian of the information makes it available. If the requestor does not complete the examination within ten business days and does not file a re- quest for additional time, the requestor is considered to have with- drawn the request.
	The officer shall extend the initial examination period by an addi- tional ten business days if, within the initial period, the requestor files with the officer a written request for additional time. The officer

	nes	s day	end an additional examination period by another ten busi- rs if, within the first additional period, the requestor files officer a written request for more additional time.				
	The time during which a person may examine information may be interrupted by the officer if the information is needed for use by the district. The period of interruption is not considered to be a part of the time during which the person may examine the information.						
	fails the info othe ter	A request is considered to have been withdrawn if the requestor fails to inspect or duplicate the public information in the offices of the governmental body on or before the 60th day after the date the information is made available or fails to pay the postage and any other applicable charges accrued under Government Code, Chap- ter 552, Subchapter F on or before the 60th day after the date the requestor is informed of the charges.					
	Go	v't Co	de 552.221(e), .225				
Electronic Data	the on o	reque disket	information exists in an electronic or magnetic medium, estor may request a copy in an electronic medium, such as tte or on magnetic tape. A district shall provide a copy in ested medium:				
	1.		e district has the technological ability to produce the infor- tion in the requested medium;				
	2.		e district is not required to purchase any software or hard- e to accommodate the request; and				
	3.		viding the copy will not violate any copyright agreement ween the district and a third party.				
	info dist the disł	rmati rict sl reque cette	ct is unable to comply with a request to produce a copy of on in a requested medium for any of these reasons, the nall provide a copy in another medium that is acceptable to estor. A district is not required to copy information onto a or other material provided by the requestor but may use upplies.				
	Go	Gov't Code 552.228					
Requests Requiring Programming or		A district shall provide the requestor a written statement, des below, if the district determines:					
Manipulation	1.		at responding to a request for information will require pro- mming or manipulation of data; and				
	2.	Tha	it:				
		a.	Compliance with the request is not feasible or will result in substantial interference with operations; or				
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		b.	The information could be made available in the re- quested form only at a cost that covers the programming and manipulation of data.
	The	writte	en statement shall include:
	1.		atement that the information is not available in the re- sted form;
	2.	A de	escription of the form in which the information is available;
	3.		escription of any contract or services that would be re- ed to provide the information in the requested form;
	4.	in th	atement of the estimated cost of providing the information requested form, as determined in accordance with the s established by the attorney general; and
	5.		atement of the anticipated time required to provide the in- nation in the requested form.
Response Time When Programming or Manipulation Is Required	20 d has give	days a an ao s writ	shall provide the written statement to the requestor within after the date the district receives the request. The district dditional ten days to provide the statement if the district ten notice to the requestor, within 20 days after receiving est, that additional time is needed.
Further Action	has forn	no fu 1 or in	viding the written statement described above, the district rther obligation to provide the information in the requested the form in which it is available, unless within 30 days estor states in writing that the requestor:
	1.	time acco	nts the information in the requested form according to the and cost parameters set out in the written statement, or ording to other terms to which the requestor and the dis- agree; or
	2.	War	nts the information in the form in which it is available.
		stor is	estor does not make a timely written statement, the re- s considered to have withdrawn the request for infor-
Processing of Requests	the mat sha mer grar	expec ion th II main nts iss mmino	er for public information shall establish policies that assure ditious and accurate processing of requests for infor- at require programming or manipulation of data. A district ntain a readily accessible file containing all written state- sued concerning requests for information that require pro- g or manipulation of data.
	Gov	r't Co	de 552.231

Repetitious or Redundant Requests	forn	If a district determines that a requestor has made a request for in- formation for which the district has previously furnished or made copies available to the requestor, the district may:				
	1.	Respond to the request for information as set forth below, at Procedures; or				
	2.	Furnish the information or make the information available to the requestor again in accordance with the request. If the dis- trict selects this option, the district is not required to comply with the procedures described below.				
	Go	Gov't Code 552.232(a)				
	nish for able or n cau in th	These provisions do not apply to information not previously fur- nished to a requestor. A district shall treat a request for information for which copies have not been previously furnished or made avail- able to the requestor, including information that was not furnished or made available because the information was redacted or be- cause the information did not exist at the time of an earlier request, in the same manner as any other request for public information. <i>Gov't Code 552.232(d)</i>				
Procedures	all c	A district shall, free of charge, certify to the requestor that copies of all or part of the requested information were previously furnished or made available to the requestor. The certification must include:				
	1.	A description of the information for which copies have been previously furnished or made available to the requestor;				
	2.	The date the district received the requestor's original request for that information;				
	3.	The date the district previously furnished copies or made available copies of the information to the requestor;				
	4.	A certification that no subsequent additions, deletions, or cor- rections have been made to that information; and				
	5.	The name, title, and signature of the officer for public infor- mation or agent making the certification.				
	Go	Gov't Code 552.232(b), (c)				
Requests for Contracting Information Not	tain	"Contracting information" means the following information main- tained by a district or sent between a district and a vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor:				
Maintained by the District	1.	Information in a voucher or contract relating to the receipt or expenditure of public funds by a district;				

	2.	Solicitation or bid documents relating to a contract with a dis- trict;						
	3.	Communications sent between a district and a vendor, con- tractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor during the so- licitation, evaluation, or negotiation of a contract;						
	4.	Documents, including bid tabulations, showing the criteria by which a district evaluates each vendor, contractor, potential vendor, or potential contractor responding to a solicitation and, if applicable, an explanation of why the vendor or con- tractor was selected; and						
	5.	Communications and other information sent between a district and a vendor or contractor related to the performance of a fi- nal contract with the district or work performed on behalf of the district.						
	Gov	Gov't Code 552.003(1-a)						
		vernment Code 552.371 applies to an entity that is not a gov- mental body that executes a contract with a district that:						
	1.	Has a stated expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds for the purchase of goods or services by the district; or						
	2.	Results in the expenditure of at least \$1 million in public funds for the purchase of goods or services by the district in a fiscal year of the district.						
	info scril that	vernment Code 552.371 applies to a written request for public rmation received by a district that is party to a contract de- bed above for contracting information related to the contract is in the custody or possession of the entity and not main- ed by the district.						
	Gov't Code 552.371(a), (b)							
Request to Contracting Entity	sha The thar	strict that receives a written request for contracting information II request that the entity provide the information to the district. If district must send the request in writing to the party not later in the third business day after the date the district receives the ten request. <i>Gov't Code</i> $552.371(c)$						
Request for Attorney General Opinion	whe with time the	strict's request for an attorney general's decision to determine ether contracting information not maintained by the district falls in an exception to disclosure under the PIA is considered ely if made not later than the 13th business day after the date district receives the written request described above. <i>Gov't</i> <i>the</i> 552.371( <i>d</i> )(1)						

	The statement and copy described below [see Statement to Re- questor] is considered timely if provided to the requestor not later than the 13th business day after the date the district receives the written request. <i>Gov't Code</i> $552.371(d)(2)$			
	A submission and copy described below [see Submission to ney General] is considered timely if sent not later than the 1 business day after the date the district receives the written r Gov't Code 552.371(d)(3), (4)			
		presumption that information is subject to disclosure [see Time Request, below] does not apply if a district:		
	1.	Complies with the requirements of Government Code 552.371(c) in a good faith effort to obtain contracting information not maintained by the district;		
	2.	Is unable to meet a deadline because the contracting entity failed to provide the information to the district not later than the 13th business day after the date the district received the written request for the information; and		
	3.	Complies with all notice requirements not later than the eighth business day after the date the district receives the information from the contracting entity.		
	Gov	't Code 552.371(e)		
	Nothing in Government Code 552.371 affects the deadlines or du- ties of a district related to requesting an attorney general opinion regarding contracting information the district maintains. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.371(f)			
Withholding Excepted Information Request for Attorney General Decision	con and distr whe	district receives a written request for information that the district siders to be within one of the exceptions to required disclosure that the district wishes to withhold from public disclosure, the rict shall request a decision from the attorney general about other the information is within the exception [see Submission to orney General, below]. <i>Gov't Code 552.301(a)</i>		
	trict	strict may only request an attorney general decision if the dis- reasonably believes that the requested information is excepted n required disclosure. <i>Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 665 (2000)</i>		
Time for Request	thar disti and	strict must submit the request to the attorney general not later in the tenth business day after receiving the written request. If a rict does not timely request a decision from the attorney general comply with the requirements at Statement to Requestor, be- the information is presumed to be subject to public disclosure		

and must be released unless there is a compelling reason to withhold it. Gov't Code 552.301(b), .302 Calculating For the purposes of Government Code sections 552.301-.308, if a Timelines district receives a written request by United States mail and cannot adequately establish the actual date of receipt, the request is considered to have been received by the district on the third business day after the date of the postmark on a properly addressed reguest. Gov't Code 552.301(a-1) When Government Code sections 552.301–.308 require a request, notice, or other document to be submitted or otherwise given to the attorney general within a specified period, the requirement is met in a timely fashion if the district submits the document through the attorney general's designated electronic filing system within that period. This provision does not affect the right of a district to submit information to the attorney general by mail under Government Code 552.308. When the attorney general is required to deliver a notice, decision, or other document within a specified period, the requirement is met in a timely fashion if the attorney general electronically transmits the document within that period. For information surrendered or returned to a district by a temporary custodian, the district is considered to receive the request for that information on the date the information is surrendered or returned to the district. [See GB] Gov't Code 552.233(d), .309 Previous Except as set forth at Government Code section 552.301(q), a dis-Determinations trict may not request an attorney general decision if the district has previously requested and received a determination from the attor-Same ney general concerning the precise information at issue in a pend-Information ing request and the attorney general or a court determined that the information is not within one of the exceptions. This exception applies to specific information that is again requested from a district after the attorney general has previously issued a decision regarding the precise information or records at issue. Gov't Code 552.301(f); Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 673 (2001) Categories of A district may rely on a previous determination by the attorney gen-Information eral regarding a specific, clearly delineated category of information if: 1. The previous decision is applicable to a school district;

	2.	The previous decision concludes that the category of infor- mation is or is not excepted from public disclosure;			
	3.	The elements of law, fact, and circumstances are met to sup- port the previous decision's conclusion that the requested rec- ords and information at issue are or are not excepted from public disclosure; and			
	4.	The previous decision explicitly provides that the governmen- tal body or bodies to which the decision applies may withhold the information without the necessity of seeking a decision from the attorney general.			
	Tex.	Atty. Gen. ORD 673 (2001)			
	mati	strict that relies on any previous determination to withhold infor- on from disclosure should notify the requestor in writing of the sion or ruling upon which it is relying.			
	A district may withhold from public disclosure the categories of rec- ords listed at Texas Attorney General Open Records Decision 684 (2009).				
	Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 684 (2009)				
	ble, the l	strict may withhold from public disclosure personally identifia- non-directory information in "education records" as defined in Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 ("FERPA"), J.S.C. 1232g [see FL]. <i>Tex. Atty. Gen. ORD 634 (1995)</i>			
Statement to Requestor	the r	district requests an attorney general decision, it shall provide to requestor within a reasonable time but not later than the tenth ness day after the date of receiving the requestor's written re- st:			
	1.	A written statement that the district wishes to withhold the re- quested information and has asked for a decision from the at- torney general about whether the information is within an ex- ception to public disclosure; and			
	2.	A copy of the district's written communication to the attorney general asking for the decision. If a district's written communi- cation to the attorney general discloses the requested infor- mation, the district shall provide a redacted copy of that writ- ten communication.			
	Gov	't Code 552.301(d)			

Submission to Attorney General	When a district requests an attorney general decision, it shall, within a reasonable time but not later than the15th business day af- ter receiving the request for information, submit to the attorney general all of the following:			
	<ol> <li>Written comments stating the reasons why the stated excep- tions apply that would allow the information to be withheld;</li> </ol>			
	2. A copy of the written request for information;			
	<ol> <li>A signed statement as to the date on which the written re- quest for information was received by the district or evidence sufficient to establish that date; and</li> </ol>			
	4. A copy of the specific information requested, or representative samples of the information if a voluminous amount of information was requested. The district shall label the copies or representative samples to indicate which exceptions apply to which parts of the copy.			
	The district shall send a copy of the comments to the requestor not later than the 15th business day after the district receives the writ- ten request. If the written comments disclose or contain the sub- stance of the information requested, the copy of the comments pro- vided to the requestor shall be redacted.			
	Gov't Code 552.301(e), (e-1)			
	Unless the information is confidential by law, the district may disclose the requested information to the public or the requestor before a final determination that the information is public has been made by the attorney general or a court with jurisdiction. <i>Gov't Code 552.303(a)</i>			
Additional Information	If the attorney general determines that additional information is necessary to render a decision, the attorney general shall give the district and the requestor written notice of that fact. The district shall submit the necessary additional information to the attorney general not later than the seventh calendar day after the date the notice is received. If the district does not comply with the attorney general's request, the information is presumed to be subject to re- quired public disclosure and must be released unless there is a compelling reason to withhold the information. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.303(c)-(e)			
Privacy or Property Interests	If information is requested and a person's privacy or property inter- ests may be involved, including a case under Government Code 552.101 (information confidential by law), 552.110 (trade secrets), 552.1101 (proprietary information), 552.114 (student records),			

	552.131 (economic development information), or 552.143 (invest- ment information) a district may decline to release the information for the purpose of requesting a decision from the attorney general. A person whose interests may be involved, or any other person, may submit in writing to the attorney general the person's reasons why the information should be withheld or released. A district may, but is not required to, submit its reasons why the information should be withheld or released. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.305(a)–(c)				
Notice to Owner of Proprietary Information	exce tial I mat (ecc mat mak	If release of a person's proprietary information may be subject to exception under Government Code 552.101 (information confiden- tial by law), 552.110 (trade secrets), 552.1101 (proprietary infor- mation), 552.113 (geological or geophysical information), 552.131 (economic development information), or 552.143 (investment infor- mation), a district that requests an attorney general decision shall make a good faith attempt to provide written notice to that person of its request. The notice must:			
	1.		sent within a reasonable time not later than the tenth busi- s day after the district receives the request for information;		
	2.	Incl	ude:		
		a.	A copy of any written request a district received for the information; and		
		b.	A statement, in the form prescribed by the attorney gen- eral, that the person is entitled to submit to the attorney general, not later than the tenth business day after the person receives the notice, a written statement of the reason(s) why the information should be withheld and a letter, memorandum, or brief supporting the reason(s).		
	Gov	't Co	de 552.305(d)		
Charges Regarding Public Information Requests Costs and Charges	The charge for providing a copy of public information shall be an amount that reasonably includes all costs related to reproducing the information, including costs of materials, labor, and overhead. The charges shall not be excessive and shall not exceed the actua cost of producing the information or for making public information that exists in a paper record available.				
	to a	ccrue	for providing a copy of public information are considered at the time the district advises the requestor that the copy le on payment of the applicable charges.		
50 Pages or Less		•	est is for 50 or fewer pages of paper records, the charge ling the copy of the information shall be limited to the		

QUESTS FOR INFORMATION		
	charge for each page of the paper record that is photocop less the pages to be photocopied are located in two or mo rate buildings that are not physically connected with each a remote storage facility. The charge for providing a copy include costs of materials, labor, or overhead.	ore sepa- other or
Statement of Labor Costs	If the charge for providing a copy of public information inco- costs of labor, the requestor may require the officer for pu- mation or agent to provide the requestor with a written sta- as to the amount of time that was required to produce and the copy. The statement must be signed by the officer or a and the officer or agent's name must be typed or legibly p low the signature. A charge may not be imposed for provid- written statement to the requestor.	blic infor- itement d provide agent, rinted be-
	All requests received in one calendar day from an individu be treated as a single request for purposes of calculating district may not combine multiple requests from separate als who submit requests on behalf of an organization.	costs. A
	Gov't Code 552.261, .262(a)	
Attorney General's Rules	A district shall use the attorney general's rules to determine charges for providing copies of public information and to of the charge, deposit, or bond required for making public in that exists in a paper record available for inspection, exce extent that other law provides for charges for specific kind lic information.	determine formation pt to the
	A district may determine its own charges for providing coppublic information and its own charge, deposit, or bond for public information that exists in a paper record available fraction. However, a district may not charge an amount that is than 25 percent more than the amount established by the general, unless the district requests an exemption. <i>Gov't</i> 552.262(a); 1 TAC 70.1(b), .3, .10.	r making or inspec- greater attorney
Exemptions	A district may request that it be exempt from part or all of adopted by the attorney general for determining charges. request must be made in writing to the attorney general a state the reason for the exemption. If a district receives no the attorney general that an exemption has been granted district may amend its charges according to the attorney general determination. <i>Gov't Code 552.262(c)</i>	The nd must ptice from the
Copies for Parents	A district may charge a reasonable fee in accordance with above requirements for copies of materials provided to pa pursuant to Education Code Chapter 26. <i>Education Code</i>	irents

GBAA

Statement of Estimated Charges	tion ques char labo view tice nativ bilitie and form	If a request for a copy of public information will result in the imposi- tion of a charge that exceeds \$40, a district shall provide the re- questor with a written itemized statement that details all estimated charges that will be imposed, including any allowable charges for labor or personnel costs. If an alternative less costly method of viewing the records is available, the statement must include a no- tice that the requestor may contact the district regarding the alter- native method. A district must inform the requestor of the responsi- bilities imposed on the requestor by Government Code 552.2615 and the rights granted by that section and give the requestor the in- formation needed to respond as detailed in Government Code 552.2615(a).			
	befo dete taile distr state	fter a district provides the requestor the itemized statement but are it makes the copy or the paper record available, the district ermines that the estimated charges will exceed the charges de- d in the original itemized statement by 20 percent or more, the ict shall send to the requestor an updated written itemized ement that details all estimated charges that will be imposed, ading any allowable charges for labor or personnel costs.			
Requestor's Response	A request for which a district is required to produce an (original or updated) itemized statement of estimated charges is considered to have been withdrawn if the requestor does not respond in writing to the itemized statement by informing the district within ten business days after the date the statement is sent to the requestor that:				
	1.	The requestor will accept the estimated charges;			
	2.	The requestor is modifying the request in response to the itemized statement; or			
	3.	The requestor has sent to the attorney general a complaint al- leging that the requestor has been overcharged for being pro- vided with a copy of the public information.			
Actual Charges	lf the	e actual charges exceed \$40, the charges may not exceed:			
	1.	The amount estimated in the updated itemized statement; or			
	2.	If an updated itemized statement is not sent to the requestor, an amount that exceeds by 20 percent or more the amount estimated in the original itemized statement.			
Timing of Deadlines	beer spor	priginal or updated itemized statement is considered to have n sent by a district, and a requestor is considered to have re- nded to the statement, on the date that the statement or re- nse is:			
	1.	Delivered in person;			

	2. Deposited, properly addressed, in the U.S. Mail; or			
	3. Transmitted by electronic mail or facsimile, provided the re- questor agrees to receive the statement by those means.			
	The time deadlines for providing or responding to the required statement of estimated charges do not affect the application of a time deadline imposed on a district for requesting a decision by the attorney general under Government Code 552, Subchapter G.			
	Gov't Code 552.2615			
Deposit or Bond	The officer for public information or agent may require a deposit or bond for payment of anticipated costs for the preparation of a copy of public information if:			
	<ol> <li>The officer or agent has provided the requestor with the writ- ten itemized statement required by Government Code 552.2615 [see Statement of Estimated Charges, above]; and</li> </ol>			
	2. The charge for providing the copy is estimated by the district to exceed \$100, if the district has more than 15 full-time employees, or \$50, if the district has fewer than 16 full-time employees.			
	The officer or agent may not require a deposit or bond as a down payment for copies of public information that the requestor may request in the future.			
	Gov't Code 552.263(a), (b)			
	For the purposes of charging for providing copies of public infor- mation or for requesting an attorney general's opinion, a request for a copy of public information is considered to have been re- ceived by the district on the date the district receives the deposit or bond. <i>Gov't Code 552.263(e)</i>			
	A requestor who fails to make such a deposit or post such a bond before the tenth business day after the date the deposit or bond is required is considered to have withdrawn the request. <i>Gov't Code 552.263(f)</i>			
Modified Request	If a requestor modifies a request in response to the requirement of a deposit or bond, the modified request is considered a separate request and is considered received on the date the district receives the written modified request. <i>Gov't Code 552.263(e-1)</i>			
Unpaid Amounts	The officer for public information or agent may require a deposit or bond for payment of unpaid amounts the requestor owes a district in relation to previous public information requests before preparing a copy of public information in response to a new request, if those			

	unpaid amounts exceed \$100. The officer for public information or agent may not seek payment of those unpaid amounts through any other means. <i>Gov't Code 552.263(c)</i>
	A district that receives a request from a requestor who, within the preceding 180 days, has accepted but failed to pay written item- ized statements of estimated charges from the district as provided under Government Code 552.261(b) may require the requestor to pay the estimated charges for the request before the request is ful- filled. <i>Gov't Code 552.2661</i>
Documentation of Unpaid Amounts	A district must fully document the existence and amount of those unpaid amounts or the amount of any anticipated costs before requiring a deposit or bond. The documentation is subject to required public disclosure. <i>Gov't Code 552.263(d)</i>
Waivers	A district shall provide a copy of public information without charge or at a reduced charge if the district determines that waiver or re- duction of the charge is in the public interest because providing the information primarily benefits the public.
	If the cost to a district of processing the collection of a charge for providing a copy of public information will exceed the amount of the charge, the district may waive the charge.
	Gov't Code 552.267
Government Publication	The cost provisions described above do not apply to a publication that is compiled and printed by or for a district for public dissemination. If the cost of the publication is not determined by state law, a district may determine the charge for providing the publication, or the district may provide the publication free of charge, if state law does not require a certain charge. <i>Gov't Code</i> 552.270
Inspection of Public Information	If the requestor does not request a copy of public information, a district may not impose a charge for making available for inspec-
Inspection of Public Information	tion any public information that exists in a paper record, except as set forth below. <i>Gov't Code 552.271(a)</i>
Confidential Information	If a page contains confidential information that must be edited from the record before the information can be made available for inspec- tion, a district may charge for the cost of making a photocopy of the page from which the confidential information must be edited. No charge other than the cost of the photocopy may be imposed. <i>Gov't Code 552.271(b)</i>
Payment, Deposit, or Bond	The officer for public information or agent may require a requestor to pay, or to make a deposit or post a bond for the payment of, an- ticipated personnel costs for making available for inspection public information that exists in paper records if:

	<ol> <li>The information specifically requested by the requestor is older than five years or completely fills, or when assembled will completely fill, six or more archival boxes; and</li> </ol>		
	2. The officer for public information or agent estimates that more than five hours will be required to make the information available for inspection.		
	Gov't Code 552.271(c)		
Certain Small Districts	If a district has fewer than 16 full-time employees, the payment, deposit, or bond may be required only if:	-	
	1. The information specifically requested by the requestor is older than three years or completely fills, or when assembled will completely fill, three or more archival boxes; and		
	2. The officer for public information or agent estimates that more than two hours will be required to make the information available for inspection.		
	Gov't Code 552.271(d)		
Electronic Records	If a district receives a request to inspect information that exists in an electronic medium and that is not available directly online to the requestor, the district may not impose a charge for access to the information unless complying with the request will require program- ming or manipulation of data. If programming or manipulation of data is required, a district shall notify the requestor before assem- bling the information and provide the requestor with an estimate of charges that will be imposed.		
	If public information exists in an electronic form on a computer owned or leased by a district, and the public has direct access to that computer through a computer network or other means, the electronic form of the information may be electronically copied from that computer without charge if accessing the information does not require processing, programming, or manipulation on the district's computer before the information is copied. If such information does require processing, programming, or manipulation before it can be copied, a district may impose charges.		
	If a district creates or keeps information in an electronic form, the district is encouraged to explore options to separate confidential information from public information and make the public information available to the public through electronic access through a computer network or other means.		

Gov't Code 552.272

Temporary Suspension of Requirements for Districts Impacted by Catastrophe	The requirements of the PIA do not apply to a district that is cur- rently significantly impacted by a catastrophe such that the catas- trophe directly causes the inability of the district to comply with the requirements of the PIA and complies with requirements below to declare a suspension period.		
	"Catastrophe" means a condition or occurrence that directly inte feres with the ability of a district to comply with the requirement the PIA, including:		
	<ol> <li>Fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, or wind, rain, o snow storm;</li> </ol>	or	
	<ol> <li>Power failure, transportation failure, or interruption of com nication facilities;</li> </ol>	ımu-	
	3. Epidemic; or		
	<ol> <li>Riot, civil disturbance, enemy attack, or other actual or thr ened act of lawlessness or violence.</li> </ol>	eat-	
	"Catastrophe" does not mean a period when staff is required to work remotely and can access information responsive to an app cation for information electronically, but the physical office of the governmental body is closed.	pli-	
	"Suspension period" means the period of time during which a d trict may suspend the applicability of the requirements of the PI		
Initial Suspension Period	A board may suspend the applicability of the PIA to the district f an initial suspension period only once for each catastrophe, wh may not exceed seven consecutive days and must occur during the period that:	nich	
	<ol> <li>Begins not earlier than the second day before the date the district submits notice to the attorney general; and</li> </ol>	9	
	<ol> <li>Ends not later than the seventh day after the date the dista submits that notice.</li> </ol>	rict	
Extension of Initial Suspension Period	A board may extend an initial suspension period if the board de mines that the district is still impacted by the catastrophe on wh the initial suspension period was based. The initial suspension riod may be extended one time for not more than seven consec tive days that begin on the day following the day the initial susp sion period ends.	nich pe- cu-	
Maximum Suspension Period	A board that initiates an initial suspension period may not initiat another suspension period related to the same catastrophe, ex for a single extension period as described above.		

	tota	The combined suspension period for a district may not exceed a total of 14 consecutive calendar days with respect to any single ca-tastrophe.			
	Upon conclusion of any suspension period the district shall imme- diately resume compliance with all requirements of the PIA.				
Notice to the Attorney General	A district that elects to suspend the PIA must submit notice to the attorney general that the district is currently impacted by a catas- trophe and has elected to suspend the applicability of the PIA dur- ing the initial suspension period.				
			ce must be on the form prescribed by the attorney general t require the district to:		
	1.		ntify and describe the catastrophe that the district is cur- tly impacted by;		
	2.		te the date the initial suspension period determined by the rd begins and the date that period ends;		
	3.	lf th peri	e board has determined to extend the initial suspension iod:		
		a.	State that the district continues to be impacted by the ca- tastrophe; and		
		b.	State the date the extension to the initial suspension pe- riod begins and the date the period ends; and		
	4.		vide any other information the office of the attorney gen- determines necessary.		
Notice to the Public	A district that elects to suspend the PIA must provide notice to the public of the suspension in a place readily accessible to the public and in each other location the district is required to post a notice under the Open Meetings Act. The district must maintain the notice of the suspension during the suspension period.				
Requests During Suspension Period	Notwithstanding another provision of the PIA, a request for public information received by a district during a suspension period is considered to have been received by the district on the first business day after the date the suspension period ends.				
Pending Requests Tolled	A request for public information received by a district before the date an initial suspension period begins are tolled until the first business day after the date the suspension period ends.				
	Gov	it Co	de 552 2325		

Gov't Code 552.2325

Miscellaneous Provisions Large or Frequent Requests Personnel Time	amo duci tor, reco time 12-r mor	A district may establish reasonable monthly and yearly limits on the amount of time that district employees are required to spend pro- lucing public information for inspection or duplication by a reques- or, or providing copies of public information to a requestor, without ecovering its costs attributable to that personnel time. A yearly ime limit may not be less than 36 hours for a requestor during the 2-month period that corresponds to a district's fiscal year. A nonthly time limit may not be less than 15 hours for a requestor for a one-month period.			
Request by Minor	Any time spent complying with a request submitted in the name of a minor, as defined by Family Code 101.003(a), is to be included in the calculation of the cumulative amount of time spent complying with a request for public information by a parent, guardian, or other person who has control of the minor under a court order and with whom the minor resides, unless that parent, guardian, or other per- son establishes that another person submitted that request in the name of the minor.				
Exception	This section does not apply if the requestor is an individual who, for a substantial portion of the individual's livelihood or for substantial financial gain, gathers, compiles, prepares, collects, photographs, records, writes, edits, reports, investigates, processes, or publishes news or information for and is seeking the information for:				
	1.		semination by a news medium or communication service vider, including:		
		a.	An individual who supervises or assists in gathering, pre- paring, and disseminating the news or information; or		
		b.	An individual who is or was a journalist, scholar, or re- searcher employed by an institution of higher education at the time the person made the request for information; or		
	2.		ation or maintenance of an abstract plant as described by rance Code 2501.004.		
	"Communication service provider" has the meaning assigned by Civil Practice and Remedies Code 22.021.				
	"News medium" means a newspaper, magazine or periodical, a book publisher, a news agency, a wire service, an FCC-licensed ra- dio or television station or a network of such stations, a cable, sat- ellite, or other transmission system or carrier or channel, or a chan- nel or programming service for a station, network, system, or carrier, or an audio or audiovisual production company or internet company or provider, or the parent, subsidiary, division, or affiliate				

GBAA (LEGAL)

	of that entity, that disseminates news or information to the public by		
		means, including:	
	1.	Print;	
	2.	Television;	
	3.	Radio;	
	4.	Photographic;	
	5.	Mechanical;	
	6.	Electronic; and	
	7.	Other means, known or unknown, that are accessible to the public.	
	cial stat zati	s section also does not apply if the requestor is an elected offi- of the United States, this state, or a political subdivision of this e or a representative of a publicly funded legal services organi- on that is a federal tax exempt entity under Section 501(c)(3), ornal Revenue Code of 1986.	
Written Statement of Personnel Time	If a district establishes a time limit, each time the district comp with a request for public information, the district shall provide requestor with a written statement of the amount of personne spent complying with that request and the cumulative amount time spent complying with requests for public information from requestor during the applicable monthly or yearly period. The amount of time spent preparing the written statement may no included in the amount of time in the statement.		
Written Estimate of Charges	reque exc que pers the fore The ing,	e cumulative amount of personnel time spent complying with uests for public information from the same requestor equals or eeds the established time limit, a district shall provide the re- stor with a written estimate of the total cost, including materials, sonnel time, and overhead expenses, necessary to comply with request. The district shall provide the written estimate on or be- e the tenth day after the date on which the request was made. e amount of this charge relating to the cost of locating, compil- and producing the public information shall be established by as prescribed by the attorney general.	
	req dist whi mai	en a request is made by a requestor who has made a previous uest to the district that has not been withdrawn, for which the rict has located and compiled documents in response, and for ch the district has issued a written estimate of charges that re- ns unpaid on the date the requestor submits the new request, district is not required to locate, compile, produce, or provide	

	copies of documents or prepare an estimate of charges in re- sponse to a new request until the date the requestor pays each un- paid statement issued in connection with a previous request or withdraws the previous request to which the statement applies.
Additional Time	If a district provides the requestor with written notice that additional time is required to prepare the written estimate, the district must provide the written estimate as soon as practicable, but on or be- fore the tenth day after the date the district provided the notice that additional time was required.
Acceptance of Charges	If a district provides a requestor with the estimate of charges and the time limits regarding the requestor have been exceeded, a dis- trict is not required to produce public information for inspection or duplication or to provide copies of public information in response to the requestor's request unless on or before the tenth day after the date the district provided the written estimate, the requestor sub- mits payment of the amount stated in the written estimate.
	If the requestor fails or refuses to submit payment, the requestor is considered to have withdrawn the request.
Waived or Reduced Charges	This section does not prohibit a district from providing a copy of public information without charge or at a reduced rate, or from waiving a charge for providing a copy of public information, under Government Code 552.267 [see Waivers, above].
	Gov't Code 552.275
Filing Suit to Withhold Information	A district may file suit seeking to withhold information if the district receives a determination from the attorney general that information must be disclosed to a requestor. The suit must be filed in Travis County district court against the attorney general and must seek declaratory relief from compliance with the attorney general's decision.
	The district must bring the suit not later than the 30th calendar day after the district receives the attorney general's decision. If the dis- trict wishes to preserve an affirmative defense for its officer for pub- lic information, as provided by Government Code 552.353(b)(3), the district must file suit not later than the tenth calendar day after receipt of the attorney general's decision.
	Gov't Code 552.324, .353(b)(3)
Parent's Request for Information	A district that receives a request from a parent for public infor- mation relating to the parent's child shall comply with the PIA.
	A district that seeks to withhold information from a parent who has requested public information relating to the parent's child under the

PIA, and that files suit to challenge a decision by the attorney general, must bring the suit not later than the 30th calendar day after the date the district receives the decision of the attorney general, unless an earlier deadline is established by the PIA.

A court shall grant such a suit precedence over other pending matters to ensure prompt resolution. Notwithstanding any other law, a district may not appeal the decision of the court. This prohibition does not affect the right of a parent to appeal the decision. If a district does not bring suit within the period established, the district shall comply with the decision of the attorney general.

Education Code 26.0085

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Applicability of Criminal Laws	The criminal laws of the state apply to the areas under the control and jurisdiction of the board. <i>Education Code</i> 37.101			
Trespass	An unauthorized person who trespasses on the grounds of a school district commits a Class C misdemeanor. <i>Education Code 37.107</i>			
Refusal of Entry or Ejection of Unauthorized Persons	A school administrator, school resource officer, or school district peace officer may refuse to allow persons to enter on or may eject a person from property under the district's control if the person re- fuses to leave peaceably on request and:			
	1. Th	e person poses a substantial risk of harm to any person; or		
		e person behaves in a manner that is inappropriate for a nool setting and:		
	a.	The administrator, resource officer, or peace officer is- sues a verbal warning to the person that the person's behavior is inappropriate and may result in the person's refusal of entry or ejection; and		
	b.	The person persists in that behavior.		
	Identification may be required of any person on property under the district's control.			
	A district shall maintain a record of each verbal warning issued, in- cluding the name of the person to whom the warning was issued and the date of issuance.			
	At the time a person is refused entry to or ejected from a school district's property, the district shall provide to the person written information explaining the appeal process.			
	If a parent or guardian of a child enrolled in a school district is re- fused entry to the district's property, the district shall accommodate the parent or guardian to ensure that the parent or guardian may participate in the child's admission, review, and dismissal commit- tee or in the child's team established under Section 504, Rehabili- tation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794), in accordance with fed- eral law.			
		n of a person's refusal of entry to or ejection from a school property under this section may not exceed two years.		
	pus sha	t shall post on the district's website and each district cam- Il post on any campus website a notice regarding these ns, including the appeal process.		
		rd shall adopt a policy that uses the district's existing griev- pcess [see FNG, GF] to permit a person refused entry to or		

	ejected from property controlled by the district to appeal such re- fusal of entry or ejection. The policy must permit a person appeal- ing under this section to address the board in person within 90 days of the commencement of the appeal, unless the appeal is granted before the board considers the appeal.			
	The board's decision to grant or deny an appeal under this section is final and may only be further appealed under the applicable pro- visions of Texas Education Code 7.057.			
	Education Code 37.105; 19 TAC 103.1207			
Vehicles on School Property	hicle any catie	bard may bar or suspend a person from driving or parking a ve- e on any school property as a result of the person's violation of rule or regulation promulgated by the board or set forth in Edu- on Code Chapter 37, Subchapter D. [See CLC] <i>Education</i> <i>de 37.106</i>		
Disruption of Lawful Assembly	in c	erson commits a Class B misdemeanor if the person, alone or oncert with others, intentionally engages in disruptive activity on campus or property of a public school.		
	Disruptive activity means:			
	1.	Obstructing or restraining the passage of persons in an exit, entrance, or hallway of any building without the authorization of the administration of the school;		
	2.	Seizing control of any building or portion of a building to inter- fere with any administrative, educational, research, or other authorized activity;		
	3.	Preventing or attempting to prevent by force or violence or the threat of violence any lawful assembly authorized by the school administration so that a person attempting to partici- pate in the assembly is unable to participate due to the use of force or violence or due to a reasonable fear that force or vio- lence is likely to occur;		
	4.	Disrupting by force or violence or the threat of force or vio- lence a lawful assembly in progress; or		
	5.	Obstructing or restraining the passage of any person at an exit or entrance to the campus or property or preventing or at- tempting to prevent by force or violence or by threats thereof the ingress or egress of any person to or from the property or campus without the authorization of the administration of the school.		

Free Speech	free	provision shall not be construed to infringe upon any right of speech or expression guaranteed by the constitutions of the ed States or the state of Texas.			
	Edu	Education Code 37.123			
Disruption of Classes	in th scho prop cond the in th	A person, other than a primary or secondary grade student enrolled in the school, commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person, on school property or on public property within 500 feet of school property, alone or in concert with others, intentionally disrupts the conduct of classes or other school activities. It is an exception to the application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged in the prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of age.			
	Disrupting the conduct of classes or other school activities in- cludes:				
	1.	Emitting noise of an intensity that prevents or hinders class- room instruction.			
	2.	Enticing or attempting to entice a student away from a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.			
	3.	Preventing or attempting to prevent a student from attending a class or other school activity that the student is required to attend.			
	4.	Entering a classroom without the consent of either the princi- pal or the teacher and, through either acts of misconduct or use of loud or profane language, disrupting class activities.			
	"School property" includes a public school campus or school grounds on which a public school is located, and any grounds or buildings used by a school for an assembly or other school-sponsored activity.				
	"Public property" includes a street, highway, alley, public park, or sidewalk.				
	Edu	cation Code 37.124			
Disruption of Transportation	mits prev and a ve the a in th	erson, other than a primary or secondary grade student, com- a Class C misdemeanor if the person intentionally disrupts, vents, or interferes with the lawful transportation of students to from school, or to or from activities sponsored by a school, on whicle owned and/or operated by a district. It is an exception to application of the offense that, at the time the person engaged he prohibited conduct, the person was younger than 12 years of <i>Education Code 37.126</i>			

Denton ISD 061901			
COMMUNITY RELATIONSGCONDUCT ON SCHOOL PREMISES(LEG.)			
Tobacco and E-Cigarettes	A board shall prohibit smoking or using e-cigarettes or tobacco products at a school-related or school-sanctioned activity on or off school property. School personnel shall enforce these policies on school property. <i>Education Code 38.006</i> [See FNCD for the definition of e-cigarette.]		
Smoking in Buildings	A district shall not permit smoking within any indoor facility used for provision of routine or regular kindergarten, elementary, or second ary education or library services to children; or regular or routine health care or day care or early childhood development (Head Start) services to children or for the use of employees who provide such services. 20 U.S.C. 6083; 20 U.S.C. 7183	d-	
Criminal Penalty	A person commits an offense if the person is in possession of a burning tobacco product, smokes tobacco, or operates an e-ciga-rette in a facility of a public school.		
Defense	It is a defense to prosecution that a district does not have promi- nently displayed a reasonably sized notice that smoking is prohib- ited by state law in such place and that an offense is punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500.		
Facilities for Extinguishment	A district shall be equipped with facilities for extinguishment of smoking materials.		
	Penal Code 48.01(a)–(c)		
Alcohol	A board shall prohibit the use of alcoholic beverages at school-re- lated or school-sanctioned activities on or off school property. <i>Edu</i> <i>cation Code 38.007(a)</i> [See FNCF regarding alcohol-free zones.]		
Intoxicants	A person commits a Class C misdemeanor if the person possesse an intoxicating beverage for consumption, sale, or distribution while:	ès	
	1. On the grounds or in a building of a public school; or		
	<ol> <li>Entering or inside any enclosure, field, or stadium where any athletic event sponsored or participated in by a public school is being held.</li> </ol>		
	Education Code 37.122 [See also FNCF]		
Fireworks	A person may not explode or ignite fireworks within 600 feet of an school unless the person receives authorization in writing from the school. <i>Occupations Code 2154.251(a)(1)</i>	-	
Federal Gun-Free School Zones Act	It is unlawful for any individual knowingly to possess a firearm at a place that the individual knows, or has reasonable cause to be- lieve, is a school zone.	3	

"School zone" means in, or on the grounds of, a school; or within a distance of 1,000 feet from the grounds of a school.

This prohibition does not apply to the possession of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- 2. If the individual possessing the firearm is licensed to do so by the state, and the law of the state requires that, before an individual obtains such a license, the law enforcement authorities of the state verify that the individual is qualified under law to receive the license;
- 3. That is not loaded and in a locked container, or a locked firearms rack that is on a motor vehicle;
- 4. By an individual for use in a program approved by a school in the school zone;
- 5. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in the school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual;
- 6. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity; or
- 7. That is unloaded and is possessed by an individual while traversing school premises for the purpose of gaining access to public or private lands open to hunting, if the entry on school premises is authorized by school authorities.

It is unlawful for any person, knowingly or with reckless disregard for the safety of another, to discharge or attempt to discharge a firearm at a place that the person knows is a school zone.

This prohibition does not apply to the discharge of a firearm:

- 1. On private property not part of school grounds;
- 2. As part of a program approved by a school in the school zone, by an individual who is participating in the program;
- 3. By an individual in accordance with a contract entered into between a school in a school zone and the individual or an employer of the individual; or
- 4. By a law enforcement officer acting in his or her official capacity.

18 U.S.C. 921(a)(25), .922(q)

Possession of Weapons	Unless entitled to a defense or otherwise excepted by Penal Code 46.15, a person commits an offense if the person intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly possesses or goes with a firearm, location-restricted knife, club, or prohibited weapon [see FNCG]:		
	1.	On the physical premises of a school or educational institu- tion, any grounds or building on which an activity sponsored by a school or educational institution is being conducted, or a passenger transportation vehicle of a school or educational institution, whether the school or educational institution is public or private, unless pursuant to written regulations or written authorization of the institution;	
	2.	On the premises of a polling place on the day of an election or while early voting is in progress;	
	3.	On the premises where a high school, collegiate, or profes- sional sporting event or interscholastic event is taking place, unless the person is a participant in the event and a firearm, location-restricted knife, club, or prohibited weapon is used in the event;	
	4.	In the room or rooms where a meeting of a governmental en- tity is held, if the meeting is an open meeting subject to the OMA, and the entity provided required notice of the meeting.	
		not a defense to prosecution that the person possessed a dgun and was licensed to carry a handgun.	
	Pena	al Code 46.03(a)(1), (2), (8), (14), (f)	
"Premises" Defined	"Premises," for purposes of this policy, means a building or a por- tion of a building. The term does not include any public or private driveway, street, sidewalk or walkway, parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area. <i>Penal Code</i> $46.03(c)(4)$		
Notice to Public	proh erty,	strict may provide notice that firearms and other weapons are ibited under Penal Code 46.03 on the premises or other prop- as applicable, by posting a sign at each entrance to the prem- or other property that:	
	1.	Includes language that is identical to or substantially similar to the following: "Pursuant to Section 46.03, Penal Code (places weapons prohibited), a person may not carry a firearm or other weapon on this property";	
	2.	Includes the language described above in both English and Spanish;	
	3.	Appears in contrasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height; and	
DATE ISSUED: 10/13/20	21	7 of 13	

	4.	Is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public.	
	Pena	al Code 46.15(m)–(o)	
Transportation or Storage of Firearm in School Parking Area	A district may not prohibit a person who holds a license to carry a handgun under Government Code, Chapter 411, Subchapter H, from transporting or storing a handgun or other firearm or ammuni tion in a locked, privately owned or leased motor vehicle in a park- ing lot, parking garage, or other parking area provided by the dis- trict, and may not regulate the manner in which the handgun, firearm, or ammunition is stored in the vehicle, provided that the handgun, firearm, or ammunition is not in plain view.		
	hand	does not authorize a person to possess, transport, or store a Igun, a firearm, or ammunition in violation of Education Code 25, Penal Code 46.03, or other law.	
	Edu	cation Code 37.0815	
Volunteer Emergency Services Personnel	hano pers	strict is not liable in a civil action arising from the discharge of a dgun by an individual who is volunteer emergency services onnel and licensed to carry the handgun under Government e, Chapter 411, Subchapter H.	
	eme unde the c	discharge of a handgun by an individual who is volunteer rgency services personnel and licensed to carry the handgun er Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government Code, is outside course and scope of the individual's duties as volunteer emer- cy services personnel.	
		district does not waive immunity from suit or liability under the as Tort Claims Act or any other law.	
	firefi Heal unte ing e ficer by C	unteer emergency services personnel" includes a volunteer ghter, an emergency medical services volunteer as defined by lth and Safety Code 773.003, and any individual who, as a vol- er, provides services for the benefit of the general public dur- emergency situations. The term does not include a peace of- or reserve law enforcement officer, as those terms are defined occupations Code 1701.001, who is performing law enforce- t duties.	
	Civil	Practice & Remedies Code 112.001; Penal Code 46.01(18)	
Exhibition of Firearm	caus	rson commits a third degree felony if, in a manner intended to se alarm or personal injury to another person or to damage ool property, the person intentionally:	
	1.	Exhibits or uses a firearm:	

		a.	In or on any property, including a parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area, that is owned by a private or public school; or	
		b.	On a school bus being used to transport children to and from school-sponsored activities;	
	2.	scrib	eatens to exhibit or use a firearm in or on property de- bed above or on a bus and was in possession of or had ediate access to the firearm.	
	to e	xhibit	commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person threatens or use a firearm, but was not in possession of or did not nediate access to the firearm.	
	Edu	catio	n Code 37.125	
Trespass—	A lic	ense	holder commits an offense if the license holder:	
Concealed Carry of Handgun Notice / Sign— Concealed Carry of Handgun	1.		ies a concealed handgun on the property of another with- effective consent; and	
	2.		eived notice that entry on the property by a license holder a concealed handgun was forbidden.	
	cept prop entr	t that perty, y or re	the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after entering the the license holder was personally given the notice that emaining on the property with a concealed handgun was and subsequently failed to depart.	
	For purposes of Penal Code 30.06, a person receives notice if the owner of the property or someone with apparent authority to act for the owner provides notice to the person by oral or written communication.			
	"Written communication" means:			
	1.	cal t (tres son Cod	ard or other document on which is written language identi- o the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.06, Penal Code spass by license holder with a concealed handgun), a per- licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Government e (handgun licensing law), may not enter this property a concealed handgun"; or	
	2.	scrit trast and	gn posted on the property that includes the language de- bed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- ting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to public.	

Exception	It is an exception to Penal Code 30.06 that the property on which the license holder carries a concealed handgun is owned or leased by a district and is not a premises or other place on which the li- cense holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun under Penal Code 46.03.			
	Penal Code 30.06 [See also FNCG]			
Unauthorized Notice	A district may not take any action, including an action consisting of the provision of notice, by a communication described by Penal Code 30.06 or 30.07 that states or implies that a license holder who is carrying a handgun under the authority of Government Code Chapter 411 is prohibited from entering or remaining on a premises or other place owned or leased by the district unless li- cense holders are prohibited from carrying a handgun on the prem- ises or other place by Penal Code 46.03 or other law. <i>Gov't Code</i> <i>411.209</i>			
Trespass—Open Carry of Handgun	A holder of a license to openly carry a handgun commits an offense if the license holder:			
	<ol> <li>Openly carries a handgun on property of another without ef- fective consent; and</li> </ol>			
	2. Received notice that entry on the property by a license holder openly carrying a handgun was forbidden.			
Notice / Sign— Open Carry of Handgun	For purposes of Penal Code 30.07, a person receives notice if the owner of the property or someone with apparent authority to act for the owner provides notice to the person by oral or written communication.			
	"Written communication means":			
	1. A card or other document on which is written language identi- cal to the following: "Pursuant to Section 30.07, Penal Code (trespass by license holder with an openly carried handgun), a person licensed under Subchapter H, Chapter 411, Govern- ment Code (handgun licensing law), may not enter this prop- erty with a handgun that is carried openly"; or			
	2. A sign posted on the property that includes the language de- scribed above in both English and Spanish, appears in con- trasting colors with block letters at least one inch in height, and is displayed in a conspicuous manner clearly visible to the public at each entrance to the property.			
	An offense under Penal Code 30.07 is a Class C misdemeanor, ex- cept that the offense is a Class A misdemeanor if, after entering the property, the license holder was personally given the notice by oral			

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		communication that entry or remaining on the property with an openly carried handgun was forbidden and subsequently failed to depart.			
Exception	It is an exception to Penal Code 30.07 that the property on which the license holder openly carries the handgun is owned or leased by a governmental entity and is not a premises or other place on which the license holder is prohibited from carrying the handgun under Penal Code 46.03.				
	Penal C	Code 30.07			
Unmanned Aircraft Systems	Note:	For provisions applicable to the use of drones for law en- forcement purposes, see CKEA			
Federal Law	The U.S. Government has exclusive sovereignty of airspace of the United States. <i>49 U.S.C. 40103</i>				
Small Unmanned Aircraft	less tha	unmanned aircraft" means an unmanned aircraft weighing n 55 pounds on takeoff, including everything that is on r otherwise attached to the aircraft.			
Small Unmanned Aircraft System	"Small unmanned aircraft system" (small UAS) means a small un- manned aircraft and its associated elements (including communi- cation links and the components that control the small unmanned aircraft) that are required for the safe and efficient operation of the small unmanned aircraft in the national airspace system.				
	14 C.F.I	R. 1.1, 107.3			
Operation of Small UAS	UAS wi	istration, airman certification, and operation of civil small thin the United States is subject to 14 C.F.R. Part 107. Part as not apply to the following:			
	1. Air	carrier operations;			
	2. An	y aircraft subject to the provisions of 14 C.F.R. Part 101;			
	du	y operation that a remote pilot in command elects to con- ct pursuant to an exemption issued under 49 U.S.C. 44807, less otherwise specified in the exemption; or			
	Pa	y operation that a person elects to conduct under 14 C.F.R. Int 91 with a small UAS that has been issued an airworthi- ss certificate.			
	14 C.F.I	R. 107.1			

14 C.F.R. 107.1

Exception for Limited Recreational Operation		A person may operate a small unmanned aircraft without specific certification or operating authority from the Federal Aviation Admin- istration (FAA) if the operation adheres to all of the following limita- tions:			
		1.	The aircraft is flown strictly for recreational purposes.		
		2.	The aircraft is operated in accordance with or within the pro- gramming of a community-based organization's set of safety guidelines that are developed in coordination with the FAA.		
		3.	The aircraft is flown within the visual line of sight of the person operating the aircraft or a visual observer co-located and in di- rect communication with the operator.		
		4.	The aircraft is operated in a manner that does not interfere with and gives way to any manned aircraft.		
		5.	In Class B, Class C, or Class D airspace or within the lateral boundaries of the surface area of Class E airspace designated for an airport, the operator obtains prior authorization from the administrator of the FAA or designee before operating and complies with all airspace restrictions and prohibitions.		
	6.	In Class G airspace, the aircraft is flown from the surface to not more than 400 feet above ground level and complies with all airspace restrictions and prohibitions.			
	7.	The operator has passed an aeronautical knowledge and safety test and maintains proof of test passage to be made available to the FAA or law enforcement upon request.			
	8.	The aircraft is registered and marked in accordance with 49 U.S.C. Chapter 441 and proof of registration is made available to the FAA or law enforcement upon request.			
		49 U	I.S.C. 44809(a)		
State Law Regula Limited	tion	enfo the c othe	litical subdivision, including a school district, may not adopt or rce any ordinance, order, or other similar measure regarding operation of an unmanned aircraft. An ordinance, order, or r similar measure that violates this provision is void and uneneable. <i>Gov't Code 423.009(b), (d)</i>		
Exce	ption	•	litical subdivision may adopt and enforce an ordinance, order, her similar measure regarding:		
		1.	The use of an unmanned aircraft during a special event;		
		2.	The political subdivision's use of an unmanned aircraft; or		

	3.		use of an unmanned aircraft near a facility or infrastruc- owned by the political subdivision, if the political subdivi- n:	
		a.	Applies for and receives authorization from the Federal Aviation Administration to adopt the regulation; and	
		b.	After providing reasonable notice, holds a public hearing on the political subdivision's intent to apply for the au- thorization.	
	that of a and mas	invol publi ente s pai	event" means a festival, celebration, or other gathering ves the reservation and temporary use of all or a portion ic park, road, or other property of a political subdivision; rtainment, the sale of merchandise, food, or beverages, or rticipation in a sports event; and requires a significant use nation of a political subdivision's services.	
	Gov	r't Co	de 423.009(a)(2), (c)	
st	stat	It is lawful to capture an image using an unmanned aircraft in this state for the reasons listed in Government Code 423.002, including:		
	1.		n the consent of the individual who owns or lawfully occu- the real property captured in the image; or	
	2.	pub elec	m a height no more than eight feet above ground level in a lic place, if the image was captured without using any ctronic, mechanical, or other means to amplify the image ond normal human perception.	

Gov't Code 423.002(a)

Prohibited Acts	act i	officer or employee of a district who is acting or purporting to n an official capacity may not, because of a person's race, reli- , color, sex, or national origin:	
	1.	Refuse to permit the person to use facilities open to the public and owned, operated, or managed by or on behalf of the dis- trict;	
	2.	Refuse to permit the person to participate in a program owned, operated, or managed by or on behalf of the district;	
	3.	Refuse to grant a benefit to the person; or	
	4.	Impose an unreasonable burden on the person.	
	Civil	Practices and Remedies Code 106.001(a)	
Right to Preserve Use	prop <u>Lam</u>	strict, like a private property owner, may legally preserve the perty under its control for the use to which it is dedicated. <u>b's Chapel v. Center Moriches Union Free Sch. Dist.</u> , 508 U.S. (1993)	
Forum for Communication	A district may create a public forum of a place or channel of com- munication for use by the public at large for assembly and speech, for use by certain speakers, or for the discussion of certain sub- jects. <u>Perry Educ. Ass'n v. Perry Local Educators' Ass'n</u> , 460 U.S. 37 (1983); <u>Chiu v. Plano Indep. Sch. Dist.</u> , 260 F.3d 330 (5th Cir. 2001)		
	spee trict the o agai be ro <u>New</u>	strict is not required to allow persons to engage in every type of ech when the district establishes a limited public forum; the dis- may be justified in reserving its forum for certain groups or for discussion of certain topics. A district shall not discriminate nst speech on the basis of viewpoint, and any restriction must easonable in light of the purpose served by the forum. <u>Good</u> <u>vs Club v. Milford Cent. Sch.</u> , 533 U.S. 98 (2001); <u>Lamb's</u> <u>pel v. Center Moriches Union Free Sch. Dist.</u> , 508 U.S. 384	
Fees for Use	dent cilitie	board may set and collect rentals, rates, and charges from stus s and others for the occupancy or use of any of a district's fa- es, in the amounts and manner determined by the board. <i>Edu-</i> on <i>Code 45.033</i>	
Charter Schools	that trict	strict may not require a campus or campus program charter is the result of the conversion of the status of an existing dis- campus to pay rent for or to purchase a facility in order to use facility.	
		strict may not require a campus or campus program charter, or pen-enrollment charter school, to pay for any service provided	
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	by the district under a contract between the district and the cam- pus, campus program, or open-enrollment charter school an amount that is greater than the amount of the actual costs to the district of providing the service.
	Education Code 11.1543
Patriotic Societies	If a district has a designated open forum or a limited public forum and receives funds made available through the United States De- partment of Education, the district shall not deny equal access or a fair opportunity to meet, or to discriminate against, any group offi- cially affiliated with the Boy Scouts of America, or any other youth group listed in Title 36 of the United States Code (as a patriotic so- ciety), that wishes to conduct a meeting within that designated open forum or limited public forum, including denying such access or opportunity or discriminating for reasons based on the member- ship or leadership criteria or oath of allegiance to God and country of the Boy Scouts of America or of the youth group listed as a patri- otic society.
	The United States secretary of education may issue and secure compliance with rules or orders with respect to a district that re- ceives federal funds and that denies equal access, or a fair oppor- tunity to meet, or discriminates, as described above. If a district does not comply with the rules or orders, no funds made available through the Department of Education shall be provided to that dis- trict.
	[For provisions related to a patriotic society's access to students, see GKE.]
'Youth Group'	"Youth group" means any group or organization intended to serve young people under the age of 21.
Limited Public Forum	For purposes of this policy regarding Patriotic Societies, an ele- mentary school or secondary school has a limited public forum whenever the school grants an offering to, or opportunity for, one or more outside youth or community groups to meet on school prem- ises or in school facilities before or after the hours during which at- tendance at the school is compulsory.
Sponsorship	Nothing in this policy shall be construed to require a district to sponsor any group officially affiliated with the Boy Scouts of Amer- ica, or any youth group listed as a patriotic society.
	Boy Scouts of America Equal Access Act, 20 U.S.C. 7905
Facilities as Polling Places	A district shall make its buildings available for use as polling places in any election that covers territory in which the buildings are lo- cated. If more than one authority requests the use of the buildings

	for the same day and simultaneous use is impractical, a district shall determine which authority may use the building. <i>Election Code 43.031(c)</i>
	No charge, including a charge for personnel, utilities, or other expenses incurred before or after regular business hours, shall be made for the use of a district building for a polling place if the day of the election is a day on which the building is normally open. If the day of an election is a day on which the building is not normally open, a charge may be made only for the reimbursement of actual expenses resulting from use of the building in the election. <i>Election Code 43.033(a)</i>
	[For provisions related to polling place security, see CKC.]
Political Party Conventions	A district shall not assess a charge for the use of a school building for a precinct, county, or senatorial district convention, except for reimbursement for the actual charges resulting from use of the building for the convention. The district shall provide an itemized statement of expenses to the reimbursing authority. <i>Election Code</i> <i>174.0631</i>
Facilities as Places of Worship	"Disaster" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 418.004.
Definitions	"Governmental entity" includes a political subdivision of this state, including a county, municipality, or special district or authority or an officer, employee, or agent of the entity.
	"Person" has the meaning assigned by Government Code 311.005, except the term does not include an employee of a governmental entity acting within the employee's scope of employment or a con- tractor of a governmental entity acting within the scope of the con- tract.
	"Place of worship" means a building or grounds where religious ac- tivities are conducted.
	"Public official" means any elected or appointed officer, employee, or agent of this state or any political subdivision, board, commis- sion, bureau, or other public body established by law.
	"Religious organization" means an organization open to the public that is a religious organization under Civil Practice and Remedies Code 110.011(b).
Prohibition on Orders Closing Places of Worship	A government agency or public official may not issue an order that closes or has the effect of closing places of worship in this state or in a geographic area of this state.

Essential Activities	Notwithstanding any other law, a religious organization is an es- sential business at all times in this state, including during a de- clared state of disaster, and the organization's religious and other related activities are essential activities even if the activities are not listed as essential in an order issued during the disaster.
	A governmental entity may not at any time, including during a de- clared state of disaster, prohibit a religious organization from en- gaging in religious and other related activities or continuing to oper- ate in the discharge of the organization's foundational faith-based mission and purpose or during a declared state of disaster order a religious organization to close or otherwise alter the organization's purposes or activities.
Relief Available	A person may assert a violation of this prohibition as a claim or de- fense in a judicial or administrative proceeding and obtain injunc- tive relief; declaratory relief; and court costs and reasonable attor- ney's fees.
	A person may commence an action and relief may be granted re- gardless of whether the person has sought or exhausted available administrative remedies.
	The attorney general may bring an action for injunctive or declara- tory relief against a governmental entity or an officer or employee of a governmental entity to enforce compliance with this provision.
	Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code 110.001(a), .0031; Gov't Code 2401.001– .005

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Patriotic Society Access to Students	"Patriotic society" means a youth membership organization listed in Title 36 of the United States Code with an educational purpose that promotes patriotism and civic involvement.
	At the beginning of each school year, the board shall adopt a policy to allow the principal of a campus to provide representatives of a patriotic society with the opportunity to speak to students during regular school hours about membership in the society and the ways in which membership may promote a student's educational interest and level of civic involvement, leading to the student's in- creased potential for self-improvement and ability to contribute to improving the student's school and community.
	The board policy shall give a principal complete discretion over the specific date and time of the opportunity required to be provided, except that the policy shall allow the principal to limit the opportunity provided to a patriotic society to a single school day and any presentation made to students as a result of the opportunity to ten minutes in length.
	Education Code 25.0822
	[For provisions related to a patriotic society's access to school fa- cilities, see GKD.]
Learning Pods Definitions	"Child-care facility" has the meaning assigned by Human Re- sources Code 42.002.
	"Learning pod" means a group of children who, based on the vol- untary association of the children's parents, meet together at vari- ous times and places to participate in or enhance the children's pri- mary or secondary academic studies, including participation in an activity or service provided to the children in exchange for pay- ment.
Exemption from Local Government Regulation	A learning pod is exempt from any ordinance, rule, regulation, pol- icy, or guideline adopted by a local governmental entity that applies to a school district campus or child-care facility, including any re- quirements regarding staff-to-child ratios, staff certification, back- ground checks, physical accommodations, or building or fire codes; and any group, building, or facility associated with or used by a learning pod is exempt from any ordinance, rule, regulation, policy, or guideline adopted by a local governmental entity that would not apply to the group, building, or facility if it was not associated with or used by a learning pod.
	An employee, contractor, or agent of a school district or other local governmental entity may not initiate or conduct a site inspection of, investigation of, or visit to a location in which a learning pod meets

#### COMMUNITY RELATIONS BUSINESS, CIVIC, AND YOUTH GROUPS

if the district or entity would not have initiated or conducted the inspection, investigation, or visit if the learning pod did not meet at that location.

A district may not take action against, deny any benefit to, discriminate in any manner against, or otherwise distinguish any child or child's parent on the basis of the child's participation in a learning pod.

A school district or other local governmental entity may not require:

- 1. A learning pod to be registered with the district or entity; or
- 2. A person participating in a learning pod to report to the district or entity information regarding the learning pod's existence or operation.

This statute may not be construed to alter or affect a parent's right to choose a homeschool setting for the parent's child or the regulation of a child-care facility.

Education Code 27.001, .002

# RELATIONS WITH EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES REGIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE CENTERS

	stat by a The prov	jional education service centers shall be located throughout the e so that each school district has the opportunity to be served and to participate in an approved center on a voluntary basis. centers shall provide services to assist school districts in im- ving student performance and increasing the efficiency and ef- iveness of school operations. <i>Education Code 8.001(b), .002</i>		
Core Services	Each service center shall develop and maintain core services for purchase by school districts and campuses. These services are:			
	1.	Training and assistance in teaching each subject area as- sessed under Education Code 39.023 (state assessments) and providing instruction in personal financial literacy as re- quired under Education Code 28.0021.		
	2.	Training and assistance in providing each program that quali- fies for a funding allotment under Education Codes 48.102 (special education), 48.104 (compensatory education), 48.105 (bilingual education), or 48.109 (gifted and talented).		
	3.	Assistance specifically designed for a district or campus as- signed an unacceptable performance rating under Education Code 39.054.		
	4.	Training and assistance to teachers, administrators, school board members, and members of site-based decision-making committees.		
	5.	Assistance specifically designed for a school district that is considered out of compliance with state or federal special ed- ucation requirements.		
	6.	Assistance in complying with state laws and rules.		
	Edu	cation Code 8.051(d)		
Additional Services	may	ddition to the core services, a regional education service center offer any service requested and purchased by any school dis- or campus in the state. <i>Education Code 8.053</i>		
	trict sub high rega	gional education service center shall assist the board of a dis- in entering into an agreement with another district or political division, a regional education service center, or an institution of her education for a cooperative shared services arrangement arding administrative services, including transportation, food vice, purchasing, and payroll functions. <i>Education Code</i> 2003(c)		
Delegation of Functions	The board of a school district may delegate purchasing or other administrative functions to a service center to the extent necessary to achieve efficiencies in the use of available services. <i>Education Code 8.122(d)</i>			
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# RELATIONS WITH EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Facilities Dual Usage Educational Complex	colle video the o vise ated shar	strict may enter into a cooperative agreement with a community age district regarding a dual usage educational complex, pro- d the district is located in whole or in part in the service area of college district. The college district shall coordinate and super- the operation of the complex. The use and the costs associ- with the establishment and operation of the complex shall be ed by the parties under the terms of the cooperative agree- t. <i>Education Code 130.0103</i>	
Instructional or Athletic Facility	desi acco	strict and an institution of higher education may contract for the gn or construction of an instructional facility or athletic facility in ordance with Education Code 45.109. <i>Education Code 45.109</i> cCX]	
College Courses in District Facilities	com the c colle prov by g	district is located in a county contiguous to, but not part of, a munity college district, a board may enter into a contract with community college district for the community college to hold ege courses in a district's facilities. The contract shall be ap- ed by board resolution. Either party may terminate the contract iving the other party at least one year's written notice. <i>Educa-</i> <i>Code 130.006</i>	
District Courses on Higher Education Campus	A board may operate a school or program or hold a class on the campus of an institution of higher education in this state if the board obtains written consent from the president or other chief executive officer of the institution, regardless of whether the institution is located within the boundaries of the district. <i>Education Code 11.166</i>		
Instructional Partnerships with Community College Districts	Types of instructional partnerships between a district and a com- munity college district include:		
	1.	Award of High School Credit (see High School Credit-Only Courses, below).	
	2.	Award of Dual Course Credit (see Dual Credit Courses, be- low).	
	3.	Tech-Prep Programs.	
	4.	Remedial or Developmental Instruction (see Remedial Pro- grams, below).	
	5.	College Preparatory Programs for High School Students. Col- lege prep courses are locally developed through a memoran- dum of understanding created between school districts and public two-year colleges.	
	19 T.	AC 9.143, .146	

# RELATIONS WITH EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Agreement	For any educational partnership between a district and a commu- nity college district, an agreement must be approved by the board or designee of both the district and the college district. The partne ship agreement must address the following:	
	1. Student eligibility requirements.	
	2. Faculty qualifications.	
	3. Location and student composition of classes.	
	4. Provision of student learning and support services.	
	5. Eligible courses.	
	6. Grading criteria.	
	7. Transcripting of credit.	
	8. Funding provisions.	
	19 TAC 9.144	
High School Credit- Only Courses	A district may contract with a community college district for the college district to provide coursework necessary for students to complete high school. The district and college district shall negotiate a agreed cost for instruction. <i>19 TAC 9.125</i>	
Dual Credit Courses	A district may enter into an agreement with a public college to form a dual credit partnership. Dual credit means the process by which a high school student enrolls in a college course and receives sim ultaneous academic credit for the course from both the college an high school. <i>19 TAC Ch. 4, Subch. D</i> [See EHDD]	-
Remedial Programs	A board may contract with the board of the community college dis- trict in which a district is located for the college district to provide remedial programs for students enrolled in a district's secondary schools in preparation for graduation from secondary school and entrance into college. <i>Education Code 130.090; 19 TAC 9.146</i>	
Dropout Recovery Program	A school district may enter into an articulation agreement to partner with the public junior college district in which the school district is located to provide on the campus of the college a dropout recover program for students to successfully complete and receive a di- ploma from a high school of the school district. <i>Education Code</i> 29.402(a)	
	A district located wholly or partly in a county with a population of more than three million may enter into an articulation agreement with any public junior college with a service area located wholly or partly in a county with a population of more than three million. <i>Education Code 29.402(a-1)</i>	
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# RELATIONS WITH EDUCATIONAL ENTITIES COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

	The program must meet the requirements at Education Code 29.402(c) and 29.081(e), (f). <i>Education Code 29.402(c), (d)</i>
Student Eligibility	A person is eligible to enroll in the dropout recovery program if the person:
	1. Is under 26 years of age;
	2. Must complete not more than three course credits to complete the curriculum requirements for the foundation high school program, as appropriate, for high school graduation; or
	<ol> <li>Has failed to perform satisfactorily on an end-of-course as- sessment instrument under Education Code 39.023(c), or an assessment instrument under Education Code 39.023(c) as that section existed before 2007. [See EKB]</li> </ol>
	Education Code 29.402(b)
Funding	A school district shall pay the college district a negotiated amount for each student from the school district enrolled in the dropout re- covery program. The negotiated amount shall not exceed the total average per student funding amount in that school district during the preceding school year for maintenance and operations, includ- ing state and local funding, but excluding money from the available school fund. <i>Education Code 29.403(a)</i>

A student who is enrolled in a dropout recovery program is included in determining the average daily attendance of the school district. *Education Code 29.403(b)* 

RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES INTERLOCAL COOPERATION CONTRACTS

General Authority	A district may contract with another local government or a federally recognized Indian tribe that is located in Texas. A party to an inter- local contract may contract with a state agency or similar agency of another state.
	An interlocal contract may:
	<ol> <li>Study the feasibility of the performance of a governmental function or service by interlocal contract; or</li> </ol>
	2. Provide a governmental function or service that each party to the contract is authorized to perform individually.
	An interlocal contract shall comply with the requirements at Gov- ernment Code Chapter 791. [See CH for interlocal purchasing con- tracts]
	Gov't Code 791.011
Health-Care and Hospital Services	A district may contract with another local government authorized to provide health-care and hospital services to provide those services for the district's officers and employees and their dependents. <i>Gov't Code 791.030</i>
	A hospital district may contract with a school district included in the hospital district to provide nursing services and assistance to employees or students of the district. <i>Health and Safety Code</i> 281.0465
Transportation System	A board may establish and operate an economical public school transportation system outside the district if the district enters into an interlocal contract as provided by Government Code Chapter 791. <i>Education Code 34.007(a)</i>
School Crossing Guards	A municipality with a population greater than 850,000 may contract with one or more school districts to provide school crossing guards. Under such a contract, a district may provide school crossing guard services to areas of the municipality that are not part of the district. <i>Local Gov't Code 343.011, .012</i>
State Hospital for Accountability Purposes	A memorandum of understanding between a district and a state hospital under which the district provides educational services to a student who resides in the state hospital must provide that the dis- trict include the performance of the student on an assessment in- strument or other achievement indicator adopted under Education Code 39.053 or a reporting indicator adopted under Education Code 39.301 in determining the performance of the district. <i>Educa- tion Code</i> 39.0552

RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES INTERLOCAL COOPERATION CONTRACTS

# Intergovernmental A district may enter into an intergovernmental support agreement with a branch of the armed forces of the United States under the National Defense Authorization Act (10 U.S.C. Section 2679) to provide installation-support services to a military installation located in this state. *Gov't Code 793.002*

"Installation-support services" means those services, supplies, resources, and support typically provided by a local government for its own needs and without regard to whether such services, supplies, resources, and support are provided to its residents generally, except that the term does not include security guard or firefighting functions. 10 U.S.C. 2679(e)(1)