



Lemont High School

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Dr. Matt Maxwell, Superintendent

Eric Michaelsen, Principal



Exemplary High Performing School • 2017 National Blue Ribbon Schools Program

Via Email

September 9, 2026

W (AACL)

Michael A. Ayele

P.O.Box 20438

Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

E-mail: waac13@gmail.com ; waac1313@gmail.com ; waac142913@gmail.com

Re: Illinois FOIA Request - 5 ILCS 140/1

Dear W:

This letter is in response to your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request dated September 2, 2026, and received in my office on September 2, 2026.

In your letter you requested the following:

I) Requested Records

What I am requesting for prompt disclosure are records in your possession detailing your discussions about [1] the legal obligations of your school district with regards to the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA); [2] Inside Edition as an American news media outlet which had in the month of September 2016 broadcast two videos depicting how Brock Allen Turner (i) was released from the Santa Clara County jail (in California) after serving 90 days for the January 18, 2015 rape of Chanel Miller; (ii) registered as a Tier III sex offender in Dayton, Ohio; [3] Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W as a Black Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) Degree graduate of Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri) and a former Missouri state government employee who (i) was 25 (twenty-five) years of age when he first watched the September 2016 video broadcast of Inside Edition pertaining to Brock Allen Turner; (ii) is thoroughly convinced that Brock Allen Turner served a very lenient 90-day prison sentence at the Santa Clara County jail because of the circumstances that led up to the enactment of the Jeanne Clery Act; (iii) was subjected to frenzy on internet search engines (ISE) such as AOL, Bing/MSN, Google and Yahoo following his decision to publish his correspondence with the U.S. government on the matter involving *The People of the State of California v. Brock Turner* (Docket No. B1577162); [4] Chanel Miller as a University of California, Santa Barbara (UCSB) graduate who had on (or around) June 2, 2016 informed the judicial branch of the United States (U.S.) government that (i) she has witnessed double standards in the manner in which incidents of sexual violence are processed by American college and university campuses; (ii) Brock Allen Turner's sentence for raping and sexually harassing women needs to be as harsh as any other Black / African American undergraduate student convicted of raping and sexually harassing women on an American college and/or university campus; (iii) any sentence which fails to take into account the many aggravating circumstances in the lead-up to what Brock Allen Turner did on (or around) January 18, 2015 would be improper; (iv) even though Brock Allen Turner is a "lifetime sex registrant," what he did to her "doesn't expire" and "doesn't go away after a set number of years."

Response to request:

In response to your requests, please see the attached.

As Superintendent and one of the FOIA Officers for the District, I am responsible for granting and denying requests for records under the FOIA. The District's responses contained in this letter intend to be fully responsive to your specific request. If I have misinterpreted your request, please clarify your request in writing to me. In the event your request has been denied by a District Freedom of Information Officer, you may appeal this decision to the Illinois Attorney General -Public Access Counselor, 500 S. 2nd Street, Springfield, Illinois 62701, (877) 299-3642 [public.access@ilag.gov]. You may also appeal this decision by filing suit for injunctive relief in the circuit court.

If you should have further questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,



Dr. Matt Maxwell
Superintendent
Lemont High School District 210

From: **Michael Ayele** <waac13@gmail.com>

Date: Wed, Sep 2, 2026 at 7:19 AM

Subject: FOIA Request - 5 ILCS 140/1

To: <mmaxwell@lhs210.net>, <thamilton@lhs210.net>, <cstelster@lhs210.net>

W (AACL)
Michael A. Ayele
P.O.Box 20438
Addis Ababa, Ethiopia
E-mail: waac13@gmail.com ; waac1313@gmail.com ; waac142913@gmail.com

Date: Wednesday, September 2, 2026

Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) Request

Hello,

This is Michael A. Ayele sending this message though I now go by W. I am writing this letter for the purpose of filing a request for records with Lemont High School. The bases for this non-commercial FOIA request are [1] the 90-day prison incarceration of Brock Allen Turner between June 2, 2016 and September 2, 2016 for the January 18, 2015 rape of Chanel Miller; ^[ii] [2] the provisions of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA). ^[ii]

I) Requested Records

What I am requesting for prompt disclosure are records in your possession detailing your discussions about [1] the legal obligations of your school district with regards to the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA); [2] Inside Edition as an American news media outlet which had in the month of September 2016 broadcast two videos depicting how Brock Allen Turner (i) was released from the Santa Clara County jail (in California) after serving 90 days for the January 18, 2015 rape of Chanel Miller; (ii) registered as a Tier III sex offender in Dayton, Ohio; [3] Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W as a Black Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) Degree graduate of Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri) and a former Missouri state government employee who (i) was 25 (twenty-five) years of age when he first watched the September 2016 video broadcast of Inside Edition pertaining to Brock Allen Turner; (ii) is thoroughly convinced that Brock Allen Turner served a very lenient 90-day prison sentence at the Santa Clara County jail because of the circumstances that led up to the enactment of the Jeanne Clery Act; (iii) was subjected to frenzy on internet search engines (ISE) such as AOL, Bing/MSN, Google and Yahoo following his decision to publish his correspondence with the U.S. government on the matter involving *The People of the State of California v. Brock Turner* (Docket No. B1577162); [4] Chanel Miller as a University of California, Santa Barbara (UCSB) graduate who had on (or around) June 2, 2016 informed the judicial branch of the United States (U.S.) government that (i) she has witnessed double standards in the manner in which incidents of sexual violence are processed by American college and university campuses; (ii) Brock Allen Turner's sentence for raping and sexually harassing women needs to be as harsh as any other Black / African American undergraduate student convicted of raping and sexually harassing women on an American college and/or university campus; (iii) any sentence which fails to take into account the many aggravating circumstances in the lead-up to what Brock Allen Turner did on (or around) January 18, 2015 would be improper; (iv) even though Brock Allen Turner is a "lifetime sex registrant," what he did to her "doesn't expire" and "doesn't go away after a set number of years."

II) Request for a Fee Waiver and Expedited Processing

Expedited Processing for this request is justified because:

- 1) Prior to being criminally charged for the January 18, 2015 rape of Chanel Miller, Brock Allen Turner was sexually inappropriate with many female undergraduate students attending Stanford University. ^[iii]
- 2) On (or around) March 30, 2016, Brock Allen Turner was convicted of 3 (three) felony counts: (i) assault with intent to commit rape of an intoxicated or unconscious person, (ii) sexual penetration of an intoxicated person and (iii) sexual penetration of an unconscious person. ^[iv]
- 3) The "judge" (i.e., Aaron Persky) overseeing the matter involving *The People of the State of California v. Brock Allen Turner* (Docket No. B1577162) ended up being recalled from his position (as "judge") because of (i) many poor decisions he made during the trial which were motivated by racism and sexism; (ii) his deliberate efforts to minimize the racism and sexism experienced by women of color (similarly situated to Chanel Miller); (iii) his sentencing patterns which harshly penalized Black / African American men who commit violence against women while at the same time giving slap-on-the-wrist penalties to white men who commit violence against women. ^[v]
- 4) The requested records will raise awareness about the justifications used by "judges" to explain their very gross mishandling of sexual misconduct complaints.
- 5) The requested records will raise awareness about the circumstances that led the State of California to enact into law Assembly Bill 2888 (AB 2888).
- 6) The requested records will raise awareness about the circumstances that led the State of California to enact into law Assembly Bill 701 (AB 701). ^[vi]
- 7) The preamble of the Illinois FOIA decrees as follows: "*Pursuant to the fundamental philosophy of the American constitutional form of government, it is declared to be the public policy of the State of Illinois that all persons are entitled to full and complete information regarding the affairs of government and the official acts and policies of those who represent them as public officials and public employees consistent with the terms of this Act. Such access is necessary to enable the people to fulfill their duties of discussing public issues fully and freely, making informed political judgments and monitoring government to ensure that it is being conducted in the public interest. The General Assembly hereby declares that it is the public policy of the State of Illinois that access by all persons to public records promotes the transparency and accountability of public bodies at all levels of government. It is a fundamental obligation of government to operate openly and provide public records as expeditiously and efficiently as possible in compliance with this Act.*" ^[vii]

The public has a compelling and legitimate interest in this information because:

- 1) The requested records will enable the public to ascertain if your school district has held conversations about the provisions of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA).
- 2) The requested records will enable the public to ascertain if your school district has held conversations about the matter involving *The People of the State of California v. Brock Allen Turner* (Docket No. B1577162).
- 3) The requested records will enable the public to ascertain if your school district has held conversations about Chanel Miller's June 2, 2016 victim impact statement wherein she informed the judicial branch of the U.S. government that (i) she has witnessed double standards in the way in which incidents of sexual violence are processed by American college and university campuses; (ii) Brock Allen Turner's sentence for raping and sexually harassing women needs to be as harsh as any other Black / African American undergraduate student convicted of raping and sexually harassing women on American college and university campuses; (iii) any sentence which fails to take into account the many aggravating circumstances in the lead-up to what Brock Allen Turner did on (or around) January 18, 2015 would be improper; (iv) even though Brock Allen Turner is a "lifetime sex registrant," what he did to her "doesn't expire" and "doesn't go away after a set number of years." [\[viii\]](#)
- 4) The requested records will raise awareness about the "college speaking tour" that had been organized by friends and family of Brock Allen Turner so that he would be able to lecture high school students on matters pertaining to sexual violence committed against women (following his 90-day prison incarceration at the Santa Clara County Jail). [\[ix\]](#)
- 5) Brock Turner's reported "college speaking tour" proves that his friends and family had approached high school campuses in Calendar Year 2016 to have him speak to students on matters pertaining to sexual violence committed against girls/women.
- 6) Brock Turner's reported "college speaking tour" proves that there were high school campuses in America which very seriously considered the outrageous prospect of having him speak to their students on matters pertaining to sexual violence committed against girls/women.
- 7) The State of Illinois had on (or around) February 14, 2011 instructed school districts to "adopt and implement a policy addressing sexual abuse of children that may include age-appropriate curriculum for students in pre-K through the 5th grade; training for school personnel on child sexual abuse; educational information to parents or guardians provided in the school handbook on the warning signs of a child being abused, along with any needed assistance, referral, or resource information; available counseling and resources for students affected by sexual abuse; and emotional and educational support for a child of abuse to continue to be successful in school. Any policy adopted may address without limitation (i) methods for increasing teacher, student, and parent awareness of issues regarding sexual abuse of children, including knowledge of likely warning signs indicating that a child may be a victim of sexual abuse; (ii) actions that a child who is a victim of sexual abuse should take to obtain assistance and intervention and (iii) available counseling options for students affected by sexual abuse." [\[x\]](#)
- 8) The State of Illinois had on (or around) August 20, 2021 enacted into law Section 27-1010 of the Illinois code: a statute which enabled school districts to "provide age and developmentally appropriate consent education in kindergarten through the 12th grade. In kindergarten through the 5th grade, instruction and materials include age and developmentally appropriate instruction on consent and how to give and receive consent, including a discussion that includes, but is not limited to setting appropriate physical boundaries with others, the right to refuse to engage in behaviors or activities that are uncomfortable or unsafe. In the 6th through 12th grade, instruction and materials include age and developmentally appropriate instruction on consent and how to give and receive consent, including a discussion that includes, but is not limited to that consent (i) is a freely given agreement to sexual activity; (ii) to one particular sexual activity does not constitute consent to other types of sexual activities." [\[xi\]](#)
- 9) On (or around) January 30, 2018, the National Council on Disability (NCD) had published a report wherein they recognized that (i) "affirmative and effective consent" is being taught to (domestic and international) college and university students of the United States of America (U.S.A.) during the course of their freshmen year; (ii) college and university students in America (whether domestic or international) are informed about "healthy sexual relationships" during the

course of their first year of post-secondary academic education; (iii) 20% of women were sexually assaulted in a college or university setting (of the U.S.A) by the time they reached their senior year in Calendar Year 2005; (iv) 32% of women with a disability were sexually assaulted during Calendar Years 2014 and 2015 in a college or university setting (of the U.S.A.); (v) sexual assault *"is a public health and public safety concern with far-reaching implications;"* (vi) sexual assault is a *"deeply personal violation,"* which *"leaves physical and emotional impacts that change the lives of victims;"* (vii) sexual assault causes *"long-term physical, psychological, and emotional effects, including depression, post-traumatic stress, thoughts of suicide, flashbacks, and sleep disorders."* The NCD have also noted that their January 30, 2018 report sought to *"raise awareness of sexual assault (...) on college campuses by examining college policies and practices."* Furthermore, they write that *"Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972 is a federal civil rights law that prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in any education program or activity that receives federal funding. Under Title IX, discrimination on the basis of sex can include sexual harassment, rape and sexual assault. A college or university that receives federal funds may be held legally responsible when it knows about and ignores sexual harassment or assault in its programs or activities. As of September 22, 2017, colleges can adopt various standards of proof in sexual assault cases, from the lowest standard of proof (preponderance of evidence) to a higher standard of proof (clear and convincing evidence). Title IX, like the Clery Act, also requires college employers that address sexual assault to have proper training and to train the campus community in its policies and procedures regarding sexual assault."* [\[xii\]](#)

10) Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W is a Black Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) Degree graduate of Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri) and a former Missouri state government employee who went to America on an F-1 visa in the month of December 2009 (when he was eighteen years of age).

11) Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W was a full-time international student at Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri) when he was (for the very first time of his life) informed what constitutes *"affirmative and effective consent"* in healthy sexual relationships.

12) Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W was a full-time international student at Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri) when he was informed of the April 5, 1986 rape and murder of Jeanne Ann Clery prior to being told what constitutes *"affirmative and effective consent"* in healthy sexual relationships.

13) In Calendar Year 2013, Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W became a public employee of the Missouri state government. [\[xiii\]](#)

14) Between July 8, 2013 and August 16, 2013, Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W underwent a 6-week training program with the Missouri state government.

15) During the 6-week training program that took place between July 8, 2013 and August 16, 2013, Michael A. Ayele was briefed and quizzed on several aspects of the Missouri Department of Mental Health's Sex Offender Rehabilitation and Treatment Services (SORTS). [\[xiv\]](#)

16) On (or around) August 16, 2013, following his successful completion of the 6-week training program, Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W was verbally told that he was henceforth a *"covered entity"* of the Missouri Department of Mental Health (MODMH) Fulton State Hospital (FSH).

17) Between June 2, 2016 and December 31, 2016, Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W learned about several aspects of the matter involving *The People of the State of California v. Brock Allen Turner* (Docket No. B1577162).

18) On (or around) December 31, 2016, Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W graduated with a B.A. Degree in Political Science and Economics from Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri).

19) Following his December 31, 2016 graduation from Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri), Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W began to witness racist frauds broaching (in several legal filings) the issue of *"consent"* before linking it to his name, his image and his likeness.

20) Following his December 31, 2016 graduation from Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri), Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W has expressed written objections to the legal filings of racist frauds who have broached the issue of *"consent"* before linking it to his name, his image and his likeness.

21) The requested records will raise awareness about the way in which Michael Ayele (a.k.a.) W was subjected to frenzy before his correspondence with the U.S. government on the matter involving *The People of the State of California v. Brock Allen Turner* (Docket No. B1577162) was filtered and distorted on internet search engines (ISE) such as AOL, Bing/MSN, Google and Yahoo.

22) The requested records will raise awareness about the way in which Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W was subjected to frenzy following his decision to publish his correspondence with the U.S. government on the circumstances that led to Brock Allen Turner's 90-day prison incarceration from June 2, 2016 to September 2, 2016.

23) The requested records will raise awareness about the way in which ISE have filtered and distorted Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W's correspondence on the matter involving *The People of the State of California v. Brock Allen Turner* (Docket No. B1577162) by generating unwelcome and unapproved queries such as "Michael Ayele profile," "Michael Ayele Chanel Miller," "Michael Ayele San Francisco Public Library," "Michael Ayele biography," "Michael Ayele legal history," "Michael Ayele Jeanne Clery," "Michael Ayele Lehigh University," "Michael Ayele death penalty," "Michael Ayele wrongful conviction case," "Michael Ayele court cases," "Michael Ayele Entry of Appearance," "Michael Ayele pro se complaint," "Michael Ayele motion," "Michael Ayele trial," "Michael Ayele interrogatories," "Michael Ayele subpoenas," "Michael Ayele summons," "Michael Ayele public records," "Michael Ayele Maryland," "Michael Ayele missing," "Michael Ayele unharmed," "Michael Ayele delusional," "Michael Ayele paranoid," "Michael Ayele grandiose," "Michael Ayele dangerous," "Michael Ayele schizophrenia," "Michael Ayele views on schizophrenia," "Michael Ayele Habeas Corpus," "Michael Ayele Mental Health Awareness Month," "Michael Ayele Denim Day," "Michael Ayele Sexual Assault Awareness Month," "Michael Ayele alumni," "Mike Ayele alumni," "Michael Ayele education background." [xv]

In my judgment, the facts presented in my request for a fee waiver and expedited processing will significantly decrease public confidence in the activities, the engagements and the priorities of internet search engines (ISE) such as AOL, Bing/MSN, Google and Yahoo because they have previously filtered and distorted Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W's correspondence with the United States government about the circumstances leading up to the enactment of the Jeanne Clery Act as well as the matter involving *The People of the State of California v. Brock Allen Turner*, Docket No. B1577162. Unfortunately, I regret to inform you that the decision of ISE to filter, distort and misattribute Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W's written publications on matters pertaining to Brock Allen Turner's 90-day prison incarceration [1] has served to obfuscate the fact that the "judge" overseeing the matter involving *The People of the State of California vs. Brock Allen Turner* (i.e. Aaron Pesky) made many poor decisions during the trial which were motivated by racism and sexism; [2] has served to obfuscate the fact that the "judge" overseeing the matter involving *The People of the State of California vs. Brock Allen Turner* (i.e. Aaron Pesky) made deliberate efforts to minimize the racism and sexism experienced by women of color (similarly situated to Chanel Miller); [3] has served to obfuscate the fact that the "judge" overseeing the matter involving *The People of the State of California vs. Brock Allen Turner* was recalled in an election because of his very gross mishandling of that case; [4] has served to obfuscate the fact the "judge" overseeing the matter involving *The People of the State of California vs. Brock Allen Turner* was rebuked by the legislative branch of the Californian government, which went on to enact Assembly Bill Nos. 701 and 2888; [xvi] [5] has served to obfuscate the fact that Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W has in the mid-2010s (after Brock Allen Turner 90-day prison incarceration) witnessed racist frauds playing fast and loose in many legal filings where they broached the issue of "consent" by linking it to his name, his image and his likeness; [6] has served to obfuscate the fact that Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W has in the mid-2010s expressed written objections upon witnessing racist frauds playing fast and loose in many legal filings where they broached the issue of "consent" by linking it to his name, his image and his likeness; [7] has served to obfuscate the fact that Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W was 18 years of age when he was informed what constitutes "affirmative and effective consent" on the campus of Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri) in the month of January 2010; [8] has served to obfuscate the fact that Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W was 18 years of age (in the month of January 2010) when he was informed what constitutes "affirmative and effective consent" after being told of the April 5, 1986 rape and murder of Jeanne Ann Clery; [9] has served to obfuscate the fact that Michael Ayele (a.k.a.) W unequivocally condemns violence committed against girls and women irrespective of their racial backgrounds, their sexual orientations, their national origins, their religious affiliations, their disability status and/or their age groups; [10] has served to obfuscate Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W's key questions on Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972; [xvii] [11] has exacerbated racism and discrimination online, causing direct harm to the name, the image and the likeness of Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W.

On a personal level, I am not as a matter of principle opposed to minimum sentences for crimes of sexual violence committed against women, and part of the reason I am not opposed to this is because of "judge" Aaron Persky very poor handling of the matter involving *The People of the State of California vs. Brock Allen Turner*. For instance, during the trial involving *The People of the State of California vs. Brock Allen Turner*, it had come to light that before January 18, 2015, Brock Allen Turner was (during his freshman year of college) sexually inappropriate with many female undergraduate students of Stanford University. However, instead of considering Brock Allen Turner's sexual harassment of women as an aggravating factor, "judge" Aaron Persky pondered upon the "severe harmful impact" a stint in California's state prison would have on Brock Allen Turner. Afterwards, on June 2, 2016, "judge" Aaron Persky sentenced Brock Allen Turner to serve (at the Santa Clara County Jail) a prison term not exceeding 180 (one-hundred and eighty) days, of which 90 days ended up actually being served by Brock Allen Turner. As Chanel Miller correctly pointed out on June 2, 2016, no one would seriously take into account "the harm" a Black / African American undergraduate student would incur if he served time in a California state prison after sexually harassing and raping women. In other words, when "judge" Aaron Persky entered into the equation "the severe harmful impact" a stint in California's state prison system would do to Brock Allen

Turner, [1] he effectively allowed race to enter the Santa Clara County Superior Courthouse; [2] he showed that his value system allows for the pain and suffering associated with sexual violence to be weighed up against “*the harm*” a Tier III sex offender like Brock Allen Turner would incur if he were to serve time behind bars in a California state prison. For me, the value system of “*judge*” Aaron Persky merited a recall, so I was very happy when Californians stripped him of his judgeship after organizing a referendum in which they decided that he was unfit to continue serving them with integrity.

The core issues presented in this records request are as follows. 1) Have you had conversations about the legal obligations of your school district with regards to the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA)? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records? 2) Have you had conversations about Inside Edition as an American news media outlet which had on (or around) September 2, 2016 broadcast a video depicting how Brock Allen Turner was released from the Santa Clara County jail (in California) after serving 90 days for the January 18, 2015 rape of Chanel Miller? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records? 3) Have you had conversations about Inside Edition as an American news media outlet which had on (or around) September 6, 2016 broadcast a video depicting how Brock Allen Turner had registered as a Tier III sex offender in Dayton, Ohio? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records? 4) Have you had conversations about Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W as a Black ex-immigrant of America (and a former Missouri healthcare worker) who was 25 years of age when he first watched the September 2016 video broadcasts of Inside Edition pertaining to Brock Allen Turner? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records? 5) Have you had conversations about Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W as a Black Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) Degree graduate of Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri) (and a former Missouri healthcare worker) who is thoroughly convinced that Brock Allen Turner served a very lenient 90-day prison sentence at the Santa Clara County jail because of the circumstances that led up to the enactment of the Jeanne Clery Act? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records? 6) Have you had conversations about Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W as a Black B.A. Degree graduate of Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri) (and a former Missouri healthcare worker) who is thoroughly convinced that Brock Allen Turner served a very lenient 90-day prison sentence at the Santa Clara County jail because of double standards on matters pertaining to consent which have benefitted white men while at the same time unfairly portraying Black / African American men as “*dangerous*”? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records? 7) Have you had conversations about Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W as a Black B.A. Degree graduate of Westminster College (Fulton, Missouri) (and a former Missouri healthcare worker) who was subjected to frenzy on internet search engines (ISE) such as AOL, Bing/MSN, Google and Yahoo following his decision to publish his correspondence with the U.S. government on the matter involving *The People of the State of California v. Brock Allen Turner* (Docket No. B1577162)? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records? 8) Have you had conversations about the decision of ISE to filter and distort Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W’s correspondence with the U.S. government on the matter involving *The People of the State of California v. Brock Allen Turner* (Docket No. B1577162) by generating unwelcome and unapproved queries such as “*Michael Ayele Chanel Miller*,” “*Michael Ayele biography*,” “*Michael Ayele profile*,” etc.? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records? 9) Have you had conversations about Chanel Miller as a University of California, Santa Barbara (UCSB) graduate who had on (or around) June 2, 2016 informed the judicial branch of the United States (U.S.) government that she has witnessed double standards in the manner in which incidents of sexual violence are processed by American college and university campuses? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records? 10) Have you had conversations about Chanel Miller as a UCSB graduate who had on (or around) June 2, 2016 informed the judicial branch of the U.S. government that Brock Allen Turner’s sentence for raping and sexually harassing women needs to be as harsh as any other Black / African American undergraduate student convicted of raping and sexually harassing women on an American college and/or university campus? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records? 11) Have you had conversations about Chanel Miller as a UCSB graduate who had on (or around) June 2, 2016 informed the judicial branch of the U.S. government that any sentence which fails to take into account the many aggravating circumstances in the lead-up to what Brock Allen Turner did on (or around) January 18, 2015 would be improper? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records? 12) Have you had conversations about Chanel Miller as a UCSB graduate who had on (or around) June 2, 2016 informed the judicial branch of the U.S. government that even though Brock Allen Turner is a “*lifetime sex registrant*,” what he did to her “*doesn’t expire*” and “*doesn’t go away after a set number of years*”? If yes, will you promptly disclose those records?

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Michael A. Ayele (a.k.a.) W
Anti-Racist Human Rights Activist
Audio-Visual Media Analyst
Anti-Propaganda Journalist
Gender Pronouns: He/Him/His

Work Cited

[i] *Brock Allen Turner walked out of prison on Friday, September 2, 2016 after serving three months for sexual assault. (...) Turner is the former Stanford University student convicted on three felony counts for sexually assaulting an unconscious woman outside a fraternity house on January 18, 2015. The maximum sentence for the crime Brock Turner was convicted of was 10 (ten) years in prison, but judge Aaron Pesky made a controversial decision to sentence Brock Turner to 6 months behind bars because of his "clean record" and the "emotional toll" prison could take on him. The sentence sent shockwaves throughout the country. (...) Turner will go to Ohio to leave with his parents. While he may be free, he will be on probation for the next three years and will have to register as a sex offender for life.* Inside Edition. September 2, 2016. Ex-Stanford Student Brock Turner Leaves Jail After 3 Months for Sexual Assault. YouTube. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0EpNBr7Zw24>

Former Stanford University student Brock Turner registered as a sex offender on Tuesday, September 6, 2016 after showing up at the local sheriff's office outside Dayton, Ohio. Inside Edition. September 7, 2016. Brock Turner Officially Registers as a Sex Offender Just Days After Prison Release. YouTube. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PWhMbdM5u10>

[ii] **Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA)**

In this subchapter the following definitions apply:

(1) Sex offender

The term "sex offender" means an individual who was convicted of a sex offense.

(2) Tier I sex offender

The term "tier I sex offender" means a sex offender other than a tier II or tier III sex offender.

(3) Tier II sex offender

The term "tier II sex offender" means a sex offender other than a tier III sex offender whose offense is punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year and—

(A) is comparable to or more severe than the following offenses, when committed against a minor, or an attempt or conspiracy to commit such an offense against a minor:

- (i) sex trafficking (as described in section 1591 of title 18);
- (ii) coercion and enticement (as described in section 2422(b) of title 18);
- (iii) transportation with intent to engage in criminal sexual activity (as described in section 2423(a)) ¹ of title 18;
- (iv) abusive sexual contact (as described in section 2244 of title 18);

(B) involves—

- (i) use of a minor in a sexual performance;
- (ii) solicitation of a minor to practice prostitution; or
- (iii) production or distribution of child pornography; or

(C) occurs after the offender becomes a tier I sex offender.

(4) Tier III sex offender

The term "tier III sex offender" means a sex offender whose offense is punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year and—

(A) is comparable to or more severe than the following offenses, or an attempt or conspiracy to commit such an offense:

- (i) aggravated sexual abuse or sexual abuse (as described in sections 2241 and 2242 of title 18); or
- (ii) abusive sexual contact (as described in section 2244 of title 18) against a minor who has not attained the age of 13 years;

(B) involves kidnapping of a minor (unless committed by a parent or guardian); or

(C) occurs after the offender becomes a tier II sex offender. (...)

(9) Sex offender registry

The term "sex offender registry" means a registry of sex offenders, and a notification program, maintained by a jurisdiction.

(10) Jurisdiction

The term "jurisdiction" means any of the following:

- (A) A State.
- (B) The District of Columbia.
- (C) The Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- (D) Guam.
- (E) American Samoa.
- (F) The Northern Mariana Islands.
- (G) The United States Virgin Islands.
- (H) To the extent provided and subject to the requirements of section 20929 of this title, a federally recognized Indian tribe. (...)

(13) Resides

The term "resides" means, with respect to an individual, the location of the individual's home or other place where the individual habitually lives. (...)

Registry Requirements for jurisdictions and sex offenders

Each jurisdiction shall maintain a jurisdiction-wide sex offender registry conforming to the requirements of this subchapter. (...)

In general, a sex offender shall register, and keep the registration current, in each jurisdiction where the offender resides, where the offender is an employee, and where the offender is a student. For initial registration purposes only, a sex offender shall also register in the jurisdiction in which convicted if such jurisdiction is different from the jurisdiction of residence.

The sex offender shall initially register—

- (1) before completing a sentence of imprisonment with respect to the offense giving rise to the registration requirement; or
- (2) not later than 3 business days after being sentenced for that offense, if the sex offender is not sentenced to a term of imprisonment.

A sex offender shall, not later than 3 business days after each change of name, residence, employment, or student status, appear in person in at least 1 jurisdiction involved pursuant to subsection (a) and inform that jurisdiction of all changes in the information required for that offender in the sex offender registry. That jurisdiction shall immediately provide that information to all other jurisdictions in which the offender is required to register.

The sex offender shall provide the following information to the appropriate official for inclusion in the sex offender registry:

- (1) The name of the sex offender (including any alias used by the individual).
- (2) The Social Security number of the sex offender.
- (3) The address of each residence at which the sex offender resides or will reside.
- (4) The name and address of any place where the sex offender is an employee or will be an employee.
- (5) The name and address of any place where the sex offender is a student or will be a student.
- (6) The license plate number and a description of any vehicle owned or operated by the sex offender.
- (7) Information relating to intended travel of the sex offender outside the United States, including any anticipated dates and places of departure, arrival, or return, carrier and flight numbers for air travel, destination country and address or other contact information therein, means and purpose of travel, and any other itinerary or other travel-related information required by the Attorney General.
- (8) Any other information required by the Attorney General.

The jurisdiction in which the sex offender registers shall ensure that the following information is included in the registry for that sex offender:

- (1) A physical description of the sex offender.
- (2) The text of the provision of law defining the criminal offense for which the sex offender is registered.
- (3) The criminal history of the sex offender, including the date of all arrests and convictions; the status of parole, probation, or supervised release; registration status; and the existence of any outstanding arrest warrants for the sex offender.
- (4) A current photograph of the sex offender.
- (5) A set of fingerprints and palm prints of the sex offender.
- (6) A DNA sample of the sex offender.

(7) A photocopy of a valid driver's license or identification card issued to the sex offender by a jurisdiction.

(8) Any other information required by the Attorney General.

A sex offender shall provide and update information required under subsection (a), including information relating to intended travel outside the United States required under paragraph (7) of that subsection, in conformity with any time and manner requirements prescribed by the Attorney General.

A sex offender shall keep the registration current for the full registration period (excluding any time the sex offender is in custody or civilly committed) unless the offender is allowed a reduction under subsection (b). The full registration period is—

- (1) 15 years, if the offender is a tier I sex offender;
- (2) 25 years, if the offender is a tier II sex offender; and
- (3) the life of the offender, if the offender is a tier III sex offender. (...)

The Attorney General, using the authority provided in section 114(a)(7) of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act [34 U.S.C. 20914(a)(7)], shall require that each sex offender provide to the sex offender registry those Internet identifiers the sex offender uses or will use of any type that the Attorney General determines to be appropriate under that Act [34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.]. These records of Internet identifiers shall be subject to the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a) to the same extent as the other records in the National Sex Offender Registry.

As used in this Act, the term "social networking website"—

(A) means an Internet website—

- (i) that allows users, through the creation of web pages or profiles or by other means, to provide information about themselves that is available to the public or to other users; and
- (ii) that offers a mechanism for communication with other users where such users are likely to include a substantial number of minors; and
- (iii) whose primary purpose is to facilitate online social interactions; and

(B) includes any contractors or agents used by the website to act on behalf of the website in carrying out the purposes of this Act.

As used in this Act, the term "Internet identifiers" means electronic mail addresses and other designations used for self-identification or routing in Internet communication or posting. (...) United States House of Representatives.

[iii]

Timeline of significant dates in the life of Brock Turner

Aug. 1, 1995: *Brock Allen Turner is born in Dayton, Ohio. (...)*

September 2014: *Turner starts attending Stanford University on a swimming scholarship.*

November 15, 2014: *Turner and several teammates are chased by police after officers see the group walking on campus drinking beer. The group had been on its way to a football game when they scattered after an officer shouted for them to stop. Two officers chase the teens through campus, finally catching one. The detained swimmer calls Turner and told him to return and talk with police. Turner, who was wearing an orange tuxedo, returns and apologizes for running away. He receives a ticket for being a minor in possession of alcohol. (...)*

January 10, 2015: *Turner attends a party at Kappa Alpha fraternity house. A female Stanford student who lived in Turner's dorm building introduces a friend to him. The friend later tells police Turner "creeped her out" and was "grabby" with her because he was placing his hands on her waist, stomach and thigh while they were dance. The friend says she didn't invite Turner to dance with her nor did she seek his physical attention. She tells police she left the dance floor to get away from Turner.*

January 17, 2015: *Brock Turner attends a Kappa Alpha fraternity house where he meets Chanel Miller, her sister and their friends. Brock Turner and Chanel Miller leave the party and she passes out behind a nearby dumpster where Turner assaults her early the next morning. He is tackled by two grad students and arrested.*

January 18, 2015: *Brock Turner posts \$150,000 bail and is released from jail.*

January 28, 2015: *Brock Turner is formally charged with two counts of rape, two counts of penetration and one count of assault with intent to rape. (...)*

March 30, 2016: *A Santa Clara County jury finds Brock Turner guilty on three counts: (1) assault with the intent to commit rape of an intoxicated or unconscious person, (2) sexual penetration when the victim*

was intoxicated, and (3) sexual penetration where the victim was unconscious of the nature of the act.
(...)

June 2, 2016: Aaron Persky sentences Brock Turner to six months in jail and orders him to register a sex offender for life. Turner is taken into custody and placed in protective custody because of his notoriety. He is scheduled to be released on September 2, 2016. The sentences touches off a national debate about leniency and campus sexual assault. Signatures are collected in an attempt to remove Persky from the bench. Associated Press. June 12, 2016. Timeline of significant dates in the life of Brock Turner.
<https://apnews.com/general-news-962a8de554994637afce94a22afb78e9>

*In Touch has exclusively learned that some members of the **Stanford swim team** had long been suspicious of the quiet Ohio native.*

...

[Message clipped] [View entire message](#)

Attachments area

Preview YouTube video Ex-Stanford Student Brock Turner Leaves Jail After 3 Months for Sexual Assault

Preview YouTube video Ex-Stanford Student Brock Turner Leaves Jail After 3 Months for Sexual Assault



Preview YouTube video Brock Turner Officially Registers as a Sex Offender Just Days After Prison Release

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