DRAFT UPDATE

Lincolnwood School District 74

7:70

Attendance and Truancy

Definitions

<u>Truant</u> - A "truant" is a child subject to compulsory school attendance and who is absent without valid cause from such attendance for a school day or portion thereof.

Students

<u>Valid cause for absence</u> - A child may be absent from school because of illness, observance of a religious holiday, death in the immediate family, family emergency, situations beyond the student's control as determined by the Board of Education or such other circumstances which cause reasonable concern to the parent for the safety or health of the student.

<u>Chronic or habitual truant</u> - A "chronic or habitual truant" is a child who is subject to compulsory school attendance and who is absent without valid cause from such attendance for 5 percent or more of the previous 180 regular attendance days.

<u>Truant minor</u> - A child to whom supportive services, including prevention, diagnostic, intervention and remedial services, alternative programs, and other school and community resources have been provided and have failed to result in the cessation of chronic truancy or have been offered and refused.

Compulsory School Attendance

This policy applies to individuals who have custody or control of a child: (a) <u>between the ages of six</u> (on or before September 1) and 17 years (unless the child has graduated from high school), whose age meets the compulsory attendance age listed in State law, or (b) who is enrolled in any of grades, kindergarten through 8_7 in the public school regardless of age. Unless a student has already graduated from high school, compulsory attendance ages are as follows:

- a. Before the 2014-2015 school year, students between the ages of 7 and 17 years.
- b. Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, students between the ages of 6 (on or before September 1) and 17 years.

Subject to specific requirements in State law, the following children are not required to attend public school: (1) any child attending a private school (including a home school) or parochial school, (2) any child who is physically or mentally unable to attend school (including a pregnant student suffering medical complications as certified by her physician), (3) any child lawfully and necessarily employed, (4) any child over 12 and under 14 years of age while in confirmation classes, and (5) any child absent because his or her religion forbids secular activity on a particular day.

Unauthorized Unexcused Vacations

Parents are highly discouraged from taking vacations outside of the District's planned vacation times. Time out of school can be harmful to a child's progress, growth, and success in school. If a parent decides to take an extended vacation or a vacation when school is scheduled, it is not the responsibility of the teaching staff to prepare work for the trip.

Students who are on vacation for more than ten consecutive, regularly scheduled school days will be disenrolled. Upon return, parents will need to re-register their child(ren). Student grades will reflect missed assignments, tests, labs, performances, and other class learning activities.

Truancy

The School District will determine if the student is a truant, chronic or habitual truant, or a truant minor. The Superintendent shall direct the appropriate School District staff to develop diagnostic procedures to be used for identifying the cause(s) of unexcused student absenteeism. The diagnostic

7:70

Commented [APowell1]: Updated for clarity and to delete past dates

Issue 93, October 2016

Page 1 of 2

DRAFT UPDATE

procedures shall include, but not be limited to, interviews with the student, his or her parent(s)/guardian(s), and any school official(s) or other people who may have information.

The following supportive services may be offered to truant or chronically truant students:

- parent-teacher conferences
- student and/or family counseling
- information about community agency services

If truancy continues after supportive services have been offered, the Building Principal shall refer the matter to the Superintendent. The Superintendent may call upon the resources of outside agencies, such as the juvenile officer of the local police department or the truant office of the North Cook Intermediate Service Center. The Board of Education, Superintendent, School District administrators, and teachers shall assist and furnish such information as they have to aid truant officers.

No punitive action, including out-of-school suspensions, expulsions, or court action shall be taken against a chronic truant for his or her truancy unless available supportive services and other school resources have been provided to the student.

Absence Notification

A student's parent(s)/guardian(s) must: (1) upon the child's enrollment, provide telephone numbers to the Building Principal and update them as necessary, and (2) authorize all absences and notify the school in advance or at the time of the child's absence.

If a student is absent without prior authorization by the parent(s)/guardian(s), the Building Principal or designee shall make a reasonable effort to notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the child's absence within 2 hours after the first class by telephoning the numbers given.

Student Employment

The Superintendent shall develop procedures, and present them to the Board of Education for its information, for excusing from attendance those students necessarily and lawfully employed.

LEGAL REF.:	105 ILCS 5/26-1, 5/26-2a, 5/26-3b, 5/26-9, 5/26-12, 5/26-13, and 5/26-15. Hamer v. Board of Education, 383 N.E.2d 231 (2nd Dist. 1978).
CROSS REF.:	7:80 ((Release Time for Religious Instruction/Observance), 7:190 (Student Behavior)
ADOPTED:	September 10, 2002

REVISED: August 2, 2005; July 17, 2007; December 4, 2007; February 2, 2012; May 1, 2014