

Bristol Public SchoolsOffice of Teaching & Learning

Department	Fine Arts
Department Philosophy	The visual and performing arts are critical in the development of every child. In a diverse and ever changing society, the visual and performing arts are integral in the consistency, appreciation, and creativity of tomorrow's leaders. The fine arts are a universal language, allowing students to learn unique skills and means of expression that contributes back to our society. We believe visual and performing arts create lifelong learners harnessed with empathy and skills necessary to understand our past, present and future world.
Course	Physical Theater And Movement
Course Description for Program of Studies	Through movement, students will learn how their bodies can be used to express meaning, emotion and character. Students will learn fundamentals of stage combat, and about stock characters through the study of commedia dell'arte.
Grade Level	9-12
Pre-requisites	none
Credit (if applicable)	.5

District Learning Expectations and Standards	Physical awareness	Viewpoints	Stage Combat	Commedia dell' Arte
Creating				
TH:Cr1.1 Generate and conceptualize artistic ideas and work.				Р
TH:Cr2.1 Organize and develop artistic ideas and work.		Р		Р
TH:Cr3.1 Refine new work through play, drama processes and theatre experiences using critical analysis and experimentation.	Р	Р	Р	Р
Performing				
TH:Pr4.1 Select, analyze, and interpret artistic work for presentation.	Р			Р
TH:Pr5.1 Develop and refine artistic techniques and work for presentation.	Р	Р	Р	Р
TH:Pr6.1 Convey meaning through the presentation of artistic work.				
Respond				
TH:Re7.1 Perceive and analyze artistic work.	Р	Р	Р	

TH:Re8.1 Interpret intent and meaning in artistic work.		
TH:Re9.1 Apply criteria to evaluate artistic work.		Р
Connecting		
TH:Cn10.1 Synthesize and relate knowledge and personal experiences to make art.		
TH:Cn11.1 Relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural, and historical context to deepen understanding.		
TH:Cn11.2 Relate artistic ideas and works with societal, cultural, and historical context to deepen understanding.		

UNIT ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS

- How do theatre artists transform and edit their initial ideas?
- Why are strong choices essential to interpreting a drama or theatre piece?
- What can I do to fully prepare a performance or technical design?
- How do theatre artists comprehend the essence of drama processes and theatre experiences?
- How, when, and why do theatre artists' choices change?
- What happens when theatre artists use their imaginations and/or learned theatre skills while engaging in creative exploration and inquiry?
- How, when, and why do theatre artists' choices change?

UNIT ENDURING UNDERSTANDING

- Theatre artists refine their work and practice their craft through rehearsal.
- Theatre artists make strong choices to effectively convey meaning.
- Theatre artists develop personal processes and skills for a performance or design.
- Theatre artists reflect to understand the impact of drama processes and theatre experiences.
- Theatre artists rely on intuition, curiosity, and critical inquiry.
- Theatre artists work to discover different ways of communicating meaning

UNIT 1: PHYSICAL AWARENESS

Standard			Type of Standard	Concepts and Disciplinary-Specific Vocabulary
TH:Cr3.1.	Explore physical, vocal and		Content Knowledge	Head, heart, and groin centers, nonverbal communication, mime,
HSI b.	physiological choices to develop a performance that is		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	tableau, cross, gesture, consistency, isolation, relaxation, exaggerated resistance, exaggerated expression and gesture, rotation.
	believable, authentic, and relevant to a drama/theatre	х	Physical Skill	Prior Knowledge Needed
	work.	х	Product Development	None
			Learning Behavior	
TH:Pr4.1.	Shape character choices	х	Content Knowledge	Common Misconceptions
HSI b.	using given circumstances in a drama/theatre work.		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	I am already fully aware of my body. I don't need to practice using my body to convey emotion, because I do it all the time.
			Physical Skill	
		х	Product Development	
			Learning Behavior	
TH:Pr5.1.	Practice various acting		Content Knowledge	Resources
HSI a.	techniques to expand skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Improv encyclopedia
	performance.	х	Physical Skill	
		х	Product Development	
			Learning Behavior	
TH:Re7.1.	Respond to what is seen, felt,	х	Content Knowledge	
HSI a.	and heard in a drama/theatre	х	Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	

W	work to develop criteria for	Physical Skill	
a	artistic choices.	Product Development	
		Learning Behavior	

- Safely move my body in various ways when directed to (hopping, skipping, running, giant/baby steps, etc)
- Identify large muscle groups utilized in movement (Deltoids, Pectorals, Biceps, Glutes, Quads, calves, abdominals, etc)
- Observe others movements, and incorporate their gestures into my own performance.
- Explore physical, and physiological choices to develop a performance that is believable, authentic, and relevant to a drama/theater work.
- Discuss how age affects movement, and incorporate these changes into my own performance
- Physically use props in a natural, and effective manner

UNIT 2: VIEWPOINTS

Standard			Type of Standard	Concepts and Disciplinary-Specific Vocabulary
TH:Cr3.1. HSI b.	Explore physical, vocal and physiological choices to develop a performance that is believable, authentic, and relevant to a drama/theatre		Content Knowledge Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Space, shape, time, emotion, movement, story, Spatial Relationship, Kinesthetic Response, Shape, Gesture, Repetition, Architecture, Tempo, Duration, Topography, Pitch, Dynamic, Acceleration/Deceleration, Silence, Timbre.
	work.	х	Physical Skill	Prior Knowledge Needed
		х	Product Development	None
			Learning Behavior	
TH:Pr5.1.	Practice various acting		Content Knowledge	Common Misconceptions
HSI a.	techniques to expand skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Studying spatial awareness is not important. Studying movements through space and time is not helpful. Viewpoints
	performance.	х	Physical Skill	practice is just walking around a room.
		х	Product Development	
			Learning Behavior	
TH:Re7.1.	Respond to what is seen, felt,	х	Content Knowledge	Resources
HSI a.	and heard in a drama/theatre work to develop criteria for	х	Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	The Viewpoints Book
	artistic choices.		Physical Skill	
			Product Development	
			Learning Behavior	

- Demonstrate an awareness of myself and others in the acting space
- Identify the different viewpoints (Tempo, Duration, Kinesthetic Response, Repetition, Shape, Gesture, Architecture, Spatial Relationship and Topography)
- Move safely through an acting space while exploring my spacial relationship to others
- Investigate the physical nature of my environment.
- Move my body within the given parameters my teacher has set
- Utilize both sharp and soft focus

UNIT 3: STAGE COMBAT

Standard			Type of Standard	Concepts and Disciplinary-Specific Vocabulary
TH:Cr3.1. HSI b.	Explore physical, vocal and physiological choices to develop a performance that is believable, authentic, and		Content Knowledge Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Attacker, victim, distance, cue, reaction-action, center line, eye contact, avoidance, block, break fall, choke hold, contact strike, duck, elbow attack, expulsion, fall, hair pull, kick, knap, knee attack, lock, non-contact strike, punch, roll, slap, throw, trap,
	relevant to a drama/theatre	х	Physical Skill	Prior Knowledge Needed
	work.	х	Product Development	Body Awareness
			Learning Behavior	
TH:Pr5.1.	Practice various acting		Content Knowledge	Common Misconceptions
HSI a.	techniques to expand skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	I can go full speed when pretending to attack. Stage combat is easy. There's not a lot of rules in stage combat.
	performance.	х	Physical Skill	
		х	Product Development	
			Learning Behavior	
TH:Re7.1.	Respond to what is seen, felt,	х	Content Knowledge	Resources
HSI a.	and heard in a drama/theatre work to develop criteria for artistic choices.	х	Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	The Stage Combat Handbook, possible visiting clinician (pathway partnership), tumbling mats
	artistic critices.		Physical Skill	
			Product Development	
			Learning Behavior	

- Be physically safe when interacting with my peers and teachers
- Safely execute stage combat choreography.
- Safely execute a stage combat fall
- Safely execute stage combat breaking away, and choking
- Safely execute stage combat punches and kicks
- Respect my scene partners' space and body using language of consent.
- Safely use props to execute stage combat choreography.
- Safely execute stage combat at various speeds
- Practice stage combat choreography with my partner(s)

UNIT 4: COMMEDIA dell' ARTE

		Type of Standard	Concepts and Disciplinary-Specific Vocabulary
Apply basic research to		Content Knowledge	Stock characters, minimalist set, improvisation, physical theater, masks, acrobatics, lazzi, timing, focus, conflict, en travesti,
visual composition of a		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	innamorati, intermezzo, irony, monimbanchi, parti ridicole, prima donna, servetta, vecci, zanni,
diamarticatic work.		Physical Skill	Prior Knowledge Needed
	х	Product Development	None
		Learning Behavior	
Explore the function of history		Content Knowledge	Common Misconceptions
development of a dramatic	х	Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Commedia Dell'Arte is a dead art form. Commedia Dell'arte is not relatable.
, ,		Physical Skill	
drama/theatre work.	х	Product Development	
		Learning Behavior	
Practice and revise a devised		Content Knowledge	Resources
work using theatrical staging		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)	Masks (supplies to make masks), assorted Commedia scripts (Moliere, etc),
physical, vocal and	х	Physical Skill	
physiological choices to	х	Product Development	
develop a performance that is believable, authentic, and relevant to a drama/theatre work.		Learning Behavior	
	construct ideas about the visual composition of a drama/theatre work. Explore the function of history and culture in the development of a dramatic concept through a critical analysis of original ideas in a drama/theatre work. Practice and revise a devised or scripted drama/theatre work using theatrical staging conventions. b. Explore physical, vocal and physiological choices to develop a performance that is believable, authentic, and relevant to a drama/theatre	construct ideas about the visual composition of a drama/theatre work. Explore the function of history and culture in the development of a dramatic concept through a critical analysis of original ideas in a drama/theatre work. Practice and revise a devised or scripted drama/theatre work using theatrical staging conventions. b. Explore physical, vocal and physiological choices to develop a performance that is believable, authentic, and relevant to a drama/theatre	Apply basic research to construct ideas about the visual composition of a drama/theatre work. Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning) Physical Skill

TH:Pr4.1.	Examine how character	х	Content Knowledge
HSI a.	relationships assist in telling the story of a drama/theatre		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)
	work. b. Shape character choices using given		Physical Skill
	circumstances in a	х	Product Development
	drama/theatre work.		Learning Behavior
TH:Pr5.1.	Practice various acting		Content Knowledge
HSI a.	techniques to expand skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre		Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)
	performance.	х	Physical Skill
		х	Product Development
			Learning Behavior
THRe9.1.	Consider the aesthetics of the	х	Content Knowledge
HSI b. c.	production elements in a drama/theatre work.	х	Skill (Problem-Solving, Writing, Speaking, Listening, Reasoning)
	Formulate a deeper		Physical Skill
	understanding and		Product Development
	appreciation of a drama/ theatre work by considering		Learning Behavior
	its specific purpose or intended audience.	×	

- Explain the different Commedia dell'Arte character tropes
- Inform my movement based on the Commedia dell'Arte character tropes
- Create a mask that is well researched taking into consideration status, power, and animal like nature.

- Collaborate with my peers to improvise an outlined scene while adhering to my assigned commedia character.
- Find examples of Commedia dell'Arte Character tropes in modern works