

Annual Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023

Aledo Independent School District

Annual Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023



Prepared by: Aledo ISD Business Office THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

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<u>Aledo Independent School District</u> Name of School District <u>Parker</u> County

<u>184-907</u> Co. – Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) _____ approved _____ disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2023, at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on the 16th day of January, 2024.

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary).

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Aledo Independent School District Aledo, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Aledo Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Aledo Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Aledo Independent School District, as of August 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Aledo Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Aledo Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Aledo Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Aledo Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Aledo Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining statements, required TEA schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements deneral statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements, required TEA schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2024 on our consideration of Aledo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Aledo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Aledo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas January 16, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Aledo Independent School District (the "District"), we offer this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$64,214,709 (*net position*).
- The District's net position decreased by \$2,134,993 as a result of this year's operations which was a decrease of approximately 3%.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$151,181,811, an increase of \$104,514,241 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily due to issuance of bonds in the current year.
- The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$26,153,588, a decrease of \$3,040,699 from prior year.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$1,579,156 more than budgeted for the General Fund, largely due to the changes in local and state revenues estimated to be allocated to the district.
- The total cost of the District's programs in governmental activities was \$109,136,254, compared to the previous year's cost of \$99,039,906, an increase of \$10,096,348.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The table below summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each statement.

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a long-term view of the District's property and obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information and contain even more information about the District's individual funds. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that provides a budgetary schedule for the General Fund. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies.

Type of Statements	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required Financial Statements	Statement of net position, Statement of activities	Balance sheet, Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position, Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of deferred outflows/inflows	A consumption or acquisition of net position applicable to a future period	A consumption or acquisition of fund balance applicable to a future period	A consumption or acquisition of net position applicable to a future period
Type of inflows/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins with the statement of net position and statement of activities. Their primary objective is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows (inflows) of resources and liabilities while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenue and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting, which is the same method used by most private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenue is divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the District and grants provided by the U. S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenue), and general revenue provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenue). All of the District's assets and deferred outflows (inflows) of resources are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows (inflows) of resources and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has two kinds of activity:

Governmental Activities – All of the District's basic services are reported here, including instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type Activities – All of the District's enterprise activities are reported here, including the Pre-K Academy, Bearcat Store, Community Partners, and Stadium/Gym Advertising.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund financial statements begin on page 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under ESEA Title I from the U. S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District has three fund types – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds – The District reports most of its basic services in governmental funds. These funds use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and they report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. As mentioned above in the government-wide definition, the District uses the business-type activities or Enterprise Funds to report activities for the District's Pre-K Academy, Bearcat Store, Community Partners Program, and Stadium/Gym Advertising.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and scholarships. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use them to support its operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The required supplementary information includes budgetary comparison information and pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) information.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The following analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$64,214,709 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

TABLE 1

	CONDEN	SED SCHEDULE	OF NET POSI	TION						
	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals					
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022				
ASSETS										
Current and other assets	\$ 166,137,911	\$ 65,457,501	\$ 168,783	\$ 134,670	\$ 166,306,694	\$ 65,592,171				
Capital assets	237,086,817	230,410,638			237,086,817	230,410,638				
Total assets	403,224,728	295,868,139	168,783	134,670	403,393,511	296,002,809				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS										
OF RESOURCES										
Deferred charges for refunding	8,229,954	9,127,851	-	-	8,229,954	9,127,851				
Pension/OPEB related	22,549,264	14,808,803			22,549,264	14,808,803				
Total deferred outflows of										
resources	30,779,218	23,936,654			30,779,218	23,936,654				
LIABILITIES										
Long-term liabilities	463,807,627	342,943,814	-	-	463,807,627	342,943,814				
Other liabilities	15,501,737	19,009,612	49,137	12,582	15,550,874	19,022,194				
Total liabilities	479,309,364	361,953,426	49,137	12,582	479,358,501	361,966,008				
DEFERRED INFLOWS										
OF RESOURCES										
Pension/OPEB related	19,028,937	20,053,171			19,028,937	20,053,171				
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets	(60,078,479)	(60,908,391)	-	-	(60,078,479)	(60,908,391)				
Restricted	5,296,900	4,344,462	-	-	5,296,900	4,344,462				
Unrestricted	(9,552,776)	(5,637,875)	119,646	122,088	(9,433,130)	(5,515,787)				
Total net position	<u>\$ (64,334,355</u>)	<u>\$ (62,201,804</u>)	<u>\$ 119,646</u>	<u>\$ 122,088</u>	<u>\$ (64,214,709</u>)	<u>\$ (62,079,716</u>)				

A large portion of the District's deficit net position, (\$60,078,479), reflects the District's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and accumulated depreciation), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets is a deficit primarily due to the long-term debt used to finance some of the District's capital assets maturing after capital assets are depreciated.

An additional portion of the District's net position, \$5,296,900, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, (\$9,433,130), is a deficit. This is not an indication that the District has insufficient resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having long-term commitments that are more than currently available resources.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District did not report positive balances in net investment in capital assets and unrestricted net position, and the same held true for the prior fiscal year.

TABLE 2							
CONDENSED	SCHEDULE	OF	CHANGES	IN	NET	POSIT	ION

	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities		Totals			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
REVENUES						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 4,448,409	\$ 2,316,035	\$786,465	\$229,394	\$ 5,234,874	\$ 2,545,429
Operating grants and contributions	8,312,602	8,172,580	-	-	8,312,602	8,172,580
General revenues:						
Maintenance and operations taxes	49,050,545	46,346,159	-	-	49,050,545	46,346,159
Debt service taxes	22,103,644	20,331,236	-	-	22,103,644	20,331,236
State aid - formula grants	19,893,204	18,329,511	-	-	19,893,204	18,329,511
Grants and contributions not restricted	129,538	119,444	-	-	129,538	119,444
Investment earnings	2,857,846	549,700	-	-	2,857,846	549,700
Miscellaneous local & intermediate revenue	350,334	181,490	-	-	350,334	181,490
Transfers	(142,419)	(102,041)	142,419	102,041		
Total revenues	107,003,703	96,244,114	928,884	331,435	107,932,587	96,575,549
EXPENSES						
Instruction	54,035,353	51,722,635	-	-	54,035,353	51,722,635
Instructional resources and media services	943,287	1,095,607	-	-	943,287	1,095,607
Curriculum and staff development	1,021,447	830,139	-	-	1,021,447	830,139
Instructional leadership	1,014,740	821,918	-	-	1,014,740	821,918
School leadership	4,992,568	4,118,075	-	-	4,992,568	4,118,075
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	3,486,965	2,656,357	-	-	3,486,965	2,656,357
Health services	807,696	701,920	-	-	807,696	701,920
Student (pupil) transportation	4,563,466	3,853,347	-	-	4,563,466	3,853,347
Food service	3,792,181	3,512,188	-	-	3,792,181	3,512,188
Extracurricular activities	3,501,808	3,326,225	-	-	3,501,808	3,326,225
General administration	3,244,072	2,698,512	-	-	3,244,072	2,698,512
Facilities maintenance and operations	11,716,815	8,806,572	-	-	11,716,815	8,806,572
Security and monitoring services	1,171,540	1,051,245	-	-	1,171,540	1,051,245
Data processing services	2,388,425	1,800,733	-	-	2,388,425	1,800,733
Community services	21,349	113,576	-	-	21,349	113,576
Debt Service	11,086,810	10,727,502	-	-	11,086,810	10,727,502
Contracted instructional services between schools	444,627	348,258	-	-	444,627	348,258
Other intergovernmental charges	903,105	855,097	-	-	903,105	855,097
Aledo ISD Pre-K Academy	-	-	780,586	156,028	-	-
Aledo ISD Bearcat Store	-	-	93,171	78,161	-	-
Community Partners	-	-	3,547	5,791	-	-
Stadium/gym advertising	-	-	54,022	139,601	54,022	139,601
Total expenses	109,136,254	99,039,906	931,326	379,581	109,190,276	99,179,507
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,132,551)	(2,795,792)	(2,442)	(48,146)	(2,134,993)	(2,843,938)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	(62,201,804)	(59,406,012)	122,088	170,234	(62,079,716)	(59,235,778)
NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$ (64,334,355</u>)	<u>\$ (62,201,804</u>)	<u>\$119,646</u>	\$122,088	<u>\$ (64,214,709</u>)	<u>\$ (62,079,716</u>)

The District's net position decreased by \$2,134,993 from the prior fiscal year. This change is primarily due to an increase in deferred inflows relating to pension and OPEB liabilities.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

General Fund revenue increased \$6,731,415 from the prior year due to changes to state funding based on increased student attendance, and an increase in the value of taxable property. General Fund expenditures increased by \$7,123,186 due primarily to staffing costs associated with opening McAnally Middle School and the Early Childhood Academy, and increased student enrollment, and general pay increase for employees. The net decrease to fund balance was \$3,040,699.

The Debt Service Fund had an increase in revenue of \$2,627,059 from the previous year due to increased value of taxable property. There was an increase of \$1,922,962 in expenditures from the previous year due to debt obligations. The net increase to fund balance was \$1,094,509.

The Capital Projects Fund had an increase in revenue of \$386,471. Expenditures in the Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$50,788,672, primarily due to reduced spending on multiple capital projects in progress. The net increase to fund balance was \$106,281,729, caused by the aforementioned factors as well as a bond issuance in the current year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories:

- 1) Amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we originally estimated).
- 2) Amendments to reflect unanticipated costs when developing the original budget. This type of amendment added \$3,394,920 to the original budget.
- 3) Amendments to move funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to programs with resource needs.

The District's actual General Fund balance of \$26,153,588 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$24,320,192. The difference is primarily due to actual local and intermediate revenues exceeding budgeted local and intermediate revenues by \$712,759 and actual expenditures being less than budgeted expenditures by \$480,566.

FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is the accumulated excess of revenues over expenditures during the life of a school District. At any given point, the amount in fund balance represents the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities. Although fund balance may change drastically during the business cycle of a school District, the standard measuring point is at the fiscal year end.

The amount maintained in fund balance is critical. First, such balances indicate financial stability. This is especially important when the District issues bonds. Second, by maintaining this balance at August 31, operations can continue without requiring debt until state funds and taxes are received. State funds are generally received in the first three and last five months of the fiscal year. Local property taxes are received primarily from early October through the end of January. The Appraisal District mails tax statements in early October.

The District records five types of fund balance categories. The non-spendable portion of General fund balance may be comprised of inventories and prepaid items that cannot be converted to cash and spent. Restricted fund balance is the amount that is restricted to a specific purpose. The constraint on the use of these funds is externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulations. Committed fund balance is the amount that can only be used for specific purposes that the Board of Trustees determines through formal action. Assigned fund balance is the amount that the District intends to use on a specific purpose. The Superintendent or designee has the authority to assign fund balance and does not need formal board approval. The remaining fund balance is unassigned and may be used for any purpose without constraints.

The General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$19,685,517 is equivalent to approximately 3.0 months of expenditures. The unassigned fund balance minimizes the likelihood that the District would be required to enter the short-term debt market to pay for current operating expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's investments in capital assets for its governmental activities at the end of this fiscal year amounts to \$237,086,817 (net of accumulated depreciation) for a net increase of \$6,676,179 from last year. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction-in-progress.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities				
	2023	2022			
Land	\$ 14,842,989	\$ 9,689,208			
Construction in progress	90,360,129	128,575,740			
Buildings and improvements	228,187,313	182,901,030			
Furniture and equipment	17,399,966	14,607,317			
Less depreciation	(113,703,580)	(105,362,657)			
Totals	<u>\$ 237,086,817</u>	<u>\$ 230,410,638</u>			

Debt

At year-end, the District had \$429,943,901 in long-term debt versus \$318,441,356 last year, for a net decrease of \$111,502,545, primarily due to current year debt service payments.

	Governmen	tal Activities
	2023	2022
Bonds payable	\$ 385,866,332	\$ 282,082,904
Accreted interest	6,313,858	6,041,412
Unamortized premium/(discount)	37,763,711	30,317,040
Total bonds payable	<u>\$ 429,943,901</u>	<u>\$ 318,441,356</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The District's 2022-2023 student attendance rate increased to 95.23% from 93.87% in 2021-2022. Although there was an increase in the student attendance rate, attendance rates have not returned to the levels the District experienced prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- The District's 2022-2023 student enrollment growth was 489 students, a 6.64% increase.
- The 2022 certified taxable value of all property in the District was \$5,360,488,369, an increase in value of \$455.53 million, or 9.29%, from the 2021 certified taxable value. As 2022 was not a re-appraisal year, all of this tax value increase was attributable to new construction and/or development.
- Following is the outlook for the 2023-2024 fiscal year:
 - The continued uncertainty to district operations created by the changes in student attendance patterns as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as no additional funding from the Texas Legislature, led the District to be conservative with the budget assumptions and/or projections used for the development of the District's 2023-2024 budget. For instance, the projected average daily attendance was reduced because of the changes with student attendance trends the District has experienced and the slowdown in new housing construction in the District.
 - The most recent demographic projection of student enrollment growth forecasts an additional 675 students, an 8.59% increase from the Fall 2022 PEIMS submission.
 - The 2023 certified taxable value of all property in the District was \$6,300,390,060, an increase in value of \$939.90 million, or 17.53% from the 2022 certified value. As 2023 was a re-appraisal year, approximately 50% of this tax value increase was attributable to new construction with the remaining 50% increase attributable to re-appraisal of existing property.

- The 2023-2024 Maintenance and Operations tax rate was adopted at \$0.7575 per \$100 valuation, a decrease of \$0.1854 from the 2022-2023 rate of \$0.9429. The 2023-2024 Debt Service tax rate increased \$0.0250 from the 2022-2023 rate to \$0.4500 per \$100 valuation. The District's 2023-2024 total tax rate is \$1.2075 per \$100 valuation.
- Although there was a substantial increase in certified taxable property value, the significant decrease in the Maintenance and Operations tax rate resulted in 2023-2024 budgeted current year local tax revenues in the General Fund decreasing by \$1,657,161 to \$47,006,482. Budgeted state revenues and other revenue resources increased to \$32,477,092 primarily because of the public school finance changes in House Bill 3 and House Bill 1525 and projected student enrollment growth. This results in total 2023-2024 budgeted General Fund revenues of \$79,483,574 with General Fund expenditures budgeted at \$82,961,885. The increase in General Fund expenditures is primarily attributable to the costs associated with adding 50.5 additional staff positions due to continued student enrollment growth, a 2% general pay increase for employees, a \$25 per month, per employee increase in the District's contribution to employee medical coverage, and additional cost for the District's property/casualty coverage.
- Due to the increase in taxable property values and increased Debt Service tax rate, 2023-2024 budgeted local revenues in the Debt Service Fund increased to \$28,314,643 while budgeted state revenues increased to \$675,000. Budgeted Debt Service Fund expenditures increased to \$28,989,643. The fund balance in the Debt Service Fund is projected to remain stable at \$3,548,353.
- Due to the increase in the District's certified property taxable value, the District called for redemption prior to maturity \$1,350,000 of Aledo ISD Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2016. This amount is included in the 2023-2024 Debt Service Fund budgeted expenditure amount stated in the item above.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Business Office, at Aledo ISD, 1008 Bailey Ranch Road, Aledo, Texas 76008.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AUGUST 31, 2023

			1	2			3
Data				Primary Go		t	
Control		(Governmental	Busines			
Codes			Activities	Activi	ties		Total
	ASSETS		156 007 605	<u>ـ</u> ـــــ	40.650		157 006 044
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	156,937,685	\$ 1	48,659	\$	157,086,344
1220	Property taxes receivable (delinquent)		884,574		-		884,574
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(496,718)		-		(496,718)
1240	Due from other governments		8,287,857		-		8,287,857
1260	Internal balances		(9,837)		9,837		-
1290	Other receivables		226,406		-		226,406
1300	Inventories		139,873		10,287		150,160
1410	Prepaid items Capital assets:		168,071		-		168,071
1510	Land		14,842,989		_		14,842,989
1520	Buildings and improvements, net		126,436,505		_		126,436,505
1530	Furniture and equipment, net		5,447,194		_		5,447,194
1580	Construction in progress		90,360,129		_		90,360,129
	1 0		403,224,728	1	68,783		403,393,511
1000	Total assets		403,224,720	1	100,705		403,393,311
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
1701	Deferred charge for refunding		8,229,954		-		8,229,954
1705	Deferred outflows related to NPL		12,599,250		-		12,599,250
1706	Deferred outflows related to OPEB		9,950,014		-		9,950,014
1700	Total deferred outflows of resources		30,779,218		-		30,779,218
	LIABILITIES						
2110	Accounts payable		9,376,212		46,658		9,422,870
2140	Interest payable		933,494		-		933,494
2150	Payroll deductions and witholding payable		610,001		_		610,001
2160	Accrued wages payable		4,281,127		2,428		4,283,555
2180	Due to other governments		46,922				46,922
2200	Accrued expenses		98,472		51		98,523
2300	Unearned revenue		155,509		-		155,509
2000	Noncurrent liabilities:		200,000				200,000
2501	Due within one year						
	Long-term debt		13,930,000		-		13,930,000
2502	Due in more than one year						
	Long-term debt		416,013,901		-		416,013,901
2540	Net pension liability		22,417,906		-		22,417,906
2545	Net OPEB liability		11,445,820		-		11,445,820
2000	Total liabilities		479,309,364		49,137		479,358,501
					· · · ·		
2605	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1 541 667				1 541 667
2605	Deferred inflows related to NPL		1,541,667		-		1,541,667
2606			17,487,270		-		17,487,270
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources		19,028,937		-		19,028,937
	NET POSITION						
3200	Net investment in capital assets		(60,078,479)		-		(60,078,479)
2022	Restricted:		1 216 062				1 216 062
3820	Federal and state programs		1,316,862		-		1,316,862
3850	Debt service		3,980,038	4	-		3,980,038
3900	Unrestricted	+	(9,552,776)		19,646	+	(9,433,130)
3000	Total net position	\$	(64,334,355)	<u>\$ 1</u>	19,646	<u>\$</u>	(64,214,709)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

					Program	enues	
			1		3		4
Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses	fo	Charges or Services	C	Operating Grants and ontributions
00000	Primary government:		Expenses				
	Governmental activities:						
11	Instruction	\$	54,035,353	\$	1,008,685	\$	4,418,273
12	Instructional resources and media services		943,287		-		16,242
13	Curriculum and staff development		1,021,447		-		238,735
21	Instructional leadership		1,014,740		-		46,248
23	School leadership		4,992,568		-		71,765
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		3,486,965		-		946,999
33	Health services		807,696		-		71,621
34	Student (pupil) transportation		4,563,466		-		102,021
35	Food service		3,792,181		2,564,277		1,411,670
36	Extracurricular activities		3,501,808		829,699		20,351
41	General administration		3,244,072		-		137,224
51	Facilities maintenance and operations		11,716,815		45,748		89,803
52	Security and monitoring services		1,171,540		-		17,066
53	Data processing services		2,388,425		-		32,159
61	Community services		21,349		-		15,647
72	Debt Service - interest on long-term debt		10,066,096		-		676,778
73	Debt Service - bond issuance costs and fees		1,020,714		-		-
91	Contracted instructional services between schools		444,627		-		-
99	Other intergovernmental charges	_	903,105		-		
TG	Total governmental activities		109,136,254		4,448,409		8,312,602
	Business-type activities:						
01	Aledo ISD Pre-K Academy		780,586		608,167		-
02	Aledo ISD Bearcat Store		93,171		93,766		-
03	Community Partners		3,547		-		-
04	Stadium/gym advertising		54,022		84,532		
ТВ	Total business-type activities		931,326		786,465		-
TP	Total primary government	\$	110,067,580	\$	5,234,874	\$	8,312,602
	General revenues:						
	Taxes:						
	10/22						

ΜT

- Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service DT
- SF
- State aid formula grants Grants and contributions not restricted GC
- ΙE Investment earnings
- Miscellaneous local and intermediate revenue MI
- FR Transfers
- Total general revenues and transfers TR
- CN Change in net position
- NB Net position, beginning
- NE Net position, ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
6	8					
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total				
<pre>\$ (48,608,395) (927,045) (782,712) (968,492) (4,920,803) (2,539,966) (736,075) (4,461,445) 183,766 (2,651,758) (3,106,848) (11,581,264) (11,54,474) (2,356,266) (5,702) (9,389,318) (1,020,714) (444,627) (903,105) (96,375,243)</pre>	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	<pre>\$ (48,608,395) (927,045) (782,712) (968,492) (4,920,803) (2,539,966) (736,075) (4,461,445) 183,766 (2,651,758) (3,106,848) (11,581,264) (1,154,474) (2,356,266) (5,702) (9,389,318) (1,020,714) (444,627) (903,105) (96,375,243) (172,419) 595 (3,547) 30,510 (144,861) (96,520,104)</pre>				
49,050,545 22,103,644 19,893,204 129,538 2,857,846 350,334 (142,419) 94,242,692 (2,132,551)	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	49,050,545 22,103,644 19,893,204 129,538 2,857,846 350,334 - - 94,385,111 (2,134,993)				
(62,201,804) <u>\$ (64,334,355</u>)	<u>122,088</u> <u>\$119,646</u>	(62,079,716) <u>\$ (64,214,709</u>)				

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2023

		10	50
Data Control		General	Debt
Codes	_	Fund	Service
	ASSETS	+ 22.014.772	+ 1 600 606
1110	Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes - delinguent	\$ 23,914,773 649,908	\$ 4,680,626 234,666
	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(379,238)	(117,480)
1240	Due from other governments	5,091,869	7,211
1260	Due from other funds	2,652,724	-
1290	Other receivables	67,750	-
1300	Inventories	-	-
1410	Prepaids	168,071	
1000	Total assets	32,165,857	4,805,023
	LIABILITIES		
	Accounts payable	804,242	-
	Payroll deductions and withholdings payable	610,001	-
	Accrued wages payable Due to other governments	4,092,230	- 44,974
	-	-	44,974
2170	Due to other funds	-	-
	Accrued expenditures	87,023	-
2300	Unearned revenue	148,103	
2000	Total liabilities	5,741,599	44,974
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
2601	Unavailable revenue - property taxes	270,670	117,187
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources	270,670	117,187
	FUND BALANCES		
2410	Nonspendable:		
3410 3430	Inventories Prepaid items	- 168,071	-
5450	Restricted for:	100,071	
3450	Federal or state funds	-	-
3470	Capital acquisition and contractual obligation	-	-
3480	Retirement of long-term debt	-	4,642,862
3545	Committed for campus activities	-	-
3570	Assigned for expenditures for equipment	2,800,000	-
3590	Assigned for subsequent year's budget	3,500,000	-
3600	Unassigned fund balance	19,685,517	-
3000	Total fund balances	26,153,588	4,642,862
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		
4000	resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 32,165,857</u>	<u>\$ 4,805,023</u>

60 Capital	Other	98 Total Governmental
Projects	 Funds	Funds
\$ 125,834,236 - -	\$ 2,508,050 - -	\$ 156,937,685 884,574 (496,718)
-	3,188,777 -	8,287,857 2,652,724
158,656 -	- 139,873	226,406 139,873
125,992,892	 5,836,700	<u>168,071</u> 168,800,472
7,506,909	1,065,061	9,376,212
-	-	610,001
-	188,897	4,281,127
-	1,948	46,922
251,190	2,411,371	2,662,561
-	11,449	98,472
-	 7,406	155,509
7,758,099	 3,686,132	17,230,804
	 	387,857
	 	387,857
-	139,873	139,873
-	-	168,071
-	1,316,862	1,316,862
118,234,793	-	118,234,793
-	-	4,642,862
-	693,833	693,833
-	-	2,800,000
-	-	3,500,000
		19,685,517
118,234,793	 2,150,568	151,181,811
<u>\$ 125,992,892</u>	\$ 5,836,700	<u>\$ 168,800,472</u>

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EXHIBIT C-2

ALEDO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AUGUST 31, 2023

Total fu	ind balances - governmental funds	\$ 151,181,811
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.	237,086,817
2	Uncollected property taxes and penalties and interest are reported as deferred inflows in the governmental funds balance sheet, but are recognized as revenue in the statement of activities.	387,857
3	Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Losses on refunding of bonds and the premium on issuance of bonds payable are netted against the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(421,713,947)
4	Interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	(933,494)
5	Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$12,599,250, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$1,541,667, and a net pension liability in the amount of \$22,417,906. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(11,360,323)
6	Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$9,950,014, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$17,487,270, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$11,445,820. This resulted in a decrease in net position.	(18,983,076)
19	Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ (64,334,355</u>)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

<u> </u>		10	50
Data Control <u>Codes</u>		General Fund	Debt Service
5700 5800 5900 5020	REVENUES Local and intermediate sources State program revenues Federal program revenues Total revenues	\$ 52,105,902 23,958,839 536,430 76,601,171	\$ 22,581,084 676,778 - 23,257,862
	EXPENDITURES		
0011 0012 0013 0021 0023	Current: Instruction Instructional resources and media services Curriculum and instructional staff development Instructional leadership School leadership	44,689,992 857,575 734,125 1,044,048 4,296,156	- - - -
0031 0033 0034 0035 0036 0041	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services Health services Student (pupil) transportation Food service Extracurricular activities General administration	2,681,260 771,754 4,057,216 108,607 3,236,167 3,319,859	-
0041 0051 0052 0053 0061	Facilities maintenance and operations Security and monitoring services Data processing services Community services Debt Service:	8,993,945 1,031,372 2,111,440 43,365	
0071 0072 0073	Principal on long-term debt Interest on long-term debt Bond issuance cost and fees Capital Outlay:	- - -	12,270,000 9,899,444 9,978
0081 0091	Facilities acquisition and construction Intergovernmental: Contracted instructional services between schools	98,931 444,627	-
0099 6030	Other intergovernmental Total expenditures	<u>903,105</u> 79,423,544	
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,822,373)	1,078,440
7912 7916	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of bonds Sale of capital assets Premium on issuance of debt	7,982	- - 16,069
8911 8949 7080	Transfers out Other uses Total other financing sources (uses)	(210,726) (15,582) (218,326)	- - 16,069
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(3,040,699)	1,094,509
0100	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	29,194,287	3,548,353
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 26,153,588</u>	<u>\$ 4,642,862</u>

60		98 Total
Capital Projects	Other Funds	Governmental Funds
\$ 644,158 - - 644,158	\$ 3,601,569 251,678 5,367,864 9,221,111	\$ 78,932,713 24,887,295 5,904,294 109,724,302
1,053,285 - - - - - 1,843,844 - 20,176 - 2,711,510 102,543 209,180 -	3,798,307 107,698 230,659 - - 867,291 56,000 1,483 3,837,811 62,198 19,373 33,939 27,272 - 378	$\begin{array}{r} 49,541,584\\ 965,273\\ 964,784\\ 1,044,048\\ 4,296,156\\ 3,548,551\\ 827,754\\ 5,902,543\\ 3,946,418\\ 3,318,541\\ 3,339,232\\ 11,739,394\\ 1,161,187\\ 2,320,620\\ 43,743\end{array}$
- - 1,010,736	- -	12,270,000 9,899,444 1,020,714
12,224,453	-	12,323,384
- - 19,175,727	- - 9,042,409	444,627 903,105 129,821,102
(18,531,569)	178,702	(20,096,800)
115,695,000 - 9,118,298 -	- - -	115,695,000 7,982 9,134,367 (210,726)
- 124,813,298		(15,582) 124,611,041
106,281,729	178,702	104,514,241
11,953,064	1,971,866	46,667,570
<u>\$ 118,234,793</u>	<u>\$ 2,150,568</u>	<u>\$ 151,181,811</u>

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RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 104,514,241
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful live as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	6,676,179
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.	(379)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(112,726,019)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$2,145,301. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$1,703,237. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$1,833,420. The net result is a decrease in the change in net position.	(1,391,356)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$437,787. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$392,501. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense increased the change in net position by \$749,497. The net result is an increase in the change in net position.	70.4 702
	794,783
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ (2,132,551)</u>

Change in net position of governmental activities

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2023

	A Er	Business-Type <u>Activities</u> Total Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	148,659	
Due from other funds		94,548	
Inventories		10,287	
Total assets		253,494	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable		46,658	
Accrued wages payable		2,428	
Due to other funds		84,711	
Accrued expenditures		51	
Total liabilities		133,848	
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		119,646	
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	119,646	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

OPERATING REVENUES Local and intermediate sources Total operating revenues	Business-Type Activities Total Enterprise Funds \$ 786,465 786,465
OPERATING EXPENSES Payroll costs Professional and contracted services Supplies and materials Other operating costs Total operating expenses	656,848 80,265 154,083 40,130 931,326
Operating income (loss)	(144,861)
TRANSFERS Transfers in Transfers out Total transfers	210,726 (68,307) 142,419
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,442)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	122,088
NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$ 119,646</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from user charges Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments for suppliers		Business-Type Activities Total Enterprise Funds \$ 786,465 (752,908) (120,136)	
Cash payments for other operating expenses		(35,885)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(122,464)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds		210,726	
Transfers to other funds		(68,307)	
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		142,419	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS		19,955	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		128,704	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	148,659	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income	\$	(144,861)	
to net cash provided by operating activities: (Increase) decrease in due from other funds (Increase) decrease in inventories Increase (decrease) in accrued wages payable Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		(94,548) 80,390 (3,424) 34,568 5,489 (78)	
Net cash provided (used) by operations	\$	(122,464)	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2023

	Private-Purpos Trust Funds			Custodial Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Total assets	\$	98,550 4,500 103,050	\$	681,353 - 681,353
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities		- 4,500 4,500		177,546 - 177,546
NET POSITION Restricted for: Scholarships Student groups Total net position	\$	98,550 - 98,550	\$	- 503,807 503,807

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds			Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS Contributions, gifts, and donations Earnings from temporary deposits Collections from student groups Total additions	\$	4,863 4,421 - 9,284	\$	- 1,625,828 1,625,828
DEDUCTIONS Payments on-behalf of student groups Other deductions Total deductions		- 26,766 26,766		1,551,384 - 1,551,384
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		(17,482)		74,444
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		116,032	<u>.</u>	429,363
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	98,550	\$	503,807

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Aledo Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. The Board of Trustees (the "Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public school education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by taxes, state foundation funds and intergovernmental revenue. Business-type activities incorporate data from the District's enterprise funds.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories – governmental, enterprise and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, enterprise fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be *available* when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if it is collectible within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt services expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt is reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state foundation funds, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenue when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

D. Fund Accounting

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the District's general operating fund. It is used to account for all financial transactions except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation School Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the District except for costs incurred by programs accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is always considered a major fund. The General Fund is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered resources for current and future operations.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made on longterm general obligation debt of governmental funds. Revenues include collections of general property taxes, state funding under the Instructional Facilities and Existing Debt Allotments, and earnings on investments of the fund. Expenditures of the fund are for the retirement of bonds and payments of interest on the bonded debt. The fund balance represents the amount that is available for the retirement of bonds and payment of interest in the future.

The **Capital Projects Fund**, which is an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction, renovations, and technology projects/enhancements.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenue sources (other than those identified as a major fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

Proprietary Funds:

The nonmajor enterprise Funds are designed to be self-supporting. Revenues are earned mainly from sales of services to the users outside the District.

Fiduciary Funds:

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: This fund is used to account for all trust agreements under which the principal and income benefit a specific school or group of students.

Custodial Fund: This fund accounts for activities of student groups. This accounting reflects the District's custodial relationship with student activity organizations.

E. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund</u> <u>Balance</u>

1. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools. The District's investments in Pools are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method.

2. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Except for inventories of food commodities, the District records purchases of supplies and materials as expenditures when purchased. This method is used to avoid administrative costs that are excessive to the benefit gained and where expenditures tend to be equalized over a period of years. Inventories of food commodities used in the food service program are recorded at fair market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is recorded as inventory and unearned revenue when received. As commodities are consumed, inventory and unearned revenues are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayment in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

3. Other Receivables and Payables

These may include amounts due from local, state, and federal agencies resulting from an excess of expenditures over revenues incurred, accrued liabilities, interest payable, and accrued wages payable.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. The cost of the infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) was initially capitalized with the building cost and is being depreciated over the same useful life as the building. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

Buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and lease assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	30
Furniture and equipment	3-15

5. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues represent revenues received by the District but not yet earned and are not available for use by the District to liquidate current year liabilities. This includes the amounts below:

	(General		ajor Funds
Student parking fees	\$	32,426	\$	-
Band participation fee		18,722		-
Donation - theatre stage lights		32,000		-
Other		64,955		7,406
Total	\$	148,103	\$	7,406

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activity.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Deferred loss on refunding will be recognized as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized to interest expense over the life of the bonds. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the financial statements as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net position (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District had the following deferred outflows of resources:

• Deferred outflows of resources for refunding – Reported in the government-wide statement of net position, this deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

- Deferred outflows of resources for pension Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability, the results of differences between expected and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, and the changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year.
- Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability, changes in actuarial assumptions, the differences between projected and actual investment earnings, and changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions. The deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting to District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net position (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District had three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred inflow of resources for unavailable revenues Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, for unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of revenues in the period that the amounts become available. During the current year, the District recorded deferred inflow of resources as unavailable revenues – property taxes.
- Deferred inflow of resources for pensions Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result from differences between expected and actual economic experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, as well as changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions.
- Deferred inflow of resources for OPEB Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result from differences between expected and actual economic experience and changes in actuarial assumptions.

8. Interfund Activity

The District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

9. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimations and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The amount of state foundation revenue and the related receivables and liabilities a district earns for a year can and does vary until the time when final values for each of the factors in the formula become available. Availability can be as late as midway into the next fiscal year.

10. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in the accounting system in order to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in the governmental fund types on the governmental fund financial statements. Encumbrances are liquidated at year end.

11. Data Control Codes

The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (the "Agency") in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. The Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

12. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements. Examples include inventories, long-term receivables, endowment principal, and/or prepaid/deferred items.

Restricted – the component of the spendable fund balance constrained to a specific purpose by a provider, such as a creditor, grantor, contributor, or law or regulation of other governments. Restricted fund balance includes funds for federal/state grants, long-term debt service, and other restrictions.

Committed – the component of spendable fund balance constrained to a specific purpose by the Board. A Board resolution is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. Only the action that constitutes the most binding constraint of the Board can be considered a commitment for fund balance classification purposes. Committed fund balance includes funds for campus activity funds.

Assigned – the component of the spendable fund balance that is spendable or available for appropriation but has been tentatively earmarked for some specific purpose by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned – is the residual classification of the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in other classifications. This portion of the total fund balance in the general fund is available to finance operating expenditures. Only the General Fund will have positive unassigned amounts. By accounting for amounts in other funds, the District has implicitly assigned the funds for purposes of those particular funds.

The District has a minimum fund balance policy as defined by their Annual Operating Budget Policy CE (Local).

13. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use in a specific program or for a specific purpose, the District's normal policy is to use the restricted resource to finance its activities.

The Government-wide Statement of Net Position includes the following:

Net investment in capital assets – the component of net position that reports capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt and is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these capital assets.

Restricted for federal and state programs – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities related to federal and state programs that consist of assets with constraints placed on their use by granting agencies.

Restricted for debt service – the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities adjusted on a government-wide basis that consists of assets with constraints placed on their use by the bond covenants.

Unrestricted net position – the difference between the assets and liabilities that are not reported in net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

14. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). To calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, the committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. The unassigned fund balance is applied last.

15. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) administers the plan. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

16. Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

17. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real property and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable with the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

The Board establishes the District's property tax rates annually. The authorized tax rates for property taxes assessed on January 1, 2022, were \$0.94290 and \$0.42500 per \$100 for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund, respectively, based on a net assessed valuation of \$5,177,341,765.

The District has not entered into any tax abatement agreements in compliance with Tax Code Chapter 312.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between the General Fund and Debt Service Fund based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes.

Current tax collections for the levy year ended August 31, 2023, were 99.7% of the year-end adjusted tax levy.

Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off by the District. The District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

The District has an agreement with Parker County Appraisal District ("County") whereby the County bills and collects the District's property taxes.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

Cash and deposits of the District include all amounts deposited at the District's depository bank, including demand deposits and certificates of deposit. As of year-end the District's cash deposits were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

The following are investments held by the District at year-end:

		Weighted		
		Average		
		Maturity	Carrying	Fair
Investment Type	Rating	(Days)	Amount	Value
TexPool Prime	AAAm	14	\$ 153,131,675	\$ 153,131,675

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of returns, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposits issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas; (3) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivision of any state having been rated as to investment quality no less than an "A"; (4) No load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies or on nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The Texpool investment pool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium or national state of emergency that affects the pool's liquidity.

Additional policies and contractual provision governing investments for the District are specified below:

Credit Risk – This is the risk that a security issuer may default on an interest or principal payment. State law limits investment in local government pools to those that are rated AAA or equivalent by at least one Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO). The District controls and monitors this risk by purchasing quality rated instruments that have been evaluated by agencies such as Standard and Poor's (S&P) or Moody's Investors Service, or by investing in public fund investment pools rated no lower than AAA or AAAm.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: For an investment this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The District's investment in TexPool not exposed to custodial risk. External investment pools are not subject to custodial risk because investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. State law limits investments in public funds investment pools to those rated no lower than AAA or AAAm or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. As of August 31, 2023, the District's investments in TexPool are rated AAAm.

Concentration of Credit Risk – To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District limits investments to less than 5% of its total investments. The District further limits investments in a single issuer when they would cause investments risks to be significantly greater in the governmental activities, individual major funds, aggregate non-major funds and fiduciary fund types than they are in the primary government.

Interest Rate Risk – The risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the District limits the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. Management considers interest rate risk to be minimal due to the diversity and liquidity requirements imposed on the external investment pools.

B. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund balances. The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2023, consisted of the following:

Payable fund	Receivable fund	Amount
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund	\$ 2,411,371
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	158,554
Enterprise Funds	General Fund	82,799
Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds	1,912
Capital Projects Fund	Enterprise Funds	92,636
Custodial Fund	Custodial Fund	<u>4,500</u> \$ 2,751,772

Balances resulted from the lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided on reimbursable expenditures occur, and 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers. Interfund transfers during fiscal year 2023 consisted of the following:

Transfer From	Transfer To		Amount
General Fund Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds Governmental Activities	\$	210,726 68,307
Total		\$	279,033

The transfer of \$210,726 from the General Fund to nonmajor enterprise funds was to cover operating deficits in those funds. Additionally, the District transferred capital assets from the enterprise funds to governmental activities in the amount of \$68,307.

C. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable consisted of the following balances as of August 31, 2023:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Debt	Service Fund
Property Taxes - Delinquent	\$	649,908	\$	234,666
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		<u>(379,238</u>)		(117,480)
Total	\$	270,670	\$	117,186
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D. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not				
being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 9,689,208	\$ 5,153,781	\$ -	\$ 14,842,989
Construction in progress	128,575,740	7,070,672	(45,286,283)	90,360,129
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	138,264,948	12,224,453	(45,286,283)	105,203,118
Capital assets, being				
depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	182,901,030	-	45,286,283	228,187,313
Furniture and equipment	14,607,317	2,792,649	-	17,399,966
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	197,508,347	2,792,649	45,286,283	245,587,279
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(94,584,442)	(7,166,366)	-	(101,750,808)
Furniture and equipment	(10,778,215)	(1,174,557)	-	(11,952,772)
Total accumulated				
depreciation	(105,362,657)	(8,340,923)		(113,703,580)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	92,145,690	(5,548,274)	45,286,283	131,883,699
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 230,410,638</u>	\$ 6,676,179	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 237,086,817</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 6,134,259
Curriculum and staff development	73,949
School leadership	785,520
Student transportation	619,491
Food services	103,174
Extracurricular activities	202,177
General administration	106,103
Plant maintenance and operations	81,093
Security and monitoring services	99,884
Data processing services	 135,273
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 8,340,923

E. Construction Commitments

Construction in progress and remaining commitments as of the end of the fiscal year are as follows:

Project	Approved Construction Budget		Construction In Progress		Completed Current Year		Estimated Remaining Commitment	
Annetta Elementary (ELEM #6)	\$	33,000,810	\$	116,012	\$	33,000,810	\$	-
Elementary/Public Road Improvements		1,838,181		-		1,838,181		-
Aledo Middle School Renovations & Additions		36,896,617		1,907,102		-		100,000
McAnally Middle School (MS #2)		52,155,857		802,608		-		2,657,035
McAnally Intermediate conversion to Vandagriff Elementary		8,726,783		87,624		8,726,783		-
Early Childhood Academy		1,720,509		92,636		1,720,509		-
Addition/Renovation to Aledo High School		39,180		39,180		-		-
Lynn Mckinney Elementary School (ELEM #7)	_	47,340,110		4,025,510		-		43,314,600
Total	\$	181,718,047	\$	7,070,672	\$	45,286,283	\$	46,071,635

F. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term debt of the District is comprised of bonds payable, accreted interest, and premium on bonds. The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for government activities for the year ended August 31, 2023.

	Beginning Balance	Increases	 Decreases	 Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<u>Governmental activities:</u> Long-term debt					
Bonds payable	\$ 282,082,904	\$ 115,695,000	\$ 11,911,572	\$ 385,866,332	\$ 13,206,403
Accreted interest	6,041,412	630,874	358,428	6,313,858	723,597
Premium on bonds	30,317,040	9,134,367	 1,687,696	 37,763,711	-
Total long-term debt	318,441,356	125,460,241	 13,957,696	 429,943,901	13,930,000
Net pension liability	8,118,161	16,061,798	1,762,053	22,417,906	-
Net OPEB liability	16,384,297	(4,545,856)	 392,621	 11,445,820	
Total	<u>\$ 342,943,814</u>	<u>\$ 136,976,183</u>	\$ 16,112,370	\$ 463,807,627	<u>\$ 13,930,000</u>

Bonds Payable

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the statement of net position. Current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund in the fund financial statements.

The District's outstanding bonds payable contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts will be paid from the corpus of the Texas Permanent School Fund.

In the current fiscal year, the District issued Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2023 in the amount of \$115,695,000. Proceeds will be used for the construction, expansion and renovation of school facilities. More information about the bonds can be found in the table below.

A summary of changes in general obligation bonds for the year ended August 31, 2023, are as follows:

Title Final Maturity Date Interest Rates	Original Issue Amount	Interest Current Year	Payable Amounts Outstanding Beginning	Issued	Retired	Accreted Interest	Payable Amounts Outstanding Ending
<u>Series 2001 UTSB</u> 2032, 4.50 - 5.55%	\$ 7,418,568	\$ -	\$ 6,924,474	\$ -	\$ 470,000	\$ 372,373	\$ 6,826,847
<u>Series 2013A UTR</u> 2031, 2.00 - 3.50%	8,985,000	5,025	190,000	-	45,000	-	145,000
<u>Series 2013B UTR</u> 2028, 0.40 - 3.13%	16,615,000	52,863	2,070,000	-	1,695,000	-	375,000
<u>Series 2015 UTR</u> 2035, 0.54 - 5.00%	13,195,000	143,800	10,274,382	-	155,000	196,753	10,316,135
<u>Series 2015A UTSB</u> 2045, 2.00 - 5.00%	47,075,000	528,419	13,275,000	-	2,795,000	-	10,480,000
<u>Series 2016 UTR</u> 2043, 2.00 - 5.00%	54,225,000	2,743,000	51,580,000	-	3,310,000	-	48,270,000
<u>Series 2019 UTR</u> 2034, 2.00 - 5.00%	12,530,000	424,225	10,565,000	-	575,000	-	9,990,000
<u>Series 2020 UTSB</u> 2050, 2.08 - 5.00%	133,590,000	5,104,250	133,095,000	-	1,050,000	-	132,045,000
<u>Series 2021 UTR</u> 2031, 2.352 - 4.00%	62,317,250	897,862	60,150,460	-	2,175,000	61,748	58,037,208
<u>Series 2023 UTSB</u> 2043, 5.00%	115,695,000			115,695,000			115,695,000
Total	<u>\$ 471,645,818</u>	<u>\$ 9,899,444</u>	\$ 288,124,316	\$115,695,000	\$12,270,000	\$630,874	\$ 392,180,190

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2023, are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds							
Year Ending						Total		
August 31,		Principal		Interest	R	equirements		
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029-2033 2034-2038 2039-2043 2044-2048 2049-2053 Total	\$	13,930,000 14,025,000 9,800,000 10,170,000 10,595,000 58,880,000 70,290,000 79,905,000 78,300,000 49,645,000 395,540,000	\$	15,044,613 14,669,457 14,252,607 13,881,400 13,455,400 61,375,014 49,961,758 34,700,082 17,745,193 4,537,415 239,622,939	\$	18,762,288 19,820,144 19,815,582 17,412,732 17,409,775 87,051,273 87,048,496 82,665,200 63,965,169 27,452,225 635,162,939		
Less: remaining accreted interest on bonds Bonds outstanding at August 31, 2023	\$	(9,673,668) 						

G. Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years and during the current year, the District issued refunding bonds for the purpose of restructuring debt cash flow requirements. Proceeds from the refunding bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. The old bonds are considered defeased, and accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities are not included in the District's financial statements. On August 31, 2023, \$54,965,000 of bonds considered defeased are still outstanding.

H. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. Aledo Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.trs.texas.gov</u>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used.

The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

	Contribution Rates		
	2022		2023
Member	8.0%		8.0%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.8%		8.0%
Employers	7.8%		8.0%
Current fiscal year employer contributions Current fiscal year member contributions 2022 measurement year NECE on-behalf contributions		\$	2,145,301 4,448,758 2,526,121

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only nonemployer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

• When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.7 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	2.95% to 8.95%
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 12, 2021.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00%.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 are summarized below:

Asset Class ¹	Target Allocation ²	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ³	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	Allocation		Retuin
U.S.	18.00%	4.60%	1.12%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.90%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.40%	0.75%
Private Equity	14.00%	7.70%	1.55%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	1.00%	0.22%
Absolute value	0.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	3.40%	0.18%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.10%	0.94%
Energy and Natural Resources	6.00%	5.10%	0.37%
Commodities	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.60%	0.43%
Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	3.60%	-0.05%
Inflation Expectation			2.70%
Volatility Drag ⁴			-0.91%
Expected Return	100.00%		8.19%

¹ Absolute return includes credit sensative investments

²Target allocations are based on the FY 20 policy model

³ Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/20)

⁴ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00%, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in				19	% Increase in
	Di	scount Rate (6.00%)	I	Discount Rate (7.00%)	D	iscount Rate (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$	34,873,762	\$	22,417,906	\$	12,321,850

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$22,417,906 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 22,417,906
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 32,138,835
Total	\$ 54,556,741

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0377612890%. which was an increase of 0.0058834349% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

For the year ended August 31, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,608,765 and revenue of \$3,072,108 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 325,058	\$ 488,753
Changes in actuarial assumptions	4,177,186	1,041,071
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	2,214,817	-
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	3,736,888	11,843
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 2,145,301	 <u> </u>
Total	\$ 12,599,250	\$ 1,541,667

The amounts reported as contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be included in pension expense in the next fiscal year. The other net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year	For the Year Pension		
Ended August 31:	Expense		
2024	\$	2,395,062	
2025		1,684,829	
2026		942,996	
2027		3,181,216	
2028		708,178	
Thereafter		1	

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

Plan Description. Aledo Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Cares fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the TRS website at www.trs.state.tx.us; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a highdeductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

	TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees				
		Medicare	No	n-Medicare	
Retiree or surviving spouse	\$	135	\$	200	
Retiree and spouse		529		689	
Retiree, spouse and children		468		408	
Retiree and family		1,020		999	

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act.

The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	Contributio	ons Rates	
	2022	2023	
Active employee Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State) Employers Federal/Private Funding Remitted by Employers	0.65% 1.25% 0.75% 1.25%	0.65% 1.25% 0.75% 1.25%	5
Current fiscal year employer contributions Current fiscal year member contributions 2022 measurement year NECE on-behalf contributions		\$ 437,787 361,092 478,936	

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (*regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program*). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$83 million in fiscal year 2022 from the Federal Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray Covid-19-related health care costs during fiscal year 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2022.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2021 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2022:

Rates of Mortality	Rates of Disability
Rates of Retirement	General Inflation
Rates of Termination	Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions	
	August 31, 2021 rolled forward to
Valuation Date	August 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Discount Rate	3.91% as of August 31, 2021
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related
	to the delivery of health care benefits are
	included in the age-adjusted claim costs
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%
Healthcare Trend Rates	8.25% to 7.25%
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 62% participation prior to
	age 65 and 25% participation after age 65.
	25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to
	discontinue coverage at age 65.

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.91% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. There was an increase of 1.96 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than the discount rate that was used (3.91%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	19	6 Decrease in			19	% Increase in
	D	iscount Rate	D	iscount Rate	D	iscount Rate
		(2.91%) (3.91%)				(4.91%)
Proportionate share of net						
OPEB liability	\$	13,495,530	\$	11,445,820	\$	9,785,292

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$11,445,820 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 11,445,820
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 13,962,102
Total	\$ 25,407,922

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0478024454% which was an increase of 0.0053279851% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate used.

		Current Single Healthcare Trend					
	19	% Decrease		Rate		1% Increase	
Proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	9,431,407	\$	11,445,820	\$	14,057,247	

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

 The discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(2,338,331) and revenue of \$(1,981,335) for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Dutflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences Changes in actuarial assumptions Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's	\$ 636,347 1,743,425 34,094	\$	9,535,395 7,951,875 -
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions Contributions paid to OPEB subsequent to the measurement date	 7,098,361 437,787	_	-
Total	\$ 9,950,014	\$_	17,487,270

Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as OPEB expense in the subsequent year. The other net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year	OPEB			
Ended August 31,	 Expense			
2024	\$ (1,660,791)			
2025	(1,660,669)			
2026	(1,175,292)			
2027	(518,169)			
2028	(901,230)			
Thereafter	(2,058,892)			

J. <u>Medicare Part D – On-behalf Payments</u>

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, the subsidy payments received by TRSCare on-behalf of the District \$301,620, \$198,792, and \$187,435, respectively. The information for the year ended August 31, 2023, is provided by the Teachers Retirement System.

These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements of the District.

K. Active Employee Health Care Coverage

The District participates in TRS Active Care sponsored by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and administered through Aetna and Caremark (pharmacy). TRS Active Care provides health care coverage to employees (and their dependents) of participating public education entities. Optional life and long-term care insurance are also provided to active members and retirees. The plan is authorized by the Texas Insurance Code, Title 8, Subtitle H, Chapter 1579, and by the Texas Administrative Code, Title 34, Part 3, Chapter 41. The District contributed approximately \$250 per month per participant to the plan, and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay employee contributions and additional premiums for dependents. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS ActiveCare. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Website at www.trs.state.tx.us, by writing the Communications Department of the Texas Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling (800) 223-8778.

L. Commitments and Contingencies

State and Federal Grants

The District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

M. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the current fiscal year, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

N. New Accounting Standards

Significant new accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) not yet implemented by the District include the following:

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022* – The objective of this Statement is to correct practice issues identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and financial reporting for financial guarantees. There are various effective dates 1.) upon issuance 2.) fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022 and 3.) fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 – The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* – The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Codes			Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	(Negative)
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES Local and intermediate sources State program revenues Federal program revenues	\$	50,143,143 23,547,452 425,000	\$	51,393,143 23,103,872 525,000	\$	52,105,902 23,958,839 536,430	\$	712,759 854,967 11,430
5020	Total revenues		74,115,595		75,022,015		76,601,171		1,579,156
	EXPENDITURES Current:								
0011 0012 0013 0021	Instruction Instructional resources and media sources Curriculum and instructional staff development Instructional leadership		43,435,849 905,183 880,852 992,505		44,824,942 865,792 892,801 1,052,505		44,689,992 857,575 734,125 1,044,048		134,950 8,217 158,676 8,457
0023 0031 0033 0034	School leadership Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services Health services Student (pupil) transportation		4,170,826 2,784,701 739,398 3,683,383		4,305,826 2,704,701 799,931 4,068,383		4,296,156 2,681,260 771,754 4,057,216		9,670 23,441 28,177 11,167
0035 0036 0041	Food services Extracurricular activities General administration		3,000 3,108,327 3,220,480		111,717 3,254,712 3,324,871		108,607 3,236,167 3,319,859		3,110 18,545 5,012
0051 0052 0053 0061	Facilities maintenance and operations Security and monitoring services Data processing services Community services		8,430,360 873,795 1,970,531		9,032,894 1,034,795 2,118,310 44,430		8,993,945 1,031,372 2,111,440 43,365		38,949 3,423 6,870 1,065
0081	Capital Outlay: Facilities acquisition and construction Intergovernmental:		35,000		105,000		98,931		6,069
0091	Contracted instructional services between schools		375,000		455,000		444,627		10,373
0099	Other intergovernmental		900,000		907,500		903,105	_	4,395
6030	Total expenditures		76,509,190		79,904,110		79,423,544		480,566
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,393,595)		(4,882,095)		(2,822,373)		2,059,722
7912 8911	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of real and personal property Transfers out (uses)		8,000		8,000		7,982 (210,726)		(18) (210,726)
8949	Other uses		-		-		(15,582)		(15,582)
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)		8,000		8,000		(218,326)		(226,326)
			-,0		-,0		(,		(, ,)
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(2,385,595)		(4,874,095)		(3,040,699)		1,833,396
0100	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		29,194,287		29,194,287		29,194,287		
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	26,808,692	\$	24,320,192	\$	26,153,588	\$	1,833,396

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Plan Year Ended August 31,	2022	2021	2020
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.037761289%	0.031877854%	0.029652954%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 22,417,906	\$ 8,118,161	\$ 15,881,517
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	32,138,835	13,718,430	28,180,935
Total	<u>\$ 54,556,741</u>	<u>\$ 21,836,591</u>	<u>\$ 44,062,452</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 47,956,497	\$ 41,772,662	\$ 38,961,847
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	46.75%	19.43%	40.76%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.62%	88.79%	75.54%

Note: Only nine years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.028757410%	0.025277499%	0.022741200%	0.023035900%	0.023582900%	0.013543200%
\$ 14,949,001	\$ 13,913,349	\$ 7,271,403	\$ 8,704,926	\$ 8,336,241	\$ 3,617,576
25,150,857	24,368,390	13,955,192	16,678,493	15,764,091	13,391,760
<u>\$ 40,099,858</u>	<u>\$ 38,281,739</u>	<u>\$ 21,226,595</u>	<u>\$ 25,383,419</u>	<u>\$ 24,100,332</u>	<u>\$ 17,009,336</u>
\$ 34,346,213	\$ 29,738,397	\$ 27,018,924	\$ 26,239,017	\$ 24,798,446	\$ 23,334,205
43.52%	46.79%	26.91%	33.18%	33.62%	15.50%
75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Fiscal Year Ended August 31,	2023	2022	2021
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,145,301	\$ 1,703,237	\$ 1,360,317
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,145,301)	(1,703,237)	(1,360,317)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 55,611,684	\$ 47,956,497	\$ 41,772,662
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	3.86%	3.55%	3.26%

Note: Only nine years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 1,223,489	\$ 1,006,552	\$ 1,160,991	\$ 745,322	\$ 731,908	\$ 698,301
(1,223,489)	(1,006,552)	(1,160,991)	(745,322)	(731,908)	(698,301)
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 38,961,847	\$ 34,346,213	\$ 29,738,397	\$ 27,018,924	\$ 26,239,017	\$ 24,798,446
3.14%	2.93%	3.90%	2.76%	2.79%	2.82%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Plan Year Ended August 31,	2022	2021	2020
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.047802445%	0.042474460%	0.040846508%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 11,445,820	\$ 16,384,297	\$ 15,527,602
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	13,962,102	21,951,307	20,865,375
Total	<u>\$ 25,407,922</u>	<u>\$ 38,335,604</u>	<u>\$ 36,392,977</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 47,956,497	\$ 41,772,662	\$ 38,961,847
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	23.87%	39.22%	39.85%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

EXHIBIT G-4

2019	2018	2017 0.030846800%			
0.037881107%	0.033577680%				
\$ 17,914,438	\$ 16,765,643	\$ 13,414,128			
23,804,283	26,321,616	21,898,027			
<u>\$ 41,718,721</u>	<u>\$ 43,087,259</u>	<u>\$ 35,312,155</u>			
\$ 34,346,213	\$ 29,738,397	\$ 27,018,924			
52.16%	56.38%	49.65%			
2.66%	1.57%	0.91%			

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Fiscal year Ended August 31,		2023		2022		2021	
Contractually required contribution	\$	437,787	\$	392,501	\$	331,821	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(437,787)		(392,501)		(331,821)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		<u>\$</u>		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	55,611,684	\$	47,956,497	\$	41,772,662	
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.79%		0.82%		0.79%	

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

EXHIBIT G-5

	2020		2019	2018
\$	310,462	\$	269,386	\$ 231,638
	(310,462)		(269,386)	 (231,638)
<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	\$ -
\$	38,961,847	\$	34,346,213	\$ 29,738,397
	0.80%		0.78%	0.78%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AUGUST 31, 2023

Budgetary Information

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the general fund, debt service fund, and the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund. The Texas Education Code requires the budget to be prepared not later than August 20 and adopted by August 31 of each year. The budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting that is used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial schedules:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of Board members. Changes can be made to the budget at any detail within the function level without an amendment approved by the Board. During the year, several budget amendments were made with Board approval. The most significant amendments were for carryover funding; mid-year adjustment of operating costs; and yearend adjustments to expenditures based on the latest information concerning operating cost. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

General Fund – Major amendments, mainly in Functions 0011 – Instruction and 0051 – facilities maintenance and operations, were related to increased operating and personnel cost associated with increased enrollment.

National Breakfast & Lunch Fund – No amendments were made.

Debt Service Fund – No amendments were made.

4. Each budget is controlled at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board.

COMBINING STATEMENTS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2023

			211		224		225		240
Data Control Codes		In	SEA I, A proving c Program		EA - Part B Formula		- Part B school		National eakfast and nch Program
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,449	\$	1,732,737
1240	Due from other governments		66,990		718,761		3,124		103,831
1300	Inventories		-		-		-		139,873
1000	Total assets		66,990		718,761		4,573		1,976,441
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts payable		-		_		_		404,886
2160	Accrued wages payable		-		9,888		1,302		112,500
2170	Due to other funds		66,990		707,478		3,124		
2180	Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
2200	Accrued expenditures		-		1,395		147		2,320
2300	Unearned revenue		-		, _		-		-
2000	Total liabilities		66,990		718,761		4,573		519,706
	FUND BALANCES								
	Nonspendable:								
3410	Inventories		-		-		-		139,873
	Restricted for:								
3450	Federal or state funds		-		-		-		1,316,862
3545	Committed for campus activities		-				-		
3000	Total fund balances						-		1,456,735
4000	Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	66,990	<u>\$</u>	718,761	<u>\$</u>	4,573	<u>\$</u>	1,976,441

	244	255	263	279	281	282
Teo	reer and chnical - sic Grant	ESEA II, A Training and Recruiting	Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition	TCLAS ESSER III	ESSER - School Emergency Relief II	ESSER - School Emergency Relief III
\$	- 21,067	\$- 42,072	\$- 9,930	\$ 14,256 5,034	\$- 571,728	\$ - 399,221
	21,067	42,072	9,930	19,290	571,728	399,221
	-	-	-	-	316,467	-
	-	-	-	-	-	57,484
	21,067	42,072	9,930	19,290	255,261	335,054
	-	-	-	-	-	6,683
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	21,067	42,072	9,930	19,290	571,728	399,221
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$	21,067	<u>\$ 42,072</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 19,290</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2023

Data Control _Codes		283 Supplem ESSER		28 AR IDEA - Forr	PA	AF IDEA -	85 RPA - Part B school	Fe Fu S	289 derally unded pecial evenue
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
1240	Due from other governments	901	356	26	57,262		9,859		14,032
1300	Inventories		-		-		-		
1000	Total assets	901	356	26	57,262		9,859		14,032
2110		205	650						
2110	Accounts payable	285			-		-		-
2160	Accrued wages payable		,723	24	-		-		-
2170	Due to other funds	607	.079	20	57,262		9,859		14,032
2180	Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
2200	Accrued expenditures		904		-		-		-
2300	Unearned revenue		-		-		-	·	-
2000	Total liabilities	901	356	26	57,262	. <u> </u>	9,859		14,032
	FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:								
3410	Inventories Restricted for:		-		-		-		-
3450	Federal or state funds		_		_		-		_
3545	Committed for campus activities		_		-		-		_
3000	Total fund balances		-		-		-		_
5000									
4000	Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 901</u>	.356	<u>\$ 26</u>	57,262	<u>\$</u>	9,859	<u>\$</u>	14,032

3	397	410	429		461	490		Total
Plac	anced ement entives	State Instructional Materials	Other State Special Revenue Funds		Campus Activity Funds	Education Foundation Grant Awards		Nonmajor Special venue Funds
\$	600 - -	\$ 11,844 16,754	\$- 37,756 -	\$	727,391 - -	\$ 19,773 - -	\$	2,508,050 3,188,777 <u>139,873</u>
	600	28,598	37,756		727,391	19,773		5,836,700
	600	_	7,987		31,646	17,825		1,065,061
	-	-	-		-	-		188,897
	-	28,598	22,363		1,912	-		2,411,371
	-	-	-		-	1,948		1,948
	-	-	-		-	-		11,449
	-	-	7,406		-			7,406
	600	28,598	37,756		33,558	19,773		3,686,132
	-	-	-		-	-		139,873
	-	_	-		-	-		1,316,862
	-	-	-		693,833	-		693,833
	-		-		693,833		_	2,150,568
<u>\$</u>	600	<u>\$ 28,598</u>	<u>\$ 37,756</u>	<u>\$</u>	727,391	<u>\$ 19,773</u>	<u>\$</u>	5,836,700

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			211		224		225		240
Data		ES	SEA I, A						National
Control			proving		A - Part B		A - Part B		eakfast and
Codes	<u>.</u>	Basi	c Program	F	ormula	Pr	eschool	Lur	nch Program
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,667,144
5800	State program revenues		-		-		-		63,247
5900	Federal program revenues		148,412	-	,263,461		10,370		1,309,505
5020	Total revenues		148,412	1	<u>,263,461</u>		10,370		4,039,896
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		146,929		379,923		10,370		-
0012	Instructional resources and media services		-		-		-		-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		-		-		-		-
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		-		827,538		-		-
0033	Health services		-		56,000		-		-
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,483		-		-		-
0035	Food service		-		-		-		3,837,811
0036	Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		-
0041	General administration		-		-		-		-
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		-		-		-		-
0052	Security and monitoring services		-		-		-		-
0061	Community services		-		-		-		-
6030	Total expenditures		148,412	1	<u>,263,461</u>	·	10,370		3,837,811
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		-		202,085
0100	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING								1,254,650
3000	FUND BALANCE, ENDING	<u>\$</u>		\$		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	1,456,735

	244	255	263	279	281	282		
	Career and Technical - Basic Grant	ESEA II, A Training and Recruiting	Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition	TCLAS ESSER	ESSER - School Emergency Relief II	ESSER - School Emergency Relief III		
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
	-	-	-	-	-	-		
_	37,105	96,599	22,726	5,034	768,190	263,668		
_	37,105	96,599	22,726	5,034	768,190	263,668		
	37,105	-	22,642	5,034	718,950	263,668		
	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	-	96,599	84	-	15,301	-		
	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	-				-			
	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	-	-	-	-	33,939	-		
	-	-	-	-	-	-		
_	-	-						
_	37,105	96,599	22,726	5,034	768,190	263,668		
	-	-	-	-	-	-		
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		283	284	285	289
Data Control		Supplemental	ARPA IDEA - Part B	ARPA IDEA - Part B	Federally Funded Special
Codes	REVENUES	ESSER III	Formula	Preschool	Revenue
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800	State program revenues	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
	Federal program revenues	1,153,369	265,534	9,859	14,032
5020	Total revenues	1,153,369	265,534	9,859	14,032
5020					
	EXPENDITURES				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	1,009,254	265,534	9,859	14,032
0012	Instructional resources and media services	-	-	-	-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	109,960	-	-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	34,155	-	-	-
0033	Health services	-	-	-	-
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	-	-	-	-
0035	Food service	-	-	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-
0041	General administration	-	-	-	-
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	-	-	-	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	-	-	-
0061	Community services			-	
6030	Total expenditures	1,153,369	265,534	9,859	14,032
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-	-
0100	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING				
3000	FUND BALANCE, ENDING	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

397	410	429	461	490	Total
Advanced Placement Incentives	State Instructional Materials	Other State Special Revenue Funds	Campus Activity Funds	Education Foundation Grant Awards	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ - 1,315 - 1,315	\$ - 149,360 - 149,360	\$ - 37,756 - 37,756	\$ 810,887 	\$ 123,538 	\$ 3,601,569 251,678 <u>5,367,864</u> 9,221,111
- 1,315 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	149,360 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	12,847 - 7,400 - - - - - - - - - - 17,509	653,146 100,225 - - - - 61,148 19,373 - - 378	99,654 7,473 - 5,598 - - 1,050 - - 9,763 -	3,798,307 107,698 230,659 867,291 56,000 1,483 3,837,811 62,198 19,373 33,939 27,272 378
1,315	149,360	37,756	834,270	123,538	9,042,409
-	-	-	(23,383)	-	178,702
			717,216		1,971,866
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 693,833</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,150,568</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2023

		715	730	732		733		Total Nonmajor	
	Pre-K Academy		Bearcat Store		Community Partners		Stadium/Gym Advertising		nterprise Funds
ASSETS Current assets:	+			+			25.070	+	1 40 650
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	- 92,636	\$ 113,581 -	\$	- 1,912	\$	35,078 -	\$	148,659 94,548
Inventories		-	 10,287		-				10,287
Total assets		92,636	 123,868		1,912		35,078		253,494
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable		5,446	4,732		-		34,568		44,746
Accrued wages payable		2,428	-		-		-		2,428
Due to other funds		84,711	-		1,912		-		86,623
Accrued expenses		51	 -		-		-		51
Total liabilities		92,636	 4,732		1,912		34,568		133,848
NET POSITION									
Unrestricted		-	 119,136		-		510		119,646
Total net position	\$	-	\$ 119,136	\$	-	\$	510	\$	119,646

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	715	730	732	733	Total Nonmajor
	Pre-K Academy	Bearcat Store	Community Partners	Stadium/Gym Advertising	Enterprise
OPERATING REVENUES					
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 608,167	<u>\$ 93,766</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 84,532</u>	<u>\$ 786,465</u>
Total operating revenues	608,167	93,766		84,532	786,465
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Payroll costs	633,292	23,556	-	-	656,848
Professional and contracted services	80,265	-	-	-	80,265
Supplies and materials	61,068	58,643	-	34,372	154,083
Other operating costs	5,961	10,972	3,547	19,650	40,130
Total operating expenses	780,586	93,171	3,547	54,022	931,326
Operating income (loss)	(172,419)	595	(3,547)	30,510	(144,861)
TRANSFERS					
Transfers in	210,726	-	-	-	210,726
Transfers out	(38,307)		-	(30,000)	(68,307)
Total transfers	172,419			(30,000)	142,419
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	-	595	(3,547)	510	(2,442)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		118,541	3,547		122,088
NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 119,136</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 510</u>	<u>\$ 119,646</u>

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

		715		730		732		733		Total
		Pre-K Academy		Bearcat Store		ommunity Partners		dium/Gym Ivertising		lonmajor interprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				0.010			, 10			
Cash received from user charges Cash payments to employees Cash payments for suppliers Cash payments for operating	\$	608,167 (729,352) (58,667)	\$	93,766 (23,556) (61,811)	\$	- - 342	\$	84,532 - -	\$	786,465 (752,908) (120,136)
expenses				(10,972)		(5,459)		(19,454)		(35,885)
Net cash flows provided (used) by operating activities		(179,852)		(2,573)		(5,117)		65,078		(122,464)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITA FINANCING ACTIVITIES	L									
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		210,726 (38,307)		-		-		- (30,000)		210,726 (68,307)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		172,419		_		_		(30,000)		142,419
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS		(7,433)		(2,573)		(5,117)		35,078		(122,464)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		7,433		116,154		5,117				128,704
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$		<u>\$</u>	113,581	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	35,078	<u>\$</u>	148,659
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITI)									
Net operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: (Increase) decrease in due from	\$	(172,419)	\$	595	\$	(3,547)	\$	30,510	\$	(144,861)
other funds (Increase) decrease in inventory Increase (decrease) in accounts		(92,636) 84,711		(4,321)		(1,912) -		- -		(94,548) 80,390
payable Increase (decrease) in accrued		3,994		1,153		342		-		5,489
wages payable		(3,424)		-		-		-		(3,424)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		-		-		-		34,568		34,568
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		(78)								(78)
Net cash provided (used) by		// 		/		/_ · ·				
operations	\$	(179,852)	\$	(2,573)	\$	(5,117)	\$	65,078	\$	(122,464)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2023

	816 Don Daniel Endowment Fund		End	817 Manning Jowment Fund	818 Hyles Attendance Awards		819 FG Aledo Development Fund	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Total assets	\$	22,420 - 22,420	\$	26,650 - 26,650	\$	1,322 - 1,322	\$	2,070 - 2,070
LIABILITIES Due to other funds Total liabilities		-		2,500 2,500		-		-
NET POSITION Restricted for scholarships Total net position	\$	22,420 22,420	\$	24,150 24,150	\$	1,322 1,322	\$	2,070 2,070

-	J. High	820 Choate her Educ. Fund	-	821 gler Club nolarship Fund	Enc	822 S&P dowment Fund	I	823 erce G. Martin orial Fund	Enc	824 Ickabee lowment Fund	F	Total Private Purpose Jst Funds
	\$	24,279 - 24,279	\$	13,280 - 13,280	\$	-	\$	8,529 <u>4,500</u> 13,029	\$	-	\$	98,550 <u>4,500</u> 103,050
		-				2,000 2,000		-				4,500 4,500
	\$	24,279 24,279	\$	13,280 13,280	\$	(2,000) (2,000)	\$	13,029 13,029	\$	-	\$	98,550 98,550

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

	816 Don Daniel Endowment Fund		Enc	817 Manning Jowment Fund	ا Atte	818 Hyles endance wards	819 FG Aledo Development Fund	
ADDITIONS								
Contributions, gifts, and donations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Earnings from temporary deposits		1,074		1,181		22		-
Total additions		1,074		1,181		22		-
DEDUCTIONS Other deductions Total deductions		5,766 5,766		2,500 2,500		-		<u>1,000</u> 1,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(4,692)		(1,319)		22		(1,000)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		27,112		25,469		1,300		3,070
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	22,420	\$	24,150	\$	1,322	\$	2,070

). High	820 Choate Ier Educ. Fund	Ang Sch	821 Ier Club olarship Fund	822 S&P Endowment Fund		823 Pierce G. Martin Memorial Fund		824 Huckabee Endowment Fund		Total Private Purpose Trust Funds	
\$	10 1,333 1,343	\$	- 433 433	\$		\$	2,353 378 2,731	\$	2,500	\$	4,863 4,421 9,284
	<u>11,000</u> 11,000		2,000 2,000		2,000 2,000		-		2,500 2,500		26,766 26,766
	(9,657)		(1,567)		(2,000)		2,731		-		(17,482)
	33,936		14,847		-		10,298				116,032
\$	24,279	\$	13,280	\$	(2,000)	\$	13,029	\$	-	\$	98,550

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REQUIRED TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECIEVABLE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

	1	2	3 Net Assessed/ Appraised
Last Ten Years Ended August 31,	Tax R Maintenance	ates Debt Service	Value for School Tax Purpose
August 51,	Maintenance	Debt Service	
2014 and prior years	various	various	various
2015	1.170000	0.255200	2,504,191,131
2016	1.170000	0.255200	2,606,380,768
2017	1.170000	0.425000	2,811,377,179
2018	1.170000	0.425000	2,723,994,044
2019	1.170000	0.425000	3,159,594,734
2020	1.068300	0.425000	3,433,884,765
2021	1.054700	0.425000	4,019,765,620
2022	0.967900	0.425000	4,185,623,708
2023 (School year under audit)	0.942900	0.425000	5,177,341,765

1000 Totals

Taxes refunded in accordance with Texas Property Tax Code Section 26.1115(c)

	10	20	31	32	40	50
	Beginning Balance 19/01/22	Current Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Total Collections	Debt Service Total Collections	Entire Year's Adjustments	Ending Balance 08/31/23
\$	224,564	\$ -	\$ 612	\$ 134	\$ 3,274	\$ 227,092
	20,070	-	470	103	8,879	28,376
	22,498	-	505	183	1,618	23,428
	5,309	-	312	113	17,979	22,863
	185,812	-	200	73	(170,261)	15,278
	(48,122)	-	(10,740)	(3,901)	53,687	20,206
	142,389	-	37,181	14,792	(46,373)	44,043
	(12,055)	-	126,188	50,848	239,777	50,686
	323,317	-	119,878	52,638	(46,358)	104,443
		70,820,858	48,577,168	21,895,531		348,159
<u>\$</u>	863,782	<u>\$ 70,820,858</u>	<u>\$ 48,851,774</u>	<u>\$ 22,010,514</u>	<u>\$ 62,222</u>	<u>\$ 884,574</u>

\$ 68,339

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL - NATIONAL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM

								Var	iance With
Data							Actual	Fin	al Budget
Control			Budgeted	Am	ounts		Amounts	Positive or	
Codes	_		Original		Final	(0	GAAP Basis)	(N	legative)
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	2,107,500	\$	2,107,500	\$	2,667,144	\$	559,644
5800	State program revenues		10,000		10,000		63,247		53,247
5900	Federal program revenues		1,633,325		1,633,325		1,309,505		(323,820)
5020	Total revenues		3,750,825		3,750,825		4,039,896		289,071
	EXPENDITURES								
0035	Food services		3,750,825		3,750,825		3,837,811		(86,986)
6030	Total expenditures		3,750,825		3,750,825		3,837,811		(86,986)
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		202,085		202,085
0100	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		1,254,650		1,254,650		1,254,650		-
	·								
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,254,650	\$	1,254,650	\$	1,456,735	\$	202,085
5000		<u></u>	, - ,		, - ,		, ,		- 1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND

Data				Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Control		Budgeted	Amounts	Amounts	Positive or	
Codes		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	(Negative)	
	REVENUES					
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 22,083,039	\$ 22,083,039	\$ 22,581,084	\$ 498,045	
5800	State program revenues	325,000	325,000	676,778	351,778	
5020	Total revenues	22,408,039	22,408,039	23,257,862	849,823	
	EXPENDITURES					
	Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on long-term debt	12,270,000	12,270,000	12,270,000	-	
0072	Interest on long-term debt	10,123,039	10,123,039	9,899,444	223,595	
0073	Bond issuance cost and fees	15,000	15,000	9,978	5,022	
6030	Total expenditures	22,408,039	22,408,039	22,179,422	228,617	
1100	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	1,078,440	1,078,440	
7916	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Premium on issuance of debt	_	_	16,069	16,069	
/ 0 20	Total other financing sources (uses)		-	16,069	16,069	
1200				1 00 4 500	1.004.500	
1200	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	1,094,509	1,094,509	
0100	FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3,548,353	3,548,353	3,548,353		
3000	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 3,548,353</u>	<u>\$ 3,548,353</u>	<u>\$ 4,642,862</u>	<u>\$ 1,094,509</u>	

EXHIBIT J-4

USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Section A: Compensatory Education Programs

AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes				
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes				
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$ 1,709,092				
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory \$ 2,224,012 education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)					
Section B: Bilingual Education Programs						
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes				
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes				
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$ 121,549				
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$ 507,205				

COMPLIANCE SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Aledo Independent School District Aledo, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Aledo Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Aledo Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Aledo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Aledo Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Aledo Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Aledo Independent School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Aledo Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Aledo Independent School District internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Aledo Independent School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas January 16, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Aledo Independent School District Aledo, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Aledo Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Aledo Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023. Aledo Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Aledo Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Aledo Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Aledo Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Aledo Independent School District's federal programs.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Aledo Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Aledo Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding Aledo Independent School District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary
 in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Aledo Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Aledo Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas January 16, 2024

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Grantor/Program Title	(1) Assistance Listing Number	(2A) Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	(3) Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Agriculture	Number	Number	Experialcules
Passed through Texas Education Agency:			
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402201	\$ 15,369
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402301	114,280
National School Lunch Program	10.555	71302201	98,578
National School Lunch Program	10.555	71302301	712,620
Total Passed through Texas Education Agency			940,847
Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture:			
NSLP - Commodities - Non-cash assistance	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	149,025
Child Nutrition Equipment Grant	10.558	NT4XL1YGLGC5	219,633
Total Passed through State Department of Agriculture			368,658
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555			960,223
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,089,872
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			1,309,505
U. S. Department of Education			
Passed through Texas Education Agency:			
ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	23610101161909	148,412
IDEA Part B, Formula	84.027A	236600011849076000	1,263,461
IDEA B Formula ARP Carryover	84.027X	225350021619095000	265,534
IDEA Part B, Preschool	84.173A	236610011849076000	10,370
IDEA Part B ARP, Preschool	84.173X	225360011849075360	9,859
Total IDEA Cluster			1,549,224
Career and Technical Education	84.048A	23420006184907	37,105
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	23671001184907	22,726
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	23694501184907	96,599
Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities	84.369A	69552002	14,032
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II	84.425D	2152100184907	768,190
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund III TCLAS	84.425U	21528042184907	5,034
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund III COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund III	84.425U	21528001184907	263,668
Supplemental	84.425U	21528043184907	1,153,369
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.425			2,190,261
Total Passed through Texas Education Agency			4,058,359
Total U. S. Department of Education			4,058,359
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 5,367,864</u>

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended August 31, 2023. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All federal expenditures were accounted for in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds, components of the Governmental Fund type. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Federal grants are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant.

School Health and Related Services (SHARS) revenues are considered earned income at the local government level and thus are not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The following is a reconciliation of Federal Revenues on Exhibit C-2 to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Federal revenues per the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Exhibit C-3)	\$	5,904,294
Less: School Health And Related Services		(536,430)
Federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Exhibit K-1)	<u>\$</u>	5,367,864

3. INDIRECT COST

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. PASS-THROUGH EXPENDITURES

None of the federal programs expended by the District were provided to subrecipients.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements: Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Material noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards: Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	None
Identification of major programs:	
Assistance Listing Number(s):	Name of Federal Program or Cluster:
84.027A, 84.173A	IDEA Cluster
84.425D, 84.425U	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards	
None reported	
Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards	

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None reported